



Core Engineering Group • Fire • Risk • Emergency Management

29 April, 2016
Level 4, Grafton Bond
201 Kent Street
Sydney NSW 2000
Ph: (02) 9299 6605

Our Reference: 200231(SEPP33)-RPTFinal(Rev0)-29Apr16

Mr. Paul Solomon
Fraser's Property
Level 3, 1C Homebush bay Drive,
Rhodes NSW 2138

Dear Paul,

Regarding: SEPP33 Application for the Lot 2 Warehouse and Industrial Facility, Horsley Park, NSW

Thank you for your query regarding the application of SEPP33 to the Lot 2 Warehouse and Industrial Facility, Horsley Park, NSW.

Attached is a completed SEPP33 assessment for the Lot 2 Warehouse and Industrial Facility, Horsley Park based on maximum allowable quantities of Dangerous Goods to be stored as part of the operations. The results of the analysis indicate the maximum quantities stored, and the location of the storage, do not result in the facility being classified as a potentially hazardous development; hence, SEPP33 does not apply to the proposed facility and no additional planning risk studies are required for the development.

Should you have any questions regarding the attached, please contact either myself (0405 523 448) or Steve (0411 659 309).

Yours faithfully,

CORE - Risk Engineering Solutions

Julia Hasche
Risk Engineer
BEng (Mining), AMAIDGC

Steve Sylvester
Associate Director
BEng., MAIDGC,
FS Engineer (TÜV 2203/10),
EEHA CT04598a&b, CR16285,
M15217037007

Sydney

Suite 401, Grafton Bond Building
201 Kent Street, Sydney NSW 2000

Phone | + 61 2 9299 6605
Fax | + 61 2 9299 6615
Email | sydney@coreengineering.com.au

Melbourne

Suite 25, Level 27
101 Collins Street, Melbourne VIC 3000

Phone | + 61 3 9653 7460
Email | melbourne@coreengineering.com.au

www.coreengineering.com.au

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Background & Objectives

Fraser's Group is currently developing a warehouse and industrial facility on Copland Road, Horsley Park, NSW, with the use currently unknown as no specific businesses have signed agreements to occupy the facility(s). The property comprises two warehouse/industrial areas, where either could be used for the general warehouse storage/industrial use, storing a number of Dangerous Goods. As either warehouse storage/industrial area may store a number of Dangerous Goods and Hazardous Materials, the facility may be subject to SEPP33, based on the proposed quantity of DGs stored.

The aim of the study is to determine whether SEPP33 applies to the proposed warehouse storage/industrial use to determine the development requirements based on the study outcome.

Fraser's Property has commissioned Core Engineering (CORE) to conduct the SEPP33 assessment for the facility. This document represents CORE's assessment of SEPP33 to the proposed facility.

1.2. Scope of Work

The scope of work is for a SEPP33 assessment of the proposed quantities of Dangerous Goods (DGs) proposed for storage in nominated locations within the facility(s) at Horsley Park, to determine whether the SEPP33 policy applies to the facility(s). The assessment does not include any other sites or the preparation of any other planning studies should they be required.

2. METHODOLOGY

The methodology used in this assessment is as follows;

- Review the types and proposed quantities of DGs to be stored at the site;
- Compare the quantities of DGs the threshold quantities listed in "Applying SEPP33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development" (Ref.1) to identify whether the storage location or quantity triggers SEPP33; and
- Report on the findings of the SEPP33 assessment.

3. SEPP33 REVIEW

3.1 Data taken from "Applying SEPP33"

Figure 3-1, extracted from "Applying SEPP33" provides details on the application of Figures or Tables from the same document to determine the applied screening Threshold. It shows that:

- for LPG, Table 3 shall be used;
- for Class 3 PG II and III, Figure 9 shall be used (note: Class 3 PHI materials will not be stored at the facility);
- for Class 4, Class 5, Class 6, and Class 8, Table 3 shall be used; and
- Class 9 is not subject to SEPP33.

