

Soil investigation report – Farm shed

771 Cudgen Road,
Cudgen, NSW

January 2019, Ref. 18084 R03 V2



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for

Woollam Constructions Pty Ltd

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1.0 Introduction

Cavvanba Consulting Pty Ltd (Cavvanba) was commissioned by Woollam Constructions Pty Ltd (Woollam) to undertake an intrusive soil investigation at 771 Cudgen Road, Cudgen NSW 2487.

The scope of work was detailed in Cavvanba's proposal to Woollam Constructions, and associated acceptance of engagement on 16 November 2018. This report should be read in conjunction with Cavvanba's *General Limitations*, included as Section 1.5.

1.1 Professional experience

Cavvanba is a specialist contaminated land consultancy and is suitably qualified to conduct the works. Cavvanba employees hold certified environmental practitioner (CEnvP) qualifications, which are nationally recognised competencies.

Cavvanba is a full member of the Australian Contaminated Land Consultants Association (ACLCA) in NSW and Queensland. ACLCA is an association that "represents the major environmental consulting firms involved in the assessment and management of contaminated sites in Australia".

Ben Wackett is a WorkCover NSW licensed asbestos assessor (LAA 000132), and an associate member of the Australian Institute of Occupational Hygienists (AIOH). Ben is also a NSW EPA accredited Site Auditor, under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*.

Ben is a member of the Environmental Institute of Australia and New Zealand (EIANZ).

1.2 Background

The site consists of a farm shed, residential house and garage with farmland extending out into the western portion. Refer to Appendix A for a photographic log and Figure 1 for the investigation boundary and features. It is understood that the previous owner had occupied the site for approximately 30 years, and used it for agriculture.

As part of the new Tweed Valley Hospital development, the farm shed is proposed to be demolished in order for preliminary works to continue at the site. OCTIEF conducted a preliminary and detailed investigation at the site in September 2018 as reported in:

- OCTIEF (2018), *Preliminary and Detailed Site Investigation – 771 Cudgen Road, Cudgen, NSW 2487* (Ref. J8961).

For further information please refer to Section 3.0 of this report.

Asbestos is a generic name given to a range of fibrous mineral silicates found in the natural environment. Asbestos minerals have separable long fibres that are strong and flexible enough to be spun and woven and are heat resistant. Because of these characteristics, asbestos has historically been used in a wide range of manufactured goods.

In the environmental industry, fibrous cement sheeting containing asbestos is referred to as bonded asbestos or asbestos containing material (ACM). It is a common scenario to encounter ACM fragments in or on surface soils following demolition of old buildings. It is also Cavvanba's professional experience that ACM can be present as a result of historical construction practices, where off-cuts were commonly used as packers in foundations, or simply left under the house.

Lead in soils is a common contaminated land issue associated with old buildings, and the EPA (2003) *Managing Lead Contamination in Home Maintenance, Renovation and Demolition Practices. A Guide for Councils* states that:

- there are over a million homes in NSW that were built before 1970 and are potentially contaminated with lead paint, dust and soil; and
- New Zealand research found soil lead levels of 16 – 28 ppm in homes built less than 10 years ago but 455 – 16,858 ppm in homes built over 90 years ago.

1.3 Objectives

The objectives of the soil investigation report were to address the potential site contamination issues associated with asbestos containing materials (ACM), potential lead paint from the farm shed and organochlorine pesticides (OCPs) associated with sub slab pest treatment underneath the farm shed.

1.4 Scope of work

The scope of work included:

- Review of previous environmental investigation report (OCTIEF 2018).
- Completion of a comprehensive site walkover and visual inspection for key features to identify potential areas of environmental concern on- and off-site.
- Advancement of 21 soil test pits using a hand auger in a staged investigation (TP20 – TP27 and TP31 – TP43).
- Collection and analysis of samples for potential contaminants of concern, which will assist in the classification of any material required for offsite disposal.
- Inclusion of the results and findings into a report.

Guidance that will be considered in preparing this soil investigation report which includes:

- Department of Urban Affairs and Planning (1998) *State Environmental Planning Policy number 55: Managing Land Contamination, Planning Guidelines SEPP 55 – Remediation of Land*.
- NSW EPA (formerly Office of Environment and Heritage (OEH)) (2011) *Guidelines for Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Sites*.
- NSW EPA (2017) *Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (3rd edition)*.
- National Environment Protection Council (NEPC) *National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999 (ASC NEPM (2013)) – Schedule B2: Guideline on Site Characterisation (2013)*.

The development application pathway for the Project consists of a staged Significant Development Application under section 4.22 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A) Act. This report is provided to meet the requirements of SEPP 55 and Department of Planning and Urban Affairs (1998) *Planning Guidelines SEPP 55 – Remediation of Land*.

It should be noted that this soil investigation report was sampled as part of a larger investigation program which was conducted at another portion of 771 Cudgen Road, Cudgen NSW. Therefore, there are samples which are referred to in the laboratory reports which are not related directly to this report.

1.5 Limitations

The findings of this report are based on the objectives and scope of work outlined above. Cavvanba performed the services in a manner consistent with the normal level of care and expertise exercised by members of the environmental assessment profession. No warranties or guarantees, express or implied, are made. Subject to the scope of work, Cavvanba's assessment is limited strictly to identifying typical environmental conditions associated with the subject property, and does not include evaluation of any other issues. This report does not comment on any regulatory obligations based on the findings, for which a legal opinion should be sought. This report relates only to the objectives and scope of work stated, and does not relate to any other works undertaken for the Client.

The report and conclusions are based on the information obtained at the time of the assessment. Changes to the subsurface conditions may occur subsequent to the investigation described herein, through natural processes or through the intentional or accidental addition of contaminants, and these conditions may change with space and time.

The site history, and associated uses, areas of use, and potential contaminants, were determined based on the activities described in the scope of work. Additional site history information held by the Client, regulatory authorities, or in the public domain, which was not provided to Cavvanba or was not sourced by Cavvanba under the scope of work, may identify additional uses, areas of use and/or potential contaminants. The information sources referenced have been used to determine site history and desktop information regarding local subsurface conditions. While Cavvanba has used reasonable care to avoid reliance on data and information that is inaccurate or unsuitable, Cavvanba is not able to verify the accuracy or completeness of all information and data made available.

Further chemicals or categories of chemicals may exist at the site, which were not identified in the site history, and which may not be expected at the site. The absence of any identified hazardous or toxic materials on the subject property, should not be interpreted as a warranty or guarantee that such materials do not exist on the site. If additional certainty is required, additional site history or desktop studies, or environmental sampling and analysis, should be commissioned.

The results of this assessment are based upon site inspection and fieldwork conducted by Cavvanba personnel and information provided by the Client. All conclusions regarding the property area are the professional opinions of the Cavvanba personnel involved with the project, subject to the qualifications made above. While normal assessments of data reliability have been made, Cavvanba assumes no responsibility or liability for errors in any data obtained from regulatory agencies, information from sources outside of Cavvanba, or developments resulting from situations outside the scope of this project.

2.0 Site setting

2.1 Site identification

The site location and investigation boundary are shown on Figure 1.

Owner:	Health Infrastructure NSW
Street address:	771 Cudgen Road, Cudgen NSW 2487
Property description:	Lot 11 Deposited Plan (DP) 1246853.
Investigation area:	Approximately 750 m ² (consisting of the area surrounding the farm shed). Part of Lot 11 DP 1246853.
Co-ordinates:	Latitude: -28.265041651 Longitude: 153.566689951.
Local government area:	Tweed Shire Council.
Elevation:	Approximately 27 m above AHD.
Landuse – existing:	Rural Residential/Agricultural.
Landuse – proposed:	Hospital.
Zoning – existing:	RU1 Primary Production.
Zoning – proposed:	SP2 Infrastructure (Hospital).

2.2 Surrounding land uses

The site is located in an area of mainly rural and recreational landuse, with the surrounding landuses identified as:

North:	Agricultural land use, followed by bushland.
East:	Cudgen Road followed by TAFE NSW Kingscliff and residential properties.
West:	Agricultural land use.
South:	Cudgen Road followed by agricultural land use.

2.3 Surrounding environment

The site is situated at approximately 27 m AHD. Cudgen Creek is located approximately 500 m to the south-east of the site.

These environments are considered to be sensitive receptors, the aquatic ecosystem and dependent species would be potential environmental receptors. Recreational users of the creek would be potential human receptors, including both primary (e.g. swimming) and secondary (e.g. boating) contact.

2.4 Topography

The site is relatively flat with a slight slope falling toward the south-west.

2.5 Geology and soils

2.5.1 Geology

Based on NSW Environment & Heritage Soil and Land Information (eSPADE, accessed 13 December 2018), the site lies on Lamington Volcanics—Tertiary basalt, consisting of rhyolite, trachyte, tuff, agglomerate and conglomerate.

The landscape consists of very low to low undulating hills and rises on the Cudgen Plateau and nearby basalt caps. The elevation is 30–40 m on the Cudgen Plateau.

The vegetation in the area is cleared closed-forest (rainforest). Most of this landscape is cultivated, but the original vegetation would have been similar to that of the Limpinwood (li) or Green Pigeon (gp) soil landscapes.

2.5.2 Soils

Based on NSW Environment & Heritage Soil and Land Information (eSPADE, accessed 13 December 2018), the soil profile in the area consists of deep (>100 cm), well-drained red silty clay (Krasnozems). This soil profile description is consistent with the observations made during the investigation of the farm shed.

3.0 Previous investigations

3.1 OCTIEF, 2018

OCTIEF conducted a preliminary and detailed investigation at the site in September 2018:

- OCTIEF (2018), *Preliminary and Detailed Site Investigation – 771 Cudgen Road, Cudgen, NSW 2487* (Ref. J8961).

The objectives of the investigation were to:

- identify potential sources of contamination and determine potential contaminants of concern;
- identify areas of potential contamination;
- provide Health Infrastructure NSW with high level confidence that site contamination characteristics are sufficiently understood to allow (if required) remedial planning and implementation;
- provide sufficient confidence and reliance that there will be no foreseeable contamination issues which may affect redevelopment or suitability for the State Significant Development Application (concept design and stage 1 works); and
- assess suitability of the site for rezoning (to SP2 Infrastructure) and the proposed land use (Hospital).

The scope comprised of an extensive soil and groundwater investigation which extended broadly over 771 Cudgen Road (Lot 11 DP 1246853). A total of 44 boreholes were advanced across the site, however it is noted that only two of these boreholes are relevant to the investigation area of this report (HA1 and HA2) and relevant samples were analysed for a range of potential contaminants. For completeness, these locations are shown on Figure 2. In addition, a figure from the initial report is included in Appendix B.

ACM fragments were identified on the ground surface adjacent to the western side of the shed (HA1).

Soil samples were also collected from these locations and submitted for laboratory analysis for pesticides, metals, and petroleum hydrocarbons. Asbestos fibres (AF) and fibrous asbestos (AF) were detected at concentrations exceeding the residential guideline levels in a soil sample collected this location (HA1), adjacent to the western side of the farm shed at ~ 0.1 m depth.

It was also noted that:

- guttering which contained ACM was present on the western side of the farm shed, and was considered to be in relatively poor condition;
- other ACM was observed on the western edge of the shed roof; and
- small stockpiles containing ACM material were noted against the western wall of the shed.

OCTIEF (2018) prepared a remediation action plan for the area of asbestos impacted soil on the western side of the main shed:

- OCTIEF (2018) *Remediation action plan – Tweed Valley Hospital Site, 771 Cudgen Road, Cudgen NSW*. (Ref: J8961)

3.2 Cavvanba, 2019

Whilst not directly applicable to the investigation area, it is noted that the following reports have been prepared for the site by Cavvanba focussing on contaminants of lead and organochlorine pesticides (OCPs) associated with the residential house and garage:

- Cavvanba Consulting (2019), *Residential house – soil investigation report, 771 Cudgen Road, Cudgen, NSW* (Ref.: 18084 R01);
- Cavvanba Consulting (2019) *Residential house – remedial action plan addendum. 771 Cudgen Road, Cudgen, NSW* (Ref.: 18084 R02).

4.0 Site inspection and short-term management works

A site inspection was undertaken to confirm anecdotal evidence and consolidate the findings of the information review through physical inspection of potential contaminant sources, pathways and receptors.

4.1 Preliminary site observations

Multiple site inspections were undertaken by Glen Chisnall and Ben Wackett of Cavanba during November and December 2018. A photographic log has been provided as Appendix A.

The following observations, relevant to the use and environmental condition of the investigation area were made:

- a farm shed was present in the centre of the investigation area;
- a concrete slab ~ 250 m² was evident underneath the farm shed;
- the grass surface was observed to be in good condition around the edges of the farm shed with no visible staining;
- fragments of ACM were observed along the north eastern edge of the farm shed; and
- a gravel road entered the site from Cudgen Road before entering into the carpark area.

4.2 Site management works

The following site management works were undertaken:

- Asbestos guttering was removed by a licenced asbestos removalist. This was undertaken without disturbing the existing ACM in the soil adjacent to the shed.
- Demolition of the shed was expected to disturb the ACM in soil. Therefore a protective layer of geofabric and gravel (approximately 200 mm thick) was placed around the apron of the shed to facilitate demolition and removal without cross contamination of ACM in soil.
- Following demolition, the gravel was partially removed and care was taken to not disturb the underlying geofabric. The partially removed gravel was re-use onsite, and the geofabric and residual gravel remains in-situ as a temporary protective cover.

This temporary control measure is anticipated to remain in place until remedial works are undertaken. A photographic log of this process has been provided as Appendix A.

5.0 Limited soil sampling investigation

5.1 Contaminants of concern

Potential contaminants of concern are detailed in Table 5.1 below and are associated with the former farm shed – namely asbestos, lead paint and sub slab pest treatment.

Table 5.1: PCOCs and summary of areas of concern

PCOCs	Description and common relationship
Asbestos	Asbestos in the form of free fibres and asbestos containing materials (ACMs). Commonly used in pipework, buildings (fibro), etc.
Lead	Lead paint associated with older housing.
Organochloride Pesticides (OCPs)	Pest control/fertilisers. OCPs are persistent in the environment.

5.2 Relevant environmental media

The environmental media considered relevant for the investigation was limited to shallow soil only. This was considered appropriate based on the potential sources of contamination being:

- ACM fragments and lead paint associated with the former farm shed; and
- OCPs associated with sub slab pest treatment.

5.3 Relevant environmental criteria

5.3.1 Soil

For soil, the appropriate criteria are based on the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure (NEPM) (2013) and in particular the health investigation levels (HILs), environmental investigation levels (EILs), environmental screening levels (ESLs) and health screening levels (HSLs) applicable for residential landuses.

5.3.2 Asbestos in soil

It should be noted that the proposed use of the site is a public hospital. Cavvanba has therefore adopted site-specific investigation screening criteria. The screening criteria is a combination of no visual observations of ACM as well as non-detects of asbestos fibres in soil.

ASC NEPM 2013 states that the NEPM HILs are not protective of construction workers, and site specific risk should be taken into consideration: (Schedule B7: Guideline on health-based investigation levels – Section 3.1) The HILs are therefore considered to be protective of exposures to other receptor populations; however, the HILs do not specifically address short-duration exposures that may occur during construction and maintenance of a site (including intrusive works). These exposures should be addressed on a site-specific basis. Based on this, elimination of asbestos was seen as a more appropriate criteria for handing the site over from the demolition stage to the construction stage. This also takes into consideration the following points:

- the small area of asbestos present is likely to be limited and can be feasibly removed from the site;

- there are inherent and unavoidable uncertainties associated with the uneven distribution of ACM found on these types of sites, therefore a conservative approach has been adopted;
- there is a high level of public interest in this site, and eliminating asbestos issues for construction workers is considered appropriate, rather than to conveying risk to future workers by relying on criteria thresholds of asbestos concentrations in soil; and
- there are proposed construction works and the HILs for commercial/industrial landuse were not developed to be specifically protective of construction workers.

6.0 Soil investigation

The field work was completed on 11 and 14 of December 2018 by Glen Chisnall with oversight from Ben Wackett of Cavanba Consulting.

At the time of sampling, the temporary control measures discussed in Section 4 were in place, so samples were collected from below the gravel and geofabric. Photographs of the sampling are included in Appendix A.

The sampling and analytical strategy and methodology are described below. The results of the assessment are provided in Section 8. Soil sample locations are shown on Figure 2.

6.1 Soil sampling strategy

Objective

To investigate the presence of asbestos, lead and OCP contamination on-site, and to classify any material required for off-site disposal.

Strategy

The assessment of asbestos impact was undertaken by targeted test pit locations positioned around the farm shed perimeter. A total of 21 test pits were advanced around the perimeter of the building and beneath the concrete slab which may represent potential areas of contamination. The rationale for sampling design is summarised in Table 6.1.

Cavanba's expectation from similar sites is that lead contamination in soil resulting from weathering of lead painted buildings is generally limited to the building apron (i.e. within 2 – 3 m of drip zone) and within 0.5 m of surface. Additionally, asbestos fibres in soil are usually associated with visible fragments of ACM, similar to the field observations of ACM and analytical results for sample location HA1 from the OCTIEF investigation.

