


CDF 0.9.04BB.GLB Grctb1 COF PHOTO CORE PHOTO 1 PER PAGE GEOTLCOV24001AF.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 02/10/2015 14:38




PointID : BH03 Depth Range: 8.00 - 12.00 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH03</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 2</b>
original size	A4				rev:	




PointID : BH03 Depth Range: 12.00 - 16.00 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH03</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 3</b>
original size	A4		rev:			






PointID : BH03 Depth Range: 16.00 - 20.00 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH03</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 4</b>
original size	A4				rev:	

CDF 0.9 04BB.GLB Grctb1 COF PHOTO CORE PHOTO 1 PER PAGE GEOTLCOV24001AF.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 02/10/2015 14:38



PointID : BH03 Depth Range: 20.00 - 25.00 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH03</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 5</b>
original size	A4				rev:	

# Engineering Log - Borehole

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

principal:

project: **Sydney One Project**

location: **Goldfield House Basement**

Borehole ID. **BH04**

sheet: 1 of 4

project no. **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

date started: **24 Aug 2015**

date completed: **25 Aug 2015**

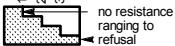
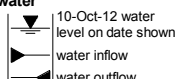
logged by: **BY**

checked by: **MG**

position: E: 334315; N: 6251717 (WGS84 Zone 56) surface elevation: -4.57 m (AHD) angle from horizontal: 90°

drill model: XC Rig, Track mounted casing diameter: HW

drilling information				material substance							
method & support	penetration	samples & field tests	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	classification symbol	material description	moisture condition	consistency / relative density	hand penetrometer (kPa)	structure and additional observations
DT AD/T HW casing	1 2 3	water					<b>CONCRETE:</b> 0.2 m.				<b>CONCRETE</b>
			-5				<b>GRAVEL:</b> medium to coarse grained, sub-angular to angular, dark grey.				<b>DRAINAGE LAYER</b>
				1.0			Borehole BH04 continued as cored hole				
				2.0							
				3.0							
				4.0							
				5.0							
				6.0							
				7.0							
				8.0							
				9.0							
				10.0							
				11.0							
				12.0							

<b>method</b> AD auger drilling* AS auger screwing* HA hand auger W washbore DT diatube HE hand excavation NDD non destructive drilling  * bit shown by suffix e.g. AD/T B blank bit T TC bit V V bit	<b>support</b> M mud C casing  <b>penetration</b>  <b>water</b>  10-Oct-12 water level on date shown water inflow water outflow	<b>samples &amp; field tests</b> B bulk disturbed sample D disturbed sample E environmental sample SS split spoon sample U## undisturbed sample ##mm diameter HP hand penetrometer (kPa) N standard penetration test (SPT) N* SPT - sample recovered Nc SPT with solid cone VS vane shear; peak/remoulded (kPa) R refusal HB hammer bouncing	<b>classification symbol &amp; soil description</b> based on Unified Classification System  <b>moisture</b> D dry M moist W wet Wp plastic limit Wl liquid limit	<b>consistency / relative density</b> VS very soft S soft F firm St stiff VSt very stiff H hard Fb friable VL very loose L loose MD medium dense D dense VD very dense
--	---	--	--	--



# Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

principal:

project: **Sydney One Project**

location: **Goldfield House Basement**

Borehole ID. **BH04**

sheet: 2 of 4

project no. **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

date started: **24 Aug 2015**









date completed: **25 Aug 2015**

logged by: **BY**

checked by: **MG**

position: E: 334315; N: 6251717 (WGS84 Zone 56) surface elevation: -4.57 m (AHD) angle from horizontal: 90°  
drill model: XC Rig, Track mounted drilling fluid: casing diameter: HW

drilling information				material substance				rock mass defects			
method & support	water	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	material description ROCK TYPE: grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering & alteration	estimated strength & Is50 X = axial O = diametral a = axial d = diametral	samples, field tests & Is(50) (MPa) a = axial d = diametral	core run & RQD	defect spacing (mm)	additional observations and defect descriptions (type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness, other)
			-5		start coring at 0.56m						
			1.0		SANDSTONE: medium grained, pale grey, massive.	FR		a=1.23 d=1.29	100%		JT, 30°, PL, RO, Fe SN
			2.0					a=1.03 d=1.28	100%		PT, 5°, CU, RO, CN
			3.0		3.14 m: Siltstone clast (20mm)			a=1.14 d=0.93			
			4.0					a=0.60 d=1.02	99%		CS, 0°, PL, 10 mm
			5.0		SANDSTONE: medium grained, pale grey, indistinctly bedded at 5° to 10°.			a=0.31 d=0.92	100%		CS, 0°, PL, 30 mm
			6.0					a=1.47 d=1.00			
			7.0		SANDSTONE: medium grained, pale grey, with dark grey laminations, distinctly bedded at 5° to 10°.			a=0.64 d=0.80	100%		PT, 0°, UN, RO, X CO
			8.0								PT, 0°, UN, RO, X CO
			9.0								
			10.0								
			11.0								
			12.0					a=0.66 d=0.64	100%		PT, 0°, UN, RO, X CO

<b>method &amp; support</b> AS auger screwing AD auger drilling CB claw or blade bit W washbore NMLC NMLC core (51.9 mm) NQ wireline core (47.6mm) HQ wireline core (63.5mm) PQ wireline core (85.0mm) SPT standard penetration test DT diatube HE hand excavation NDD non destructive drilling	<b>water</b>  10/10/12, water level on date shown  water inflow  complete drilling fluid loss  partial drilling fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	<b>graphic log / core recovery</b>  core recovered (graphic symbols indicate material)  no core recovered <b>core run &amp; RQD</b>  barrel withdrawn RQD = Rock Quality Designation (%)	<b>weathering &amp; alteration*</b> RS residual soil XW extremely weathered HW highly weathered DW distinctly weathered MW moderately weathered SW slightly weathered FR fresh *W replaced with A for alteration <b>strength</b> VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high	<b>defect type</b> PT parting JT joint SZ shear zone SS shear surface CS crushed seam SM seam DB drilling break <b>roughness</b> SL slickensided POL polished SO smooth RO rough VR very rough	<b>planarity</b> PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular <b>coating</b> CN clean SN stain VN veneer CO coating
---	---	--	--	---	--

## Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

principal:

project: **Sydney One Project**

location: **Goldfield House Basement**

Borehole ID. **BH04**

sheet: 3 of 4

project no. **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

date started: **24 Aug 2015**

date completed: **25 Aug 2015**

logged by: **BY**

checked by: **MG**

position: E: 334315; N: 6251717 (WGS84 Zone 56)

surface elevation: -4.57 m (AHD)











angle from horizontal:  $90^\circ$

drill model: XC Rig. Track mounted

drilling fluid:

casing diameter : HW


drilling information				material substance		rock mass defects						
method & support	water	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	material description  ROCK TYPE: grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering & alteration	estimated strength & Is(50)  X = axial; O = diametral a = axial; d = diametral	samples, field tests & Is(50) (MPa)  a = axial; d = diametral	core run & RQD	defect spacing (mm)  30 100 300 1000 3000	additional observations and defect descriptions (type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating thickness, other)	
											particular	general
NMLC  Not Observable			-13		SANDSTONE: medium grained, pale grey, with dark grey laminations, distinctly bedded at 5° to 10°. (continued)	FR		a=1.59 d=1.49	100%			
	-14	SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, indistinctly cross bedded at 10° to 15°.	a=1.10 d=1.10		100%							
	-15		a=1.36 d=1.08		100%							
	-16		SANDSTONE: medium grained, pale grey, massive to indistinctly bedded at 0°, trace carbonaceous flecks and laminations.		a=1.24 d=0.75		PT, 0°, UN, RO, X CO					
	-17			a=1.16 d=1.33	94%	PT, 10°, PL, RO, CN						
	-18		BRECCIA: dark grey siltstone clasts within a medium to coarse grained sandstone matrix, massive.	SW	a=0.52 d=0.46	91%	PT, 10°, PL, RO, CN					
	-19		SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, indistinctly bedded at 5° to 10°.	FR	a=1.14 d=0.84	100%	SM, 5°, CU, Sandy clay, 40 mm SM, 0°, PL, Sandy clay, 15 mm					
	-20						PT, 10°, PL, RO, Fe SN					
	method & support		water		graphic log / core recovery		weathering & alteration*		defect type		planarity	
	AS auger screwing AD auger drilling CB claw or blade bit W washbore NMLC NMLC core (51.9 mm) NQ wireline core (47.6mm) HQ wireline core (63.5mm) PQ wireline core (85.0mm) SPT standard penetration test DT diatube HE hand excavation NDD non destructive drilling		10/10/12, water level on date shown water inflow complete drilling fluid loss partial drilling fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown		 core recovered (graphic symbols indicate material) no core recovered  core run & RQD  barrel withdrawn  RQD = Rock Quality Designation (%)		RS residual soil XW extremely weathered HW highly weathered DW distinctly weathered MW moderately weathered SW slightly weathered FR fresh *W replaced with A for alteration strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high FH extremely high		PT parting JT joint SZ shear zone SS shear surface CS crushed seam SM seam DB drilling break  roughness SL slickensided POL polished SO smooth RO rough VR very rough		PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR Irregular  coating CN clean SN stain VN veneer CO coating	

<b>method &amp; support</b>	<b>water</b>	<b>graphic log / core recovery</b>	<b>weathering &amp; alteration*</b>	<b>defect type</b>	<b>planarity</b>
AS auger screwing	 10/10/12, water level on date shown	 core recovered (graphic symbols indicate material)	RS residual soil	PT parting	PL planar
AD auger drilling	 water inflow	 no core recovered	XW extremely weathered	JT joint	CU curved
CB claw or blade bit	 complete drilling fluid loss		HW highly weathered	SZ shear zone	UN undulating
W washbore	 partial drilling fluid loss	<b>core run &amp; RQD</b>	DW distinctly weathered	SS shear surface	ST stepped
NMLC NMLC core (51.9 mm)		 core run & RQD	MW moderately weathered	CS crushed seam	IR irregular
NQ wireline core (47.6mm)			SW slightly weathered	SM seam	
HQ wireline core (63.5mm)			FR fresh	DB drilling break	
PQ wireline core (85.0mm)			*W replaced with A for alteration		
SPT standard penetration test		 barrel withdrawn	<b>strength</b>	<b>roughness</b>	<b>coating</b>
DT diatube	 water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	RQD = Rock Quality Designation (%)	VL very low	SL slickensided	CN clean
HE hand excavation			L low	POL polished	SN stain
NDD non destructive drilling	 25uL		M medium	SO smooth	VN veneer
			H high	RO rough	CO coating
			VH very high	VR very rough	
			EH extremely high		






PointID : BH04 Depth Range: 0.56 - 5.00 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH04</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 1</b>
original size	A4		rev:			

CDF 0.9 04BB.GLB Grctb1 COF PHOTO CORE PHOTO 1 PER PAGE GEOTLCOV24001AF.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 02/10/2015 14:39



PointID : BH04 Depth Range: 5.00 - 10.00 m


drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH04</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 2</b>
original size	A4		rev:			



CDF 0.9.04BB.GLB Grctb1 COF PHOTO CORE PHOTO 1 PER PAGE GEOTLCOV24001AF.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 02/10/2015 14:39




PointID : BH04 Depth Range: 10.00 - 15.00 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH04</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 3</b>
original size	A4				rev:	





PointID : BH04 Depth Range: 15.00 - 20.00 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH04</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 4</b>
original size	A4		rev:			

# Engineering Log - Borehole

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

principal:

project: **Sydney One Project**

location: **Goldfield House Basement**

Borehole ID. **BH05**

sheet: 1 of 4

project no. **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

date started: **17 Aug 2015**

date completed: **18 Aug 2015**

logged by: **BY**

checked by: **MG**

position: E: 334267; N: 6251730 (WGS84 Zone 56)

surface elevation: -4.57 m (AHD)

angle from horizontal:  $90^\circ$

drill model: XC Rig, Track mounted

casing diameter : HW

drilling information					material substance											
method & support		penetration		water	samples & field tests	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	classification symbol	material description  SOIL TYPE: plasticity or particle characteristic, colour, secondary and minor components		moisture condition	consistency / relative density	hand penetrometer (kPa)	structure and additional observations	
AD/T	DT	1	2	3						CONCRETE: (0.165 m).				100	CONCRETE	
AD/T	I-HW casing					-5			GP	FILL: GRAVEL: coarse grained, sub-angular to angular, dark grey.		D		200	DRAINAGE LAYER	
				Not Observable						Borehole BH05 continued as cored hole				300		
							1.0							400		
							-6									
							2.0									
							-7									
							3.0									
							-8									
							4.0									
							-9									
							5.0									
							-10									
							6.0									
							-11									
							7.0									
							-12									

method

AD auger drilling\*

AS auger screwing\*

HA hand auger

W washbore

DT diatube

HE hand excavation

NDD non destructive drilling

\* bit shown by suffix

e.g. AD/T

B blank bit

T TC bit

V V bit

support

M mud

N nil

C casing

penetration

water

10-Oct-12 water level on date shown

water inflow

water outflow

samples & field tests

B bulk disturbed sample

D disturbed sample

E environmental sample

SS split spoon sample

U## undisturbed sample ##mm diameter

HP hand penetrometer (kPa)

N standard penetration test (SPT)

N\* SPT - sample recovered

Nc SPT with solid cone

VS vane shear; peak/remoulded (kPa)

R refusal

HB hammer bouncing

classification symbol & soil description

based on Unified Classification System

moisture

D dry

M moist

W wet

Wp plastic limit

WI liquid limit

consistency / relative density

VS very soft

S soft

F firm

St stiff

VSt very stiff

H hard

Fb friable

VL very loose

L loose

MD medium dense

D dense

VD very dense

# Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

principal:

project: **Sydney One Project**

location: **Goldfield House Basement**

Borehole ID. **BH05**

sheet: 2 of 4

project no. **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

date started: **17 Aug 2015**









date completed: **18 Aug 2015**

logged by: **BY**

checked by: **MG**

position: E: 334267; N: 6251730 (WGS84 Zone 56) surface elevation: -4.57 m (AHD) angle from horizontal: 90°  
drill model: XC Rig, Track mounted drilling fluid: casing diameter: HW

drilling information				material substance				rock mass defects			
method & support	water	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	material description ROCK TYPE: grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering & alteration	estimated strength & Is(50) X = axial O = diametral a = axial d = diametral	samples, field tests & Is(50) (MPa)	core run & RQD	defect spacing (mm)	additional observations and defect descriptions (type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness, other)
			-5		start coring at 0.43m						
			-6		<b>SANDSTONE:</b> fine to medium grained, pale grey, massive to indistinctly bedded at 0°, trace carbonaceous flecks and laminations.	SW FR		a=1.26 d=0.65			
			-7					a=1.34 d=1.74			
			-8					a=1.59 d=1.61	100%		
			-9					a=1.54 d=1.49	100%		
			-10		<b>SANDSTONE:</b> medium grained, pale grey, with dark grey laminations, distinctly bedded at 5° to 10°.			a=1.31 d=1.37	100%		JT, 40 - 45°, PL, RO, CN
			-11					a=0.98 d=1.82			
			-12					a=1.38 d=1.08	100%		
			-13					a=1.19 d=1.24	100%		JT, 70°, PL, RO, CN

<b>method &amp; support</b> AS auger screwing AD auger drilling CB claw or blade bit W washbore NMLC NMLC core (51.9 mm) NQ wireline core (47.6mm) HQ wireline core (63.5mm) PQ wireline core (85.0mm) SPT standard penetration test DT diatube HE hand excavation NDD non destructive drilling	<b>water</b>  10/10/12, water level on date shown  water inflow  complete drilling fluid loss  partial drilling fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	<b>graphic log / core recovery</b>  core recovered (graphic symbols indicate material)  no core recovered <b>core run &amp; RQD</b>  barrel withdrawn RQD = Rock Quality Designation (%)	<b>weathering &amp; alteration*</b> RS residual soil XW extremely weathered HW highly weathered DW distinctly weathered MW moderately weathered SW slightly weathered FR fresh *W replaced with A for alteration <b>strength</b> VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high	<b>defect type</b> PT parting JT joint SZ shear zone SS shear surface CS crushed seam SM seam DB drilling break <b>roughness</b> SL slickensided POL polished SO smooth RO rough VR very rough	<b>planarity</b> PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular <b>coating</b> CN clean SN stain VN veneer CO coating
---	---	--	--	---	--



## Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

principal:

project: **Sydney One Project**

location: **Goldfield House Basement**

Borehole ID. **BH05**

sheet: 3 of 4

project no. **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

date started: **17 Aug 2015**

date completed: **18 Aug 2015**

logged by: **BY**

checked by: **MG**

position: E: 334267; N: 6251730 (WGS84 Zone 56)

surface elevation: -4.57 m (AHD)

angle from horizontal:  $90^\circ$

drill model: XC Rig, Track mounted

drilling fluid:

casing diameter : HW

drilling information				material substance				rock mass defects						
method & support	water	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	material description  ROCK TYPE: grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering & alteration	estimated strength & Is50  X = axial; O = diametral a = axial; d = diametral	samples, field tests & Is(50) (MPa)	core run & RQD	defect spacing (mm)	additional observations and defect descriptions (type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness, other)			
											particular	general		
NMLC  Not Observable		-13			SANDSTONE: medium grained, pale grey, with dark grey laminations, distinctly bedded at 5° to 10°. (continued)	FR			100%					
		9.0			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, indistinctly cross bedded at 10° to 15°.			a=1.29 d=1.40	100%					
		-14						a=1.26 d=1.03	100%					
		10.0												
		-15			BRECCIA: dark grey siltstone clasts within a medium to coarse grained sandstone matrix, massive.			a=0.24 d=0.71	100%		JT, 20 - 30°, PL, RO, CN			
		11.0			SANDSTONE: medium grained, pale grey, massive to indistinctly bedded at 0°, trace carbonaceous flecks and laminations.			d=1.96 d=1.67				CS, 0 - 10°, PL, Sand, 5 mm		
		-16						a=1.34 d=1.56	100%					
		12.0						a=0.68 d=1.37	100%					
		-18					SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded at 5° to 10°.		a=1.26 d=1.40					
		14.0					SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, indistinctly bedded at 10°.		a=1.39 d=1.56	100%				
	-19													
	15.0													
	-20													
method & support				water		graphic log / core recovery		weathering & alteration*		defect type		planarity		
AS auger screwing AD auger drilling CB claw or blade bit W washbore NMLC NMLC core (51.9 mm) NQ wireline core (47.6mm) HQ wireline core (63.5mm) PQ wireline core (85.0mm) SPT standard penetration test DT diatube HE hand excavation NDD non destructive drilling				10/10/12, water level on date shown water inflow complete drilling fluid loss partial drilling fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown		core recovered (graphic symbols indicate material)  no core recovered  core run & RQD  barrel withdrawn  RQD = Rock Quality Designation (%)		RS residual soil XW extremely weathered HW highly weathered DW distinctly weathered MW moderately weathered SW slightly weathered FR fresh *W replaced with A for alteration strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high FH extremely high		PT parting JT joint SZ shear zone SS shear surface CS crushed seam SM seam DB drilling break  roughness SL slickensided POL polished SO smooth RO rough VR very rough		PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular  coating CN clean SN stain VN veneer CO coating		

# Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

principal:

project: **Sydney One Project**

location: **Goldfield House Basement**

Borehole ID. **BH05**

sheet: 4 of 4

project no. **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

date started: **17 Aug 2015**









date completed: **18 Aug 2015**

logged by: **BY**

checked by: **MG**

position: E: 334267; N: 6251730 (WGS84 Zone 56) surface elevation: -4.57 m (AHD) angle from horizontal: 90°  
drill model: XC Rig, Track mounted drilling fluid: casing diameter: HW


drilling information				material substance		rock mass defects																
method & support	water	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	material description <b>ROCK TYPE:</b> grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering & alteration	estimated strength & Is50 <small>X = axial; O = diametral</small>					samples, field tests & Is(50) (MPa) <small>a = axial; d = diametral</small>	core run & RQD	defect spacing (mm)					additional observations and defect descriptions (type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating thickness, other)			
							VL	L	M	H	VH	EH				30	100	300	1000	3000	particular	general
NMLC	10% Not Observable	-21	17.0		SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, indistinctly bedded at 10°. (continued)	FR								100%								
		100%																				
			18.0		Borehole BH05 terminated at 17.70 m Target depth																	
			-23																			
			-24																			
			-25																			
			-26																			
			-27																			
			-28																			

<b>method &amp; support</b> AS auger screwing AD auger drilling CB claw or blade bit W washbore NMLC NMLC core (51.9 mm) NQ wireline core (47.6mm) HQ wireline core (63.5mm) PQ wireline core (85.0mm) SPT standard penetration test DT diatube HE hand excavation NDD non destructive drilling	<b>water</b>  10/10/12, water level on date shown  water inflow  complete drilling fluid loss  partial drilling fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	<b>graphic log / core recovery</b>  core recovered (graphic symbols indicate material)  no core recovered <b>core run &amp; RQD</b>  barrel withdrawn RQD = Rock Quality Designation (%)	<b>weathering &amp; alteration*</b> RS residual soil XW extremely weathered HW highly weathered DW distinctly weathered MW moderately weathered SW slightly weathered FR fresh *W replaced with A for alteration <b>strength</b> VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high	<b>defect type</b> PT parting JT joint SZ shear zone SS shear surface CS crushed seam SM seam DB drilling break <b>roughness</b> SL slickensided POL polished SO smooth RO rough VR very rough	<b>planarity</b> PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular <b>coating</b> CN clean SN stain VN veneer CO coating
---	---	--	--	---	--

CDF 0.9.04BB.GLB Grctb COF PHOTO CORE PHOTO 1 PER PAGE GEOTLCOV24001AF.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 02/10/2015 14:42



PointID : BH05 Depth Range: 0.43 - 5.00 m


drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH05</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 1</b>
original size	A4				rev:	



CDF 0.9.04BB.GLB Grctb1 COF PHOTO CORE PHOTO 1 PER PAGE GEOTLCOV24001AF.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 02/10/2015 14:42



PointID : BH05 Depth Range: 5.00 - 10.00 m


drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH05</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 2</b>
original size	A4				rev:	



CDF 0.9.04BB.GLB Grctb1 COF PHOTO CORE PHOTO 1 PER PAGE GEOTLCOV24001AF.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 02/10/2015 14:42




PointID : BH05 Depth Range: 10.00 - 15.00 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH05</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 3</b>
original size	A4				rev:	





PointID : BH05 Depth Range: 15.00 - 17.70 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH05</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 4</b>
original size	A4				rev:	



# Engineering Log - Borehole

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

principal:

project: **Sydney One Project**

location: **Goldfield House Basement**

Borehole ID. **BH06**

sheet: 1 of 4

project no. **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

date started: **26 Aug 2015**

date completed: **27 Aug 1975**

logged by: **BY**

checked by: **MG**

position: E: 334277; N: 6251718 (WGS84 Zone 56)

surface elevation: -4.57 m (AHD)

angle from horizontal: 90°

drill model: XC Rig, Track mounted

casing diameter: HW

drilling information					material substance						
method & support	penetration	samples & field tests	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	classification symbol	material description	moisture condition	consistency / relative density	hand penetrometer (kPa)	structure and additional observations
DT HE HW casing	1 2 3	Not Observable					<b>CONCRETE:</b> 0.15 m. <b>FILL: GRAVEL:</b> coarse grained, sub-angular to angular, dark grey.	W			<b>CONCRETE</b> <b>DRAINAGE LAYER</b>
			-5				Borehole BH06 continued as cored hole				
				1.0							
			-6								
				2.0							
			-7								
				3.0							
			-8								
				4.0							
			-9								
				5.0							
			-10								
				6.0							
			-11								
				7.0							
			-12								

**method**  
AD auger drilling\*  
AS auger screwing\*  
HA hand auger  
W washbore  
DT diatube  
HE hand excavation  
NDD non destructive drilling

\* bit shown by suffix  
e.g. AD/T  
B blank bit  
T TC bit  
V V bit

**support**  
M mud  
C casing  
N nil

**penetration**  
no resistance ranging to refusal

**water**  
10-Oct-12 water level on date shown  
water inflow  
water outflow

**samples & field tests**  
B bulk disturbed sample  
D disturbed sample  
E environmental sample  
SS split spoon sample  
U## undisturbed sample ##mm diameter  
HP hand penetrometer (kPa)  
N standard penetration test (SPT)  
N\* SPT - sample recovered  
Nc SPT with solid cone  
VS vane shear; peak/remoulded (kPa)  
R refusal  
HB hammer bouncing

**classification symbol & soil description**  
based on Unified Classification System

**moisture**  
D dry  
M moist  
W wet  
Wp plastic limit  
Wl liquid limit

**consistency / relative density**  
VS very soft  
S soft  
F firm  
St stiff  
VSt very stiff  
H hard  
Fb friable  
VL very loose  
L loose  
MD medium dense  
D dense  
VD very dense









# Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**  
 principal:  
 project: **Sydney One Project**  
 location: **Goldfield House Basement**

Borehole ID: **BH06**  
 sheet: 2 of 4  
 project no: **GEOTLCOV24001AF**  
 date started: **26 Aug 2015**  
 date completed: **27 Aug 1975**  
 logged by: **BY**  
 checked by: **MG**

position: E: 334277; N: 6251718 (WGS84 Zone 56) surface elevation: -4.57 m (AHD) angle from horizontal: 90°  
 drill model: XC Rig, Track mounted drilling fluid: casing diameter: HW

drilling information				material substance				rock mass defects			
method & support	water	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	material description ROCK TYPE: grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering & alteration	estimated strength & Is50 X = axial O = diametral a = axial d = diametral	samples, field tests & Is(50) (MPa) a = axial d = diametral	core run & RQD	defect spacing (mm)	additional observations and defect descriptions (type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness, other)
			-5		start coring at 0.52m						
			1.0		<b>SANDSTONE:</b> medium grained, pale grey, massive.	FR		a=1.43 d=1.52	95%		JT, 20°, PL, RO, SN, Fe
			2.0					a=1.54 d=1.57	100%		
			3.0		<b>SANDSTONE:</b> medium grained, pale grey, indistinctly cross bedded at 10° to 15°.			a=1.62 d=1.61			
			4.0					a=1.23 d=1.39	93%		SM, 0°, PL, Clay, 10 mm PT, 10°, PL, RO, CN SM, 0 - 5°, PL, Clay, 20 mm
			5.0		<b>SANDSTONE:</b> fine to medium grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded at 0° to 10°.			a=1.36 d=1.55	100%		
			6.0					a=1.12 d=1.09			
			7.0					a=1.90 d=1.64	100%		PT, 0°, UN, RO, CN
			8.0		<b>SANDSTONE:</b> medium grained, pale grey, massive to indistinctly bedded at 0°, trace carbonaceous flecks and laminations.			a=1.69 d=1.36	99%		SM, 0°, PL, Sandy clay, 3 mm

<b>method &amp; support</b> AS auger screwing AD auger drilling CB claw or blade bit W washbore NMLC NMLC core (51.9 mm) NQ wireline core (47.6mm) HQ wireline core (63.5mm) PQ wireline core (85.0mm) SPT standard penetration test DT diatube HE hand excavation NDD non destructive drilling	<b>water</b>  10/10/12, water level on date shown  water inflow  complete drilling fluid loss  partial drilling fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	<b>graphic log / core recovery</b>  core recovered (graphic symbols indicate material)  no core recovered <b>core run &amp; RQD</b>  barrel withdrawn RQD = Rock Quality Designation (%)	<b>weathering &amp; alteration*</b> RS residual soil XW extremely weathered HW highly weathered DW distinctly weathered MW moderately weathered SW slightly weathered FR fresh *W replaced with A for alteration <b>strength</b> VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high	<b>defect type</b> PT parting JT joint SZ shear zone SS shear surface CS crushed seam SM seam DB drilling break <b>roughness</b> SL slickensided POL polished SO smooth RO rough VR very rough	<b>planarity</b> PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular <b>coating</b> CN clean SN stain VN veneer CO coating
---	---	--	--	---	--

## Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

principal:

project: **Sydney One Project**

location: **Goldfield House Basement**

Borehole ID. **BH06**

sheet: 3 of 4

project no. **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

date started: **26 Aug 2015**

date completed: **27 Aug 1975**

logged by: **BY**

checked by: **MG**

position: E: 334277; N: 6251718 (WGS84 Zone 56)

surface elevation: -4.57 m (AHD)

angle from horizontal:  $90^\circ$

drill model: XC Rig, Track mounted

drilling fluid:

casing diameter : HW

drilling information				material substance		rock mass defects							
method & support	water	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	material description  ROCK TYPE: grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering & alteration	estimated strength & Is(50)  X = axial; O = diametral a = axial; d = diametral	samples, field tests & Is(50) (MPa)	core run & RQD	defect spacing (mm)	additional observations and defect descriptions (type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating thickness, other)		
											particular	general	
NMLC  Not Observable		-13			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, distinctly cross bedded at 15° to 20°.	FR		a=1.81 d=1.46	99%		SM, 0°, PL, Sandy clay, 3 mm		
		9.0									PT, 0°, PL, RO, CN		
		-14			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, indistinctly bedded at 0° to 10°.			a=1.40 d=1.19	99%		PT, 0°, PL, RO, CN		
		10.0											
		-15					a=1.48 d=1.20						
		11.0					a=1.28 d=1.12	99%					
		-16									SM, 0°, PL, Sandy clay, 10 mm		
		12.0											
		-17											
		13.0						a=0.90 d=1.49	100%				
	-18					a=1.82 d=1.53							
	14.0						100%						
	-19					a=1.25 d=1.49				PT, 5°, PL, RO, CN			
	15.0				SANDSTONE: medium grained, pale grey, massive to indistinctly bedded at 0°, trace carbonaceous flecks and laminations.								
	-20					a=2.28 d=1.88	100%						
method & support		water		graphic log / core recovery		weathering & alteration*			defect type		planarity		
AS auger screwing AD auger drilling CB claw or blade bit W washbore NMLC NMLC core (51.9 mm) NQ wireline core (47.6mm) HQ wireline core (63.5mm) PQ wireline core (85.0mm) SPT standard penetration test DT diatube HE hand excavation NDD non destructive drilling		10/10/12, water level on date shown water inflow complete drilling fluid loss partial drilling fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown		core recovered (graphic symbols indicate material)  no core recovered  core run & RQD  barrel withdrawn  RQD = Rock Quality Designation (%)		RS residual soil XW extremely weathered HW highly weathered DW distinctly weathered MW moderately weathered SW slightly weathered FR fresh *W replaced with A for alteration  strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high FH extremely high			PT parting JT joint SZ shear zone SS shear surface CS crushed seam SM seam DB drilling break  roughness SL slickensided POL polished SO smooth RO rough VR very rough		PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR Irregular  coating CN clean SN stain VN veneer CO coating		



## Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

principal:

project: **Sydney One Project**

location: **Goldfield House Basement**

Borehole ID. **BH06**

sheet: 4 of 4

project no. **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

date started: **26 Aug 2015**

date completed: **27 Aug 1975**

logged by: **BY**

checked by: **MG**

position: E: 334277; N: 6251718 (WGS84 Zone 56)

surface elevation: -4.57 m (AHD)

angle from horizontal:  $90^\circ$

drill model: XC Rig. Track mounted


drilling fluid:

casing diameter : HW

[illegible]




PointID : BH06 Depth Range: 0.52 - 5.00 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH06</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 1</b>
original size	A4		rev:			

CDF 0.9 04BB.GLB Grctb1 COF PHOTO CORE PHOTO 1 PER PAGE GEOTLCOV24001AF.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 02/10/2015 14:43




PointID : BH06 Depth Range: 5.00 - 10.00 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH06</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 2</b>
original size	A4		rev:			






PointID : BH06 Depth Range: 10.00 - 15.00 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH06</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 3</b>
original size	A4		rev:			

CDF 0.9.04BB.GLB Grctb COF PHOTO CORE PHOTO 1 PER PAGE GEOTLCOV24001AF.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 02/10/2015 14:43



PointID : BH06 Depth Range: 15.00 - 20.00 m

drawn	BC		client:	Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd		
approved	MG		project:	Sydney One Project Sydney CBD, NSW		
date	4/09/2015		title:	<b>CORE PHOTOGRAPH BH06</b>		
scale	N.T.S.		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	fig no:	<b>FIGURE 4</b>
original size	A4				rev:	

# Soil Description Explanation Sheet (1 of 2)

## DEFINITION:

In engineering terms soil includes every type of uncemented or partially cemented inorganic or organic material found in the ground. In practice, if the material can be remoulded or disintegrated by hand in its field condition or in water it is described as a soil. Other materials are described using rock description terms.

## CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL & SOIL NAME

Soils are described in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification (UCS) as shown in the table on Sheet 2.

## PARTICLE SIZE DESCRIPTIVE TERMS

NAME	SUBDIVISION	SIZE
Boulders		>200 mm
Cobbles		63 mm to 200 mm
Gravel	coarse	20 mm to 63 mm
	medium	6 mm to 20 mm
	fine	2.36 mm to 6 mm
Sand	coarse	600 $\mu$ m to 2.36 mm
	medium	200 $\mu$ m to 600 $\mu$ m
	fine	75 $\mu$ m to 200 $\mu$ m

## MOISTURE CONDITION

**Dry** Looks and feels dry. Cohesive and cemented soils are hard, friable or powdery. Uncemented granular soils run freely through hands.

**Moist** Soil feels cool and darkened in colour. Cohesive soils can be moulded. Granular soils tend to cohere.

**Wet** As for moist but with free water forming on hands when handled.

## CONSISTENCY OF COHESIVE SOILS

TERM	UNDRAINED STRENGTH $S_u$ (kPa)	FIELD GUIDE
Very Soft	<12	A finger can be pushed well into the soil with little effort.
Soft	12 - 25	A finger can be pushed into the soil to about 25mm depth.
Firm	25 - 50	The soil can be indented about 5mm with the thumb, but not penetrated.
Stiff	50 - 100	The surface of the soil can be indented with the thumb, but not penetrated.
Very Stiff	100 - 200	The surface of the soil can be marked, but not indented with thumb pressure.
Hard	>200	The surface of the soil can be marked only with the thumbnail.
Friable	–	Crumbles or powders when scraped by thumbnail.

## DENSITY OF GRANULAR SOILS

TERM	DENSITY INDEX (%)
Very loose	Less than 15
Loose	15 - 35
Medium Dense	35 - 65
Dense	65 - 85
Very Dense	Greater than 85

## MINOR COMPONENTS

TERM	ASSESSMENT GUIDE	PROPORTION OF MINOR COMPONENT IN:
Trace of	Presence just detectable by feel or eye, but soil properties little or no different to general properties of primary component.	Coarse grained soils: <5% Fine grained soils: <15%
With some	Presence easily detected by feel or eye, soil properties little different to general properties of primary component.	Coarse grained soils: 5 - 12% Fine grained soils: 15 - 30%

## SOIL STRUCTURE

ZONING	CEMENTING
Layers Continuous across exposure or sample.	Weakly cemented Easily broken up by hand in air or water.
Lenses Discontinuous layers of lenticular shape.	Moderately cemented Effort is required to break up the soil by hand in air or water.
Pockets Irregular inclusions of different material.	

## GEOLOGICAL ORIGIN

### WEATHERED IN PLACE SOILS

Extremely weathered material Structure and fabric of parent rock visible.

Residual soil Structure and fabric of parent rock not visible.

### TRANSPORTED SOILS

Aeolian soil Deposited by wind.

Alluvial soil Deposited by streams and rivers.

Colluvial soil Deposited on slopes (transported downslope by gravity).

Fill Man made deposit. Fill may be significantly more variable between tested locations than naturally occurring soils.

Lacustrine soil Deposited by lakes.

Marine soil Deposited in ocean basins, bays, beaches and estuaries.











## Soil Description Explanation Sheet (2 of 2)

### SOIL CLASSIFICATION INCLUDING IDENTIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION

FIELD IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES (Excluding particles larger than 60 mm and basing fractions on estimated mass)					USC	PRIMARY NAME		
COARSE GRAINED SOILS More than 50% of materials less than 63 mm is larger than 0.075 mm	(A 0.075 mm particle is about the smallest particle visible to the naked eye)	GRAVELS More than half of coarse fraction is larger than 2.36 mm	CLEAN GRAVELS (Little or no fines)	Wide range in grain size and substantial amounts of all intermediate particle sizes.			GW	GRAVEL
				Predominantly one size or a range of sizes with more intermediate sizes missing.			GP	GRAVEL
			GRAVELS WITH FINES (Appreciable amount of fines)	Non-plastic fines (for identification procedures see ML below)			GM	SILTY GRAVEL
				Plastic fines (for identification procedures see CL below)			GC	CLAYEY GRAVEL
		SANDS More than half of coarse fraction is smaller than 2.36 mm	CLEAN SANDS (Little or no fines)	Wide range in grain sizes and substantial amounts of all intermediate sizes			SW	SAND
				Predominantly one size or a range of sizes with some intermediate sizes missing.			SP	SAND
			SANDS WITH FINES (Appreciable amount of fines)	Non-plastic fines (for identification procedures see ML below).			SM	SILTY SAND
				Plastic fines (for identification procedures see CL below).			SC	CLAYEY SAND
FINE GRAINED SOILS More than 50% of material less than 63 mm is smaller than 0.075 mm	(A 0.075 mm particle is about the smallest particle visible to the naked eye)	IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES ON FRACTIONS <0.2 mm.						
		SILTS & CLAYS Liquid limit less than 50	DRY STRENGTH	DILATANCY	TOUGHNESS			
			None to Low	Quick to slow	None	ML	SILT	
			Medium to High	None	Medium	CL	CLAY	
			Low to medium	Slow to very slow	Low	OL	ORGANIC SILT	
			SILTS & CLAYS Liquid limit greater than 50	Low to medium	Slow to very slow	Low to medium	MH	SILT
				High	None	High	CH	CLAY
Medium to High	None	Low to medium		OH	ORGANIC CLAY			
HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS	Readily identified by colour, odour, spongy feel and frequently by fibrous texture.				Pt	PEAT		
• Low plasticity – Liquid Limit w <sub>l</sub> less than 35%. • Medium plasticity – w <sub>l</sub> between 35% and 50%. • High plasticity – w <sub>l</sub> greater than 50%.								

• Low plasticity – Liquid Limit  $w_L$  less than 35%. • Medium plasticity –  $w_L$  between 35% and 50%. • High plasticity –  $w_L$  greater than 50%.

### COMMON DEFECTS IN SOIL

TERM	DEFINITION	DIAGRAM	TERM	DEFINITION	DIAGRAM
PARTING	A surface or crack across which the soil has little or no tensile strength. Parallel or sub parallel to layering (eg bedding). May be open or closed.		SOFTENED ZONE	A zone in clayey soil, usually adjacent to a defect in which the soil has a higher moisture content than elsewhere.	
JOINT	A surface or crack across which the soil has little or no tensile strength but which is not parallel or sub parallel to layering. May be open or closed. The term 'fissure' may be used for irregular joints <0.2 m in length.		TUBE	Tubular cavity. May occur singly or as one of a large number of separate or inter-connected tubes. Walls often coated with clay or strengthened by denser packing of grains. May contain organic matter	
SHEARED ZONE	Zone in clayey soil with roughly parallel near planar, curved or undulating boundaries containing closely spaced, smooth or slickensided, curved intersecting joints which divide the mass into lenticular or wedge shaped blocks.		TUBE CAST	Roughly cylindrical elongated body of soil different from the soil mass in which it occurs. In some cases the soil which makes up the tube cast is cemented.	
SHEARED SURFACE	A near planar curved or undulating, smooth, polished or slickensided surface in clayey soil. The polished or slickensided surface indicates that movement (in many cases very little) has occurred along the defect.		INFILLED SEAM	Sheet or wall like body of soil substance or mass with roughly planar to irregular near parallel boundaries which cuts through a soil mass. Formed by infilling of open joints.	

## Rock Description Explanation Sheet (1 of 2)

The descriptive terms used by Coffey are given below. They are broadly consistent with Australian Standard AS1726-1993.

**DEFINITIONS:** Rock substance, defect and mass are defined as follows:

**Rock Substance** In engineering terms rock substance is any naturally occurring aggregate of minerals and organic material which cannot be disintegrated or remoulded by hand in air or water. Other material is described using soil descriptive terms. Effectively homogenous material, may be isotropic or anisotropic.

**Defect** Discontinuity or break in the continuity of a substance or substances.

**Mass** Any body of material which is not effectively homogeneous. It can consist of two or more substances without defects, or one or more substances with one or more defects.

### SUBSTANCE DESCRIPTIVE TERMS:

**ROCK NAME** Simple rock names are used rather than precise geological classification.

**PARTICLE SIZE** Grain size terms for sandstone are:  
Coarse grained Mainly 0.6mm to 2mm  
Medium grained Mainly 0.2mm to 0.6mm  
Fine grained Mainly 0.06mm (just visible) to 0.2mm

**FABRIC** Terms for layering of penetrative fabric (eg. bedding, cleavage etc. ) are:

Massive No layering or penetrative fabric.

Indistinct Layering or fabric just visible. Little effect on properties.

Distinct Layering or fabric is easily visible. Rock breaks more easily parallel to layering of fabric.

### CLASSIFICATION OF WEATHERING PRODUCTS

Term	Abbreviation	Definition	Term	Abbreviation	Point Load Index, $I_{s(50)}$ (MPa)	Field Guide
<b>Residual Soil</b>	<b>RS</b>	Soil derived from the weathering of rock; the mass structure and substance fabric are no longer evident; there is a large change in volume but the soil has not been significantly transported.	<b>Very Low</b>	<b>VL</b>	Less than 0.1	Material crumbles under firm blows with sharp end of pick; can be peeled with a knife; pieces up to 30mm thick can be broken by finger pressure.
<b>Extremely Weathered Material</b>	<b>XW</b>	Material is weathered to such an extent that it has soil properties, ie, it either disintegrates or can be remoulded in water. Original rock fabric still visible.	<b>Low</b>	<b>L</b>	0.1 to 0.3	Easily scored with a knife; indentations 1mm to 3mm show with firm bows of a pick point; has a dull sound under hammer. Pieces of core 150mm long by 50mm diameter may be broken by hand. Sharp edges of core may be friable and break during handling.
<b>Highly Weathered Rock</b>	<b>HW</b>	Rock strength is changed by weathering. The whole of the rock substance is discoloured, usually by iron staining or bleaching to the extent that the colour of the original rock is not recognisable. Some minerals are decomposed to clay minerals. Porosity may be increased by leaching or may be decreased due to the deposition of minerals in pores.	<b>Medium</b>	<b>M</b>	0.3 to 1.0	Readily scored with a knife; a piece of core 150mm long by 50mm diameter can be broken by hand with difficulty.
<b>Moderately Weathered Rock</b>	<b>MW</b>	The whole of the rock substance is discoloured, usually by iron staining or bleaching, to the extent that the colour of the fresh rock is no longer recognisable.	<b>High</b>	<b>H</b>	1 to 3	A piece of core 150mm long by 50mm can not be broken by hand but can be broken by a pick with a single firm blow; rock rings under hammer.
<b>Slightly Weathered Rock</b>	<b>SW</b>	Rock substance affected by weathering to the extent that partial staining or partial discolouration of the rock substance (usually by limonite) has taken place. The colour and texture of the fresh rock is recognisable; strength properties are essentially those of the fresh rock substance.	<b>Very High</b>	<b>VH</b>	3 to 10	Hand specimen breaks after more than one blow of a pick; rock rings under hammer.
<b>Fresh Rock</b>	<b>FR</b>	Rock substance unaffected by weathering.	<b>Extremely High</b>	<b>EH</b>	More than 10	Specimen requires many blows with geological pick to break; rock rings under hammer.


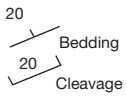






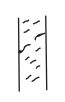












### Notes on Weathering:

- AS1726 suggests the term "Distinctly Weathered" (DW) to cover the range of substance weathering conditions between XW and SW. For projects where it is not practical to delineate between HW and MW or it is judged that there is no advantage in making such a distinction. DW may be used with the definition given in AS1726.
- Where physical and chemical changes were caused by hot gasses and liquids associated with igneous rocks, the term "altered" may be substituted for "weathering" to give the abbreviations XA, HA, MA, SA and DA.

### Notes on Rock Substance Strength:

- In anisotropic rocks the field guide to strength applies to the strength perpendicular to the anisotropy. High strength anisotropic rocks may break readily parallel to the planar anisotropy.
- The term "extremely low" is not used as a rock substance strength term. While the term is used in AS1726-1993, the field guide therein makes it clear that materials in that strength range are soils in engineering terms.
- The unconfined compressive strength for isotropic rocks (and anisotropic rocks which fall across the planar anisotropy) is typically 10 to 25 times the point load index  $I_{s(50)}$ . The ratio may vary for different rock types. Lower strength rocks often have lower ratios than higher strength rocks.

## Rock Description Explanation Sheet (2 of 2)

COMMON DEFECTS IN ROCK MASSES		Diagram	Map Symbol	Graphic Log (Note 1)	DEFECT SHAPE	TERMS
Term	Definition				Planar	The defect does not vary in orientation
<b>Parting</b>	A surface or crack across which the rock has little or no tensile strength. Parallel or sub parallel to layering (eg bedding) or a planar anisotropy in the rock substance (eg, cleavage). May be open or closed.				<b>Curved</b>	The defect has a gradual change in orientation
<b>Joint</b>	A surface or crack across which the rock has little or no tensile strength, but which is not parallel or sub parallel to layering or planar anisotropy in the rock substance. May be open or closed.				<b>Undulating</b>	The defect has a wavy surface
<b>Sheared Zone (Note 3)</b>	Zone of rock substance with roughly parallel near planar, curved or undulating boundaries cut by closely spaced joints, sheared surfaces or other defects. Some of the defects are usually curved and intersect to divide the mass into lenticular or wedge shaped blocks.				<b>Stepped</b>	The defect has one or more well defined steps
<b>Sheared Surface (Note 3)</b>	A near planar, curved or undulating surface which is usually smooth, polished or slickensided.				<b>Irregular</b>	The defect has many sharp changes of orientation
<b>Crushed Seam (Note 3)</b>	Seam with roughly parallel almost planar boundaries, composed of disoriented, usually angular fragments of the host rock substance which may be more weathered than the host rock. The seam has soil properties.				<b>ROUGHNESS TERMS</b>	
<b>Infilled Seam</b>	Seam of soil substance usually with distinct roughly parallel boundaries formed by the migration of soil into an open cavity or joint, infilled seams less than 1mm thick may be described as veneer or coating on joint surface.				<b>Slickensided</b>	Grooved or striated surface, usually polished
<b>Extremely Weathered Seam</b>	Seam of soil substance, often with gradational boundaries. Formad by weathering of the rock substance in place.				<b>Polished</b>	Shiny smooth surface
<b>Notes on Defects:</b>				<b>COATING TERMS</b>		
1. Usually borehole logs show the true dip of defects and face sketches and sections the apparent dip.				<b>Clean</b>		
2. Partings and joints are not usually shown on the graphic log unless considered significant.				<b>Stained</b>		
3. Sheared zones, sheared surfaces and crushed seams are faults in geological terms.				<b>Veneer</b>		
				<b>Coating</b>		
				<b>BLOCK SHAPE TERMS</b>		
				<b>Blocky</b>		
				<b>Tabular</b>		
				<b>Columnar</b>		



## **Appendix B – Laboratory Test Certificates**

## Certificate of Analysis

Coffey Geotechnics Pty Ltd Chatswood  
Level 18, Tower B, Citadel Tower 799 Pacific Highway  
Chatswood  
NSW 2067



NATA Accredited  
Accreditation Number 1261  
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025.  
The results of the tests, calibrations and/or  
measurements included in this document are traceable  
to Australian/national standards.

