



The Secretary
NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment

15 December 2020

ATTENTION: David Schwebel, Planning Officer, Industry Assessments

Dear Sir or Madam

I refer to the Department's below email of 17 November 2020 regarding the exhibition of the Environmental Impact Statement for State Significant Development SSD-10479 200 Aldington Road Industrial Estate for 'Staged development including a Concept Proposal and Stage 1 Development Application comprising estate-wide earthworks, infrastructure and services, construction, fit-out and operation of Stage 1 warehouse building' at 106-228 Aldington Road, Kemps Creek (Lots 20-23 DP 255560 and Lots 30-32 DP 258949) in the Penrith City Council Local Government Area (LGA). Submissions need to be made to the Department by 15 December 2020.

As shown in the below site plans from Endeavour Energy's G/Net master facility model (and extract from Google Maps Street View) there is:

- An easement benefitting Endeavour Energy (indicated by red hatching) over Lot 21 DP 255560 for 11,000 volt / 11 kilovolt (kV) high voltage overhead power lines going to pole mounted substation no. 15310 (indicated by the symbol) and from which there is a low voltage service conductor / customer connection point.
- Low voltage and 11 kV overhead power lines (including pole mounted substation no.s 7500, 8469 & 8468) to
 the western / opposite side of Aldington Road from which there are various extended low voltage overhead
 service conductors utilising customer owned / private poles indicated by the green circles) going to the
 customer connection points for the existing dwellings and buildings on the different lots.

The existing electricity infrastructure located on the site is likely to be become redundant electricity infrastructure should the proposed development of the site proceed.

Please note the location, extent and type of any electricity infrastructure, boundaries etc. shown on the plan is indicative only. In addition it must be recognised that the electricity network is constantly extended, augmented and modified and there is a delay from the completion and commissioning of these works until their capture in the model. Generally (depending on the scale and/or features selected), low voltage (normally not exceeding 1,000 volts) is indicated by blue lines and high voltage (normally exceeding 1,000 volts but for Endeavour Energy's network not exceeding 132,000 volts / 132 kV) by red lines (these lines can appear as solid or dashed and where there are multiple lines / cables only the higher voltage may be shown). This plan only shows the Endeavour Energy network and does not show electricity infrastructure belonging to other authorities or customers owned electrical equipment beyond the customer connection point / point of supply to the property. This plan is not a 'Dial Before You Dig' plan under the provisions of Part 5E 'Protection of underground electricity power lines' of the *Electricity Supply Act 1995* (NSW).

Subject to the foregoing and the following recommendations and comments Endeavour Energy has no objection to the Development Application.



endeavourenergy.com.au

Network Capacity / Connection

Endeavour Energy has noted the following in the Civil Infrastructure Report does addressing the suitability of the site for the development in regard to whether electricity services are available and adequate for the development.

12.3.2. Proposed Electrical

Consultation has been undertaken with Endeavour Energy regarding electrical servicing strategies for the Broader Western Sydney Employment Area (BWSEA) which includes the wider Aldington Road Precinct and the Site.

The Endeavour Energy 'Western Sydney Priority Growth Area – Area Plan April 2018' indicates the proposed high voltage network to be delivered as part of the wider Endeavour Energy electrical network required to service the Aerotropolis.

Connect Infrastructure has undertaken and completed the Electrical Route Study and has provide three (3) options. These three options are:

Option 1: Supply from Horsley Park Zone substation via Horsley Road to the eastern boundary of the development site

Option 2: Supply from Mamre Zone substation via Templar Road and Aldington Road to the northern boundary of the development site

Option 3: Supply from Mamre Zone substation via Eskine Park Drive, Mamre Road, Bakers Lane and Aldington Road to the northern boundary of the development site

Although it was not identified which option would be the most suitable option, Connect Infrastructure has advised that further consultation with Endeavour Energy will be required and based on the risk / reward profile, a suitable option can be determined.

Endeavour Energy's Asset Planning and Performance Branch has provided the following advice:

Similar to the previous advice provided to the Department on 20 October 2020 regarding the request for the Planning Secretary's Environmental Assessment Requirements (SEARs) for State Significant Development SSD-9794683 for the Oakdale West Estate (OWE) Stage 3 for the construction, fitout and operation of four warehouses with associated office space, car parking, landscaping, services and utilities', provision for limited electricity supply to this area is currently being supplied initially supplied from Endeavour Energy's Mamre Zone Substation. Permanent supply is from South Erskine Park Zone Substation and relies on new feeder works associated with the establishment of the new zone substation. This substation is envisaged to be available in the fourth quarter of 2022.

