

J Worksheets

J.1 The Standard Worksheet

Note: These "Standard Calculation" spreadsheets relate only to low erosion hazard lands as identified in figure 4.6 where the designer chooses to not use the RUSLE to size sediment basins. The more "Detailed Calculation" spreadsheets should be used on high erosion hazard lands as identified by figure 4.6 or where the designer chooses to run the RUSLE in calculations.

1.	Site	Data	Sheet
		4 1 4 1 4 1	

Site name:	Site 68, Bennelong Parkway, Sydney Olympic Park
Site location:	
Precinct:	

C	Site	D. I
Site Area		Remarks
Total catchment area (ha)	1.237	
Disturbed catchment area (ha)	1.237	

Soil analysis

Soil landscape	Soil Hydrological Group D/4	DNR mapping (if relevant)
Soil Texture Group	Type D/F	Sections 6.3.3(c), (d) and (e)

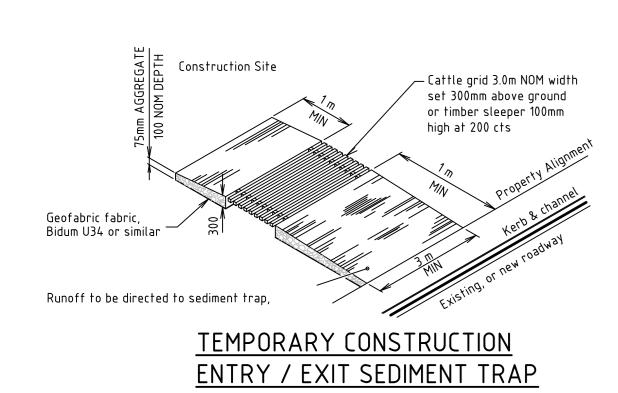
Rainfall data

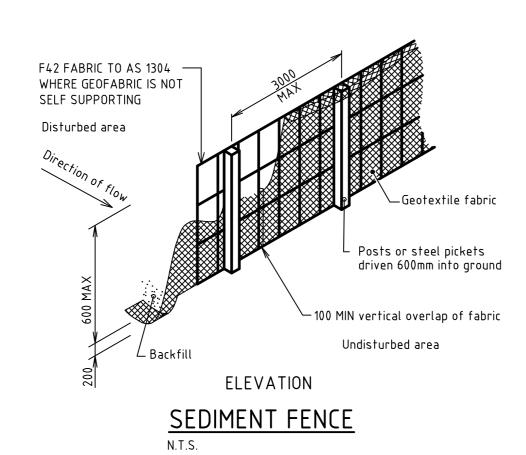
Design rainfall depth (days)	5	5	See Sections 6.3.4 (d) and (e)
Design rainfall depth (percentile)	85	85	See Sections 6.3.4 (f) and (g)
x-day, y-percentile rainfall event	38.8	38.8	See Section 6.3.4 (h)
Rainfall intensity: 2-year, 6-hour storm			See IFD chart for the site
Rainfall erosivity (R-factor)			Automatic calculation from above data

Comments Site runoff from construction activities is discharging into mangroves.

Outlet system to be designed by others.







4. Volume of Sediment Basins, Type D and Type F Soils

Basin volume = settling zone volume + sediment storage zone volume

Settling Zone Volume

The settling zone volume for Type F and Type D soils is calculated to provide capacity to contain all runoff expected from up to the y-percentile rainfall event. The volume of the basin's settling zone (V) can be determined as a function of the basin's surface area and depth to allow for particles to settle and can be determined by the following equation:

 $V = 10 \times C_v \times A \times R_y$ -%ile, x-day (m³)

where:

10 = a unit conversion factor

Cv = the volumetric runoff coefficient defined as that portion of rainfall that runs off as stormwater over the x-day period

R = is the x-day total rainfall depth (mm) that is not exceeded in y percent of rainfall events. (See Sections 6.3.4(d), (e), (f), (g) and (h)).

A = total catchment area (ha)

Sediment Storage Zone Volume

In the standard calculation, the sediment storage zone is 50 percent of the setting zone. However, designers can work to capture the 2-month soil loss as calculated by the RUSLE (Section 6.3.4(i)(ii)), in which case the "Detailed Calculation" spreadsheets should be used.

Total Basin Volume

Site	C√	R x-day y-%ile	Total catchment area (ha)	Settling zone volume (m ³)	Sediment storage volume (m ³)	Total basin volume (m³)
	0.64	38.8	1.237	307.2	153.6	460.8

P1 PRELIMINARY ISSUE

19.08.14 TF

Rev Description

Date By App

COPYRIGHT

All rights reserved.

These drawings, plans and specifications and the copyright therein are the property of the Bonacci Group and must not be used, reproduced or copied wholly or in part without the written permission of the Bonacci Group.



SITE 68 BENNELONG PARKWAY SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK



ABN 29 102 716 352
Consulting Engineers, Structural - Civil - Infrastructure
Level 6, 37 York Street, Sydney, NSW 2000 Australia
Tel: +61 2 8247 8400 Fax: +61 2 8247 8444
sydney@bonaccigroup.com
www.bonaccigroup.com

SOIL AND WATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS PLAN

	PRELIMINARY			
Designed KH	Project Director Approved	Date	North	
Drawn TF		I		
Scale 1:200 @ A0	Project Ref	Drawing No	Rev	
Date AUG 2014	20 01479 01	C016	D1	
Sheet A0	20 01479 01	C010	ГІ	