Attention: **Bernice Cahill**

Report **470640-S**  
Project name SYDNEY ONE  
Project ID GEOTLCOV24CC1AF  
Received Date Sep 01, 2015

Client Sample ID			BH03_(0.5-0.6)	BH03_(1.0-1.1)	BH03_(2.0-2.1)	BH03_(3.4-3.5)
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins   mgt Sample No.			S15-Se00378	S15-Se00379	S15-Se00380	S15-Se00382
Date Sampled			Aug 24, 2015	Aug 24, 2015	Aug 24, 2015	Aug 24, 2015
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions</b>						
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	210	-	< 50	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	790	-	< 50	< 50
TRH C10-36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	1000	-	< 50	< 50
<b>BTEX</b>						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	-	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	60	-	84	71
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>						
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1) <sup>N04</sup>	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) <sup>N01</sup>	50	mg/kg	< 50	-	< 50	< 50
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons</b>						
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.6	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.9	-	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	2.1	-	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	1.3	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	0.8	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	0.9	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	0.9	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	2.3	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	-	< 0.5	< 0.5

Client Sample ID			BH03_(0.5-0.6)	BH03_(1.0-1.1)	BH03_(2.0-2.1)	BH03_(3.4-3.5)
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins   mgt Sample No.			S15-Se00378	S15-Se00379	S15-Se00380	S15-Se00382
Date Sampled			Aug 24, 2015	Aug 24, 2015	Aug 24, 2015	Aug 24, 2015
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons</b>						
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	2.5	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	13	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	91	-	114	112
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	84	-	109	104
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>						
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	-	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	670	-	< 100	< 100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	850	-	< 100	< 100
Chloride	10	mg/kg	-	71	45	56
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract)	0.1	pH Units	-	6.8	7.4	7.3
Sulphate (as SO <sub>4</sub> )	10	mg/kg	-	600	140	300
% Moisture	0.1	%	13	11	11	18
<b>Heavy Metals</b>						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	14	-	4.4	< 2
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	-	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	21	-	6.3	< 5
Copper	5	mg/kg	30	-	220	11
Lead	5	mg/kg	43	-	150	15
Mercury	0.05	mg/kg	0.24	-	0.25	0.11
Nickel	5	mg/kg	5.9	-	< 5	< 5
Zinc	5	mg/kg	43	-	66	5.6
<b>Chromium Suite</b>						
pH-KCL	0.1	pH Units	-	7.5	-	6.7
Acid trail - Titratable Actual Acidity	2	mol H <sup>+</sup> /t	-	< 2	-	< 2
sulfidic - TAA equiv. S% pyrite	0.02	% pyrite S	-	< 0.02	-	< 0.02
Chromium Reducible Sulfur <sup>S04</sup>	0.005	% S	-	0.090	-	0.22
Chromium Reducible Sulfur -acidity units	3	mol H <sup>+</sup> /t	-	56	-	130
Sulfur - KCl Extractable	0.02	% S	-	n/a	-	n/a
HCl Extractable Sulfur	0.02	% S	-	n/a	-	n/a
Net Acid soluble sulfur	0.02	% S	-	n/a	-	n/a
Net Acid soluble sulfur - acidity units	10	mol H <sup>+</sup> /t	-	n/a	-	n/a
Net Acid soluble sulfur - equivalent S% pyrite <sup>S02</sup>	0.02	% S	-	n/a	-	n/a
Acid Neutralising Capacity (ANCbt)	0.01	%CaCO <sub>3</sub>	-	0.76	-	1.5
Acid Neutralising Capacity - acidity (ANCbt)	2	mol H <sup>+</sup> /t	-	150	-	300
Acid Neutralising Capacity - equivalent S% pyrite (s-ANCbt) <sup>S03</sup>	0.02	% S	-	0.24	-	0.49
ANC Fineness Factor		factor	-	1.5	-	1.5
Net Acidity (Sulfur Units)	0.02	% S	-	< 0.02	-	< 0.02
Net Acidity (Acidity Units)	10	mol H <sup>+</sup> /t	-	< 10	-	< 10
Liming Rate <sup>S01</sup>	1	kg CaCO <sub>3</sub> /t	-	< 1	-	< 1
<b>Extraneous Material</b>						
<2mm Fraction	0.005	g	-	n/a	-	n/a
>2mm Fraction	0.005	g	-	n/a	-	n/a
Analysed Material	0.1	%	-	100	-	100
Extraneous Material	0.1	%	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1



Client Sample ID			BH03_(3.5-3.9) Soil	BH03_(4.5-4.52) Soil	BH02_(2.1-2.3) Soil	BH02_(3.3-3.5) Soil
Sample Matrix			S15-Se00383	S15-Se00384	S15-Se00385	S15-Se00386
Eurofins   mgt Sample No.			Aug 24, 2015	Aug 24, 2015	Aug 27, 2015	Aug 27, 2015
Date Sampled						
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions</b>						
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	-
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	-
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	-	-	< 50	-
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	-	-	< 50	-
TRH C10-36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	-	-	< 50	-
<b>BTEX</b>						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.3	-
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	-	-	71	-
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>						
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	-
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1) <sup>N04</sup>	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	-
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) <sup>N01</sup>	50	mg/kg	-	-	< 50	-
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons</b>						
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	0.6	-
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	1.2	-
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	-	-	115	-
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	-	-	106	-
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>						
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	-	-	< 50	-
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	-	-	< 100	-
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	-	-	< 100	-

Client Sample ID			BH03_(3.5-3.9)	BH03_(4.5-4.52)	BH02_(2.1-2.3)	BH02_(3.3-3.5)
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins   mgt Sample No.			S15-Se00383	S15-Se00384	S15-Se00385	S15-Se00386
Date Sampled			Aug 24, 2015	Aug 24, 2015	Aug 27, 2015	Aug 27, 2015
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Chloride	10	mg/kg	-	-	-	1400
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract)	0.1	pH Units	-	-	-	8.2
Sulphate (as SO <sub>4</sub> )	10	mg/kg	-	-	-	330
% Moisture	0.1	%	20	12	22	28
<b>Heavy Metals</b>						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	-	-	< 2	-
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.4	-
Chromium	5	mg/kg	-	-	< 5	-
Copper	5	mg/kg	-	-	15	-
Lead	5	mg/kg	-	-	22	-
Mercury	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	0.08	-
Nickel	5	mg/kg	-	-	< 5	-
Zinc	5	mg/kg	-	-	21	-
<b>Chromium Suite</b>						
pH-KCL	0.1	pH Units	8.6	9.1	8.9	8.8
Acid trail - Titratable Actual Acidity	2	mol H <sup>+</sup> /t	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2
sulfidic - TAA equiv. S% pyrite	0.02	% pyrite S	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Chromium Reducible Sulfur <sup>S04</sup>	0.005	% S	0.28	0.17	0.021	0.23
Chromium Reducible Sulfur -acidity units	3	mol H <sup>+</sup> /t	170	100	13	140
Sulfur - KCl Extractable	0.02	% S	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
HCl Extractable Sulfur	0.02	% S	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Net Acid soluble sulfur	0.02	% S	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Net Acid soluble sulfur - acidity units	10	mol H <sup>+</sup> /t	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Net Acid soluble sulfur - equivalent S% pyrite <sup>S02</sup>	0.02	% S	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Acid Neutralising Capacity (ANCbt)	0.01	%CaCO <sub>3</sub>	5.7	0.51	1.2	1.0
Acid Neutralising Capacity - acidity (ANCbt)	2	mol H <sup>+</sup> /t	1100	100	230	200
Acid Neutralising Capacity - equivalent S% pyrite (s-ANCbt) <sup>S03</sup>	0.02	% S	1.8	0.16	0.37	0.32
ANC Fineness Factor		factor	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Net Acidity (Sulfur Units)	0.02	% S	< 0.02	0.06	< 0.02	< 0.02
Net Acidity (Acidity Units)	10	mol H <sup>+</sup> /t	< 10	36	< 10	< 10
Liming Rate <sup>S01</sup>	1	kg CaCO <sub>3</sub> /t	< 1	3.0	< 1	1.0
<b>Extraneous Material</b>						
<2mm Fraction	0.005	g	170	150	n/a	n/a
>2mm Fraction	0.005	g	64	43	n/a	n/a
Analysed Material	0.1	%	73	78	100	100
Extraneous Material	0.1	%	27	22	< 0.1	< 0.1

<b>Client Sample ID</b>			<b>BH02_(3.5-3.95)</b>	<b>BH02_(4.5-4.95)</b>	<b>QC1</b>
<b>Sample Matrix</b>			<b>Soil</b>	<b>Soil</b>	<b>Soil</b>
<b>Eurofins   mgt Sample No.</b>			<b>S15-Se00387</b>	<b>S15-Se00389</b>	<b>S15-Se00390</b>
<b>Date Sampled</b>			<b>Aug 27, 2015</b>	<b>Aug 27, 2015</b>	<b>Aug 27, 2015</b>
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit			
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions</b>					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	-	-	170
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	-	-	780
TRH C10-36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	-	-	950
<b>BTEX</b>					
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	-	-	80
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>					
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1) <sup>N04</sup>	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) <sup>N01</sup>	50	mg/kg	-	-	< 50
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons</b>					
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	1.0
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	1.3
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	1.6
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	1.1
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	0.8
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	0.6
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	0.8
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	0.6
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	0.7
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	2.0
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	1.0
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	2.2
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	9.8
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	-	-	113
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	-	-	104
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>					
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	-	-	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	-	-	790
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	-	-	630
% Moisture	0.1	%	24	19	13



<b>Client Sample ID</b>			<b>BH02_(3.5-3.95)</b>	<b>BH02_(4.5-4.95)</b>	<b>QC1</b>
<b>Sample Matrix</b>			<b>Soil</b>	<b>Soil</b>	<b>Soil</b>
<b>Eurofins   mgt Sample No.</b>			<b>S15-Se00387</b>	<b>S15-Se00389</b>	<b>S15-Se00390</b>
<b>Date Sampled</b>			<b>Aug 27, 2015</b>	<b>Aug 27, 2015</b>	<b>Aug 27, 2015</b>
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit			
<b>Heavy Metals</b>					
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	-	-	5.6
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	-	-	11
Copper	5	mg/kg	-	-	10
Lead	5	mg/kg	-	-	91
Mercury	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	0.31
Nickel	5	mg/kg	-	-	6.4
Zinc	5	mg/kg	-	-	47
<b>Chromium Suite</b>					
pH-KCL	0.1	pH Units	8.8	9.1	-
Acid trail - Titratable Actual Acidity	2	mol H+/t	< 2	< 2	-
sulfidic - TAA equiv. S% pyrite	0.02	% pyrite S	< 0.02	< 0.02	-
Chromium Reducible Sulfur <sup>S04</sup>	0.005	% S	0.42	0.22	-
Chromium Reducible Sulfur -acidity units	3	mol H+/t	260	140	-
Sulfur - KCl Extractable	0.02	% S	n/a	n/a	-
HCl Extractable Sulfur	0.02	% S	n/a	n/a	-
Net Acid soluble sulfur	0.02	% S	n/a	n/a	-
Net Acid soluble sulfur - acidity units	10	mol H+/t	n/a	n/a	-
Net Acid soluble sulfur - equivalent S% pyrite <sup>S02</sup>	0.02	% S	n/a	n/a	-
Acid Neutralising Capacity (ANCbt)	0.01	%CaCO3	3.8	5.4	-
Acid Neutralising Capacity - acidity (ANCbt)	2	mol H+/t	760	1100	-
Acid Neutralising Capacity - equivalent S% pyrite (s-ANCbt) <sup>S03</sup>	0.02	% S	1.2	1.7	-
ANC Fineness Factor		factor	1.5	1.5	-
Net Acidity (Sulfur Units)	0.02	% S	< 0.02	< 0.02	-
Net Acidity (Acidity Units)	10	mol H+/t	< 10	< 10	-
Liming Rate <sup>S01</sup>	1	kg CaCO3/t	< 1	< 1	-
<b>Extraneous Material</b>					
<2mm Fraction	0.005	g	130	32	-
>2mm Fraction	0.005	g	27	26	-
Analysed Material	0.1	%	83	55	-
Extraneous Material	0.1	%	17	45	-

## Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction and analysis is reported.  
A recent review of our LIMS has resulted in the correction or clarification of some method identifications. Due to this, some of the method reference information on reports has changed. However, no substantive change has been made to our laboratory methods, and as such there is no change in the validity of current or previous results (regarding both quality and NATA accreditation).

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions - Method: TRH C6-C36 - LTM-ORG-2010	Sydney	Sep 03, 2015	14 Day
BTEX - Method: TRH C6-C40 - LTM-ORG-2010	Sydney	Sep 03, 2015	14 Day
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions - Method: TRH C6-C40 - LTM-ORG-2010	Sydney	Sep 03, 2015	14 Day
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons - Method: E007 Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)	Sydney	Sep 03, 2015	14 Day
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions - Method: TRH C6-C40 - LTM-ORG-2010	Sydney	Sep 03, 2015	14 Day
Metals M8 - Method: LTM-MET-3040_R0 TOTAL AND DISSOLVED METALS AND MERCURY IN WATERS BY ICP-MS	Sydney	Sep 03, 2015	28 Day
Eurofins   mgt Suite B18			
Chloride - Method: E033 /E045 /E047 Chloride	Sydney	Sep 04, 2015	28 Day
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract) - Method: LTM-GEN-7090 pH in soil by ISE	Sydney	Sep 04, 2015	7 Day
Sulphate (as SO <sub>4</sub> ) - Method: E045 Sulphate	Sydney	Sep 04, 2015	28 Day
% Moisture - Method: LTM-GEN-7080 Moisture	Sydney	Sep 01, 2015	14 Day
Chromium Suite			
Chromium Suite - Method: LTM-GEN-7070	Brisbane	Sep 08, 2015	6 Week
Extraneous Material - Method: LTM-GEN-7050/7070	Brisbane	Sep 08, 2015	6 Week

**Company Name:** Coffey Geotechnics Pty Ltd Chatswood  
**Address:** Level 18, Tower B, Citadel Tower 799 Pacific Highway  
Chatswood  
NSW 2067  
**Project Name:** SYDNEY ONE  
**Project ID:** GEOTLCOV24CC1AF

**Order No.:**  
**Report #:** 470640  
**Phone:** +61 2 9406 1000  
**Fax:** +61 2 9406 1002

**Received:** Sep 1, 2015 10:27 AM  
**Due:** Sep 9, 2015  
**Priority:** 6 Day  
**Contact Name:** Bernice Cahill

Eurofins | mgt Client Manager: Charl Du Preez

Sample Detail					Asbestos Absence /Presence	HOLD	Eurofins   mgt Suite B18	Chromium Suite	Moisture Set	Moisture Set	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7
Laboratory where analysis is conducted											
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA Site # 1254 & 14271											
Sydney Laboratory - NATA Site # 18217					X	X	X		X	X	X
Brisbane Laboratory - NATA Site # 20794							X	X	X	X	
External Laboratory											
Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID							
BH03_(0.5-0.6)	Aug 24, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00378	X					X	X
BH03_(1.0-1.1)	Aug 24, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00379			X	X		X	
BH03_(2.0-2.1)	Aug 24, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00380	X		X			X	X
BH03_(2.9-3.0)	Aug 24, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00381		X					
BH03_(3.4-3.5)	Aug 24, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00382			X	X		X	X
BH03_(3.5-3.9)	Aug 24, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00383				X	X		
BH03_(4.5-4.52)	Aug 24, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00384				X	X		
BH02_(2.1-2.3)	Aug 27, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00385				X		X	X



**Company Name:** Coffey Geotechnics Pty Ltd Chatswood  
**Address:** Level 18, Tower B, Citadel Tower 799 Pacific Highway  
Chatswood  
NSW 2067  
**Project Name:** SYDNEY ONE  
**Project ID:** GEOTLCOV24CC1AF