Availability of the Southern Link Road is critical to the provision of electricity supply (as well as other utility services) to the OWE as well as to the much larger Mamre Road Precinct within the Western Sydney Employment Area. The road from Sepia Avenue (location of the proposed South Erskine Park Zone Substation) to Bakers Lane / Aldington Road is the required route for the installation of multiple 22 kV feeders required to service any development along Mamre Road and Aldington Road. Whilst some development has been allowed to progress ahead of the timeline for upstream utility and civil infrastructure, completion of the Southern Link Road to provide a suitable readily available corridor to deliver servicing infrastructure to development is now critical.

Additional information on the proposed South Erskine Park Zone Substation is available via the following link to Endeavour Energy's website under Home > Network > Network improvement > Major projects > Project Details (or alternatively search 'South Erskine Park Zone Substation').

http://www.endeavourenergy.com.au/.

In regard to the availability of electricity supply to a site within a precinct / area is based on a wide range of factors eg. the age and design of the network; other development in the locality utilising previously spare capacity within the local network; the progress of nearby / surrounding sites including electricity infrastructure works eg. a smaller and isolated development that may not of its own accord require a substation may require a substation to facilitate the development and from which the spare capacity is made available to subsequent nearby development.

Distribution substations are required to transform the high voltage of the distribution feeder (usually at 11,000 volts / 11 kV) to the secondary system voltage (400/230 volts) to supply customers / developments. Distribution substations are divided into ground mounted substations most commonly being a padmount substations installed a complete unit on a concrete foundation / plinth and usually associated with underground distribution and pole mounted substations where there is overhead distribution.

Pole mounted substations (indicated by the symbol on the site plan from Endeavour Energy's G/Net master facility model) have comparatively limited capacity of 25 kilovolt amperes (kVA) up to a maximum of 400 kVA. Padmount substations (indicated by the symbol on the site plan from Endeavour Energy's G/Net master facility model) can accommodate loads from 315 kVA up to 1,500 kVA (typically 500 kVA). Accordingly there is a significant variation in the number and type of premises able to be connected to a substation ie. a single distribution substation may serve one large building, or many homes.

As shown in the below site plan from Endeavour Energy's G/Net master facility model, whilst there are a number of pole mounted substations in proximity of the site which are likely to have some spare capacity, it is not sufficient to facilitate a significant urban industrial development. As well as the capacity of distribution substations, other factors such as the size and rating / load on the conductors and voltage drop (which can affect the quality of supply particularly with long conductor runs) etc. need to be assessed.

Accordingly an extension and / or augmentation of the existing local network will be required. However the extent of the works will not be determined until the final load assessment is completed. Endeavour Energy's preference is to alert proponents / applicants (and the Department) of the potential matters that may arise as further development of areas continues to occur.

In due course the applicant for the proposed development of the site will need to submit an appropriate application based on the maximum demand for electricity for connection of load via Endeavour Energy's Network Connections Branch to carry out the final load assessment and the method of supply will be determined. Straightforward applications can be completed online and permission to connect may be provided immediately if submitting a complying application.

Depending on the outcome of the assessment, any required padmount substation/s will need to be located within the property (in a suitable and accessible location) and be protected (including any associated cabling) by an easement and associated restrictions benefiting and gifted to Endeavour Energy. Please refer to Endeavour Energy's Mains Design Instruction MDI 0044 'Easements and Property Tenure Rights'.

For more complex connections, advice on the electricity infrastructure required to facilitate the proposed development can be obtained by submitting a Technical Review Request to Endeavour Energy's Network Connections Branch, the form for which FPJ6007 is attached. The response to these enquiries is based upon a desktop review of corporate information systems, and as such does not involve the engagement of various internal stakeholders in order to develop a 'Connection Offer'. It does provide details of preliminary connection requirements which can be considered by the applicant prior to lodging a formal application for connection of load.

Further details are available by contacting Endeavour Energy's Network Connections Branch via Head Office enquiries on business days on telephone: 133 718 or (02) 9853 6666 from 9am - 4:30pm or on Endeavour Energy's website under 'Home > Residential and business > Connecting to our network' via the following link:

Alternatively the applicant may need to engage an Accredited Service Provider (ASP) of an appropriate level and class of accreditation to assess the electricity load and the proposed method of supply for the development. The ASP scheme is administered by Energy NSW and details are available on their website via the following link or telephone 13 77 88:

https://energy.nsw.gov.au/government-and-regulation/legislative-and-regulatory-requirements/asp-scheme-and-contestable-works .

