

Barangaroo Lend Lease (Millers Point) Pty Ltd 23 November 2012 Document No. 60153531-5.7-RPCP-0001 C

Tree Root Mass Investigation

Hickson Road, Millers Point, NSW



Tree Root Mass Investigation

Hickson Road, Millers Point, NSW

Prepared for

Lend Lease (Millers Point) Pty Ltd

Prepared by

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AECOM's professional opinions contained in this document are subject to modification if additional information is obtained, through further investigation, observations, or validation testing and analysis during remedial activities.

Quality Information

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Glossary of Terms

Term	Description
AHD	Australian Height Datum
ALS	ALS Environmental
ANZECC	Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council
AS	Australian Standard
As	Arsenic
BaP	Benzo-α-pyrene
BDA	Barangaroo Delivery Authority
ВН	Borehole Location
BTEX	Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl benzene and Xylene
Cd	Cadmium
Cr	Chromium
CoPC	Chemicals of Potential Concern
СРАН	Carcinogenic Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons
Cr 6+/ Cr VI	Hexavalent Chromium
Cu	Copper
DEC	Department of Environment and Conservation NSW (superseded)
DECC	Department of Environment and Climate Change NSW (superseded)
DECCW	Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water NSW
DGI	Data Gap Investigation
DP	Deposited Plan
DQO	Data Quality Objectives
DQI	Data Quality Indicators
EC	Electrical Conductivity
EIL	Ecological Investigation Level
EMP	Environment Management Plan
EPA	Environmental Protection Authority
ESA	Environmental Site Assessment
GPS	Global Positioning System
Hg	Mercury
HHERA	Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment
ICP-MS	Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry
m bgs	Metres below ground surface
m bTOC	Metres below top of casing
MW	Monitoring Well Location
LOR	Limit of Reporting

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NATA	National Association of Testing Authorities				
NEPC	National Environment Protection Council				
NEPM	National Environmental Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure				
Ni	Nickel		<u> </u>		
NHMRC	National Health and Medical Research Council				
OHS/OH&S	Occupational Health and Safety				
PAH	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons				
PDA	Project Development Agreement				
Pb	Lead				
PSI	Preliminary Site Assessment				
QA/QC	Quality Assurance/Quality Control				
RAP	Remedial Action Plan				
RWP	Remediation Work Plan				
SAQP	Sampling Analysis and Quality Plan				
SAC	Soil Acceptance Criteria				
SEPR™	Surfactant Enhanced Product Recovery				
SIL	Soil Investigation Level				
S-ISCO®	Surfactant Enhanced In situ Chemical Oxidation				
SROH	Significant Risk of Harm				
SSESC	Site-specific Ecological Screening Criteria				
SSTC	Site Specific Target Criteria				
SWL	Standing Water Level				
SVOC	Semi Volatile Organic Compound				
TPH	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons				
VMP	Voluntary Management Proposal				
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound				
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency				
Zn	Zinc				
Units of Measure	ement	ı			
°C	degrees Celsius	m	Metres		
cm	centimetre	mS	milli-Siemens		
ha	hectare	mV	Millivolts		
kg	kilogram	ppm	parts per million		
km	kilometre	μg	Microgram		
%	percent				

Executive Summary

AECOM Australia Pty Ltd (AECOM) was engaged by Lend Lease (Millers Point) Pty Ltd (Lend Lease) to investigate potential contamination associated within selected tree roots located within the area of EPA Remediation Site declaration 21122, in Hickson Road, Millers Point, NSW (the Site).

The purpose of the investigation was to assess soil contamination conditions and potential for remediation requirements related to the protection of human health in the root mass zone.

The main components of the scope of work undertaken included the following:

- Drilling of nine boreholes (designated TBH01 to TBH09) within the root mass of selected trees using a small track mounted drill rig to a maximum of 2 m below ground surface (bgs);
- Laboratory analysis of sixteen soil and fill samples plus quality assurance and quality control samples for the heavy metals, total petroleum hydrocarbons, BTEX and PAHs;
- Excavation of three inspection pits within the tree root mass to a maximum depth of 0.5 m bgs, using nondestructive vacuum excavation techniques; and
- Desktop investigation of potential phytotoxic effects associated with the use of S-ISCO[®] chemicals (Sodium persulphate, Peroxide, Fe-TAML[®] and VeruSOL[®]).

Based on the results of this investigation AECOM makes the following conclusions regarding the assessment of contamination within the tree root mass zones:

- Tar Containing Material (TCM) was not identified in any of the boreholes completed within the root mass zone of the investigated trees.
- Based on the shallow test pit excavations and boreholes completed, observed tree roots appear largely laterally confined to the footpath side of the kerb line (i.e. to the east of the kerb on the eastern side and to the west of the kerb on the western side of Hickson Road) and generally do not appear to extend further into Hickson Road.
- With respect to addressing the Remediation Site declaration, the material assessed within the root mass zone of the trees investigated is considered suitable, from a human health risk perspective, to remain *in-situ* or for re-use within Hickson Road, based on the comparison of the individual concentrations and the 95% UCL concentrations to the SSTCs.
- Based on the reported results, remediation of the tree root mass is not required. Accordingly, future S-ISCO® injections in this area are not required.
- As the S-ISCO[®] chemicals are injected into the groundwater table, which based on visual observations is generally 1 to 1.5 m below the bulk of the observed tree root mass, it is not anticipated that the tree root mass will be significantly exposed to S-ISCO chemicals, reducing the likelihood of any adverse effects on the health of the trees.

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1.0 Introduction

1.1 Background

AECOM Australia Pty Ltd (AECOM) was engaged by Lend Lease (Millers Point) Pty Ltd (Lend Lease) to investigate potential contamination associated within selected tree roots located within the area of EPA Remediation Site declaration 21122, in Hickson Road, Millers Point, NSW (the Site). The Site location is shown on Figure F1 and the Site Layout is shown on Figure F2a, F2b and F2c in **Appendix A**.

The Site is located within the area of land subject to NSW Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water (DECCW) Declaration of Remediation Site (Declaration Number 21122; Area Number 3221) and approved Voluntary Remediation Proposal (VMP) (Declaration Number 20101719), hereafter referred to as the Declaration Area.

1.2 Purpose and Objectives

The purpose of the investigation was to assess soil contamination conditions and potential for remediation requirements related to the protection of human health in the root mass zone.

The objectives of the investigation were to:

- Evaluate whether tar containing material (TCM) is present in the root mass of selected trees located within the Declaration Area;
- Complete shallow test pit excavations suitable for Lend Lease's contracted arborist (Tree Wise Men Pty Ltd)
 to inspect the distribution of shallow sub-surface tree roots and associated ground conditions at selected
 trees located within the base of the Hickson Road footpath (behind the kerb);
- Evaluate the extent (if any) of remediation required in the area of the root zones of trees within Hickson Road in the event S-ISCO is selected as the remedial approach;
- Evaluate possible phytotoxic effects associated with the use of S-ISCO[®] chemicals, including sodium persulfate, hydrogen peroxide, Fe-TAML[®] and VeruSOL[®] on trees through a desktop evaluation.

1.3 Scope of Work

AECOM undertook the following scope of works to achieve the project objectives:

- Obtained City of Sydney Footpath Opening Permit and RTA Road Occupancy Licence;
- Installation of temporary fencing and barricades at each location;
- Service location in all areas subject to intrusive investigations;
- Non destructive digging in the first 1 m of each borehole and testpit;
- Drilling of nine boreholes (designated TBH01 to TBH09) within the root mass of selected trees using a small track mounted drill rig to a maximum of 2 m below ground surface (bgs);
- Laboratory analysis of sixteen soil and fill samples plus quality assurance and quality control samples for the following analytes:
 - Heavy Metals (arsenic, cadmium, copper, chromium, nickel, lead, mercury and zinc);
 - Total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH);
 - Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX); and
 - Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs).
- Excavation of three inspection pits within the tree root mass to a maximum depth of 0.5 m bgs, using non
 destructive vacuum excavation techniques;
- Survey of nine borehole locations using a registered surveyor (Rygate Surveyors); and

- Desktop evaluation of potential phytotoxic effects associated with the use of S-ISCO $^{\otimes}$ chemicals (Sodium persulfate, Peroxide, Fe-TAML $^{\otimes}$ and VeruSOL $^{\otimes}$).

2.0 Site Identification

The following table provides Site identification details.

Table 1 Site Identification

Item	Description			
Site Owner	Owner: City of Sydney Road Authority: Barangaroo Delivery Authority (BDA)			
Client	Lend Lease (Millers Point) Pty Ltd (Lend Lease)			
Site Address	Hickson Road (Sussex Street), Barangaroo, NSW 2000			
Legal Description (Lot and DP)	Section of Hickson Road in State Plan 118 and 162 (refer to Appendix A)			
County and Parish	County of Cumberland, Parish of Saint Phillip			
Local Government Authority	City of Sydney			
Current Zoning	Maritime and Transport Zone ^a			
Current Land Use	Roadway and pedestrian			
Proposed Land Use	Roadway and pedestrian			
Approximate Average Elevation	2 - 3 m AHD			
Site Location	Figure F1 (Appendix A)			
Site Layout	Figure F2a, 2b, 2c (Appendix A)			

Notes

AHD – Australian Height Datum

^{*} Derived from CAD plans provided by Lend Lease.

^a City of Sydney 2005. *Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2005*, Gazetted 9 December 2005, as amended.

3.0 Previous Investigations

Contamination investigations and assessments have been previously undertaken for the declaration area in which the Site is located and also of the remainder of land within the Barangaroo Stage 1 Development Area. The investigations assessed the presence of soil and groundwater contamination which originated primarily from the former Miller's Point gas works. Relevant previous contamination investigations and assessment reports are listed below:

- NA&A .1996. Initial Environmental Assessment, Sydney Ports Corporation, Darling Harbour Berths 3-8 Hickson Road, Darling Harbour. June.
- Jeffery and Katauskas (J&K). 2006. Geotechnical Report development of Wharves 3-8 at East Darling Harbour. August.
- ERM. 2007. Environmental Site Assessment, East Darling Harbour, Sydney, NSW, Final Report. 21 June.
- Coffey Environments. 2008. Preliminary Environmental Investigation, 30-38 Hickson Road, Millers Point, NSW 2000. 12 May.
- ERM. 2008a. Additional Investigation Works at Barangaroo, Hickson Road, Millers Point, NSW. July.
- ERM. 2008b. Preliminary Sediment Screening Works at East Darling Harbour, Adjacent to Barangaroo, NSW, Draft, Rev 03. August.
- ARUP. 2008. Barangaroo Development, East Darling Harbour Geotechnical Desk Top Study. 28 October.
- AECOM Australia Pty Ltd, 2009. Revised Draft Remediation Work Plan, Stage 1 Development, Barangaroo, 30 November.
- ERM. 2010. Overarching Remedial Action Plan for the Barangaroo Project Site, Sydney. June.
- AECOM Australia Pty Ltd 2010. Data Gap Investigation, EPA Declaration Area (Parts of Barangaroo Site and Hickson Road), Millers Point, NSW. 23 September.
- AECOM Australia Pty Ltd 2012. Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment, VMP Remediation Works Area – Barangaroo. 25 October.

The recent Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment (HHERA) (AECOM 2012) for the VMP Area, developed human health based Site-specific target criteria (SSTC) and Site-specific ecological screening criteria (SSESC) (soil and groundwater concentrations) that remediation would need to achieve to allow redevelopment for the land uses described in the declaration area. The human health SSTC criteria for the declaration area are applicable to this investigation and are discussed in **Section 8.0**.

4.0 Site Condition and Surrounding Environment

4.1 Current Land Use

The Site is currently a public roadway, consisting of one south and one north bound traffic and bike lanes, parking spaces and pedestrian pathways on either side of the road. Trees are located behind the kerb along both sides of the Road.

With the exception of the immediate area around the base of tree trunks which are covered with crushed granite encompassing area of approximately 1 m² to 6 m², the entire Site is sealed with a mixture of asphalt and concrete.

4.2 Proposed Land Use

Based on the current Lend Lease development plans, it is understood that the proposed land use across the Development Area (South) will comprise mixed commercial and high density residential (with minimal access to soil) with associated open space areas.

The Site, which comprises a portion of land adjacent to Hickson Road, will remain a public footpath.

4.3 Surrounding Land Use

The Site is surrounded by the following land use:

- North: Hickson Road continues to the north, with residential properties on High Street to the northeast above a high rock cutting and the temporary cruise passenger terminal to the northwest.
- South: Hickson Road continues to the south into Sussex Street, with commercial/residential properties to
 the southwest followed by Napoleon Street and part of the Barangaroo Stage 1 development area to the
 southwest:
- East: Commercial and high density residential buildings with Jenkins Street beyond; and
- West: The remainder of the declaration area and the Barangaroo stage 1 development area, followed by Darling Harbour.

4.4 Topography and Drainage

The topography of the Site is relatively flat having undergone significant historical cut and fill works. Darling Harbour is located approximately 150 m to the west of the Site. The entire Site is sealed with asphalt and concrete, with the exception of the area immediately around the base of the trees running along either side of Hickson Road.

The majority of stormwater runoff would be captured by the stormwater guttering running along either side of the road, which drain to the west into Darling Harbour.

4.5 Geology

The AECOM (2010b) DGI described the following geology beneath the Site:

- Reference to the 1:100, 000 Geological Survey of NSW (Sydney) Sheet 9130 (Ed 1) (Herbert 1983)
 indicates that the stratigraphy of the Site comprises man-made fill material, marine clays and Hawkesbury
 Sandstone.
- Information from previous investigations indicates that during the early 1800s the shoreline ran approximately along the western edge of Hickson Road (i.e. along the eastern edge of the proposed Stage 1 Development).
- The area to the west of Hickson Road is understood to have been progressively reclaimed.
- Aerial photographs from the 1950s indicate that the area between Hickson Road and the current shoreline was occupied by a number of finger wharves, extending from Hickson Road, which were filled in several stages between the 1960s and 1980s with various types of material.

Based on the AECOM (2010b) DGI and Coffey (2008) investigation, the following sequence of lithology has been identified:

- Surface slabs of asphalt and concrete vary to depths between 0.3 to 0.8 m bgs.
- Fill consisting predominantly of sand and gravel with minor anthropogenic inclusions such as brick, coal, charcoal and slag extending to depth ranging between 0.57 and 9.2 m bgs, with the fill layer generally deeper towards the west side of Hickson Road and within former gasworks subsurface structures such as the tar tank beneath Hickson Road.
- Thin layer of residual clayey sand identified at some locations, mainly in the northern portion of the Site ranging between 1.0 and 3.5 m bgs.
- Sandstone bedrock identified at depths ranging between 0.57 m bgs and 9.2 m bgs, generally increasing in depth to the west.

4.6 Hydrogeology

The AECOM (2010b) DGI indicated the following about hydrogeology within the Site:

- Groundwater beneath the Site is present as an unconfined, shallow aquifer within the fill materials and the underlying natural sediments.
- Groundwater is also likely to occur as a deeper bedrock aquifer within the underlying sandstone bedrock.
- Groundwater within the bedrock would occur as a fractured bedrock aquifer, potentially confined by an overlying clay unit in some areas of the Site.
- Due to the proximity of the Site to Darling Harbour, the depth to groundwater is shallow (less than 3 m bgs) and the overall direction of groundwater flow is expected to be towards Darling Harbour.
- Groundwater at the Site may be tidally influenced, resulting in the fluctuation of groundwater levels within the fill materials and natural sediments.
- The results of the AECOM (2010b) DGI investigation indicate that the variable nature and distribution of fill
 materials at the Site cause localised variations in groundwater flow, which is further complicated by tidal
 movements.

A search of the NSW Department of Natural Resources (DNR) groundwater bore data base as reported in ERM (2007) indicated that there were 32 registered groundwater bores within a 4 km radius of the Site, which were registered for either recreation, irrigation or monitoring purposes

4.7 Potentially Sensitive Receptors

In the context of this investigation, the selected trees located within the Declaration Area which form the subject of this report are the nearest potentially sensitive receptor. The closest potential aquatic sensitive receptor is Darling Harbour and the adjacent Sydney Harbour which are highly urbanised estuaries. Sydney Harbour is used for a mixture of purposes including recreational purposes such as boating, swimming and fishing and for commercial purposes including cargo and passenger transport. The area of Darling Harbour adjacent to the Site currently serves as a passenger terminal for cruise vessels.

The Site is situated in a mixed commercial and residential area, with a child care centre located on the east side of the Site. No other environmentally sensitive receptors have been identified.

Potential human exposure to contaminants of potential concern in impacted soil/fill materials and/or groundwater may occur via the following potential exposure pathways:

- Direct dermal contact with impacted materials;
- Incidental ingestion of impacted materials;
- Inhalation of volatile potential contaminants of concern; and
- Inhalation of potential contaminants of concern sorbed to air-borne particulates.

The following potential human receptors were identified:

Workers engaged in Site operational activities;

- Workers engaged in future redevelopment of the Site;
- Workers on the Site entering confined spaces or exposed to subsurface materials during maintenance work;
- Future residents inhabiting the Site;

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- Off-site workers conducting construction, road or other sub-surface works in the vicinity of the Site;
- Residents in neighbouring properties and;
- Occupants within the day care facility located on Hickson Road.

5.0 Potentially Contaminating Activities and Contaminants of Concern

5.1 Existing Identified Contamination

Based on the historical review of the Site as presented in the ERM (2007, 2008a) reports and the results of the environmental and geotechnical investigations conducted on the Site, the potentially contaminating activities and associated chemicals of potential concern (CoPC) have been identified and are summarised in the table below.

Description of Potentially Contaminating Activity	СоРС	Comments
Former gasworks	Metals, TPH, BTEX, PAHs, phenols, sulphate, cyanide, ammonia	Associated with gasworks waste. Gasworks contamination is likely to be concentrated in the vicinity gasworks infrastructure across the Declaration Area but may have also been relocated.
Importation of fill materials for reclamation activities	Metals, TPH, BTEX, PAHs, PCBs, OCPs, VOCs, SVOCs	Fill materials of unknown origin have been used for land reclamation beneath Hickson Road.
Demolition of former buildings potentially containing hazardous materials	Metals	Hazardous materials including lead based paints, may have been used in the construction of historical warehouses, buildings and/or industrial infrastructure on the Site and may have been introduced to the subsurface during demolition works or as a result of leaching or weathering while the building structures were still in place.

Notes: Metals – Arsenic (As), Copper (Cu), Chromium (Cr), Cadmium (Cd), Mercury (Hg), Lead (Pb), Nickel (Ni), Zinc (Zn)

PAHs - Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

TPH - Total petroleum hydrocarbons

BTEX - Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes

OCPs - Organochlorine pesticides

OPPs - Organophosphorus pesticides

PCBs - Polychlorinated biphenyls

SVOCs - Semi volatile organic compounds

VOCs - Volatile organic compounds

5.2 Chemicals Potentially used for S-ISCO® Remediation

S-ISCO® and SEPR™ may be used to remediate gas works contamination in the Declaration Area. The chemicals specifically used are hydrogen peroxide, sodium persulfate, sodium hydroxide, VeruSOL® and Fe-TAML®. The volumes, concentrations and injection rates of the chemicals will vary throughout the S-ISCO® and SEPR™ process.

6.0 Investigation Methodology

6.1 Soil Field Investigation

6.1.1 Services Location and Clearance

All borehole locations were cleared for subsurface utilities as follows:

- Plans of underground utilities were requested from the Dial-Before-You-Dig service and relevant utility representatives were contacted to confirm proposed sample points were clear of subsurface utilities. CAD plans relating to the presence of subsurface utilities were also supplied by BDA and Lend Lease. All plans were reviewed by AECOM prior to the commencement of service location clearance.
- All sample locations were marked on the ground with spray paint and were measured from nearby reference points.
- Each sampling location was cleared using a Telstra accredited, underground services location contractor (Australian Locating Services).
- After coring through the asphalt and/or concrete surface, each location was potholed by air-knifing (non-destructive drilling) by a competent subcontractor (Terratest) to at least 1 m bgs or to the depth of refusal.

6.1.2 Intrusive Work

Terratest were engaged to carry out the drilling operations. The surface at each location was cored using a track mounted concrete corer and the drilling technique consisted of direct push tube sampling with a track mounted Geoprobe[™] drill rig. The push-tube samplers were hammered into undisturbed soil in one continuous uniform motion without rotating. Samples were collected based on their location, distribution within the soil/fill profile and suitability for sampling.

Boreholes were drilled to a maximum of 2 m bgs or refusal (whichever was shallower).

Borehole locations were reinstated with grout or soil cuttings that had been drilled out from that location. In many instances, no grout or soil cuttings could be placed down the hole due to the collapse of fill materials following completion of drilling. All boreholes were reinstated to original surface level and condition. Any excess soil generated from the drilling process was placed in drums and stored on-site for future disposal.

6.1.3 Soil Sampling

All boreholes were cored then air-knifed to a minimum depth of one metre (where possible) to expose underground services. Soil samples were then collected from beneath the concrete or asphalt surface and then every 0.5 m or where a significant change in physical characteristics was identified to the maximum target depth of 2 m bgs. Where possible, soil samples were collected from the natural material, at the interface with any overlying fill and underlying bedrock.

The soil was collected in disposable plastic liners and representative soil samples were transferred from liners into laboratory supplied sampling containers by nitrile-gloved hand.

All soil samples were placed in laboratory prepared glass sampling containers using single use disposable nitrile gloves. Field duplicates (intra-laboratory) and triplicates (inter-laboratory) were prepared in the field by splitting soil samples. In order to minimise the loss of volatiles, samples were not mixed or homogenised during collection or splitting and jars were filled so as to minimise the amount of headspace where sample recovery allowed.

6.1.4 Soil Sample Labelling, Preservation, Storage and Transport

All samples were clearly labelled with unique sample identification numbers consisting of the date, sample location, depth of sample and samplers initials. In the case of field duplicates and triplicates, sample containers were labelled so as to not reveal their purpose or sample location to the laboratory. All samples were kept chilled in an ice-filled esky prior to dispatch to the NATA registered laboratory under chain of custody (COC) procedures.

All samples collected are stored at the laboratory (3 months for metals [28 days for mercury], or 14 days for organics).

6.1.5 Soil Sampling Equipment Decontamination

The decontamination procedures were performed before initial use of re-useable equipment and after each subsequent use.

All re-usable sampling equipment (split tube sampler and spatula) were decontaminated between each sample by scrubbing with a solution of Decon 90 (a phosphate-free detergent) followed by a rinse in potable water. For each day of sampling, following decontamination procedures, a rinsate blank was completed by running laboratory prepared deionised water over the re-usable sampling equipment for collection directly into laboratory prepared sampling containers for analysis.

At each sample location a new set of disposable nitrile gloves were used to directly collect soil samples from the re-useable sampling equipment for placement into the laboratory prepared glass sampling containers.

6.1.6 Field Screening

For each sample depth, additional soil was placed in a sealed plastic bag and screened for head space vapours and the presence of VOCs, using a calibrated photo-ionisation detector (PID). The headspace reading was taken at ambient temperature and was recorded on the borehole logs (**Appendix D**). The PID readings were considered when selecting soil samples for laboratory analysis.

The PID was calibrated with isobutylene gas at 100 ppm at the commencement of each day of sampling and, if necessary, during the day in accordance with the procedure provided by the supplier. Calibration records are provided in (**Appendix E**).

6.1.7 Field Logging

Recording of logs for boreholes and in the field was conducted in accordance with AS1726-1993 and soils were classified in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS), including observation of any anthropogenic material (i.e. odours, asbestos cement [AC] sheeting etc). Descriptions were recorded on AECOM's standard borehole and monitoring bore field log sheets for uniformity in descriptions, presentation and to aid in future interpretations.

The American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) system and the USCS are the general standards used by AECOM in classifying soil by visual and manual examination. The reference for the USCS system is *Procedure for Determining Unified Soil Classification (Visual Method)*, United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Reclamation (USBR) 5005-86. The reference for the ASTM system is *Description and Identification of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedure)*, ASTM Standard Practice D 2488-90.

6.1.8 Survey of Boreholes

The borehole location and ground level were surveyed by a registered surveyor from Rygate & Company Pty Ltd. (Rygate) with reference to the Australian Height Datum (AHD) and Australia Map Grid (AMG).

The elevation and position of the boreholes are recorded on the borelogs provided in (Appendix D).

6.2 Tree Root Inspection Test Pits

Three tree root inspection test pits were selected in consultation with Tree Wise Men Pty Ltd arborist Peter Castor. The test pits were located at the base of trees T11, T15 and T18 (refer to Figure F2 in **Appendix A**).

Test pits were excavated using air knifing (non destructive digging) to refusal depths of 0.3 m bgs (T11 and T15) and 0.4 m bgs (T18). Refusal occurred on concrete sub surfaces underlying the tree roots. Photos of tree root inspection test pits are provided in **Appendix F**.

6.3 Phytotoxicity Desktop Evaluation

A search of available and relevant phytotoxicity information sources and ecological risk information sources was undertaken in order to provide advice on potential effects of SISCO[®] constituents (other than the elements and compounds for which specific terrestrial soil use criteria are derived in the VMP HHERA [AECOM, 2011]) on adjacent tree roots at Barangaroo. The information is summarised in **Section 10.0** below.

7.0 Quality Assurance and Quality Control

7.1 Field Quality Control

The field Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) procedures, Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) and acceptance limits established for the project are summarised below:

- Use of standard procedures for soil and groundwater sampling;
- Use of a new pair of disposable nitrile gloves for each soil and groundwater sample collection event;
- Use of appropriate equipment decontamination procedures;
- Use of laboratory prepared and supplied sampling containers appropriate for each CoPC investigated;
- Use of appropriate sample Chain of Custody (COC) documentation. Copies of the COCs are included in the laboratory reports (Appendix G);
- Collection and analysis of field duplicate (intra-laboratory duplicate) sample at a rate of approximately one per 10 primary samples;
- Collection and analysis of a field inter-laboratory triplicate sample at a rate of approximately one per 20 primary samples;
- The relative percentage differences (RPDs) of the primary and duplicate sample results are to be less than 50% for all CoPC;

Field sampling QC analytical results are presented on Table T4 in Appendix B and summarised below:

- Two field duplicate soil sample (DUP01 and DUP02) were analysed, meeting the project limit of one per 10 primary samples;
- One field intra-laboratory triplicate soil sample (TRIP01) was analysed, meeting the project limit of one per 20 primary samples;
- The relative percentage differences (RPDs) of the primary and duplicated samples met the within the acceptable limit of 50% for all analytes, with the exception of the following:
 - RPDs for fluoranthrene (126%) and pyrene (124%) in duplicate DUP01 and primary sample TBH01_0.43-0.5;
 - RPDs for copper (95%), benz(a)anthracene (81%), benzo(a)pyrene (52%), chrysene (67%), fluroanthene (82%), pyrene (73%) in triplicate TRIP01 and primary sample TBH01_0.43-0.5.
- The elevated RPD is likely to be associated with variation in contaminant concentration within the fill, rather than laboratory inaccuracies. Therefore, AECOM considers that the elevated RPD is not significant.

