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22 May 2017

NSW Department of Planning and The environment. <a href="mailto:narrabrigas@planning.nsw.gov.au">narrabrigas@planning.nsw.gov.au</a>

Dear Department;

## Re: Narrabri Gas Project

The Norwood Resource Incorporated (TNR) welcomes the opportunity to comment on the Narrabri Gas Project (NGP).

The Norwood Resource is a not for profit organisation registered with the ACNC, and we submit the following to the Department for its deliberations into the matter of the Narrabri Gas Project (NGP) in Narrabri environs, NSW.

**About This Submission** 

TNR's submission is as follows-

- 1. This front letter
- 2. Attachment A Do Protestors tell you the truth and are their protests based on Facts?? (TNR Paper, updated 5 February 2015)

The Norwood Resource (TNR) evolved from an informal monthly gathering of retired, semiretired and independent oil and gas industry professionals who had become increasingly dismayed about the way these industries were being misrepresented in the media. Assertions that these industries impact poorly on the environment come from ill-informed and often untrue statements in the press with scant reference to any facts. The Norwood Resource team has firsthand knowledge about many facets of the oil and gas industries and can assemble, review and provide a definitive assessment of the relevant facts.

The Norwood Resource was formally incorporated as a not-for-profit entity and registered with the ACNC in late 2013.

#### Our mission:

- 1. To assemble and disseminate factual, scientific and verifiable information about the environmental impacts of oil and gas (petroleum) exploration and production to the media and the community at large.
- 2. To actively challenge and counter misinformation about the impacts of oil and gas (petroleum) exploration and production on the environment.



- 3. To inform key media personnel about the environmental regulations under which the energy industries operate and the care with which they research and maintain best environmental practices.
- 4. To establish and maintain a centre of expertise about the oil and gas (petroleum) exploration and production industries and best practice environmental protection knowledge and outcomes

Web: <a href="http://thenorwoodresource.org.au/">http://thenorwoodresource.org.au/</a>

The Norwood Resource (TNR) has over the last 3 years or so devoted much of its energies to researching various claims about the impact of oil & gas exploration and developments on the environment, as well as countering misinformation about the impacts of the oil & gas industry on the environment. On our website there are numerous papers in relation to various 'issues' relating to oil & gas exploration and production (E&P), as well as papers relating to how essential oil & gas and the products derived from them are to our everyday lives and economy.

### 1 Environmental Non Government Organisations (eNGOs)

We have noted over the last few years an increasing number of so called environmental non Government organisations (eNGOs) which seem to pursue their ideological agenda's (which are mainly anti fossil fuel agenda's) through the manufacture, proliferation and dissemination into the mainstream media and social media of misinformation, misrepresentation of facts, myths, half truths, pseudo science, scary stories, manufactured circumstances and incidents as well as lies.

We have in the past examined some of these claims and assertions from eNGOs and their representatives, and found that misrepresentation, misinformation and the manufacture of scary stories to be the order of the day. It appears ethics is not high on their mission statements.

Many of the eNGOs are totally anti fossil fuels (oil & gas and coal). A new society and economy without fossil fuels is just not practical now or into the foreseeable future, as there are no viable alternatives currently in existence, nor sanctioned projects to replace what we have to fuel our economy today. Indeed it would be negligent, irresponsible and criminal to cease using fossil fuels immediately as some of the eNGOs clamour for, as it would immediately condemn to death large portions of our community, since there would be no petrol or diesel for transport (therefore no food for cities), no plastic for computers, mobile phones etc. Many of the aims of these eNGOs which are so vocal are just irresponsible and nonsensical and have no practical application, and yet they manage to convince many people to follow their 'impossible dreams'.

TNR has reviewed a cross section of these claims and loose assertions manufactured and perpetuated by some of the more vocal eNGOs. Our Attachment A "Do Protestors tell you the truth and are their protests based on Facts?? (TNR Paper, updated 5 February 2015)" cuts to the ethics and morals of some of these eNGOs and their representatives. The continual spreading of misinformation, myths and lies by some eNGOs appears in the social media, and then into mainstream media and then as a consequence, the general public pick up snippets and respond accordingly in that they are against unconventional gas and fracking since it has 'bad press' and nothing more, since invariably the facts do not verify the lies and myths, but the damage is done.