**Order No.:**  
**Report #:** 470640  
**Phone:** +61 2 9406 1000  
**Fax:** +61 2 9406 1002

**Received:** Sep 1, 2015 10:27 AM  
**Due:** Sep 9, 2015  
**Priority:** 6 Day  
**Contact Name:** Bernice Cahill

Eurofins | mgt Client Manager: Charl Du Preez

Sample Detail					Asbestos Absence /Presence	HOLD	Eurofins   mgt Suite B18	Chromium Suite	Moisture Set	Moisture Set	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7
Laboratory where analysis is conducted											
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA Site # 1254 & 14271											
Sydney Laboratory - NATA Site # 18217					X	X	X		X	X	X
Brisbane Laboratory - NATA Site # 20794							X	X	X	X	
External Laboratory											
BH02_(3.3-3.5)	Aug 27, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00386			X	X		X	
BH02_(3.5-3.95)	Aug 27, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00387				X	X		
BH02_(4.5-4.7)	Aug 27, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00388		X					
BH02_(4.5-4.95)	Aug 27, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00389				X	X		
QC1	Aug 27, 2015		Soil	S15-Se00390						X	X

## Eurofins | mgt Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary

### General

1. Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
4. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries.
5. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
6. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis. 7. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

### Holding Times

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the Sample Receipt Advice.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

**\*\*NOTE:** pH duplicates are reported as a range NOT as RPD

### UNITS

**mg/kg:** milligrams per Kilogram

**ug/l:** micrograms per litre

**ppb:** Parts per billion

**org/100ml:** Organisms per 100 millilitres

**MPN/100mL:** Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

**mg/l:** milligrams per litre

**ppm:** Parts per million

**%:** Percentage

**NTU:** Nephelometric Turbidity Units

### TERMS

<b>Dry</b>	Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.
<b>LOR</b>	Limit of Reporting.
<b>SPIKE</b>	Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.
<b>RPD</b>	Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.
<b>LCS</b>	Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery
<b>CRM</b>	Certified Reference Material - reported as percent recovery
<b>Method Blank</b>	In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands. In the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.
<b>Surr - Surrogate</b>	The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.
<b>Duplicate</b>	A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.
<b>Batch Duplicate</b>	A second piece of analysis from a sample outside of the clients batch of samples but run within the laboratory batch of analysis.
<b>Batch SPIKE</b>	Spike recovery reported on a sample from outside of the clients batch of samples but run within the laboratory batch of analysis.
<b>USEPA</b>	United States Environmental Protection Agency
<b>APHA</b>	American Public Health Association
<b>ASLP</b>	Australian Standard Leaching Procedure (AS4439.3)
<b>TCLP</b>	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
<b>COC</b>	Chain of Custody
<b>SRA</b>	Sample Receipt Advice
<b>CP</b>	Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report
<b>NCP</b>	Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within
<b>TEQ</b>	Toxic Equivalency Quotient

### QC - ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR : No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-50%

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

Surrogate Recoveries : Recoveries must lie between 50-150% - Phenols 20-130%.

### QC DATA GENERAL COMMENTS

1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
3. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis - where reporting LCS data, Toxophene & Chlordane are not added to the LCS.
4. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis - where reporting Spike data, Toxophene is not added to the Spike.
5. Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - where reporting Spike & LCS data, a single spike of commercial Hydrocarbon products in the range of C12-C30 is added and it's Total Recovery is reported in the C10-C14 cell of the Report.
6. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory - Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time. Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
7. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) - where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of Recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
8. Polychlorinated Biphenyls are spiked only using Arochlor 1260 in Matrix Spikes and LCS's.
9. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash " - " in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
10. Duplicate RPD's are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data.

## Quality Control Results

Test	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions</b>							
TRH C6-C9	mg/kg	< 20			20	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	mg/kg	< 20			20	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	mg/kg	< 50			50	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	mg/kg	< 50			50	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>BTEX</b>							
Benzene	mg/kg	< 0.1			0.1	Pass	
Toluene	mg/kg	< 0.1			0.1	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	< 0.1			0.1	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	mg/kg	< 0.2			0.2	Pass	
o-Xylene	mg/kg	< 0.1			0.1	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	mg/kg	< 0.3			0.3	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>							
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	mg/kg	< 20			20	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons</b>							
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Chrysene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Fluorene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
Pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5			0.5	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>							
TRH >C10-C16	mg/kg	< 50			50	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	mg/kg	< 100			100	Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	mg/kg	< 100			100	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
Chloride	mg/kg	< 10			10	Pass	
Sulphate (as SO4)	mg/kg	< 10			10	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Heavy Metals</b>							
Arsenic	mg/kg	< 2			2	Pass	
Cadmium	mg/kg	< 0.4			0.4	Pass	
Chromium	mg/kg	< 5			5	Pass	
Copper	mg/kg	< 5			5	Pass	
Lead	mg/kg	< 5			5	Pass	
Mercury	mg/kg	< 0.05			0.05	Pass	



Test	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Nickel	mg/kg	< 5			5	Pass	
Zinc	mg/kg	< 5			5	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions</b>							
TRH C6-C9	%	82			70-130	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	%	76			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>BTEX</b>							
Benzene	%	89			70-130	Pass	
Toluene	%	76			70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	%	73			70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	%	77			70-130	Pass	
o-Xylene	%	78			70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	%	77			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>							
Naphthalene	%	70			70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	%	85			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons</b>							
Acenaphthene	%	103			70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	%	100			70-130	Pass	
Anthracene	%	109			70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	%	106			70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	%	88			70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	%	76			70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	%	92			70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	%	90			70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	%	92			70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	%	92			70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	%	110			70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	%	102			70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	%	95			70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	%	100			70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	%	111			70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	%	111			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>							
TRH >C10-C16	%	77			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
Chloride	%	100			70-130	Pass	
Sulphate (as SO4)	%	100			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Heavy Metals</b>							
Arsenic	%	110			70-130	Pass	
Cadmium	%	112			70-130	Pass	
Chromium	%	102			70-130	Pass	
Copper	%	106			70-130	Pass	
Lead	%	107			70-130	Pass	
Mercury	%	112			70-130	Pass	
Nickel	%	111			70-130	Pass	
Zinc	%	107			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Chromium Suite</b>							

Test				Units	Result 1		Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Chromium Reducible Sulfur				%	101		70-130	Pass	
Acid Neutralising Capacity (ANCbt)				%	101		70-130	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source		Units	Result 1		Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>BTEX</b>					Result 1				
Benzene	S15-Se03821	NCP	%		76		70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>					Result 1				
Naphthalene	S15-Se03821	NCP	%		82		70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons</b>					Result 1				
Acenaphthene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		104		70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		105		70-130	Pass	
Anthracene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		108		70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		122		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		84		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		92		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		98		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		106		70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		84		70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		100		70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		115		70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		107		70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		101		70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		100		70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		110		70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	S15-Se01940	NCP	%		116		70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>Heavy Metals</b>					Result 1				
Arsenic	S15-Se00520	NCP	%		96		70-130	Pass	
Cadmium	S15-Se00520	NCP	%		101		70-130	Pass	
Chromium	S15-Se00520	NCP	%		82		70-130	Pass	
Copper	S15-Se01948	NCP	%		102		70-130	Pass	
Lead	S15-Se01411	NCP	%		107		70-130	Pass	
Mercury	S15-Se00520	NCP	%		111		70-130	Pass	
Nickel	S15-Se00520	NCP	%		95		70-130	Pass	
Zinc	S15-Se00520	NCP	%		86		70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
					Result 1				
Chloride	S15-Se00379	CP	%		113		70-130	Pass	
Sulphate (as SO4)	S15-Se00379	CP	%		83		70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions</b>					Result 1				
TRH C6-C9	S15-Se00380	CP	%		87		70-130	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	S15-Se00380	CP	%		80		70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>BTEX</b>					Result 1				
Toluene	S15-Se00380	CP	%		93		70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S15-Se00380	CP	%		88		70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	S15-Se00380	CP	%		92		70-130	Pass	
o-Xylene	S15-Se00380	CP	%		92		70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	S15-Se00380	CP	%		92		70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>					Result 1				

Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
TRH C6-C10	S15-Se00380	CP	%	96			70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>				Result 1					
TRH >C10-C16	S15-Se00380	CP	%	84			70-130	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
<b>Duplicate</b>									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions</b>				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	210	170	18	30%	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	790	870	10	30%	Pass	
<b>Duplicate</b>									
<b>BTEX</b>				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	<1	30%	Pass	
<b>Duplicate</b>									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Naphthalene	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
<b>Duplicate</b>									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH >C10-C16	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	670	690	2.0	30%	Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	S15-Se00378	CP	mg/kg	850	690	21	30%	Pass	
<b>Duplicate</b>									
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Chloride	S15-Se00379	CP	mg/kg	71	54	28	30%	Pass	
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract)	S15-Se00379	CP	pH Units	6.8	6.9	pass	30%	Pass	
Sulphate (as SO4)	S15-Se00379	CP	mg/kg	600	490	21	30%	Pass	
<b>Duplicate</b>									
<b>Chromium Suite</b>				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
pH-KCL	S15-Se00379	CP	pH Units	7.5	7.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Acid trail - Titratable Actual Acidity	S15-Se00379	CP	mol H+/t	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
sulfidic - TAA equiv. S% pyrite	S15-Se00379	CP	% pyrite S	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium Reducible Sulfur	S15-Se00379	CP	% S	0.090	0.086	5.0	30%	Pass	
Chromium Reducible Sulfur -acidity units	S15-Se00379	CP	mol H+/t	56	53	5.0	30%	Pass	
Sulfur - KCl Extractable	S15-Se00379	CP	% S	n/a	n/a	n/a	30%	Pass	
HCl Extractable Sulfur	S15-Se00379	CP	% S	n/a	n/a	n/a	30%	Pass	
Net Acid soluble sulfur	S15-Se00379	CP	% S	n/a	n/a	n/a	30%	Pass	
Net Acid soluble sulfur - acidity units	S15-Se00379	CP	mol H+/t	n/a	n/a	n/a	30%	Pass	
Net Acid soluble sulfur - equivalent S% pyrite	S15-Se00379	CP	% S	n/a	n/a	n/a	30%	Pass	
Acid Neutralising Capacity (ANCbt)	S15-Se00379	CP	%CaCO3	0.76	0.76	<1	30%	Pass	
Acid Neutralising Capacity - equivalent S% pyrite (s-ANCbt)	S15-Se00379	CP	% S	0.24	0.24	<1	30%	Pass	
ANC Fineness Factor	S15-Se00379	CP	factor	1.5	1.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Net Acidity (Sulfur Units)	S15-Se00379	CP	% S	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass	
Net Acidity (Acidity Units)	S15-Se00379	CP	mol H+/t	< 10	< 10	<1	30%	Pass	
Liming Rate	S15-Se00379	CP	kg CaCO3/t	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	



Duplicate								
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		
% Moisture	S15-Se00383	CP	%	20	21	7.0	30%	Pass
Duplicate								
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		
Acenaphthene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Acenaphthylene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Anthracene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Benz(a)anthracene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Benzo(a)pyrene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Chrysene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Fluoranthene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Fluorene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Naphthalene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Phenanthrene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Pyrene	S15-Se00385	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass
Duplicate								
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		
% Moisture	S15-Se00386	CP	%	28	24	13	30%	Pass
Duplicate								
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		
Arsenic	S15-Se00390	CP	mg/kg	5.6	6.0	9.0	30%	Pass
Cadmium	S15-Se00390	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass
Chromium	S15-Se00390	CP	mg/kg	11	12	10	30%	Pass
Copper	S15-Se00390	CP	mg/kg	10	12	15	30%	Pass
Lead	S15-Se00390	CP	mg/kg	91	87	5.0	30%	Pass
Mercury	S15-Se00390	CP	mg/kg	0.31	0.34	9.0	30%	Pass
Nickel	S15-Se00390	CP	mg/kg	6.4	7.1	11	30%	Pass
Zinc	S15-Se00390	CP	mg/kg	47	62	28	30%	Pass

## Comments

### Sample Integrity

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	Yes
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

### Qualifier Codes/Comments

Code	Description
N01	F2 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "naphthalene" value from the ">C10-C16" value. The naphthalene value used in this calculation is obtained from volatiles (Purge & Trap analysis).
N02	Where we have reported both volatile (P&T GCMS) and semivolatile (GCMS) naphthalene data, results may not be identical. Provided correct sample handling protocols have been followed, any observed differences in results are likely to be due to procedural differences within each methodology. Results determined by both techniques have passed all QAQC acceptance criteria, and are entirely technically valid.
N04	F1 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "Total BTEX" value from the "C6-C10" value. The "Total BTEX" value is obtained by summing the concentrations of BTEX analytes. The "C6-C10" value is obtained by quantitating against a standard of mixed aromatic/aliphatic analytes.
N07	Please note:- These two PAH isomers closely co-elute using the most contemporary analytical methods and both the reported concentration (and the TEQ) apply specifically to the total of the two co-eluting PAHs
S01	Liming rate is calculated and reported on a dry weight basis assuming use of fine agricultural lime (CaCO3) and using a safety factor of 1.5 to allow for non-homogeneous mixing and poor reactivity of lime. For conversion of Liming Rate from 'kg/t dry weight' to 'kg/m3 in-situ soil' multiply 'reported results' x 'wet bulk density of soil in t/m3'
S02	Retained Acidity is Reported when the pHKCl is less than pH 4.5
S03	Acid Neutralising Capacity is only required if the pHKCl is greater than or equal to pH 6.5
S04	Acid Sulfate Soil Samples have a 24 hour holding time unless frozen or dried within that period

### Authorised By

Charl Du Preez	Analytical Services Manager
Bob Symons	Senior Analyst-Inorganic (NSW)
Bryan Wilson	Senior Analyst-Metal (QLD)
Ivan Taylor	Senior Analyst-Metal (NSW)
Nibha Vaidya	Senior Analyst-Asbestos (NSW)
Richard Corner	Senior Analyst-Inorganic (QLD)
Ryan Hamilton	Senior Analyst-Organic (NSW)
Ryan Hamilton	Senior Analyst-Volatile (NSW)



**Glenn Jackson**

**National Laboratory Manager**

Final report - this Report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

\* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Uncertainty data is available on request

Eurofins | mgt shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins | mgt be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

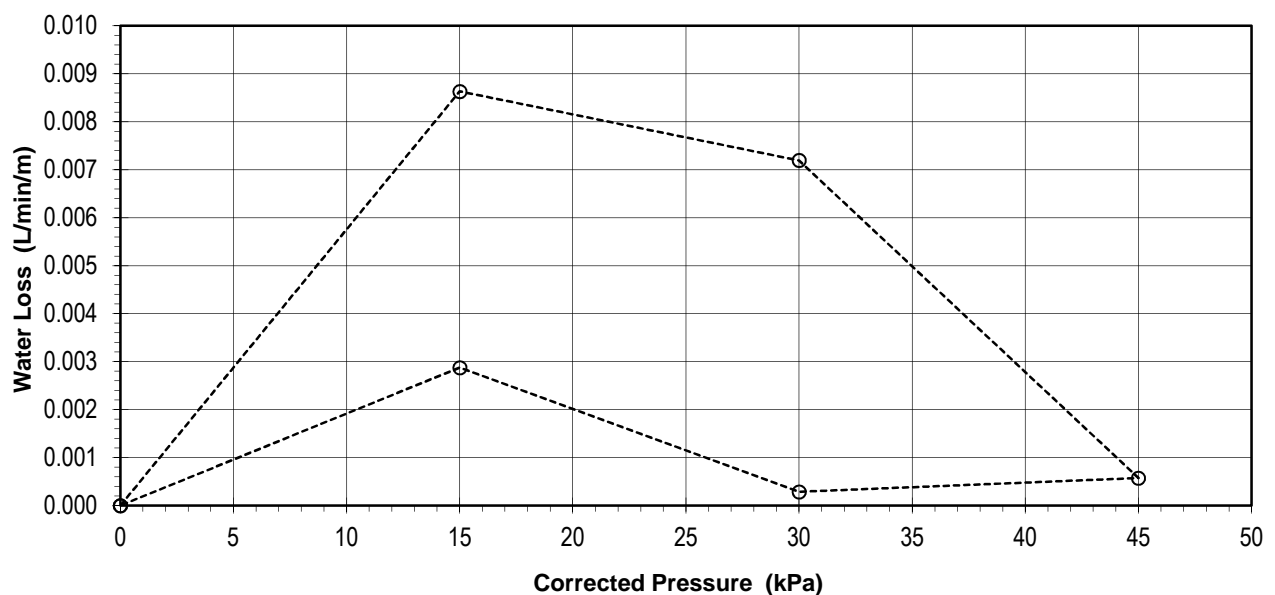
## **Appendix C – Pressure (Packer) Test Results**