7.2 Laboratory Quality Control

The DQOs and acceptable limits defined for the assessment of the laboratory analytical data are listed below:

- Maximum acceptable sample holding time is 14 days for organic analyses and six months for lead analyses.
- Samples to be appropriately preserved and handled.
- Laboratory LORs to be less than the adopted assessment criteria.
- Laboratory method blank analyses to be less than the laboratory LOR.
- Laboratory duplicate samples to be analysed at a rate of one in 20 samples, when the batch size exceeds five samples. The RPD of results to be less than 50 %.
- Matrix spike recoveries to be conducted by the laboratory at a rate of one in 20 samples.
- Analysis of Laboratory Control Samples (LCS) at a rate of one in 20 samples.
- Matrix, LCS and Surrogate recoveries to be within the acceptable range of 70-130%.

A review of laboratory QA/QC is summarised below:

- Samples were received by the laboratory chilled and intact, as indicated on the sample receipt notification forms (refer **Appendix G**).
- Soil and groundwater samples were extracted and analysed within acceptable holding times;
- Laboratory LORs were less than the adopted soil/groundwater assessment criteria;
- Matrix spike recoveries, laboratory control sample recoveries and method blanks were tested for PAH, TPH, BTEX and metals at the required rates.
- Surrogate sample recoveries were tested for all primary samples for TPH, BTEX and PAHs.
- Two laboratory duplicate samples were analysed for each primary sample batch. This was equivalent to one lab duplicate for four soil samples analysed, thereby fulfilling the QA/QC requirements. RPDs for duplicate laboratory samples were generally within the acceptable limit of 50%, with the exception of the following:
 - ALS Report ES1102539: RPD of 133%for zinc in Lab ID ES1102438-002 and 73.8% for zinc in ES1102363-013.
- Method blank sample results were less than laboratory LORs.
- All matrix spike recoveries, matrix spike duplicate, surrogate spike recoveries and laboratory control sample recoveries were within acceptable range (including laboratory's historical statistical range and/or USEPA-SW846 limits), exception of a matrix spike recovery of 138% for pyrene in Lab ID ES1102540-001 in ALS report ES1102539

7.3 Data Useability

The data validation procedure employed in the assessment of the field and laboratory QA/QC data indicated that the reported analytical results are representative of soil and groundwater conditions at the sample locations and that the overall quality of the analytical data produced is acceptably reliable for the purpose of this investigation

8.0 Basis for Soil Assessment Criteria

8.1 Site Specific Soil Criteria

Site specific soil assessment criteria (SAC) were developed and presented in the VMP HHERA (AECOM, 2012) as discussed below. The VMP HHERA included the derivation of health and odour based site-specific target criteria (SSTC) for the protection of human health.

8.1.1 Site Specific Target Criteria

The SSTCs applied to the Site in the VMP Area HHERA (AECOM, 2012) were developed to provide human health risk-based concentrations that can be used:

- As assessment criteria applicable to areas of the Site based on the proposed land uses: if all CoPCs in samples are below the applicable SSTCs, then further assessment of the health risks would not be warranted; and
- As assessment criteria applicable for the beneficial reuse of excavated material (either treated or untreated) within the Barangaroo Stage 1 Development: if all CoPCs in samples are below the SSTCs, then further assessment of the health risks would not be warranted.

Details on how the SSTCs have been derived are provided in the draft VMP HHERA (AECOM, 2012). This assessment is focused on the protection of human health only.

8.1.2 Risks to the Environment

The remediation goals for the protection of the environment, recommended by the VMP HHERA (AECOM, 2012) are:

- As a primary goal, removal / remediation of Separate Phase Gasworks Waste and Tar (which includes, but is not limited to TCM) to the extent practicable; and
- As a secondary goal, remediation of soil to the extent practicable, such that groundwater quality leaving the Site (measured at the down hydraulic gradient Site boundary) approaches the Marine Water Quality Criteria (MWQC).

The VMP Remediation Extent document describes the extent of remediation that can be practicably achieved with a view to ultimately improving groundwater quality at the Site. The VMP Remediation Extent document concludes that:

- The extent of remediation that can be practicably accomplished for the protection of the environment is consistent with that required for protection of human health (i.e. based on comparison of the SSTCs against the reported soil and groundwater concentrations); and
- The standard of remediation required should equal the higher or:
 - Removal of separate phase gas works waste and tar (SPGWT) to the extent practicable; and
 - Remediation of contaminated soils such that the contaminant mass is reduced, on average, by 90% (calculated based on the estimated mass of naphthalene and TPH C10—C14).

This document does not specifically consider the requirement for remediation within the tree root mass for the protection of the environment because:

- The extent of remediation required will be consistent with an assessment of the risk to human health (ie. comparison of reported soil concentrations with the VMP SSTC); and
- The requirement to remove SPGWT to the extent practicable is consistent with the requirements of remediation for the protection of human health; and
- It is not appropriate that the requirement for reduction of the contaminant mass by, on average, 90% be assessed solely based on the limited soil volume contained within the tree root mass. It is considered more appropriate that this assessment be made as part of the Block 4 / VMP RAP (which will include consideration of the data presented in this document).

8.2 Adopted Soil Assessment Criteria

The adopted assessment criteria are the SSTC for the unsaturated zone as all soil results relevant to this assessment are less than 2 m bgs.

The adopted SSTC are presented in Table T1 in Appendix B.

9.0 Results

9.1 Field Observations

9.1.1 Boreholes

Field observations of fill, natural soil, bedrock and PID readings for each borehole location (TBH01 to TBH09) are summarised in Table 2 below. Borelogs and PID readings are provided in Appendix D.

Table 2 Summary of Field Observations

Location	Surface	Encountered Fill/Tree Roots	Natural Soil or Bedrock	Final Depth (m bgs)	PID readings (ppm)
TBH01	0.22 m bgs inclusions of brick and coke gravel		Sandstone bedrock at 0.59 m	0.59	2.4
		Fine (<5 mm) tree rootlets observed			
TBH02	Borehole cancelled due to surrounding services)	underground services (no alternative l	ocation due to th	e presence o	of nearby
TBH03	Asphalt and concrete to 0.7 m bgs	Sandy gravel, sandy clay and clayey sand with inclusions of brick	Sandstone bedrock at 1.66 m bgs	1.66	0.2 - 2.2
ТВН04	Asphalt to 0.1 m bgs Subsurface concrete slab between 0.25 and 0.6 m bgs.	Sandy gravel, silty sand, gravelly clayey sand with inclusions of charcoal and timber	Not encountered	2.0	0.2 - 0.6
ТВН05	Asphalt to 0.1 m bgs Subsurface asphalt/concrete slab between 0.21 and 0.47 m bgs	Sandy Gravel with bituminous gravel layers and weathered sandstone boulders One 5 mm tree root encountered at 0.2 m bgs 20 mm tree root encountered at 1.4 m bgs	Not encountered	2.0	0 - 0.3
ТВН06	Asphalt to 0.1 m bgs Subsurface concrete slab from 0.2 to 0.37 m bgs	Sandy gravel with concrete at 0.9 to 1 m bgs overlaying sandy clay One 50 mm tree root encountered at 0.47 m	Not encountered	2.0	0 - 0.1
ТВН07	Asphalt to 0.1 Subsurface asphalt and concrete slab from 0.15 to 0.77 m bgs	Layer of gravelly sand between 0.1 and 0.15 m bgs	Not encountered	0.77	0.7
ТВН08	Asphalt to 0.13 m bgs Subsurface slab from 0.29 m bgs to 0.77 m bgs	Layer of sandy gravel 0.13 to 0.29 m bgs One 50 mm tree root encountered at 0.24 m bgs	Not encountered	0.77	0.5
TBH09	Asphalt to 0.05 m bgs Subsurface asphalt slab from 0.05 to 0.77 m bgs	Gravel between 0.05 m and 0.24 m bgs	Not encountered	0.64	-

Notes: ppm – parts per million

m bgs - metres below ground surface

Additionally the following observations were made:

- Dark grey staining and mild tar odours were noted between 1.2 and 1.66 m bgs in TBH03. No odours or staining were noted in any other borehole.
- No TCM was observed in any of the boreholes.
- Groundwater was encountered in at 1.9 m bgs in borehole TBH05. Groundwater was not encountered in any other borehole.

9.1.2 Test Pits

Photographs of the three test pits for tree root observations are shown in Appendix E. Test pits were limited to a maximum depth of 0.4 m bgs as a confining layer of concrete was encountered below the main mass of roots at each test pit location.

9.2 Soil Analytical Results

Soil analytical results for samples collected from TBH01 to TBH09 are presented in Table T2 in Appendix B. Historical results for boreholes potentially located within the root mass zones of trees within the Site are presented in Table T3 in Appendix B. All results were less than the VMP SSTC. A summary of the results are provided in Table 3 below.

Table 3 Summary of analytical results

Chemical	EQL	VMP	Number		Concentration (mg/kg)				
Name	(mg/kg)	SSTC	Results	Detects	Min	Max	Average	Median	SD
Arsenic	2	-	29	2	<5	8	3.1	2.5	1.5
Cadmium	2	-	29	0	<1	ND	0.5	0.5	0
Chromium			29	15	2	110	17	8	26
Copper	5	-	29	14	<5	76	23	23	21
Lead	5	-	29	14	<5	1420	99	25	359
Mercury	0.1	-	29	1	<0.1	0.7	0.11	0.05	0.039
Nickel	2	-	29	12	<2	98	12	7	16
Zinc	5	-	29	14	<5	531	68	40	145
CPAH		67	23	17	0.06	56.15	9.1	1.256	15
PAH (Total)		-	23	17	1.7	668.3	91	10.6	169
Phenol	0.5	-	13	3	<0.5	1.2	0.39	0.25	0.29
TPH C ₆ - C ₉	10	-	24	0	<10	ND	5	5	0
TPH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	50	54000	24	1	<50	1010	66	25	201
TPH C ₁₅ -C ₂₈	100	72000	24	9	<100	2510	401	50	667
TPH C ₂₉ -C ₃₆	100	7300	24	9	<100	1330	272	50	360
Benzene	0.2	380	24	2	<0.2	2	0.19	0.1	0.39
Toluene	0.5	-	24	1	<0.5	0.7	0.27	0.25	0.092
Ethylbenzene	0.5	-	24	0	<0.5	ND	0.25	0.25	0
Total Xylene	0.15	-	24	1	0.8	0.8	0.51	0.5	0.061

10.0 S-ISCO® Chemicals - Phytotoxicity

A review of available information on the possible phytotoxic effects associated with the use of key S-ISCO[®] chemicals, including sodium persulphate, peroxide, Fe-TAML[®] and VeruSOL[®] on trees was undertaken. The following table provides a summary of the available relevant information.

Table 4 Summary of information relating to possible phytotoxic effects associated with the use of S-ISCO® chemicals

S-ISCO Chemical	Summary of phytotoxicity information
Sodium Persulphate	MSDS (Price Chemicals Pty Ltd, 2007) derived ecological information section states there is currently no data on ecotoxicity, environmental persistence, mobility or bioaccumulation.
Sodium Hydroxide	MSDS (Science Lab.com Inc, 2005) derived ecological section provides the following information: - Sodium Hydroxide degrades readily by reacting with natural carbon dioxide in air and does not bio accumulate. - Possible hazardous short term degradation products are not likely, however long term degradation products may arise. - The degradation products are not toxic. - There is no information on ecotoxicity.
Hydrogen Peroxide	 Hydrogen peroxide has many essential roles in plant metabolism but at the same time, accumulation related to virtually any environmental stress is potentially damaging (Cheeseman, 2007). All biotic and abiotic stresses induce or involve oxidative stress to some degree, and the ability of plants to control oxidant levels is highly correlated to stress tolerance (Cheeseman, 2007). It is well established that oxidative metabolism, and particularly hydrogen peroxide (H₂O₂), is involved in a wide variety of reactions and signalling cascades necessary for all aspects of plant growth and the integration of activity (Cheeseman, 2007). Oxidative stress, arising from an imbalance in the regeneration and removal of reactive oxygen species (ROS) such as the superoxide radical (O₂), hydrogen peroxide, singlet oxygen and hydroxyl radicals (OH), is a challenge faced by all aerobic organisms. ROS are highly reactive and in the absence of protective mechanisms, can produce damage to cell structure and function. (Cho and Seo, 2004). It is possible that inefficient removal of hydrogen peroxide and subsequent hydrogen peroxide accumulation can induce phytotoxicity. (Cho and Seo, 2004). Radical reactions are exothermic and the decomposition of hydrogen peroxide at the surface yields oxygen. The reaction of Fe²⁺ and hydrogen peroxide is extremely exothermic and could evaporate water from soil and is toxic to microbes (Sahl and Munakata-Marr, 2006). The MSDS for hydrogen peroxide (Sigma-Aldrich, 2006) derived ecological information describes the following: Hydrogen peroxide in the aquatic environment is subject to various reduction or oxidation processes and decomposes in water and oxygen. Hydrogen peroxide half-life in freshwater ranged from 8 hours to 20 days, in air from 10-20 hours and in soils from minutes to hours depending upon microbiological activity and metal contaminants. In addition, hydrogen peroxide breaks down in sunlight. There is
Fe-TAML®	 The MSDS for Fe-TAML® catalyst (GreenOx Catalysts, Inc, 2006) provided the following ecological information: Fe-TAML is soluble in water but not likely to mobilise in soil. Is not expected to be persistent or bio-accumulating in the environment. Acute algal toxicity (LC50 Scenedesmus subspicatus > 0.2 mg/L [72 h] [Isopropanol]).

S-ISCO Chemical	Summary of phytotoxicity information
VeruSOL®	 VeruSOL® comprises a clear formula made with citrus extracts and plant-derived surfactants (VeruTEK®, 2011b). In particular, VeruSOL-3 is a mixture of D-limonene and plant-based surfactants (Nadagouda et al, 2009). Some of the benefits and features of VeruSOL® include: An ecofriendly surfactant – VeruSOL® is made from plant materials and biodegrades. Controlled solubilisation - VeruSOL® forms stable Windsor Type I emulsions with contaminants and contaminant non- aqueous phase liquids (NAPLs) for targeted destruction by coeluted oxidants such as hydrogen peroxide. VeruSOL® is easily manipulated due to its nontoxic and non-irritant properties. MSDS (VeruTEK, 2006) derived Ecological Information determines the following: There is no eco or phytotoxicity information available at this time for this product. However, a spill may produce significant toxicity to aquatic organisms and ecosystems. Some studies have shown that certain bacteria and fungi have the ability to degrade terpenes, decreasing their toxicity to fish. When spilled this product may act as oil, causing a film, sheen, emulsion or sludge at or beneath the surface of a water body. Product is expected to be readily biodegradable. No appreciable bioconcentration is expected in the environment. Product is expected to volatalise rapidly.

In summary, the following has been identified:

- It is known that VeruSOL[®] is a surfactant derived from plant materials, is non-toxic and biodegrades in the environment. When used with oxidants, including hydrogen peroxide (which decomposes exothermically into water and oxygen) and sodium persulfate, VeruSOL[®] can produce Fenton's reagent; producing a mix of ferrous iron salts as a catalyst and hydrogen peroxide and at low pH hydroxyl radicals (OH) that oxidise contaminants such as chlorinated solvents, fuel oils and BTEX (Amarante, 2000).
- The effects of in situ chemical oxidation (ISCO) on biological processes have been researched to determine if ISCO coupling with in situ bioremediation could be achieved in field and laboratory experiments. Literature has been compiled to determine the effect of ISCO on microbial communities following addition of a chemical oxidant as a range of concentrations to treat a variety of subsurface contaminants. Results indicate that although microbial communities may potentially be adversely affected by chemical oxidation (in particular Fenton's Reagent if not used carefully) in the short-term, a rebound of microbial biomass and/or bioremediation activity can be expected (Sahl and Munakata-Marr, 2006).
- In addition, it is noted that chemicals involved in the ISCO process require health and safety precautions during installation when handled separately (Mueller and Brown, 2011). However, when individual chemicals discussed herein are used as oxidants, they break down into harmless by-products (comprising water, oxygen and carbon dioxide) and are considered to present a minimal phytotoxic risk (VeruTEK® 2010).
- While there is a general lack of literature assessing the specific phytotoxicity of S-ISCO[®] chemicals, case studies in which S-ISCO[®] has been successfully implemented indicate there were no adverse effects to the surrounding environment, including plants (VeruTEK[®] 2011b).

11.0 Site Characterisation

To assess the material contained within the root mass of trees, AECOM results have been combined with previous investigation data (Coffey) to characterise the tree root zone.

11.1 Fill Materials and Natural Soils

- Observed fill materials at depths between 0 and 2 m bgs generally comprised unconsolidated gravels, sand, bricks, sandstone, slag and charcoal in variable gravelly sand to clayey sand matrix.
- Shallow sandstone bedrock was identified at depths of less than 1 m bgs, on the eastern side of Hickson Road near trees T49 and T44.
- Small tree roots (<50 mm) and fine rootlets were observed between the surface and 2 m bgs, however the bulk of the root mass appeared to be confined above sub-surface slabs which were encountered between 0.2 and 0.4 m bgs in tree root pits and some boreholes.
- All results were less than the adopted SAC with the exception of the concentrations of CPAH in two soil samples.
- The observed root mass was identified in unsaturated soils.
- No observations of TCM were identified in any of the boreholes investigated as part of this assessment

11.2 Hydrogeological Conditions

Results of the previous DGI investigation (AECOM 2010b) indicated that groundwater beneath the Site is present as an unconfined, shallow aquifer within the fill materials and the underlying natural sediments. Groundwater is also likely to occur as a deeper bedrock aquifer within the underlying sandstone bedrock. Groundwater within the bedrock would occur as a fractured bedrock aquifer, potentially confined by an overlying clay unit in some areas of the Site.

Due to the proximity of the Site to Darling Harbour, the depth to groundwater is shallow (average of 2 m bgs) and the overall direction of groundwater flow is expected to be towards Darling Harbour. Groundwater at the Site is slightly tidally influenced, resulting in the fluctuation of groundwater levels within the fill materials and natural sediments. Groundwater chemistry at the Site is dominated by sodium and chloride ions, indicative of a saline environment.

11.3 Conceptual Site Model Update

Based on the dataset and site information, the following points provide a conceptual site model for the root mass of selected trees in Hickson Road with respect to the contaminants identified in the Remediation Site declaration:

- The bulk of the root mass was observed to be shallow (less than 0.5 m bgs) and mainly confined to the near surface due to subsurface slabs providing a preferential pathway along the back of the kerb;
- Based on the salinity and depth of groundwater it is not anticipated that the root mass would extend past 2 m bgs due to the intolerance of the fig trees (*Ficus hilli* and *Platanus hybridia*) to saline conditions, as such if S-ISCO® chemicals were used, it is unlikely tree roots would come into contact with S-ISCO® chemicals;
- TCM was not identified in any of the tree root mass locations investigated; and
- Given that soil concentrations are all less than the VMP HHERA SSTC's, contamination requiring remediation for the protection of human health was not identified within the tree root mass investigation locations (refer Section . That is, no exceedances of the VMP HHERA SSTC were reported

Given that concentrations of gas works residue exceeding the adopted criteria were not reported at the locations sampled and the tree roots are located in the unsaturated zone, AECOM considers that S-ISCO® chemicals would not likely adversely impact tree health because remediation using S-ISCO® chemicals would not be required in the root mass zone.

12.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on the results of this investigation AECOM makes the following conclusions regarding the assessment of contamination within the tree root mass zones:

- Tar Containing Material (TCM) was not identified in any of the boreholes completed within the root mass zone of the investigated trees.
- Based on the shallow test pit excavations and boreholes completed, observed tree roots appear largely laterally confined to the footpath side of the kerb line (i.e. to the east of the kerb on the eastern side and to the west of the kerb on the western side of Hickson Road) and generally do not appear to extend further into Hickson Road.
- With respect to addressing the Remediation Site declaration, the material assessed within the root mass zone of the trees investigated is considered suitable to remain *in-situ* or for re-use within Hickson Road, based on the comparison of the individual concentrations and the 95% UCL concentrations to the SSTCs.
- Based on the reported results, remediation of the tree root mass is not required. Accordingly, potential future S-ISCO injections in this area are not required.
- Additionally as the S-ISCO[®] chemicals are injected into the groundwater table which based on visual observations is generally 1 to 1.5 m below the bulk of the observed tree root mass, it is not anticipated that the tree root mass will be significantly exposed to S-ISCO chemicals, reducing the likelihood of any adverse effects on the health of the trees.

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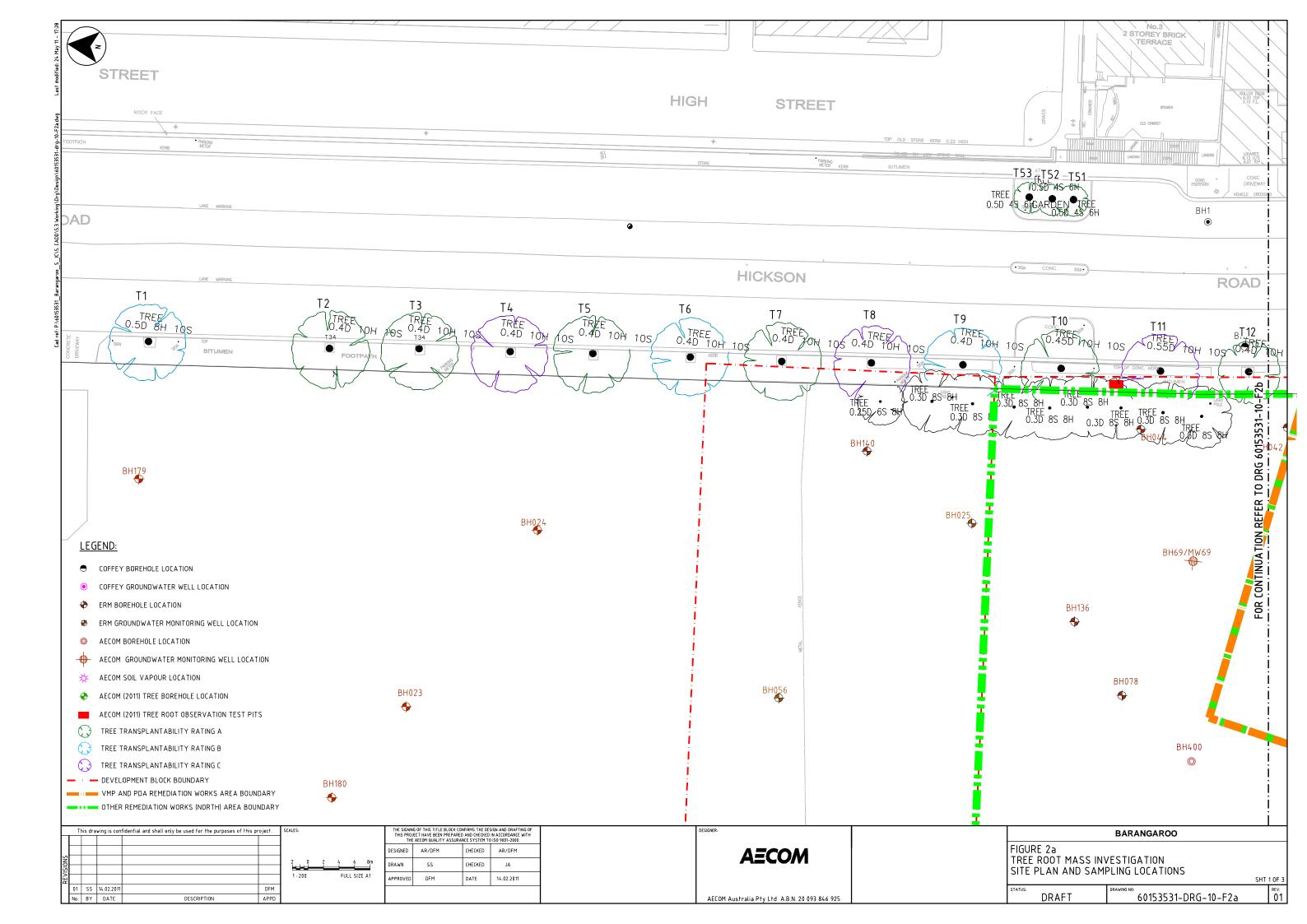
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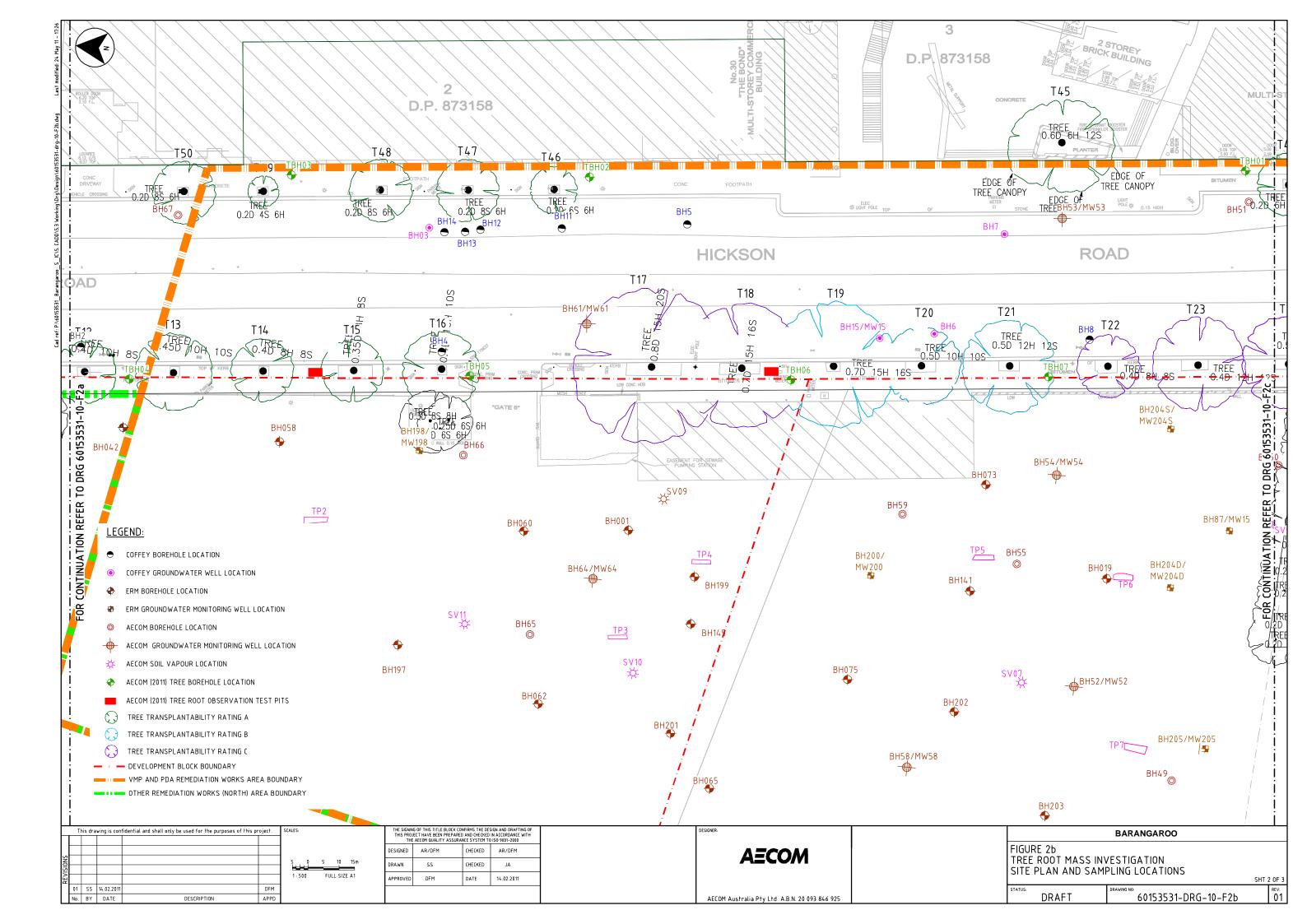
VeruTEK Technologies Inc, 2011a. Revised Workplan and Trial Management Plan, Surfactant Enhanced In Situ Chemical Oxidation (S-ISCO) & Surfactant Enhanced Product Recovery (SEPR), Block 5 and Hickson Road Pilot Trial. May 2011.