Class	Method to Use/Minimum Quantity
1.1	Use graph at Figure 5 if greater than 100 kg
1.2-1.3	Table 3
2.1 — pressurised (excluding LPG)	Figure 6 graph if greater than 100 kg
2.1 — liquefied (pressure) (excluding LPG)	Figure 7 graph if greater than 500 kg
LPG (above ground)	table 3
LPG (underground)	table 3
2.3	table 3
3PGI	Figure 8 graph if greater than 2 tonne
3PGII	Figure 9 graph if greater than 5 tonne
3PGIII	Figure 9 graph if greater than 5 tonne
4	table 3
5	table 3
6	table 3
7	table 3
8	table 3

Figure 3-1: Screening Method to be Used

Figure 9 and Table 3 from “Applying SEPP33” have been extracted and are shown in **Figure 3-2**, and **Figure 3-3** respectively.

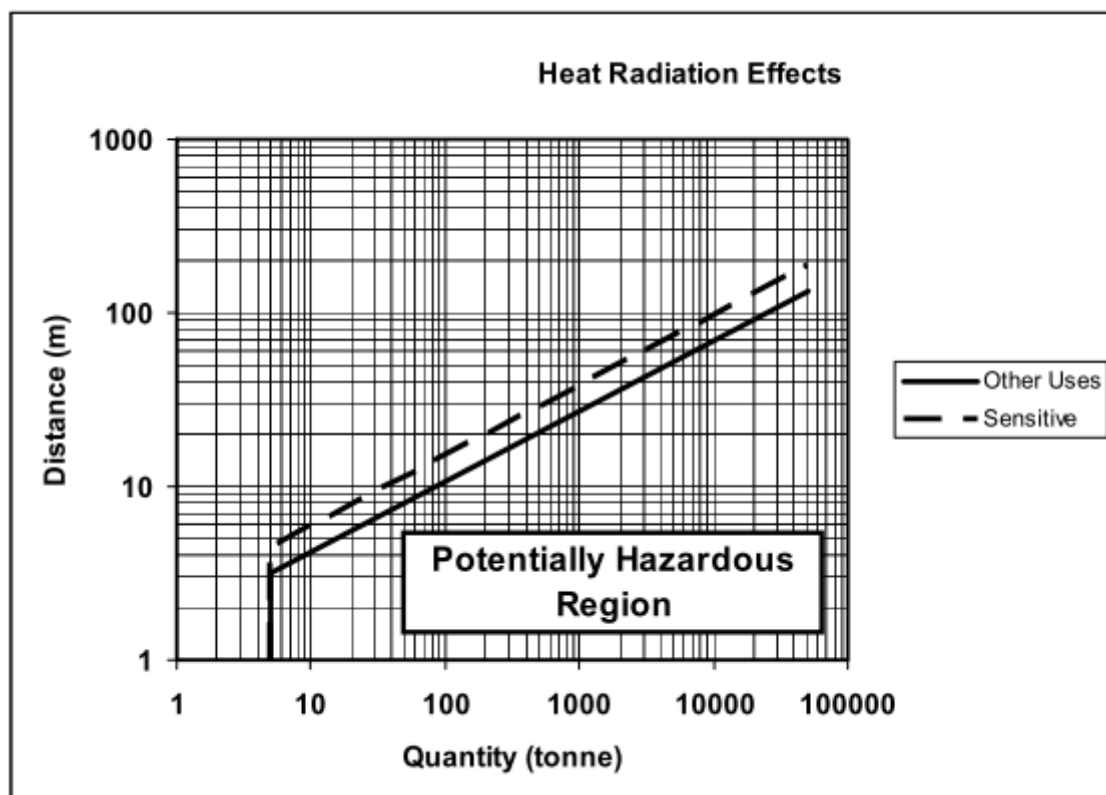


Figure 3-2: Class 3 PGII and PGIII Flammable Liquids

Class	Screening Threshold	Description
1.2	5 tonne	or are located within 100 m of a residential area
1.3	10 tonne	or are located within 100 m of a residential area
2.1	(LPG only — not including automotive retail outlets ¹) 10 tonne or 16 m ³ if stored above ground 40 tonne or 64 m ³ if stored underground or mounded	
2.3	5 tonne	anhydrous ammonia, kept in the same manner as for liquefied flammable gases and not kept for sale
	1 tonne	chlorine and sulfur dioxide stored as liquefied gas in containers <100 kg
	2.5 tonne	chlorine and sulphur dioxide stored as liquefied gas in containers >100 kg
	100 kg	liquefied gas kept in or on premises
	100 kg	other poisonous gases
4.1	5 tonne	
4.2	1 tonne	
4.3	1 tonne	