While we support a transition to a lower emission future, we recognise that this transition needs a strategy to replace what the world currently uses for fuel (oil & gas), and the products manufactured from them (plastic, fertiliser, bitumen roads, pharmaceuticals etc etc) with viable easily obtainable alternatives. Simply stating renewables will replace fossil fuels is not a strategy, it is just a hopeful chant of hollow words without a viable alternative which has widespread practical application, shovel ready to spread around the world, to just that – replace fossil fuels.

We note that there is almost a total disconnect from what the anti fossil fuel activists want and what is available on a practical basis, such that the anti fossil fuel activists demands are meaningless. However, we do note that the scare and fear campaigns are generally cunningly conceived to create the most amount of fear they can in local communities. This is particularly so when there is a combination of activist forces come into a locality, picking up strong local supporters from the 'Not in My Backyard' (NIMBY's) cohort.

Our Attachment A – is a little dated, however, we include this to give balance about the general veracity of the anti fossil fuel campaigners claims and rhetoric which we have found has not changed significantly over the last few years, although the perceived catastrophe might alter. For example, a few years ago, there was a scare campaign of relating fracking to cancer. Due to the lack of evidence, the activists moved onto facking and water. Virtually all credible research and formal inquiries (recently the SA Inquiry) have concluded there is no evidence to support such claims. The activist move onto gas and health, again there is a distinct lack of credible research supporting such claims. This is a pattern the anti fossil fuel activists use to confuse, delay, question and demonise an industry that has operated without any of these so called scare stories for almost 100 years in Australia.

### 2 The Narrabri Gas Project (NGP)

In regard to the NGP, TNR is of the view that more gas and more sources of gas is urgently required on the east coast of Australia, and we have been a strong supporter for responsible gas development in Australia.

There are some calls from the anti gas activists saying there is no gas shortage on the east coast. Our view is quite simple, based on the dynamics of supply and demand, and when the gas price surges, and consumers can't get long term supply contracts there is a supply issue. This is the stark evidence (regardless of the argument about the allocation of the gas between domestic use and export) that there is a chronic shortage of gas supply on the east coast.

TNR supports the NGP for the following reasons:

## Importance of gas in NSW.

- A reliable and affordable gas supply is critical to our way of life, as evidenced by the gas supply crisis we are now experiencing on the East Coast of Australia.
- In NSW more than 1 million homes 33,000 businesses and the jobs of more than 300,000 workers rely on an affordable and secure supply of natural gas. Yet NSW imports 95% of its gas supply from interstate.
- Industry groups and the Federal Government have been calling for new gas projects to support jobs, manufacturing and large scale production **The Narrabri Gas Project can deliver just that.**



- The NGP could supply up to 50% NSW gas demand and deliver significant benefits to the local community and the state, including up to \$120 million for a local Community Fund, and up to \$1.2 billion in royalties for the State.
- The Project will also create up to 1300 jobs during construction and 200 ongoing positions.
- Natural gas has a vital role to play in delivering energy security, whilst having the additional benefit of being 50% cleaner than coal resulting in a significant reduction in carbon emissions.
- The development of new natural gas resources is crucial in increasing the gas supply to the East Coast and assisting Australia's move towards a clean energy future.

# Narrabri is an ideal place for a gas project and Santos has the depth of experience to develop it.

- Santos is an Australian company with a 60 year history of operating safely and sustainably, as evidenced by its exploration and production activities in the Cooper Basin, where local beef stations have achieved and retain organic certification for their beef, which demonstrates the agricultural and the gas industry can mutually coexist.
- The majority of the project area is in a section of the Pilliga which, after a thorough ecological review has been set aside by the NSW Government for logging and extractive industries.
- The Project area does not include National Parks or Nature Reserves.
- The Project area does not contain strategic agriculture land as mapped by the NSW Government. Santos has stated it will only drill on private land with landholder agreement.
- The local geology ensures that there is no requirement to use hydraulic fracturing technology (fracking) in the NGP, and Santos has stated it does not require the use of fracking to meet its delivery target projections for gas supply.
- There is quite a strong local base for the NGP, and there are many employment and social benefits which could accrue to the local Community.