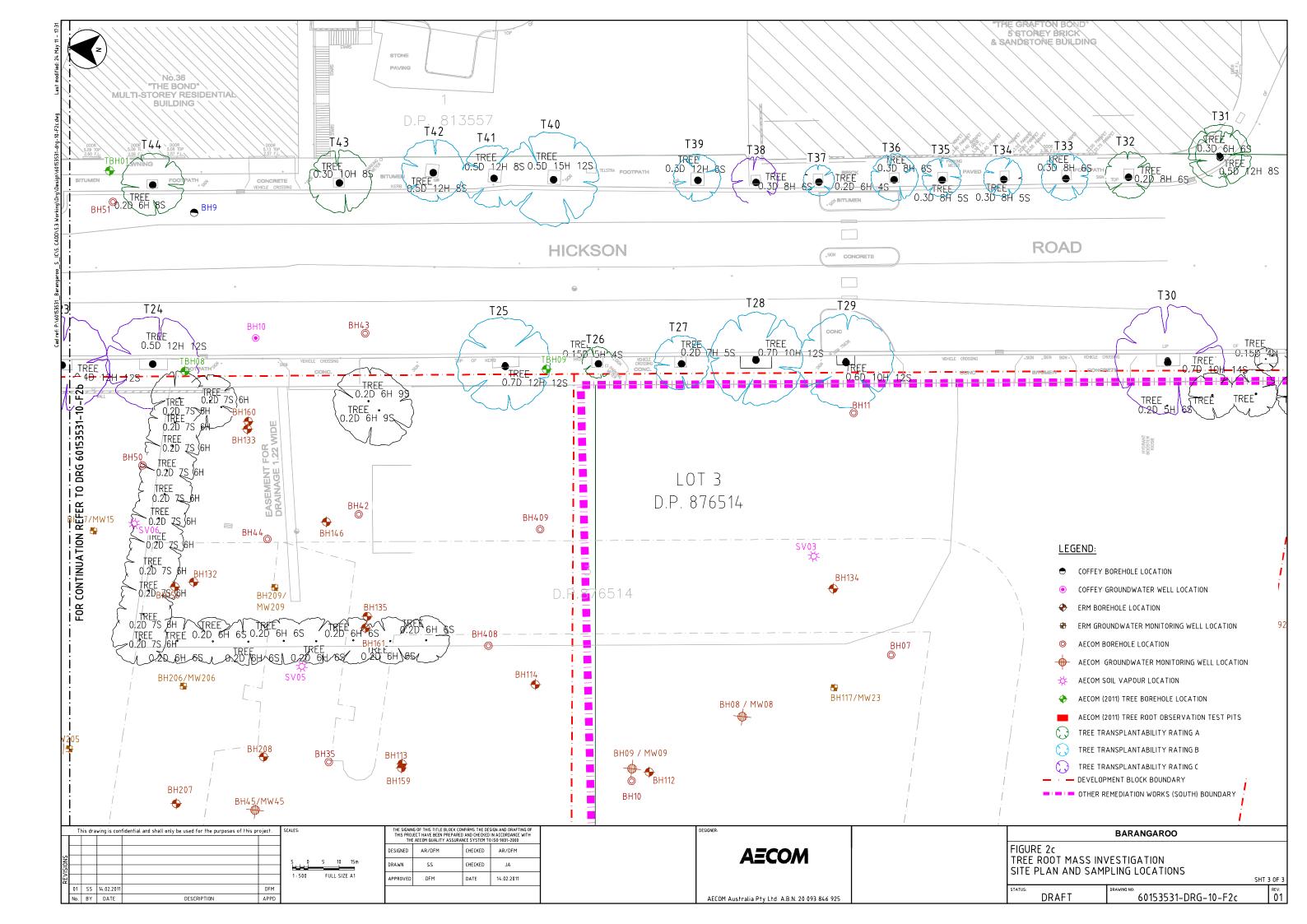
VeruTEK Technologies Inc, 2011b. White Paper: Surfactant Enhanced In Situ Chemical Oxidation (S-ISCO) Technology.

Appendix A

Figures







Appendix B

Tables



Tree Root Investigation Table T2 Barangaroo Soil Analytical Results

				Location	TBH01	TBH03	TBH03	TBH05	TBH05	TBH05	TBH06	TBH06	TBH07	TBH08
				Field ID	TBH01_0.43-0.5	TBH03_1.2-1.3	TBH03_1.5-1.6	TBH05_0.6-0.7	TBH05_1.3-1.7	TBH05_1.8-2.0	TBH06_0.55-0.6	TBH06_1.5-2.0	TBH07_0.1-0.15	TBH08_0.13-0.25
				Sample Date	5/02/2011	5/02/2011	5/02/2011	12/02/2011	12/02/2011	12/02/2011	5/02/2011	12/02/2011	4/02/2011	4/02/2011
				Consultant	AECOM									
				Matrix	Fill									
				Area	VMP & PDA - Hickson Road									
_		1	1		HICKSOII ROAU	HICKSOII KOAU	HICKSOII ROAU	HICKSOII ROAU	HICKSOII ROAU					
Chemical Group	Chemical Name	output unit	EQL	VMP SSTC										
PAHs	CPAH (Total)	mg/kg			8.7	<4	<4	<4	2.2	113.2	3.1	<4	39.4	6.4
	CPAH (TEF)	mg/kg		67	2.22	<1.21	<1.21	<1.21	0.85	28.753	0.967	<1.21	10.663	1.828
	PAH (Total)	mg/kg			16.5	<8	<8	<8	4.1	161.8	7.3	<8	58.6	12.3
	Acenaphthene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.6	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.9	<0.5	<0.5	1.4	<0.5
	Anthracene	mg/kg	0.5		0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	3.1	<0.5	<0.5	1.4	<0.5
	Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg	0.5		1.9	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.7	15.6	0.9	<0.5	4.7	1.3
	Benzo(a) pyrene	mg/kg	0.5		1.7	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.7	18.8	0.8	<0.5	7.8	1.5
	Benzo(b)&(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	1											
	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.5		1.8	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.8	23.8	0.7	<0.5	8	1.3
	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	0.5		0.6	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	15.1	<0.5	<0.5	6.5	0.7
	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.5		0.7	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	9.3	<0.5	<0.5	2.7	0.5
	Chrysene	mg/kg	0.5		1.4	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	13.2	0.7	<0.5	4.8	1.1
	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	3.4	<0.5	<0.5	0.8	<0.5
	Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.5		3.1	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	1	19.1	1.7	<0.5	6.4	2.8
	Fluorene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	0.5		0.6	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	14	<0.5	<0.5	4.1	<0.5
	Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.6	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.5		1.2 3	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	8.3	0.6	<0.5	1.4 8.6	<0.5
TDU	Pyrene	mg/kg	0.5			<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.9	16	1.9	<0.5		3.1
TPH	TPH C15-C36 TPH C10 - C14	mg/kg	50	54000	<200 <50	<200 <50	<200 <50	<200 <50	<200 <50	1210 <50	<200 <50	<200 <50	700 <50	370 <50
	TPH C10 - C14 TPH C15-C28	mg/kg mg/kg	100	72000	<50 <100	<50 <100	<50 <100	<50 <100	<100	600	<100	<50 <100	280	110
	TPH C13-C28	mg/kg	100	21,000	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	610	<100	<100	420	260
	TPH C6 - C9	mg/kg	100	21,000	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<10	<100	<100	<10	<10
	TPH+C10 - C36 (Sum of total)	mg/kg	50		<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	1210	<50	<50	700	370
BTEX	Total Xylene (ESDAT)	mg/kg	0.15		<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
BILX	Benzene	mg/kg	0.10	380	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
	Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	0.5	000	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	Toluene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	Xylene (m & p)	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	Xylene (o)	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Metals	Arsenic	mg/kg	2		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	5	<5
	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.5		<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
	Chromium	mg/kg	2		12	6	13	103	4	4	8	7	46	11
	Copper	mg/kg	5		11	23	47	39	9	51	28	<5	51	76
	Lead	mg/kg	5		103	11	20	10	26	115	20	<5	25	26
	Mercury	mg/kg	0.1		0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
1	Nickel	mg/kg	2		4	8	10	52	<2	18	5	<2	49	10
	Zinc	mg/kg	5		30	98	106	15	29	344	29	<5	43	38

Notes

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram
EQL = Estimated Quantitation Limit

< denotes result less than EQL

VMP SSTC - Site Specific Target Criteria for the VMP Area

shading denotes concentration greater than criteria

CPAH= Sum of 8 carcinogenic PAH Compounds (Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(a)

pyrene; Benzo(b)fluoranthene; Benzo(g,h,i)perylene; Benzo(k)fluoranthene;

Chrysene; Dibenz(a,h)anthracene and Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene)

TEF - Toxicity Equivalent Factor

TPH - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

BAH Belyeselia Argentie Hydrocarbone (BAH)

PAH - Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)

* TPH C6-C9 aliphatic

* *TPH C10-C14 aliphatic and aromatic
note TPH in table not speciated



Tree Root Investigation Table T3 Barangaroo Historical Soil Analytical Results

				Location	BH4	BH5	BH5	BH8	BH8	BH9	MW3	MW3	MW6	AECOM_BH51		AECOM_BH61	AECOM_BH67
				Field ID	BH4 0.4-0.5	BH5 0.4-0.5	BH5 1.2-1.3	BH8 0.26-0.4	BH8 0.6-0.7	BH9 0.4-0.5	MW3 0.4-0.5	MW3 0.9-1.0	MW6 0.8-0.9	BH51_0.4-0.5	BH53_1.1-1.5	BH61_0.3-0.4	BH67_0.4-0.43
				Sample Date Consultant	21/02/2008	23/02/2008	23/02/2008 Coffey	19/02/2008 Coffey	19/02/2008 Coffey	21/02/2008 Coffev	23/02/2008 Coffey	23/02/2008 Coffev	20/02/2008 Coffev	6/03/2010 AECOM	6/03/2010 AECOM	6/03/2010 AECOM	6/03/2010 AECOM
				Matrix	Coffey Fill	Coffey Fill	Natural Clayey Sand	Fill									
				Area			1 1										
				Alou	VMP & PDA - Hickson Road												
Chemical Group	Chemical Name	output unit	EQL	VMP SSTC													
PAHs	CPAH (Total) CPAH (TEF)	mg/kg		67	<3 <1.11	29.2 8.491	0.6 0.06	61.9 21.841	91.6 37.753	0.6 0.06	2.5 0.16	95.2 19.996	<3 <1.11	5.9 1.256	226.6 56.149		81.5 12.389
	PAH (Total)	mg/kg mg/kg	-	67	<7	82.9	4.6	136.7	274.5	1.7	5.1	468.5	<7	10.6	668.3		131.2
	2-chloronaphthalene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	10.0	000.0		101.2
	2-methylnaphthalene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	1.4	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5		<0.5
	3-methylcholanthrene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5				
	Acenaphthene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	1.7	<0.5	<0.5	5.4		<0.5
	Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	6.4	<0.5	7.4	17.1	<0.5	0.6	42.5	<0.5	<0.5	13		3.2
	Anthracene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5 <0.5	4.4 11.8	<0.5 0.6	5.9 24	11.5 33.5	<0.5 0.6	<0.5 0.8	13.8 44.6	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 1.3	25.7 52.3		3.4 16.2
	Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(a) pyrene	mg/kg mg/kg	0.5		<0.5 <0.5	6.9	<0.5	16.1	33.5	<0.5	0.8 <0.5	11.7	<0.5 <0.5	0.9	52.3 38.1		5.5
	Benzo(b)&(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	1		<0.5	20	<0.5	34	57	<0.5 <1	1	62	<0.5 <1	0.5	50.1		5.5
1	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.5				· · ·	J.			i i		,,	1.4	50.4		20.3
	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	2.2	<0.5	4.5	4.8	<0.5	1	4.2	<0.5	0.5	16.8		6.3
	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.5											0.7	13.8		8.7
	Chrysene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	4.9	<0.5	7.6	10.5	<0.5	<0.5	23.4	<0.5	1.1	36.1		17.6
	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	2.5	2	<0.5	<0.5	2.7	<0.5	<0.5	4.4		1.6
	Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5 <0.5	15.9	0.8	23 0.8	62 1.9	0.5	0.7	91.1 8.5	<0.5 <0.5	1.9 <0.5	142		17.7 <0.5
	Fluorene Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg mg/kg	0.5		<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 3.4	<0.5 <0.5	7.2	9.5	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 0.7	8.5 8.6	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 <0.5	15.6 14.7		<0.5 5.3
	Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	0.7	1.6	0.9	2.3	<0.5	<0.5	2.5	<0.5	<0.5	20.8		0.9
	PAHs (Sum of total)	mg/kg	0.5		V0.5	0.7	1.0	0.5	2.5	V0.5	VO.5	2.0	V0.5	10.6	668		131
	Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	11.6	0.7	12.6	24.8	<0.5	0.5	120	<0.5	0.8	91.2		7.9
	Pyrene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	14.7	0.9	24.2	63.3	0.6	0.8	93.2	<0.5	2	128		16.6
TPH	TPH C15-C36	mg/kg			<200	1700	<200	510	2370	<200	<200	3270	<200	<200	3250	<200	1270
	TPH C10 - C14	mg/kg	50	54000	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	1010	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
	TPH C15-C28	mg/kg	100	72000	<100	1060	<100	310	1380	<100	<100	2510	<100	<100	1920	<100	700
	TPH C29-C36 TPH C6 - C9	mg/kg	100 10	21,000	<100 <10	640	<100 <10	200 <10	990 <10	<100 <10	<100 <10	760 <10	<100 <10	<100 <10	1330 <10	<100 <10	570 <10
	TPH+C10 - C36 (Sum of total)	mg/kg mg/kg	50		<250	<10 1700	<250	510	2370	<250	<250	4280	<250	<50	3250	<50	1270
BTEX	Total Xvlene (ESDAT)	mg/kg	0.15		<1	<1	0.8	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
J.27	Benzene	mg/kg	0.2	380	<0.2	<0.2	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	<0.2
	Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	Toluene	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	0.7	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	Xylene (m & p)	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	0.8	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	Xylene (o)	mg/kg	0.5		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Metals	Aluminium	mg/kg	50				2160										
	Antimony Arsenic	mg/kg mg/kg	5 2		<5	<5	<5 6	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	7	<5	8	<5	<5
	Barium	mg/kg	10		60	30	100		\3		ν,	\0	,	ν,	0	73	20
	Beryllium	mg/kg	1		<1	1	<1										<1
	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.5		<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
	Chromium	mg/kg	2		7	7	110	13	23	9	10	<2	8	12	7	8	3
	Chromium (hexavalent)	mg/kg	0.5				0.9										
	Cobalt	mg/kg	2		2	12	10		40		4.5		40		40	_	2
	Copper	mg/kg	5 5		17 95	<5 26	75 203	6 21	13 37	31	15	<5 -5	18 211	27 50	12 1420	6 13	10 46
	Lead Manganese	mg/kg mg/kg	5		95 172	26	203 172	∠1	3/	24	21	<5	∠11	90	1420	13	46 24
	Mercury	mg/kg	0.1		0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.7	0.2	<0.1	0.5	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
	Nickel	mg/kg	2		4	9	98	10	6	6	6	<2	3	7	6	5	<2
	Selenium	mg/kg	5			-	<5		-	-	-	-	-			-	
	Silver	mg/kg	2				<2										
1	Tin	mg/kg	5				<5										
	Vanadium	mg/kg	5		12	13	37		i	I	1	1	l	1			8
1	Zinc	mg/kg	5		75	38	86	22	30	44	28	23	57	67	531	44	36

Notes
mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram
EQL = Estimated Quantitation Limit
< denotes result less than EQL
VMP SSTC - Site Specific Target Criteria for the VMP Area
shading denotes concentration greater than criteria
CPAH= Sum of 8 carcinogenic PAH Compounds (Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(a)
pyrene; Benzo(b)fluoranthene; Benzo(g,h,i)perylene; Benzo(k)fluoranthene;
Chrysene; Dibenz(a,h)anthracene and Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene)
TEF - Toxicity Equivalent Factor
TPH - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons
PAH - Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)
note TPH in table not speciated

Data Entry: KP Data Review: AR AECOM 6/11/2012 60153531_T3_20121102.xlsm Page 1 of 1



		Field_ID	TBH01_0.43-0.5	DUP 01	RPD	TRIP01	RPD	TBH05_1.8-2.0	DUP02	RPD
		Sampled_Date	5/02/2011	5/02/2011	%	5/02/2011	%	12/02/2011	12/02/2011	%
		SampleCode	ES1102539004	ES1102539007		A11-FE30616		ES1103303002	ES1103303007	
ChemName output unit		LOR	Primary Sample	Field Duplicate of TBH01_0.43-0.5		Field Inter- Laboratory Du TBH01_0.43-0.5		Primary Sample	Field Duplicate of TBH05_1.8-2	
BTEX										
Benzene	mg/kg	0.2	<0.2	<0.2	nc	<0.5	nc	<0.2	<0.2	nc
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	nc	<0.5	nc	<0.5	<0.5	nc
Toluene	mg/kg	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	nc	<0.5	nc	<0.5	<0.5	nc
Xylene (m & p)	mg/kg	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	nc	<1	nc	<0.5	< 0.5	nc
Xylene (o)	mg/kg	0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	nc	<0.5	nc	<0.5	< 0.5	nc
Total Xylene (ESDAT)	mg/kg	0.15	<1	<1	nc	<0.15	nc	<1	<1	nc
Metals										
Arsenic	mg/kg	2	<5	< 5	nc	2.4	nc	<5	<5	nc
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.5	<1	<1	nc	<0.5	nc	<1	<1	nc
Chromium	mg/kg	2	12	16	29	10	18	4	6	40
Copper	mg/kg	5	11	12	9	31	95	51	54	6
<u>Lead</u>	mg/kg	5	103	71	37	120	15	115	113	2
Mercury	mg/kg	0.1	0.2	<0.1	nc	<0.1	nc	<0.1	<0.1	nc
Nickel	mg/kg	2	4	4	0	<5	nc	18	18	0
Zinc	mg/kg	5	30	24	22	25	18	344	362	5
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbor	s (PAHs)									
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	nc	<0.5	nc	0.6	0.6	0
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	nc	<0.5	nc	0.9	0.7	25
Anthracene	mg/kg	0.5	0.5	<0.5	nc	<0.5	nc	3.1	3.6	15
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg	0.5	1.9	<0.5	nc	0.8	81	15.6	14.6	7
Benzo(a) pyrene	mg/kg	0.5	1.7	<0.5	nc	1	52	18.8	16.1	15
Benzo(b)&(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	1				1.7				
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.5	1.8	<0.5	nc			23.8	18.1	27
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	0.5	0.6	<0.5	nc	0.7	15	15.1	11.5	27
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.5	0.7	<0.5	nc			9.3	10.9	16
Chrysene	mg/kg	0.5	1.4	<0.5	nc	0.7	67	13.2	11.8	11
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	nc	<0.5	nc	3.4	2.5	31
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.5	3.1	0.7	126	1.3	82	19.1	17.8	7
Fluorene	mg/kg	0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	nc	<0.5	nc	<0.5	0.6	nc
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	0.5	0.6	<0.5	nc	0.6	0	14	10.6	28
Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	nc	<0.5	nc	0.6	0.8	29
PAHs (Sum of total)	mg/kg	1				7.9				
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.5	1.2	<0.5	nc	<0.5	nc	8.3	9.5	13
Pyrene	mg/kg	0.5	3	0.7	124	1.1	93	16	14.9	7
CPAH (ESDAT)	mg/kg		9.2	<4	nc	4.3	73	113.2	96.1	16
PAH (ESDAT TOTAL)	mg/kg		19	8.4	77	9.7	65	162.3	144.6	12
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (1	PH)		<u> </u>					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
TPH C6 - C9	mg/kg	10	<10	<10	nc	<10	nc	<10	<10	nc
TPH C10 - C14	mg/kg	50	<50	<50	nc	<50	nc	<50	<50	nc
TPH C15-C28	mg/kg	100	<100	<100	nc	<100	nc	600	530	12
TPH C29-C36	mg/kg	100	<100	<100	nc	<100	nc	610	470	26
TPH+C10 - C36 (Sum of total)	mg/kg	50	<50	<50	nc	<100	nc	1210	1000	19

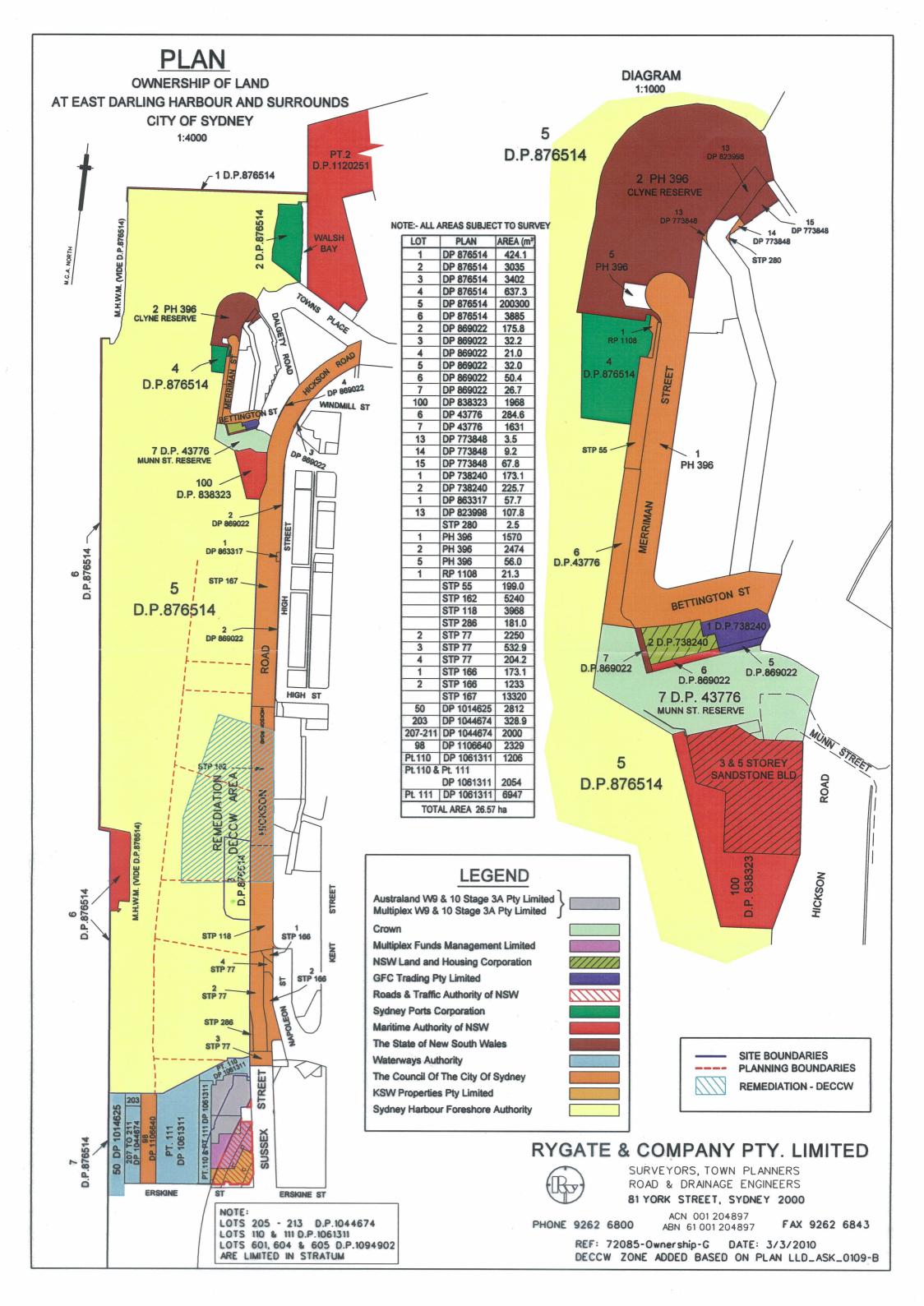
Notes
mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram
LOR - Laboratory Limit of Reporting
< denotes concentration less than laboratory LOR
nc - denotes not calcuable as one or more results less than LOR
RPD - Relative Percent Difference

CPAH= Sum of 8 PAH Compounds (Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(a) pyrene;

Benzo(b)fluoranthene; Benzo(g,h,i)perylene; Benzo(k)fluoranthene; Chrysene;