5.1	25 tonne	ammonium nitrate — high density fertiliser grade, kept on land zoned rural where rural industry is carried out, if the depot is at least 50 metres from the site boundary
	5 tonne	ammonium nitrate — elsewhere
	2.5 tonne	dry pool chlorine — if at a dedicated pool supply shop, in containers <30 kg
	1 tonne	dry pool chlorine — if at a dedicated pool supply shop, in containers >30 kg
	5 tonne	any other class 5.1
5.2	10 tonne	
6.1	0.5 tonne	packing group I
	2.5 tonne	packing groups II and III
6.2	0.5 tonne	includes clinical waste
7	all	should demonstrate compliance with Australian codes
8	5 tonne	packing group I
	25 tonne	packing group II
	50 tonne	packing group III

Note: The classes used are those referred to in the Australian Dangerous Goods Code and are explained in Appendix 7.

Figure 3-3: General Screening Threshold Quantities

3.2 Proposed Storage Details

The maximum quantities of differing classes of DGs that are to be stored at the facility, are shown in **Table 3-1**. The DGs could be stored in either of the facility(s) as shown in **Figure 3-4**, with a more detailed DG layout location shown in **Figures 3-5 & 3-6**. The closest property boundary from any DG storage area is 16 m (shown in **Figure 3-6**).

Table 3-1: DG Classes and Maximum Quantities Stored

CLASS	DESCRIPTION	PG	QUANTITY
2.1	Aerosols	-	< 1,000 kg (LPG)
	Cylinders	-	< 7,500 kg (LPG)
3	Flammable Liquids	II & III	< 10,000 kg
4.1	Flammable Solids	II & III	< 3,000 kg
5.1	Oxidising Substances	II & III	< 3,000 kg
6.1	Toxic Substances	II & III	< 2,000 kg
8	Corrosives	II & III	< 20,000 kg
9	Miscellaneous	III	< 20,000 kg