# The EIS has concluded the Narrabri Gas Project can be developed safely with minimal and manageable risk to the environment.

- The EIS is a very comprehensive document that includes extensive studies and modelling on the environment in the Project area, including studies on water, flora, fauna, soil, noise, air quality and cultural heritage.
- The Proponent has drawn upon more than 13,000 hours of on ground environmental surveys, carried out by environmental scientists who are experts in their fields, and the information in the EIS will be the basis to prepare detailed management and mitigation plans for the Project.
- The EIS demonstrates an environmentally sensitive plan which will allow the NGP to proceed delivering much needed natural gas for the NSW market safely.
- The EIS concluded:
  - Water available to farmers and the community will be unaffected
  - Drilling will be carried out safely using the NSW Well Integrity Code of Practice which has been reviewed by the NSW Chief Scientist and Engineer
  - o Significant impacts on threatened and endangered flora and fauna will be avoided
  - o Aboriginal cultural heritage sites will be protected
  - o The Project will coexist with current land uses including agriculture and forestry.



The above is a compelling endorsement for the NGP, and as such The Norwood Resource strongly supports the development of the NGP, providing it complies with the respective laws and planning and environmental regulations which apply within the State of NSW and Australia from time to time.

TNR requests that The Department rely upon the facts and the science and allow common sense to prevail in its analysis of the Narrabri Gas Project and not be distracted about non factual ideological arguments and scare stories.

Yours sincerely

Bruce Holland Secretary

The Norwood Resource

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# Attachment - The Norwood Resource - Updated 4 February 2015 Do Protestors tell You the truth and are their protests based on Facts??

# Do Protestors tell You the truth and are their protests based on Facts??

Many environmental non-government organizations (eNGOs) exist based on half truths, misinformation and erroneous interpretations of selected bits of fact, to basically create a scary story. This scary story is then packaged into short catch cries and pedaled through social media and the public to elicit a media presence and general support, mainly in the pursuit of funds and publicity.

Some of the eNGOs, while masquerading as deeply concerned organizations have either been highjacked away from their core purpose and/or become part of a wider campaign to stop all fossil fuels (petroleum products and coal) in their pursuit of climate change.

These are the very industries that create employment and create products that all of us and these very organizations and their vocal representatives, use every day such as petrol for cars, jet fuel for their plane travel, plastic for a multitude of products such as computers, mobile phones, etc, copper for the water supply and so on.

To get a feel as to how extensive oil & gas products are used in our everyday lives, review the following links. http://bit.ly/1LHHZ1b and http://bit.ly/18JXWoo

We and our society depend upon these products, they enable us to live through the transport of food to our cities, to provide our energy to keep us warm in winter, keep us cool in summer, transport our ourselves and families and to maintain our standard of living.

However, there are vocal anti development (anti fossil fuels – petroleum products) groups hiding behind the issue of climate change to keep some of these products in the ground. However, they tend to forget that even renewable energy needs vast amounts of resources dug out of the ground (eg. coal and iron ore for steel pylons, rare earths, and other metals for components). They tend to use pseudoscience, misrepresent the risks (they often confuse risk with hazard) and create scary stories. Life and everything we do is not risk free, but we balance the risk with the likelihood of something bad happening, such as driving our cars, taking an air flight etc.

There are some eNGOs (and their vocal representatives) who continue to ignore evidenced based facts about the impact of oil & gas exploration upon the environment and deliberately mislead unsuspecting media, their 'supporters' and the general public. Some eNGOs and their vocal representatives are simply duplicitous. Basically they cannot be trusted to convey the full facts to the media or public.

