Subject: FW: Andrews Road - Glass Recovery Services Intersection Upgrade - Detail Survey

[110058]

Date: Tuesday, 17 January 2017 at 2:40:43 pm Australian Eastern Daylight Time

From: Vijay Zala

To: Carlo Ranieri

Attachments: 16754 Andrews Road Cranebrook - DETAIL SURVEY sheet 1.pdf, 16754 Andrews Road

Cranebrook - DETAIL SURVEY sheet 2.pdf, 16754 Andrews Road Cranebrook - DETAIL SURVEY sheet 3.pdf, DOC021216-011.pdf, DOC021216-012.pdf, image001.png

From: Peter Sharoff [mailto:psharoff@jwprince.com.au]

Sent: Thursday, 22 December 2016 4:57 PM

To: Drew Langford <drew@langfordenvironmental.com.au> **Cc:** Robert Odewahn <ROdewahn@jwprince.com.au>

Subject: RE: Andrews Road - Glass Recovery Services Intersection Upgrade - Detail Survey [110058]

Hi Drew,

As discussed Penrith City Council (David Drozd)has confirmed we can proceed with the design based on Austroads Type CHR(s) short channelized right turn intersection treatment. This will save approximately 90 metres in the length of roadworks at the western end that would have been required for the full length Type CHR intersection treatment. See attached sketches. Detail survey has also been completed. See attached.

Regards,

Peter Sharoff - Senior Project Manager - Roads & Traffic Infrastructure

(TfNSW - Lead Road Safety Auditor – Level 3)

J. WYNDHAM PRINCE

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From: Drew Langford [mailto:drew@langfordenvironmental.com.au]

Sent: Tuesday, 29 November 2016 4:35 PM **To:** Peter Sharoff cpsharoff@jwprince.com.au **Cc:** 'Carlo Ranieri' carloranieri@bigpond.com.au

Subject: RE: Andrews Road - Glass Recovery Services Intersection Upgrade - Detail Survey [110058]

Approved.

Best regards,
DREW LANGFORD



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W: www.langfordenvironmental.com.au E: drew@langfordenvironmental.com.au

From: Peter Sharoff [mailto:psharoff@jwprince.com.au]

Sent: Tuesday, 29 November 2016 4:30 PM

To: Drew Langford < drew@langfordenvironmental.com.au>

Subject: Andrews Road - Glass Recovery Services Intersection Upgrade - Detail Survey [110058]

Hi Drew,

As discussed I need your approval to proceed with the Detail Survey (Item 10).

Regards,

Peter Sharoff – Project Manager - Roads & Traffic Infrastructure

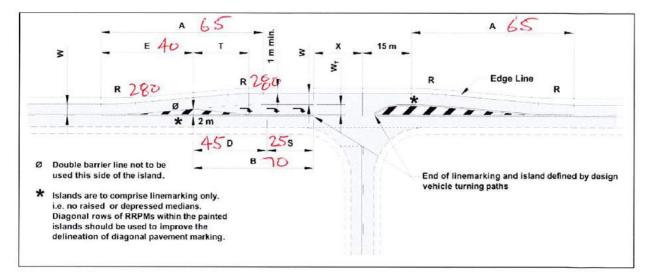
(TfNSW - Lead Road Safety Auditor - Level 3)

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Note: The dimensions of the treatment are defined below and values of A, D, R and T are shown in Table 7.1:

W = Nominal through lane width (m) (including widening for curves). For a new intersection on an existing road, the width is to be in accordance with the current link strategy.

W_T = Nominal width of turn lane (m), including widening for curves based on the design turning vehicle = 3.0 m minimum.

B = Total length of auxiliary lane including taper, diverge/deceleration and storage (m).

E = Distance from start of taper to 2.0 m width (m) and is given by:

$$E = 2\left(\frac{A}{W_T}\right)$$

T = Taper length (m) and is given by:

$$T = \frac{0.33xVxW_T}{3.6}$$

S = Storage length to cater for one design turning vehicle (m).

V = Design speed of major road approach (km/h).

X = Distance based on design vehicle turning path, typically 10-15 m.

Source: QDMR (2006).

Figure 7.6: Channelised right-turn treatment with a short turn slot [CHR(S)] two-lane rural road

7.5.3 Rural Channelised T-junction – Full Length (CHR)

For this layout, all traffic is required to deviate and therefore the road alignment for the through movement must be designed to suit the operating speed. This deviation requires the pavement to be widened to provide a full-length right-turn lane as shown in Figure 7.7.

The minimum lengths of deceleration (D) for different design speeds are shown in Table 5.2 and should be based on the comfortable deceleration rate of 2.5 m/s². The storage length (S) is usually determined through the use of computer programs such as aaSIDRA.

Details of the departure end of the right-turn lane should be determined using turning path templates (minimum radius 15.0 m). This will depend on the width and the angle of intersection of the road that the turning vehicle is entering.