Appendix C

Ownership Plans



Appendix D

Borelogs

AECOM Australia Pty Ltd **AECOM BOREHOLE LOG TBH01** Level 5, 828 Pacific Highway Gordon NSW 2072 PROJECT NUMBER _ 60153531/5.7 DATE 05 Feb 11 PROJECT NAME Tree Root Mass Investigation Hickson Road, Millers Point NSW LOCATION Coring **DRILLING METHOD** SAMPLING METHOD Grab **LOGGED BY** Kate O'Brien **COMMENTS USCS CLASS** RECOVERY ANALYSED GRAPHIC LOG SAMPLE NUMBER PID (ppm) CONTACT DEPTH DEPTH (m BGS) LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION ASPHALT Asphalt Footpath 0.10 Concrete Slab FILL 0.18 Concrete Slab 0.22 Gravel (FILL), medium sized road base gravels, loose, dry, greyish brown. No odour, staining or potential asbestos containing materials observed (ACM). Concrete Slab 0.43 Sandy Gravel (FILL), fine to medium grained sand (40%), medium to cobble sized FILL TBH01_0.43-0.5 |* 2.4 sandstone gravel with minor brick and fine sized coke gravel, fine (<5 mm) Sandstone Bedrock Borehole terminated at 0.59 m bgs in sandstone bedrock. Total Depth: 0.59 m $\,$ 60153531_5.7_BORELOGS_21FEB2011.GPJ 06/06/11

AECOM Australia Ptv I td **BOREHOLE LOG TBH03 AE**COM Level 5, 828 Pacific Highway Gordon NSW 2072 PROJECT NUMBER 60153531/5.7 DATE 05 Feb 11 PROJECT NAME Tree Root Mass Investigation Hickson Road, Millers Point NSW **LOCATION DRILLING METHOD** Hand Auger SAMPLING METHOD Hand Auger Kate O'Brien **LOGGED BY COMMENTS** USCS CLASS ANALYSED RECOVERY GRAPHIC LOG SAMPLE NUMBER CONTACT DEPTH PID (ppm) DEPTH (m BGS) LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION ASPHALT Asphalt Footpath CONCRETE 0.09 Concrete Slab 0.18 Concrete Slab FILL Gravel with sand (FILL), medium dense, saturated from coring, brown/grey, CONCRETE medium sized concrete gravel. No odour, staining or asbestos containing material (ACM). Concrete Slab 0.50 CONCRETE Cemented Concrete, Brick and Sandstone. 0.70 Silty Sandy Gravel (Fill), medium dense, brown with black, fine to coarse sand with minor silt, fine sub angular and angular brick gravel, moist (from coring). No odour, staining or potential ACM observed. TBH03_0.7-0.9 2.2 1.00 Red Clay and Sandstone Bricks (Broken). 1.20 Sandy Clay and Clayey Sand (FILL), medium dense, brown and dark grey, fine to medium grained sand, minor inclusion of fine sandstone gravel. Minor dark grey TBH03 1.2-1.3 Ж 0.2 staining and mild tar odour observed. No ACM observed. 1.50 Clayey Sand (FILL), medium stiff to stiff, low to medium plasticity, moist, fine to medium grained sand, orange and dark grey. Minor dark grey staining and mild tar odour observed. No ACM observed. 0.2 TBH03_1.5-1.6 60153531_5.7_BORELOGS_21FEB2011.GPJ 06/06/11 1.66 Borehole terminated on Sandstone (likely bedrock) Total Depth: 1.66 m

AECOM Australia Ptv I td **BOREHOLE LOG TBH04 AE**COM Level 5, 828 Pacific Highway Gordon NSW 2072 PROJECT NUMBER 60153531/5.7 DATE 12 Feb 11 **PROJECT NAME** Tree Root Mass Investigation Hickson Road, Millers Point NSW **LOCATION DRILLING METHOD** Push Tube SAMPLING METHOD Grab/Push tube **LOGGED BY** Kate O'Brien **COMMENTS** USCS CLASS ANALYSED RECOVERY SAMPLE NUMBER GRAPHIC LOG CONTACT DEPTH PID (ppm) DEPTH (m BGS) LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION ASPHAL Asphalt Footpath 0.10 Gravel with sand (FILL), fine to medium sized road base gravels, greyish brown, saturated from coring. No odour, staining or ACM observed. 0.2 0.24 Concrete Slab 0.60 Sandy Gravel (FILL), weathered and crushed sandstone cobbles, dense, moist to 0.6 TBH04_0.6-0.65 * dry, dark yellow and brown. No odour, staining or ACM observed. 0.2 TBH04_0.7-0.8 * 0.80 Sandstone Boulder (FILL), dense, white, dry. No odour or staining observed. 0.90 FILL Silty Sand (FILL), medium dense, dark brown, dry, fine grained sand with silt. No odour, staining or ACM observed. 0.2 TBH04_0.9-1.4 1.40 Gravelly Clayey Sand (FILL), medium dense, dark brown and black, slightly moist, minor fine surrounded charcoal gravel, rootlets and timber. No odour, staining or 0.2 TBH04_1.7-2.0 * 2.00 Borehole terminated at 2 m bgs, target depth reached. Total Depth: 2.00 m

60153531_5.7_BORELOGS_21FEB2011.GPJ 06/06/11

AECOM Australia Ptv I td **BOREHOLE LOG TBH05 AE**COM Level 5, 828 Pacific Highway Gordon NSW 2072 PROJECT NUMBER 60153531/5.7 DATE 12 Feb 11 PROJECT NAME Tree Root Mass Investigation Hickson Road, Millers Point NSW **LOCATION DRILLING METHOD** Push Tube SAMPLING METHOD Grab/Push tube Kate O'Brien **LOGGED BY COMMENTS** USCS CLASS ANALYSED RECOVERY SAMPLE NUMBER GRAPHIC LOG CONTACT DEPTH PID (ppm) DEPTH (m BGS) LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION ASPHAL Asphalt Footpath 0.10 Gravel (FILL), coarse concrete and brick gravel, medium dense, dry, pale brown and grey. No odour, staining or ACM observed. 0.3 Sandy Gravel (FILL), fine grained sand with minor silt, fine to medium concrete, ASPHALT brick and sandstone gravel, medium dense, dry, 5 mm tree root. No odour, staining or ACM observed. Asphalt Slab Concrete Slab 0.47 FILL Clayey Sandy Gravel (FILL), coarse to cobble sized sandstone gravel with clayey sand, dense, saturated, yellow brown. No odour, staining or ACM observed. m 0.2 0.70 Sandstone Boulder 1.00 Bitumen Slab (FILL), very dense, dry, black. No odour, staining or ACM observed. 0.2 TBH05_1.0-1.3 1.30 Sandy Gravel (FILL), weathered sandstone cobbles/boulders, very dense, moist, dark yellow. No odour or staining observed. 20 mm Tree Root at 1.4 m 0 TBH05 1 3-1 7 * 1.80 FILL Gravel (FILL), bituminous gravel, very dense, saturated, black. No odour or staining observed. TBH05_1.8-2.0 2.00 DUP02 * Borehole terminated at 2 m bgs, target depth reached. Total Depth: 2.00 m

60153531_5.7_BORELOGS_21FEB2011.GPJ 06/06/11

AECOM Australia Ptv I td **BOREHOLE LOG TBH06 AE**COM Level 5, 828 Pacific Highway Gordon NSW 2072 PROJECT NUMBER 60153531/5.7 DATE 5 Feb 2011/ 12 Feb 2011 PROJECT NAME Tree Root Mass Investigation Hickson Road, Millers Point NSW **LOCATION DRILLING METHOD** Push Tube SAMPLING METHOD Grab/Push tube Kate O'Brien **LOGGED BY COMMENTS** USCS CLASS ANALYSED RECOVERY SAMPLE NUMBER GRAPHIC LOG CONTACT DEPTH PID (ppm) DEPTH (m BGS) LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION Asphalt Footpath 0.10 Clavey Sandy GRAVEL (FILL), fine to coarse sandstone gravel with minor TBH06_0.1-0.2 concrete and road base gravels, loose to medium dense, dry, brown, inclusion of 0 0.20 CONCRETE Concrete Slab 0.37 Sandy Gravel (FILL), medium sized sandstone gravel and sandstone cobbles, medium grained sand, medium dense, slightly moist, yellow and brown. No odour staining or ACM observed. 50mm tree root at 0.47 m bgs 0.1 TBH06_0.55-0.6 |* 0.60 Sandy Gravel (FILL), sandstone and concrete cobbles, coarse sandstone gravel and minor fine to medium grained sand, medium dense, dry, yellow/brown. No odour staining or ACM observed. 0.90 Concrete Slab 1.00 FILL Sandy Clay (FILL), medium stiff, low plasticity, fine grained sand, slightly moist. No odour staining or ACM observed. 0 TBH06_1.5-2.0 *2.00 Borehole terminated at 2 m bgs, target depth reached. Total Depth: 2.00 m

60153531_5.7_BORELOGS_21FEB2011.GPJ 06/06/11

AECOM Australia Pty Ltd **AE**COM **BOREHOLE LOG TBH07** Level 5, 828 Pacific Highway Gordon NSW 2072 PROJECT NUMBER 60153531/5.7 DATE 04 Feb 11 PROJECT NAME Tree Root Mass Investigation Hickson Road, Millers Point NSW LOCATION **DRILLING METHOD** Coring SAMPLING METHOD Grab **LOGGED BY** Kate O'Brien **COMMENTS USCS CLASS** RECOVERY ANALYSED GRAPHIC LOG PID (ppm) SAMPLE NUMBER CONTACT DEPTH DEPTH (m BGS) LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION ASPHALT Asphalt Footpath 0.10 Gravelly Sand (FILL), fine to medium grained sand with minor clay and silt, fine to coarse sub angular sandstone and road base, medium dense, slightly moist, dark brown and grey. No odour staining or ACM observed. TBH07_0.1-0.15 |*|0.7 0.15 ASPHALT 0.2 -Asphalt Slab. 0.32 Concrete Slab 0.77 Borehole terminated at 0.77 m bgs in concrete - maximum reach of diatube. Total Depth: 0.77 m 60153531_5.7_BORELOGS_21FEB2011.GPJ 06/06/11

AECOM Australia Pty Ltd **AE**COM **BOREHOLE LOG TBH08** Level 5, 828 Pacific Highway Gordon NSW 2072 PROJECT NUMBER 60153531/5.7 DATE 04 Feb 11 PROJECT NAME Tree Root Mass Investigation Hickson Road, Millers Point NSW LOCATION **DRILLING METHOD** Coring SAMPLING METHOD Grab **LOGGED BY** Kate O'Brien **COMMENTS USCS CLASS** RECOVERY ANALYSED GRAPHIC LOG PID (ppm) SAMPLE NUMBER CONTACT DEPTH DEPTH (m BGS) LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION ASPHALT Asphalt Footpath 0.13 FILL Sandy Gravel (FILL), fine to medium sized sand, fine to cobble sized gravel (sandstone, concrete and road base gravels), loose, dry to slightly moist, pale brown and grey. No odour staining or ACM observed. 0.5 TBH08_0.13-0.25 | ** 50 mm tree root above asphalt subsurface slab. 0.29 Asphalt Slab. 0.77 Borehole terminated at 0.77 m bgs in asphalt - maximum reach of diatube. Total Depth: 0.77 m 60153531_5.7_BORELOGS_21FEB2011.GPJ 06/06/11

AECOM Australia Pty Ltd **AE**COM **BOREHOLE LOG TBH09** Level 5, 828 Pacific Highway Gordon NSW 2072 PROJECT NUMBER 60153531/5.7 DATE 04 Feb 11 PROJECT NAME Tree Root Mass Investigation Hickson Road, Millers Point NSW LOCATION **DRILLING METHOD** Coring SAMPLING METHOD **LOGGED BY** Kate O'Brien **COMMENTS** USCS CLASS RECOVERY ANALYSED GRAPHIC LOG PID (ppm) SAMPLE NUMBER CONTACT DEPTH DEPTH (m BGS) LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION ASPHALT Asphalt Footpath Gravel (FILL), fine angular road base gravels, loose, dry, greyish brown. No odour, staining or ACM observed. 0.11 FILL Gravel (FILL), concrete gravel, dense, dry, pale grey. No odour, staining or ACM observed. 0.2 ASPHALT Asphalt Slab 0.64 Borehole terminated at 0.64 m bgs in asphalt - maximum reach of diatube. Total Depth: 0.64 m 60153531_5.7_BORELOGS_21FEB2011.GPJ 06/06/11

Appendix E

Calibration Certificates

AICOM

Photoionization Detector (Hire Unit)

Job Number/Name: 80153531/5.7 Hickson Read Tree Investigation

Frequency:

Daily on Use or Twice Daily

PID Serial Number	Date/Time	Fresh Air Cal.	Span Gas concentration (e.g.101 ppm Isobutylene)	Span Gas Cal.	Name (print)	Signature
	4.2.11 / 11 am	0.0	101.1 ppm4	9 100 ppm = 3	Kat O'Rrion	Johne
11	5.2.11 / 8am	0.0	100.7 ppm		Kate Obrie	Pokre
/1	12-2.11/8 am	0.0	100 ppm+3	102-appm	Kate O'Brien Kate O'Brien Leute O'Brien	Logor
				,		
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, -	·				+	
						
·						, and the second
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

PID Calibration Certificate

Instrument

PhoCheck Tiger

Serial No.

T-105429



Air-Met Scientific Pty Ltd 1300 137 067

ltem	Test	Pass			Comments	5
Battery	Charge Condition	✓	- Marie - Mari			
	Fuses	✓				Annual Control of the
	Capacity	✓	-			
	Recharge OK?	✓				
Switch/keypad	Operation	✓				
Display	Intensity	✓				
	Operation	✓				
	(segments)					
Grill Filter	Condition	✓				***************************************
	Seal	✓				
Pump	Operation	✓				
··	Filter	✓	The state of the s			
	Flow	✓				
	Valves, Diaphragm	~				
PCB	Condition	✓				
Connectors	Condition	1				
Sensor	PID	′	10.6 eV			
Alarms	Beeper	1	Low	High	TWA	STEL
	Settings	✓	50ppm	100ppm		
Software	Version	✓		, , ,	•	
Data logger	Operation	✓	İ			
Download	Operation	7				
Other tests:						

Certificate of Calibration

This is to certify that the above instrument has been calibrated to the following specifications:

Sensor	Serial no	Calibration gas and concentration	Certified	Gas bottle No	Instrument Reading
PID Lamp		103ppm Isobutylene	NATA	828SY	100ppm

Calibrated by:

Carly Hanrahan

Calibration date:

18/01/2011

Next calibration due:

17/02/2011

Appendix F

Site Photographs

Tree Pit - Tree T11





Test Pit - Tree T15

Test pit limited in extent due to concrete subsurface







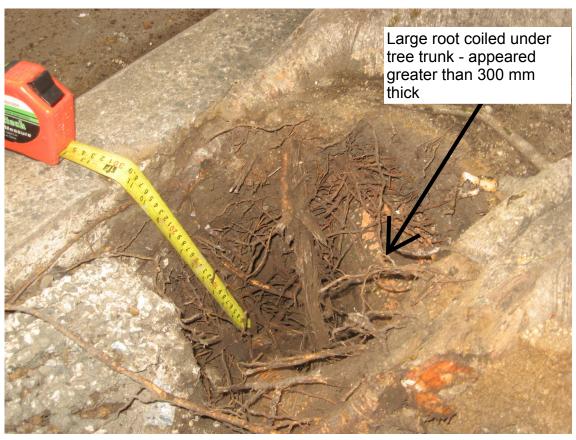


Concrete layer

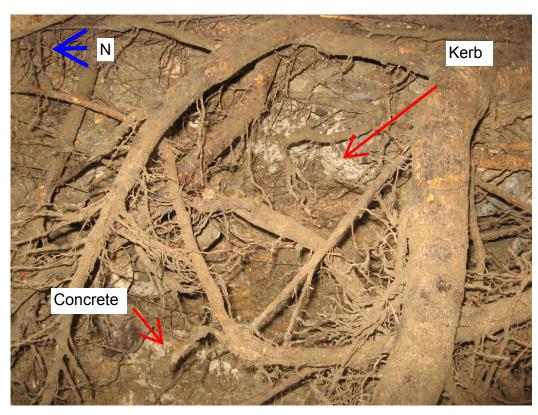


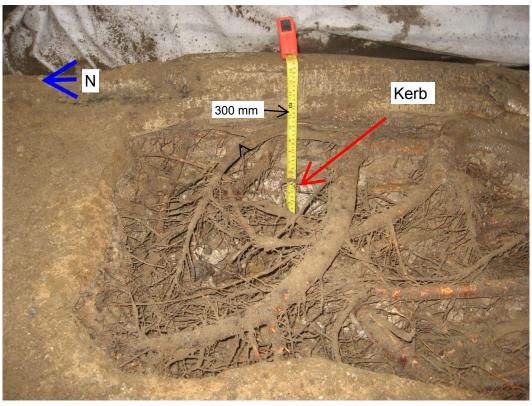


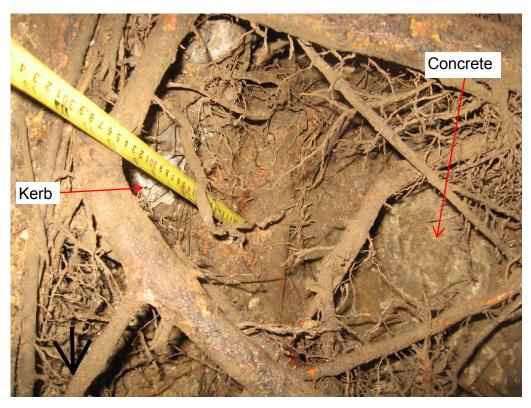
Concrete layer



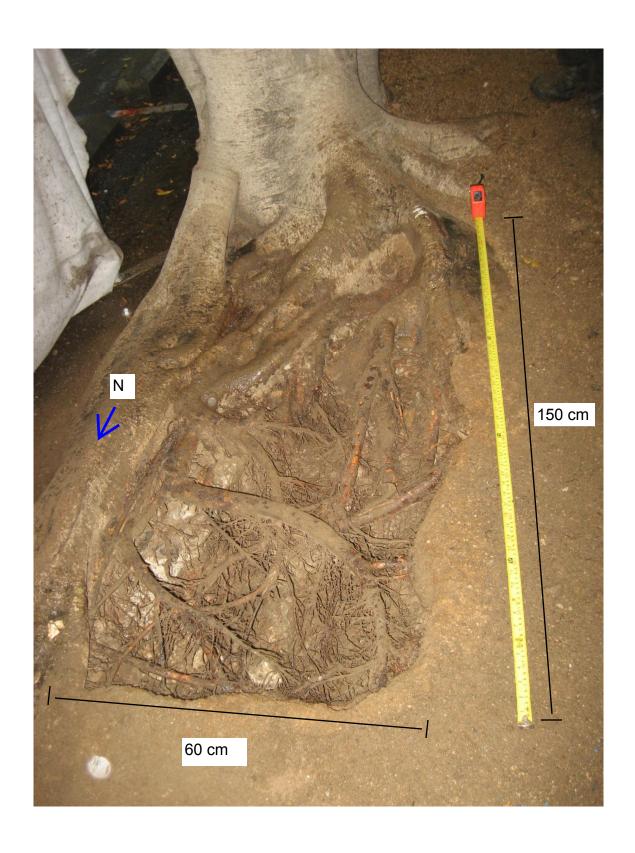








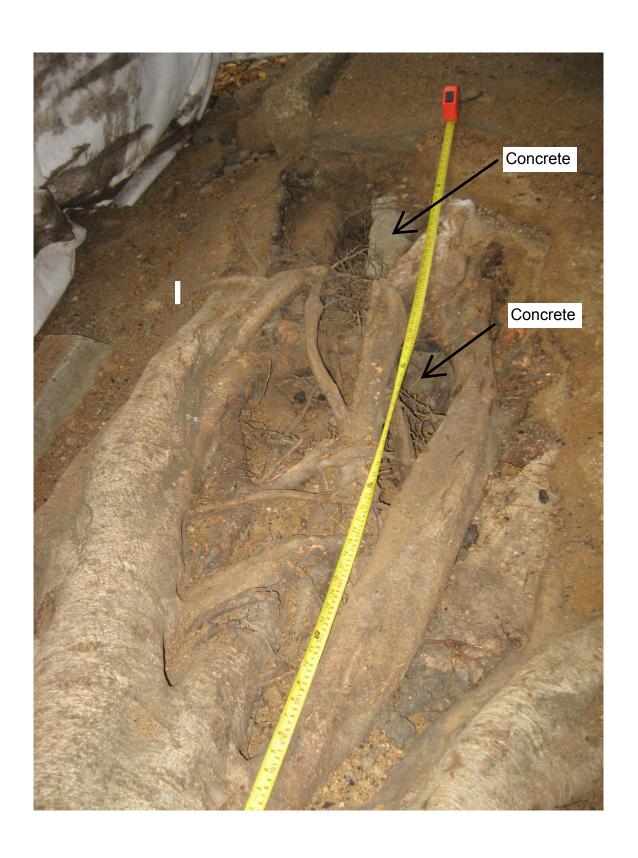




Test Pit – Tree T18

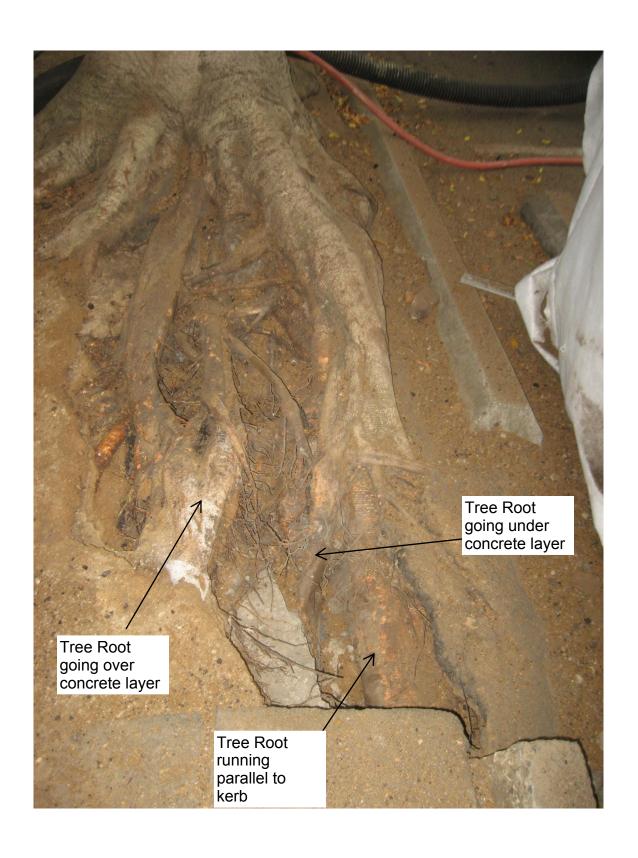
















Appendix G

Laboratory Reports





Environmental Division

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : **ES1102539** Page : 1 of 7

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : MS KATE O BRIEN Contact : Jennifer Cullen

Address : LEVEL 5, 828 PACIFIC HIGHWAY Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

GORDON NSW, AUSTRALIA 2072

Telephone : +61 02 8484 8999 Telephone : +61 2 8784 8509
Facsimile : +61 02 8484 8989 Facsimile : +61 2 8784 8500

Project : 60153531 5 7 HICKSON ROAD QC Level : NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement

Order number : 38962AUS

C-O-C number : ---- Date Samples Received : 07-FEB-2011
Sampler : KO Issue Date : 15-FEB-2011

Site : ---

Quote number : EN/004/10 No. of samples received : 9

Quote number : EN/004/10 No. of samples analysed : 7

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Surrogate Control Limits



NATA Accredited Laboratory 825

This document is issued in accordance with NATA accreditation requirements.

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories indicated below. Electronic signing has been carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

 Signatories
 Position
 Accreditation Category

 Celine Conceicao
 Spectroscopist
 Inorganics

Edwandy Fadjar Senior Organic Chemist Organics
Hoa Nguyen Inorganic Chemist Inorganics

Page : 2 of 7
Work Order : ES1102539

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd

Project : 60153531 5 7 HICKSON ROAD



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insuffient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

- EG005T: Sample ES1102363013 shows poor duplicate precision for zinc due to sample heterogeneity. Confirmed by re-extraction and re-analysis.
- EG005T: Sample ES1102438002 shows poor duplicate precision for zinc due to sample heterogeneity. Confirmed by re-extraction and re-analysis.
- EP075(SIM): Poor matrix spike recovery due to sample matrix interferences.

