24 August 2016

Attn: Ben Sawley ResourceCo RRF Pty Ltd PO Box 542 Enfield Plaza, SA 5085

Attention: Mr Ben Sawley

PROJECT: RESOURCECO WETHERILL PARK DEVELOPMENT 35 – 37 FRANK STREET, WETHERILL PARK NSW

RE: MINOR AMENDMENTS TO STATE SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION SSD 15 7256

Dear Ben,

We understand that various requests for information have been made by authorities involved in assessing the State Significant Development Application lodged by ResourceCo for the development of their resource recovery facility to be located at 35-37 Frank Street, Wetherill Park Sydney NSW.

As requested by ResourceCo, we have made minor adjustments to site levels as provided by the project Civil Engineer in order to improve the following: -

- Surface storm water management
- Reduce the impact on the existing boundary retaining walls the original design undermined the existing
  blockwork retaining wall footing on the east boundary and significantly surcharged the existing crib
  retaining wall on the west boundary. This revised submission has minimised the undermining and
  surcharging of the existing west and east retaining walls respectively and reduced the north side
  retaining wall height.
- Remove the existing sediment trap and improve construction phase sediment management. The existing
  sediment trap at the north-west corner of the site was documented to remain for the duration of the
  construction which is not practically buildable as the existing sediment trap encroaches well under the
  footprint of the new building, pavements and retaining walls. Establishment of a new temporary
  sediment management scheme and early removal and reinstating the ground in the area of the original
  sediment trap with controlled fill, integrally placed with the bulk earthworks, to the bench level is required.

Generally, all other aspects of site planning remain unchanged.

In summary the following amendments have been made to the scheme;

- The internal finished floor level of the Manufacturing Hall has been lowered by 500mm to RL 49.00.
- The Workshop area has been lowered by 450mm to RL 49.65.
- The Administration area has been lowered by 300mm to RL 50.75.
- The levels of the front of the site have also been adjusted so that the carpark is more
  closely aligned with the natural site levels which reduces the number of retaining walls
  required and site fill in this location. This has removed the need for the stair to be able
  to access the carpark on the western side of the site near the truck entry.

These amendments have required some adjustment to pavement levels and associated retaining walls. In principal these changes have moved to reduce the requirements for significant retaining walls along the western and northern boundaries of the site, as well as reducing the mass and impact of the buildings and retaining walls at street level.

This amendment includes the following drawings;

- SK1101-SITE PLAN \_P3
- SK1102-SITE PLAN DETAIL-PART 1\_P3
- SK1102-SITE PLAN DETAIL-PART 2\_P3
- SK3101-ELEVATIONS-MANUFACTURING HALL\_P3
- SK3102-ELEVATIONS-OFFICE WORKSHOP\_P3

# • SK4101-SECTION\_P3

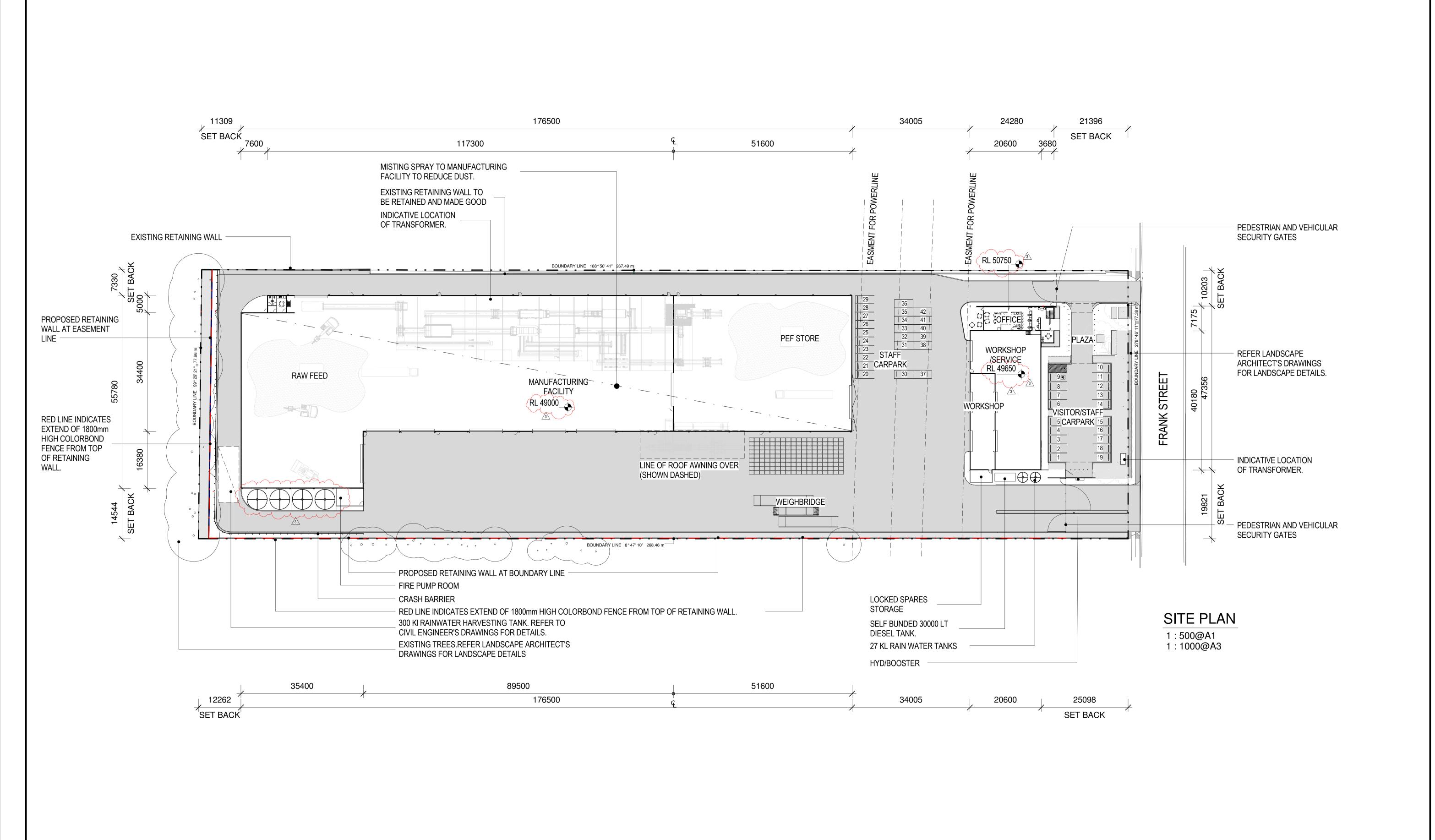
If you have any queries, please feel free to contact us.