Therefore, the sampling strategy included collection of samples at the following locations:

- within 1 m of the existing perimeter on each side of the farm shed, at less than 5 m spacings;
- eight samples beneath the farm shed concrete slab; and
- samples at 0.1 m and 0.3 m at each location.

Laboratory analysis selection

Initial sample analysis selection was based on a minimum:

- beneath farm shed concrete slab;
- within 1 m of building perimeter i.e. on each side of the farm shed; and
- samples at shallow depth (0.1 m).

Additional analysis was undertaken at greater depths (0.3 m) to delineate any criteria exceedances in the shallow samples. The sampling strategy completed was considered to meet the definition of a systematic approach and meets the minimum sampling requirements in accordance with *Sampling Design Guidelines* (NSW EPA, 1995). Additionally, consideration was given to the Tweed Shire Council for Pre-Demolition Testing of organochlorine pesticides beneath structures and dwellings.

Sampling design rationale

Table 6.1 on the following page describes the rationale for the chosen sampling design and additional delineation sampling/analysis.

Table 6.1: Overall rationale for sampling design

Location/sample ID	Rationale
<i>First stage of analysis</i>	
TP20_0.1 to TP27_0.1	Targeting sub slab of farm shed.
TP31_0.1 to TP43_0.1	Targeting any potential sources of lead paint and or asbestos fibres in soil located around the farm shed.
<i>Delineation sampling/analysis</i>	
TP32_0.3	Further sampling/analysis conducted at 0.3 below the ground surface; aiming to delineate the vertical extent of asbestos fibres.

6.2 Soil sampling methodology

Soil samples were collected using stainless steel hand tools, ensuring that soil sampled had not been in direct contact with the hand tool.

All soil samples were collected into laboratory supplied glass jars and placed directly into chilled eskies and transported to the laboratory under chain of custody documentation, in accordance with Cavvanba fieldwork procedures.

Overburden was placed alongside the sample location sequentially during excavation and backfilled in the same sequence it was excavated.

6.3 Data usability

A background to data usability is provided in Appendix C. All site work was completed in accordance with standard Cavvanba sampling protocols, including a QA/QC programme and fieldwork procedures.

A data usability assessment has been performed for the sampling undertaken during this investigation, as summarised in Appendix C and includes:

- summary of field quality assurance/quality control;
- field quality control soil samples summary; and
- summary of laboratory quality assurance/quality control.

The material subject to this soil investigation report was sampled as part of a larger investigation program which was conducted at another portion of 771 Cudgen Road, Cudgen NSW. Therefore, there are samples which are referred to in the laboratory report and data usability assessment which are not related directly to this report.

Only samples listed in Table 6.1 above are relevant to this soil investigation report. Overall, the data usability assessment shows that the data is of suitable quality to support the conclusions made in this report.

7.0 Conditions encountered

The subsurface conditions encountered are summarised below. For descriptions of the subsurface conditions at specific locations, refer to Table 1, attached. A photographic log is provided as Appendix A.

7.1 Soil conditions

The soil profile identified across the site consisted of either natural or disturbed natural, consisting of dark brown to red silty clay to the maximum explored depth of 0.3 m.

7.2 Disturbed natural soil

Disturbed natural soil was observed at the surface in all of the test pits located around the farm shed. Anthropogenic inclusions of plastic, nails were identified at TP43 at 0.1 m depth.

A location map has been provided as Figure 2 showing the sample locations.

7.3 ACM

ACM fragments were identified during the investigation on the ground surface at sample location TP32.

In addition, ACM fragments were noted on the ground surface by OCTIEF during the previous investigation at sample location HA1. Observations of ACM were limited to disturbed soil only.

8.0 Soil analytical results

The results are summarised below by contaminant. The laboratory analytical reports are included in Appendix D. The analytical results have been compared to the screening criteria adopted for the site. The NEPM health investigation and screening levels for residential land use (HIL A) have been used along with the ecological investigation levels (EILs) for urban residential and public open space to ascertain the magnitude of impacts. Asbestos criteria is site specific as described in Section 5.3.2.

Table 8.1: Soil analytical summary

Analyte	Health criteria	Ecological criteria	Site data			
	HIL / HSL (mg/kg)	EIL/ESL (mg/kg)	No. samples analysed	Number of detects	Max' (mg/kg)	Meets screening criteria?
Metals						
Lead	300	1,100	13	13	44	Yes
Organochlorine pesticides						
DDT+DDE+DDD	240	180 ¹	21	1	0.27	Yes
Aldrin and dieldrin	6	- ²		7	1.18	Yes
Chlordane	50	-		0	<0.05	Yes
Endosulfan	270	-		1	0.89	Yes
Endrin	10	-		0	<0.05	Yes
Heptachlor	6	-		0	<0.05	Yes
HCB	10	-		0	<0.05	Yes
Methoxychlor	300	-		0	<0.2	Yes
Asbestos in soil						
Asbestos	Detect	-	14	2	Detect	No

Table notes:

1 * Criteria for DDT only.

2 – No criteria available.

3 – **BOLD** indicates exceedance of HILs/site-specific asbestos criteria.

4 – Underscore indicates exceedances of EILs criteria.

The results are summarised below:

- two samples (TP32_0.1 and TP33_0.1) had detections of asbestos fibres in soil which exceeds the site-specific asbestos criteria. No asbestos was detected in soil at TP32 at 0.3 m depth, suggesting the impact was limited to shallow depths;
- all sample concentrations of lead were below residential criteria; and
- while OCPs were detected at three sample locations, concentrations were below the adopted criteria. The maximum sum of OCPs is 1.25 mg/kg.

9.0 Discussion and recommendations

The discussion below is limited to asbestos as this was the only PCOC which exceeded the screening criteria.

9.1 Asbestos in soil discussion

Following this soil investigation and the previous investigation (OCTIEF, 2018), asbestos contamination is believed to be limited to:

- approximately 1 m from the north-eastern wall of the farm shed;
- approximately 3 m from the south-western wall of the farm shed; and
- no deeper than 0.3 m below the ground surface.

The nature of asbestos contamination is considered to be ACM in disturbed soil. Whilst it is recognised that asbestos fibres have been detected in laboratory analysed soil samples, the source of fibres is expected to be the ACM, rather than a friable asbestos source such as pipe lagging or loose insulation. The condition of the ACM as observed by Cavanba, did not appear to be highly weathered or pulverised. The detection of fibres in soil associated with ACM therefore does not represent an elevated risk of generating airborne fibres during disturbance, and the material should otherwise be treated as bonded asbestos if it is to be removed.

Delineation of ACM in soil has not been completely achieved for the farm shed. Investigation beyond the immediate perimeter adjacent to TP32 was not undertaken due to presence of an access road. Remediation of this area is proposed, and a remedial action plan is being developed. Evaluation of the extent in this area will be undertaken during the proposed remediation. The ultimate extent of remediation will be established based on field observations of the presence of ACM fragments during removal works.

9.2 Recommendations

Based on the detection of asbestos fibres and observation of ACM in the soil around the former farm shed, remediation and/or management is required.

A remedial action plan for asbestos in soil should be prepared for the farm shed investigation area which should consider:

- off-site disposal; and/or
- on-site management/capping including long term management.

Based on the uneven distribution of visual observations of ACM fragments around the apron of the shed, a conservative approach should be adopted, and the ultimate extent of remediation should be based on field observations.

Validation samples should be collected following the completion of remediation.

10.0 Glossary and references

10.1 Glossary

AST	Aboveground storage tank
BTEXN	Benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, xylenes and naphthalene
CSM	Conceptual site model
EIL	Environmental Investigation Level
ESL	Environmental Screening Level
EMP	Environmental Management Plan
ESA	Environmental site assessment
GME	Groundwater monitoring event
HHRA	Human health risk assessment
HIL	Health Investigation Level
HSL	Health Screening Level
LOR	Limit of reporting
Metals	Arsenic (As), cadmium (Cd), chromium (Cr), copper (Cu), lead (Pb), mercury (Hg), nickel (Ni), and zinc (Zn)
NATA	National Association of Testing Authorities
NEPM/C	National Environmental Protection Measure/Council
OCPs	Organochlorine pesticides
OH&S	Occupational health and safety
OPPs	Organophosphorus pesticides
PAHs	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, including the USEPA 16 priority pollutants: naphthalene; acenaphthylene; acenaphthene; fluorine; phenanthrene; anthracene; fluoranthene; pyrene; benzo(a) anthracene; chrysene; benzo(b)fluoranthene; benzo(k) fluoranthene; benzo(a)pyrene; indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene; dibenz (a.h)anthracene; and benzo(g.h.i)perylene
PCBs	Polychlorinated biphenyls
PID	Photo-ionisation detector
PSH	Phase separated hydrocarbons
QA/QC	Quality assurance/quality control
RAP	Remediation action plan

RPD	Relative Percentage Difference
SWL	Standing water level
TRHs	Total recoverable hydrocarbons, including volatile C6 – C10 fraction and semi- and non-volatile >C10 – C36 fractions
UCL	Upper confidence limit
UST	Underground storage tank
VRP	Voluntary remediation proposal
VOCs	Volatile organic compounds

10.2 References

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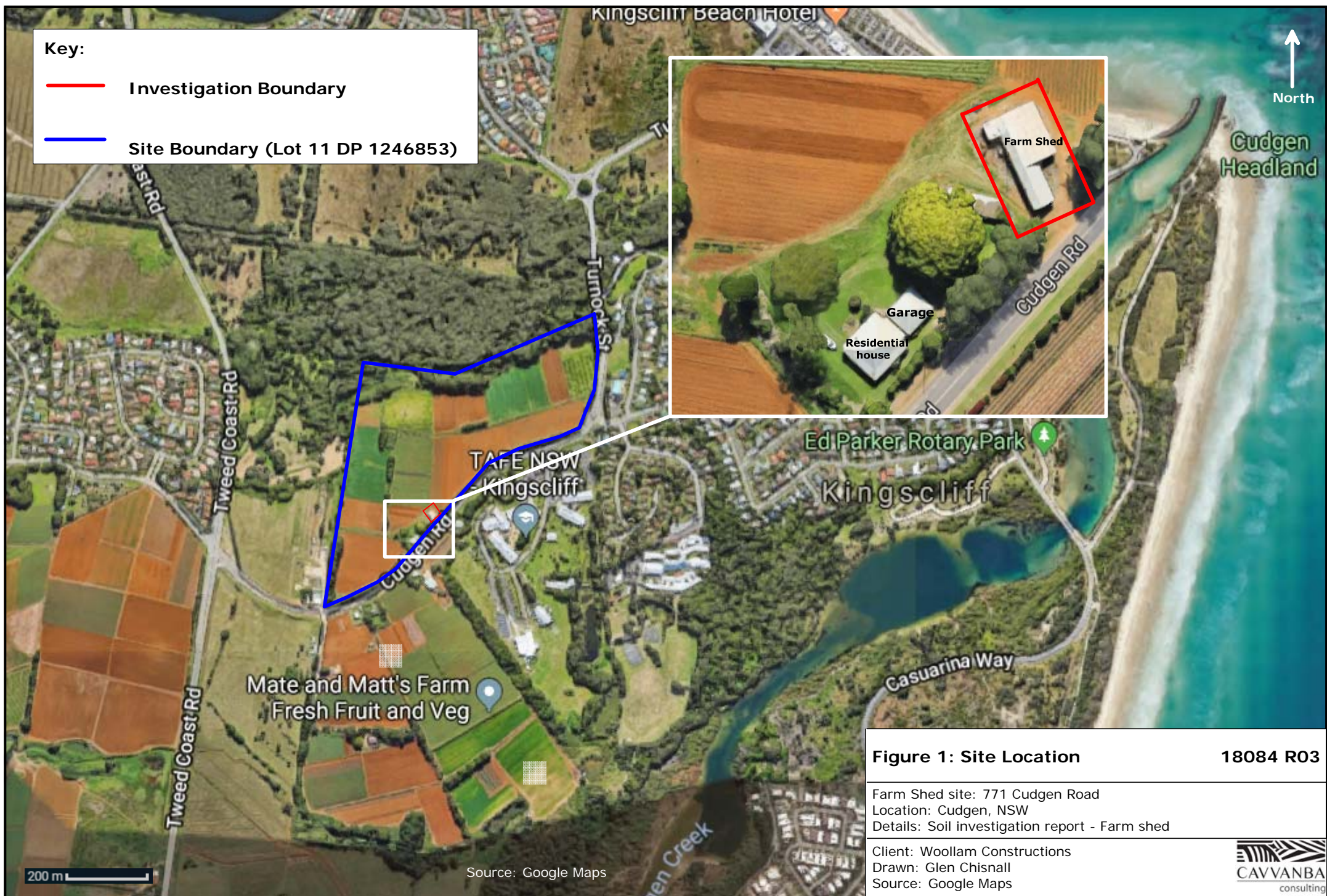
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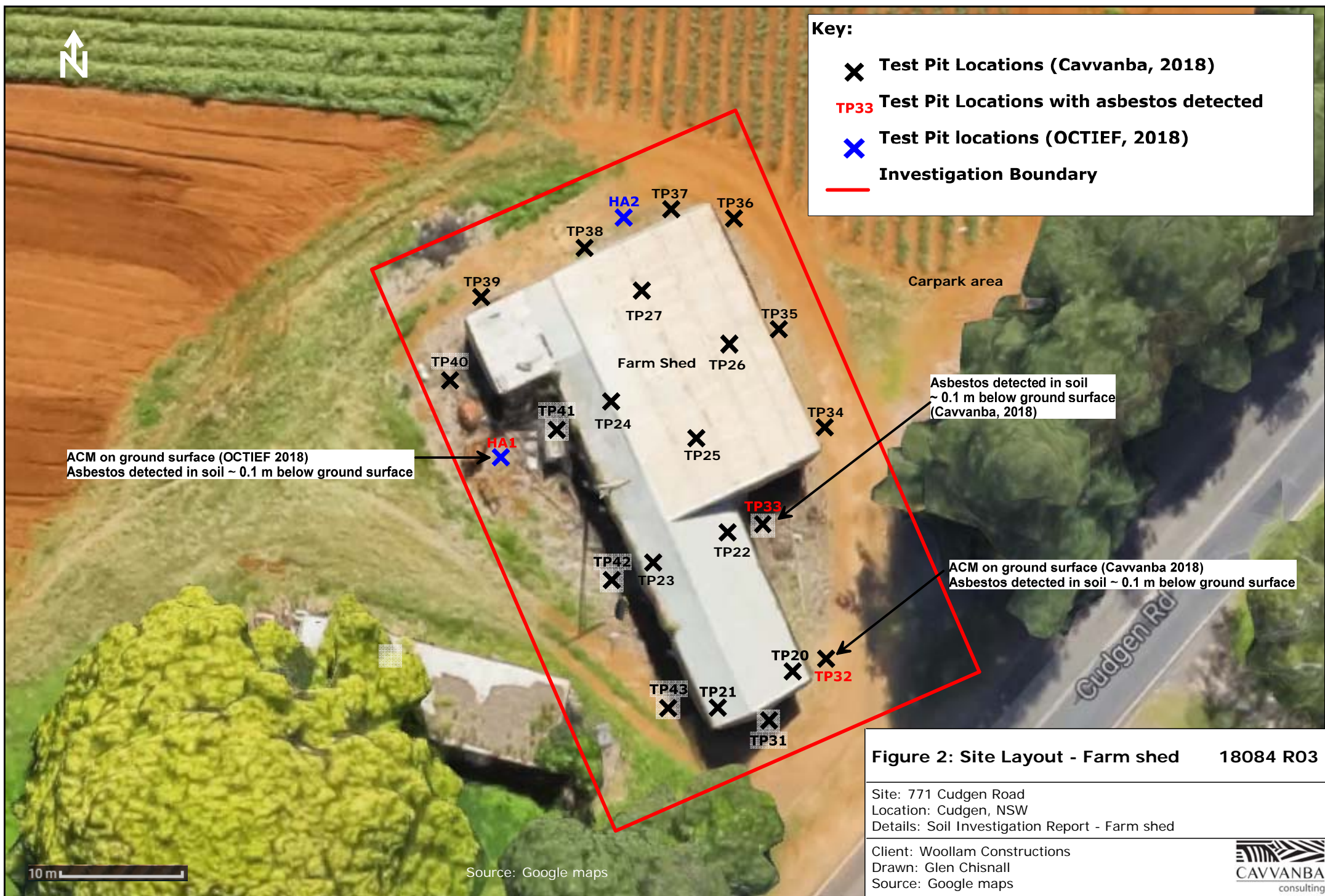
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Figures





Tables

Table 1: Sample Description and Analytical Summary

Sample	Depth (m)	Date sampled	Description	OCPs	Lead	Asbestos
<i>Soil - Test Pits</i>						
<i>Cavvanba, 2018: Underneath farm shed slab</i>						
TP20	0.1	11/12/18	Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•		
TP21	0.1	11/12/18	Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•		
TP22	0.1	11/12/18	Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•		
TP23	0.1	11/12/18	Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•		
TP24	0.1	11/12/18	Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•		
TP25	0.1	11/12/18	Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•		
TP26	0.1	11/12/18	Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•		
TP27	0.1	11/12/18	Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•		
<i>OCTIEF, 2018: Around farm shed</i>						
HA1	0.15	01/08/18	Silty CLAY: red brown, traces to some fine gravel, medium plasticity, dry to damp. Inclusion of ACM fragments.	•	•	•
HA2	0.15	01/08/18	Silty CLAY: red brown, traces to some fine gravel, medium plasticity, dry to damp.	•	•	•
HA2	0.5	01/08/18	Silty CLAY: red brown, traces to some fine gravel, medium plasticity, dry to damp.	•	•	•