Page : 3 of 7
Work Order : ES1102539

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd
Project : 60153531 5 7 HICKSON ROAD



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	TBH07_0.1-0.15	TBH03_1.2-1.3	TBH03_1.5-1.6	TBH01_0.43-0.5	TBH06_0.55-0.6
	Cli	ient sampli	ng date / time	04-FEB-2011 15:00	05-FEB-2011 15:00	05-FEB-2011 15:00	05-FEB-2011 15:00	05-FEB-2011 15:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1102539-001	ES1102539-002	ES1102539-003	ES1102539-004	ES1102539-005
EA055: Moisture Content								
^ Moisture Content (dried @ 103°C)		1.0	%	7.3	14.3	16.4	12.4	10.8
EG005T: Total Metals by ICP-AES								
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	46	6	13	12	8
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	51	23	47	11	28
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	25	11	20	103	20
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	49	8	10	4	5
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	43	98	106	30	29
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by	y FIMS							
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	<0.1
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hy	/drocarbons							
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	1.4	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	1.4	<0.5	<0.5	1.2	0.6
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	1.4	<0.5	<0.5	0.5	<0.5
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	6.4	<0.5	<0.5	3.1	1.7
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	8.6	<0.5	<0.5	3.0	1.9
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	4.7	<0.5	<0.5	1.9	0.9
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	4.8	<0.5	<0.5	1.4	0.7
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.5	mg/kg	8.0	<0.5	<0.5	1.8	0.7
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	2.7	<0.5	<0.5	0.7	<0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	7.8	<0.5	<0.5	1.7	0.8
Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	4.1	<0.5	<0.5	0.6	<0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	0.8	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	6.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.6	<0.5
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarb	ons							
C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	280	<100	<100	<100	<100
C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	420	<100	<100	<100	<100
^ C10 - C36 Fraction (sum)		50	mg/kg	700	<50	<50	<50	<50
EP080: BTEX								
Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5

Page : 4 of 7
Work Order : ES1102539

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd
Project : 60153531 5 7 HICKSON ROAD



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	TBH07_0.1-0.15	TBH03_1.2-1.3	TBH03_1.5-1.6	TBH01_0.43-0.5	TBH06_0.55-0.6
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	04-FEB-2011 15:00	05-FEB-2011 15:00	05-FEB-2011 15:00	05-FEB-2011 15:00	05-FEB-2011 15:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1102539-001	ES1102539-002	ES1102539-003	ES1102539-004	ES1102539-005
EP080: BTEX - Continued								
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound	Surrogates							
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	0.1	%	126	121	118	118	120
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	0.1	%	120	116	110	109	109
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	0.1	%	93.2	108	97.5	80.8	72.1
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates								
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	0.1	%	117	114	110	111	112
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	0.1	%	118	110	105	112	111
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	0.1	%	120	119	115	117	116
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates								
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	0.1	%	95.4	93.2	118	89.9	89.0
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	0.1	%	90.2	88.1	116	81.2	85.5
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.1	%	118	118	103	107	110

Page : 5 of 7
Work Order : ES1102539

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd
Project : 60153531 5 7 HICKSON ROAD



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	TBH08_0.13-0.25	DUP 01	 	
	Cli	ent sampli	ng date / time	04-FEB-2011 15:00	05-FEB-2011 15:00	 	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1102539-006	ES1102539-007	 	
EA055: Moisture Content							
^ Moisture Content (dried @ 103°C)		1.0	%	6.8	13.4	 	
EG005T: Total Metals by ICP-AES							
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	 	
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	 	
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	11	16	 	
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	76	12	 	
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	26	71	 	
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	10	4	 	
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	38	24	 	
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by	FIMS						
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	 	
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hy	drocarbons						
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	2.8	0.7	 	
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	3.1	0.7	 	
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	1.3	<0.5	 	
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	1.1	<0.5	 	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.5	mg/kg	1.3	<0.5	 	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	0.5	<0.5	 	
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	1.5	<0.5	 	
Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	0.7	<0.5	 	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbo	ons	12		12			
C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	 	
C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	 	
C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	110	<100	 	
C29 - C36 Fraction		100 50	mg/kg	260 370	<100 <50	 	
^ C10 - C36 Fraction (sum)		50	mg/kg	3/0	\00	 	
EP080: BTEX							
Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	 	
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	 	

Page : 6 of 7
Work Order : ES1102539

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd
Project : 60153531 5 7 HICKSON ROAD



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	TBH08_0.13-0.25	DUP 01	 	
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	04-FEB-2011 15:00	05-FEB-2011 15:00	 	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1102539-006	ES1102539-007	 	
EP080: BTEX - Continued							
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	 	
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	 	
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	 	
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound S	Surrogates						
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	0.1	%	122	122	 	
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	0.1	%	115	115	 	
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	0.1	%	92.6	86.7	 	
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates							
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	0.1	%	116	118	 	
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	0.1	%	112	114	 	
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	0.1	%	118	119	 	
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates							
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	0.1	%	100	91.3	 	
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	0.1	%	119	87.7	 	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.1	%	107	115	 	

Page : 7 of 7 Work Order : ES1102539

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd
Project : 60153531 5 7 HICKSON ROAD



Surrogate Control Limits

Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Recovery	Limits (%)
Compound	CAS Number	Low	High
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound Surrogates			
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	56.3	133.3
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	53.8	133.8
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	23.1	134.9
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates			
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	58.9	132.7
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	55.0	137.6
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	54.0	147.8
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates			
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	72.8	133.2
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	73.9	132.1
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	71.6	130.0

15-2-11

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Project Name: Hick	son Road]	Project I	lumber:	60	153531/5	.7		Pur	chase	Orde	r Number	:		38962AU	\$	•	7
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				Emai	l: Kate.O'	Brien@	aecom.	com			Conta	act Name	<b>9</b> :				Fir	nal Repo	ort by	ŗ.			
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#### ALS Laboratory Group ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY & TESTING SERVICES



#### **Environmental Division**

#### **QUALITY CONTROL REPORT**

Work Order : **ES1102539** Page : 1 of 7

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : MS KATE O BRIEN Contact : Jennifer Cullen

Address : LEVEL 5, 828 PACIFIC HIGHWAY Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

GORDON NSW, AUSTRALIA 2072

Telephone : +61 02 8484 8999 Telephone : +61 2 8784 8509
Facsimile : +61 02 8484 8989 Facsimile : +61 2 8784 8500

Project : 60153531 5 7 HICKSON ROAD QC Level : NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement

Site : ----

C-O-C number : ---- Date Samples Received : 07-FEB-2011
Sampler : KO Issue Date : 15-FEB-2011

Order number : 38962AUS

No. of samples received : 9

Quote number : EN/004/10 No. of samples analysed : 7

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits
- Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits
- Matrix Spike (MS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits



NATA Accredited Laboratory 825

This document is issued in accordance with NATA accreditation requirements.

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories indicated below. Electronic signing has been carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Celine Conceicao	Spectroscopist	Inorganics
Edwandy Fadjar	Senior Organic Chemist	Organics
Hoa Nguyen	Inorganic Chemist	Inorganics

Part of the ALS Laboratory Group

277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164 **Tel. +61-2-8784 8555** Fax. +61-2-8784 8500 **www.alsglobal.com** 

A Campbell Brothers Limited Company

Page : 2 of 7
Work Order : ES1102539

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd

Project : 60153531 5 7 HICKSON ROAD



#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insuffient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

Key: Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not specifically part of this work order but formed part of the QC process lot

CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

RPD = Relative Percentage Difference

# = Indicates failed QC

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#### Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quality control term Laboratory Duplicate refers to a randomly selected intralaboratory split. Laboratory duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. The permitted ranges for the Relative Percent Deviation (RPD) of Laboratory Duplicates are specified in ALS Method QWI-EN/38 and are dependent on the magnitude of results in comparison to the level of reporting: Result < 10 times LOR:-No Limit; Result between 10 and 20 times LOR:-0% - 50%; Result > 20 times LOR:-0% - 20%.

Sub-Matrix: SOIL						Laboratory I	Duplicate (DUP) Report		
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EA055: Moisture Co	ontent (QC Lot: 1661549)								
ES1102399-032	Anonymous	EA055-103: Moisture Content (dried @ 103°C)		1.0	%	2.5	2.6	6.7	No Limit
ES1102422-016	Anonymous	EA055-103: Moisture Content (dried @ 103°C)		1.0	%	17.2	16.4	5.4	0% - 50%
EA055: Moisture Co	ontent (QC Lot: 1661550)								
ES1102539-003	TBH03_1.5-1.6	EA055-103: Moisture Content (dried @ 103°C)		1.0	%	16.4	16.9	2.8	0% - 50%
ES1102632-003	Anonymous	EA055-103: Moisture Content (dried @ 103°C)		1.0	%	29.1	29.0	0.0	0% - 20%
EG005T: Total Meta	Is by ICP-AES (QC Lot:	1661285)							
ES1102363-013	Anonymous	EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	6	6	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	4	4	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	6	6	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	95	69	32.3	0% - 50%
		EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	34	73	# 73.8	0% - 50%
ES1102438-002	Anonymous	EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	16	13	20.6	No Limit
		EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	21	19	12.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	306	296	3.6	0% - 20%
		EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	55	54	1.9	0% - 50%
		EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	103	115	10.8	0% - 20%
		EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	222	1110	# 133	0% - 20%
EG035T: Total Rec	overable Mercury by FIM	IS (QC Lot: 1661286)							
ES1102363-013	Anonymous	EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	0.0	No Limit
ES1102438-002	Anonymous	EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	0.2	0.3	0.0	No Limit
EP075(SIM)B: Polyr	nuclear Aromatic Hydroc	earbons (QC Lot: 1661974)							
ES1102539-001	TBH07_0.1-0.15	EP075(SIM): Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	1.4	1.6	12.8	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	1.4	2.0	37.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	1.4	2.0	33.6	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	6.4	8.8	30.6	0% - 50%
		EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	8.6	11.0	# 24.8	0% - 20%
		EP075(SIM): Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	4.7	6.0	23.3	0% - 50%
		EP075(SIM): Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	4.8	5.8	18.8	0% - 50%
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.5	mg/kg	8.0	8.3	3.6	0% - 50%

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Sub-Matrix: SOIL						Laboratory I	Duplicate (DUP) Report		
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EP075(SIM)B: Polyn	uclear Aromatic Hydro	carbons (QC Lot: 1661974) - continued							
ES1102539-001	TBH07_0.1-0.15	EP075(SIM): Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	2.7	2.5	7.7	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	7.8	8.1	3.7	0% - 50%
		EP075(SIM): Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	4.1	3.6	10.7	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	0.8	0.7	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	6.5	5.5	16.2	0% - 50%
EP080/071: Total Pe	troleum Hydrocarbons	(QC Lot: 1661127)							
ES1102399-045	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	0.0	No Limit
ES1102540-001	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	0.0	No Limit
EP080/071: Total Pe	troleum Hydrocarbons	(QC Lot: 1661973)							
ES1102539-001	TBH07_0.1-0.15	EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	280	340	18.6	No Limit
		EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	420	420	0.0	No Limit
		EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	0.0	No Limit
EP080: BTEX (QC L	.ot: 1661127)								
ES1102399-045	Anonymous	EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
			106-42-3						
		EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
ES1102540-001	Anonymous	EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
			106-42-3						
		EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit

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#### Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report

The quality control term Method / Laboratory Blank refers to an analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in standard sample preparation. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential laboratory contamination. The quality control term Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) refers to a certified reference material, or a known interference free matrix spiked with target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor method precision and accuracy independent of sample matrix. Dynamic Recovery Limits are based on statistical evaluation of processed LCS.

Sub-Matrix: SOIL			Method Blank (MB) Report		Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report			
				Report	Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	Low	High
EG005T: Total Metals by ICP-AES (QCLot: 16612	85)							
EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	13.11 mg/kg	121	70	130
EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	2.76 mg/kg	99.0	83.3	111
EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	<2	60.93 mg/kg	105	89.2	117
EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	<5	54.68 mg/kg	103	90.1	114
EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	<5	54.76 mg/kg	100	85.2	111
EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	<2	55.23 mg/kg	108	88.3	116
EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	<5	103.88 mg/kg	100	88.9	112
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS (Q	CLot: 1661286)							
EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	1.4 mg/kg	68.8	67	118
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbor	ns (QCLot: 1661974)							
EP075(SIM): Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	101	81.9	113
EP075(SIM): Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	99.6	79.6	113
EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	97.1	81.5	112
EP075(SIM): Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	97.2	79.9	112
EP075(SIM): Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	106	79.4	114
EP075(SIM): Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	110	81.1	112
EP075(SIM): Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	102	78.8	113
EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	103	78.9	113
EP075(SIM): Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	81.7	77.2	112
EP075(SIM): Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	105	79.8	114
EP075(SIM): Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	83.9	71.8	118
EP075(SIM): Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	103	74.2	117
EP075(SIM): Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	87.0	76.4	113
EP075(SIM): Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	79.1	71	113
EP075(SIM): Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	75.9	71.7	113
EP075(SIM): Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	79.1	72.4	114
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (QCL	ot: 1661127)							
EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	26 mg/kg	90.2	68.4	128
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons(QCLo	ot: 1661973)							
EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	200 mg/kg	97.0	75.2	116
EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	200 mg/kg	99.0	75.3	113
EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	200 mg/kg	90.0	72.6	117
EP080: BTEX (QCLot: 1661127)								
EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	1 mg/kg	81.2	63	121

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Sub-Matrix: SOIL				Method Blank (MB)		Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report		
				Report	Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery Limits (%)	
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	Low	High
EP080: BTEX (QCLot: 1661127) - continued								
EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	1 mg/kg	106	69	122
EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	1 mg/kg	85.6	61	117
EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	2 mg/kg	85.0	62	118
	106-42-3							
EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	1 mg/kg	90.0	63	117

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#### Matrix Spike (MS) Report

The quality control term Matrix Spike (MS) refers to an intralaboratory split sample spiked with a representative set of target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential matrix effects on analyte recoveries. Static Recovery Limits as per laboratory Data Quality Objectives (DQOs). Ideal recovery ranges stated may be waived in the event of sample matrix interference.

Sub-Matrix: SOIL					Matrix Spike (MS) Report			
				Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)	
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	Concentration	MS	Low	High	
G005T: Total Meta	ls by ICP-AES (QCLot: 1661285							
ES1102363-013	Anonymous	EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	50 mg/kg	112	70	130	
		EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	50 mg/kg	104	70	130	
		EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	50 mg/kg	106	70	130	
		EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	250 mg/kg	118	70	130	
		EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	250 mg/kg	94.8	70	130	
		EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	50 mg/kg	105	70	130	
		EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	250 mg/kg	100	70	130	
EG035T: Total Reco	overable Mercury by FIMS (QCL	_ot: 1661286)						
ES1102363-013	Anonymous	EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	5 mg/kg	90.8	70	130	
EP075(SIM)B: Polyn	uclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	(QCLot: 1661974)						
ES1102539-001 TBH07_0.1-0.15		EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	10 mg/kg	127	70	130	
		EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	10 mg/kg	# 138	70	130	
EP080/071: Total Pe	troleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot	: 1661127)						
ES1102399-045	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		26 mg/kg	79.3	70	130	
EP080/071: Total Pe	troleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot	: 1661973)						
ES1102539-001	TBH07_0.1-0.15	EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		640 mg/kg	111	70	130	
		EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		3140 mg/kg	99.4	70	130	
		EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		2860 mg/kg	100	70	130	
EP080: BTEX (QCL	ot: 1661127)							
ES1102399-045	Anonymous	EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	2.5 mg/kg	71.0	70	130	
		EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	2.5 mg/kg	74.2	70	130	
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	2.5 mg/kg	71.4	70	130	
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	2.5 mg/kg	71.6	70	130	
			106-42-3					
		EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2.5 mg/kg	75.3	70	130	





#### **Environmental Division**

#### INTERPRETIVE QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

**Work Order** : **ES1102539** Page : 1 of 6

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

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Project : 60153531 5 7 HICKSON ROAD QC Level : NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement

Site : ----

 C-O-C number
 :-- Date Samples Received
 : 07-FEB-2011

 Sampler
 : KO
 Issue Date
 : 15-FEB-2011

Order number : 38962AUS

Quote number : EN/004/10 No. of samples received : 9

Quote number : EN/004/10 No. of samples analysed : 7

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

This Interpretive Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Analysis Holding Time Compliance
- Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance
- Brief Method Summaries
- Summary of Outliers

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#### **Analysis Holding Time Compliance**

The following report summarises extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares with recommended holding times. Dates reported represent first date of extraction or analysis and precludes subsequent dilutions and reruns. Information is also provided re the sample container (preservative) from which the analysis aliquot was taken. Elapsed period to analysis represents number of days from sampling where no extraction / digestion is involved or period from extraction / digestion where this is present. For composite samples, sampling date is assumed to be that of the oldest sample contributing to the composite. Sample date for laboratory produced leachates is assumed as the completion date of the leaching process. Outliers for holding time are based on USEPA SW 846, APHA, AS and NEPM (1999). A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

Holding times for leachate methods (excluding elutriates) vary according to the analytes being determined on the resulting solution. For non-volatile analytes, the holding time compliance assessment compares the leach date with the shortest analyte holding time for the equivalent soil method. These soil holding times are: Organics (14 days); Mercury (28 days) & other metals (180 days). A recorded breach therefore does not guarantee a breach for all non-volatile parameters.

Matrix: SOIL

Evaluation: **×** = Holding time breach : ✓ = Within holding time.

Method		Sample Date	Ex	traction / Preparation	Lvaidation	Analysis			
Container / Client Sample ID(s)			Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluatio	
EA055: Moisture Content									
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH07_0.1-0.15,	TBH08_0.13-0.25	04-FEB-2011				08-FEB-2011	18-FEB-2011	1	
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH03_1.2-1.3, TBH01_0.43-0.5, DUP 01	TBH03_1.5-1.6, TBH06_0.55-0.6,	05-FEB-2011				08-FEB-2011	19-FEB-2011	1	
EG005T: Total Metals by ICP-AES									
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH07_0.1-0.15,	TBH08_0.13-0.25	04-FEB-2011	08-FEB-2011	03-AUG-2011	<b>✓</b>	09-FEB-2011	03-AUG-2011	<b>✓</b>	
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH03_1.2-1.3, TBH01_0.43-0.5, DUP 01	TBH03_1.5-1.6, TBH06_0.55-0.6,	05-FEB-2011	08-FEB-2011	04-AUG-2011	✓	09-FEB-2011	04-AUG-2011	✓	
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS									
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH07_0.1-0.15,	TBH08_0.13-0.25	04-FEB-2011	08-FEB-2011	04-MAR-2011	<b>√</b>	10-FEB-2011	04-MAR-2011	<b>✓</b>	
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH03_1.2-1.3, TBH01_0.43-0.5, DUP 01	TBH03_1.5-1.6, TBH06_0.55-0.6,	05-FEB-2011	08-FEB-2011	05-MAR-2011	✓	10-FEB-2011	05-MAR-2011	✓	
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbon	s								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH07_0.1-0.15,	TBH08_0.13-0.25	04-FEB-2011	09-FEB-2011	18-FEB-2011	<b>√</b>	10-FEB-2011	21-MAR-2011	<b>✓</b>	
<b>Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved</b> TBH03_1.2-1.3, TBH01_0.43-0.5, DUP 01	TBH03_1.5-1.6, TBH06_0.55-0.6,	05-FEB-2011	09-FEB-2011	19-FEB-2011	✓	10-FEB-2011	21-MAR-2011	<b>√</b>	

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#### Matrix: SOIL

Evaluation: **x** = Holding time breach ; ✓ = Within holding time.

Wattix. COIL						riolaling time	2.040,	r nording time
Method		Sample Date	Ex	traction / Preparation			Analysis	
Container / Client Sample ID(s)			Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH07_0.1-0.15,	TBH08_0.13-0.25	04-FEB-2011	08-FEB-2011	18-FEB-2011	<b>√</b>	08-FEB-2011	18-FEB-2011	<b>✓</b>
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH07_0.1-0.15,	TBH08_0.13-0.25	04-FEB-2011	09-FEB-2011	18-FEB-2011	<b>√</b>	10-FEB-2011	21-MAR-2011	<b>√</b>
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH03_1.2-1.3, TBH01_0.43-0.5, DUP 01	TBH03_1.5-1.6, TBH06_0.55-0.6,	05-FEB-2011	08-FEB-2011	19-FEB-2011	✓	08-FEB-2011	19-FEB-2011	✓
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH03_1.2-1.3, TBH01_0.43-0.5, DUP 01	TBH03_1.5-1.6, TBH06_0.55-0.6,	05-FEB-2011	09-FEB-2011	19-FEB-2011	✓	10-FEB-2011	21-MAR-2011	✓
EP080: BTEX								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH07_0.1-0.15,	TBH08_0.13-0.25	04-FEB-2011	08-FEB-2011	18-FEB-2011	<b>√</b>	08-FEB-2011	18-FEB-2011	<b>✓</b>
<b>Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved</b> TBH03_1.2-1.3, TBH01_0.43-0.5, DUP 01	TBH03_1.5-1.6, TBH06_0.55-0.6,	05-FEB-2011	08-FEB-2011	19-FEB-2011	✓	08-FEB-2011	19-FEB-2011	✓

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#### **Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance**

The following report summarises the frequency of laboratory QC samples analysed within the analytical lot(s) in which the submitted sample(s) was(where) processed. Actual rate should be greater than or equal to the expected rate. A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

Matrix: **SOIL** Evaluation: **×** = Quality Control frequency not within specification; ✓ = Quality Control frequency within specification.

							act mains openiously, adding control in equality mains opening
tuality Control Sample Type		C	Count		Rate (%)		Quality Control Specification
nalytical Methods	Method	QC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation	
aboratory Duplicates (DUP)							
Moisture Content	EA055-103	4	32	12.5	10.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
PAH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	1	9	11.1	10.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
Total Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	2	11	18.2	10.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
Total Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	2	19	10.5	10.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
TPH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	1	9	11.1	10.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
TPH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	2	14	14.3	10.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
_aboratory Control Samples (LCS)							
PAH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	1	9	11.1	5.0	1	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
Total Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	1	11	9.1	5.0	1	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
Total Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	1	19	5.3	5.0	<u> </u>	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
TPH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	1	9	11.1	5.0	1	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
FPH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	1	14	7.1	5.0	<b>√</b>	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
Method Blanks (MB)							
PAH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	1	9	11.1	5.0	1	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
Total Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	1	11	9.1	5.0	1	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
Total Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	1	19	5.3	5.0	1	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
TPH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	1	9	11.1	5.0	1	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
ΓΡΗ Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	1	14	7.1	5.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
Matrix Spikes (MS)							
PAH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	1	9	11.1	5.0	1	ALS QCS3 requirement
Total Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	1	11	9.1	5.0	1	ALS QCS3 requirement
Total Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	1	19	5.3	5.0	✓	ALS QCS3 requirement
TPH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	1	9	11.1	5.0	✓	ALS QCS3 requirement
TPH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	1	14	7.1	5.0	<b>√</b>	ALS QCS3 requirement

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#### **Brief Method Summaries**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the US EPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request. The following report provides brief descriptions of the analytical procedures employed for results reported in the Certificate of Analysis. Sources from which ALS methods have been developed are provided within the Method Descriptions.

Analytical Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Moisture Content	EA055-103	SOIL	A gravimetric procedure based on weight loss over a 12 hour drying period at 103-105 degrees C. This method is compliant with NEPM (2010 Draft) Schedule B(3) Section 7.1 and Table 1 (14 day holding time).
Total Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	SOIL	(APHA 21st ed., 3120; USEPA SW 846 - 6010) (ICPAES) Metals are determined following an appropriate acid digestion of the soil. The ICPAES technique ionises samples in a plasma, emitting a characteristic spectrum based on metals present. Intensities at selected wavelengths are compared against those of matrix matched standards. This method is compliant with NEPM (1999) Schedule B(3)
Total Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	SOIL	AS 3550, APHA 21st ed., 3112 Hg - B (Flow-injection (SnCl2)(Cold Vapour generation) AAS) FIM-AAS is an automated flameless atomic absorption technique. Mercury in solids are determined following an appropriate acid digestion. Ionic mercury is reduced online to atomic mercury vapour by SnCl2 which is then purged into a heated quartz cell. Quantification is by comparing absorbance against a calibration curve. This method is compliant with NEPM (1999) Schedule B(3)
TPH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	SOIL	(USEPA SW 846 - 8015A) Sample extracts are analysed by Capillary GC/FID and quantified against alkane standards over the range C10 - C36. This method is compliant with NEPM (1999) Schedule B(3) (Method 506.1)
PAH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	SOIL	(USEPA SW 846 - 8270B) Extracts are analysed by Capillary GC/MS in Selective Ion Mode (SIM) and quantification is by comparison against an established 5 point calibration curve. This method is compliant with NEPM (1999) Schedule B(3) (Method 502 and 507)
TPH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	SOIL	(USEPA SW 846 - 8260B) Extracts are analysed by Purge and Trap, Capillary GC/MS. Quantification is by comparison against an established 5 point calibration curve. This method is compliant with NEPM (1999) Schedule B(3) (Method 501)
Preparation Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Hot Block Digest for metals in soils sediments and sludges	EN69	SOIL	USEPA 200.2 Mod. Hot Block Acid Digestion 1.0g of sample is heated with Nitric and Hydrochloric acids, then cooled. Peroxide is added and samples heated and cooled again before being filtered and bulked to volume for analysis. Digest is appropriate for determination of selected metals in sludge, sediments, and soils. This method is compliant with NEPM (1999) Schedule B(3) (Method 202)
Methanolic Extraction of Soils for Purge and Trap	* ORG16	SOIL	(USEPA SW 846 - 5030A) 5g of solid is shaken with surrogate and 10mL methanol prior to analysis by Purge and Trap - GC/MS.
Tumbler Extraction of Solids (Option B - Non-concentrating)	ORG17B	SOIL	In-house, Mechanical agitation (tumbler). 10g of sample, Na2SO4 and surrogate are extracted with 20mL 1:1 DCM/Acetone by end over end tumble. The solvent is transferred directly to a GC vial for analysis.

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#### **Summary of Outliers**

#### **Outliers: Quality Control Samples**

The following report highlights outliers flagged in the Quality Control (QC) Report. Surrogate recovery limits are static and based on USEPA SW846 or ALS-QWI/EN/38 (in the absence of specific USEPA limits). This report displays QC Outliers (breaches) only.

#### Duplicates, Method Blanks, Laboratory Control Samples and Matrix Spikes

Matrix: SOIL

Compound Group Name	Laboratory Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Analyte	CAS Number	Data	Limits	Comment
Duplicate (DUP) RPDs							
EG005T: Total Metals by ICP-AES	ES1102438-002	Anonymous	Zinc	7440-66-6	133 %	0-20%	RPD exceeds LOR based limits
EG005T: Total Metals by ICP-AES	ES1102363-013	Anonymous	Zinc	7440-66-6	73.8 %	0-50%	RPD exceeds LOR based limits
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ES1102539-001	TBH07_0.1-0.15	Pyrene	129-00-0	24.8 %	0-20%	RPD exceeds LOR based limits
Matrix Spike (MS) Recoveries							
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ES1102539-001	TBH07_0.1-0.15	Pyrene	129-00-0	138 %	70-130%	Recovery greater than upper data quality
							objective

- For all matrices, no Method Blank value outliers occur.
- For all matrices, no Laboratory Control outliers occur.

#### Regular Sample Surrogates

• For all regular sample matrices, no surrogate recovery outliers occur.

#### **Outliers: Analysis Holding Time Compliance**

This report displays Holding Time breaches only. Only the respective Extraction / Preparation and/or Analysis component is/are displayed.

No Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

#### **Outliers: Frequency of Quality Control Samples**

The following report highlights breaches in the Frequency of Quality Control Samples.

• No Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers exist.





#### **Environmental Division**

#### **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

Work Order : **ES1103303** Page : 1 of 7

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : MS KATE O BRIEN Contact : Jennifer Cullen

Address : LEVEL 5, 828 PACIFIC HIGHWAY Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

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Telephone : +61 02 8484 8999 Telephone : +61 2 8784 8509
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Project : HICKSON ROAD 60153531 5 7 QC Level : NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement

Order number : 38962AUS

C-O-C number : ---- Date Samples Received : 14-FEB-2011
Sampler : K'O Issue Date : 24-FEB-2011

Site · ---

No. of samples received : 12

Quote number : SY/418/10 V2

No. of samples analysed : 8

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Surrogate Control Limits



NATA Accredited Laboratory 825

This document is issued in accordance with NATA accreditation requirements.

