

6th September 2016

Attn: Drew Bagnall

University of Sydney Services Building G12 22 Codrington Street Darlington NSW 2008

Re: treeiQ Response to Submissions for SSD 7054 – F07 Lees 1

Please see below our response in relation the various tree management issues raised by Department of Planning & Environment, Office of the Government Architect, City of Sydney and NSW Heritage Council regarding the proposed Lees project. Our response summarizes how the proposal has been designed in accordance with *Australian Standard 4970 Protection of Trees on Development Sites (2009)* and *Australian Standard 4373 Pruning of Amenity Trees (2007)*. With the use of best practice tree management during the development period, the proposed works should not significantly impact the health or Useful Life Expectancy of the trees to be retained.

Response to Department of Planning & Envir	onment
1 - The building design should be revised to	The proposed Lees Building has been designed to minimise
minimise its impact on the existing heritage	impacts to the City Road Figs.
significant Morton Bay Fig Trees fronting	
City Road and the subsequent requirement for any crown pruning.	As part of the design development stage, TreeiQ determined the maximum amount of pruning acceptable based on an individual assessment of the trees' crown form and the constraints of <i>Australian Standard 4373 Pruning of Amenity Trees (2007).</i> The proposed building was sited based on the trees' crown form, following these pruning works.
	The pruning works required for the proposed Lees Building were undertaken on the 29 th July 2016 in accordance with the City of Sydney Tree Permit dated 15 th June 2016.
	The Pruning Specification was based on a ground level assessment and has identified all larger diameter branches that would potentially conflict with the proposed building. Additional surveying has been undertaken and plans have been prepared to confirm building clearances. As per Section 3.6.7 of the Arboricultural Impact Assessment (Rev D, 11.04.16), any additional pruning in sections of the trees' upper crowns to accommodate sections of the proposed building projection will be limited to branches no greater than 50mm diameter. This pruning work should represent terminal growth only which could be either pruned with hand tools from hoardings/scaffolding or temporarily pushed back.

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The lower levels (Basement-Level 4) of the proposed Lee Building encroaches into the northern side of the Tree Protection Zone areas of Trees 970-973. Whilst the encroachments are only slightly larger than a Minor Encroachment (a Minor Encroachment is less 10% of the TPZ and is considered acceptable by <i>Australian Standard 4970 (2009) Protection of</i> <i>Trees on Development Sites</i> without the need for root investigations), due to the age and significance of the trees, exploratory root investigations were undertaken as part of the design development stage to determine the size and number of roots which would be impacted.
No roots greater than 50mm were found as part of the root investigations and it was determined that with the use of best practice tree management, the proposed works should not significantly impact the health or Useful Life Expectancy (ULE) of the trees.
Pre-development preparatory works (staged root pruning) were recommended to spread any physiological stress associated with root pruning over an extended period and minimise the impact on the health of the trees.
The first stage of the root pruning was undertaken during August 2015 in accordance with the City of Sydney Tree Permit dated 16 th June 2015. The second stage of root pruning was undertaken during July 2016 in accordance with the City of Sydney Tree Permit dated 16 th June 2015.
TreeiQ has been engaged to undertake fortnightly inspections, prepare monthly Compliance Reports and supervise works within the Tree Protection Zones during the construction period.
The proposal is now to transplant Tree 435 to a landscape area to the front of the proposed F23 building, adjacent to City Road.
Tree 435 is considered a viable candidate for transplanting as it is in the early mature stage of growth and in good health. Anecdotally, <i>Ficus macrophylla</i> are considered a robust species tolerant of transplanting. Tree transplanting should be undertaken by an experienced Tree Transplanting Contractor.
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City of Sydney

2 - The amount of pruning [of the Moreton Bay Figs on City Road] anticipated in the report does not reflect the distance of the proposed building or allow for scaffolding/hoarding, building clearance and potential construction access associated with construction. Further, the report does not consider any future allowance for tree canopy growth which will inevitably occur each year.

Following a recent site inspection, it is considered that major pruning of T971, T972 and T973 will be required to facilitate construction. It is expected that the current design and scaffolding will require the removal of large primary branches (200 – 400mm diameter). As part of the design development stage, TreeiQ determined the maximum amount of pruning acceptable based on an individual assessment of the trees' crown form and the constraints of *Australian Standard 4373 Pruning of Amenity Trees (2007).* The proposed building was sited based on the trees' crown form, following these pruning works.