It is worth noting that the UK Chief Scientist, Professor Sir Mark Walport in a speech in September 2014 when talking about Risk, he included comments on fracking as well as protestors as follows, on fracking he made the following comments,

"There are really 3 science and engineering concerns about hydraulic fracturing (fracking). The first of these is: will it cause earth tremors? The second is: will you get contamination of the water table? And the third is: will there be fugitive release of the methane gas? (In other words if you leak all the gas then you lose the advantage of it as a fossil fuel). And what the science and the engineering tells you is that this is a drilling technology and no drilling technology is completely risk-free. But if it is done

well, if it is engineered well, if it is governed well, then it is as safe as any other form of drilling, recognising that there is no 'free lunch', there is nothing that is completely risk-free." And on protestors he made the following comments,

"Those are the engineering concerns, and that's what the Royal Academy of Engineers' report said and actually multiple other reports have all essentially said the same thing. But the public or publics who are protesting, at least in some parts of the world, about fracking are coming at in from a different angle. They're coming at it from the values angle and from the 'my pain, your gain' angle. And so there's a group that dislike fracking because they dislike fossil fuels, there's another group that dislike fracking because they actually just don't like big companies, and then there's a third group who just don't want the inconvenience of having something industrial happening in their back yard." The referenced speech can be found here http://bit.ly/1CVyur7

Turning to the above question, 'Do Protestors tell You the truth and are their protests based on Facts?' let's look at some examples over the last little while.

### Example 1

On or about the 7<sup>th</sup>/ 8<sup>th</sup> of January 2015, a gas well (Yulleroo #2) which is located near Broome (WA) was the subject of an on line video by local eNGO's such as the anti fracking group 'Broome Community No Gas Campaign'. The film was also tweeted and shared with anti fracking eNGO sites across Australia, including Lock The Gate which tweeted the film of the well. So there was a lot of exposure.

The Yulleroo #2 well was fracked a couple of years ago, it is not producing any gas and was made safe by the Operator, including installing a mesh fence on its perimeter.

The film shows a hand held gas detector showing very high levels of methane leaking from a valve. Of course, this was news and was also picked up by the media, and news reports.

However, subsequently, upon investigation by the company concerned and the relevant Mines and Petroleum authorities it was revealed that **the valve on the wellhead had been deliberately bent and manipulated to allow gas to leak** 

Any apology from the eNGOs? No way! and of course (at the time of writing), the 'leaky valve' incident is still able to be seen on these eNGO sites. to show the viewing public 'proof' that fracking is not safe, despite the valve stem being deliberately bent and the valve needed to be manipulated to have a leak.

The valve has since been replaced and is in the custody of The WA Department of Mines and Petroleum, and the area has been inspected by police and the breakin of the enclosure, the deliberate damage and the filming (which was highly dangerous, as the intruder could have blown themselves (and anyone else in the area) up) is being investigated by the WA Police.

Here, we have a deliberate criminal act (the break in and the willful damage to private property) as well as a risky act, **to manufacture 'evidence'** and then try to gain maximum exposure publicly which is just fraudulent! Along without any contrition by those eNGOs which posted it and continue to enable viewers to see it.

### **Example 2** – Hydraulic fracture stimulation (fracking)

Recent social media posts by activists, such as Anti CSG, and Anti Fracking groups (such

as Lock the Gate and various spin offs from this activist group), which have sprung up primarily in country areas over the last three years or so.

They use "quotes" from eminent people and organizations to package a 'potentially dangerous risk' of say fracking into a slogan or sound bite for media use. This includes routinely extracting corroborating articles and misinformation generated by associated or likeminded activist groups, so there is a constant stream of scare stories. One prime example is the scandalous use of the eminent use of the UK Chief Scientist name by Mr. Laird from the 'Lock the Gate' organization, as reported in the online media "InDaily' in early December 2014.

In regard to oil & gas exploration and fracking, InDaily reported Mr. Laird as saying the following, "Laird cited concerns raised by the Chief Scientist of the United Kingdom, Mark Walport, that fracking held risks similar to those posed by <a href="thalidomide">thalidomide</a>, tobacco and asbestos, a <a href="report">report</a> by the Chief Scientist of New South Wales and a Southern Cross University <a href="study">study</a> as evidence that farmers' concerns are backed by science."