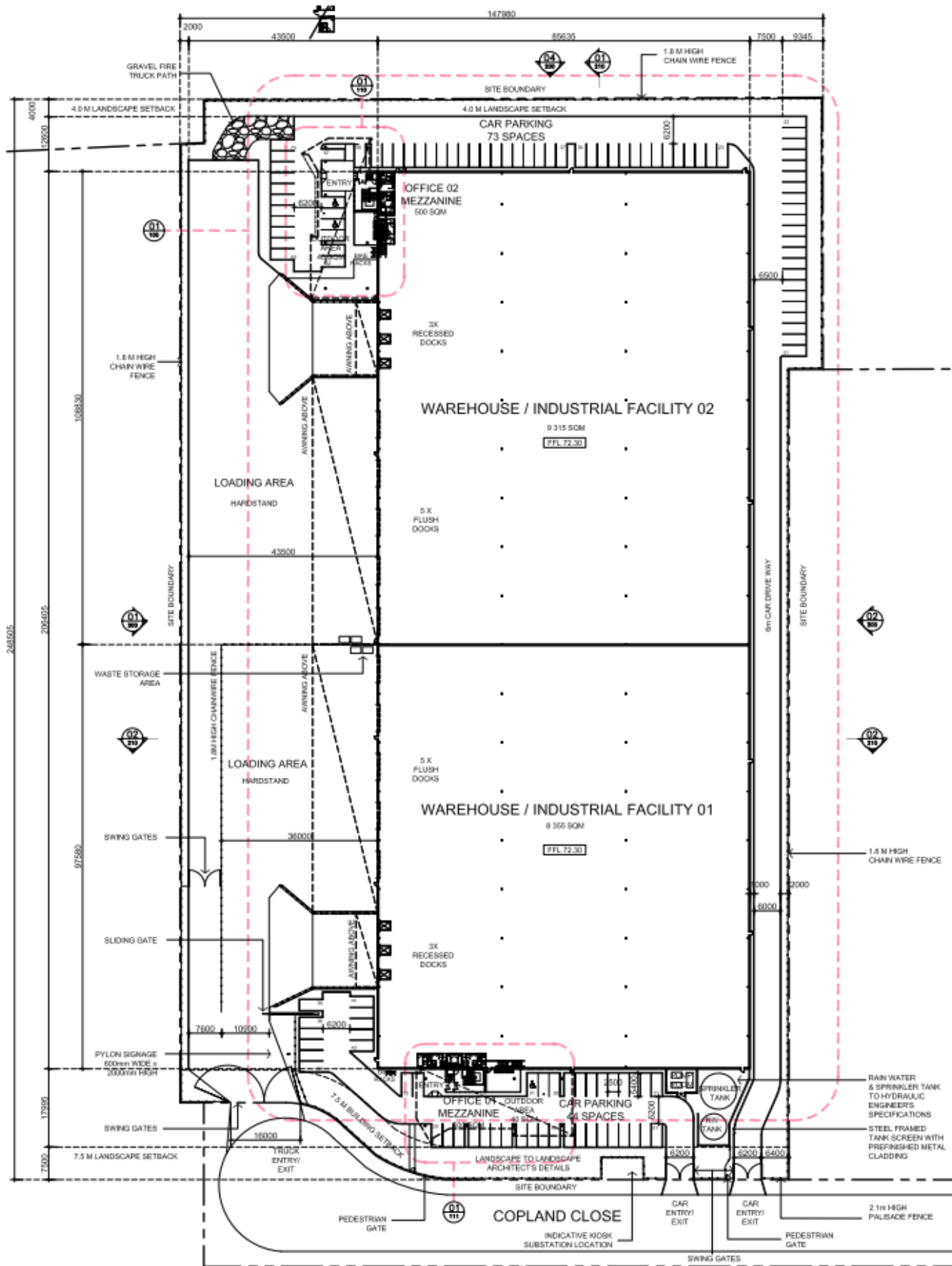


Figure 3-4: Floor Plan

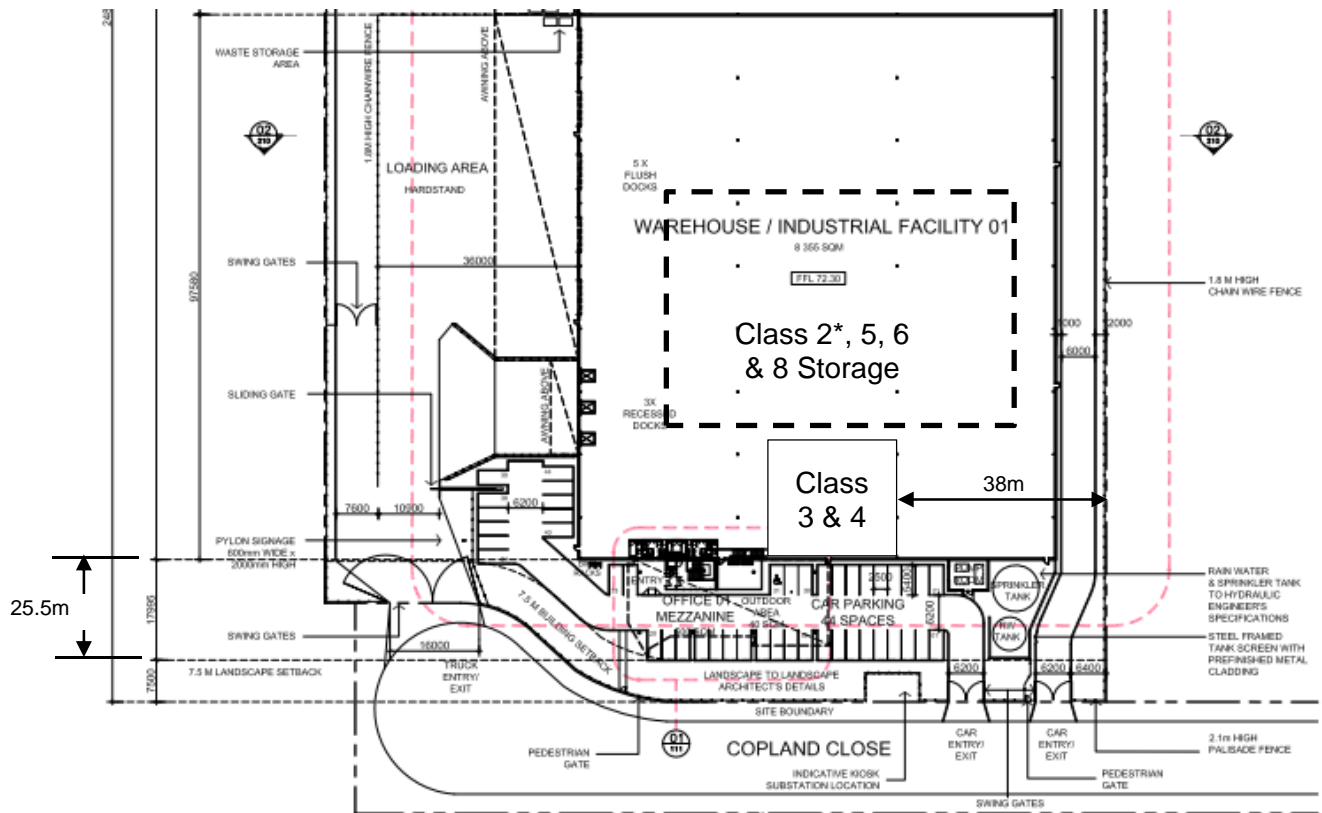


Figure 3-5: DG Storage Locations – Warehouse/Industrial Facility 1

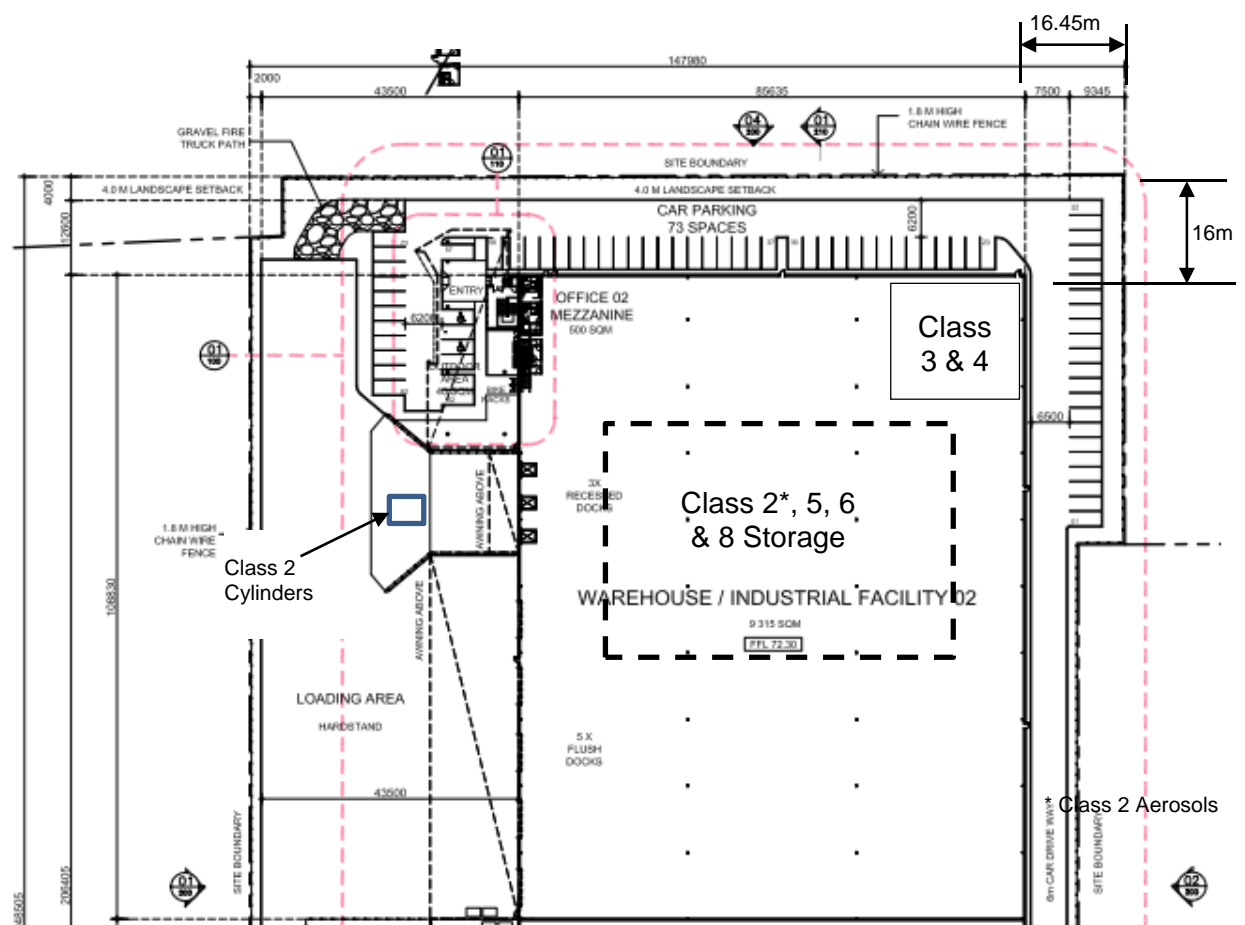


Figure 3-6: DG Storage Locations – Warehouse/Industrial Facility 2

2.2 Classification of Stored Products

The ADG provides a list of materials which are classified as DGs under the requirements of the code. The goods to be stored at the Facility(s) are classified as DGs by the ADG; hence, it is subject to the assessment requirements of SEPP 33.

2.3 Application of State Environmental Planning Policy No.33 – Hazardous and Offensive Developments

State Environmental Planning Policy No.33 – Hazardous and Offensive Developments (SEPP33) has been developed under the Planning and Assessment Act 1979 to control potentially hazardous and offensive developments and to ensure appropriate safety features are installed at a facility to ensure the risks to surrounding land uses is minimised.