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025.

#### Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories indicated below. Electronic signing has been carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Edwandy Fadjar	Senior Organic Chemist	Organics
Hoa Nguyen	Inorganic Chemist	Inorganics
Luke Witham	Senior Inorganic Chemist	Inorganics
Pabi Subba	Senior Organic Chemist	Organics

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#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insuffient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

• EG005T: LCS recovery for Nickel falls outside ALS Dynamic Control Limit. However, they are within the acceptance criteria based on ALS DQO. No further action is required.

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Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	TBH06_1.5-2.0	TBH05_1.8-2.0	TBH05_0.6-0.7	TBH04_0.6-0.65	TBH04_1.7-2.0
	Cli	ent samplii	ng date / time	12-FEB-2011 15:00	12-FEB-2011 15:00	12-FEB-2011 15:00	12-FEB-2011 15:00	12-FEB-2011 15:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1103303-001	ES1103303-002	ES1103303-003	ES1103303-004	ES1103303-006
EA055: Moisture Content								
^ Moisture Content (dried @ 103°C)		1.0	%	14.5	24.4	25.6	11.1	27.1
EG005T: Total Metals by ICP-AES								
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	<5	<5	5
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	3
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	7	4	103	10	10
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	<5	51	39	43	454
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	<5	115	10	16	508
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	<2	18	52	7	17
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	<5	344	15	18	1420
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury I	oy FIMS							
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	1.8
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic H	lydrocarbons							
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	0.6	<0.5	<0.5	0.7
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	0.9	<0.5	<0.5	5.0
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	0.6	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	1.0
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	8.3	<0.5	<0.5	1.6
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	3.1	<0.5	<0.5	1.9
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	19.1	<0.5	<0.5	4.3
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	16.0	<0.5	<0.5	4.2
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	15.6	<0.5	<0.5	3.9
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	13.2	<0.5	<0.5	3.4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	23.8	<0.5	<0.5	5.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	9.3	<0.5	<0.5	2.8
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	18.8	<0.5	<0.5	6.4
Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	14.0	<0.5	<0.5	5.4
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	3.4	<0.5	<0.5	1.2
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	15.1	<0.5	<0.5	7.0
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocar	bons							
C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	600	<100	<100	1340
C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	610	<100	<100	700
^ C10 - C36 Fraction (sum)		50	mg/kg	<50	1210	<50	<50	2040
EP080: BTEX								
Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5

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Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Cli	ent sample ID	TBH06_1.5-2.0	TBH05_1.8-2.0	TBH05_0.6-0.7	TBH04_0.6-0.65	TBH04_1.7-2.0
	CI	ient sampli	ing date / time	12-FEB-2011 15:00	12-FEB-2011 15:00	12-FEB-2011 15:00	12-FEB-2011 15:00	12-FEB-2011 15:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1103303-001	ES1103303-002	ES1103303-003	ES1103303-004	ES1103303-006
EP080: BTEX - Continued								
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compo	und Surrogates							
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	0.1	%	110	108	113	110	110
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	0.1	%	102	94.3	94.2	96.5	94.0
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	0.1	%	59.9	69.2	58.5	55.1	73.5
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates								
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	0.1	%	105	99.2	100	102	99.0
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	0.1	%	112	107	108	108	109
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	0.1	%	104	97.6	101	105	110
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogate	tes							
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	0.1	%	116	109	106	113	114
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	0.1	%	123	110	110	114	119
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.1	%	108	101	101	108	112

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Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	DUP02	TBH04_0.7-0.8	TBH05_1.3-1.7	 
	Cli	ent sampli	ng date / time	12-FEB-2011 15:00	12-FEB-2011 15:00	12-FEB-2011 15:00	 
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1103303-007	ES1103303-008	ES1103303-011	 
EA055: Moisture Content							
^ Moisture Content (dried @ 103°C)		1.0	%	26.4	10.8	21.2	 
EG005T: Total Metals by ICP-AES	22.0						
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	11	<5	 
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	 
Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	6	10	4	 
Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	54	1730	9	 
Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	113	279	26	 
Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	18	9	<2	 
Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	362	649	29	 
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury b	y FIMS						
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	0.3	<0.1	 
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hy	ydrocarbons						
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	0.8	0.9	<0.5	 
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	0.7	3.1	<0.5	 
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	<0.5	<0.5	 
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	<0.5	 
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	9.5	6.4	<0.5	 
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	3.6	2.9	<0.5	 
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	17.8	14.1	1.0	 
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	14.9	14.4	0.9	 
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	14.6	8.0	0.7	 
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	11.8	6.3	<0.5	 
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.5	mg/kg	18.1	8.0	0.8	 
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	10.9	3.2	<0.5	 
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	16.1	7.6	0.7	 
Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	10.6	2.7	<0.5	 
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	2.5	0.7	<0.5	 
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	11.5	2.8	<0.5	 
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarb	ons						
C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	<10	 
C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	 
C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	530	520	<100	 
C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	470	340	<100	 
^ C10 - C36 Fraction (sum)		50	mg/kg	1000	860	<50	 
EP080: BTEX							
Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	 
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	 

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Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Clie	ent sample ID	DUP02	TBH04_0.7-0.8	TBH05_1.3-1.7	 
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	12-FEB-2011 15:00	12-FEB-2011 15:00	12-FEB-2011 15:00	 
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1103303-007	ES1103303-008	ES1103303-011	 
EP080: BTEX - Continued							
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	 
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	 
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	 
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound S	Surrogates						
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	0.1	%	111	84.9	74.1	 
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	0.1	%	96.4	102	89.9	 
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	0.1	%	74.3	64.0	50.7	 
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates							
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	0.1	%	104	99.8	88.2	 
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	0.1	%	111	96.2	90.4	 
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	0.1	%	105	84.1	101	 
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates							
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	0.1	%	123	105	104	 
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	0.1	%	102	113	102	 
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.1	%	89.3	98.6	99.3	 

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#### **Surrogate Control Limits**

Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Recovery	Limits (%)
Compound	CAS Number	Low	High
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound Surrogates			
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	56.3	133.3
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	53.8	133.8
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	23.1	134.9
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates			
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	58.9	132.7
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	55.0	137.6
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	54.0	147.8
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates			
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	72.8	133.2
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	73.9	132.1
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	71.6	130.0

#### A

#### CPFO419 (ENV) Chain of Custody Analysis Request Form

Coc #2 Page 1/2

AECOM - Sydney (Gordon)											Laboratory Details					Te	l: 8	3784 8	8555						
PO Box 726 Tel: 61 2 8484 8999											Lab. Name: ALS						Fa	Fax:							
Pymble NSW 2073 A	Australia			Fax: 61 2 8484 8989									Lab. Address: 277 Woodpark Rd Smithfield							Preliminary Report by:					
				Email: Kate,O'Brien@aecom.com									Contact Name:							Final Report by:					
				•						-	Lab. I	Ref:					La	b Quote	e No:	SY/418	8/10 V2				
Project Name:	Hickson Road		Proje	ect Nu	mber:		6015	3531/5.	.7		Purchase Order Number:							38962AUS							
Sample collecte	d by:	Kate O'Brien	Sam	ple Re	sults t	O'Brien@ae	com.c	com / a	Anth	ony.[	Davis(	Даес	om.co	om.com											
Specifications:	Esdat					•						Α	nalysi	Requ	Jest										
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COC#2 Page 2/2

**AECOM** 

AECOM - Sydney (Gordon)												Laboratory Details							Tel: 8784 8555						
PO Box 726					Tel· 6	1 2 8484	8999				•	Lab. Name: ALS							Fax:						
Pymble NSW 2073 A	uetralia .					1 2 8484						Lab. Address: 277 Woodpark Rd Smithfield							Preliminary Report by:						
, indicitors 20107	o Strain a											Contact Name:							Final Report by:						
						-1010101	<u> </u>	2000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	Lab. Ref: Lab Quote No: SY/418/10 V2													
Project Name:	Hickson Road			Proje	ect Nu	mber:		6015	3531/5.	.7	, ,	Pur	chase	Ord	er N	umbe	r:			3	896	2AUS			
Sample collected	d by:	Kate O'Brien		Sample Results to be returned to: Kate.O'Brien@aecor								ecom.com / Anthony.Davis@aecom.com													
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<ol><li>Preservation requirem</li><li>Other requirements?</li></ol>	ients?					Yes		NoN/A NoN/A				<u>@</u>	ြက္က						- 1						
7. Report Format:	Fax Hard copy 🔽 E	mail	8. Proje	ect Mana	iger: Ani	hony Dav	is	<u> </u>		tel:	8484 8939	Heavy Metals (8)	TPH (C6-C36)												
Lab.	Sample ID			Matrix				Preservation Cor			Container	≥	[일	ج	<u>د</u> ا	မှ		$  \cdot  $							
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## Fadi Soro

From: Jennifer Cullen

Sent: Wednesday, 16 February 2011 12:10 PM

 $\ddot{\circ}$ Fadi Soro; Samples Sydney

Wael Saleh

Subject: FW: Barangaroo - Hickson Road - 60153531/5.7

Importance: High

Could you also arrange for the below samples be logged in for analysis

These ones would have been delivered on Monday for the Barangaroo project.

# How was your customer experience? Please send us your feedback

Kind Regards

# Jennifer Cullen SENIOR PROJECT MANAGER

# ALS | Environmental Division

Address 277-289 Woodpark Road, Smithfield, NSW, 2164

PHONE +61 2 8784 8555 DIRECT +61 2 8784 8509 FAX +61 2 8784 8500

# www.alsglobal.com

🚓 Please consider the environment before printing this email.

From: O'Brien, Kate [mailto:Kate.O'Brien@aecom.com] Sent: Wednesday, 16 February 2011 12:01 PM

To: Jennifer Cullen

Subject: Barangaroo - Hickson Road - 60153531/5.7

Hi Jenny

Could I also please get the following samples analysed which were delivered to the lab on Monday

- TBH06_1.5-2.0 Metals (8), TPH, BTEX, PAH
- (2) TBH05_1.8-2.0 Metals (8), TPH, BTEX, PAH
- TBH05_0.6-0.7 Metals (8), TPH, BTEX, PAH
- TBH04_0.6-0.65 Metals (8), TPH, BTEX, PAH
- TBH04_0.9-1.4 Metals (8), TPH, BTEX, PAH
- TBH04_1.7-2.0 Metals (8), TPH, BTEX, PAH
- DUP02 Metals (8), TPH, BTEX, PAH

### Regards

# Kate O'Brien

Professional Scientist D+61 2 8484 8939 Kate.O'Brien@aecom.com

## **AECOM**

Level 5, 828 Pacific Highway, Gordon, NSW 2072 PO Box 726 Pymble NSW 2073 T+61 2 8484 8999 F+61 2 8484 8989 www.aecom.com

Please consider the environment before printing this email.

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#### ALS Laboratory Group

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY & TESTING SERVICES



#### **Environmental Division**

#### SAMPLE RECEIPT NOTIFICATION (SRN)

#### Comprehensive Report

: ES1103303 Work Order

Client : AECOM Australia Ptv Ltd Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : MS KATE O BRIEN Contact : Jennifer Cullen

Address : LEVEL 5. 828 PACIFIC HIGHWAY Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield

> GORDON NSW, AUSTRALIA 2072 NSW Australia 2164

E-mail : kate.obrien@aecom.com E-mail : jennifer.cullen@alsglobal.com

Telephone Telephone : +61 02 8484 8999 : +61 2 8784 8509 Facsimile : +61 02 8484 8989 Facsimile : +61 2 8784 8500

**Project** : HICKSON ROAD 60153531 5 7 Page : 1 of 3

Order number · 38962AUS

C-O-C number Quote number : ES2010HLAENV0391 (SY/418/10 V2)

Sampler QC Level : K'O : NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS

QCS3 requirement

**Dates** 

**Date Samples Received** : 17-FEB-2011 13:33 : 14-FEB-2011 Issue Date Client Requested Due Date : 24-FEB-2011 Scheduled Reporting Date 24-FEB-2011

**Delivery Details** 

Mode of Delivery Temperature : 7.8'C - Ice present : Carrier

No. of coolers/boxes : 1 HARD No. of samples received : 12 Security Seal No. of samples analysed · Intact : 7

#### General Comments

- This report contains the following information:
  - Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances
  - Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis
  - Requested Deliverables
- Samples received in appropriately pretreated and preserved containers.
- Sample(s) have been received within recommended holding times.
- Sample(s) requiring volatile organic compound analysis received in airtight containers (ZHE).
- Sample id TPH05_0.9-1.4 received extra and placed on hold, please confrim.
- Please direct any queries you have regarding this work order to the above ALS laboratory contact.
- Analytical work for this work order will be conducted at ALS Sydney.
- Sample Disposal Aqueous (14 days), Solid (90 days) from date of completion of work order.

Issue Date : 17-FEB-2011 13:33

Page : 2 of 3 Work Order : ES1103303

ES1103303-012

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd



#### Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances

All comparisons are made against pretreatment/preservation AS, APHA, USEPA standards.

#### • No sample container / preservation non-compliance exist.

#### Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis

Some items described below may be part of a laboratory process neccessary for the execution of client requested tasks. Packages may contain additional analyses, such as the determination of moisture content and preparation tasks, that are included in the package. When sampling time information is not provided by the 8 metals/TPH/BTEX/PAH client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. No analysis requested In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes. On Hold) SOIL Matrix: SOIL Client sample ID Laboratory sample Client sampling ID date / time ES1103303-001 12-FEB-2011 15:00 TBH06_1.5-2.0 ES1103303-002 ✓ 12-FEB-2011 15:00 TBH05_1.8-2.0 ES1103303-003 12-FEB-2011 15:00 TBH05_0.6-0.7 ✓ ES1103303-004 12-FEB-2011 15:00 TBH04_0.6-0.65 ES1103303-005 12-FEB-2011 15:00 TBH04_0.9-1.4 ES1103303-006 12-FEB-2011 15:00 TBH04_1.7-2.0 DUP02 ES1103303-007 12-FEB-2011 15:00 ES1103303-008 12-FEB-2011 15:00 TBH04_0.7-0.8 ES1103303-009 12-FEB-2011 15:00 TBH05_0.2-0.21 ES1103303-010 12-FEB-2011 15:00 TBH05_1-1.3 ES1103303-011 12-FEB-2011 15:00 TBH05_1.3-1.7

TPH05_0.9-1.4

12-FEB-2011 15:00

Issue Date : 17-FEB-2011 13:33

Page : 3 of 3 Work Order : ES1103303

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd



#### Requested Deliverables

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		
- A4 - AU Tax Invoice ( INV )	Email	accountsenv@aecom.com
MR ANTHONY DAVIS		
- *AU Certificate of Analysis - NATA ( COA )	Email	anthony.davis@aecom.com
- *AU Interpretive QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QCI Rep) ( QCI )	Email	anthony.davis@aecom.com
- *AU QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QC Rep) - NATA ( QC )	Email	anthony.davis@aecom.com
- A4 - AU Sample Receipt Notification - Environmental ( SRN )	Email	anthony.davis@aecom.com
- A4 - AU Tax Invoice ( INV )	Email	anthony.davis@aecom.com
- Chain of Custody (CoC) ( COC )	Email	anthony.davis@aecom.com
- EDI Format - ENMRG ( ENMRG )	Email	anthony.davis@aecom.com
- EDI Format - ESDAT ( ESDAT )	Email	anthony.davis@aecom.com
- EDI Format - HLAPro ( HLAPro )	Email	anthony.davis@aecom.com
- EDI Format - XTab ( XTAB )	Email	anthony.davis@aecom.com
MS JENNIFER CULLEN		
- Chain of Custody (CoC) ( COC )	Email	jennifer.cullen@alsenviro.com
MS KATE O BRIEN		
<ul> <li>*AU Certificate of Analysis - NATA ( COA )</li> </ul>	Email	kate.obrien@aecom.com
- *AU Interpretive QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QCI Rep) ( QCI )	Email	kate.obrien@aecom.com
- *AU QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QC Rep) - NATA ( QC )	Email	kate.obrien@aecom.com
- A4 - AU Sample Receipt Notification - Environmental ( SRN )	Email	kate.obrien@aecom.com
- Chain of Custody (CoC) ( COC )	Email	kate.obrien@aecom.com
- EDI Format - ENMRG ( ENMRG )	Email	kate.obrien@aecom.com
- EDI Format - ESDAT ( ESDAT )	Email	kate.obrien@aecom.com
- EDI Format - HLAPro ( HLAPro )	Email	kate.obrien@aecom.com
- EDI Format - XTab ( XTAB )	Email	kate.obrien@aecom.com
MS KATE PIGRAM		
<ul> <li>*AU Certificate of Analysis - NATA ( COA )</li> </ul>	Email	kate.pigram@aecom.com
- *AU Interpretive QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QCI Rep) ( QCI )	Email	kate.pigram@aecom.com
- *AU QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QC Rep) - NATA ( QC )	Email	kate.pigram@aecom.com
- A4 - AU Sample Receipt Notification - Environmental ( SRN )	Email	kate.pigram@aecom.com
- Chain of Custody (CoC) ( COC )	Email	kate.pigram@aecom.com
- EDI Format - ENMRG ( ENMRG )	Email	kate.pigram@aecom.com
- EDI Format - ESDAT ( ESDAT )	Email	kate.pigram@aecom.com
- EDI Format - HLAPro ( HLAPro )	Email	kate.pigram@aecom.com
- EDI Format - XTab ( XTAB )	Email	kate.pigram@aecom.com

#### 200 #2 Page 1/2



AECOM - Sydney (G	Gordon)											1	orato	•		5		Tel		3784	4 8555			
PO 50x 726				7	el: 61	2 8484	8999					Lab. Name: ALS							Fax:					
Pymble NSW 2073 Australia Fax: 61 2 8484 8989										Lab. Address: 277 Woodpark Rd Smithfield							Preliminary Report by:							
[						Email: Kate.O'Brien@aecom.com							Contact Name:							Final Report by:				
											-	Lab. Ref:							Lab Quote No: SY/418/10 V2					
Project Name: Hickson Road					<b>Project Number:</b> 60153531/5.7							Purchase Order Number:							38962AUS					
Sample collecte	5	Sample Results to be returned to: Kate.O'Brien@aec									om / ,	Anth	ony.[	Davis(	@aec	om.co	<u>m</u>							
Specifications:	Esdat								(Tick)		•						Α	nalysis	s Req	ues				
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7. Report Format:	Fax Hard copy 🗹 Er	nail	8. Project	Мапад	er: Anth	ony Davi	s			tel:	8484 8939	Heavy Metals (8)	тРН (С6-С36)					ŀ	'					
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# CPFO419 (ENV) Chain of Custody Analysis Request Form

# COC#2 Page 2/2



AECOM Cudanu	(Camban)									<u> </u>	Lab	orat	orv	)etai	İs			Те	ł:	878	84 855	5
AECOM - Sydney	(Gordon)			Tol. C	1 2 8484							Nam	-	ALS				Fa		0, 0		
d ·	70 A4										Lab.	Addr	ess:	277 W	odpar	k Rd Sm	ithfield	Pr	elimi	narv I	Report I	bv:
Pymble NSW 207	3 Australia				1 2 8484							act N								leport		•
				Emaii:	Kate.O'	Brien@a	aecom.c	com		•	Lab.											//418/10 V2
Project Name	Hickson Road		Proid	act Nu	ımber:		60151	3531/5.	7				- 0	-l 1		ber:						
	<u></u>	Kate O'Brien				1														389	62AUS	
Sample collec	•	Kate O.Rueu	Sam	ple Re	sults t	o be r	eturn	ed to:	Kate.	O'Brien@ae	com.	com	/ Ant	hony	.Dav	<u>/is@</u>						
Specification	s: Esdat							(Tick)			Н		1		_	1 1	Ar	alysi	s Re	gue	st	T
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5. Preservation requ	irements?				Yes					□ N/A	[∞											
6. Other requiremen	its?				Yes			No		□ N/A	) SE	1	3									
7. Report Format:	Fax Hard copy	Email 8. Proj	ect Man	ager: An	thony Dav	is			tel:	8484 8939	Heavy Metals (8)	TDU (CR. C3R)						ŀ				
Lab.	Sample ID	Sampling Date & time		Matri	x		Prese	ervation		Container	훓			BTEX	1	2						
ID .			soil	water	other	filt'ed	acid	ice	other	(Na. & type)	운	P		ВТ	PAHe							
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## **Environmental Division**

## **QUALITY CONTROL REPORT**

Work Order : **ES1103303** Page : 1 of 11

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : MS KATE O BRIEN Contact : Jennifer Cullen

Address : LEVEL 5, 828 PACIFIC HIGHWAY Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

GORDON NSW, AUSTRALIA 2072

Telephone : +61 02 8484 8999 Telephone : +61 2 8784 8509
Facsimile : +61 02 8484 8989 Facsimile : +61 2 8784 8500

Project : HICKSON ROAD 60153531 5 7 QC Level : NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement

Site : ----

C-O-C number : ---- Date Samples Received : 14-FEB-2011
Sampler : K'O Issue Date : 24-FEB-2011

Order number : 38962AUS

No. of samples received : 12

Quote number : SY/418/10 V2

No. of samples analysed : 8

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits
- Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits
- Matrix Spike (MS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits



NATA Accredited Laboratory 825

This document is issued in accordance with NATA accreditation requirements.

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025.

#### Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories indicated below. Electronic signing has been carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Edwandy Fadjar	Senior Organic Chemist	Organics
Hoa Nguyen	Inorganic Chemist	Inorganics
Luke Witham	Senior Inorganic Chemist	Inorganics
Pabi Subba	Senior Organic Chemist	Organics

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Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd

Project : HICKSON ROAD 60153531 5 7



#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insuffient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

Key: Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not specifically part of this work order but formed part of the QC process lot

CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

RPD = Relative Percentage Difference

# = Indicates failed QC

Page : 3 of 11 Work Order : ES1103303

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd
Project : HICKSON ROAD 60153531 5 7



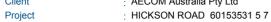
## Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quality control term Laboratory Duplicate refers to a randomly selected intralaboratory split. Laboratory duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. The permitted ranges for the Relative Percent Deviation (RPD) of Laboratory Duplicates are specified in ALS Method QWI-EN/38 and are dependent on the magnitude of results in comparison to the level of reporting: Result < 10 times LOR:-No Limit; Result between 10 and 20 times LOR:-0% - 50%; Result > 20 times LOR:-0% - 20%.

ub-Matrix: SOIL						Laboratory	Duplicate (DUP) Report		
aboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%
A055: Moisture Co	ontent (QC Lot: 1674249	9)							
S1103277-036	Anonymous	EA055-103: Moisture Content (dried @ 103°C)		1.0	%	15.0	16.5	9.6	0% - 50%
S1103319-001	Anonymous	EA055-103: Moisture Content (dried @ 103°C)		1.0	%	52.7	50.5	4.1	0% - 20%
A055: Moisture Co	ontent (QC Lot: 167850	1)							
S1103303-008	TBH04_0.7-0.8	EA055-103: Moisture Content (dried @ 103°C)		1.0	%	10.8	12.0	10.7	0% - 50%
S1103581-004	Anonymous	EA055-103: Moisture Content (dried @ 103°C)		1.0	%	8.1	9.4	15.2	No Limit
G005T: Total Meta	Is by ICP-AES (QC Lot:	: 1674252)							
S1103231-001	Anonymous	EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	<2	<2	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	<2	<2	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	14	13	0.0	No Limit
S1103232-002	Anonymous	EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	<2	<2	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	<2	<2	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	5	5	0.0	No Limit
G005T: Total Meta	Is by ICP-AES (QC Lot:	: 1677692)							
S1102875-027	Anonymous	EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	11	14	28.7	No Limit
		EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	6	8	16.4	No Limit
		EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	0.0	No Limit
		EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	52	45	15.8	No Limit
		EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	162	168	3.4	0% - 20%
		EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	306	276	10.2	0% - 20%
G035T: Total Rec	overable Mercury by FII	MS (QC Lot: 1674253)							
S1103231-001	Anonymous	EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	0.0	No Limit
S1103232-002	Anonymous	EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	0.0	No Limit
G035T: Total Rec	overable Mercury by FII	MS (QC Lot: 1677693)							
S1102875-027	Anonymous	EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	0.8	0.8	0.0	No Limit
2075/SIM\P. Dolu	nuclear Aromatic Hydro	carbons (QC Lot: 1674753)							

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: AECOM Australia Pty Ltd Client





ub-Matrix: SOIL						Laboratory	Duplicate (DUP) Report		
aboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%
P075(SIM)B: Polyn	nuclear Aromatic Hydro	ocarbons (QC Lot: 1674753) - continued							
S1102875-027	Anonymous	EP075(SIM): Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	1.8	<0.5	113	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	0.7	<0.5	39.4	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	2.2	1.1	68.6	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	2.3	1.1	71.8	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	1.8	0.7	85.8	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	1.5	0.6	86.3	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.5	mg/kg	1.7	0.7	81.8	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	0.8	<0.5	49.8	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	1.6	0.6	82.2	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	0.8	<0.5	44.4	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	1.0	<0.5	66.4	No Limit
S1103136-042	Anonymous	EP075(SIM): Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
P075(SIM)B: Polyn	nuclear Aromatic Hydro	ocarbons (QC Lot: 1680722)							
S1103303-008	TBH04_0.7-0.8	EP075(SIM): Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	0.9	0.8	14.7	No Limit
	_	EP075(SIM): Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	3.1	2.7	11.4	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	6.4	6.0	5.4	0% - 50%
		EP075(SIM): Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	2.9	2.9	0.0	No Limit

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Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd
Project : HICKSON ROAD 60153531 5 7



Sub-Matrix: SOIL						Laboratory	Duplicate (DUP) Report	t	
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EP075(SIM)B: Poly	nuclear Aromatic Hydro	carbons (QC Lot: 1680722) - continued							
ES1103303-008	TBH04_0.7-0.8	EP075(SIM): Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	14.1	14.3	1.7	0% - 20%
		EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	14.4	13.9	3.5	0% - 20%
		EP075(SIM): Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	8.0	7.8	1.6	0% - 50%
		EP075(SIM): Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	6.3	7.0	10.9	0% - 50%
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.5	mg/kg	8.0	7.7	3.5	0% - 50%
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	3.2	3.3	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	7.6	7.5	0.0	0% - 50%
		EP075(SIM): Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	2.7	3.1	15.5	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	0.7	0.7	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	2.8	3.2	13.0	No Limit
EP080/071: Total F	etroleum Hydrocarbons	(QC Lot: 1673428)							
ES1103303-001	TBH06_1.5-2.0	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	0.0	No Limit
ES1103374-004	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	0.0	No Limit
EP080/071: Total F	etroleum Hydrocarbons	(QC Lot: 1674752)							
ES1102875-027	Anonymous	EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	0.0	No Limit
		EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	0.0	No Limit
		EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	0.0	No Limit
ES1103136-042	Anonymous	EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	0.0	No Limit
		EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	0.0	No Limit
		EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	0.0	No Limit
EP080/071: Total B	etroleum Hydrocarbons								
ES1103303-008	TBH04 0.7-0.8	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	0.0	No Limit
	etroleum Hydrocarbons				99			0.0	110 2
ES1103303-008	TBH04_0.7-0.8			100	mg/kg	520	520	0.0	No Limit
L31103303-000	161104_0.7-0.0	EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	340	400	17.1	No Limit
		EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	0.0	No Limit
EDAGA DIEV (OG	1 - ( - 4070 400)	EFO7 1: C10 - C14 Flaction		30	mg/kg	130	430	0.0	140 Ellillit
EP080: BTEX (QC ES1103303-001	TBH06 1.5-2.0	EDOOG Danasa	71-43-2	0.2	ma/ka	<0.2	<0.2	0.0	No Limit
EST103303-001	1600_1.5-2.0	EP080: Benzene	108-88-3	0.2	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.2	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: Toluene		0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	NO LIIIIL
		ED000; ortho Vulono	106-42-3 95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
ES1103374-004	Anonymous	EP080: ortho-Xylene	71-43-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
LO 1 1033/4-004	Anonymous	EP080: Teluppe	108-88-3	0.2	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.2	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: Toluene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: Ethylbenzene		0.5		<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	0.0	mg/kg	~∪.∪	~∪.∪	0.0	INO LIIIII
		ED080: ortho Yylana	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
I .		EP080: ortho-Xylene	33- <del>4</del> 7-0	0.0	mg/kg	-0.0	-0.0	0.0	140 LIIIII

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Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd

Project : HICKSON ROAD 60153531 5 7



Sub-Matrix: SOIL						Laboratory L	Ouplicate (DUP) Report	•	
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EP080: BTEX (QC L	.ot: 1678192)								
ES1103303-008	TBH04_0.7-0.8	EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit
			106-42-3						
		EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	No Limit

Page : 7 of 11 Work Order : ES1103303

Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd
Project : HICKSON ROAD 60153531 5 7



## Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report

The quality control term Method / Laboratory Blank refers to an analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in standard sample preparation. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential laboratory contamination. The quality control term Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) refers to a certified reference material, or a known interference free matrix spiked with target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor method precision and accuracy independent of sample matrix. Dynamic Recovery Limits are based on statistical evaluation of processed LCS.