Easement Release

Under Endeavour Energy's Company Policy 9.2.3 'Property Tenure for Network Assets', the company will assess all applications for the release of easements to identify and manage risks to its network, commercial and community interests. The company may seek compensation for the extinguishment of property tenure. No easement is considered to be redundant or obsolete until it is released under this policy.

Applications for the release / extinguishment of an easement can only be made by the registered landowners of the encumbered property and are usually done either:

- As part of an application for connection of load or capital works project for a development project eg. where alternative / new network arrangements are to be put in place, which is managed by Endeavour Energy's Network Connections Branch. Endeavour Energy's Network Connections Branch will make the applicant or their ASP aware of Endeavour Energy's requirements for the release of easement. Please refer to the above point 'Network Capacity / Connection'.
- At the request of landowners where the electrical assets within the easement have been removed or it has become apparent that the easement has possibly become redundant to Endeavour Energy's future network requirements eg. no electrical assets have ever been installed in the easement. Further details are available by contacting Endeavour Energy's Property Services Section via Head Office enquiries on business days on telephone: 133 718 or (02) 9853 6666 from 9am 4:30pm or email network property@endeavourenergy.com.au (underscore between 'network' and 'property'). The greater amount of detail provided will assist in the assessment of the application.

Network Asset Design

Endeavour Energy's Company Policy 9.2.5 'Network Asset Design', includes the following requirements for electricity connections to new urban subdivision / development.

5.11 Reticulation policy

5.11.1 Distribution reticulation

In order to improve the reliability performance of and to reduce the operating expenditure on the network over the long term the company has adopted the strategy of requiring new lines to be either underground cables or where overhead is permitted, to be predominantly of covered or insulated construction. Notwithstanding this strategy, bare wire overhead construction is appropriate and permitted in some situations as detailed below.

In areas with the potential for significant overhanging foliage, CCT is used to provide increased reliability as it is less susceptible to outages from wind-blown branches and debris than bare conductors. CCT must only be used in treed² areas as the probability of a direct lightning strike is low. In open areas where the line is not shielded from a direct lightning strike, bare conductors must generally be used for 11kV and 22kV reticulation.

Non-metallic Screened High Voltage Aerial Bundled Cable (NMSHVABC) must be used in areas which are heavily treed and where it is not practicable to maintain a tree clearing envelope around the conductors.

² A "treed" area is one with a substantial number of trees adjacent to the line, in each span. In these situations CCT is used to provide increased reliability as it is less susceptible to outages from wind-blown

5.11.1.1 Urban areas

Reticulation of new residential subdivisions will be underground. In areas of low bushfire consequence, new lines within existing overhead areas can be overhead, unless underground lines are cost justified or required by either environmental or local council requirements.

Where underground reticulation is required on a feeder that supplies a mixture of industrial, commercial and/or residential loads, the standard of underground construction will apply to all types of load within that development.

Where ducting is used, adequate spare ducts and easements must be provided at the outset to cover the final load requirements of the entire development plan.

Extensions to the existing overhead 11kV/22kV network must generally be underground. Bare wire will be used for conductor replacements and augmentations except in treed areas where CCT or NMSHVABC must be used.

Extensions to the existing overhead LV network and augmentations must either be underground or ABC. Conductor replacements greater than 100m in route length must utilise aerial bundled cable.

Bushfire

Endeavour Energy has noted from the Environmental Impact Statement that 'The site is identified on Penrith City Council's Bush Fire Prone Land Map as Category 2 Bushfire Prone Vegetation'. The development application is supported by a Bushfire Protection Assessment that assesses the Proposal against NSW Rural Fire Service 'Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019'.

SECTION 5

BUSHFIRE MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

Bushfire management strategies for the estate are as follows:

5.2 Strategy 2 – Water Supplies/Utilities for Firefighting Operations:

Electricity and gas supplies will be laid underground and therefore address the performance standard of Chapter 4 of *Planning for Bushfire Protection* 2019.