Yours sincerely,

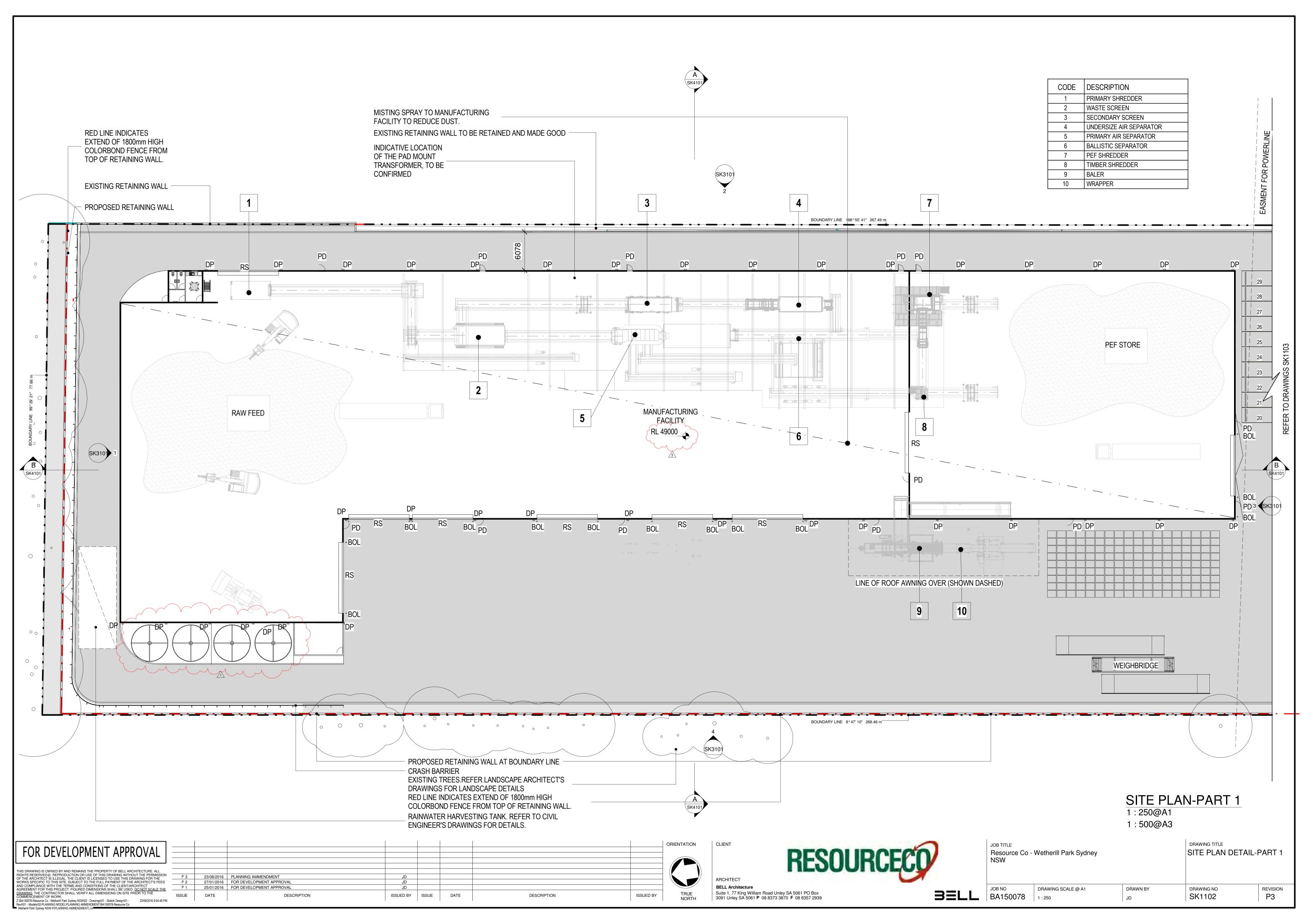
Matt Bell

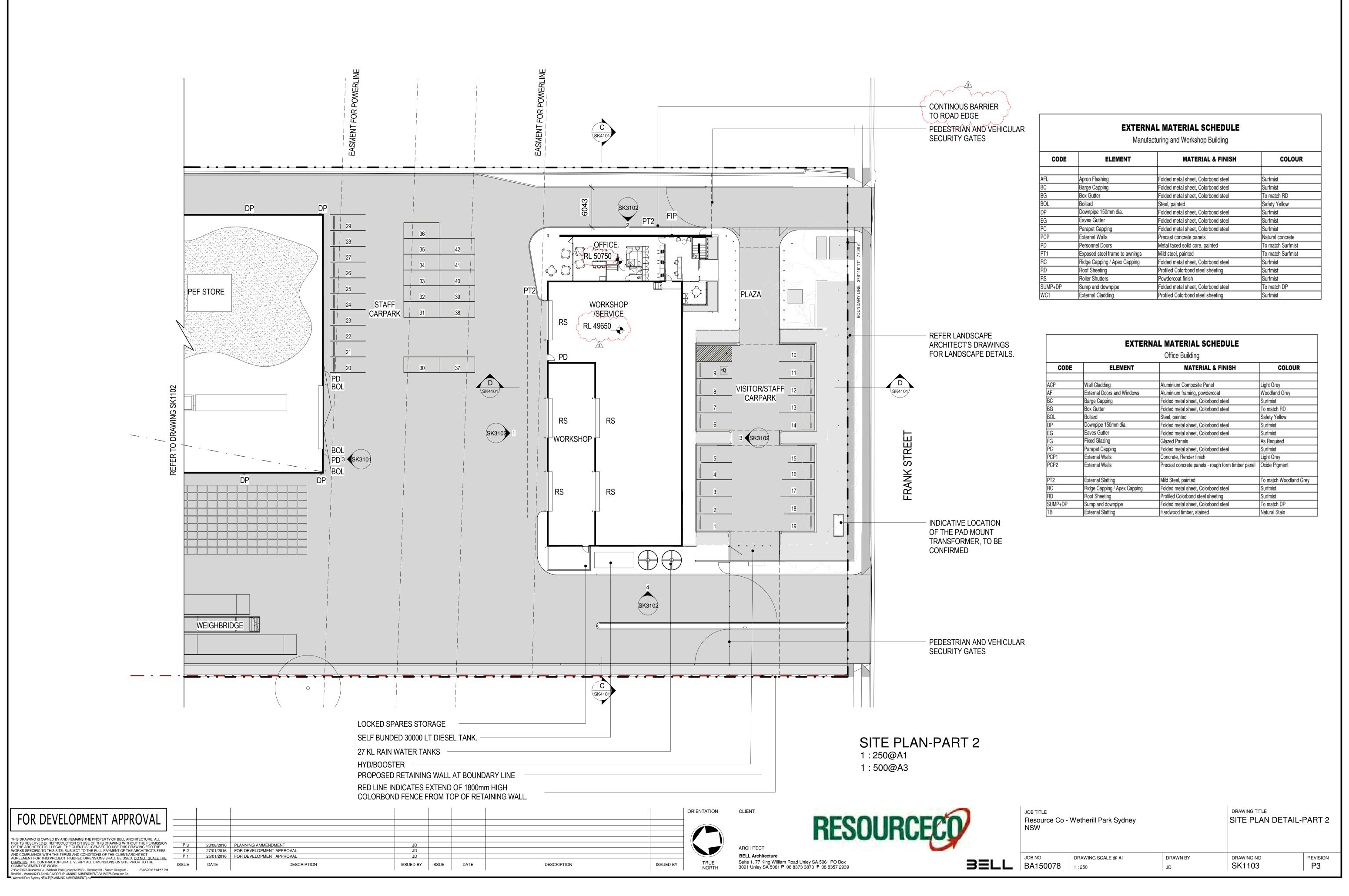
Managing Director
Registered Architect NSW, VIC, SA, NT, QLD + WA