Table 1: Sample Description and Analytical Summary

Sample	Depth (m)	Date sampled	Description	OCPs	Lead	Asbestos
<i>Cavvanba, 2018: Around farm shed</i>						
TP31	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•	•	•
TP32	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity. Inclusions of ACM fragments.	•	•	•
TP32	0.3	14/12/18	Natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.			•
TP33	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•	•	•
TP34	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•	•	•
TP35	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•	•	•
TP36	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•	•	•
TP37	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•	•	•
TP38	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•	•	•
TP39	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•	•	•
TP40	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•	•	•
TP41	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•	•	•
TP42	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity.	•	•	•
TP43	0.1	14/12/18	Disturbed natural: Dark brown to red silty CLAY. Slightly moist with low plasticity. Inclusions of plastic and nails.	•	•	•

Table 2: Soil Analytical Summary, OCPs and Lead

Sample	Depth (m)	OCPs									Metals
		Heptachlor	Total Chlordane (sum)	Endrin	Endosulfan (sum)	Methoxychlor	Sum of Aldrin + Dieldrin	Sum of DDD + DDE + DDT	Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	Sum of OCPs	Lead
LORs		0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.2	0.05	0.05	0.05	-	0.1
Analytical - Test pits											
Cavvanba, 2018: Underneath farm shed slab											
TP20	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	-
TP21	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	-
TP22	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	-
TP23	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	-
TP24	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	-
TP25	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.56	nd	nd	nd	-
TP26	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.19	nd	nd	0.19	-
TP27	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	-
OCTIEF, 2018: Around farm shed											
HA1	0.15	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.08	nd	0.08	23
HA2	0.15	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.08	nd	0.08	63
HA2	0.5	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	0.07	nd	0.07	23
Cavvanba 2018: Around farm shed											
TP31	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	33.8
TP32	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	39.1
TP33	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	34.7
TP34	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	38.2
TP35	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	26.4
TP36	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	20
TP37	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	7.3
TP38	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	9.8
TP39	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	20.6
TP40	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	32
TP41	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	13.8

Table 2: Soil Analytical Summary, OCPs and Lead

Sample	Depth (m)	OCPs									Metals
		Heptachlor	Total Chlordane (sum)	Endrin	Endosulfan (sum)	Methoxychlor	Sum of Aldrin + Dieldrin	Sum of DDD + DDE + DDT	Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	Sum of OCPs	Lead
LORs		0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.2	0.05	0.05	0.05	-	0.1
TP42	0.1	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	23
TP43	0.1	nd	nd	nd	0.89	nd	0.09	0.27	nd	1.25	43.8
Statistics											
Samples analysed		21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	13
Detects		0	0	0	1	0	3	4	0	5	16
% detect		0%	0%	0%	5%	0%	14%	19%	0%	24%	123%
Maximum		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	0.89	<0.05	0.56	0.27	<0.05	1	63
Mean		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	0.04	<0.05	0.04	0.02	<0.05	0.08	34.73
Median		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	0.89	<0.05	0.19	0.08	<0.05	0.08	24.70
Minimum		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	-	7
Criteria											
HILs- Residential A		6	50	10	270	300	6	240	10	-	300
EILs - Urban residential and public open space		-	-	-	-	-	-	180 (DDT only)	-	-	1,100

Table 3: Soil Analytical Summary, Asbestos in soil

Sample	Depth (m)	Date	Asbestos detected in soil
<i>LORs</i>			-
<i>Analytical - Asbestos</i>			
<i>OCTIEF, 2018: Around Farm Shed</i>			
HA1	0.0 - 0.1	1/08/2018	Yes
HA2	0.0 - 0.1	1/08/2018	No
<i>Cavvanba, 2018: Around Farm Shed</i>			
TP31	0.1	14/12/2018	No
TP32	0.1	14/12/2018	Yes
TP32	0.3	14/12/2018	No
TP33	0.1	14/12/2018	Yes*
TP34	0.1	14/12/2018	No
TP35	0.1	14/12/2018	No
TP36	0.1	14/12/2018	No
TP37	0.1	14/12/2018	No
TP38	0.1	14/12/2018	No
TP39	0.1	14/12/2018	No
TP40	0.1	14/12/2018	No
TP41	0.1	14/12/2018	No
TP42	0.1	14/12/2018	No
TP43	0.1	14/12/2018	No
<i>Criteria</i>			
Site specific criteria**			Yes

* - Asbestos material was detected and positively identified at concentrations estimated to be below 0.1g/kg. No asbestos found at the reporting limit of 0.1g/kg, by polarised light microscopy including dispersion staining.

** - Site specific investigation screening criteria.

See table notes at end of section

Table 4: Soil Analytical Summary, Quality Control (mg/kg)

Analyte	LOR mg/kg	TP39_0.1	QS07	RPD	TP39_0.1	QS08	RPD
<i>Type</i>	-	<i>Primary</i>	<i>Duplicate</i>	%	<i>Primary</i>	<i>Inter-laboratory Duplicate</i>	%
<i>Date</i>	-	14/12/18	14/12/18	-	14/12/18	14/12/18	-
<i>Media</i>	<i>Soil</i>	<i>Soil</i>	<i>Soil</i>	-	<i>Soil</i>	<i>Soil</i>	-
<i>Heavy metals</i>							
Lead	5	11.1	13	12	11.1	16	36
<i>Organochlorine Pesticides (OCPs)</i>							
Heptachlor	0.05	nd	nd	-	nd	nd	-
Total Chlordane (sum)	0.05	nd	nd	-	nd	nd	-
Endrin	0.05	nd	nd	-	nd	nd	-
Endosulfan (sum)	0.05	nd	nd	-	nd	nd	-
Methoxychlor	0.2	nd	nd	-	nd	nd	-
Sum of Aldrin + Dieldrin	0.05	nd	nd	-	nd	nd	-
Sum of DDD + DDE + DDT	0.05	nd	nd	-	nd	nd	-
Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	0.05	nd	nd	-	nd	nd	-
Sum of OCPs	-	nd	nd	-	nd	nd	-
<i>Data Quality Indicator</i>		-	-	<50%	-	-	<50%

See tables notes at end of section

Soil Analytical Summary Table Notes

LOR denotes limit of reporting (standard LOR unless otherwise shown)

PBILs denotes phytotoxicity based investigation levels

nd denotes not detected above the LOR

NL denotes non-limiting

- denotes not analysed/not available

Bold - Exceeds landuse criteria

^ denotes raised LOR

TRH C6-C10 F1 = TRH C6-C10 minus BTEX compounds

*analyte list shown on laboratory report

1. Methyl mercury / inorganic mercury
2. Netherlands protection of terrestrial organisms/ Netherlands human health based and human health and ecologically based protection level.
3. Criteria for phenol

Appendix A

Photographic log



Photograph 1.

View northeast over the investigation area, farm shed visible in background. All photographs taken on 6, 11 and 14 December 2018.



Photograph 2.

View north; geofabric material and ~ 200 mm of gravel placed around farm shed as an asbestos control measure during demolition of the farm shed.



Photograph 3.
View east of geofabric and gravel placed around the farm shed.



Photograph 4.
Test pit location TP20 taken from underneath the farm shed slab in the northeastern corner of the building.



Photograph 5.

View of test pit location TP43, sampled ~ 2 m to the south of the former farm shed slab. Anthropogenic inclusions of plastic and nails were identified within this location.



Photograph 6.

View of test pit location TP31 showing the cut geofabric and red silty clay material beneath.



Photograph 7.

View of TP32; ACM fragments observed within test pit location.

Appendix B

OCTIEF (2018) *Preliminary and detailed site investigation – 771 Cudgen Road, Cudgen, NSW 2487*

Figure 3 DSI sampling locations



LEGEND

HA37
Hand Auger location -
Composite
Sample



Hospital Development
Footprint
carpark/buildings

HA37
Hand Auger location -
Discrete
Sample



Site Boundary



1		04/4/2016	MO	RJ
REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY	APP



CUSTOMER:	Health Infrastructure NSW	DESIGNED:	DRAMA
PROJECT TITLE:	Tweed Hospital PSI/DGI	DRAWN:	No. SHEETS
SITE ADDRESS:	771 Cudgen Road, Cudgen	SCALE:	DATE STARTED:
ORIGINATOR TITLE:	DGI Sampling Locations	JOB No:	J8961
		ORIGINATOR No:	3

Attachment C

Data usability and Introduction to Data Usability

Data Usability Summary Assessment

A background to data usability is provided in this attachment. All site work was completed in accordance with standard Cavvanba sampling protocols, including a quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) programme and standard operating procedures.

A data usability assessment was performed for the soil data collected by Cavvanba, as summarised in the following tables:

- Table 1.1, field QC samples summary,
- Table 1.2, summary of field QA/QC, and
- Table 1.3, summary of laboratory QA/QC.

It should be noted that the data usability has been conducted on the whole data set, consisting of the following laboratory batches:

- ES1837355;
- ES1838166; and
- ES1900809.

Table 1.1: Field QC samples summary

	Total samples	Field duplicates ¹	Inter-lab duplicates ¹	Trip spike	Trip blank	Rinsate
<i>Soil</i>						
OCPs	21	1 (4.76%)	1 (4.76%)	-	-	-
Lead	13	1 (7.69%)	1 (7.69%)	-	-	-
Asbestos in soil	14	1 (7.14%)	1 (7.14%)	-	-	-

Notes:

1. Shows number of duplicate samples collected and the percentage of total samples analysed.
2. Arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel, zinc and mercury.
- = not applicable, as trip spike/blank analysed for volatile compounds only.

Table 1.2: Summary of field QA/QC

Parameter	Complies	Comments ¹
<i>Precision</i>		
Standard operating procedures (SOPs) appropriate and complied with	Yes	Sampling was conducted in accordance with Cavvanba's standard field operating procedures. The sampling methods generally complied with industry standards and guidelines.
Field duplicates	Partial	RPD ² criteria < 30% – 50%, frequency ≥ 5%. No RPD exceedances were reported for field duplicates. The frequency of field duplicates was below the acceptable range for OCPs.

Parameter	Complies	Comments ¹
Inter-laboratory duplicates	Partial	RPD ² criteria < 30% – 50%, frequency ≥ 5%. No RPD exceedances were reported for inter-laboratory duplicates. The frequency of inter-laboratory duplicates was below the acceptable range for OCPs.
<i>Accuracy</i>		
Matrix spikes samples appropriate	Partial	≥ 1/media type. Some matrix spikes were conducted on anonymous samples.
<i>Representativeness</i>		
Sample collection - preservation	Yes	All samples were collected directly into laboratory supplied jars/bottles with no headspace.
Sample collection - sample splitting	Yes	-
Field equipment calibrated	n/a	No equipment was used that required calibration.
Decontamination procedures	Yes	Decontamination procedures to prevent cross contamination between samples included use of dedicated sampling equipment, otherwise decontamination of the sampling equipment between each sampling location (using DECON 90) and the use of dedicated sampling containers provided by the laboratory. Field samplers also wore new disposable nitrile gloves during sampling.
Rinsate samples	No	Required ≥ 1/field batch, < LORs. No rinsate samples were collected.
Trip blanks	No	≥ 1/field batch (volatiles), < LORs. No trip blanks were collected/analysed as part of the investigation.
Trip spikes	No	≥ 1/field batch (volatiles), 70 - 130%, (recovery) or ≤ 30 - 50% (RPDs). No trip spikes were collected/analysed as part of the investigation.
<i>Comparability</i>		
Consistent sampling staff	Yes	All field work was conducted by Glen Chisnall of Cavanba Consulting.
Consistent weather/field conditions	Yes	-

Parameter	Complies	Comments ¹
<i>Completeness</i>		
Sample logs and field data	Yes	Standard field sampling sheets were used during the investigation.
Chain of Custody	Yes	-

Notes:

1. For QC samples, specified frequency and acceptance criteria shown.
2. RPD = relative percentage difference.

Table 1.3: Summary of laboratory QA/QC

Parameter	Complies	Notes ¹
<i>Precision</i>		
Laboratory duplicates	Yes	laboratory specified RPD range, frequency \geq 10%. Laboratory duplicate recoveries were within the laboratory specified global acceptance criteria. The frequency of laboratory duplicates was within the acceptable range.
<i>Accuracy</i>		
Surrogate spikes	Yes	Organics by GC, RPD criteria of 70% - 130%. No surrogate recovery outliers exist. The frequency of surrogate spikes was within the acceptable range.
Matrix spikes analysis appropriate	Yes	RPD criteria of \geq 70% - 130%. No matrix spike outliers occurred. The frequency of matrix spike analysis was within the acceptable range.
Laboratory control samples (LCSS)	Yes	RPD criteria of 70% - 130%, frequency of \geq 1/lab batch Laboratory control sample recoveries were within the laboratory specified global acceptance criteria. The frequency of laboratory control samples was within the acceptable range.
Certified reference material (CRM)	n/a	-
<i>Representativeness</i>		
Sample condition	Yes	-
Holding times	Yes	No sample holding times have been reported.

Parameter	Complies	Notes ¹
Laboratory blanks	Yes	≥ 1/lab batch, < LORs.
<i>Comparability</i>		
NATA accredited laboratory	Yes	ALS is a NATA accredited laboratory (825). The secondary laboratory is Envirolab, which is also NATA accredited (2901).
NEPM methods or similar	Yes	ALS and Envirolab follow methods in accordance with the requirements of NEPC (amended 2013).
Limits of reporting (LORs) consistent and appropriate	Yes	-
<i>Completeness</i>		
Sample receipt	Yes	-
Laboratory Reports	Yes	-

Notes:

1. For QC samples, acceptance criteria shown. Acceptance criteria can vary based on analyte, statistical data and laboratory specific methods. Laboratory specified relates to detected concentrations based on LORs, e.g. result < 10 x LOR = no limit, 10 – 20 x LOR = 0 - 50%, > 20 x LOR = 0 - 20%. See laboratory reports for specific details.

Summary and discussion

The following issues were identified with the data:

Precision

The frequency of field and interlaboratory duplicates was outside the recommended frequency of 5% for analysis of OCPs. This is considered acceptable and does not detract from the data sets precision as all samples collected and analysed for OCPs were below the adopted site criteria.

No issues were identified with the remaining precision indicators – i.e. laboratory duplicate RPDs.

Accuracy

No outliers have been reported for QC samples collected to assist in the qualification of accuracy. Surrogate spikes, matrix spikes and laboratory control sample recoveries were within acceptable ranges.

Representativeness

No rinsate samples were collected during the investigation. This is considered acceptable because single use sampling equipment was used.

Trip spike and trip blanks were not collected for this investigation. This is considered acceptable and does not detract from the data sets representativeness as no analysis of volatile compounds was conducted.

Comparability

The data is considered to be acceptable, with experienced sampling staff used, NATA accredited laboratories used and all LORs below the relevant criteria.

Completeness

Laboratory and field documentation is considered to be complete.

Background to Data Usability

1.0 Introduction

Information generated from environmental investigations requires some statement in regard to the usability of the data¹, and therefore quality assurance (QA) and quality control (QC) are an integral part of the analysis and interpretation of environmental data. QA/QC used in contaminated sites investigations is briefly reviewed in this section.

Quality assurance involves all of the actions, procedures, checks and decisions undertaken to ensure the representativeness and integrity of samples, and accuracy and reliability of analytical results (NEPC as amended 2013). Quality control is the component of QA which monitors and measures the effectiveness of other procedures by the comparison of these measures to previously decided objectives.

There are various components of QA/QC which address the operation of the laboratories and the routine procedures conducted to achieve a minimum level of quality. Examples of QA components include sample control, data transfer, instrument calibration, staff training, etc. Examples of QC components include the measurement of samples to access the quality of reagents and standards, cleanliness of apparatus, accuracy and precision of methods and instruments, etc. Generally, the management of laboratory QA issues is addressed through accreditation by the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA), or similar, and monitoring of these issues is not addressed on a project by project basis.

On a project specific basis, those involved in collecting, assessing or reviewing the relevant data should ensure the minimum level of QA is conducted. Appropriate numbers and types of QC samples should be collected and analysed, both field QC samples and laboratory QC samples. While minimum levels of QA/QC are specified in some guidelines, e.g. NSW EPA 1994, AS 4482.1-1997, NEPC as amended 2013, the minimum level required may vary between projects, based on site and project specific aspects. This means that the minimum specified requirements may not be sufficient for a particular project. As described in the NEPM (NEPC 1999):

As a general rule, the level of required QC is that which adequately measures the effects of all possible influences upon sample integrity, accuracy and precision, and is capable of predicting their variation with a high degree of confidence.