The following is an extract of Endeavour Energy's Company Policy 9.1.1 Bushfire Risk Management:

9.1.1 BUSHFIRE RISK MANAGEMENT

1.0 POLICY STATEMENT

The company is committed to the application of prudent asset management strategies to reduce the risk of bushfires caused by network assets and aerial consumer mains to as low as reasonably practicable (ALARP) level. The company is also committed to mitigating, the associated risk to network assets and customer supply reliability during times of bushfire whilst achieving practical safety, reliability, quality of supply, efficient investment and environmental outcomes. The company is committed to compliance with relevant acts, regulations and codes.

Accordingly the electricity network required to service the proposed development must be fit for purpose and meet the technical specifications, design, construction and commissioning standards based on Endeavour Energy's risk assessment associated with the implementation and use of the network connection / infrastructure for a bushfire prone site. In assessing bushfire risk, Endeavour Energy has traditionally focused on the likelihood of its network starting a bushfire, which is a function of the condition of the network. Risk control has focused on reducing the likelihood of fire ignition by implementing good design and maintenance practices. However the potential impact of a bushfire on its electricity infrastructure and the safety risks associated with the loss of electricity supply are also considered.

Flooding and Drainage

Endeavour Energy has noted the Environmental Impact Statement indicates that 'The site is located within the Ropes Creek catchment and lies adjacent to the main creek alignment. The north eastern portion is located in the 1% AEP flood zone'.

The electricity network required to service an area / development must be fit for purpose and meet the technical specifications, design, construction and commissioning standards based on Endeavour Energy's risk assessment associated with the implementation and use of the network connection / infrastructure for a flood prone site. Risk control has focused typically on avoiding the threat, but where this is not possible, reducing the negative effect or probability of flood damage to assets by implementing good design and maintenance practices.

Distribution substations should not be subject to flood inundation or stormwater runoff ie. the padmount substation cubicles are weatherproof not flood proof and the cable pits whilst designed to be self-draining should not be subject to excessive ingress of water. Section 7 'Substation and switching stations' of Endeavour Energy's Mains Construction Instruction MCI 0006 'Underground distribution construction standards manual' provides the following details of the requirements for flooding and drainage in new padmount substation locations.

7.1.6 Flooding and drainage

Substations are to be located such that the risk of flooding or stormwater damage is minimal.

As a minimum the level at the top of the transformer footing, HV and LV switchgear, shall not be lower than the 1:100 year flood level.

All drains within the substation site area or in the vicinity shall be properly maintained to avoid the possibility of water damage to Endeavour Energy's equipment.

In areas where, as determined by the Network Substation Manager, there is a high water table or a heightened risk of flooding, indoor substations will not be permitted.

All materials used in the construction below the substation (ground level) shall be capable of withstanding prolonged immersion in water without swelling or deterioration.



Figure 51 - Example substation raised above 1:100 flood level

Earthing

The construction of any building or structure (including fencing, signage, flag poles, hoardings etc.) whether temporary or permanent that is connected to or in close proximity to Endeavour Energy's electrical network is required to comply with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 3000:2018 'Electrical installations' as updated from time to time. This Standard sets out requirements for the design, construction and verification of electrical installations, including ensuring there is adequate connection to the earth. It applies to all electrical installations including temporary builder's supply / connections.

Inadequate connection to the earth to allow a leaking / fault current to flow into the grounding system and be properly dissipated places persons, equipment connected to the network and the electricity network itself at risk from electric shock, fire and physical injury. The earthing system is usually in the form of an earth electrode consisting of earth rods or mats buried in the ground. It should be designed by a suitably qualified electrical engineer / ASP following a site-specific risk assessment having regard to the potential number of people could be simultaneously exposed, ground resistivity etc.

For details of the ASP scheme please refer to the above point 'Network Capacity / Connection'.

Safety Clearances

As a minimum any buildings, structures (including fencing, signage, flag poles etc.) whether temporary or permanent must comply with the minimum safe distances / clearances for voltages up to and including 132,000 volts (132 kV) as specified in:

- Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 7000 2016: 'Overhead line design' as updated from time to time.
- 'Service and Installation Rules of NSW' which can be accessed via the following link to the Energy NSW website:

 $\underline{https://energy.nsw.gov.au/government-and-regulation/legislative-and-regulatory-requirements/service-installation-rules \ .}$

These distances must be maintained at all times to all buildings and structures and regardless of the Council's allowable building setbacks etc. under its development controls. As a guide please find attached a copy of Endeavour Energy Drawing 86232 'Overhead Lines Minimum Clearances Near Structures'. The required safety clearances are not only based on the voltage but also the type, design and span of the conductors, types of insulators etc. which may change the required safety clearances.