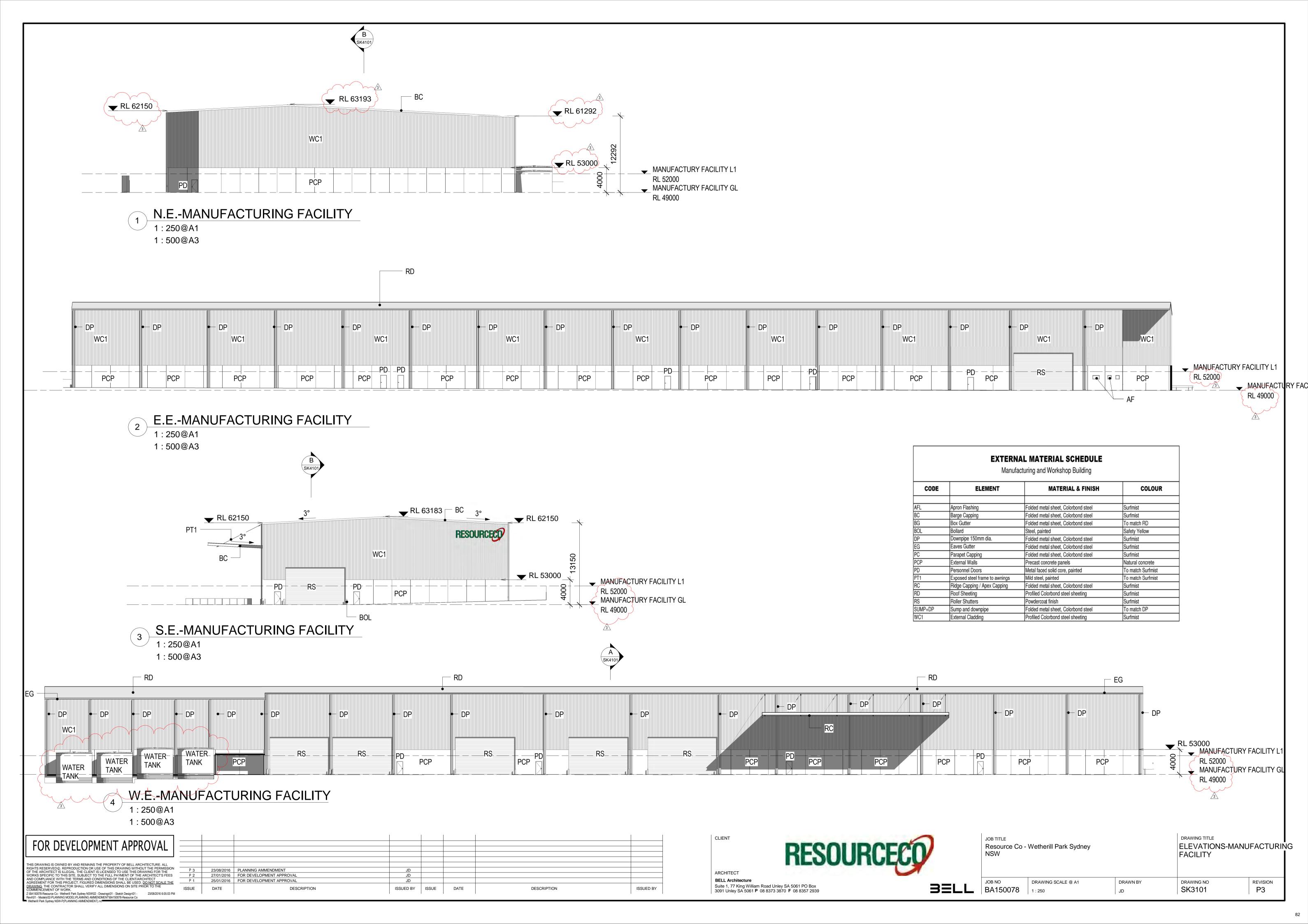
**BELL Architecture Pty Ltd** 

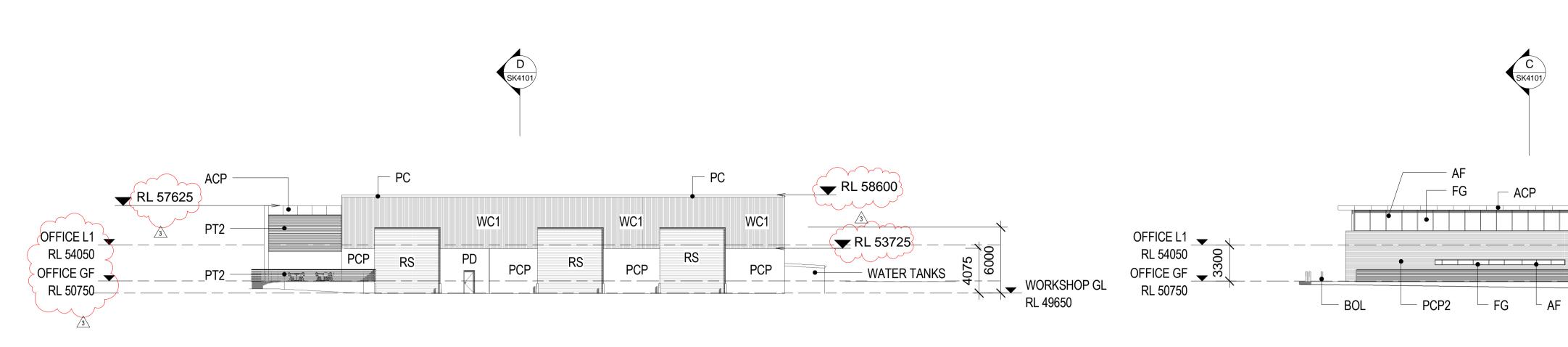


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N.E.-OFFICE/WORKSHOP

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 P 3
 23/08/2016
 PLANNING AMMENDMENT

 P 2
 27/01/2016
 FOR DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

 P 1
 25/01/2016
 FOR DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

ISSUED BY ISSUE

E.E.-OFFICE/WORKSHOP

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EXTERNAL MATERIAL SCHEDULE  Manufacturing and Workshop Building							
CODE	ELEMENT	MATERIAL & FINISH	COLOUR				
AFL	Apron Flashing	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	Surfmist				
BC	Barge Capping	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	Surfmist				
BG	Box Gutter	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	To match RD				
BOL	Bollard	Steel, painted	Safety Yellow				
DP	Downpipe 150mm dia.	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	Surfmist				
EG	Eaves Gutter	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	Surfmist				
PC	Parapet Capping	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	Surfmist				
PCP	External Walls	Precast concrete panels	Natural concrete				
PD	Personnel Doors	Metal faced solid core, painted	To match Surfmist				
PT1	Exposed steel frame to awnings	Mild steel, painted	To match Surfmist				
RC	Ridge Capping / Apex Capping	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	Surfmist				
RD	Roof Sheeting	Profiled Colorbond steel sheeting	Surfmist				
RS	Roller Shutters	Powdercoat finish	Surfmist				
SUMP+DP	Sump and downpipe	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	To match DP				
WC1	External Cladding	Profiled Colorbond steel sheeting	Surfmist				

CLIENT

ARCHITECT **BELL Architecture** 

ISSUED BY

Suite 1, 77 King William Road Unley SA 5061 PO Box 3091 Unley SA 5061 **P** 08 8373 3870 **F** 08 8357 2939

RESOURCECO

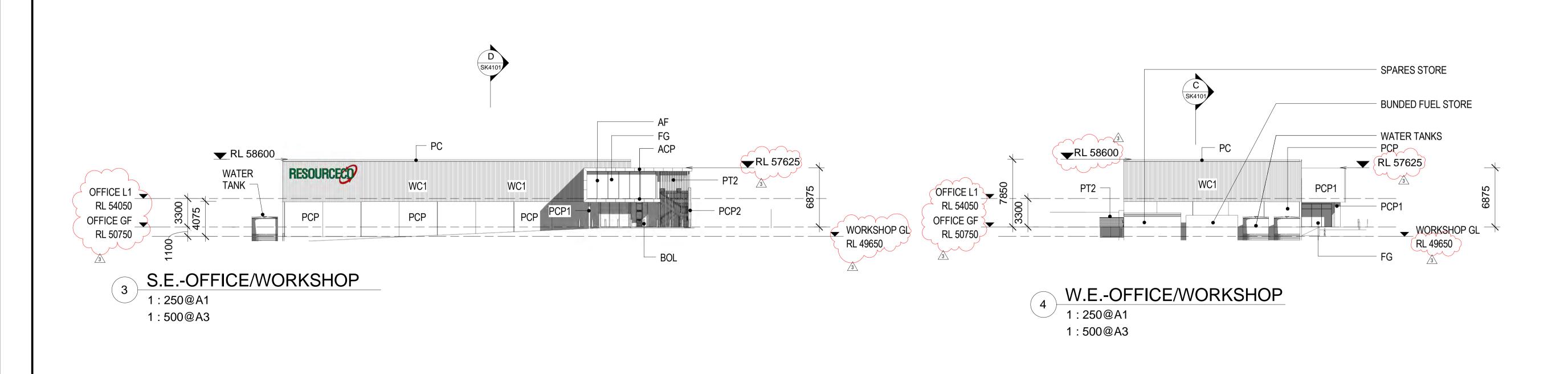
	EXTERNAL MATERIAL SCHEDULE Office Building							
CODE	ELEMENT	MATERIAL & FINISH	COLOUR					
ACP	Wall Cladding	Aluminium Composite Panel	Light Grey					
AF	External Doors and Windows	Aluminium framing, powdercoat	Woodland Grey					
BC	Barge Capping	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	Surfmist					
BG	Box Gutter	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	To match RD					
BOL	Bollard	Steel, painted	Safety Yellow					
DP	Downpipe 150mm dia.	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	Surfmist					
EG	Eaves Gutter	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	Surfmist					
FG	Fixed Glazing	Glazed Panels	As Required					
PC	Parapet Capping	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	Surfmist					
PCP1	External Walls	Concrete, Render finish	Light Grey					
PCP2	External Walls	Precast concrete panels - rough form timber panel	Oxide Pigment					
PT2	External Slatting	Mild Steel, painted	To match Woodland Grey					
RC	Ridge Capping / Apex Capping	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	Surfmist					
RD	Roof Sheeting	Profiled Colorbond steel sheeting	Surfmist					
SUMP+DP	Sump and downpipe	Folded metal sheet, Colorbond steel	To match DP					
ТВ	External Slatting	Hardwood timber, stained	Natural Stain					