The pruning works required for the proposed Lees Building were undertaken on the 29th July 2016 in accordance with the City of Sydney Tree Permit dated 15th June 2016.

The Pruning Specification was based on a ground level assessment and has identified all larger diameter branches that would potentially conflict with the proposed building. Additional surveying has been undertaken and plans have been prepared to confirm building clearances. As per Section 3.6.7 of the Arboricultural Impact Assessment (Rev D, 11.04.16), any additional pruning in sections of the trees' upper crowns to accommodate sections of the proposed building projection will be limited to branches no greater than 50mm diameter. This pruning work should represent terminal growth only which could be either pruned with hand tools from hoardings/scaffolding or temporarily pushed back.

The proposed building has been designed so that Level 5 projects forward in a stepped fashion towards the trees by up to 2.5m. The trees have an asymmetric crown form resulting from high levels of shading from the adjacent trees and the existing building to the north. Although the proposed building is located in closer proximity to the trees (than the current building), the level of shading will not be significantly altered. *Ficus macrophylla* are a species tolerant of shading and the shade cast by the proposed building is not anticipated to significantly impact the trees.

The growth on the northern side of the trees' crown will continue to be minimal and can be maintained as part of general maintenance by the pruning of small diameter terminal growth from an Elevated Working Platform.

TreeiQ has been engaged to undertake fortnightly inspections, prepare monthly Compliance Reports and supervise works within the Tree Protection Zones during the construction period.

Concern is also raised with regard to works
within the Tree Protection Zone (TPZ) of the
Moreton Bay Fig trees.The lower levels (Basement-Level 4) of the proposed Lee
Building encroaches into the northern side of the Tree
Protection Zone areas of Trees 970-973. Whilst the
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Encroachment (a Minor Encroachment is less 10% of the TPZ and is considered acceptable by <i>Australian Standard 4970</i> (2009) Protection of Trees on Development Sites without the need for root investigations), due to the age and significance of the trees, exploratory root investigations were undertaken as part of the design development stage to determine the size and number of roots which would be impacted. No roots greater than 50mm were found as part of the root investigations and it was determined that with the use of best practice tree management, the proposed works should not significantly impact the health or ULE of the trees. Pre-development preparatory works (staged root pruning) were recommended to spread any physiological stress associated with root pruning over an extended period and minimise the impact on the health of the trees. The first stage of the root pruning was undertaken during August 2015 in accordance with the City of Sydney Tree Permit dated 16 th June 2015. The second stage of root pruning was undertaken during July 2016 in accordance with the City of Sydney Tree Permit dated 16 th June 2015. The existing understory vegetation can be retained if required. In addition, irrigation has been installed under the trees' crowns and is to be extended to the proximity of TPZ prior to the commencement of works on site.
The Arboricultural Report recommended the transplanting of Tree 435 as it was in the early mature stage of growth and in good health. The proposal now shows Tree 435 is to be transplanted to a landscape area to the front of the proposed F23 building, adjacent to City Road.
TreeiQ cannot comment on heritage issues. However, TreeiQ
determined the maximum amount of pruning acceptable based on an individual assessment of the trees' crown form and the constraints of <i>Australian Standard 4373 Pruning of Amenity</i> <i>Trees (2007).</i> The proposed building was sited based on the trees' crown form, following these pruning works. The pruning works required for the proposed Lees Building were undertaken on the 29 th July 2016 in accordance with the City of Sydney Tree Permit dated 15 th June 2016.

The Heritage Council recommends that the University of Sydney submit revised architectural design drawings for assessment. The southern façade (levels 1-4) and overhanging stepped façade (levels 5-8) should be setback a further 3 metres from these Morten Bay Figs; to ensure that the LEES1 Building development does not encroach into the canopy and Tree Protection Zone of the four (4) Moreton Bay Figs along City Road, numbered T970, T971, T972 and T973 in the Arborist Report.

The Pruning Specifications was based on a ground level assessment and has identified all larger diameter branches that would potentially conflict with the proposed building. Additional surveying has been undertaken and plans have been prepared to confirm building clearances. As per Section 3.6.7 of the Arboricultural Impact Assessment (Rev D, 11.04.16), any additional pruning in sections of the trees' upper crowns to accommodate sections of the proposed building projection will be limited to branches no greater than 50mm diameter. This pruning work should represent terminal growth only which could be either pruned with hand tools from hoardings/scaffolding or temporarily pushed back.

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Yours sincerely

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Anna Hopwood - Director