## Borehole Water Pressure Test

Borehole	<b>BH03</b>
Depth Interval	<b>6.00 m to 12.95 m</b>
Client	<b>Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd</b>
Job No.	<b>GEOTLCOV24001AF</b>
Principal	
Test date	<b>25/8/2015</b>
Project	<b>Australia Sydney One Project</b>
Interpreted by	<b>BR</b>
Location	<b>Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW</b>
Checked	<b>RJB</b>

Test Details		Packer type	Borehole diam.		<b>50 mm</b>	
		Type of pump	Borehole inclination		<b>-90 degrees</b>	
		Pressure gauge	Test interval length		<b>6.95 m</b>	
time interval (min)	gauge pressure (kPa)	water loss (L)	flow rate (L/min)	pressure correction (kPa)	water loss rate (L/min/m)	corrected pressure (kPa)
5	15	1.1	0.22	0	0.03	15
5	15	1.1	0.22	0	0.03	15
5	15	0.6	0.12	0	0.02	15
5	15	0.3	0.06	0	0.01	15
5	15	0.3	0.06	0	0.01	15
5	30	0.3	0.05	0	0.01	30
5	30	0.3	0.05	0	0.01	30
5	45	0.2	0.05	0	0.01	45
5	45	0.0	0.00	0	0.00	45
5	45	0.0	0.00	0	0.00	45
5	30	0.0	0.00	0	0.00	30
5	30	0.0	0.00	0	0.00	30
5	15	0.1	0.02	0	0.00	15



Interpreted Lugeon Permeability: **0.3 uL** (L/min/m @ 1000 kPa)

## Borehole Water Pressure Test

Borehole **BH03**Depth Interval **13.00 m to 19.95 m**

Client **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

Job No. **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

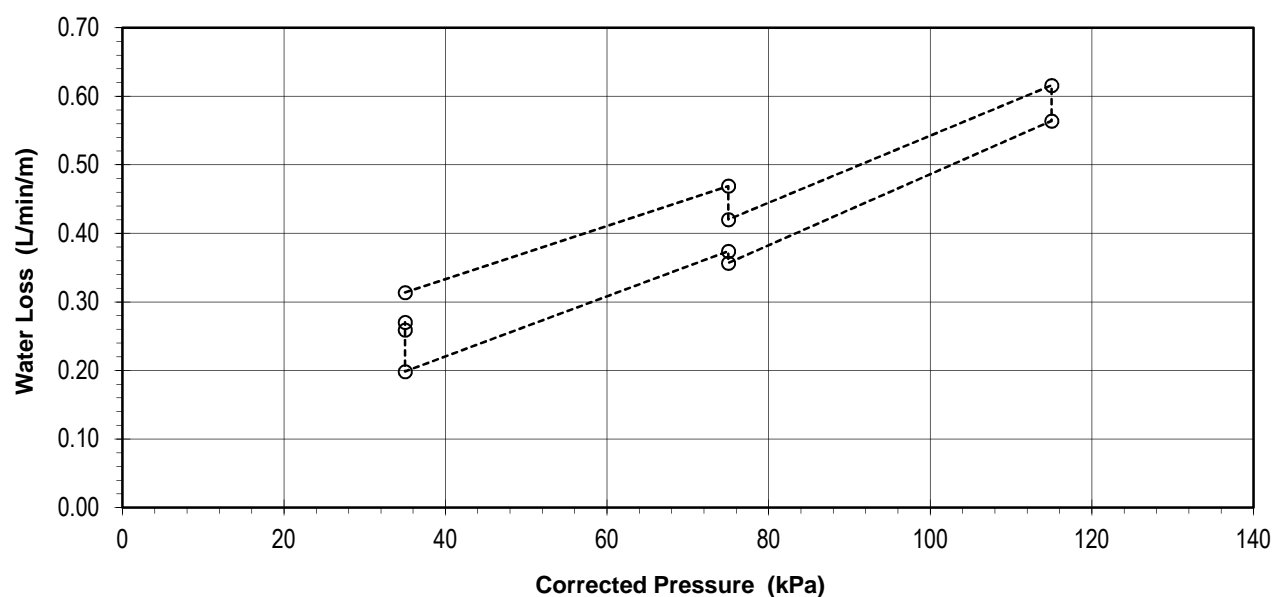
Principal

Test date **25/8/2015**Project **Australia Sydney One Project**Interpreted by **BR**

Location **Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW**

Checked **RJB**

Test Details		Packer type		Borehole diam.		<b>50 mm</b>	
		Type of pump		Borehole inclination		<b>-90 degrees</b>	
		Pressure gauge		Test interval length		<b>6.95 m</b>	
time interval (min)	gauge pressure (kPa)	water loss (L)	flow rate (L/min)	pressure correction (kPa)	water loss rate (L/min/m)	corrected pressure (kPa)	
5	35	11.9	2.38	0	0.34	35	
5	35	11.9	2.38	0	0.34	35	
5	35	10.9	2.18	0	0.31	35	
5	75	16.3	3.26	0	0.47	75	
5	75	14.6	2.92	0	0.42	75	
5	115	21.4	4.28	0	0.62	115	
5	115	19.6	3.92	0	0.56	115	
5	75	12.4	2.48	0	0.36	75	
5	75	13.0	2.60	0	0.37	75	
5	35	6.9	1.38	0	0.20	35	
5	35	9.0	1.80	0	0.26	35	
5	35	9.4	1.88	0	0.27	35	
5							

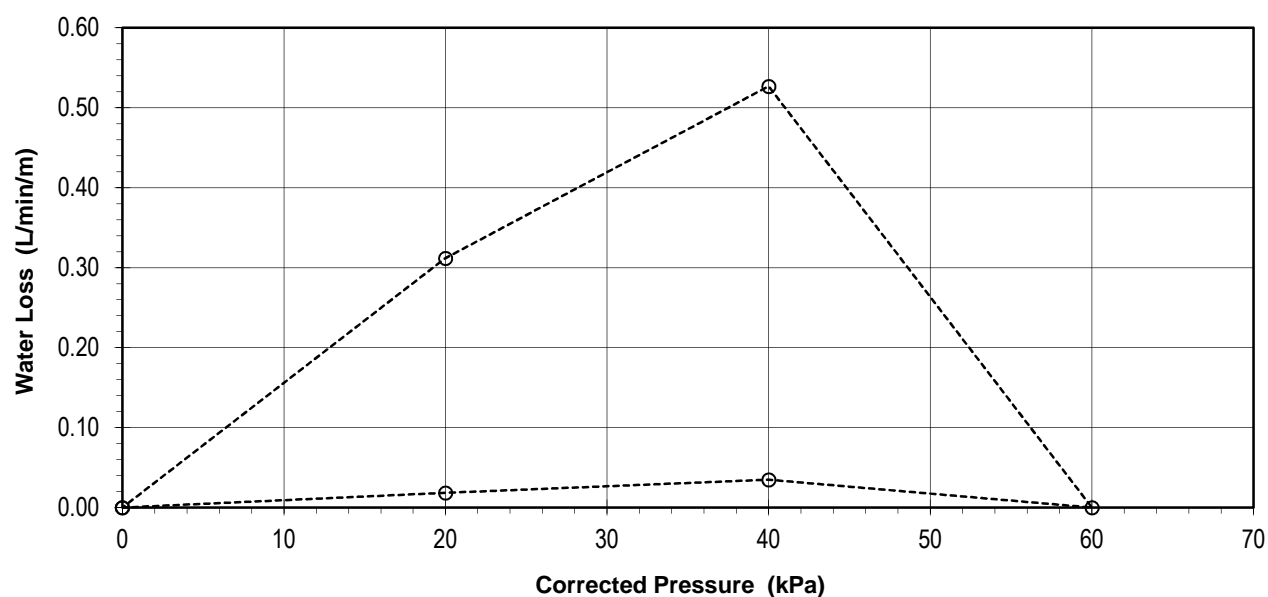


Interpreted Lugeon Permeability: **5.2 uL** (L/min/m @ 1000 kPa)

## Borehole Water Pressure Test

Borehole	<b>BH05</b>
Depth Interval	<b>7.00 m to 13.00 m</b>
Client	<b>Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd</b>
Job No.	<b>GEOTLCOV24001AF</b>
Principal	
Test date	<b>18/8/2015</b>
Project	<b>Australia Sydney One Project</b>
Interpreted by	<b>BR</b>
Location	<b>Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW</b>
Checked	<b>RJB</b>

Test Details		Packer type	<b>Pneumatic NQ</b>		Borehole diam.	<b>76 mm</b>	
		Type of pump			Borehole inclination	<b>-90 degrees</b>	
		Pressure gauge			Test interval length	<b>6.0 m</b>	
time interval (min)	gauge pressure (kPa)	water loss (L)	flow rate (L/min)	pressure correction (kPa)	water loss rate (L/min/m)	corrected pressure (kPa)	
5	20	1.1	0.22	0	0.04	20	
5	20	1.1	0.22	0	0.04	20	
5	20	0.7	0.13	0	0.02	20	
5	20	0.5	0.11	0	0.02	20	
5	40	1.0	0.19	0	0.03	40	
5	40	1.0	0.21	0	0.03	40	
5	60	0.0	0.01	0	0.00	60	
5	60	0.0		0			
5	40	0.0		0			
5	40	8.1	1.61	0	0.27	40	
5	40	15.2	3.04	0	0.51	40	
5	40	15.8	3.16	0	0.53	40	
5	20	10.0	1.99	0	0.33	20	



Interpreted Lugeon Permeability: **13.2 uL** (L/min/m @ 1000 kPa)

## **Appendix D – Rising Head Test Results**



# Piezometer Installation Log

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

principal:

project: **Sydney One Project**

location: **Rugby Place - northern Pitt Street Sydney**

Hole ID: **BH02**

sheet: 1 of 1

project no: **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

date started: **27 Aug 2015**

date completed: **29 Aug 2015**

logged by: **HT**

checked by: **MG**
















position: E: 334328; N: 6251675 (WGS84 Zone 56)








surface elevation: 2.40 m (AHD)

angle from horizontal: 90°

equipment type: Geo-205, Track mounted

casing diameter: HW

drilling information		material substance		piezometer construction details	
method & support	water	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	material name
 NDD  AD  HW casing  HQ	 Observed  23.00 m	0	4	 ASPHALT  FILL: Sandy GRAVEL  FILL: Silty SAND  SAND  SANDSTONE	 BH02-well  Cuttings  Bentonite  Sand
			8.80 m		
			9.80 m		
			11.00 m		
			12		
			-12		
			16		
			-16		
			20		
			-20		
			24		
			-24		
			28		
			-28		
					Borehole BH02 terminated at 25.00 m Target depth

method & support	graphic log / core recovery	ID	type	stick up & RL	tip depth & RL	install. date	water level
see engineering log for details <b>water</b>  10-Oct-12, water level on date shown  water inflow  complete drilling fluid loss  partial drilling fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	 core recovered (graphic symbols indicate material)  no core recovered	BH02-well	standpipe		20.00 m -17.60 m AHD	29/08/2015	

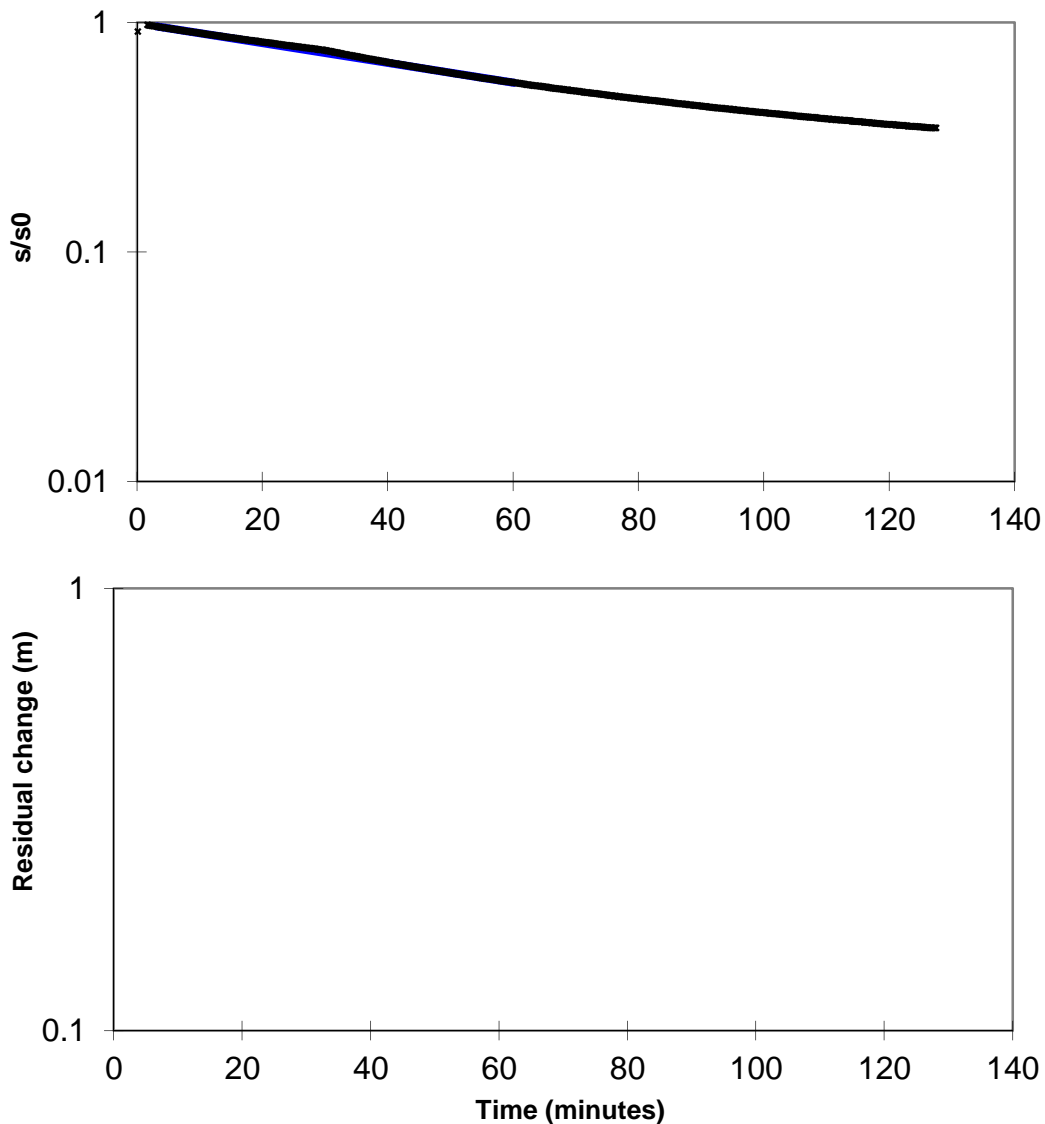
## **RIISING OR FALLING HEAD TEST ANALYSIS**

Bore Data	Units	Value
Initial groundwater level	m	5.09
Groundwater level at t=0	m	12.7
Casing radius (r)	m	0.025
Bore radius (R)	m	0.05
Screened interval length (L)	m	8
Match time start	min	3
Match time end	min	60
Characteristic Time (t <sub>0</sub> )	min	99.90
Hydraulic Conductivity (K)	m/day	0.0029