The policy includes a guideline that assists government and industry alike in determining whether SEPP33 applies to a specific development. The guideline, "Applying SEPP33 - Hazardous and Offensive Developments" (Ref.1) provides a list of threshold levels, for the storage of DGs, above which the regulator considers the DG storage to be potentially hazardous. In the event the threshold levels are exceeded, SEPP33 applies and a Preliminary Hazard Analysis (PHA) is required, followed by a series of hazard analysis studies stipulated by the Department of Planning and Environment in the conditions of consent.

Threshold limits for the application of SEPP 33 are presented in **Table 3-2** along with maximum DG quantities that will be stored at the Horsley Park facility. The Table shows that threshold quantities are not exceeded at the Facility(s); hence, SEPP 33 does not apply, as all DGs are under the screening threshold.

Table 3-2: Quantities Stored and SEPP33 Threshold

CLASS	DESCRIPTION	PG	QUANTITY STORED	SEPP33 THRESHOLD	DOES SEPP33 APPLY?
2.1	Aerosols	-	< 1,000 kg (LPG)	10,000 kg	No
	Cylinders	-	< 7,500 kg (LPG)		
3	Flammable Liquids	II & III	< 10,000 kg	60,000 kg	No
4.1	Flammable Solids	II & III	< 3,000 kg	5,000 kg	No
5.1	Oxidising Substances	II & III	< 3,000 kg	5,000 kg	No
6.1	Toxic Substances	II & III	< 2,000 kg	2,500 kg	No
8	Corrosives	II & III	< 20,000 kg	25,000 kg	No
9	Miscellaneous	III	< 20,000 kg	Not applicable to SEPP33	No

4. CONCLUSION

A review of the quantities of DGs stored at the proposed Fraser's Group Warehouse/ industrial development was conducted and compared to the threshold quantities outlined in Applying SEPP33. The results of this analysis indicates that the threshold quantities for the DGs to be

stored are not exceeded; hence, SEPP 33 does not apply to the project. As the facility is not classified as potentially hazardous, it is not necessary to prepare a PHA study to fully assess the potentially hazardous nature of the facility as a result of it not being SEP 33 applicable.

5. REFERENCES

1. Applying SEPP33 – Hazardous and Offensive Developments”, NSW Department of Planning and Environment (2011).