2.0 PARCC parameters

Following receipt of laboratory analytical results, data validation is conducted to determine if the specified acceptance criteria have been met. This is conducted to ensure that all data, and subsequent decisions based on that data, are technically sound. Data quality is typically discussed in terms of precision, accuracy, representativeness, comparability and completeness. These are referred to as the PARCC parameters². Field QA/QC and laboratory QC is described below within the PARCC framework.

¹ To avoid confusion with the data quality objectives (DQOs) process, the term data usability is used rather than data quality.

² The PARCC parameters are sometimes referred to as data quality indicators (DQIs).

2.1 Precision

2.1.1 Duplicates

Precision is a measure of the reproducibility of results under a given set of conditions and is assessed on the basis of agreement between a set of duplicate results obtained from duplicate analyses. The precision of a duplicate determination is measured by comparing the difference between the two samples to the average of the two samples, expressed as a relative percentage difference (RPD).

The determination is:

$$RPD = (P-D)/(P+D/2) \times 100$$

P = primary sample

D = duplicate sample

Three types of duplicates are commonly used:

- field duplicates are used to measure the precision of the sampling and analytical process;
- inter-laboratory duplicates are used to check on the analytical performance of the primary laboratory; and
- laboratory duplicates are used to measure the precision of the analytical process.

2.1.2 Field Duplicates

Field duplicates (or blind replicates) are collected from the same location and submitted to the laboratory for analyses, as a primary sample. The sample nomenclature is such that the laboratory is not aware which sample is a duplicate. The RPD is calculated to determine the degree of repeatability (precision) of results obtained from the duplicate analysis. Where results are below the practical quantification limit (PQLs) or limits of reporting (LORs), i.e. non-detects, RPDs cannot be calculated. Where one result is detected, the results are considered to conform when the detected result is less than five times the PQL/LOR.

The PQL/LOR is the lowest concentration of an analyte that can be determined with acceptable precision (repeatability) and accuracy under the test conditions. The PQL/LOR is usually calculated as five times the lower limit of detection (or method detection limit). However, adjustments in PQLs/LORs may be required due to interference from high contaminant concentrations.

As environmental samples can exhibit a high degree of heterogeneity, field duplicates often exceed the acceptance criterion, particularly if the samples are co-collected, for example, because of the potential for losing volatiles during sample splitting. It is generally accepted that before results which fail the acceptance criterion are described as due to low concentrations or sample heterogeneity, the sample should be re-analysed. This may not be necessary when the analytical results are significantly less than the landuse criteria.

2.1.3 Inter-laboratory duplicates

Inter-laboratory duplicates (or split samples) are field duplicates which are sent to a second laboratory and analysed for the same analytes and, as far as possible, by the same methods. These provide a check on the analytical performance of the primary laboratory.

2.1.4 Laboratory Duplicates

Laboratory duplicates (or check samples) are field samples which are split by the laboratory and thereafter treated as separate samples. The RPD is calculated to determine the degree of repeatability (precision) of results obtained from the duplicate analysis.

USEPA (1994) specifies that for inorganics, if the results for laboratory duplicates fall outside of the recommended control limits for a particular analyte, all results for that analyte, in all associated samples of the same matrix, should be qualified as an estimated quantity. For organics, USEPA (1999) does not specify recommended actions for laboratory duplicates.

2.2 Accuracy

Accuracy is a measure of the agreement between an experimental determination and the true value of the parameter being measured. Inasmuch as the true sample concentrations are not known, the determination of accuracy is achieved through the analysis of known reference materials or assessed by the analysis of matrix spikes. Spiking of reference material into the actual sample matrix is the preferred technique because it provides a measure of the matrix effects on the analytical recovery.

Accuracy is measured in terms of percentage recovery as defined by:

$$\%R = ((SSR - SR) / SA) \times 100$$

%R = percentage recovery spike
SSR = spiked sample result
SR = sample result
SA = spike added

2.2.1 Matrix spikes/matrix spike duplicates

These are samples prepared in the laboratory by dividing a sample into two aliquots and then spiking each with identical concentrations of specific analytes. The matrix spike (MS) and matrix spike duplicate (MSD) are then analysed separately and the results compared to determine the accuracy and precision of the analytes.

2.2.2 Surrogate spikes

Surrogate spikes provide an indication of analytical accuracy. They are used only for analyses which use gas chromatography and are compounds which are similar to the organic analytes of interest in chemical composition, extraction and chromatography, but which are not normally found in field samples. Surrogates are generally spiked into all sample aliquots prior to preparation and analysis. If the surrogate spike recovery does not meet the prescribed acceptance criteria, the samples should be re-analysed.

2.2.3 Laboratory control samples

Laboratory control samples (quality control check samples) are laboratory prepared samples of an appropriate clean matrix (i.e. sand or distilled water) which are spiked with known concentrations of specific analytes. The laboratory control sample (LCS) is then analysed and the results are used to assess sample preparation and analytical accuracy, free of matrix effects. Certified reference material (CRM) is another form of LCS, and involves the analysis of a known standard as part of the laboratory batch, e.g. British Columbia sediment samples for analysis of metals.

2.3 Representativeness

Representativeness refers to the degree to which the samples reflect the site specific conditions. It is primarily dependent on the design and implementation of the sampling program, with representativeness of the data being partially ensured by the avoidance of cross-contamination, adherence to sample handling and analytical methods, use of field duplicates, ensuring that samples do not exceed holding times prior to analysis, use of chain-of-custody forms and other appropriate documentation.

There are a number of QC samples which can be collected to assist in the qualification of representativeness, including:

2.3.1 Rinsate blanks

Used to determine if sampling equipment has been adequately decontaminated to ensure that cross-contamination between samples has not occurred. The frequency for rinsate blanks is one per piece of equipment per day (AS 4482.1-1997), however it should be noted that cross-contamination will bias samples upwards, and the frequency should therefore be at the investigators discretion.

2.3.2 Trip blanks

Used only when volatile organics are sampled to determine if transport in motor vehicles or similar has resulted in contamination of the samples. For trip blanks, a sufficient number should be analysed to allow the representativeness of the sampling to be determined. However, it should be noted that cross-contamination will bias samples upwards, and the frequency should therefore be at the investigators discretion.

2.3.3 Trip spikes

Used only when volatile organics are sampled to attempt to quantify loss of volatiles during the analytical process. For trip spikes, a sufficient number of samples should be analysed to allow qualification of the likely loss of volatiles during the field sampling.

2.3.4 Laboratory blanks

Laboratory blanks (or method blanks, or analysis blanks) are used to verify that contaminants are not introduced into the samples during sample preparation and analysis. The NEPM (NEPC 1999) specifies that laboratory blanks should be conducted at a frequency of "at least one per process batch". The acceptance criterion for laboratory blanks is non-detect at the PQL/LOR.

2.4 Comparability

Comparability is a qualitative parameter designed to express the confidence with which one data set may be compared with another, including established criteria. Comparability is maintained by using consistent methods and ensuring that PQLs/LORs are below the relevant criteria.

2.5 Completeness

Quality control sample completeness is defined as the number of QC samples which should have been analysed, compared to the actual number analysed. If the appropriate number of QC samples are not analysed with each matrix or sample batch, then the data reviewer should use professional judgement to determine if the associated sample data should be qualified.

Completeness also refers to the complete and correct inclusion of field/sample documentation and laboratory documentation.

2.5.1 QC sample frequency and criteria

Based on EPA made or approved guidelines, the following QC samples are required for all contaminated site investigations, unless otherwise specified as part of the data quality objectives (DQOs) process review. All data to be used for validation should conform as a minimum to the requirements specified, regardless of minimum sample size.

Quality control sample	Frequency	Results ¹
<i>Precision</i>		
Field duplicates.	≥ 5%	≤ 30 - 50% ²
Inter-laboratory duplicates.	≥ 5%	≤ 30 - 50% ²
Laboratory duplicates.	≥ 10%	Lab specified ³
<i>Accuracy</i>		
Surrogate spikes.	Organics by GC	70 - 130% ⁴
Matrix spikes (MSs).	≥ 1/media type	70 - 130% ⁵
Laboratory control samples (LCSs).	≥ 1/lab batch	70 - 130% ⁶
Certified reference material (CRM).	LCS for metals	Lab specified ⁷
<i>Representativeness</i>		
Rinsate samples.	≥ 1/field batch	< LOR
Trip blanks.	≥ 1/field batch (volatiles)	< LOR
Trip spikes.	≥ 1/field batch (volatiles)	70 - 130%, ≤ 30 - 50% ⁸
Laboratory blanks.	≥ 1/lab batch	< LOR

Notes:

1. Where results are laboratory specified, the laboratory analytical reports should be consulted for specific information.
2. Relative percentage differences (RPDs) for field duplicates from AS 4482.1 (1997).
3. RPDs for laboratory duplicates specified by the laboratory. Based on the magnitude of the results compared to the level of reporting (LOR), e.g. ALS: result < 10 x LOR = no limit, 10 - 20 x LOR = 0-50%, > 20 x LOR = 0-20%. LabMark: < 5 x LOR = 0-100%, 5 - 10 x LOR = 0-75%, > 10 x LOR = 0-50% or 0-30% for metals.
4. Surrogate recoveries specified by laboratory based on global acceptance criteria or dynamic recovery limits based on statistical evaluation of actual laboratory data.
5. MS recoveries specified by laboratory based on global acceptance criteria.
6. LCS recoveries specified by laboratory based on global acceptance criteria or dynamic recovery limits based on statistical evaluation of actual laboratory data.
7. CRM recoveries specified by laboratory based on global acceptance criteria.
8. Trip spike results are specified as either recoveries or RPDs.

3.0 References

Australian New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council (1996) *Guidelines for the laboratory analysis of contaminated soils*. ANZECC, Canberra, ACT.

Australian Standard AS 4482.1 (2005) *Guide to the sampling and investigation of potentially contaminated soil, Part 1: Non-volatile and Semi-volatile compounds*. Standards Australia, Homebush, NSW.

National Environment Protection Council (NEPC) (1999) *National Environmental Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999* (as amended April 2013). National Environment Protection Council, Canberra.

NSW Environment Protection Authority (1994) *Contaminated Sites: Guidelines for Assessing Service Station Sites*. NSW EPA, Chatswood, NSW.

NSW Environment Protection Authority (1997) *Contaminated Sites: Guidelines for Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Sites*. NSW EPA, Chatswood, NSW.

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Contract Laboratory Program (1994) *National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Data Review*. USEPA, Washington, DC.

United States Environment Protection Agency, Contract Laboratory Program (1999) *National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review*. USEPA, Washington, DC.

Attachment D Laboratory Reports

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : **ES1838166**
Client : **CAVVANBA CONSULTING**
Contact : MR BEN WACKETT
Address : PO BOX 2191
 BYRON BAY NSW 2481
Telephone : +61 02 6685 7811
Project : 18084
Order number : 18084
C-O-C number : ----
Sampler : GLEN CHISNALL
Site : ----
Quote number : SYBQ/409/18
No. of samples received : 27
No. of samples analysed : 14

Page : 1 of 9
Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney
Contact : Brenda Hong
Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

Telephone : +61 2 8784 8555
Date Samples Received : 18-Dec-2018 12:00
Date Analysis Commenced : 19-Dec-2018
Issue Date : 20-Dec-2018 16:12



Accreditation No. 825
 Accredited for compliance with
 ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Descriptive Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

<i>Signatories</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Accreditation Category</i>
Alana Smylie	Asbestos Identifier	Newcastle - Asbestos, Mayfield West, NSW
Edwandy Fadjjar	Organic Coordinator	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Edwandy Fadjjar	Organic Coordinator	Sydney Organics, Smithfield, NSW
Wisam Marassa	Inorganics Coordinator	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key : CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

Ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.

~ = Indicates an estimated value.

- EP068: Positive results have been confirmed by re-extraction and re-analysis.
- EA200 'Am' Amosite (brown asbestos)
- EA200 'Cr' Crocidolite (blue asbestos)
- EA200 'Trace' - Asbestos fibres ("Free Fibres") detected by trace analysis per AS4964. The result can be interpreted that the sample contains detectable 'respirable' asbestos fibres
- EA200: Asbestos Identification Samples were analysed by Polarised Light Microscopy including dispersion staining.
- EA200 Legend
- EA200 'Ch' Chrysotile (white asbestos)
- EA200: 'UMF' Unknown Mineral Fibres. "-" indicates fibres detected may or may not be asbestos fibres. Confirmation by alternative techniques is recommended.
- EA200: Negative results for vinyl tiles should be confirmed by an independent analytical technique.
- EA200: For samples larger than 30g, the <2mm fraction may be sub-sampled prior to trace analysis as outlined in ISO23909:2008(E) Sect 6.3.2-2
- EA200: 'Yes' - Asbestos detected by polarised light microscopy including dispersion staining.
- EA200: 'No*' - No asbestos found, at the reporting limit of 0.1g/kg, by polarised light microscopy including dispersion staining. Asbestos material was detected and positively identified at concentrations estimated to be below 0.1g/kg.
- EA200: 'No' - No asbestos found at the reporting limit 0.1g/kg, by polarised light microscopy including dispersion staining.



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)				Client sample ID	TP31_0.1	TP32_0.1	TP33_0.1	TP34_0.1	TP35_0.1
Client sampling date / time					14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit		ES1838166-001	ES1838166-003	ES1838166-005	ES1838166-007	ES1838166-009
					Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)									
Moisture Content	----	0.1	%		15.4	20.6	20.7	17.3	17.4
EA200: AS 4964 - 2004 Identification of Asbestos in Soils									
Asbestos Detected	1332-21-4	0.1	g/kg		No	Yes	No*	No	No
Asbestos (Trace)	1332-21-4	5	Fibres		No	No	No	No	No
Asbestos Type	1332-21-4	-	--		-	Ch + Cr	Cr	-	-
Sample weight (dry)	----	0.01	g		47.4	24.5	38.1	33.0	35.5
APPROVED IDENTIFIER:	----	-	--		A. SMYLIE	A. SMYLIE	A. SMYLIE	A. SMYLIE	A. SMYLIE
Synthetic Mineral Fibre	----	0.1	g/kg		No	No	No	No	No
Organic Fibre	----	0.1	g/kg		No	No	No	No	No
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS									
Lead	7439-92-1	0.1	mg/kg		33.8	39.1	34.7	38.2	26.4
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC)									
alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	118-74-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
^ Total Chlordane (sum)	----	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
trans-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
cis-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endrin	72-20-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
^ Endosulfan (sum)	115-29-7	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.2	mg/kg		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)				Client sample ID	TP31_0.1	TP32_0.1	TP33_0.1	TP34_0.1	TP35_0.1
Client sampling date / time					14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit		ES1838166-001	ES1838166-003	ES1838166-005	ES1838166-007	ES1838166-009
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) - Continued									
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.2	mg/kg		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
^ Sum of Aldrin + Dieldrin	309-00-2/60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
^ Sum of DDD + DDE + DDT	72-54-8/72-55-9/5 0-2	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
EP068S: Organochlorine Pesticide Surrogate									
Dibromo-DDE	21655-73-2	0.05	%		92.3	109	91.8	124	94.5
EP068T: Organophosphorus Pesticide Surrogate									
DEF	78-48-8	0.05	%		82.0	84.5	71.6	91.9	69.4



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)				Client sample ID	TP36_0.1	TP37_0.1	TP38_0.1	TP39_0.1	TP40_0.1
Client sampling date / time					14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit		ES1838166-011	ES1838166-013	ES1838166-015	ES1838166-017	ES1838166-019
					Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)									
Moisture Content	----	0.1	%		22.5	34.1	23.9	11.1	25.4
EA200: AS 4964 - 2004 Identification of Asbestos in Soils									
Asbestos Detected	1332-21-4	0.1	g/kg		No	No	No	No	No
Asbestos (Trace)	1332-21-4	5	Fibres		No	No	No	No	No
Asbestos Type	1332-21-4	-	--		-	-	-	-	-
Sample weight (dry)	----	0.01	g		38.0	30.4	35.1	51.9	34.2
APPROVED IDENTIFIER:	----	-	--		A. SMYLIE	A. SMYLIE	A. SMYLIE	A. SMYLIE	A. SMYLIE
Synthetic Mineral Fibre	----	0.1	g/kg		No	No	No	No	No
Organic Fibre	----	0.1	g/kg		No	No	No	No	No
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS									
Lead	7439-92-1	0.1	mg/kg		20.0	7.3	9.8	20.6	32.0
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC)									
alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	118-74-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
^ Total Chlordane (sum)	----	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
trans-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
cis-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endrin	72-20-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
^ Endosulfan (sum)	115-29-7	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.2	mg/kg		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)				Client sample ID	TP36_0.1	TP37_0.1	TP38_0.1	TP39_0.1	TP40_0.1
Client sampling date / time					14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit		ES1838166-011	ES1838166-013	ES1838166-015	ES1838166-017	ES1838166-019
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) - Continued									
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.2	mg/kg		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
^ Sum of Aldrin + Dieldrin	309-00-2/60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
^ Sum of DDD + DDE + DDT	72-54-8/72-55-9/5 0-2	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
EP068S: Organochlorine Pesticide Surrogate									
Dibromo-DDE	21655-73-2	0.05	%		102	111	96.5	103	111
EP068T: Organophosphorus Pesticide Surrogate									
DEF	78-48-8	0.05	%		71.2	62.4	108	70.1	66.0