Borehole: BH02

**Method Developed by  
Hvorslev (1951)**

$$K = \frac{r^2 \ln(L/R)}{2Lt_0}$$



Reference: Hvorslev, M.J. (1951), Time lag and soil permeability in ground water observations. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Waterway Experimentation Station, Bulletin 36.

drawn	BR		client:	WANDA ONE SYDNEY PTY LTD	
approved	RJB		project:	SYDNEY ONE PROJECT	
date	28 Sep 2015			PITT STREET, SYDNEY	
scale	AS SHOWN		title:	RISING HEAD TEST - BH02	
original size	A4		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	

# Piezometer Installation Log

client: **Wanda One Sydney Pty Ltd**

principal:

project: **Sydney One Project**

location: **Rugby Place - northern Pitt Street Sydney**

Hole ID: **BH03**

sheet: 1 of 1

project no. **GEOTLCOV24001AF**

date started: **24 Aug 2015**

date completed: **26 Aug 2015**

logged by: **HT**

checked by: **MG**








position: E: 334305; N: 6251683 (WGS84 Zone 56)

surface elevation: 2.40 m (AHD)

angle from horizontal: 90°

equipment type: Geo-205, Track mounted

hole diameter : 100 mm

drilling information		material substance		piezometer construction details	
method & support	water	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	material name
 AD/T  CASING 25/08/15 07:30		0	0	 ROAD SURFACE: ASPHALT  ROAD SURFACE: CONCRETE  FILL: Clayey SAND  FILL: Silty SAND	
			4		Silty SAND
					SANDSTONE
			4.50 m		
			5.00 m		
			-4		
			-8		
			-12		
			-16		
			-20		SHALE BRECCIA
			-20		SANDSTONE
			-24		
			-24		Borehole BH03 terminated at 25.00 m Target depth
			-28		
			-28		

BH03-well








bore construction license:  
drilling company:  
driller:  
driller's permit no.:

Bentonite

ID: BH03-well PVC TYPE: uPVC  
ID/OD: 51/60.2 mm  
DESCRIPTION OF SLOTS: Slot Spacing = 4 mm,  
Slot width = 0.5 mm

Sand

CDF\_0\_9\_04BB.GLB Log COF PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION LOG GEOTLCOV24001AF.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 02/10/2015 14:59

method & support	graphic log / core recovery	ID	type	stick up & RL	tip depth & RL	install. date	water level
see engineering log for details <b>water</b>  10-Oct-12, water level on date shown  water inflow  complete drilling fluid loss  partial drilling fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	 core recovered (graphic symbols indicate material)  no core recovered	BH03-well	standpipe		15.00 m -12.60 m AHD	26/08/2015	

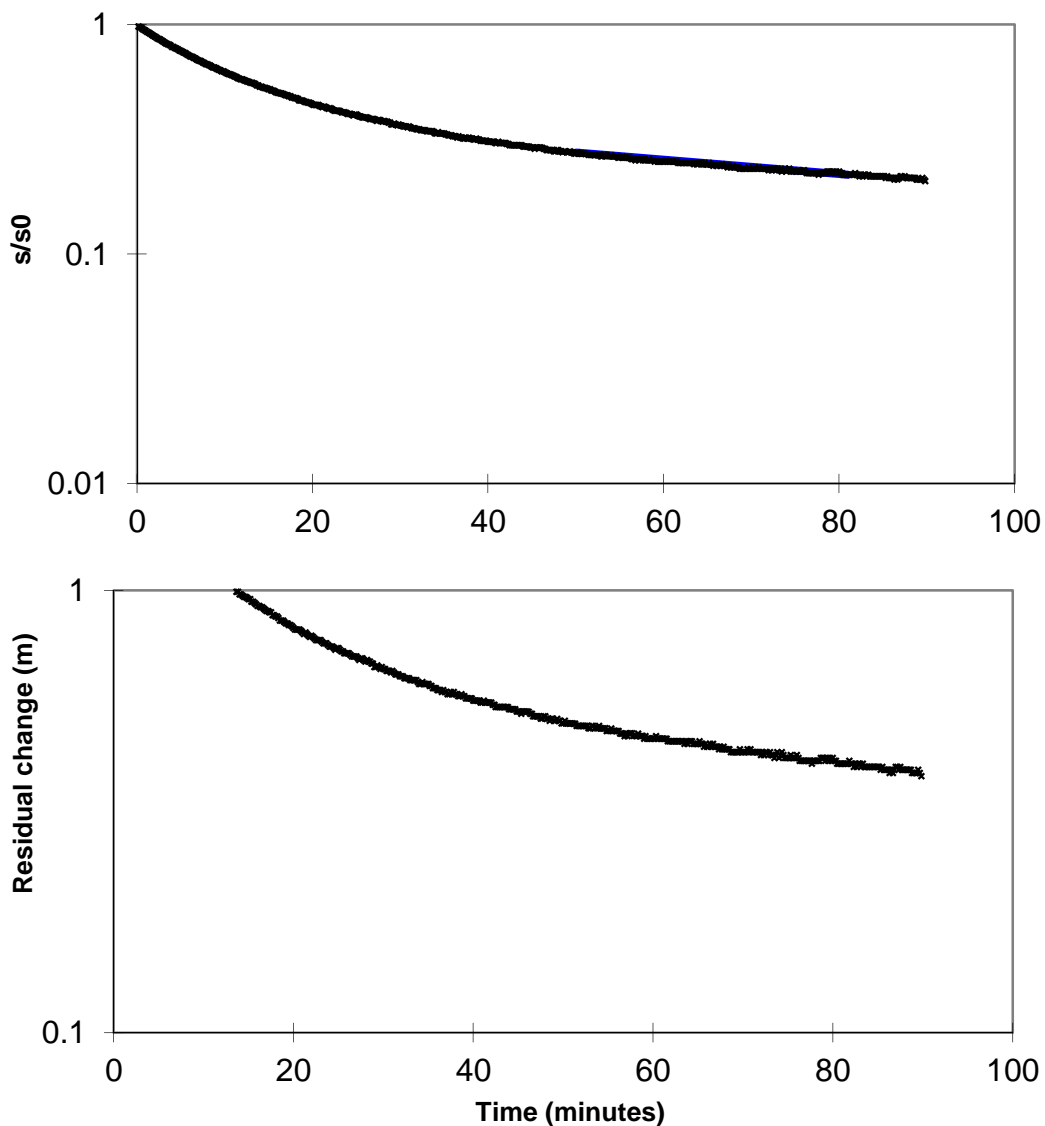
## **RISING OR FALLING HEAD TEST ANALYSIS**

Bore Data	Units	Value
Initial groundwater level	m	8.57
Groundwater level at t=0	m	10.4
Casing radius (r)	m	0.025
Bore radius (R)	m	0.05
Screened interval length (L)	m	8
Match time start	min	50
Match time end	min	81
Characteristic Time (t <sub>0</sub> )	min	146.18
Hydraulic Conductivity (K)	m/day	0.0020


**Borehole: BH03**

**Method Developed by  
Hvorslev (1951)**

$$K = \frac{r^2 \ln(L/R)}{2Lt_0}$$



Reference: Hvorslev, M.J. (1951), Time lag and soil permeability in ground water observations. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Waterway Experimentation Station, Bulletin 36.

drawn	BR		client:	WANDA ONE SYDNEY PTY LTD	
approved	RJB		project:	SYDNEY ONE PROJECT	
date	28 Sep 2015			PITT STREET, SYDNEY	
scale	AS SHOWN		title:	RISING HEAD TEST - BH03	
original size	A4		project no:	GEOTLCOV24001AF	



## **Appendix E – Groundwater Quality Results**

# Certificate of Analysis

Coffey Geotechnics Pty Ltd Chatswood  
Level 18, Tower B, Citadel Tower 799 Pacific Highway  
Chatswood  
NSW 2067



NATA Accredited  
Accreditation Number 1261  
Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025.  
The results of the tests, calibrations and/or  
measurements included in this document are traceable  
to Australian/national standards.

Attention: Bernice Cahill

Report 472118-W  
Project name SYDNEY ONE  
Project ID GEOTLCOV24001AF  
Received Date Sep 11, 2015

Client Sample ID			BH2 Water	BH3 Water	DUP Water
Sample Matrix					
Eurofins   mgt Sample No.			S15-Se11823	S15-Se11824	S15-Se11825
Date Sampled			Sep 11, 2015	Sep 11, 2015	Sep 11, 2015
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit			
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions</b>					
TRH C6-C9	0.02	mg/L	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
TRH C10-C14	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
TRH C15-C28	0.1	mg/L	0.4	< 0.1	< 0.1
TRH C29-C36	0.1	mg/L	0.2	< 0.1	< 0.1
TRH C10-36 (Total)	0.1	mg/L	0.60	< 0.1	< 0.1
<b>BTEX</b>					
Benzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Toluene	0.001	mg/L	0.002	< 0.001	< 0.001
Ethylbenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
m&p-Xylenes	0.002	mg/L	0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
o-Xylene	0.001	mg/L	0.002	< 0.001	< 0.001
Xylenes - Total	0.003	mg/L	0.005	< 0.003	< 0.003
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	73	88	77
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>					
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
TRH C6-C10	0.02	mg/L	0.03	< 0.02	< 0.02
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1) <sup>N04</sup>	0.02	mg/L	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) <sup>N01</sup>	0.05	mg/L	0.18	< 0.05	< 0.05
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons</b>					
Acenaphthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Acenaphthylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benz(a)anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Chrysene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Fluorene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Naphthalene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Phenanthrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001

Client Sample ID			BH2 Water	BH3 Water	DUP Water
Sample Matrix					
Eurofins   mgt Sample No.			S15-Se11823	S15-Se11824	S15-Se11825
Date Sampled			Sep 11, 2015	Sep 11, 2015	Sep 11, 2015
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit			
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons</b>					
Total PAH*	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	101	95	86
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	112	108	102
<b>Organochlorine Pesticides</b>					
Chlordanes - Total	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
4,4'-DDD	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
4,4'-DDE	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
4,4'-DDT	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
a-BHC	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Aldrin	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
b-BHC	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
d-BHC	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Dieldrin	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Endosulfan I	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Endosulfan II	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Endosulfan sulphate	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Endrin	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Endrin aldehyde	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Endrin ketone	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Heptachlor	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Heptachlor epoxide	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Hexachlorobenzene	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Methoxychlor	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Toxaphene	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	128	144	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	120	138	-
<b>Chlorinated Hydrocarbons</b>					
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
1,2,3,4-Tetrachlorobenzene	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
1,2,3,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
1,3,5-Trichlorobenzene	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
Benzal chloride	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Benzotrichloride	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Benzyl chloride	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
Hexachlorobenzene	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Hexachlorobutadiene	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Hexachloroethane	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Pentachlorobenzene	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	120	138	-

Client Sample ID			BH2 Water	BH3 Water	DUP Water
Sample Matrix			S15-Se11823	S15-Se11824	S15-Se11825
Eurofins   mgt Sample No.			Sep 11, 2015	Sep 11, 2015	Sep 11, 2015
Date Sampled					
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit			
<b>Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>					
Aroclor-1016	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
Aroclor-1221	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
Aroclor-1232	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
Aroclor-1242	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
Aroclor-1248	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
Aroclor-1254	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
Aroclor-1260	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
Total PCB*	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	128	144	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	120	138	-
<b>Phenols (Halogenated)</b>					
2-Chlorophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	-
2,4-Dichlorophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	-
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
2,6-Dichlorophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	-
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Pentachlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	-
Total Halogenated Phenol*	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
<b>Phenols (non-Halogenated)</b>					
2-Cyclohexyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	-
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	-
2-Nitrophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	-
2,4-Dinitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	-
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.006	mg/L	< 0.006	< 0.006	-
4-Nitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	-
Dinoseb	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
Phenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	-
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	79	65	-
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>					
TRH >C10-C16	0.05	mg/L	0.18	< 0.05	< 0.05
TRH >C16-C34	0.1	mg/L	0.5	< 0.1	< 0.1
TRH >C34-C40	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Chloride	1	mg/L	2200	1700	-
Cyanide (total)	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	-
pH	0.1	pH Units	6.6	5.7	-
Sulphate (as SO4)	5	mg/L	270	150	-
<b>Heavy Metals</b>					
Antimony	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	-
Arsenic	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Beryllium	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
Boron	0.05	mg/L	0.26	< 0.05	-
Cadmium	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002	0.0003	0.0004
Chromium	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001



Client Sample ID			BH2	BH3	DUP
Sample Matrix			Water	Water	Water
Eurofins   mgt Sample No.			S15-Se11823	S15-Se11824	S15-Se11825
Date Sampled			Sep 11, 2015	Sep 11, 2015	Sep 11, 2015
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit			
<b>Heavy Metals</b>					
Cobalt	0.001	mg/L	0.021	0.13	-
Copper	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Iron	0.05	mg/L	19	220	-
Lead	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Manganese	0.005	mg/L	2.6	11	-
Mercury	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Molybdenum	0.005	mg/L	0.009	< 0.005	-
Nickel	0.001	mg/L	0.014	0.084	0.084
Selenium	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-
Silver	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	-
Tin	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	-
Zinc	0.001	mg/L	0.018	1.1	1.2

## Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction and analysis is reported.  
A recent review of our LIMS has resulted in the correction or clarification of some method identifications. Due to this, some of the method reference information on reports has changed. However, no substantive change has been made to our laboratory methods, and as such there is no change in the validity of current or previous results (regarding both quality and NATA accreditation).

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
<b>Eurofins   mgt Suite B7</b>			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions - Method: TRH C6-C36 - LTM-ORG-2010	Melbourne	Sep 14, 2015	7 Day
BTEX - Method: TRH C6-C40 - LTM-ORG-2010	Melbourne	Sep 11, 2015	14 Day
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions - Method: TRH C6-C40 - LTM-ORG-2010	Melbourne	Sep 11, 2015	7 Day
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons - Method: USEPA 8270 Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Melbourne	Sep 14, 2015	7 Day
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions - Method: TRH C6-C40 - LTM-ORG-2010	Melbourne	Sep 14, 2015	7 Day
Metals M8 - Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters by ICP-MS	Melbourne	Sep 11, 2015	28 Day
Organochlorine Pesticides - Method: USEPA 8081 Organochlorine Pesticides	Melbourne	Sep 14, 2015	7 Day
Chlorinated Hydrocarbons - Method: USEPA 8121 Chlorinated Hydrocarbons	Melbourne	Sep 14, 2015	7 Day
Polychlorinated Biphenyls - Method: USEPA 8082 Polychlorinated Biphenyls	Melbourne	Sep 14, 2015	7 Day
Phenols (Halogenated) - Method: USEPA 8270 Phenols	Melbourne	Sep 14, 2015	7 Day
Phenols (non-Halogenated) - Method: USEPA 8270 Phenols	Melbourne	Sep 14, 2015	7 Day
Cyanide (total) - Method: LTM-INO-4020 Total Free WAD Cyanide by CFA	Melbourne	Sep 14, 2015	14 Day
ANZECC Metals : Metals M17AN - Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters by ICP-MS	Melbourne	Sep 11, 2015	28 Day
<b>Eurofins   mgt Suite B18</b>			
Chloride - Method: MGT 1100A	Melbourne	Sep 11, 2015	28 Day
Sulphate (as SO <sub>4</sub> ) - Method: APHA 4500-SO <sub>4</sub> Sulfate by FIA	Melbourne	Sep 11, 2015	28 Day
pH - Method: LTM-GEN-7090 pH in water by ISE	Melbourne	Sep 14, 2015	0 Hours
Heavy Metals - Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters by ICP-MS	Melbourne	Sep 11, 2015	180 Day

**Company Name:** Coffey Geotechnics Pty Ltd Chatswood  
**Address:** Level 18, Tower B, Citadel Tower 799 Pacific Highway  
Chatswood  
NSW 2067  
**Project Name:** SYDNEY ONE  
**Project ID:** GEOTLCOV24001AF