Sub-Matrix: SOIL	Sub-Matrix: <b>SOIL</b>				Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report					
				Report	Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)		
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	Low	High		
EG005T: Total Metals by ICP-AES (QCLot: 1674252)										
EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	13.11 mg/kg	126	70	130		
EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	2.76 mg/kg	99.7	83.3	111		
EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	<2	60.93 mg/kg	104	89.2	117		
EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	<5	54.68 mg/kg	108	90.1	114		
EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	<5	54.76 mg/kg	104	85.2	111		
EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	<2	55.23 mg/kg	# 117	88.3	116		
EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	<5	103.88 mg/kg	92.0	88.9	112		
EG005T: Total Metals by ICP-AES (QCLot: 1677692)										
EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	13.11 mg/kg	108	70	130		
EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	2.76 mg/kg	90.9	83.3	111		
EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	<2	60.93 mg/kg	109	89.2	117		
EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	<5	54.68 mg/kg	103	90.1	114		
EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	<5	54.76 mg/kg	93.8	85.2	111		
EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	<2	55.23 mg/kg	110	88.3	116		
EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	<5	103.88 mg/kg	94.1	88.9	112		
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS (QCLot: 16	674253)									
EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	1.4 mg/kg	74.1	67	118		
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS (QCLot: 16	677693)									
EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	1.4 mg/kg	68.2	67	118		
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (QCL	ot: 1674753)									
EP075(SIM): Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	105	81.9	113		
EP075(SIM): Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	109	79.6	113		
EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	108	81.5	112		
EP075(SIM): Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	# 112	79.9	112		
EP075(SIM): Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	113	79.4	114		
EP075(SIM): Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	111	81.1	112		
EP075(SIM): Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	# 114	78.8	113		
EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	# 117	78.9	113		
EP075(SIM): Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	107	77.2	112		
EP075(SIM): Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	113	79.8	114		
EP075(SIM): Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	95.2	71.8	118		
EP075(SIM): Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	102	74.2	117		
EP075(SIM): Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	105	76.4	113		
EP075(SIM): Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	104	71	113		

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Sub-Matrix: SOIL				Method Blank (MB)		Laboratory Control Spike (LC	S) Report	
				Report	Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	Low	High
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (QCLot	: 1674753) - co	ntinued						
EP075(SIM): Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	105	71.7	113
EP075(SIM): Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	102	72.4	114
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (QCLot	: 1680722)							
EP075(SIM): Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	97.9	81.9	113
EP075(SIM): Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	92.2	79.6	113
EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	91.8	81.5	112
EP075(SIM): Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	92.2	79.9	112
EP075(SIM): Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	96.2	79.4	114
EP075(SIM): Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	96.1	81.1	112
EP075(SIM): Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	96.0	78.8	113
EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	95.2	78.9	113
EP075(SIM): Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	91.1	77.2	112
EP075(SIM): Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	93.9	79.8	114
EP075(SIM): Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	92.9	71.8	118
EP075(SIM): Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	87.4	74.2	117
EP075(SIM): Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	101	76.4	113
EP075(SIM): Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	80.8	71	113
EP075(SIM): Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	84.9	71.7	113
EP075(SIM): Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	4 mg/kg	80.2	72.4	114
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot: 167342	3)							
EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	26 mg/kg	81.3	68.4	128
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot: 167475	2)							
EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	200 mg/kg	110	75.2	116
EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	200 mg/kg	98.1	75.3	113
EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	200 mg/kg	98.8	72.6	117
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot: 167819	2)							
EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	26 mg/kg	93.2	68.4	128
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot: 168072	1)							
EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	200 mg/kg	106	75.2	116
EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	200 mg/kg	94.0	75.3	113
EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	200 mg/kg	90.0	72.6	117
EP080: BTEX (QCLot: 1673428)								
EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	1 mg/kg	90.1	63	121
EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	1 mg/kg	101	69	122
EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	1 mg/kg	91.7	61	117
EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	2 mg/kg	96.3	62	118
	106-42-3							
EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	1 mg/kg	95.0	63	117

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Sub-Matrix: SOIL				Method Blank (MB)	Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report					
				Report	Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)		
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	Low	High		
EP080: BTEX (QCLot: 1678192)										
EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	1 mg/kg	97.0	63	121		
EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	1 mg/kg	96.8	69	122		
EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	1 mg/kg	93.0	61	117		
EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	2 mg/kg	87.7	62	118		
	106-42-3									
EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	1 mg/kg	93.6	63	117		

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## Matrix Spike (MS) Report

The quality control term Matrix Spike (MS) refers to an intralaboratory split sample spiked with a representative set of target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential matrix effects on analyte recoveries. Static Recovery Limits as per laboratory Data Quality Objectives (DQOs). Ideal recovery ranges stated may be waived in the event of sample matrix interference.

ub-Matrix: SOIL					Matrix Spike (MS) Repo	rt	
				Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)
aboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	Concentration	MS	Low	High
G005T: Total Metal	ls by ICP-AES (QCLot: 1674252)						
S1103231-001	Anonymous	EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	50 mg/kg	109	70	130
		EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	50 mg/kg	103	70	130
		EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	50 mg/kg	102	70	130
		EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	250 mg/kg	115	70	130
		EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	250 mg/kg	107	70	130
		EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	50 mg/kg	112	70	130
		EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	250 mg/kg	104	70	130
G005T: Total Metal	ls by ICP-AES (QCLot: 1677692)						
S1102875-027	Anonymous	EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	50 mg/kg	110	70	130
		EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	50 mg/kg	95.8	70	130
		EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	50 mg/kg	111	70	130
		EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	250 mg/kg	113	70	130
		EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	250 mg/kg	125	70	130
		EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	50 mg/kg	111	70	130
		EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	250 mg/kg	87.2	70	130
G035T: Total Reco	overable Mercury by FIMS (QCL	ot: 1674253)					
ES1103231-001	Anonymous	EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	5 mg/kg	84.0	70	130
G035T: Total Reco	overable Mercury by FIMS (QCL	ot: 1677693)					
ES1102875-027	Anonymous	EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	5 mg/kg	89.9	70	130
P075(SIM)B: Polyn	uclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	(QCLot: 1674753)					
S1102875-027	Anonymous	EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	10 mg/kg	122	70	130
		EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	10 mg/kg	98.5	70	130
P075(SIM)B: Polyn	uclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons						
ES1103303-008	TBH04_0.7-0.8	EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	10 mg/kg	95.6	70	130
10110000		EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	10 mg/kg	80.0	70	130
D090/074: Total Do	troleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot:			. o g	55.5	.,	
ES1103303-001	TBH06 1.5-2.0	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		26 mg/kg	82.5	70	130
	_			20 mg/kg	02.0	70	100
	troleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot:			0.40	400	70	400
ES1102875-027	Anonymous	EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		640 mg/kg	100	70	130
		EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		3140 mg/kg	87.6	70	130
		EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		2860 mg/kg	76.3	70	130
P080/071: Total Pe	troleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot:	1678192)					
ES1103303-008	TBH04_0.7-0.8	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		32.5 mg/kg	76.0	70	130

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Sub-Matrix: SOIL					Matrix Spike (MS) Rep	ort	
				Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	Concentration	MS	Low	High
EP080/071: Total Pe	etroleum Hydrocarbons (QCLo	ot: 1680721)					
ES1103303-008	TBH04_0.7-0.8	EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		640 mg/kg	103	70	130
		EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		3140 mg/kg	77.6	70	130
		EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		2860 mg/kg	71.9	70	130
EP080: BTEX (QCL	ot: 1673428)						
ES1103303-001	TBH06_1.5-2.0	EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	2.5 mg/kg	75.4	70	130
		EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	2.5 mg/kg	78.8	70	130
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	2.5 mg/kg	78.0	70	130
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	2.5 mg/kg	79.0	70	130
			106-42-3				
		EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2.5 mg/kg	78.9	70	130
EP080: BTEX (QCL	ot: 1678192)						
ES1103303-008	TBH04_0.7-0.8	EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	2.5 mg/kg	98.2	70	130
		EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	2.5 mg/kg	96.7	70	130
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	2.5 mg/kg	93.3	70	130
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	2.5 mg/kg	89.6	70	130
			106-42-3				
		EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2.5 mg/kg	90.9	70	130





## **Environmental Division**

## INTERPRETIVE QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

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Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

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Project : HICKSON ROAD 60153531 5 7 QC Level : NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement

Site : ----

 C-O-C number
 : --- Date Samples Received
 : 14-FEB-2011

 Sampler
 : K'O
 Issue Date
 : 24-FEB-2011

Order number : 38962AUS

No. of samples received : 12

Quote number : SY/418/10 V2 No. of samples analysed : 8

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

This Interpretive Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Analysis Holding Time Compliance
- Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance
- Brief Method Summaries
- Summary of Outliers

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Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd
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## **Analysis Holding Time Compliance**

The following report summarises extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares with recommended holding times. Dates reported represent first date of extraction or analysis and precludes subsequent dilutions and reruns. Information is also provided re the sample container (preservative) from which the analysis aliquot was taken. Elapsed period to analysis represents number of days from sampling where no extraction / digestion is involved or period from extraction / digestion where this is present. For composite samples, sampling date is assumed to be that of the oldest sample contributing to the composite. Sample date for laboratory produced leachates is assumed as the completion date of the leaching process. Outliers for holding time are based on USEPA SW 846, APHA, AS and NEPM (1999). A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

Holding times for leachate methods (excluding elutriates) vary according to the analytes being determined on the resulting solution. For non-volatile analytes, the holding time compliance assessment compares the leach date with the shortest analyte holding time for the equivalent soil method. These soil holding times are: Organics (14 days); Mercury (28 days) & other metals (180 days). A recorded breach therefore does not guarantee a breach for all non-volatile parameters.

Matrix: SOIL

Evaluation: **×** = Holding time breach ; ✓ = Within holding time.

Method		Sample Date	Ex	traction / Preparation			Analysis	
Container / Client Sample ID(s)		·	Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation
EA055: Moisture Content								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH06_1.5-2.0, TBH05_0.6-0.7, TBH04_1.7-2.0,	TBH05_1.8-2.0, TBH04_0.6-0.65, DUP02	12-FEB-2011				18-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	✓
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH04_0.7-0.8,	TBH05_1.3-1.7	12-FEB-2011				22-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	✓
EG005T: Total Metals by ICP-AES								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH06_1.5-2.0, TBH05_0.6-0.7, TBH04_1.7-2.0,	TBH05_1.8-2.0, TBH04_0.6-0.65, DUP02	12-FEB-2011	18-FEB-2011	11-AUG-2011	✓	18-FEB-2011	11-AUG-2011	✓
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH04_0.7-0.8,	TBH05_1.3-1.7	12-FEB-2011	21-FEB-2011	11-AUG-2011	<b>√</b>	22-FEB-2011	11-AUG-2011	✓
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH06_1.5-2.0, TBH05_0.6-0.7, TBH04_1.7-2.0,	TBH05_1.8-2.0, TBH04_0.6-0.65, DUP02	12-FEB-2011	18-FEB-2011	12-MAR-2011	✓	18-FEB-2011	12-MAR-2011	✓
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH04_0.7-0.8,	TBH05_1.3-1.7	12-FEB-2011	21-FEB-2011	12-MAR-2011	<b>√</b>	22-FEB-2011	12-MAR-2011	<b>√</b>
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbon	s							
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH06_1.5-2.0, TBH05_0.6-0.7, TBH04_1.7-2.0,	TBH05_1.8-2.0, TBH04_0.6-0.65, DUP02	12-FEB-2011	18-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	✓	18-FEB-2011	30-MAR-2011	✓
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH04_0.7-0.8,	TBH05_1.3-1.7	12-FEB-2011	23-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	✓	23-FEB-2011	04-APR-2011	✓

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Matrix: SOIL					Evaluation:	x = Holding time	breach ; ✓ = Withi	n holding time	
Method		Sample Date	Ex	traction / Preparation		Analysis			
Container / Client Sample ID(s)			Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons									
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved									
TBH06_1.5-2.0, TBH05_0.6-0.7,	TBH05_1.8-2.0, TBH04_0.6-0.65,	12-FEB-2011	17-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	✓	17-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	✓	
TBH04_1.7-2.0,	DUP02								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH06_1.5-2.0, TBH05_0.6-0.7, TBH04_1.7-2.0,	TBH05_1.8-2.0, TBH04_0.6-0.65, DUP02	12-FEB-2011	18-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	✓	18-FEB-2011	30-MAR-2011	✓	
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved	TDU05 4 2 4 7			00 555 0044	,		00 550 0044	,	
TBH04_0.7-0.8,	TBH05_1.3-1.7	12-FEB-2011	22-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	✓	22-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	✓	
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH04_0.7-0.8,	TBH05_1.3-1.7	12-FEB-2011	23-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	✓	23-FEB-2011	04-APR-2011	✓	
EP080: BTEX									
<b>Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved</b> TBH06_1.5-2.0, TBH05_0.6-0.7, TBH04_1.7-2.0,	TBH05_1.8-2.0, TBH04_0.6-0.65, DUP02	12-FEB-2011	17-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	✓	17-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	✓	
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved TBH04_0.7-0.8,	TBH05_1.3-1.7	12-FEB-2011	22-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	/	22-FEB-2011	26-FEB-2011	1	

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## **Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance**

The following report summarises the frequency of laboratory QC samples analysed within the analytical lot(s) in which the submitted sample(s) was(where) processed. Actual rate should be greater than or equal to the expected rate. A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

Evaluation: × = Quality Control frequency not within specification: ✓ = Quality Control frequency within specification

Matrix: SOIL				Evaluation	i: 🗴 = Quality Co	ntroi frequency r	not within specification ; ✓ = Quality Control frequency within specificat
Quality Control Sample Type		С	ount		Rate (%)		Quality Control Specification
Analytical Methods	Method	QC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation	
aboratory Duplicates (DUP)							
Moisture Content	EA055-103	4	34	11.8	10.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
PAH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	3	22	13.6	10.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
otal Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	3	28	10.7	10.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
otal Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	3	29	10.3	10.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
PH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	3	26	11.5	10.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
PH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	3	27	11.1	10.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
aboratory Control Samples (LCS)							
AH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	2	22	9.1	5.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
otal Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	2	28	7.1	5.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
otal Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	2	29	6.9	5.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
PH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	2	26	7.7	5.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
PH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	2	27	7.4	5.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
lethod Blanks (MB)							
AH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	2	22	9.1	5.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
otal Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	2	28	7.1	5.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
otal Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	2	29	6.9	5.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
PH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	2	26	7.7	5.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
PH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	2	27	7.4	5.0	✓	NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
latrix Spikes (MS)							
AH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	2	22	9.1	5.0	✓	ALS QCS3 requirement
otal Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	2	28	7.1	5.0	<b>√</b>	ALS QCS3 requirement
otal Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	2	29	6.9	5.0	✓	ALS QCS3 requirement
PH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	2	26	7.7	5.0	✓	ALS QCS3 requirement
PH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	2	27	7.4	5.0	1	ALS QCS3 requirement

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Project : HICKSON ROAD 60153531 5 7



## **Brief Method Summaries**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the US EPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request. The following report provides brief descriptions of the analytical procedures employed for results reported in the Certificate of Analysis. Sources from which ALS methods have been developed are provided within the Method Descriptions.

Analytical Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Moisture Content	EA055-103	SOIL	A gravimetric procedure based on weight loss over a 12 hour drying period at 103-105 degrees C. This method is compliant with NEPM (2010 Draft) Schedule B(3) Section 7.1 and Table 1 (14 day holding time).
Total Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	SOIL	(APHA 21st ed., 3120; USEPA SW 846 - 6010) (ICPAES) Metals are determined following an appropriate acid digestion of the soil. The ICPAES technique ionises samples in a plasma, emitting a characteristic spectrum based on metals present. Intensities at selected wavelengths are compared against those of matrix matched standards. This method is compliant with NEPM (1999) Schedule B(3)
Total Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	SOIL	AS 3550, APHA 21st ed., 3112 Hg - B (Flow-injection (SnCl2)(Cold Vapour generation) AAS) FIM-AAS is an automated flameless atomic absorption technique. Mercury in solids are determined following an appropriate acid digestion. Ionic mercury is reduced online to atomic mercury vapour by SnCl2 which is then purged into a heated quartz cell. Quantification is by comparing absorbance against a calibration curve. This method is compliant with NEPM (1999) Schedule B(3)
TPH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	SOIL	(USEPA SW 846 - 8015A) Sample extracts are analysed by Capillary GC/FID and quantified against alkane standards over the range C10 - C36. This method is compliant with NEPM (1999) Schedule B(3) (Method 506.1)
PAH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	SOIL	(USEPA SW 846 - 8270B) Extracts are analysed by Capillary GC/MS in Selective Ion Mode (SIM) and quantification is by comparison against an established 5 point calibration curve. This method is compliant with NEPM (1999) Schedule B(3) (Method 502 and 507)
TPH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	SOIL	(USEPA SW 846 - 8260B) Extracts are analysed by Purge and Trap, Capillary GC/MS. Quantification is by comparison against an established 5 point calibration curve. This method is compliant with NEPM (1999) Schedule B(3) (Method 501)
Preparation Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Hot Block Digest for metals in soils sediments and sludges	EN69	SOIL	USEPA 200.2 Mod. Hot Block Acid Digestion 1.0g of sample is heated with Nitric and Hydrochloric acids, then cooled. Peroxide is added and samples heated and cooled again before being filtered and bulked to volume for analysis. Digest is appropriate for determination of selected metals in sludge, sediments, and soils. This method is compliant with NEPM (1999) Schedule B(3) (Method 202)
Methanolic Extraction of Soils for Purge and Trap	* ORG16	SOIL	(USEPA SW 846 - 5030A) 5g of solid is shaken with surrogate and 10mL methanol prior to analysis by Purge and Trap - GC/MS.
Tumbler Extraction of Solids (Option B - Non-concentrating)	ORG17B	SOIL	In-house, Mechanical agitation (tumbler). 10g of sample, Na2SO4 and surrogate are extracted with 20mL 1:1 DCM/Acetone by end over end tumble. The solvent is transferred directly to a GC vial for analysis.

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Client : AECOM Australia Pty Ltd
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## **Summary of Outliers**

## **Outliers: Quality Control Samples**

The following report highlights outliers flagged in the Quality Control (QC) Report. Surrogate recovery limits are static and based on USEPA SW846 or ALS-QWI/EN/38 (in the absence of specific USEPA limits). This report displays QC Outliers (breaches) only.

#### Duplicates, Method Blanks, Laboratory Control Samples and Matrix Spikes

Matrix: SOIL

Compound Group Name	Laboratory Sample ID	y Sample ID Client Sample ID Analyte		CAS Number	Data	Limits	Comment
Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Recoveries							
EG005T: Total Metals by ICP-AES	1967045-002		Nickel	7440-02-0	117 %	88.3-116%	Recovery greater than upper control limit
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	1967444-007		Fluorene	86-73-7	112 %	79.9-112%	Recovery greater than upper control limit
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	1967444-007		Fluoranthene	206-44-0	114 %	78.8-113%	Recovery greater than upper control limit
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	1967444-007		Pyrene	129-00-0	117 %	78.9-113%	Recovery greater than upper control limit

- For all matrices, no Method Blank value outliers occur.
- For all matrices, no Duplicate outliers occur.
- For all matrices, no Matrix Spike outliers occur.

#### Regular Sample Surrogates

• For all regular sample matrices, no surrogate recovery outliers occur.

## **Outliers: Analysis Holding Time Compliance**

This report displays Holding Time breaches only. Only the respective Extraction / Preparation and/or Analysis component is/are displayed.

No Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

### **Outliers: Frequency of Quality Control Samples**

The following report highlights breaches in the Frequency of Quality Control Samples.

No Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers exist.



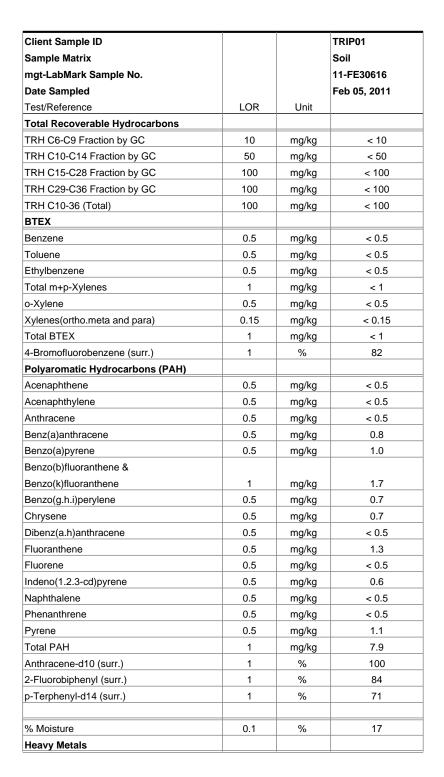
**AECOM Aust P/L Sydney** Level 5, 828 Pacific Hwy Gordon NSW 2072

Attention: Kate O'Brien

289864-S Report

HICKSON ROAD 60153531/5.7 Client Reference

Received Date Feb 08, 2011



## Certificate of Analysis



NATA Accredited Laboratory Number 13535

The tests covered by this document have been performed in accordance with NATA and ISO/IES 17025 and are traceable to national standards of measurement. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.



Client Sample ID			TRIP01
Sample Matrix			Soil
mgt-LabMark Sample No.			11-FE30616
Date Sampled			Feb 05, 2011
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	2.4
Cadmium	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Chromium	5	mg/kg	10
Copper	5	mg/kg	31
Lead	5	mg/kg	120
Nickel	5	mg/kg	< 5
Zinc	5	mg/kg	25
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1



#### **Sample History**

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction and analysis is reported.

Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Asquith	Feb 11, 2011	14 Day
Asquith	Feb 11, 2011	14 Day
Asquith	Feb 11, 2011	14 Day
Asquith	Feb 11, 2011	28 Day
Oakleigh	Feb 11, 2011	6 Month
	Asquith Asquith Asquith	Asquith Feb 11, 2011  Asquith Feb 11, 2011  Asquith Feb 11, 2011  Asquith Feb 11, 2011



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Melbourne 3-5 Kingston Town Close Oakleigh VIC 3166 Phone: +61 3 9564 7055

NATA Site # 1261

Thornleigh
1a Chilvers Rd
Thornleigh NSW 2120
Phone: +61 2 9484 3300 NATA Site # 18217

Asquith Unit 1, 8 Leighton Place Asquith NSW 2077 Phone: +61 2 9476 6533 NATA Site # 13535

Clayton 1868 Dandenong Road Clayton VIC 3168 Phone: +61 3 9265 9300 NATA Site # 1645

Company Name: Address:

AECOM Aust P/L Sydney Level 5, 828 Pacific Hwy

Gordon NSW 2072

Order No.:

Report #: 289864

(02) 8484 8999 (02) 8484 8989 Phone: Fax:

Received: Feb 8, 2011 12:00 Feb 15, 2011 05:00 Due:

5 Day Kate O'Brien Priority: Contact name:

HICKSON ROAD 60153531/5.7 Client Job No.: mgt-LabMark Client Manager: Leanne Knowles

	Sample Detail  Laboratory where analysis is conducted					Arsenic	Cadmium	Chromium	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Nickel	Zinc	Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons	втех	Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)
Laboratory w	here analysis i	s conducted														
Oakleigh Lab	oratory - NATA	Site #1261				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
Thornleigh La	aboratory - NA	TA Site #18217														
Asquith Labo	ratory - NATA	Site #13535			Х									Х	Х	Х
Clayton Labo	Clayton Laboratory - NATA Site #1645															
Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID												
TRIP01	Feb 05, 2011	_	Soil	A11-FE30616	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	Х



# mgt-LabMark Internal Quality Control Review General

- Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples
  are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. Actual PQLs are matrix dependant. Quoted PQLs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
- 4. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries.
- 5. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
- 6. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 7. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

#### **Holding Times**

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001)

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least

6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the Sample Receipt Acknowledgment.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

**NOTE: pH duplicates are reported as a range NOT as an RPD

#### UNITS

mg/kg:milligrams per Kilogram mg/L:milligrams per litre

µg/l: micrograms per litre ppm: Parts per million

ppb: Parts per billion %: Percentage

org/100ml: Organisms per 100 millilitres NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units

#### **TERMS**

Dry: Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.