Even if there is no issue with the safety clearances to the building or structure, ordinary persons must maintain a minimum safe approach distance of 3.0 metres to all voltages up to and including 132,000 volts / 132 kV. Work within the safe approach distances requires an authorised or instructed person with technical knowledge or sufficient experience to perform the work required, a safety observer for operating plant as well as possibly an outage request and/or erection of a protective hoarding.

Endeavour Energy's recommendation is that whenever reasonably possible buildings and structures be located and designed to avoid the need to work within the safe approach distances for ordinary persons eg. not having parts of the building normally accessible to persons in close proximity of the overhead power lines; the use of durable / low maintenance finishes. Alternatively, in some instances the adoption of an underground solution may be warranted ie. particularly for low voltage which can be more readily (in shorter distances) and comparatively economically be undergrounded.

If there is any doubt whatsoever regarding the safety clearances to the overhead power lines, the applicant will need to have the safety clearances assessed by a suitably qualified electrical engineer / Accredited Service Provider (please refer to the below point 'Network Capacity / Connection'. This will require the provision of a detailed survey plan showing the location of the conductors to enable the assessment / modelling of the clearances for which there are software packages available. If the safety clearances are inadequate, either the parts of the building encroaching the required clearances or the overhead power lines will need to be redesigned to provide the required clearances.

• Easement Management / Network Access

The following is a summary of the usual / main terms of Endeavour Energy's electrical easements requiring that the landowner:

- Not install or permit to be installed any services or structures within the easement site.
- Not alter the surface level of the easement site.
- Not do or permit to be done anything that restricts access to the easement site without the prior written permission of Endeavour Energy and in accordance with such conditions as Endeavour Energy may reasonably impose.

Endeavour Energy's preference is for no activities or encroachments to occur within its easements. However, if any proposed works (other than those approved / certified by Endeavour Energy's Network Connections Branch as part of an enquiry / application for load or asset relocation project) will encroach / affect Endeavour Energy's easements or protected assets, contact must first be made with the Endeavour Energy's Easements Officer, Jeffrey Smith, on business days on direct telephone 9853 7139 or alternately email Jeffrey.Smith@endeavourenergy.com.au or Leffrey.Smith@endeavourenergy.com.au or <a href="mailto:

Please find attached for the applicant's reference copies of Endeavour Energy's:

- Mains Design Instruction MDI 0044 'Easements and Property Tenure Rights' which deals with activities / encroachments within easements.
- o General Restrictions for Overhead Power Lines.
- o Guide to Fencing, Retaining Walls and Maintenance Around Padmount Substations.

It is imperative that the access to the existing electrical infrastructure on and in proximity of the site be maintained at all times. To ensure that supply electricity is available to the community, access to the electricity infrastructure may be required at any time. Restricted access to electricity infrastructure by maintenance workers causes delays in power restoration and may have severe consequences in the event of an emergency.

• Prudent Avoidance

The electricity industry has adopted a policy of prudent avoidance by doing what can be done without undue inconvenience and at modest expense to avert the possible risk to health from exposure to emissions form electricity infrastructure such as electric and magnetic fields (EMF) and noise which generally increase the higher the voltage ie. Endeavour Energy's network ranges from low voltage (normally not exceeding 1,000 volts) to high voltage (normally exceeding 1,000 volts but not exceeding 132,000 volts / 132 kV).

In practical terms this means that when designing new transmission and distribution facilities, consideration is given to reducing exposure and increasing separation distances to more sensitive uses such as residential or schools, pre-schools, day care centres or where potentially a greater number of people are regularly exposed for extended periods of time.

These emissions are usually not an issue but with Council's permitting or encouraging development with higher density, reduced setbacks and increased building heights, but as the electricity network operates 24/7/365 (all day, every day of the year), the level of exposure can increase.

Endeavour Energy believes that irrespective of the zoning or land use, applicants (and Council) should also adopt a policy of prudent avoidance by the siting of more sensitive uses eg. the office component of an industrial building, away from and less susceptible uses such as garages, non-habitable or rooms not regularly occupied eg. storage areas in a commercial building, towards any electricity infrastructure – including any possible future electricity infrastructure required to facilitate the proposed development.

Where development is proposed near electricity infrastructure, Endeavour Energy is not responsible for any amelioration measures for such emissions that may impact on the nearby proposed development.

Please find attached a copy of Energy Networks Association's 'Electric & Magnetic Fields – What We Know' which can also be accessed via their website at https://www.energynetworks.com.au/electric-and-magnetic-fields and provides the following advice:

Electric fields are strongest closest to their source, and their strength diminishes rapidly as we move away from the source.