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)				Client sample ID	TP41_0.1	TP42_0.1	TP43_0.1	QS07	----
Client sampling date / time					14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	----
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit		ES1838166-021	ES1838166-023	ES1838166-025	ES1838166-027	-----
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	----
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)									
Moisture Content	----	0.1	%		24.5	24.7	30.5	12.5	----
EA200: AS 4964 - 2004 Identification of Asbestos in Soils									
Asbestos Detected	1332-21-4	0.1	g/kg		No	No	No	No	----
Asbestos (Trace)	1332-21-4	5	Fibres		No	No	No	No	----
Asbestos Type	1332-21-4	-	--		-	-	-	-	----
Sample weight (dry)	----	0.01	g		46.0	30.4	32.3	53.0	----
APPROVED IDENTIFIER:	----	-	--		A. SMYLIE	A. SMYLIE	A. SMYLIE	A. SMYLIE	----
Synthetic Mineral Fibre	----	0.1	g/kg		No	No	No	No	----
Organic Fibre	----	0.1	g/kg		No	No	No	No	----
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS									
Lead	7439-92-1	0.1	mg/kg		13.8	23.0	43.8	22.4	----
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC)									
alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	118-74-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
^ Total Chlordane (sum)	----	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
trans-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	0.33	<0.05	----
cis-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	0.09	<0.05	----
4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	0.27	<0.05	----
Endrin	72-20-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	0.56	<0.05	----
^ Endosulfan (sum)	115-29-7	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	0.89	<0.05	----
4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	0.52	<0.05	----
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.2	mg/kg		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	----
Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	----



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)				Client sample ID	TP41_0.1	TP42_0.1	TP43_0.1	QS07	----
Client sampling date / time					14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	14-Dec-2018 00:00	----
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit		ES1838166-021	ES1838166-023	ES1838166-025	ES1838166-027	-----
				Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	----
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) - Continued									
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.2	mg/kg		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	----
^ Sum of Aldrin + Dieldrin	309-00-2/60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	0.09	<0.05	----
^ Sum of DDD + DDE + DDT	72-54-8/72-55-9/5	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	0.27	<0.05	----
0-2									
EP068S: Organochlorine Pesticide Surrogate									
Dibromo-DDE	21655-73-2	0.05	%		106	133	103	87.1	----
EP068T: Organophosphorus Pesticide Surrogate									
DEF	78-48-8	0.05	%		63.5	75.1	75.8	96.2	----

Analytical Results

Descriptive Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL	
Method: Compound	Client sample ID - Client sampling date / time
Analytical Results	
EA200: AS 4964 - 2004 Identification of Asbestos in Soils	
EA200: Description	TP31_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	TP32_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	TP33_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	TP34_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	TP35_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	TP36_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	TP37_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	TP38_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	TP39_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	TP40_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	TP41_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	TP42_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	TP43_0.1 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00
EA200: Description	QS07 - 14-Dec-2018 00:00



Surrogate Control Limits

Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Recovery Limits (%)	
Compound	CAS Number	Low	High
EP068S: Organochlorine Pesticide Surrogate			
Dibromo-DDE	21655-73-2	49	147
EP068T: Organophosphorus Pesticide Surrogate			
DEF	78-48-8	35	143

QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review

Work Order	: ES1838166	Page	: 1 of 5
Client	: CAVVANBA CONSULTING	Laboratory	: Environmental Division Sydney
Contact	: MR BEN WACKETT	Telephone	: +61 2 8784 8555
Project	: 18084	Date Samples Received	: 18-Dec-2018
Site	: ----	Issue Date	: 20-Dec-2018
Sampler	: GLEN CHISNALL	No. of samples received	: 27
Order number	: 18084	No. of samples analysed	: 14

This report is automatically generated by the ALS LIMS through interpretation of the ALS Quality Control Report and several Quality Assurance parameters measured by ALS. This automated reporting highlights any non-conformances, facilitates faster and more accurate data validation and is designed to assist internal expert and external Auditor review. Many components of this report contribute to the overall DQO assessment and reporting for guideline compliance.

Brief method summaries and references are also provided to assist in traceability.

Summary of Outliers

Outliers : Quality Control Samples

This report highlights outliers flagged in the Quality Control (QC) Report.

- **NO** Method Blank value outliers occur.
- **NO** Duplicate outliers occur.
- **NO** Laboratory Control outliers occur.
- **NO** Matrix Spike outliers occur.
- For all regular sample matrices, **NO** surrogate recovery outliers occur.

Outliers : Analysis Holding Time Compliance

- **NO** Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

Outliers : Frequency of Quality Control Samples

- **NO** Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers exist.



Analysis Holding Time Compliance

If samples are identified below as having been analysed or extracted outside of recommended holding times, this should be taken into consideration when interpreting results.

This report summarizes extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares each with ALS recommended holding times (referencing USEPA SW 846, APHA, AS and NEPM) based on the sample container provided. Dates reported represent first date of extraction or analysis and preclude subsequent dilutions and reruns. A listing of breaches (if any) is provided herein.

Holding time for leachate methods (e.g. TCLP) vary according to the analytes reported. Assessment compares the leach date with the shortest analyte holding time for the equivalent soil method. These are: organics 14 days, mercury 28 days & other metals 180 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all non-volatile parameters.

Holding times for VOC in soils vary according to analytes of interest. Vinyl Chloride and Styrene holding time is 7 days; others 14 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all VOC analytes and should be verified in case the reported breach is a false positive or Vinyl Chloride and Styrene are not key analytes of interest/concern.

Matrix: **SOIL**

Evaluation: ✖ = Holding time breach ; ✔ = Within holding time.

Method	Sample Date	Extraction / Preparation			Analysis			
Container / Client Sample ID(s)		Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation	
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EA055)	14-Dec-2018	----	----	----	19-Dec-2018	28-Dec-2018	✔	
TP31_0.1, TP32_0.1,								
TP33_0.1, TP34_0.1,								
TP35_0.1, TP36_0.1,								
TP37_0.1, TP38_0.1,								
TP39_0.1, TP40_0.1,								
TP41_0.1, TP42_0.1,								
TP43_0.1, QS07								
EA200: AS 4964 - 2004 Identification of Asbestos in Soils								
Snap Lock Bag (EA200)	14-Dec-2018	----	----	----	20-Dec-2018	12-Jun-2019	✔	
TP31_0.1, TP32_0.1,								
TP33_0.1, TP34_0.1,								
TP35_0.1, TP36_0.1,								
TP37_0.1, TP38_0.1,								
TP39_0.1, TP40_0.1,								
TP41_0.1, TP42_0.1,								
TP43_0.1, QS07								
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EG020X-T)	14-Dec-2018	19-Dec-2018	12-Jun-2019	✔	19-Dec-2018	12-Jun-2019	✔	
TP31_0.1, TP32_0.1,								
TP33_0.1, TP34_0.1,								
TP35_0.1, TP36_0.1,								
TP37_0.1, TP38_0.1,								
TP39_0.1, TP40_0.1,								
TP41_0.1, TP42_0.1,								
TP43_0.1, QS07								



Matrix: SOIL

Evaluation: ✖ = Holding time breach ; ✔ = Within holding time.

Method		Sample Date	Extraction / Preparation			Analysis		
Container / Client Sample ID(s)			Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC)								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP068)		14-Dec-2018	19-Dec-2018	28-Dec-2018	✔	19-Dec-2018	28-Jan-2019	✔
TP31_0.1,	TP32_0.1,							
TP33_0.1,	TP34_0.1,							
TP35_0.1,	TP36_0.1,							
TP37_0.1,	TP38_0.1,							
TP39_0.1,	TP40_0.1,							
TP41_0.1,	TP42_0.1,							
TP43_0.1,	QS07							



Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance

The following report summarises the frequency of laboratory QC samples analysed within the analytical lot(s) in which the submitted sample(s) was(were) processed. Actual rate should be greater than or equal to the expected rate. A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

Matrix: **SOIL**

Evaluation: ✖ = Quality Control frequency not within specification ; ✔ = Quality Control frequency within specification.

Quality Control Sample Type		Count		Rate (%)			Quality Control Specification
Analytical Methods	Method	QC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation	
Laboratory Duplicates (DUP)							
Moisture Content	EA055	2	20	10.00	10.00	✔	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Pesticides by GCMS	EP068	2	14	14.29	10.00	✔	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Total Metals by ICP-MS - Suite X	EG020X-T	2	14	14.29	10.00	✔	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Laboratory Control Samples (LCS)							
Pesticides by GCMS	EP068	1	14	7.14	5.00	✔	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Total Metals by ICP-MS - Suite X	EG020X-T	1	14	7.14	5.00	✔	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Method Blanks (MB)							
Pesticides by GCMS	EP068	1	14	7.14	5.00	✔	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Total Metals by ICP-MS - Suite X	EG020X-T	1	14	7.14	5.00	✔	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Matrix Spikes (MS)							
Pesticides by GCMS	EP068	1	14	7.14	5.00	✔	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Total Metals by ICP-MS - Suite X	EG020X-T	1	14	7.14	5.00	✔	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard



Brief Method Summaries

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the US EPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request. The following report provides brief descriptions of the analytical procedures employed for results reported in the Certificate of Analysis. Sources from which ALS methods have been developed are provided within the Method Descriptions.

Analytical Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Moisture Content	EA055	SOIL	In house: A gravimetric procedure based on weight loss over a 12 hour drying period at 105-110 degrees C. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3) Section 7.1 and Table 1 (14 day holding time).
Asbestos Identification in Soils	EA200	SOIL	AS 4964 - 2004 Method for the qualitative identification of asbestos in bulk samples Analysis by Polarised Light Microscopy including dispersion staining
Total Metals by ICP-MS - Suite X	EG020X-T	SOIL	In house: Referenced to APHA 3125; USEPA SW846 - 6020, ALS QWI-EN/EG020. The ICPMS technique utilizes a highly efficient argon plasma to ionize selected elements. Ions are then passed into a high vacuum mass spectrometer, which separates the analytes based on their distinct mass to charge ratios prior to their measurement by a discrete dynode ion detector.
Pesticides by GCMS	EP068	SOIL	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW 846 - 8270D Extracts are analysed by Capillary GC/MS and quantification is by comparison against an established 5 point calibration curve. This technique is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3) (Method 504,505)
Preparation Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Hot Block Digest for metals in soils sediments and sludges	EN69	SOIL	In house: Referenced to USEPA 200.2. Hot Block Acid Digestion 1.0g of sample is heated with Nitric and Hydrochloric acids, then cooled. Peroxide is added and samples heated and cooled again before being filtered and bulked to volume for analysis. Digest is appropriate for determination of selected metals in sludge, sediments, and soils. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3) (Method 202)
Tumbler Extraction of Solids	ORG17	SOIL	In house: Mechanical agitation (tumbler). 10g of sample, Na2SO4 and surrogate are extracted with 30mL 1:1 DCM/Acetone by end over end tumble. The solvent is decanted, dehydrated and concentrated (by KD) to the desired volume for analysis.

QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

Work Order	: ES1838166	Page	: 1 of 5
Client	: CAVVANBA CONSULTING	Laboratory	: Environmental Division Sydney
Contact	: MR BEN WACKETT	Contact	: Brenda Hong
Address	: PO BOX 2191 BYRON BAY NSW 2481	Address	: 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164
Telephone	: +61 02 6685 7811	Telephone	: +61 2 8784 8555
Project	: 18084	Date Samples Received	: 18-Dec-2018
Order number	: 18084	Date Analysis Commenced	: 19-Dec-2018
C-O-C number	: ----	Issue Date	: 20-Dec-2018
Sampler	: GLEN CHISNALL		
Site	: ----		
Quote number	: SYBQ/409/18		
No. of samples received	: 27		
No. of samples analysed	: 14		



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits
- Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits
- Matrix Spike (MS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

<i>Signatories</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Accreditation Category</i>
Alana Smylie	Asbestos Identifier	Newcastle - Asbestos, Mayfield West, NSW
Edwandy Fadjar	Organic Coordinator	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Edwandy Fadjar	Organic Coordinator	Sydney Organics, Smithfield, NSW
Wisam Marassa	Inorganics Coordinator	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis. Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high

Key :
 Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not specifically part of this work order but formed part of the QC process lot
 CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.
 LOR = Limit of reporting
 RPD = Relative Percentage Difference
 # = Indicates failed QC

Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quality control term Laboratory Duplicate refers to a randomly selected intralaboratory split. Laboratory duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. The permitted ranges for the Relative Percent Deviation (RPD) of Laboratory Duplicates are specified in ALS Method QWI-EN/38 and are dependent on the magnitude of results in comparison to the level of reporting: Result < 10 times LOR: No Limit; Result between 10 and 20 times LOR: 0% - 50%; Result > 20 times LOR: 0% - 20%.

Sub-Matrix: **SOIL**

				Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report					
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C) (QC Lot: 2104056)									
ES1838166-001	TP31_0.1	EA055: Moisture Content	----	0.1	%	15.4	14.3	7.21	0% - 20%
ES1838166-023	TP42_0.1	EA055: Moisture Content	----	0.1	%	24.7	24.5	0.790	0% - 20%
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS (QC Lot: 2105592)									
ES1838166-001	TP31_0.1	EG020X-T: Lead	7439-92-1	0.1	mg/kg	33.8	36.0	6.28	0% - 20%
ES1838166-021	TP41_0.1	EG020X-T: Lead	7439-92-1	0.1	mg/kg	13.8	14.8	7.40	0% - 20%
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) (QC Lot: 2103888)									
ES1838166-001	TP31_0.1	EP068: alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	118-74-1	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: trans-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: cis-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: 4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endrin	72-20-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: 4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit



Sub-Matrix: SOIL				Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report					
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) (QC Lot: 2103888) - continued									
ES1838166-001	TP31_0.1	EP068: Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: 4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.00	No Limit
ES1838166-021	TP41_0.1	EP068: alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	118-74-1	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: trans-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: cis-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: 4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endrin	72-20-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: 4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: 4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.00	No Limit

The quality control term Method / Laboratory Blank refers to an analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in standard sample preparation. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential laboratory contamination. The quality control term Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) refers to a certified reference material, or a known interference free matrix spiked with target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor method precision and accuracy independent of sample matrix. Dynamic Recovery Limits are based on statistical evaluation of processed LCS.

Sub-Matrix: SOIL				Method Blank (MB) Report	Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report			
					Spike Concentration	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery Limits (%)	
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result		LCS	Low	High
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS (QCLot: 2105592)								
EG020X-T: Lead	7439-92-1	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	40 mg/kg	105	73	128
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) (QCLot: 2103888)								
EP068: alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	89.1	69	113
EP068: Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	118-74-1	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	88.6	65	117
EP068: beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	79.1	67	119
EP068: gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	104	68	116
EP068: delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	78.6	65	117
EP068: Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	88.6	67	115
EP068: Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	92.2	69	115
EP068: Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	87.1	62	118
EP068: trans-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	84.8	63	117
EP068: alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	87.7	66	116
EP068: cis-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	86.2	64	116
EP068: Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	85.4	66	116
EP068: 4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	81.2	67	115
EP068: Endrin	72-20-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	82.0	67	123
EP068: beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	83.0	69	115
EP068: 4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	84.0	69	121
EP068: Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	101	56	120
EP068: Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	104	62	124
EP068: 4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	0.5 mg/kg	109	66	120
EP068: Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	108	64	122
EP068: Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	0.5 mg/kg	99.4	54	130

The quality control term Matrix Spike (MS) refers to an intralaboratory split sample spiked with a representative set of target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential matrix effects on analyte recoveries. Static Recovery Limits as per laboratory Data Quality Objectives (DQOs). Ideal recovery ranges stated may be waived in the event of sample matrix interference.