Resource Co - Wetherill Park Sydney

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RL 57625

RL 55350



DESCRIPTION

REVISION

P3

DRAWING TITLE

WORKSHOP

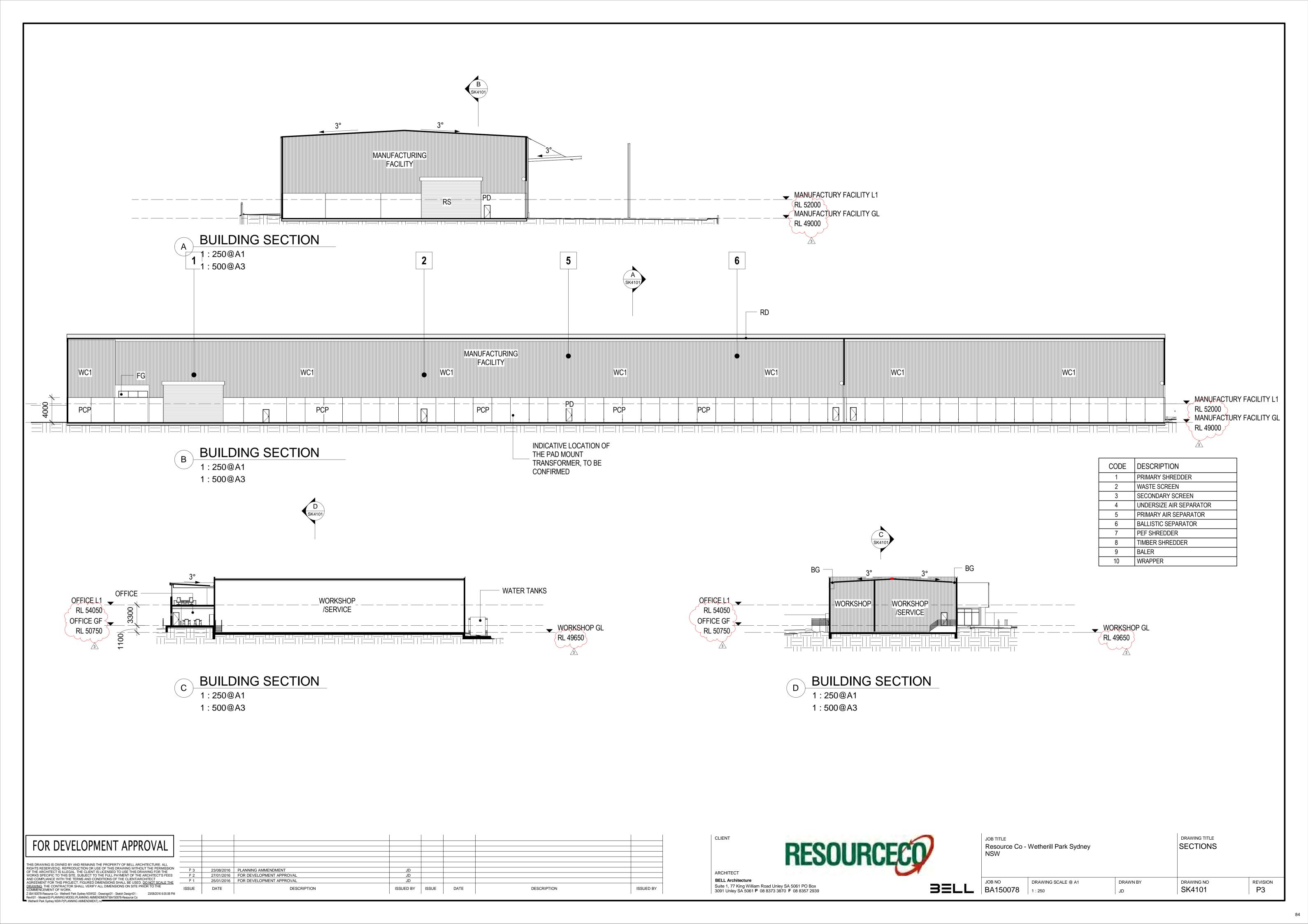
DRAWING NO

SK3102

DRAWN BY

Author

ELEVATIONS-OFFICE /



25 August 2016

Attn: Ben Sawley Resource Co RRF PO Box 542

Enfield Plaza, SA 5085

via: Matt Bell (mattbell@bellarc.com.au)

Dear Ben.

Re: Resource Co Resource Recovery Facility, 35-37 Frank Street, Wetherill Park - Landscape Statement

Tract Consultants were originally engaged by Bell Architecture December 2015 to prepare a conceptual landscape package based upon Mott McDonald's (project Civil Engineer) stormwater management plan and site grading. Following concerns regarding proposed site levels, the Ahrens Group engaged Triaxial Consulting to further refine the site grading and stormwater management of the development site.

The revised concept provided by Triaxial consulting allows the integrity of the landscape concept originally undertaken in December 2015 / January 2016 to be maintained, with minor amendments, whilst better integrating the development with its neighbours.

As a result of the revised site levels, the retaining wall to the Northern boundary has been reduced from 5.2m high to 3.25m high. The retaining wall to the Western boundary has been reduced in height and length (terminating near the weighbridge). There is a stronger street address (i.e. better visual connection / less segregation) with Frank Street as the reduced site levels have negated the need for retaining walls along the Southern boundary and allowed for a slight increase in garden bed area.

The resulting landscape treatment for 35 – 37 Frank Street, Wetherill Park has been designed to complement the architecture of the proposed administration building, accommodate the practical aspects of the industrial facility whilst being respectful of the existing streetscape character and significantly improve the landscape amenity to the lot.

Along the Western boundary a variable height retaining wall is still required to accommodate a variable level shift of the neighbouring industrial estate. This retaining wall system has been designed to minimise impact on the root zone of the existing neighbouring trees, in accordance with arborist recommendations. A 1.8m high fence will be installed along the retaining wall and return along the northern boundary. The western boundary will also be planted with screening shrubs and grasses to improve visual amenity.

A retaining wall is proposed along the Northern boundary, and 3m clear of the Northern boundary easement, to accommodate a variable level shift with the neighbouring industrial development. This wall will include a vehicle safety barrier, concrete footpath and 1.8m high fence

The existing landscape character to the frontage of the site is poor and currently comprised of only turf and various tree species in relatively modest condition. An opportunity exists to rejuvenate and significantly improve the quality of the landscape/streetscape character by incorporating a variety of elements that will complement the architecture of the building and improve the streetscape character. This would involve removing some 17 trees in relatively poor condition to accommodate new hardscape areas and subsequent earthworks and

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MELBOURNE BRISBANE **SYDNEY** CANBERRA ADELAIDE GEELONG

QUALITY ENDORSED COMPANY ISO 9001 LIC NO 2095 replacing with some 21 advanced specimen trees. Refer to the arborist report for details of existing trees, and landscape plan for details of new planting.

The proposed landscape design has sought to provide a dedicated 5m vegetated buffer integrated with pedestrian orientated urban character within the 10m setback area by incorporating various hard and soft landscape elements to discreetly facilitate functional movement and the parking of light vehicles, whilst providing passive / contemplative space for visitors and staff to enjoy.

High quality permeable landscape materials such as Eco-Trihex within the car park area, allows stormwater to be retained on-site for longer periods of time and reduces the impact upon council's existing infrastructure during times of heavy rain. Garden beds are incorporated within the carpark area as well, to help soften visual impact of the permeable paved area.

A variety of hardscape materials of varying colours / textures including precast pavers, setts and masonry walls are used to articulate the plaza and forecourt space and provide a sense of arrival, address and identity. The front wall treatment around the entry plaza borrows from the architectural vernacular and presents an integrated approach by incorporating a battened palisade fence system to reflect that being used in the detailing of the administration building.

Architectural bench seating is provided within the plaza, shaded by the proposed deciduous feature tree planting to facilitate a comfortable and desirable microclimate for visitors and staff all year round. The main pedestrian entry from the street to the building is directed through the small urbanised entry plaza and is suitable for all abilities access (i.e. wheelchairs) as per Australian Standards.

The DCP requires a 10m landscape setback to Frank Street boundary, for "Landscaping" only (except where driveways are located). "Landscaping" is not defined in the DCP (vis-a-vis hard or soft). DCP Control (item 9.4.1 Landscaping) provides for the use of decorative paving treatments, and the use of planting to visually soften areas, provide shade and reduce heat effects.

The landscape threshold addressing Frank Street has been designed to include a dedicated 5m wide garden bed and a 20m wide mixed-use zone incorporating landscaped car park and plaza areas comprising; feature paving, articulated walls, fences, footpaths, permeable paving, furniture, garden beds and shade trees.