The level of a magnetic field depends on the amount of the current (measured in amps), and decreases rapidly once we move away from the source.

Typical magnetic field measurements associated with Endeavour Energy's activities and assets given the required easement widths, safety clearances etc. and having a maximum voltage of 132,000 volt / 132 kV, will with the observance of these separation distances not exceed the recommended magnetic field public exposure limits.

Vegetation Management

The planting of large trees near electricity infrastructure is not supported by Endeavour Energy. Particularly for overhead power lines, ongoing vegetation management / tree trimming is a significant network cost and falling trees and branches during storms are a major cause of power outages.

Suitable planting needs to be undertaken in proximity of electricity infrastructure (including any new electricity infrastructure required to facilitate the proposed development). Only low growing shrubs not exceeding 3.0 metres in height, ground covers and smaller shrubs, with non-invasive root systems are the best plants to use. Larger trees should be planted well away from electricity infrastructure (at least the same distance from overhead power lines as their potential full grown height) and even with underground cables, be installed with a root barrier around the root ball of the plant.

Landscaping that interferes with electricity infrastructure may become a potential safety risk, cause of bush fire, restrict access, reduce light levels from streetlights or result in the interruption of supply. Such landscaping may be subject to Endeavour Energy's Vegetation Management program and/or the provisions of <u>the Electricity Supply Act 1995</u> (NSW) Section 48 'Interference with electricity works by trees' by which under certain circumstances the cost of carrying out such work may be recovered.

Endeavour Energy's recommendation is that existing street trees which are of low ecological significance in proximity of overhead power lines be replaced and any proposed planting of trees be replaced by an alternative smaller planting to ensure appropriate clearances are maintained whilst minimising the need for future pruning.

Dial Before You Dig

Before commencing any underground activity the applicant is required to obtain advice from the *Dial Before You Dig* 1100 service in accordance with the requirements of the <u>Electricity Supply Act 1995</u> (NSW) and associated Regulations. This should be obtained by the applicant not only to identify the location of any underground electrical and other utility infrastructure across the site, but also to identify them as a hazard and to properly assess the risk.

Removal of Electricity Supply

Approval for the permanent disconnection and removal of supply must be obtained from Endeavour Energy's Network Connections Branch (contact via Head Office enquiries on business days on telephone: 133 718 or (02) 9853 6666 from 9am - 4:30pm) by Accredited Service Providers (ASP) with the relevant class of Authorisation for the type of work being carried out. The work could involve:

- o The disconnection and removal of an underground service cable or overhead service line,
- Removal of metering equipment.

The written request must be submitted to Endeavour Energy using Form FPJ4603 'Permission to Remove Service / Metering by Authorised Level 2 Accredited Service Provider' which must be accompanied by Notification of Service Works (NOSW) forms provided as a result of service work activity performed by a Level 2 ASP. The retailer must also provide written agreement for the permanent removal of supply.

For details of the ASP scheme please refer to the above point 'Network Capacity / Connection'.

Demolition

Demolition work is to be carried out in accordance with Australian Standard AS 2601—2001: 'The demolition of structures' as updated from time to time. All electric cables or apparatus which are liable to be a source of danger, other than a cable or apparatus used for the demolition works shall be disconnected ie. the existing customer service lines will need to be isolated and/or removed during demolition. Appropriate care must be taken to not otherwise interfere with any electrical infrastructure on or in the vicinity of the site eg. streetlight columns, power poles, overhead power lines and underground cables etc.

Site Remediation

Endeavour Energy has noted that the Contamination Status Summary Report identifies the timber electricity poles on or in vicinity of the site which is likely to become redundant assets as a result of the proposed development as potential areas of environmental concern (AEC) and associated contaminants of potential concern (COPC).

Table 1: AEC and Associated COPC

AEC #	Description	COPC
5	Timber powder poles – Multiple timber power poles are present within the site. Timber treatment chemicals associated with the poles have the potential to leach into, and impact, surrounding soils.	TRH, BTEX, PAHs, Metals

Endeavour Energy's Environmental Business Partner Team have advised that the remediation of soils or surfaces impacted by various forms of electricity infrastructure is not uncommon but is usually not significant eg. transformer oil associated with leaking substations, pole treatment chemicals at the base of timber poles etc. The method of remediation is generally the removal of the electricity infrastructure, removal of any stained surfaces or excavation of any contaminated soils and their disposal at a licensed land fill. The decommissioning and removal of the redundant electricity infrastructure will be dealt with by Endeavour Energy's Network Connections Branch as part of the application for the connection of load for the new development – please refer to the above point 'Network Capacity / Connection'.