Sub-Matrix: SOIL				Matrix Spike (MS) Report			
				Spike	SpikeRecovery(%)	Recovery Limits (%)	
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	Concentration	MS	Low	High
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS (QCLot: 2105592)							
ES1838166-001	TP31_0.1	EG020X-T: Lead	7439-92-1	250 mg/kg	103	70	130
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) (QCLot: 2103888)							



Sub-Matrix: SOIL

Laboratory sample IDClient sample IDMethod: CompoundCAS Number				Matrix Spike (MS) Report			
				Spike	SpikeRecovery(%)	Recovery Limits (%)	
				Concentration	MS	Low	High
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) (QCLot: 2103888) - continued							
ES1838166-001	TP31_0.1	EP068: gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.5 mg/kg	94.9	70	130
		EP068: Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.5 mg/kg	101	70	130
		EP068: Aldrin	309-00-2	0.5 mg/kg	98.3	70	130
		EP068: Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.5 mg/kg	79.6	70	130
		EP068: Endrin	72-20-8	2 mg/kg	96.1	70	130
		EP068: 4.4'-DDT	50-29-3	2 mg/kg	111	70	130

SAMPLE RECEIPT NOTIFICATION (SRN)

Work Order : ES1838166

Client : **CAVVANBA CONSULTING**
 Contact : MR BEN WACKETT
 Address : PO BOX 2191
 BYRON BAY NSW 2481

E-mail : ben@cavvanba.com
 Telephone : +61 02 6685 7811
 Facsimile : +61 02 6685 5083

Project : 18084
 Order number : 18084
 C-O-C number : ----
 Site : ----
 Sampler : GLEN CHISNALL

Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney
 Contact : Brenda Hong
 Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield
 NSW Australia 2164

E-mail : Brenda.Hong@ALSGlobal.com
 Telephone : +61 2 8784 8555
 Facsimile : +61-2-8784 8500

Page : 1 of 3
 Quote number : EB2017CAVCON0001 (SYBQ/409/18)
 QC Level : NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard

Dates

Date Samples Received : 18-Dec-2018 12:00
 Client Requested Due : 20-Dec-2018
 Date

Issue Date : 18-Dec-2018
 Scheduled Reporting Date : **20-Dec-2018**

Delivery Details

Mode of Delivery : Carrier
 No. of coolers/boxes : 1
 Receipt Detail :

Security Seal : Not Available
 Temperature : 20.8'C - Ice present
 No. of samples received / analysed : 27 / 14

General Comments

- This report contains the following information:
 - Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances
 - Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis
 - Proactive Holding Time Report
 - Requested Deliverables
- **Please refer to the Proactive Holding Time Report table below which summarises breaches of recommended holding times that have occurred prior to samples/instructions being received at the laboratory. The absence of this summary table indicates that all samples have been received within the recommended holding times for the analysis requested.**
- **Asbestos analysis will be conducted by ALS Newcastle.**
- Please direct any queries you have regarding this work order to the above ALS laboratory contact.
- Analytical work for this work order will be conducted at ALS Sydney.
- Sample Disposal - Aqueous (3 weeks), Solid (2 months ± 1 week) from receipt of samples.
- Preliminary results will be available on the scheduled reporting date listed in this report. However the final report with Asbestos analysis will be complete on 03/01/2019.



Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances

All comparisons are made against pretreatment/preservation AS, APHA, USEPA standards.

- No sample container / preservation non-compliance exists.

Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis

Some items described below may be part of a laboratory process necessary for the execution of client requested tasks. Packages may contain additional analyses, such as the determination of moisture content and preparation tasks, that are included in the package.

If no sampling time is provided, the sampling time will default 00:00 on the date of sampling. If no sampling date is provided, the sampling date will be assumed by the laboratory and displayed in brackets without a time component

Matrix: **SOIL**

Laboratory sample ID	Client sampling date / time	Client sample ID	(On Hold) SOIL No analysis requested	SOIL - EA055-103 Moisture Content	SOIL - EA200 Asbestos Identification in Soils -	SOIL - EG020T (solids) Total Metals by ICP-MS	SOIL - EP068A (solids) Organochlorine Pesticides by GC/MS
ES1838166-001	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP31_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-002	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP31_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-003	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP32_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-004	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP32_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-005	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP33_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-006	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP33_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-007	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP34_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-008	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP34_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-009	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP35_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-010	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP35_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-011	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP36_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-012	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP36_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-013	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP37_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-014	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP37_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-015	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP38_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-016	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP38_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-017	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP39_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-018	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP39_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-019	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP40_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-020	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP40_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-021	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP41_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-022	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP41_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-023	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP42_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-024	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP42_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-025	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP43_0.1		✓	✓	✓	✓
ES1838166-026	14-Dec-2018 00:00	TP43_0.3	✓				
ES1838166-027	14-Dec-2018 00:00	QS07		✓	✓	✓	✓

Proactive Holding Time Report

Sample(s) have been received within the recommended holding times for the requested analysis.

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Email inbox@cavvanba.com

Email ben@cayvanba.com

Email ben@cavvanba.com

Email ben@cavvanba.com

Email ben@cavvanba.com

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Email ross@cavvanba.com

Email ross@cavvanba.com

Email ross@cavvanba.com

- EDI Format - ESDAT (ESDAT)



CHAIN OF CUSTODY

ALS Laboratory:
please tick →

QUEENSLAND 37 Shand Street, Stafford QLD 4053
Ph: 07 5343 7222 E: samples.brisbane@alsglobal.com

QUEENSLAND 21 Bonyra Road, Pomona SA 5095
Ph: 08 9399 0650 E: sa.tao@alsglobal.com

QUEENSLAND 2-4 Westgate Road, Springvale VIC 3171
Ph: 03 8642 0500 E: sa.mpl@alsglobal.com

QUEENSLAND 5555 Mainland Rd, Maribyrnong VIC 3047
Ph: 03 40 4 2500 E: samples.melbourne@alsglobal.com

QUEENSLAND 277-585 Widdowson Road, Smithfield NSW 2164
Ph: 02 9754 9555 E: samples.syd@alsglobal.com

QUEENSLAND 14-15 Deane Court, Berala QLD 4018
Ph: 07 4708 0800 E: lewisville@alsglobal.com

QUEENSLAND 39 Kenny Street, Wollongong NSW 2500
Ph: 02 4229 5125 E: out@alsglobal.com

20/12/18 - Prelim - 03/01/19

CLIENT: Cavvanba Consulting	TURNAROUND REQUIREMENTS: <input type="checkbox"/> Standard TAT (List due date): (Standard TAT may be longer for some tests e.g. Ultra Trace Organics) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Non Standard or urgent TAT (List due date): 24 hr TAT	FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY (Circle) Custody Seal intact? Yes No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NA Free of / freezer locks present upon receipt? Yes No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NA Random Sample Temperature on Receipt: 20.8°C Other comment:
OFFICE: Byron Bay	ALS QUOTE NO.: SYBQ/409/18	
PROJECT: 18084		
ORDER NUMBER: 18084		
PROJECT MANAGER: Ben Wackett	CONTACT PH: 0488 226 692	
SAMPLER: Glen Chisnall	SAMPLER MOBILE: 0499401092	RELINQUISHED BY: Glen Chisnall
COC emailed to ALS? (YES / NO)	EDD FORMAT (or default):	RECEIVED BY:
Email Reports to (will default to PM if no other addresses are listed): glen@cavvanba.com, ross@cavvanba.com	DATE/TIME: 17/12/2018	DATE/TIME:
Email Invoice to (will default to PM if no other addresses are listed): rob@cavvanba.com		DATE/TIME: 18/12/18 12:00pm

COMMENTS/SPECIAL HANDLING/STORAGE OR DISPOSAL:

ALS USE	SAMPLE DETAILS MATRIX: SOLID (S) WATER (W)			CONTAINER INFORMATION			ANALYSIS REQUIRED including SUITES (NB. Suite Codes must be listed to attract suite price) Where Metals are required, specify Total (unfiltered bottle required) or Dissolved (field filtered bottle required).				Additional Information
LAB ID	SAMPLE ID	DATE / TIME	MATRIX	TYPE & PRESERVATIVE (to codes below)	(refer)	TOTAL CONTAINERS	Lead (pb)	OCPs	EA200 (Presence/absence for free fibres)		Comments on likely contaminant levels, dilutions, or samples requiring specific QC analysis etc.
1	TP31_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X		Subcon / Forward Lab / Split WO Lab / Analysis: Newcastle / Asbestos. Organised By / Date: Relinquished By / Date: Samples 1,3,5,7,9,11, Connote / Courier: 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27 WO No: ES1838166 Attach By PO / Internal Sheet: Sample QSOB forwarded to ENVIROLAB.
2	TP31_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD		
3	TP32_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X		
4	TP32_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD		
5	TP33_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X		
6	TP33_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD		
7	TP34_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X		
8	TP34_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD		
9	TP35_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X		
10	TP35_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD		
11	TP36_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X		
12	TP36_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD		
13	TP37_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X		
14	TP37_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD		
15	TP38_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X		
16	TP38_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD		
17	TP39_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X		
TOTAL											

Water Container Codes: P = Unpreserved Plastic; N = Nitric Preserved Plastic; ORC = Nitric Preserved ORC; SH = Sodium Hydroxide/Cd Preserved; S = Sodium Hydroxide Preserved Plastic; AG = Amber Glass Unpreserved; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Plastic
V = VOA Vial HCl Preserved; VB = VOA Vial Sodium Bisulphate Preserved; VS = VOA Vial Sulfuric Preserved; AV = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Sulfuric Preserved Amber Glass; H = HCl preserved Plastic; HS = HCl preserved Speciation bottle; SP = Sulfuric Preserved Plastic; F = Formaldehyde Preserved Glass;
Z = Zinc Acetate Preserved Bottle; E = EDTA Preserved Bottles; ST = Sterile Bottle; ASS = Plastic Bag for Acid Sulphate Soils; B = Unpreserved Bag.

Environmental Division
Sydney
Work Order Reference
ES1838166



Telephone : + 61-2-8784 8555



CHAIN OF CUSTODY

ALS Laboratory
please tick →

BRISBANE 32 Shand Street Stafford QLD 4053
Ph: 07 3243 7222 E: samples.brisbane@alsglobal.com

ADELAIDE 21 Burns Road Port Adelaide SA 5095
Ph: 08 8369 0890 E: adelaide@alsglobal.com

MELBOURNE 2-4 Westall Road Springvale VIC 3171
Ph: 03 9545 9800 E: samples.melbourne@alsglobal.com

NEWCASTLE 55/55 Maitland Rd Mayfield West NSW 2304
Ph: 02 4914 2500 E: samples.newcastle@alsglobal.com

SYDNEY 277-285 Waparc Road Smithfield NSW 2164
Ph: 02 8784 6550 E: samples.sydney@alsglobal.com

GLADSTONE 40 Callomon Drive Clinton QLD 4680
Ph: 07 7471 5500 E: gladstone@alsglobal.com

MACKAY 76 Harbour Road Mackay QLD 4740
Ph: 07 4944 0177 E: mackay@alsglobal.com

MUDGEE 27 Sydney Road Mudgie NSW 2850
Ph: 02 5372 5725 E: mudgie@alsglobal.com

NEWCASTLE 4/13 Geary Place North Nowra NSW 2541
Ph: 02 4423 2653 E: nowra@alsglobal.com

TOWNSVILLE 14-15 Deema Court Buhle QLD 4818
Ph: 07 4798 0600 E: townsville@alsglobal.com

WOLLONGONG 16 Kenny Street Wollongong NSW 2500
Ph: 02 4226 3125 E: port Kembla@alsglobal.com

CLIENT: Cavvanba Consulting		TURNAROUND REQUIREMENTS : (Standard TAT may be longer for some tests e.g. Ultra Trace Organics)		<input type="checkbox"/> Standard TAT (List due date): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Non Standard or urgent TAT (List due date): 24 hr TAT		FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY (Circle)	
OFFICE: Byron Bay		ALS QUOTE NO.: SYBQ/409/18		COC SEQUENCE NUMBER (Circle)		Custody Seal Intact? Yes No	
PROJECT: 18084				COC: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7		Free ice / frozen ice bricks present upon receipt? Yes No	
ORDER NUMBER: 18084				OF: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7		Random Sample Temperature on Receipt: 20.8 °C	
PROJECT MANAGER: Ben Wackett		CONTACT PH: 0488 225 692		RELINQUISHED BY:		RECEIVED BY:	
SAMPLER: Glen Chisnall		SAMPLER MOBILE: 0499401092		Glen Chisnall		RELINQUISHED BY:	
COC emailed to ALS? (YES / NO)		EDD FORMAT (or default):		DATE/TIME:		DATE/TIME:	
Email Reports to (will default to PM if no other addresses are listed): glen@cavvanba.com, ross@cavvanba.com				17/12/2018		18/12/18 12:00pm	
Email Invoice to (will default to PM if no other addresses are listed): rob@cavvanba.com							

COMMENTS/SPECIAL HANDLING/STORAGE OR DISPOSAL:

ALS USE	SAMPLE DETAILS MATRIX: SOLID (S) WATER (W)			CONTAINER INFORMATION			ANALYSIS REQUIRED including SUITES (NB. Suite Codes must be listed to attract suite price) Where Metals are required, specify Total (unfiltered bottle required) or Dissolved (field filtered bottle required).										Additional Information
LAB ID	SAMPLE ID	DATE / TIME	MATRIX	TYPE & PRESERVATIVE <i>(to codes below)</i>	(refer	TOTAL CONTAINERS	Lead (pb)	OCPs	EA200 (Presence/absence for free fibres)								Comments on likely contaminant levels, dilutions, or samples requiring specific QC analysis etc.
18	TP39_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD								
19	TP40_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X								
20	TP40_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD								
21	TP41_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X								
22	TP41_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD								
23	TP42_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X								
24	TP42_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD								
25	TP43_0.1	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X								
26	TP43_0.3	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD	ON HOLD	ON HOLD								
27	QS07	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	X	X	X								
28	QS08	14/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	Please forward analysis to envirofab for lead (pb), OCPs and asbestos in soils (includes presence/absence for free fibres)										
TOTAL																	

Water Container Codes: P = Unpreserved Plastic; N = Nitric Preserved Plastic; ORC = Nitric Preserved ORC; SH = Sodium Hydroxide/Cd Preserved; S = Sodium Hydroxide Preserved Plastic; AG = Amber Glass Unpreserved; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Plastic
V = VOA Vial HCl Preserved; VB = VOA Vial Sodium Bisulphate Preserved; VS = VOA Vial Sulfuric Preserved; AV = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Sulfuric Preserved Amber Glass; H = HCl preserved Plastic; HS = HCl preserved Speciation bottle; SP = Sulfuric Preserved Plastic; F = Formaldehyde Preserved Glass;
Z = Zinc Acetate Preserved Bottle; E = EDTA Preserved Bottles; ST = Sterile Bottle; ASS = Plastic Bag for Acid Sulphate Soils; B = Unpreserved Bag.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : **ES1837355**
Client : **CAVVANBA CONSULTING**
Contact : **MR BEN WACKETT**
Address : **PO BOX 2191**
 BYRON BAY NSW 2481
Telephone : **+61 02 6685 7811**
Project : **18084**
Order number : **18084**
C-O-C number : **----**
Sampler : **GLEN CHISNALL**
Site : **----**
Quote number : **SYBQ/409/18**
No. of samples received : **22**
No. of samples analysed : **11**

Page : 1 of 6
Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney
Contact : Brenda Hong
Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

Telephone : +61 2 8784 8555
Date Samples Received : 12-Dec-2018 11:00
Date Analysis Commenced : 12-Dec-2018
Issue Date : 14-Dec-2018 16:50



Accreditation No. 825
 Accredited for compliance with
 ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

<i>Signatories</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Accreditation Category</i>
Edwandy Fadjjar	Organic Coordinator	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Edwandy Fadjjar	Organic Coordinator	Sydney Organics, Smithfield, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key : CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.
LOR = Limit of reporting
^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
~ = Indicates an estimated value.

- EP068: Positive results have been confirmed by re-extraction and re-analysis.



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)				Client sample ID	TP20_0.1	TP21_0.1	TP22_0.1	TP23_0.1	TP24_0.1
Client sampling date / time					11-Dec-2018 00:00	11-Dec-2018 00:00	11-Dec-2018 00:00	11-Dec-2018 00:00	11-Dec-2018 00:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit		ES1837355-001	ES1837355-003	ES1837355-005	ES1837355-007	ES1837355-009
					Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)									
Moisture Content	----	0.1	%		21.2	21.2	19.6	33.9	22.6
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC)									
alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	118-74-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
^ Total Chlordane (sum)	----	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
trans-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
cis-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endrin	72-20-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
^ Endosulfan (sum)	115-29-7	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.2	mg/kg		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.2	mg/kg		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
^ Sum of Aldrin + Dieldrin	309-00-2/60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
^ Sum of DDD + DDE + DDT	72-54-8/72-55-9/50-29-3	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
EP068S: Organochlorine Pesticide Surrogate									
Dibromo-DDE	21655-73-2	0.05	%		93.5	67.9	95.3	105	85.7
EP068T: Organophosphorus Pesticide Surrogate									
DEF	78-48-8	0.05	%		66.9	100.0	109	117	111



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)				Client sample ID	TP25_0.1	TP26_0.1	TP27_0.1	TP28_0.1	TP29_0.1
Client sampling date / time					11-Dec-2018 00:00	11-Dec-2018 00:00	11-Dec-2018 00:00	11-Dec-2018 00:00	11-Dec-2018 00:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit		ES1837355-011	ES1837355-013	ES1837355-015	ES1837355-017	ES1837355-019
					Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)									
Moisture Content	----	0.1	%		26.2	18.8	27.4	4.8	11.3
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC)									
alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	118-74-1	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.29	2.14
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
^ Total Chlordane (sum)	----	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
trans-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
cis-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg		0.56	0.19	<0.05	3.89	3.05
4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	0.10
Endrin	72-20-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
^ Endosulfan (sum)	115-29-7	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.2	mg/kg		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	0.13	0.06
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.2	mg/kg		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
^ Sum of Aldrin + Dieldrin	309-00-2/60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg		0.56	0.19	<0.05	5.18	5.19
^ Sum of DDD + DDE + DDT	72-54-8/72-55-9/50-29-3	0.05	mg/kg		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	0.10
EP068S: Organochlorine Pesticide Surrogate									
Dibromo-DDE	21655-73-2	0.05	%		138	124	103	110	105
EP068T: Organophosphorus Pesticide Surrogate									
DEF	78-48-8	0.05	%		110	77.8	63.8	62.3	41.1



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)			Client sample ID	TP30_0.1	----	----	----	----
Client sampling date / time				11-Dec-2018 00:00	----	----	----	----
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1837355-021	-----	-----	-----	-----
Result				----	----	----	----	----
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)								
Moisture Content	----	0.1	%	1.7	----	----	----	----
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC)								
alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	118-74-1	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	mg/kg	4.68	----	----	----	----
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
^ Total Chlordane (sum)	----	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
trans-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
cis-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg	5.90	----	----	----	----
4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
Endrin	72-20-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
^ Endosulfan (sum)	115-29-7	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	----	----	----	----
Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.05	mg/kg	0.47	----	----	----	----
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	----	----	----	----
^ Sum of Aldrin + Dieldrin	309-00-2/60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg	10.6	----	----	----	----
^ Sum of DDD + DDE + DDT	72-54-8/72-55-9/50-29-3	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	----	----	----	----
EP068S: Organochlorine Pesticide Surrogate								
Dibromo-DDE	21655-73-2	0.05	%	130	----	----	----	----
EP068T: Organophosphorus Pesticide Surrogate								
DEF	78-48-8	0.05	%	90.3	----	----	----	----



Surrogate Control Limits

Sub-Matrix: **SOIL**

		Recovery Limits (%)	
Compound	CAS Number	Low	High
EP068S: Organochlorine Pesticide Surrogate			
Dibromo-DDE	21655-73-2	49	147
EP068T: Organophosphorus Pesticide Surrogate			
DEF	78-48-8	35	143

QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review

Work Order	: ES1837355	Page	: 1 of 4
Client	: CAVVANBA CONSULTING	Laboratory	: Environmental Division Sydney
Contact	: MR BEN WACKETT	Telephone	: +61 2 8784 8555
Project	: 18084	Date Samples Received	: 12-Dec-2018
Site	: ----	Issue Date	: 14-Dec-2018
Sampler	: GLEN CHISNALL	No. of samples received	: 22
Order number	: 18084	No. of samples analysed	: 11

This report is automatically generated by the ALS LIMS through interpretation of the ALS Quality Control Report and several Quality Assurance parameters measured by ALS. This automated reporting highlights any non-conformances, facilitates faster and more accurate data validation and is designed to assist internal expert and external Auditor review. Many components of this report contribute to the overall DQO assessment and reporting for guideline compliance.