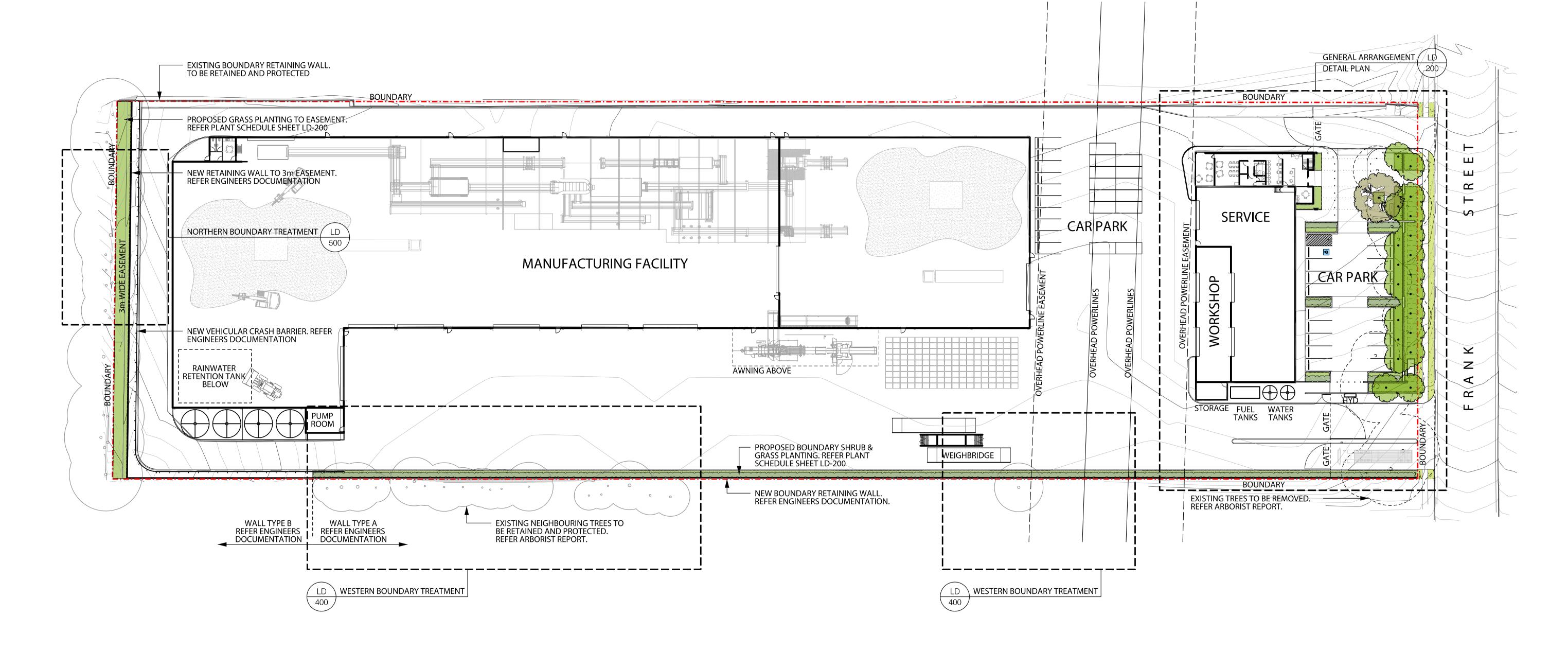
This revised site levels allows the landscape component of the new development to be better integrated into existing site conditions established along all boundaries and ultimately provides a new and improved 25m wide streetscape between the new building and Frank Street boundary.