If the applicant has any concerns over the remediation works related to redundant electricity infrastructure they should contact Environmental Business Partner Team via Head Office enquiries on business days on telephone: 133 718 or (02) 9853 6666 from 9am - 4:30pm.

Public Safety

Workers involved in work near electricity infrastructure run the risk of receiving an electric shock and causing substantial damage to plant and equipment. I have attached Endeavour Energy's public safety training resources, which were developed to help general public / workers to understand why you may be at risk and what you can do to work safely. The public safety training resources are also available via Endeavour Energy's website via the following link:

http://www.endeavourenergy.com.au/wps/wcm/connect/ee/nsw/nsw+homepage/communitynav/safety/safety+brochures .

If the applicant has any concerns over the proposed works in proximity of the Endeavour Energy's electricity infrastructure to the road verge / roadway, as part of a public safety initiative Endeavour Energy has set up an email account that is accessible by a range of stakeholders across the company in order to provide more effective lines of communication with the general public who may be undertaking construction activities in proximity of electricity infrastructure such as builders, construction industry workers etc. The email address is Construction.Works@endeavourenergy.com.au.

Emergency Contact

In case of an emergency relating to Endeavour Energy's electrical network, the applicant should note the Emergencies Telephone is 131 003 which can be contacted 24 hours/7 days. Endeavour Energy's contact details should be included in any relevant risk and safety management plan.

I appreciate that not all the foregoing issues may be directly or immediately relevant or significant to the Development Application. However, Endeavour Energy's preference is to alert proponents / applicants of the potential matters that may arise should development within closer proximity of the existing and/or required electricity infrastructure needed to facilitate the proposed development on or in the vicinity of the site occur.

Could you please pass on a copy of this submission and the attached resources to the applicant? Should you wish to discuss this matter, or have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me or the contacts identified above in relation to the various matters. Due to the high number of development application / planning proposal notifications submitted Endeavour response contact email to Energy, to ensure а by tο property.development@endeavourenergy.com.au is preferred.

With the current easing of the COVID-19 health risk, whilst a significant number of Endeavour Energy staff are returning to the office, they are at times still working from home. Although working from home, access to emails and other internal stakeholders can still be somewhat limited and as a result it may take longer than usual to respond to enquiries. Thank you for your ongoing understanding during this time.

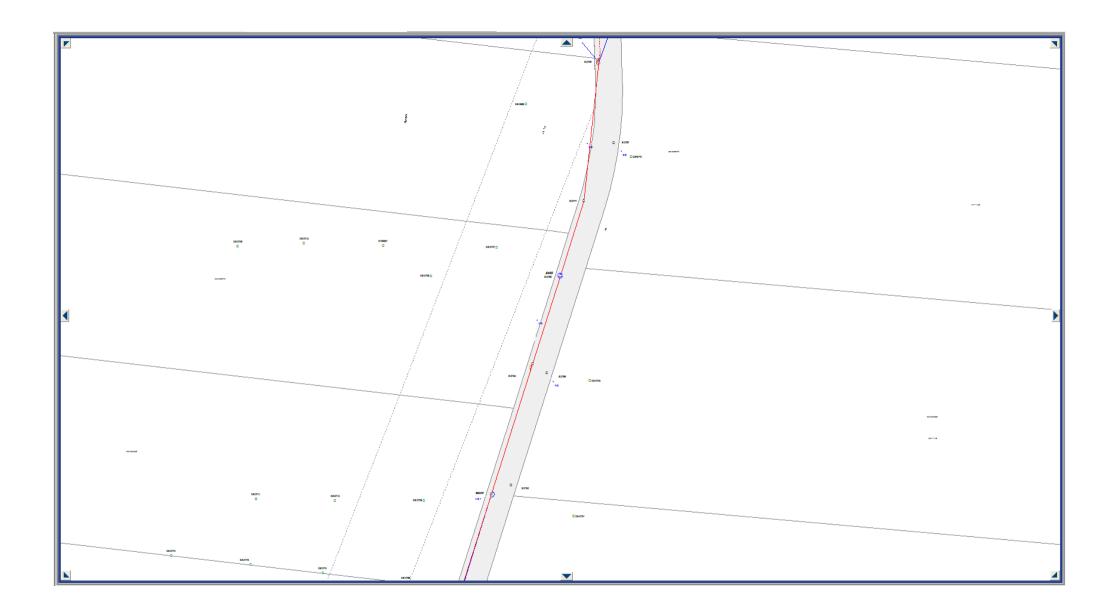
Yours faithfully Cornelis Duba Development Application Specialist Network Environment & Assessment