Brief method summaries and references are also provided to assist in traceability.

Summary of Outliers

Outliers : Quality Control Samples

This report highlights outliers flagged in the Quality Control (QC) Report.

- **NO** Method Blank value outliers occur.
- **NO** Duplicate outliers occur.
- **NO** Laboratory Control outliers occur.
- **NO** Matrix Spike outliers occur.
- For all regular sample matrices, **NO** surrogate recovery outliers occur.

Outliers : Analysis Holding Time Compliance

- **NO** Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

Outliers : Frequency of Quality Control Samples

- **NO** Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers exist.



Analysis Holding Time Compliance

If samples are identified below as having been analysed or extracted outside of recommended holding times, this should be taken into consideration when interpreting results.

This report summarizes extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares each with ALS recommended holding times (referencing USEPA SW 846, APHA, AS and NEPM) based on the sample container provided. Dates reported represent first date of extraction or analysis and preclude subsequent dilutions and reruns. A listing of breaches (if any) is provided herein.

Holding time for leachate methods (e.g. TCLP) vary according to the analytes reported. Assessment compares the leach date with the shortest analyte holding time for the equivalent soil method. These are: organics 14 days, mercury 28 days & other metals 180 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all non-volatile parameters.

Holding times for VOC in soils vary according to analytes of interest. Vinyl Chloride and Styrene holding time is 7 days; others 14 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all VOC analytes and should be verified in case the reported breach is a false positive or Vinyl Chloride and Styrene are not key analytes of interest/concern.

Matrix: **SOIL**

Evaluation: ✖ = Holding time breach ; ✔ = Within holding time.

Method		Sample Date	Extraction / Preparation			Analysis		
Container / Client Sample ID(s)			Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EA055)		11-Dec-2018	----	----	----	12-Dec-2018	25-Dec-2018	✔
TP20_0.1,	TP21_0.1,							
TP22_0.1,	TP23_0.1,							
TP24_0.1,	TP25_0.1,							
TP26_0.1,	TP27_0.1,							
TP28_0.1,	TP29_0.1,							
TP30_0.1								
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC)								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP068)		11-Dec-2018	13-Dec-2018	25-Dec-2018	✔	13-Dec-2018	22-Jan-2019	✔
TP20_0.1,	TP21_0.1,							
TP22_0.1,	TP23_0.1,							
TP24_0.1,	TP25_0.1,							
TP26_0.1,	TP27_0.1,							
TP28_0.1,	TP29_0.1,							
TP30_0.1								



Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance

The following report summarises the frequency of laboratory QC samples analysed within the analytical lot(s) in which the submitted sample(s) was(were) processed. Actual rate should be greater than or equal to the expected rate. A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

Matrix: **SOIL**

Evaluation: ✖ = Quality Control frequency not within specification ; ✔ = Quality Control frequency within specification.

Quality Control Sample Type		Count		Rate (%)			Quality Control Specification
Analytical Methods	Method	QC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation	
Laboratory Duplicates (DUP)							
Moisture Content	EA055	4	40	10.00	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Pesticides by GCMS	EP068	2	11	18.18	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Laboratory Control Samples (LCS)							
Pesticides by GCMS	EP068	1	11	9.09	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Method Blanks (MB)							
Pesticides by GCMS	EP068	1	11	9.09	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Matrix Spikes (MS)							
Pesticides by GCMS	EP068	1	11	9.09	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard



Brief Method Summaries

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the US EPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request. The following report provides brief descriptions of the analytical procedures employed for results reported in the Certificate of Analysis. Sources from which ALS methods have been developed are provided within the Method Descriptions.

Analytical Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Moisture Content	EA055	SOIL	In house: A gravimetric procedure based on weight loss over a 12 hour drying period at 105-110 degrees C. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3) Section 7.1 and Table 1 (14 day holding time).
Pesticides by GCMS	EP068	SOIL	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW 846 - 8270D Extracts are analysed by Capillary GC/MS and quantification is by comparison against an established 5 point calibration curve. This technique is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3) (Method 504,505)

Preparation Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Tumbler Extraction of Solids	ORG17	SOIL	In house: Mechanical agitation (tumbler). 10g of sample, Na2SO4 and surrogate are extracted with 30mL 1:1 DCM/Acetone by end over end tumble. The solvent is decanted, dehydrated and concentrated (by KD) to the desired volume for analysis.

QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

Work Order	: ES1837355	Page	: 1 of 5
Client	: CAVVANBA CONSULTING	Laboratory	: Environmental Division Sydney
Contact	: MR BEN WACKETT	Contact	: Brenda Hong
Address	: PO BOX 2191 BYRON BAY NSW 2481	Address	: 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164
Telephone	: +61 02 6685 7811	Telephone	: +61 2 8784 8555
Project	: 18084	Date Samples Received	: 12-Dec-2018
Order number	: 18084	Date Analysis Commenced	: 12-Dec-2018
C-O-C number	: ----	Issue Date	: 14-Dec-2018
Sampler	: GLEN CHISNALL		
Site	: ----		
Quote number	: SYBQ/409/18		
No. of samples received	: 22		
No. of samples analysed	: 11		



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits
- Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits
- Matrix Spike (MS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

<i>Signatories</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Accreditation Category</i>
Edwandy Fadjar	Organic Coordinator	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Edwandy Fadjar	Organic Coordinator	Sydney Organics, Smithfield, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis. Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high

Key :
 Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not specifically part of this work order but formed part of the QC process lot
 CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.
 LOR = Limit of reporting
 RPD = Relative Percentage Difference
 # = Indicates failed QC

Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quality control term Laboratory Duplicate refers to a randomly selected intralaboratory split. Laboratory duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. The permitted ranges for the Relative Percent Deviation (RPD) of Laboratory Duplicates are specified in ALS Method QWI-EN/38 and are dependent on the magnitude of results in comparison to the level of reporting: Result < 10 times LOR: No Limit; Result between 10 and 20 times LOR: 0% - 50%; Result > 20 times LOR: 0% - 20%.

Sub-Matrix: **SOIL**

				Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report					
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C) (QC Lot: 2090923)									
ES1837327-003	Anonymous	EA055: Moisture Content	----	0.1	%	9.7	10.3	5.32	0% - 20%
ES1837348-008	Anonymous	EA055: Moisture Content	----	0.1	%	16.4	17.6	6.73	0% - 50%
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C) (QC Lot: 2090924)									
ES1837355-009	TP24_0.1	EA055: Moisture Content	----	0.1	%	22.6	26.6	16.4	0% - 20%
ES1837362-005	Anonymous	EA055: Moisture Content	----	0.1	%	9.0	9.0	0.00	No Limit
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) (QC Lot: 2090828)									
ES1837355-001	TP20_0.1	EP068: alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	118-74-1	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: trans-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: cis-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: 4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endrin	72-20-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: 4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit



Sub-Matrix: SOIL				Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report					
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) (QC Lot: 2090828) - continued									
ES1837355-001	TP20_0.1	EP068: Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: 4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.00	No Limit
ES1837355-021	TP30_0.1	EP068: alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	118-74-1	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	mg/kg	4.68	4.07	14.0	0% - 20%
		EP068: Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: trans-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: cis-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg	5.90	5.20	12.7	0% - 20%
		EP068: 4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endrin	72-20-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: 4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.05	mg/kg	0.47	0.36	24.8	No Limit
		EP068: 4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.00	No Limit
		EP068: Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.00	No Limit



Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report

The quality control term Method / Laboratory Blank refers to an analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in standard sample preparation. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential laboratory contamination. The quality control term Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) refers to a certified reference material, or a known interference free matrix spiked with target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor method precision and accuracy independent of sample matrix. Dynamic Recovery Limits are based on statistical evaluation of processed LCS.

Sub-Matrix: **SOIL**

Sub-Matrix: SOIL				Method Blank (MB) Report	Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report			
					Spike Concentration	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery Limits (%)	
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result		LCS	Low	High
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) (QCLot: 2090828)								
EP068: alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	98.2	69	113
EP068: Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	118-74-1	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	94.8	65	117
EP068: beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	100.0	67	119
EP068: gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	99.6	68	116
EP068: delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	95.4	65	117
EP068: Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	93.1	67	115
EP068: Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	96.4	69	115
EP068: Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	92.9	62	118
EP068: trans-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	97.3	63	117
EP068: alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	102	66	116
EP068: cis-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	106	64	116
EP068: Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	103	66	116
EP068: 4,4`-DDE	72-55-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	96.7	67	115
EP068: Endrin	72-20-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	105	67	123
EP068: beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	107	69	115
EP068: 4,4`-DDD	72-54-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	104	69	121
EP068: Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	107	56	120
EP068: Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	108	62	124
EP068: 4,4`-DDT	50-29-3	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	0.5 mg/kg	98.2	66	120
EP068: Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.05	mg/kg	<0.05	0.5 mg/kg	106	64	122
EP068: Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	0.5 mg/kg	97.6	54	130

Matrix Spike (MS) Report

The quality control term Matrix Spike (MS) refers to an intralaboratory split sample spiked with a representative set of target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential matrix effects on analyte recoveries. Static Recovery Limits as per laboratory Data Quality Objectives (DQOs). Ideal recovery ranges stated may be waived in the event of sample matrix interference.

Sub-Matrix: **SOIL**

				Matrix Spike (MS) Report			
				Spike	SpikeRecovery(%)	Recovery Limits (%)	
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	Concentration	MS	Low	High
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) (QCLot: 2090828)							
ES1837355-001	TP20_0.1	EP068: gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.5 mg/kg	81.8	70	130
		EP068: Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.5 mg/kg	83.7	70	130
		EP068: Aldrin	309-00-2	0.5 mg/kg	105	70	130
		EP068: Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.5 mg/kg	76.8	70	130



Sub-Matrix: SOIL

				Matrix Spike (MS) Report			
				Spike	SpikeRecovery(%)	Recovery Limits (%)	
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	Concentration	MS	Low	High
EP068A: Organochlorine Pesticides (OC) (QCLot: 2090828) - continued							
ES1837355-001	TP20_0.1	EP068: Endrin	72-20-8	2 mg/kg	112	70	130
		EP068: 4.4'-DDT	50-29-3	2 mg/kg	95.1	70	130

SAMPLE RECEIPT NOTIFICATION (SRN)

Work Order : ES1837355

Client : **CAVVANBA CONSULTING**
 Contact : MR BEN WACKETT
 Address : PO BOX 2191
 BYRON BAY NSW 2481

E-mail : ben@cavvanba.com
 Telephone : +61 02 6685 7811
 Facsimile : +61 02 6685 5083

Project : 18084
 Order number : 18084
 C-O-C number : ----
 Site : ----
 Sampler : GLEN CHISNALL

Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney
 Contact : Brenda Hong
 Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield
 NSW Australia 2164

E-mail : Brenda.Hong@ALSGlobal.com
 Telephone : +61 2 8784 8555
 Facsimile : +61-2-8784 8500

Page : 1 of 3
 Quote number : EB2017CAVCON0001 (SYBQ/409/18)
 QC Level : NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard

Dates

Date Samples Received : 12-Dec-2018 11:00
 Client Requested Due : 13-Dec-2018
 Date

Issue Date : 12-Dec-2018
 Scheduled Reporting Date : **14-Dec-2018**

Delivery Details

Mode of Delivery : Undefined
 No. of coolers/boxes : 1
 Receipt Detail :

Security Seal : Not Available
 Temperature : 21.1'C
 No. of samples received / analysed : 22 / 11

General Comments

- This report contains the following information:
 - Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances
 - Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis
 - Proactive Holding Time Report
 - Requested Deliverables
- **Please refer to the Proactive Holding Time Report table below which summarises breaches of recommended holding times that have occurred prior to samples/instructions being received at the laboratory. The absence of this summary table indicates that all samples have been received within the recommended holding times for the analysis requested.**
- Please direct any queries you have regarding this work order to the above ALS laboratory contact.
- Analytical work for this work order will be conducted at ALS Sydney.
- Sample Disposal - Aqueous (3 weeks), Solid (2 months) from receipt of samples.



Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances

All comparisons are made against pretreatment/preservation AS, APHA, USEPA standards.

- No sample container / preservation non-compliance exists.

Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis

Some items described below may be part of a laboratory process necessary for the execution of client requested tasks. Packages may contain additional analyses, such as the determination of moisture content and preparation tasks, that are included in the package.

If no sampling time is provided, the sampling time will default 00:00 on the date of sampling. If no sampling date is provided, the sampling date will be assumed by the laboratory and displayed in brackets without a time component

Matrix: **SOIL**

Laboratory sample ID	Client sampling date / time	Client sample ID	(On Hold) SOIL No analysis requested	SOIL - EA055-103 Moisture Content	SOIL - EP068A (solids) Organochlorine Pesticides by GC/MS
ES1837355-001	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP20_0.1		✓	✓
ES1837355-002	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP20_0.3	✓		
ES1837355-003	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP21_0.1		✓	✓
ES1837355-004	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP21_0.3	✓		
ES1837355-005	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP22_0.1		✓	✓
ES1837355-006	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP22_0.3	✓		
ES1837355-007	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP23_0.1		✓	✓
ES1837355-008	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP23_0.3	✓		
ES1837355-009	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP24_0.1		✓	✓
ES1837355-010	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP24_0.3	✓		
ES1837355-011	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP25_0.1		✓	✓
ES1837355-012	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP25_0.3	✓		
ES1837355-013	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP26_0.1		✓	✓
ES1837355-014	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP26_0.3	✓		
ES1837355-015	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP27_0.1		✓	✓
ES1837355-016	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP27_0.3	✓		
ES1837355-017	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP28_0.1		✓	✓
ES1837355-018	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP28_0.3	✓		
ES1837355-019	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP29_0.1		✓	✓
ES1837355-020	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP29_0.3	✓		
ES1837355-021	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP30_0.1		✓	✓
ES1837355-022	11-Dec-2018 00:00	TP30_0.3	✓		

Proactive Holding Time Report

Sample(s) have been received within the recommended holding times for the requested analysis.