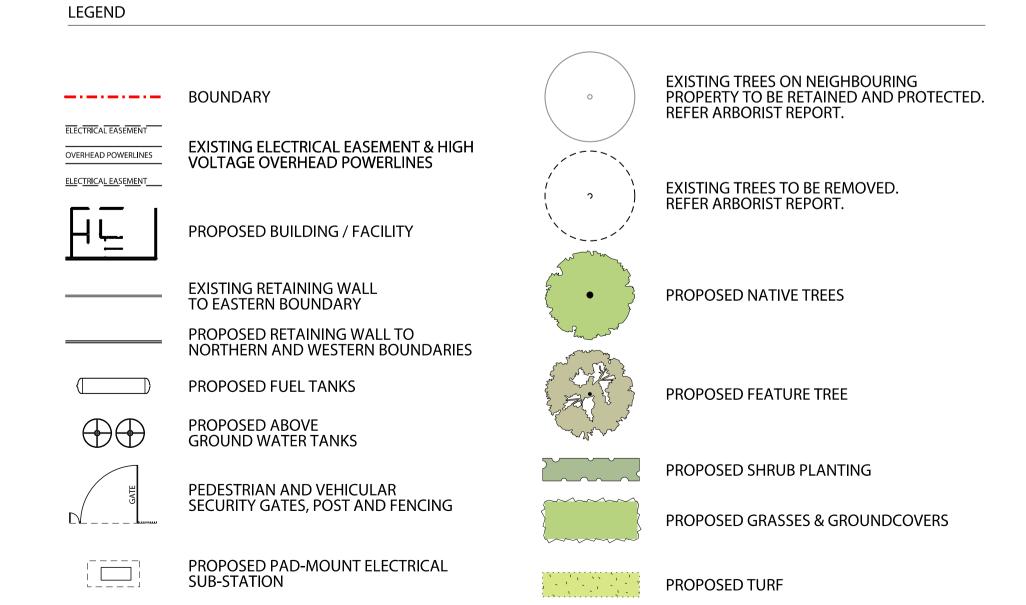
Regards,

Ben Moorcroft

Senior Landscape Architect

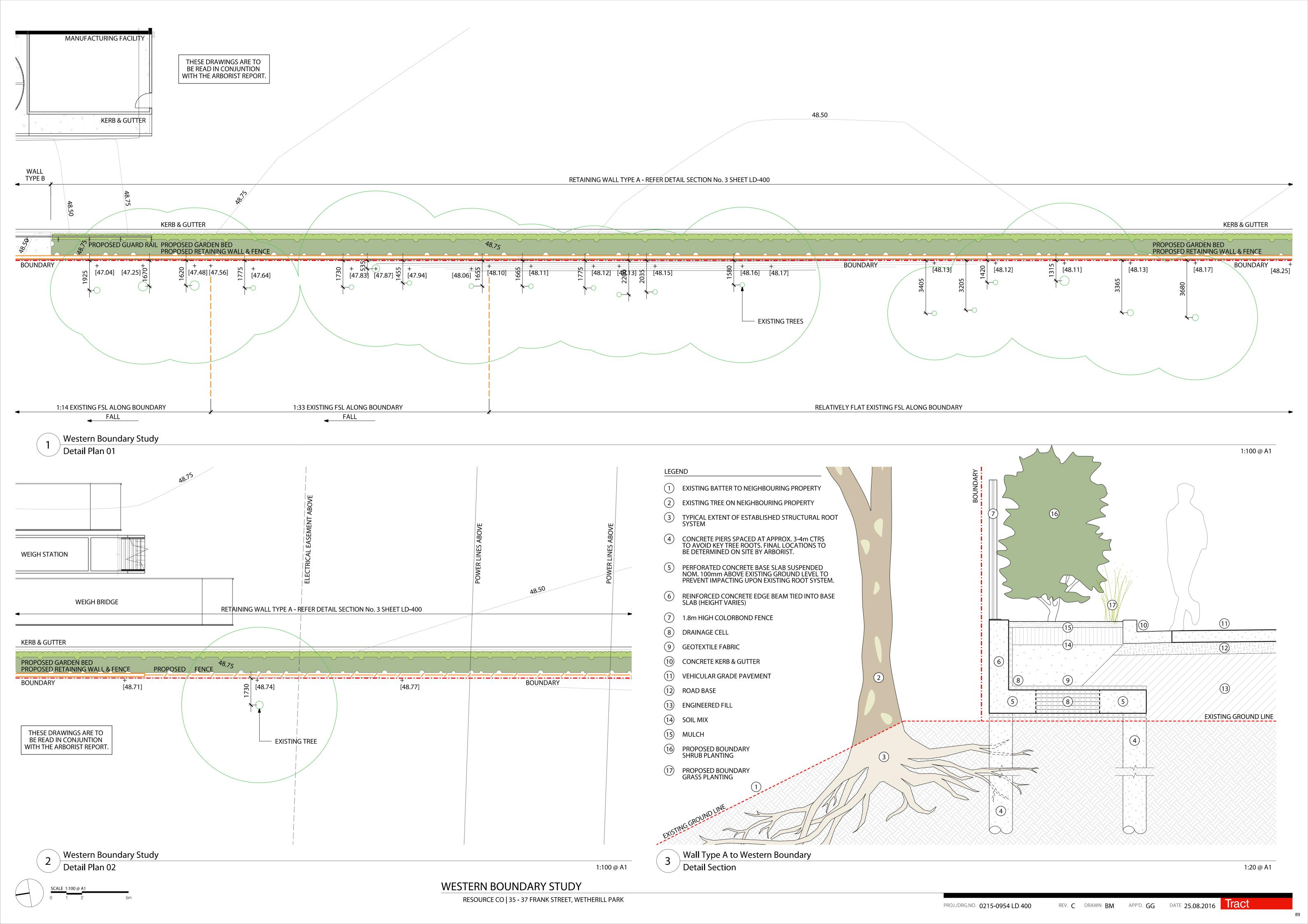
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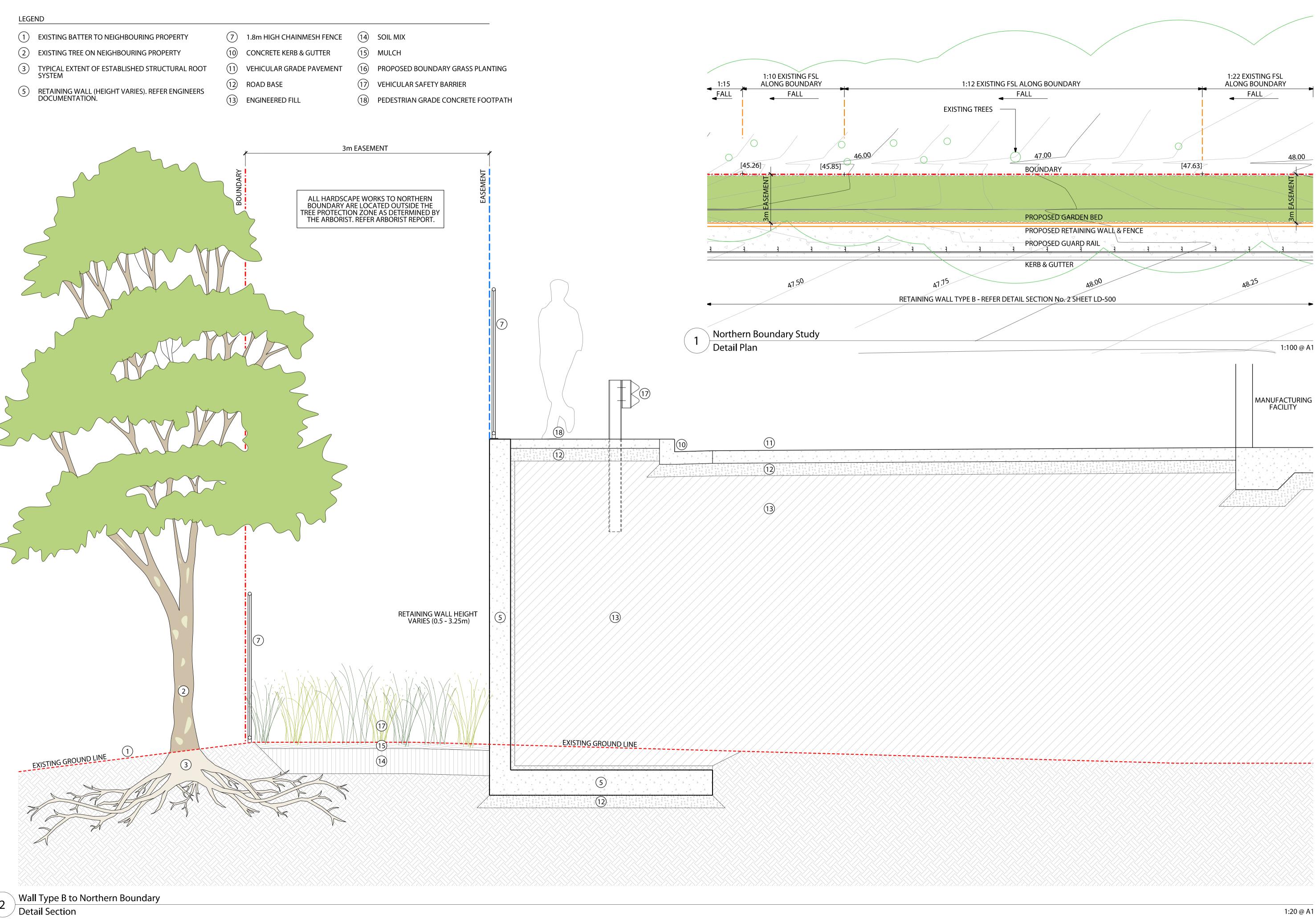












NORTHERN BOUNDARY STUDY RESOURCE CO | 35 - 37 FRANK STREET, WETHERILL PARK

# Incoming Waste Customer Pre-Qualification Procedure

The following customer pre-qualification checklist information will be incorporated into the facility's full suite of quality documents which will be finalised prior to the commencement of operations of the facility.

#### Introduction

The purpose of this procedure is as follows:

- To ensure that only those new customers with allowable waste materials are accepted by ResourceCo to deliver waste to ResourceCo's Wetherill Park Resource Recovery Facility (RRF)
- To identify which NSW EfW Policy Resource Recovery Criteria this waste will fit into
- To ensure that new customers understand the conditions by which ResourceCo will accept their allowable waste streams

## When to use this procedure

This procedure is to be used when assessing a new potential incoming waste customer for the facility.

## How to complete this procedure

- 1. The potential customer's waste will be assessed against a set of criteria to determine the following:
  - a. Are there any materials in the potential customer's waste stream that the facility is
    either not licenced to accept or do not meet the facility's limit as listed in Tables 1
    and 2. If yes, then the potential customer will not be allowed to deliver waste to the
    facility
  - b. Which NSW EfW Policy Resource Recovery Criteria the waste will fit into. The allowable criteria for the facility are listed in Table 3.
- 2. The completed form is to then be submitted to the Operations Manager who will make the ultimate decision as to whether the waste can be accepted to the facility, and if so which Resource Recovery Criteria the waste fits into

## Criteria to Determine Waste Material Acceptability

At the highest level of waste definition, the facility can accept the following:

- Dry Commercial and Industrial waste materials
- Dry Mixed Construction and Demolition waste materials
- Dry residual materials from mixed Construction and Demolition recycling facilities

In terms of the general characteristics of the waste materials being sought they are as follows:

- Solid
- Dry
- Non-putrescible
- Non-hazardous
- High calorific value
- Low levels of inert material
- Able to meet the NSW EfW Policy's Resource Recovery Criteria

In terms of the specific constituent materials in these waste categories, the following tables outline the degrees of acceptability of various waste materials by the facility.

Table 1: Unacceptable waste materials for the facility

Unacceptable Waste Material	Details			
Asbestos	Zero allowance			
Liquid wastes	Zero allowance			
Chemical wastes	Zero allowance			
Medical wastes	Zero allowance			
Contaminated soils	Zero allowance			
Municipal Solid Waste (MSW)	Zero allowance			
Food waste	Zero targeted, <5% allowable in a mixed load			
Green waste	Zero targeted, <5% allowable in a mixed load			
Radioactive wastes	Zero allowance			
Electronic wastes	Zero targeted, <1% allowable in a mixed load			
CCA preservative treated timber	<5% allowable in a mixed load			
PVC plastics	<5% allowable in a mixed load			

Table 2: Materials which will be accepted but not processed and therefore incur additional fees for rehandling and/or disposing of to a licenced receival facility

Waste Material	Details		
End of life tyres	Sent off site to a tyre recycler		
Car batteries	Sent off site to a battery recycler		
Mattresses	Batch processed but incurs extra fee		

# Criteria to determine the fit with the NSW EfW Policy's Resource Recovery Criteria

It is important to ensure that the waste materials being delivered to the facility are appropriately categorised from a NSW EfW Policy Resource Recovery Criteria. This is because the facility must comply with the various limits of PEF able to be manufactured from these various criteria of waste streams. (Refer to section 4.2.2 of the draft Environmental Management Plan for the facility for further details on how this policy will be implemented by the facility)