LOR: Limit Of Reporting.

SPIKE: Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.

RPD: Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.

LCS: Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery.

CRM: Certified Reference Material - reported as percent recovery.

Method Blank: In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands.

In the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.

Surr - Surrogate: The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.

**Duplicate:** A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.

**Batch Duplicate:** A second piece of analysis from a sample outside of the client's batch of samples but run within the laboratory batch of analysis. **Batch SPIKE:** Spike recovery reported on a sample from outside of the client's batch of samples but run within the laboratory batch of analysis.

USEPA: U.S Environmental Protection Agency
APHA: American Public Health Association

ASLP: Australian Standard Leaching Procedure (AS4439.3)

TCLP: Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

COC: Chain Of Custody
SRA: Sample Receipt Advice

#### QC - ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR: No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-50%

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-20%

Surrogate Recoveries: Recoveries must lie between 50-150% - Phenols 20-130%.

#### **QC DATA GENERAL COMMENTS**

- 1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
- 2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
- 3. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis where reporting LCS data, Toxophene & Chlordane are not added to the LCS.
- 4. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis where reporting Spike data, Toxophene is not added to the Spike.
- 5. Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons where reporting Spike & LCS data, a single spike of commercial Hydrocarbon products in the range of C12-C30 is added and it's Total Recovery is reported in the C10-C14 cell of the Report.
- 6. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time. Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
- 7. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of Recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
- 8. Polychlorinated Biphenyls are spiked only using Arochlor 1260 in Matrix Spikes and LCS's.
- 9. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash " -" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
- 10. Duplicate RPD's are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data below the LOR with a positive RPD
- eg: LOR 0.1, Result A = <0.1 (raw data is 0.02) & Result B = <0.1 (raw data is 0.03) resulting in a RPD of 40% calculated from the raw data.



#### **Quality Control Results**

Sample, Test, Result Reference	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifyin Codes
Method Blank					
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons E004	Petroleum	Hydrocarbor			
TRH C6-C9 Fraction by GC	mg/kg	< 10	10	Pass	
TRH C10-C14 Fraction by GC	mg/kg	< 50	50	Pass	
TRH C15-C28 Fraction by GC	mg/kg	< 100	100	Pass	
TRH C29-C36 Fraction by GC	mg/kg	< 100	100	Pass	
Method Blank					
BTEX E029/E016 BTEX					
Benzene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Toluene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Total m+p-Xylenes	mg/kg	< 1	1	Pass	
o-Xylene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Xylenes(ortho.meta and para)	mg/kg	< 0.15	0.15	Pass	
Total BTEX	mg/kg	< 1	1	Pass	
Method Blank					
Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) E007					
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	1
Anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene & Benzo(k)fluoran		< 1	1	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Chrysene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Fluorene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Method Blank					_
Heavy Metals USEPA 6020 Heavy Metal					
Arsenic	mg/kg	< 2	2	Pass	
Cadmium	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Chromium	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Copper	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Lead	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Nickel	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Zinc	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Mercury	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	_
LCS - % Recovery					_
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons E004 Petroleum		Result 1			
TRH C6-C9 Fraction by GC	%	101	70-130	Pass	1
TRH C15-C28 Fraction by GC	%	93	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					_
BTEX E029/E016 BTEX	0/	Result 1		+	
Benzene	%	100	70-130	Pass	
Toluene	%	98	70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	%	95	70-130	Pass	1
Total m+p-Xylenes	%	91	70-130	Pass	
o-Xylene	%	92	70-130	Pass	<u> </u>
Xylenes(ortho.meta and para)	%	91	70-130	Pass	-
LCS - % Recovery		D- 1: 1			-
Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) E007 Polyaron				+	1
Acenaphthene	%	106	70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	%	105	70-130	Pass	1
Anthracene	%	112	70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	%	109	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	%	120	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene & Benzo(k)fluorar	%	117	70-130	Pass	1
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	%	120	70-130	Pass	1
Chrysene	%	118	70-130	Pass	



Sample, Test, Result Reference	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifyir Codes
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	%	110			70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	%	125			70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	%	106			70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	%	112			70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	%	106			70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	%	109			70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	%	106			70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery							
Heavy Metals USEPA 6020 Heavy Metals & USEPA	7470/71 Mer	Result 1					
Arsenic	%	96			80-120	Pass	
Cadmium	%	96			80-120	Pass	
Chromium	%	100			80-120	Pass	
Copper	%	99			80-120	Pass	
Lead	%	94			80-120	Pass	
Nickel	%	99			80-120	Pass	
Zinc	%	82			80-120	Pass	
Mercury	%	111			75-125	Pass	
Duplicate of 11-FE30730 - BATCH]		D	D 11.5				<u> </u>
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons	//	Result 1	Result 2	RPD	2001	T 5	<u> </u>
TRH C6-C9 Fraction by GC	mg/kg	< 10	< 10	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C10-C14 Fraction by GC	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C15-C28 Fraction by GC	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	<1	30%	Pass	<u> </u>
TRH C29-C36 Fraction by GC  Duplicate of 11-FE30730 - BATCH]	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	<1	30%	Pass	
STEX		Decult 4	Decult 0	RPD	1		
Benzene	ma/ka	Result 1 < 0.5	Result 2 < 0.5	RPD 	30%	Pass	
Toluene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Total m+p-Xylenes	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes(ortho.meta and para)	mg/kg	< 0.15	< 0.15	<1	30%	Pass	
[Duplicate of 11-FE30617 - BATCH]	mg/kg	V 0.10	V 0.10		0070	1 433	
Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene & Benzo(k)fluoran	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Chrysene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluorene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate of 11-FE05093 - BATCH]							
Heavy Metals		Result 1	Result 2	RPD		T -	
Arsenic	mg/kg	22	19	13	30%	Pass	
Chromium	mg/kg	12	11	4	30%	Pass	
Copper	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
Lead	mg/kg	12	11	11	30%	Pass	ļ
Nickel	mg/kg	6.5	6.1	7	30%	Pass	
Zinc	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
Mercury	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Spike of 11-FE30730 - BATCH] - % Reco	overy	D. 1. 1					
BTEX	0/	Result 1			70 (00	T 5	1
Benzene	%	92			70 - 130	Pass	
Talarana	%	93			70 - 130	Pass	
Toluene	~ .			1	70 - 130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	%	88		1		_	1
Ethylbenzene Total m+p-Xylenes	%	85			70 - 130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene						Pass Pass Pass	



Sample, Test, Result Reference	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Codes
Heavy Metals	•	Result 1			
Arsenic	%	91	75 - 125	Pass	
Cadmium	%	95	75 - 125	Pass	
Chromium	%	96	75 - 125	Pass	
Copper	%	99	75 - 125	Pass	
Lead	%	87	75 - 125	Pass	
Nickel	%	94	75 - 125	Pass	
Zinc	%	81	75 - 125	Pass	
Mercury	%	123	70 - 130	Pass	



#### Comments

#### Sample Integrity

Custody Seals Intact (if used)

Attempt to Chill was evident

Yes
Sample correctly preserved

Organic samples had Teflon liners

Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace

Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime

Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted

Yes

#### Authorised By

**Dr. Bob Symons**NATA Signatory

Final report - this Report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested
- * Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Uncertainty data is available on request

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AECOM - Sydney (Gordon)										Lal	borat	огу	Detai	ls			Tel:		378	4 855	5		- /-
PO Box 726			Tel: 61	2 8484	8999					10000000	. Name		ALS				Fax	Ľ.					2/2
Pymble NSW 2073 Australia			Fax: 61							Lab	. Addr	ess:	277 W	oodpark	Rd Sm	bleild	Pre	limina	ry R	eport l	by:		-1
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				101070	71101165					Lab	. Ref:						Lab	Quot	te No	: S1	//418/1	0 V2	
Project Name: Hickson Road		Proje	ct Nun	nber:		6015	3531/5.	7		Pu	rchas	e O	der l	Num	ber:			3	896	2AUS			
Sample collected by: Kate	O'Brien	Samp	le Res	sults to	o be r	eturn	ed to:	<u>Nate</u>	Quenta (Car	Ç.Ç.Y.		<u> -</u> _::		Con									
Specifications: Esdat							(Tick)					.,			, ,	Ana	alysis	Req	ues	t			
										1 1											Ren	narks &	comments
Urgent TAT required? (please circle: 24hr 48hr	days)			Yes					□ N/A														
2. Fast TAT Guarantee Required?				Yes					□ N/A □ N/A	1						1		1					•
Is any sediment layer present in waters to be excluded from     Special storage requirements?	extractions?			Yes Yes		님			□ N/A	96													
Special storage requirements?  5. Preservation requirements?		-		Yes		ᆸ			□ N/A	<u>@</u>			8								1		
6. Other requirements?				Yes		Ē			□ N/A	lls (	Ę,	3											
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ABN - 50 005 085 521

e.mail: mgt@mgtenv.com.au

web: www.mgtenv.com.au

Melbourne 3-5 Kingston Town Close Oakleigh Vic 3166 Phone: +61 3 9564 7055 NATA Acc # 1261 Sydney Unit F6, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 8215 6222 NATA Acc # 1645 Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone : +61 7 3902 4600

## Sample Receipt Advice

Company name: AECOM Aust P/L Sydney

Contact name: Kate O'Brien

Client job number: HICKSON ROAD 60153531/5.7

COC number: Not provided

Turn around time: 5 Day
Date received: Feb 8, 2011
MGT lab reference: 289864

## Sample information

- ☑ A detailed list of analytes logged into our LIMS, is included in the attached summary table.
- All samples have been received as described on the above COC.
- COC has been completed correctly.
- Attempt to chill was evident.
- Appropriately preserved sample containers have been used.
- ✓ All samples were received in good condition.
- Samples have been provided with adequate time to commence analysis in accordance with the relevant holding times.
- Organic samples had Teflon liners.
- ☑ Some samples have been subcontracted.
- N/A Custody Seals intact (if used).

#### **Notes**

Heavy Metals (8) by mgt Labmark Melbourne - results may be delayed.

#### **Contact notes**

If you have any questions with respect to these samples please contact:

Leanne Knowles on Phone: +61 2 9476 6533 or by e.mail: leanne.knowles@labmark.com.au

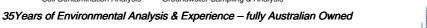
Results will be delivered electronically via e.mail to Kate O'Brien - kate.obrien@aecom.com.

### mgt Labmark Sample Receipt



Environmental Laboratory
Air Analysis
Water Analysis
Soil Contamination Analysis
Soir Contamination Analysis

NATA Accretitation Stack Emission Sampling & Analysis Trade Waste Sampling & Analysis Groundwater Sampling & Analysis







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Melbourne 3-5 Kingston Town Close Oakleigh VIC 3166 Phone: +61 3 9564 7055 NATA Site # 1261 Thornleigh 1a Chilvers Rd Thornleigh NSW 2120 Phone: +61 2 9484 3300 NATA Site # 18217

Asquith Unit 1, 8 Leighton Place Asquith NSW 2077 Phone: +61 2 9476 6533 NATA Site # 13535

Clayton 1868 Dandenong Road Clayton VIC 3168 Phone: +61 3 9265 9300 NATA Site # 1645

Company Name: Address: AECOM Aust P/L Sydney Level 5, 828 Pacific Hwy Gordon NSW 2072

Order No.:

Report #: Phone: 289864 (02) 8484 8999 (02) 8484 8989 Fax:

Feb 8, 2011 12:00 Feb 15, 2011 05:00 Received: Due: Priority:

5 Day Kate O'Brien Contact name:

Client Job No.: HICKSON ROAD 60153531/5.7 mgt-LabMark Client Manager: Leanne Knowles

Sample Detail					% Moisture	Arsenic	Cadmium	Chromium	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Nickel	Zinc	Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons	втех	Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)
Laboratory w	here analysis is	s conducted														
Oakleigh Lab	oratory - NATA	Site #1261				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
Thornleigh La	aboratory - NA	TA Site #18217	,													
Asquith Labo	ratory - NATA	Site #13535			Х									Х	Х	Х
Clayton Labo	ratory - NATA	Site #1645														
Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID												
TRIP01	Feb 05, 2011		Soil	A11-FE30616	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Appendix H

# Calculations

User Selected Options From File Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full Precision Full	L											
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16												
17												
18	-0.511											
Mean of Detected   1.7	3.211											
SD of Detected   7,669   SD of Detected   21	1.222											
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Maximum Non-Detect   0.5   Maximum Non-Detect   23	-0.693											
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Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level  Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level  Assuming Normal Distribution  Assuming Lognormal Distribution  DL/2 Substitution Method  Mean 3.331	0.914											
30 31 Assuming Normal Distribution 32 DL/2 Substitution Method 33 Mean 3.331 Mean 34 SD 6.118 SD 35 95% DL/2 (t) UCL 5.633 95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL 36 Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method N/A Log ROS Method 38 MLE yields a negative mean Mean in Log Scale 39 SD Mean in Original Scale 40 Mean in Original Scale 41 SD Mean in Original Scale 42 95% BCA Bootstrap UCL 43 95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.842											
Assuming Normal Distribution  DL/2 Substitution Method  DL/2 Substitution Method  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.331  Mean 3.3												
DL/2 Substitution Method  DL/2 Substitution Method  DL/2 Substitution Method  DL/2 Substitution Method  DL/2 Substitution Method  DL/2 Substitution Method  DL/2 Substitution Method  Mean  Mean  Mean  SD  6.118  SD  35  95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL  36  37  Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method  N/A  Log ROS Method  AB  MLE yields a negative mean  Mean in Log Scale  SD in Log Scale  SD in Log Scale  40  Mean in Original Scale  41  SD in Original Scale  42  95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL  43  44  44  Cannot Distribution Teat with Datasted Values Only												
33   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331   Mean   3.331												
SD   6.118   SD	-0.144											
35 95% DL/2 (t) UCL 5.633 95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL 36 37 Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method N/A Log ROS Method 38 MLE yields a negative mean Mean in Log Scale 39 SD in Log Scale 40 Mean in Original Scale 41 SD in Original Scale 42 95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL 43 95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	1.598											
36	6.343											
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method N/A Log ROS Method MLE yields a negative mean Mean in Log Scale SD in Log Scale Mean in Original Scale Mean in Original Scale SD in Original Scale SD in Original Scale SD in Original Scale SD in Original Scale SD in Original Scale SD in Original Scale SD in Original Scale SD in Original Scale SD in Original Scale												
MLE yields a negative mean  Mean in Log Scale  SD in Log Scale  Mean in Original Scale  Mean in Original Scale  SD in Original Scale  SD in Original Scale  95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL  95% BCA Bootstrap UCL												
SD in Log Scale	-0.797											
Mean in Original Scale  SD in Original Scale  SD in Original Scale  95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL  95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	2.355											
SD in Original Scale  95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL  95% BCA Bootstrap UCL  95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	3.269											
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL 95% BCA Bootstrap UCL 95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	6.151											
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL 44  Commo Diotribution Test with Detected Values Only  Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	5.602											
44 Commo Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	6.621											
Commo Distribution Test with Detected Values Only  Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only												
45 Gamma distribution lest with detected values only data distribution lest with detected values only												
k star (bias corrected) 0.669 Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance L	vel											
47 Theta Star 10.04												
nu star 13.39												
49												
A-D Test Statistic 0.479 Nonparametric Statistics												
51 5% A-D Critical Value 0.753 Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method												
52K-S Test Statistic0.753Mean	3.514											
53 5% K-S Critical Value 0.275 SD	5.878											

	A B C D E  Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance	F	G	H I J K SE of Mean	L 1.352					
54	Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance	Levei		95% KM (t) UCL	5.846					
55	Assuming Gamma Distribution			95% KM (z) UCL						
56	Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	5.738							
57	Minimum			95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	7.527					
58	Maximum	24.8		95% KM (BCA) UCL	6.124					
59	Mean	7.585		95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	5.976					
60	Median		95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	9.407						
61	SD		97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	11.96						
62	k star	7.539 0.264		99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	16.97					
63	Theta star	28.75		7778 Kill (elles)silet) e e e	10.77					
64	Nu star	11.08		Potential UCLs to Use						
65	AppChi2	4.629		95% KM (t) UCL	5.846					
66	95% Gamma Approximate UCL	18.16		7376 KIN (I) 332	3.040					
67	95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	19.49								
68	Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.	17.47								
69	Note: DETE IS NOT a recommended method.									
70										
71	Zinc									
72	Zilio									
73		General	Statistics							
74	Number of Valid Data			Number of Detected Data	20					
75	Number of Distinct Detected Data	17		Number of Non-Detect Data	1					
76	Named of Bistinet Belosted Bata	,,		Percent Non-Detects	4.76%					
77				T crossik Nort Bottosis	1.7070					
78	Raw Statistics			Log-transformed Statistics						
79	Minimum Detected	15		Minimum Detected	2.708					
80	Maximum Detected			Maximum Detected	6.475					
81		Mean of Detected 101.3 Mean of Detected								
82	SD of Detected			SD of Detected	3.902 1.064					
83	Minimum Non-Detect	5		Minimum Non-Detect	1.609					
84	Maximum Non-Detect			Maximum Non-Detect	1.609					
85	Waximan Non Beleet	3		Waximam Non Beteet	1.007					
86										
87		UCL St	atistics							
88	Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Or			normal Distribution Test with Detected Values O	nlv					
89	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic		208	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.825					
90	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value			5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.905					
91	Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level	01700		Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level						
92										
93	Assuming Normal Distribution			Assuming Lognormal Distribution						
94	DL/2 Substitution Method			DL/2 Substitution Method						
95	Mean			Mean	3.76					
96	SD	160		SD	1.224					
97	95% DL/2 (t) UCL	156.8		95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	175.6					
98	73.73.22.2 (1) 332.	133.0			5.6					
99	Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method			Log ROS Method						
100	Mean			Mean in Log Scale	3.785					
101	SD	161.4		SD in Log Scale	1.167					
102	95% MLE (t) UCL			Mean in Original Scale	96.68					
103	95% MLE (Tiku) UCL			SD in Original Scale	160					
104	7070 MEE (TING) OCE	177.5		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	156.9					
105				95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	185					
106				7070 2071 2000 and 002	.50					

	A B C D E	F	G H I J K	L
107	Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Or	nlv	Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
108	k star (bias corrected)	0.735	Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
109	Theta Star	137.8		
110	nu star	29.4		
<ul><li>111</li><li>112</li></ul>				
113	A-D Test Statistic	2.384	Nonparametric Statistics	
114	5% A-D Critical Value	0.776	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
115	K-S Test Statistic	0.776	Mean	97.19
116	5% K-S Critical Value	0.201	SD	155.8
117	Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Le	vel	SE of Mean	34.89
118			95% KM (t) UCL	157.4
119	Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (z) UCL	154.6
120	Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	157.2
121	Minimum	1E-09	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	208.8
122	Maximum	649	95% KM (BCA) UCL	156.9
123	Mean	96.48	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	155.9
124	Median	30	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	249.3
125	SD	160.1	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	315.1
126	k star	0.343	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	444.4
127	Theta star	281.2		
128	Nu star	14.41	Potential UCLs to Use	
129	AppChi2	6.853	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	315.1
130	95% Gamma Approximate UCL	202.9		
131	95% Adjusted Gamma UCL Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.	215.4		
<ul><li>134</li><li>135</li><li>136</li></ul>	Copper			
137		General	Statistics	
138	Number of Valid Data	20	Number of Detected Data	17
139	Number of Distinct Detected Data	16	Number of Non-Detect Data	3
140			Percent Non-Detects	15.00%
141				
142	Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
143	Minimum Detected	6	Minimum Detected	1.792
144	Maximum Detected	76	Maximum Detected	4.331
145	Mean of Detected	31.24	Mean of Detected	3.2
146	SD of Detected	20.22	SD of Detected	0.765
147	Minimum Non-Detect	5	Minimum Non-Detect	1.609
148	Maximum Non-Detect	5	Maximum Non-Detect	1.609
149				
150		1101.5	a Al-Al-a	
151	Normal Distribution Test with Detected Vel.	UCL St		
152	Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values On	<b>ly</b> 0.926	Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Onl	<b>y</b> 0.93
153	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.926	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic  5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.93
154	5% Snapiro Wilk Critical Value  Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	0.892	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	0.892
155	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Logitoritial at 5% Significance Level	
156	Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
157	DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
158	Moon	26.93	Mean	2.857
159	····sa···			

1/0	Α		В	(	С		)	E SD	F	21.33	G		Н			I		J			K S	SD	L 1.092	
160							95% D	L/2 (t) UCL		35.17							959	% H-	Stat	(DL/			39.13	
161 162																				`		-		
163			Maxim	num Lik	kelihoo	d Estin	nate(ML	E) Method										Lo	og R	OS I	Metho	od		
164								Mean		25.39								Me	an ir	ı Lo	g Sca	ile	2.937	
165								SD		23.2	SD in Log Sca							g Sca	ıle	0.956				
166							95% M	LE (t) UCL		34.36							N	1ean ii	n Ori	gina	ıl Sca	ile	27.21	
167						95%	% MLE	(Tiku) UCL		34.39								SD in	n Ori	gina	al Sca	ile	21.01	
168																95%	Perc	centile	Вос	otstra	ap UC	CL	35.01	
169																	95%	6 BCA	Вос	otstra	ap UC	CL	35.65	
170									1														-	
171		Gamm	na Distri	ibution	Test	with De	etected	Values O	nly			D	ata Dis	tribu	ition ⁻	Test	with [	Detec	ted \	Valu	ies O	nly		
172						k st	ar (bias	corrected)		1.867			Data a	ppea	ar No	rmal	at 5%	6 Sign	ifica	nce	Leve	el		
173								Theta Star		16.73														
174								nu star		63.49														
175																								
176							A-D Te	est Statistic		0.465				ı	Nonp	aram	etric	Statis	tics					
177						5%	A-D Cri	itical Value		0.749						ŀ	Kapla	ın-Mei	er (k	(M) I	Metho	od		
178								est Statistic		0.749											Mea		27.45	
179								tical Value		0.211												SD	20.21	
180	Da	ata app	ear Ga	mma D	Distribu	uted at	5% Sig	gnificance	Level												of Mea		4.657	
181																					(t) UC		35.5	
182					-		stributio														(z) UC		35.11	
183		G	amma R	ROS Sta	atistics	using	Extrapo	lated Data										% KM					35.24	
184								Minimum		1E-09							95%	KM (b					36.82	
185								Maximum		76											A) UC		36.35	
186								Mean		26.93					95%			entile			• •		35.45	
187								Median		25								KM (C	_				47.75	J
188								SD		21.35								KM (C					56.53	1
189								k star		0.401						Ç	99% k	KM (C	heby	/she	v) UC	)L	73.79	
190								Theta star		67.18					Data	4! 1	1101	_ 1_ 11						
191								Nu star		16.04					Pote	entiai	UCL	s to U		1/ 1/	( <del>1</del> ) 1.16	21	25.5	
192					0E0/ C	amma	Annroy	AppChi2 imate UCL		7.987					OE 0/	LVV V	Doro	entile			(t) UC		35.5	
193								amma UCL		54.07 57.27					9570	NIVI (	Perc	entille	БОО	ısıra	p) UC	,L	35.45	
194	Note: DL	/2 is no	ot a roce	ommor						37.27														
193	Note. DL	./2 15 110	Ji a leci	omme	nueu n	nemou	•																	
196																								
197	СРАН																							
190	017111																							
199									Ge	neral:	Statistics	•												
200						Nur	mber of	Valid Data		21	o la li o li o l						Nun	nber o	f Det	tecte	ed Da	ıta	13	
201				Nı	umber			ected Data		13						N		er of N					8	
202							0(											Perce					38.10%	
203									1															
204				F	Raw St	tatistic	S							L	og-tra	ansfo	rmed	Stati	stics	<u> </u>				
								n Detected		4.3											etecte	ed	1.459	
<ul><li>206</li><li>207</li></ul>						N	1aximur	n Detected		113.2											etecte		4.729	
207							Mean o	of Detected		39.59											etecte		3.049	
209							SDo	of Detected		39.28									SD	of D	etecte	ed	1.269	J
210						Mir	nimum N	Non-Detect		3								Minim	num	Non	-Dete	ect	1.099	J
211						Max	kimum N	Non-Detect		4							1	Maxim	num	Non	-Dete	ect	1.386	
212																								
<u> </u>																								ı

	A B C D E	F	G H I J K	L
213		nded	Number treated as Non-Detect	8
214	For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),		Number treated as Detected	13
215	Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	38.10%
216				
217		UCL Sta		
218		•	Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Or	
219	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic		Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.865
220	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.866	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.866
221	Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
222	Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
223	DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
224		25.22	Mean	2.124
225	Mean	25.22 35.75	SD	
226	SD			1.56
227	95% DL/2 (t) UCL	38.68	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	55.5
228	Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method		Log ROS Method	
229	Mean	12.23	Mean in Log Scale	1.844
230	Wiedi I	48.97	SD in Log Scale	1.916
231	95% MLE (t) UCL	30.66	Mean in Original Scale	24.94
232	95% MLE (I) OCL 95% MLE (Tiku) UCL	32.63	SD in Original Scale	35.94
233	93% IVILE (TIKU) OCL	32.03	95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	38.17
234			95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	40.32
235			93% BCA BOOISHAP OCE	40.32
236	Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Or	nly	Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	-
237	k star (bias corrected)	0.763	Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Le	aval
238	Theta Star	51.86	Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Le	3461
239	nu star	19.85		
240	na star	17.00		
241	A-D Test Statistic	0.718	Nonparametric Statistics	
242	FO( A D C :: H = -1 \ / -		Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	-
243	K-S Test Statistic	0.761	Mean	26.15
244	F0/ I/ C C *** - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ - 1 \/ -		SD	34.28
<ul><li>245</li><li>246</li></ul>	Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance I		SE of Mean	7.786
247			95% KM (t) UCL	39.58
248	Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (z) UCL	38.95
249	Commo DOS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	39.26
250	Minimo	1E-09	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	44.65
251	Maximum	113.2	95% KM (BCA) UCL	38.95
252	Magn	30.11	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	39.48
253	Madian	17.35	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	60.09
254	CD.	33.96	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	74.77
255	k star	0.253	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	103.6
256	Theta star	119.2		
257	Nu stor	10.61	Potential UCLs to Use	
258	AnnChia	4.328	95% KM (BCA) UCL	38.95
259	OEO/ Commo Approximate LICI	73.84		
260	95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	79.43		
	Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.			
262				