**Order No.:**  
**Report #:** 472118  
**Phone:** +61 2 9406 1000  
**Fax:** +61 2 9406 1002

**Received:** Sep 11, 2015 4:20 PM  
**Due:** Sep 18, 2015  
**Priority:** 5 Day  
**Contact Name:** Bernice Cahill

Eurofins | mgt Client Manager: Charl Du Preez

Sample Detail					Iron	pH	Eurofins   mgt Suite B18	ANZECC Screen	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7
Laboratory where analysis is conducted									
Melbourne Laboratory - NATA Site # 1254 & 14271					X	X	X	X	X
Sydney Laboratory - NATA Site # 18217									
Brisbane Laboratory - NATA Site # 20794									
External Laboratory									
Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID					
BH2	Sep 11, 2015		Water	S15-Se11823	X	X	X	X	
BH3	Sep 11, 2015		Water	S15-Se11824	X	X	X	X	
DUP	Sep 11, 2015		Water	S15-Se11825					X

## Eurofins | mgt Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary

### General

1. Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
3. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
4. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries.
5. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
6. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis. 7. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

### Holding Times

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the Sample Receipt Advice.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

**\*\*NOTE:** pH duplicates are reported as a range NOT as RPD

### UNITS

**mg/kg:** milligrams per Kilogram

**ug/l:** micrograms per litre

**ppb:** Parts per billion

**org/100ml:** Organisms per 100 millilitres

**MPN/100mL:** Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

**mg/l:** milligrams per litre

**ppm:** Parts per million

**%:** Percentage

**NTU:** Nephelometric Turbidity Units

### TERMS

<b>Dry</b>	Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.
<b>LOR</b>	Limit of Reporting.
<b>SPIKE</b>	Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.
<b>RPD</b>	Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.
<b>LCS</b>	Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery
<b>CRM</b>	Certified Reference Material - reported as percent recovery
<b>Method Blank</b>	In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands. In the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.
<b>Surr - Surrogate</b>	The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.
<b>Duplicate</b>	A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.
<b>Batch Duplicate</b>	A second piece of analysis from a sample outside of the clients batch of samples but run within the laboratory batch of analysis.
<b>Batch SPIKE</b>	Spike recovery reported on a sample from outside of the clients batch of samples but run within the laboratory batch of analysis.
<b>USEPA</b>	United States Environmental Protection Agency
<b>APHA</b>	American Public Health Association
<b>ASLP</b>	Australian Standard Leaching Procedure (AS4439.3)
<b>TCLP</b>	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
<b>COC</b>	Chain of Custody
<b>SRA</b>	Sample Receipt Advice
<b>CP</b>	Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report
<b>NCP</b>	Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within
<b>TEQ</b>	Toxic Equivalency Quotient

### QC - ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR : No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-50%

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

Surrogate Recoveries : Recoveries must lie between 50-150% - Phenols 20-130%.

### QC DATA GENERAL COMMENTS

1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
3. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis - where reporting LCS data, Toxophene & Chlordane are not added to the LCS.
4. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis - where reporting Spike data, Toxophene is not added to the Spike.
5. Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - where reporting Spike & LCS data, a single spike of commercial Hydrocarbon products in the range of C12-C30 is added and it's Total Recovery is reported in the C10-C14 cell of the Report.
6. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory - Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time. Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
7. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) - where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of Recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
8. Polychlorinated Biphenyls are spiked only using Arochlor 1260 in Matrix Spikes and LCS's.
9. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash " - " in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
10. Duplicate RPD's are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data.



## Quality Control Results

Test	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions</b>							
TRH C6-C9	mg/L	< 0.02			0.02	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	mg/L	< 0.05			0.05	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	mg/L	< 0.1			0.1	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	mg/L	< 0.1			0.1	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>BTEX</b>							
Benzene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Toluene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	mg/L	< 0.002			0.002	Pass	
o-Xylene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	mg/L	< 0.003			0.003	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>							
Naphthalene	mg/L	< 0.02			0.02	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	mg/L	< 0.02			0.02	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons</b>							
Acenaphthene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Anthracene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Chrysene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Fluoranthene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Fluorene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Phenanthrene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Pyrene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Organochlorine Pesticides</b>							
Chlordanes - Total	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
4,4'-DDD	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
4,4'-DDE	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
4,4'-DDT	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
a-BHC	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Aldrin	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
b-BHC	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
d-BHC	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Dieldrin	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Endosulfan I	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Endosulfan II	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Endrin	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	

Test	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Endrin ketone	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Heptachlor	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Methoxychlor	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Toxaphene	mg/L	< 0.01			0.01	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Chlorinated Hydrocarbons</b>							
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
1.2.3-Trichlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
1.2.3.4-Tetrachlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
1.2.3.5-Tetrachlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
1.2.4.5-Tetrachlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
1.3.5-Trichlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Benzal chloride	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Benzotrichloride	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Benzyl chloride	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Hexachloroethane	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Pentachlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>							
Aroclor-1016	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Aroclor-1221	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Aroclor-1232	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Aroclor-1242	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Aroclor-1248	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Aroclor-1254	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Aroclor-1260	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Total PCB*	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Phenols (Halogenated)</b>							
2-Chlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.003			0.003	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.003			0.003	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.01			0.01	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.01			0.01	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.003			0.003	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	mg/L	< 0.01			0.01	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.01			0.01	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	mg/L	< 0.03			0.03	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Phenols (non-Halogenated)</b>							
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.1			0.1	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.03			0.03	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	mg/L	< 0.003			0.003	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.01			0.01	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	mg/L	< 0.003			0.003	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.03			0.03	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	mg/L	< 0.006			0.006	Pass	

Test	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
4-Nitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.03			0.03	Pass	
Dinoseb	mg/L	< 0.1			0.1	Pass	
Phenol	mg/L	< 0.003			0.003	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>							
TRH >C10-C16	mg/L	< 0.05			0.05	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	mg/L	< 0.1			0.1	Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	mg/L	< 0.1			0.1	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
Chloride	mg/L	< 1			1	Pass	
Cyanide (total)	mg/L	< 0.005			0.005	Pass	
Sulphate (as SO4)	mg/L	< 5			5	Pass	
<b>Method Blank</b>							
<b>Heavy Metals</b>							
Antimony	mg/L	< 0.005			0.005	Pass	
Arsenic	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Beryllium	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Boron	mg/L	< 0.05			0.05	Pass	
Cadmium	mg/L	< 0.0002			0.0002	Pass	
Chromium	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Cobalt	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Copper	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Iron	mg/L	< 0.05			0.05	Pass	
Lead	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Manganese	mg/L	< 0.005			0.005	Pass	
Mercury	mg/L	< 0.0001			0.0001	Pass	
Molybdenum	mg/L	< 0.005			0.005	Pass	
Nickel	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Selenium	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
Silver	mg/L	< 0.005			0.005	Pass	
Tin	mg/L	< 0.005			0.005	Pass	
Zinc	mg/L	< 0.001			0.001	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions</b>							
TRH C6-C9	%	83			70-130	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	%	119			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>BTEX</b>							
Benzene	%	101			70-130	Pass	
Toluene	%	93			70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	%	76			70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	%	76			70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	%	78			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>							
Naphthalene	%	82			75-125	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	%	74			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons</b>							
Acenaphthene	%	77			70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	%	77			70-130	Pass	
Anthracene	%	80			70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	%	81			70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	%	86			70-130	Pass	

Test	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	%	79			70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	%	79			70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	%	87			70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	%	82			70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	%	80			70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	%	76			70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	%	76			70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	%	88			70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	%	73			70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	%	77			70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	%	74			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Organochlorine Pesticides</b>							
4,4'-DDD	%	96			70-130	Pass	
4,4'-DDE	%	91			70-130	Pass	
4,4'-DDT	%	117			70-130	Pass	
a-BHC	%	97			70-130	Pass	
Aldrin	%	95			70-130	Pass	
b-BHC	%	129			70-130	Pass	
d-BHC	%	130			70-130	Pass	
Dieldrin	%	99			70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan I	%	100			70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan II	%	102			70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	%	119			70-130	Pass	
Endrin	%	104			70-130	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	%	93			70-130	Pass	
Endrin ketone	%	101			70-130	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	%	98			70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor	%	102			70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	%	100			70-130	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	%	85			70-130	Pass	
Methoxychlor	%	122			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Chlorinated Hydrocarbons</b>							
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	%	109			70-130	Pass	
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	%	110			70-130	Pass	
1,2,3,4-Tetrachlorobenzene	%	111			70-130	Pass	
1,2,3,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	%	95			70-130	Pass	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	%	94			70-130	Pass	
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	%	111			70-130	Pass	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	%	71			70-130	Pass	
1,3,5-Trichlorobenzene	%	77			70-130	Pass	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	%	121			70-130	Pass	
Benzal chloride	%	88			70-130	Pass	
Benzotrichloride	%	77			70-130	Pass	
Hexachlorobutadiene	%	83			70-130	Pass	
Hexachloroethane	%	81			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>							
Aroclor-1260	%	129			70-130	Pass	
<b>LCS - % Recovery</b>							
<b>Phenols (Halogenated)</b>							
2-Chlorophenol	%	76			30-130	Pass	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	%	77			30-130	Pass	



Test			Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol			%	78			30-130	Pass	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol			%	75			30-130	Pass	
2,6-Dichlorophenol			%	78			30-130	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol			%	68			30-130	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol			%	83			30-130	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total			%	79			30-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery									
Phenols (non-Halogenated)									
2-Cyclohexyl-4,6-dinitrophenol		%	75				30-130	Pass	
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol		%	78				30-130	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)		%	64				30-130	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol		%	81				30-130	Pass	
2,4-Dimethylphenol		%	74				30-130	Pass	
2,4-Dinitrophenol		%	55				30-130	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)		%	57				30-130	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol		%	84				30-130	Pass	
Dinoseb		%	81				30-130	Pass	
Phenol		%	32				30-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions									
TRH >C10-C16		%	114				70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery									
Chloride		%	101				70-130	Pass	
Cyanide (total)		%	86				70-130	Pass	
Sulphate (as SO4)		%	104				70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery									
Heavy Metals									
Antimony		%	100				80-120	Pass	
Arsenic		%	98				80-120	Pass	
Beryllium		%	94				80-120	Pass	
Boron		%	102				80-120	Pass	
Cadmium		%	96				80-120	Pass	
Chromium		%	97				80-120	Pass	
Cobalt		%	97				80-120	Pass	
Copper		%	96				80-120	Pass	
Iron		%	100				80-120	Pass	
Lead		%	93				80-120	Pass	
Manganese		%	99				80-120	Pass	
Mercury		%	100				75-125	Pass	
Molybdenum		%	96				80-120	Pass	
Nickel		%	96				80-120	Pass	
Selenium		%	98				80-120	Pass	
Silver		%	86				80-120	Pass	
Tin		%	102				80-120	Pass	
Zinc		%	97				80-120	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Spike - % Recovery									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions				Result 1					
TRH C6-C9	M15-Se11591	NCP	%	107			70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery									
BTEX				Result 1					
Benzene	M15-Se11591	NCP	%	110			70-130	Pass	
Toluene	M15-Se11591	NCP	%	101			70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	M15-Se11591	NCP	%	101			70-130	Pass	

Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
m&p-Xylenes	M15-Se11591	NCP	%	105			70-130	Pass	
o-Xylene	M15-Se11591	NCP	%	99			70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	M15-Se11591	NCP	%	103			70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>				Result 1					
Naphthalene	M15-Se11591	NCP	%	79			70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	M15-Se11591	NCP	%	95			70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
				Result 1					
Chloride	M15-Se12302	NCP	%	96			70-130	Pass	
Cyanide (total)	B15-Se11689	NCP	%	101			70-130	Pass	
Sulphate (as SO4)	M15-Se12302	NCP	%	101			70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>Heavy Metals</b>				Result 1					
Antimony	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	95			70-130	Pass	
Arsenic	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	96			75-125	Pass	
Beryllium	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	92			75-125	Pass	
Boron	M15-Se15602	NCP	%	91			75-125	Pass	
Cadmium	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	100			75-125	Pass	
Chromium	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	99			75-125	Pass	
Cobalt	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	98			75-125	Pass	
Copper	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	98			75-125	Pass	
Lead	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	97			75-125	Pass	
Manganese	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	96			75-125	Pass	
Mercury	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	96			70-130	Pass	
Molybdenum	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	98			75-125	Pass	
Nickel	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	98			75-125	Pass	
Selenium	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	98			75-125	Pass	
Silver	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	94			75-125	Pass	
Tin	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	99			75-125	Pass	
Zinc	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	101			75-125	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions</b>				Result 1					
TRH C10-C14	M15-Se11640	NCP	%	82			70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions</b>				Result 1					
TRH >C10-C16	M15-Se11640	NCP	%	84			70-130	Pass	
<b>Spike - % Recovery</b>									
<b>Heavy Metals</b>				Result 1					
Iron	S15-Se10874	NCP	%	94			75-125	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
<b>Duplicate</b>									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions</b>				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	M15-Se11590	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	M15-Se13835	NCP	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	M15-Se13835	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	M15-Se13835	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
<b>Duplicate</b>									
<b>BTEX</b>				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	M15-Se11590	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	M15-Se11590	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	M15-Se11590	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	M15-Se11590	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	M15-Se11590	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	M15-Se11590	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	

Duplicate								
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		
Naphthalene	M15-Se11590	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass
TRH C6-C10	M15-Se11590	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass
Duplicate								
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		
TRH >C10-C16	M15-Se13835	NCP	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass
TRH >C16-C34	M15-Se13835	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass
TRH >C34-C40	M15-Se13835	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass
Duplicate								
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		
Chloride	M15-Se12302	NCP	mg/L	430	430	<1	30%	Pass
Cyanide (total)	B15-Se11689	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass
pH	M15-Se12076	NCP	pH Units	7.9	7.9	pass	30%	Pass
Sulphate (as SO4)	M15-Se10405	NCP	mg/L	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass
Duplicate								
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		
Antimony	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass
Arsenic	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass
Beryllium	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass
Boron	M15-Se15602	NCP	mg/L	4.6	4.6	<1	30%	Pass
Cadmium	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass
Chromium	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass
Cobalt	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass
Copper	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	0.001	0.001	3.0	30%	Pass
Lead	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass
Manganese	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	0.008	0.007	4.0	30%	Pass
Mercury	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass
Molybdenum	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass
Nickel	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass
Selenium	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass
Silver	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass
Tin	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	<1	30%	Pass
Zinc	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass
Duplicate								
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		
Iron	S15-Se10874	NCP	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass

## Comments

### Sample Integrity

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	Yes
Sample correctly preserved	No
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

### Qualifier Codes/Comments

Code	Description
N01	F2 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "naphthalene" value from the ">C10-C16" value. The naphthalene value used in this calculation is obtained from volatiles (Purge & Trap analysis).
N02	Where we have reported both volatile (P&T GCMS) and semivolatile (GCMS) naphthalene data, results may not be identical. Provided correct sample handling protocols have been followed, any observed differences in results are likely to be due to procedural differences within each methodology. Results determined by both techniques have passed all QAQC acceptance criteria, and are entirely technically valid.
N04	F1 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "Total BTEX" value from the "C6-C10" value. The "Total BTEX" value is obtained by summing the concentrations of BTEX analytes. The "C6-C10" value is obtained by quantitating against a standard of mixed aromatic/aliphatic analytes.
N07	Please note:- These two PAH isomers closely co-elute using the most contemporary analytical methods and both the reported concentration (and the TEQ) apply specifically to the total of the two co-eluting PAHs

### Authorised By

Charl Du Preez	Analytical Services Manager
Carroll Lee	Senior Analyst-Organic (VIC)
Carroll Lee	Senior Analyst-Volatile (VIC)
Emily Rosenberg	Senior Analyst-Metal (VIC)
Huong Le	Senior Analyst-Inorganic (VIC)



**Glenn Jackson**

**National Laboratory Manager**

Final report - this Report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

\* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Uncertainty data is available on request

Eurofins | mgt shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins | mgt be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

## **Appendix F – Acid Sulfate Soils and Waste Classification**