Table 3: NSW EfW Policy Resource Recovery Criteria for waste categorisation

Waste Stream	Resource Recovery Criteria	% Waste allowed to be	
	waste categorisation	converted to PEF (by weight)	
Residuals from mixed C&D	"C&D recycling residuals"	100% <sup>(1)</sup>	
recycling facilities	waste		
General mixed C&I waste	"50% mixed C&I" waste	50%	
delivered from a waste			
collector (e.g. FEL, RORO)			
Mixed C&I waste sourced	"No limit mixed C&I" waste	100% <sup>(2)</sup>	
solely from an entity that has			
separate collection systems for			
all relevant waste streams			
Mixed C&D waste delivered	"C&D" waste	25%	
from a waste collector (e.g.			
skip bin)			

- (1) To fit into this category the customer <u>must</u> provide ResourceCo with an EPA compliant declaration on a monthly basis that the residuals being sent to ResourceCo are less than 25% of the mixed C&D waste intake for their mixed C&D recycling facility <u>and</u> that ResourceCo is the only offtaker of their residuals for energy recovery purposes
- (2) Note that the NSW EPA is required to approve any waste streams that request this classification

## Conditions of delivery of waste materials

Each potential waste customer is required to comply with the following conditions:

- Each load of waste will be visually inspected by Customer Service Officer at the weighbridge (where this is possible)
- Each load of waste will have its contents inspected in detail by the Waste Receival Officer when the load is tipped onto the floor of the waste receiving area
- Should the load, or part thereof, be deemed to not meet the acceptance criteria then the waste delivery customer will be required to either:
  - (1) Not tip the waste and exit the site full (if the waste has not yet been tipped)
  - (2) Immediately reload the offending waste material and take it off site
  - (3) If (2) is not possible and the waste is not posing a threat to health, safely or the environment, then the waste will be quarantined and the customer will have until 4pm of the same working day to come and collect the waste and take it offsite (note that if the offending waste does pose a threat to health, safety or the environment then the relevant ResourceCo hazardous waste handling SOP will be enacted)
  - (4) If (3) is not possible then ResourceCo will organise for the waste to be collected and disposed offsite at a cost to the customer
- Note that it is solely ResourceCo's decision as to whether the waste is deemed to meet the
  acceptance criteria or not
- Should a customer deliver multiple loads of non-compliant waste and ResourceCo is not confident that the problem has been resolved then the customer will be banned from delivering waste to the site
- Where required the customer will provide ResourceCo with EPA compliant recycling recovery rate information or other information as deemed necessary to meet all licence and EPA requirements of the facility

# Hazardous Waste Materials Handling Procedures

The following hazardous materials handling information will be incorporated into the facility's full suite of quality documents which will be finalised prior to the commencement of operations of the facility. The roles in the operation that interact with the waste will be trained in these procedures, first and foremost being the key Waste Receival Officer role.

### Introduction

ResourceCo's Wetherill Park resource recovery facility (RRF) is to receive only the following non-hazardous categories of waste:

- Dry Commercial and Industrial waste materials
- Dry Mixed Construction and Demolition waste materials
- Dry residual materials from mixed Construction and Demolition recycling facilities

Any hazardous wastes are strictly prohibited and should they enter the site they must be handled safely and sent for disposal off-site to an appropriately licenced facility.

# Types of hazardous waste materials that may be encountered

The typical hazardous types of waste that may be encountered in waste deliveries can include the following:

- Liquid Wastes (e.g. paint, chemicals, oils, solvents)
- Explosives
- Poisons
- Radioactive materials
- Medical Waste (e.g. syringes, biological wastes)
- Asbestos
- Scheduled Pharmaceuticals
- Contaminated Soils

### Identifying hazardous materials in the waste stream

A hazardous material is any substance or mixture used in the workplace that can be classified according to its health and physiochemical hazards.

The Waste Receival Officer will be trained in hazardous waste material identification and is the site authority in determining if a particular material is to be deemed hazardous and the method in which this material is to be handled.

## Dealing with identified hazardous waste materials

Note: Should it be determined by the Waste Receival Officer that an identified hazardous material is too dangerous to handle by ResourceCo staff then the emergency services are to be contacted to deal with the material.

Any materials identified as hazardous, and which can be dealt with by ResourceCo staff, will be removed from the site as quickly as it is safe to do so. The specific procedures for dealing with hazardous wastes can be grouped into the following categories:

• Hazardous chemical and/or biological materials

- Hazardous sharp materials
- Asbestos materials (whilst technically a chemical type hazard it is deemed appropriate to deal with as a category on its own given its potential to exist in C&D waste streams)

#### Hazardous chemical and/or biological materials

#### **Key Operational Controls**

- Hazardous chemical risk assessment
- Wear appropriate PPE, clear the area
- Training, competency and supervision in handling hazardous chemicals
- Effective physical storage solutions bunding, barriers, ventilation control, segregation of chemicals

#### Hazardous Chemical Risk Assessment

- If a potentially hazardous material is spotted, all activity is to cease and the Operations Manager and the waste delivery driver are to be notified (if the driver has not exited the site)
- Appropriate PPE must immediately be worn and, providing there is no immediate safety or environmental risk, a careful search for an identifying label is be undertaken (refer to Appendix 1 for hazardous waste label categorisations)
- The waste delivery driver is to be asked to help identify the source of the material and the associated Safety Data Sheet (SDS)
- Should the material not be able to be identified then it is to be deemed hazardous

### Removing the material

- Only hazardous materials trained staff are to attempt to remove the material and must be wearing appropriate PPE
- The material is to be placed into a sealed container for transport to an EPA approved facility for the receipt of such material

## Resuming normal operations

- Any residues from the hazardous materials are to be cleaned up including the pumping out and cleaning of the dry sump in the floor of the facility should any material have found its way to this sump
- Only appropriately hazardous materials trained personnel can declare the site safe for the resumption of operations

The date, time and nature of the event and corrective action is to be logged in the site activity register, inclusive of the waste delivery company which brought in the offending material

#### Hazardous sharp materials

#### **Key Operational Controls**

- Hazardous sharp risk assessment
- Wear appropriate PPE, clear the area, use tongs

- Training, competency and supervision in handling needles and sharps
- Effective physical storage solutions sharps safes

Hazardous sharp risk assessment and removing the material

- If needles or sharps are spotted at the waste receival area they are to be cordoned off and a sharps safe will be brought to the area and placed onto the floor or a stable area where it is free to stand without holding
  - The Waste Receival Officer will be trained in sharps handling, will wear gloves and use tongs to collect the sharps and carefully place it the sharps safe. A visual inspection will be undertaken to ensure that all sharps have been removed from the area affected
- If needles or sharps are spotted on the picking belts, the belt is to be stopped and the supervisor advised. The sharps safe will be brought to the area and placed on to the picking table or a stable area where it is free to stand without holding
  - The picking staff will be trained, will wear gloves and use tongs to collect the sharps and carefully place it in the sharps safe. A visual inspection will be undertaken to ensure that all sharps have been removed from the picking line before processing resumes
- Sharps safes will be stored at strategically located positions within the facility, including at the waste receival area and on either side of the picking belt
- The sharps safe will be transported to an appropriate disposal location on an as needs basis

#### Asbestos materials

As a result of over 20 years of operation in the resource recovery industry, ResourceCo has developed a multi-pronged approach to managing the potential for asbestos in the waste stream (please also refer to the ResourceCo Asbestos Management Plan which will be used as a basis for the asbestos material management SOP for this facility):

- Direct education with the customer base to ensure that only materials that are asbestos free will be accepted at the site
- Appropriate signage is well positioned at the entrance, weighbridge, on weight dockets and at the drop off point
- Asbestos identification training is undertaken for all relevant staff on site
- Relevant staff are trained in safe asbestos management and removal if identified on site. This includes, but is not limited to, the following:
  - The contaminated material is to be bunded and contained
  - The contaminated material is to be wet down
  - o If a minor amount is identified, asbestos-removal trained staff are to don appropriate PPE and remove and bag the material. This material plus the potentially asbestos contaminated PPE are to then be sealed in a clearly identified, purposeproduced asbestos bag, and that bag and contents to be stored in a sealed container until such time as it is transported to a licensed disposal facility
  - o If the contamination is major, the whole of the material is to be wet down, covered and transported to a facility approved to dispose of asbestos containing material

# Reporting identified hazardous waste materials

Following the resolution of a hazardous waste materials event, the Operations Manager (or their delegate) must complete the log in the site activity register, inclusive of the following:

- The date, time and nature of the event
- Corrective action undertaken
- Waste delivery company which brought in the offending material

This register will enable the identification of any waste delivery companies which are repeat offenders, and if so will enable the appropriate action to be taken to prevent the occurrence of future issues, including, if necessary, the banning from the facility of an offending waste delivery company.