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Email inbox@cavvanba.com

Email ben@cayvanba.com

Email ben@cavvanba.com

Email ben@cavvanba.com

Email ben@cavvanba.com

Email ben@cavvanba.com

Email ben@cavvanba.com

Email ben@cavvanba.com

Email glen@cavvanba.com

Email glen@cavvanba.com

Email glen@cavvanba.com

Email glen@cavvanba.com

Email glen@cavvanba.com

Email glen@cavvanba.com

Email glen@cavvanba.com

Email rob@cavvanba.com

Email ross@cavvanba.com

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Email ross@cavvanba.com



CHAIN OF CUSTODY

ALS Laboratory
please tick →

BRISBANE 30 Broad Street Stafford QLD 4053
Ph: 07 3243 7223 E: samples.brisbane@alsglobal.com

GLADSTONE 46 Callender Drive Clinton QLD 4680
Ph: 07 7471 5800 E: gladstone@alsglobal.com

ADLAIDE 21 Burma Road Pokara SA 5095
Ph: 08 8359 0990 E: adelaide@alsglobal.com

MACKAY 78 Harbour Road Mackay QLD 4740
Ph: 07 4944 0127 E: mackay@alsglobal.com

MELBOURNE 2-4 Westall Road Springvale VIC 3171
Ph: 03 8549 5600 E: samples.melbourne@alsglobal.com

MUDGE 27 Sydney Road Mudgee NSW 2850
Ph: 02 6372 5735 E: mudgee@mail@alsglobal.com

NEWCASTLE 6/585 Marland Rd Mayfield West NSW 2304
Ph: 02 4314 2500 E: samples.newcastle@alsglobal.com

NOOWRA 4/12 Geary Place North Nowra NSW 2541
Ph: 024423 2053 E: nowra@alsglobal.com

PERTH 10 Hop Way Manja WA 6090
Ph: 08 9206 7655 E: samples.perth@alsglobal.com

SYDNEY 277-289 Woodcock Road Smithfield NSW 2164
Ph: 02 8784 8555 E: samples.sydney@alsglobal.com

TOWNSVILLE 14-15 Deane Court Seale QLD 4818
Ph: 07 4796 0600 E: townsville@alsglobal.com

WOLLONGONG 86 Kenny Street Wollongong NSW 2500
Ph: 02 4228 3125 E: portkembla@alsglobal.com

Due: 14/12/2018

CLIENT: Cavvanba Consulting

OFFICE: Byron Bay

PROJECT: 18084

ORDER NUMBER: 18084

PROJECT MANAGER: Ben Wackett

SAMPLER: Glen Chisnall

COC emailed to ALS? (YES / NO)

Email Reports to (will default to PM if no other addresses are listed): glen@cavvanba.com, ross@cavvanba.com

Email Invoice to (will default to PM if no other addresses are listed): rob@cavvanba.com

TURNAROUND REQUIREMENTS :

(Standard TAT may be longer for some tests e.g.,
Ultra Trace Organics)

ALS QUOTE NO.: SYBQ/409/18

CONTACT PH: 0488 225 692

SAMPLER MOBILE: 0499401092

EDD FORMAT (or default):

☐ Standard TAT (List due date):

☒ Non Standard or urgent TAT (List due date): 24 hr TAT

COC SEQUENCE NUMBER (Circle)

COC: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

OF: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

RELINQUISHED BY:

Glen Chisnall

DATE/TIME:

11/12/2018

RECEIVED BY:

DATE/TIME:

FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY (Circle)

Custody Seal Intact?

Yes No

Free ice / frozen ice bricks present upon receipt?

Yes No

Random Sample Temperature on Receipt:

21.1 °C

Other comment:

RELINQUISHED BY:

DATE/TIME:

RECEIVED BY:

DATE/TIME:

12/12/18 11:00 AM

COMMENTS/SPECIAL HANDLING/STORAGE OR DISPOSAL:

ALS USE	SAMPLE DETAILS MATRIX: SOLID (S) WATER (W)			CONTAINER INFORMATION			ANALYSIS REQUIRED including SUITES (NB. Suite Codes must be listed to attract suite price) Where Metals are required, specify Total (unfiltered bottle required) or Dissolved (field filtered bottle required).										Additional Information
LAB ID	SAMPLE ID	DATE / TIME	MATRIX	TYPE & PRESERVATIVE codes below)	(refer to)	TOTAL CONTAINERS	OCPs										Comments on likely contaminant levels, dilutions, or samples requiring specific QC analysis etc.
1	TP20_0.1	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	x										
2	TP20_0.3	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD										
3	TP21_0.1	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	x										
4	TP21_0.3	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD										
5	TP22_0.1	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	x										
6	TP22_0.3	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD										
7	TP23_0.1	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	x										
8	TP23_0.3	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD										
9	TP24_0.1	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	x										
10	TP24_0.3	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD										
11	TP25_0.1	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	x										
12	TP25_0.3	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD										
13	TP26_0.1	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	x										
14	TP26_0.3	11/12/2018	Soil	JAR		1	ON HOLD										
TOTAL						14											

Environmental Division
Sydney

Work Order Reference

ES1837355



Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555

Water Container Codes: P = Unpreserved Plastic; N = Nitric Preserved Plastic; ORC = Nitric Preserved ORC; SH = Sodium Hydroxide/Cd Preserved; S = Sodium Hydroxide Preserved Plastic; AG = Amber Glass Unpreserved; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Plastic
V = VOA Vial HCl Preserved; VS = VOA Vial Sodium Bisulphate Preserved; VS = VOA Vial Sulfuric Preserved; AV = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Sulfuric Preserved Amber Glass; H = HCl preserved Plastic; HS = HCl preserved Speciation bottle; SP = Sulfuric Preserved Plastic; F = Formaldehyde Preserved Glass;
Z = Zinc Acetate Preserved Bottle; E = EDTA Preserved Bottles; ST = Sterile Bottle; ASS = Plastic Bag for Acid Sulphate Soils; B = Unpreserved Bag.



BRISBANE 32 Shand Street Stalford QLD 4003
Ph. 07 3243 7222 E: samples.brisbane@aisglobal.com

GLADSTONE 46 Callemordah Drive Clinton QLD 4880
Ph. 07 7471-5600 E gladstone@qaisglobal.com

JADELAIDE 21 Burne Road Pooraka SA 5095
Ph 08 8359 0850 E: jade@jadeinteriors.com.au

DMACKAY 78 Harbour Road Mackay QLD 4740
Ph. 07 4944 0177 E. mackay@alsglobal.com

5 DMELBORNE 2-4 Westall Road Springvale VIC 3171
Ph: 03 9516 6224 F: 03 9516 6225

0 MUDGEES 27 Sydney Road Mudgee NSW 2850
Ph: 02 6276 6708 Fax: 02 6276 6709

☐ NEWCASTLE 5/585 Maitland Rd Mayfield West NSW 2304

Ph: 024423 2063 E: courses@aiglobal.com

PERTH 10 Hed Way Malaga WA 6090
Ph 08 3200 7365 E: samples.perth@aisglobal.com

SYDNEY 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW 2164
Ph: 02 972 16530

TOWNSVILLE 14-15 Desma Court Bohle QLD 4813
Ph: 07 4756 0300 E: townsville.environmental@alsglobal.com

WOLLONGONG 89 Kenny Street Wollongong NSW 2500
Ph: 02 4225 3125 E. portkembler@alsglobal.com

Water Container Codes: P = Unpreserved Plastic; N = Nitric Preserved Plastic; ORC = Nitric Preserved ORC; SH = Sodium Hydroxide/Cd Preserved; S = Sodium Hydroxide Preserved Plastic; AG = Amber Glass Unpreserved; AP - Airfreight Unpreserved Plastic
V = VOA Vial HCl Preserved; VB = VOA Vial Sodium Bisulphate Preserved; VS = VOA Vial Sulfuric Preserved; AV = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Sulfuric Preserved Amber Glass; H = HCl preserved Plastic; HS = HCl preserved Speciation bottle; SP = Sulfuric Preserved Plastic; F = Formaldehyde Preserved Glass;
Z = Zinc Acetate Preserved Bottle; E = EDTA Preserved Bottles; ST = Sterile Bottle; ASS = Plastic Bag for Acid Sulphate Soils; B = Unpreserved Bag.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS 208522

Client Details

Client	Cavvanba
Attention	Glen Chisnall
Address	PO Box 2191, Byron Bay, NSW, 2481

Sample Details

Your Reference	<u>18084</u>
Number of Samples	1 soil
Date samples received	19/12/2018
Date completed instructions received	19/12/2018

Analysis Details

Please refer to the following pages for results, methodology summary and quality control data.
Samples were analysed as received from the client. Results relate specifically to the samples as received.
Results are reported on a dry weight basis for solids and on an as received basis for other matrices.
Please refer to the last page of this report for any comments relating to the results.

Report Details

Date results requested by	20/12/2018
Date of Issue	20/12/2018
NATA Accreditation Number 2901. This document shall not be reproduced except in full.	
Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing. Tests not covered by NATA are denoted with *	

Asbestos Approved By

Analysed by Asbestos Approved Identifier: Aida Marner
Authorised by Asbestos Approved Signatory: Lucy Zhu

Results Approved By

Long Pham, Team Leader, Metals
Matthew Tang, Asbestos Analyst
Steven Luong, Senior Chemist

Authorised By



Jacinta Hurst, Laboratory Manager

Asbestos ID - soils		
Our Reference		208522-1
Your Reference	UNITS	QS08
Date Sampled		14/12/2018
Type of sample		soil
Date analysed	-	20/12/2018
Sample mass tested	g	Approx. 35g
Sample Description	-	Brown fine-grained soil & rocks
Asbestos ID in soil	-	No asbestos detected at reporting limit of 0.1g/kg Organic fibres detected
Trace Analysis	-	No asbestos detected

Organochlorine Pesticides in soil		
Our Reference		208522-1
Your Reference	UNITS	QS08
Date Sampled		14/12/2018
Type of sample		soil
Date extracted	-	19/12/2018
Date analysed	-	19/12/2018
HCB	mg/kg	<0.1
alpha-BHC	mg/kg	<0.1
gamma-BHC	mg/kg	<0.1
beta-BHC	mg/kg	<0.1
Heptachlor	mg/kg	<0.1
delta-BHC	mg/kg	<0.1
Aldrin	mg/kg	<0.1
Heptachlor Epoxide	mg/kg	<0.1
gamma-Chlordane	mg/kg	<0.1
alpha-chlordane	mg/kg	<0.1
Endosulfan I	mg/kg	<0.1
pp-DDE	mg/kg	<0.1
Dieldrin	mg/kg	<0.1
Endrin	mg/kg	<0.1
pp-DDD	mg/kg	<0.1
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	<0.1
pp-DDT	mg/kg	<0.1
Endrin Aldehyde	mg/kg	<0.1
Endosulfan Sulphate	mg/kg	<0.1
Methoxychlor	mg/kg	<0.1
Total +ve DDT+DDD+DDE	mg/kg	<0.1
Surrogate TCMX	%	88

Acid Extractable metals in soil		
Our Reference		208522-1
Your Reference	UNITS	QS08
Date Sampled		14/12/2018
Type of sample		soil
Date prepared	-	19/12/2018
Date analysed	-	20/12/2018
Lead	mg/kg	16

Moisture		
Our Reference	UNITS	208522-1
Your Reference		QS08
Date Sampled		14/12/2018
Type of sample		soil
Date prepared	-	19/12/2018
Date analysed	-	20/12/2018
Moisture	%	7.5

Method ID	Methodology Summary
ASB-001	Asbestos ID - Qualitative identification of asbestos in bulk samples using Polarised Light Microscopy and Dispersion Staining Techniques including Synthetic Mineral Fibre and Organic Fibre as per Australian Standard 4964-2004.
Inorg-008	Moisture content determined by heating at 105+/-5 °C for a minimum of 12 hours.
Metals-020	Determination of various metals by ICP-AES.
Org-005	Soil samples are extracted with dichloromethane/acetone and waters with dichloromethane and analysed by GC with dual ECD's.
Org-005	Soil samples are extracted with dichloromethane/acetone and waters with dichloromethane and analysed by GC with dual ECD's. Note, the Total +ve reported DDD+DDE+DDT PQL is reflective of the lowest individual PQL and is therefore simply a sum of the positive individually report DDD+DDE+DDT.

QUALITY CONTROL: Organochlorine Pesticides in soil					Duplicate				Spike Recovery %	
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-1	[NT]
Date extracted	-			19/12/2018	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	19/12/2018	[NT]
Date analysed	-			19/12/2018	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	19/12/2018	[NT]
HCB	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]
alpha-BHC	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	111	[NT]
gamma-BHC	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]
beta-BHC	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	86	[NT]
Heptachlor	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	91	[NT]
delta-BHC	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]
Aldrin	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	80	[NT]
Heptachlor Epoxide	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	84	[NT]
gamma-Chlordane	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]
alpha-chlordane	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]
Endosulfan I	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]
pp-DDE	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	88	[NT]
Dieldrin	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	94	[NT]
Endrin	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	85	[NT]
pp-DDD	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	81	[NT]
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]
pp-DDT	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]
Endrin Aldehyde	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]
Endosulfan Sulphate	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	91	[NT]
Methoxychlor	mg/kg	0.1	Org-005	<0.1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]
Surrogate TCMX	%		Org-005	125	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	112	[NT]

QUALITY CONTROL: Acid Extractable metals in soil						Duplicate			Spike Recovery %	
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-11	[NT]
Date prepared	-			19/12/2018	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	19/12/2018	[NT]
Date analysed	-			20/12/2018	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	20/12/2018	[NT]
Lead	mg/kg	1	Metals-020	<1	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	103	[NT]

Result Definitions

NT	Not tested
NA	Test not required
INS	Insufficient sample for this test
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
<	Less than
>	Greater than
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample
NS	Not specified
NEPM	National Environmental Protection Measure
NR	Not Reported

Quality Control Definitions

Blank	This is the component of the analytical signal which is not derived from the sample but from reagents, glassware etc, can be determined by processing solvents and reagents in exactly the same manner as for samples.
Duplicate	This is the complete duplicate analysis of a sample from the process batch. If possible, the sample selected should be one where the analyte concentration is easily measurable.
Matrix Spike	A portion of the sample is spiked with a known concentration of target analyte. The purpose of the matrix spike is to monitor the performance of the analytical method used and to determine whether matrix interferences exist.
LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)	This comprises either a standard reference material or a control matrix (such as a blank sand or water) fortified with analytes representative of the analyte class. It is simply a check sample.
Surrogate Spike	Surrogates are known additions to each sample, blank, matrix spike and LCS in a batch, of compounds which are similar to the analyte of interest, however are not expected to be found in real samples.
Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommend that Thermotolerant Coliform, Faecal Enterococci, & E.Coli levels are less than 1cfu/100mL. The recommended maximums are taken from "Australian Drinking Water Guidelines", published by NHMRC & ARMC 2011.	

Laboratory Acceptance Criteria

Duplicate sample and matrix spike recoveries may not be reported on smaller jobs, however, were analysed at a frequency to meet or exceed NEPM requirements. All samples are tested in batches of 20. The duplicate sample RPD and matrix spike recoveries for the batch were within the laboratory acceptance criteria.

Filters, swabs, wipes, tubes and badges will not have duplicate data as the whole sample is generally extracted during sample extraction.

Spikes for Physical and Aggregate Tests are not applicable.

For VOCs in water samples, three vials are required for duplicate or spike analysis.

Duplicates: >10xPQL - RPD acceptance criteria will vary depending on the analytes and the analytical techniques but is typically in the range 20%-50% – see ELN-P05 QA/QC tables for details; <10xPQL - RPD are higher as the results approach PQL and the estimated measurement uncertainty will statistically increase.

Matrix Spikes, LCS and Surrogate recoveries: Generally 70-130% for inorganics/metals; 60-140% for organics (+/-50% surrogates) and 10-140% for labile SVOCs (including labile surrogates), ultra trace organics and speciated phenols is acceptable.

In circumstances where no duplicate and/or sample spike has been reported at 1 in 10 and/or 1 in 20 samples respectively, the sample volume submitted was insufficient in order to satisfy laboratory QA/QC protocols.

When samples are received where certain analytes are outside of recommended technical holding times (THTs), the analysis has proceeded. Where analytes are on the verge of breaching THTs, every effort will be made to analyse within the THT or as soon as practicable.

Where sampling dates are not provided, Envirolab are not in a position to comment on the validity of the analysis where recommended technical holding times may have been breached.

Measurement Uncertainty estimates are available for most tests upon request.

Report Comments

Asbestos: A portion of the supplied sample was sub-sampled for asbestos analysis according to Envirolab procedures.
We cannot guarantee that this sub-sample is indicative of the entire sample.
Envirolab recommends supplying 40-50g of sample in its own container.
Note: Sample 208522-1 was sub-sampled from a jar provided by the client.

SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE

Client Details

Client	Cavvanba
Attention	Glen Chisnall

Sample Login Details

Your reference	18084
Envirolab Reference	208522
Date Sample Received	19/12/2018
Date Instructions Received	19/12/2018
Date Results Expected to be Reported	20/12/2018

Sample Condition

Samples received in appropriate condition for analysis	YES
No. of Samples Provided	1 soil
Turnaround Time Requested	1 day
Temperature on Receipt (°C)	18.9
Cooling Method	Ice
Sampling Date Provided	YES

Comments

Nil

Please direct any queries to:

Aileen Hie

Phone: 02 9910 6200
Fax: 02 9910 6201
Email: ahie@envirolab.com.au

Jacinta Hurst

Phone: 02 9910 6200
Fax: 02 9910 6201
Email: jhurst@envirolab.com.au

Analysis Underway, details on the following page:



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Sample ID	Organochlorine Pesticides in soil	Acid Extractable metals in soil	Asbestos ID - soils
QS08	✓	✓	✓

The '✓' indicates the testing you have requested. **THIS IS NOT A REPORT OF THE RESULTS.**

Additional Info

Sample storage - Waters are routinely disposed of approximately 1 month and soils approximately 2 months from receipt.

Requests for longer term sample storage must be received in writing.