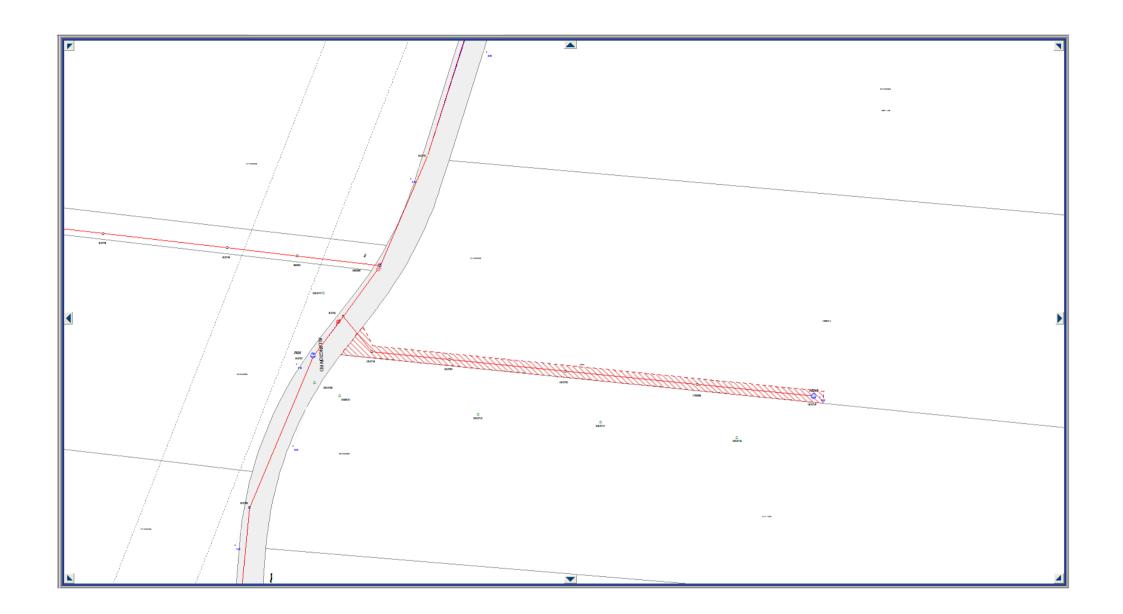
M: 0455 250 981

E: cornelis.duba@endeavourenergy.com.au
51 Huntingwood Drive, Huntingwood NSW 2148
www.endeavourenergy.com.au











From: David Schwebel < David. Schwebel@planning.nsw.gov.au>

Sent: Tuesday, 17 November 2020 9:23 AM

To: Property Development <Property.Development@endeavourenergy.com.au> **Subject:** Notice of Exhibition – 200 Aldington Road Industrial Estate (SSD-10479)

Dear Sir/Madam

The Department of Planning, Industry and Environment has received an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 200 Aldington Road Industrial Estate (SSD-10479).

The EIS will be publicly exhibited from 18/11/2020 to 15/12/2020.

The EIS can be viewed on the Department's Major Projects website at https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/major-projects/project/37961 from 18/11/2020. If you wish to view the documents prior to this date, you will need to register an agency account on the Major Projects site. A User Guide is attached for your reference.

The Department invites you to advise on the proposal, including advice on recommended conditions by **15 December 2020**.

If you have any enquiries, please contact David Schwebel on 02 9274 6400 or dafvid.schwebel@planning.nsw.gov.au.

Regards

David Schwebel Planning Officer, Industry Assessments

Planning & Assessment | Department of Planning, Industry and Environment T 02 9274 6400 | 4 Parramatta Square, 12 Darcy Street, Parramatta NSW 2150 www.dpie.nsw.gov.au



The Department of Planning, Industry and Environment acknowledges that it stands on Aboriginal land. We acknowledge the traditional custodians of the land and we show our respect for elders past, present and emerging through thoughtful and collaborative approaches to our work, seeking to demonstrate our ongoing commitment to providing places in which Aboriginal people are included socially, culturally and economically.