# Work Health and Safety Regulations: Classification and labelling for workplace hazardous chemicals



Classification		Labelling						
		Pictogram,	Signal		Hazard Statement			
Class	<b>Category</b> Unstable	code*	word	Code*	Text			
	explosive	1/2		H200	Unstable explosive			
	Division 1.1 Division 1.2		Danger	H201 H202	Explosive; mass explosion hazard Explosive; severe projection hazard			
Explosives	Division 1.3			H203	Explosive; fire, blast or projection hazard			
-Apiosives	Division 1.4	GHS01	Warning	H204	Fire or projection hazard			
	Division 1.5 Division 1.6	No GHS Pictogram (1) No GHS Pictogram (1)	Danger No Signal Word		May mass explode in fire  No Hazard Statement			
				with their res	spective Dangerous Goods class label in accordance			
Flammable Gases	Category 1	(A)	Danger	H220	Extremely flammable gas			
		GHS02						
	Category 1		Danger	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol			
Flammable Aerosols								
	Category 2	GHS02	Warning	H223	Flammable aerosol			
Oxidising Gases	Category 1		Danger	H270	May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser			
J								
	Compressed gas	GHS03						
	Liquefied gas			H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated			
Gases under Pressure <sup>(2)</sup>	Dissolved gas		Warning		neuted			
	Refrigerated liquefied gas	GHS04		H281	Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns or injury.			
	(2) = The hazard of Category 1	class "Gases under Press	ure is subdivided	into 'Groups' H224	(not 'Categories').  Extremely flammable liquid and vapour			
	Category 2	<b>(%)</b>	Danger	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour			
Flammable Liquids	Category 3	CUS00	Warning	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour			
	Category 4	GHS02 No Pictogram	Warning	H227	Combustible liquid			
Flammable	Category 1	**	Danger	H228	Flammable solid			
Solids	Category 2		Warning	11220	Tidrimidale solid			
		GHS02						
		GHS01		H240				
	Type A				Heating may cause an explosion			
Self-reactive			Danger					
substances and mixtures <sup>(3)</sup>	Туре В			H241	Heating may cause a fire or explosion			
		GHS01 + GHS02						
Organic Peroxides <sup>(3)</sup>		_						
reioxides	Type C and D	, W						
		<b>E3</b>		H242	Heating may cause a fire			
	Type E and F	CHEO2	Warning					
	Type G	GHS02 No Pictogram	No Signal Word	N/A	No Hazard Statement			
Demonstration into	(3) = Two separat	e hazard classes have th		s (and are the	erefore grouped).			
Pyrophoric Liquids Pyrophoric Solids	Category 1 Category 1	-	Danger	H250	Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air			
Self-heating substances	Category 1		Danger	H251	Self-heating; may catch fire			
and mixtures	Category 2		Warning	H252	Self-heating in large quantities; may catch fire			
Substances and mixtures which,	Category 1		Danger	H260	In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously			
in contact with water, emit	Category 2	GHS02	Danger					
flammable gases	Category 3		Warning	H261	In contact with water releases flammable gases			
0	Category 1		Danger	H271	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser			
Oxidising Liquids <sup>(4)</sup>	Category 2		Danger					
Oxidising Solids <sup>(4)</sup>	Category 3	GHS03	Warning	H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser			
		e hazard classes have th		s (and are the	erefore grouped).			
Corrosive to	Category 1		Warning	H290	May be corrosive to metals			
metals			9					
	Category 1	GHS05		LIDOO	Eatal if quallaring			
				H300 H310 H330	Fatal if swallowed Fatal in contact with skin Fatal if inhaled			
Acut	Category 2		Danger	H301	Toxic if swallowed			
Acute Toxicity (Oral, Dermal or	Category 3	GHS06		H311 H331	Toxic in contact with skin Toxic if inhaled			
Inhalation)								
	Catagory 4		Warning	H302	Harmful if swallowed Harmful in contact with skin			
	Category 4		Warning	H312 H332	Harmful in contact with skin  Harmful if inhaled			
	Cataran	GHS07						
	Category 1A							
	Category 1B		Danger	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage			
Skin corrosion /	Category 1C	GHS05						
Skin corrosion / irritation	Category 1C	GHS05						
	Category 1C  Category 2	GHS05	Warning	H315	Causes skin irritation			

Classification		Labelling						
Hazard		Pictogram,	Signal	Hazard Statement				
Class	Category	code*	word	Code*	Text			
Serious eye	Category 1	GHS05	Danger	H318	Causes serious eye damage			
damage / eye irritation	Category 2A	GHS07	Warning	H319	Causes serious eye irritation			
Sensitisation of	Respiratory Sensitisers Category 1	GHS08	Danger	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled			
the respiratory tract or the skin	Skin Sensitisers Category 1	GHS07	Warning	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction			
Germ cell	Category 1A		Danger	H340	May cause genetic defects (5)			
mutagenicity	Category 1B  Category 2		Warning	H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects (5)			
	Category 1A		Danger	H350	May cause cancer (5)			
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B	GHS08						
	Category 2	ovnosuro if it is sond	Warning Leaven the	H351	Suspected of causing cancer (5)			
	(5) = State route of	exposure if it is conci	usively proven tha		utes of exposure cause the hazard.			
	Category 1A		Danger	H360 <sup>(6)</sup> H360F <sup>(7)</sup> H360D <sup>(7)</sup> H360FD <sup>(7)</sup>	May damage fertility or the unborn child.  May damage fertility.  May damage the unborn child  May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.			
	Category 1B		Dunger	H360Fd <sup>(7)</sup>	May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.			
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2	GHS08	Warning	H361 <sup>(6)</sup> H361f <sup>(7)</sup> H361d <sup>(7)</sup> H361fd <sup>(7)</sup>	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.			
	Additional category for effects on or via lactation	No Pictogram	No Signal Word	H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children.			
			route of exposure if it is cond velopment (lowercase f, d = s		sively proven that no other routes of exposure spected effect).			
	Category 1		Danger	H370	Causes damage to organs (8,9)			
Specific target organ toxicity	Category 2	GHS08	Warning	H371	May cause damage to organs (8,9)			
(single exposure)	Category 3		Warning	H335	May cause respiratory irritation			
		GHS07	J	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness			
Specific target	Category 1		Danger	H372	Causes damage to organs (8) through prolonged or repeated exposure (9)			
organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2	GHS08	Warning	H373	May cause damage to organs <sup>(8)</sup> through prolonged or repeated exposure <sup>(9)</sup>			
		ns affected, if known). exposure if it is concl		at no other ro	utes of exposure cause the hazard).			
Aspiration Toxicity	Category 1	CHECO	Danger	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways			
loxicity	,	GHS08	2 3.1964		, and and enters an ways			

<sup>\* =</sup> The code for the Pictogram and Hazard Statement should not be included on the label.

**Classification** is a process used to determine if a chemical can cause harm to human health and safety. It involves the identification and evaluation of the physical properties of a chemical, along with its health effects. It is the classification of a hazardous chemical that determines what information is communicated on the label and the Safety Data Sheet (SDS - previously known as Material Safety Data Sheet).

The Work Health and Safety (WHS) Regulations introduce a new system of chemical classification and hazard communication on labels and Safety Data Sheets, based on the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS). This will replace the classification and hazard communication systems for workplace hazardous substances and dangerous goods. It will not replace requirements for dangerous goods transport.

This poster shows GHS signal words, pictograms and hazard statements for each GHS hazard class and category covered by the WHS Regulations that will soon appear on labels and SDS for workplace hazardous chemicals.

There will be a five year **transitional period** for moving to the new GHS-based system. During this time, both the hazardous substances and dangerous goods classification systems and the GHS are recognised under the new WHS laws. By 31 December 2016 all workplace hazardous chemicals must be classified according to the GHS and labels and SDS must be updated.

Further information on classification, labelling and safety data sheet requirements under the WHS Regulations, including transitional arrangements, is available from the Safe Work Australia website at www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au.

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