Really? Concerns expressed by highly respected people and researchers who (among other things) say that fracking held similar risks to those posed by thalidomide, tobacco and asbestos? Really?, well let's look at the facts and evidence which may substantiate such claims from Lock the Gate.

Basically, all of these references used by Mr. Laird from Lock the Gate to support its position are misleading and false, as will be demonstrated below. However it does show the tactics employed by these and similar organizations to misrepresent the facts to spread fear and anxiety within our communities, particularly as we have seen recently in the South-East of SA, and at Narrabri in NSW.

In response to the concerns raised by Phil Laird (Coordinator for Lock The Gate) in referencing the report by The Government Chief Scientist of the UK, in his publication 'Innovation: Managing Risk, Not Avoiding It 'Evidence and Case Studies', the section Mr Laird quotes was not written by the Chief Scientist, Professor Sir Mark Walport, but was actually written by one of the very many guest contributors. Professor Andy Stirling from the University of Sussex. In his CV, Professor Stirling is/was (among other things) an activist and a past Board Member of International Greenpeace and Greenpeace UK. Further, Professor Stirling did not say that "fracking" held similar risks to those posed by thalidomide, tobacco and asbestos at all! Rather he postulated that "innovations reinforcing fossil fuel strategies — such as hydraulic fracturing- arguably offer a contemporary prospective example" (page 51). See http://bit.ly/1z7JfRp

Indeed, in the Foreword of the publication, Professor Sir Mark Walport, says, "The chapters and case studies represent the author's personal views rather than those of the Government Office for Science...". Basically Lock the Gate spokespersons are attributing quotes to and (it would appear intentionally) misrepresenting the words of The Chief Scientist of the United Kingdom. By strange co-incidence another guest

author (Robert Muir, University of Cambridge) supports fracking in the UK, he writes on page 82 of the same publication, "Fracking can be done safely in the United Kingdom, but not without effective regulation, careful management, robust environmental risk assessments and rigorous monitoring." - How convenient Lock the Gate forgot to mention this quote!

Further, in the second reference Mr Laird referred to was the NSW Chief Scientist and Engineers (Professor Mary O'Kane) report (30 September 2014), which was more focussed on CSG than hydraulic fracturing. On page 7 of the report the Chief Scientist states "There is a perception in some parts of the community that CSG extraction is potentially more damaging and dangerous than other extractive industries. This perception was heightened following the release of the American movie Gasland in 2010. The Review examined this issue in detail and concluded that while the CSG industry has several aspects that need careful attention, as do almost all industries, it is not significantly more likely to be more damaging or dangerous than other extractive industries" This statement alone debunks the outrageous anti CSG claims put forward by Mr Laird in regard to the second reference as a reason not to proceed with CSG or fracking. Basically Lock the Gate have 'shot themselves in the foot" so to speak.

Further, in the article Mr Laird uses a third reference about researchers from the Southern Cross University undertaking mobile methane readings around 'CSG' fields. This 'study' has been labelled as not being in any way conclusive by the researchers themselves! as stated by one of the researchers (Dr. Santos) was quoted as saying "Any geological area that has gas deposits is going to have natural seeps. At this stage we are unable to separate the contribution of CSG activities from natural seeps because no sampling was done in Tara prior to mining". As a consequence, this reference to support an anti fracking (or CSG) position is false and not relevant to Mr Laird's position of opposing CSG or hydraulic fracture stimulation (fracking).

To summarise, Professor Sir Mark Walport UK Government Chief Science Advisor **DID Not say anything about thalidomide, tobacco and asbestos in relation to fracking in his report**. This is a mis representation and a falsehood to attribute this reference to him. What he did say about fracking in his speech dated 19 September 2014, delivered in Hanover, Germany, which focussed on Risk, Innovation, Regulation (among other things). Under the heading "Policy Lenses" was;

"There are really 3 science and engineering concerns about hydraulic fracturing (fracking). The first of these is: will it cause earth tremors? The second is: will you get contamination of the water table? And the third is: will there be fugitive release of the methane gas? (In other words if you leak all the gas then you lose the advantage of it as a fossil fuel). And what the science and the engineering tells you is that this is a

drilling technology and no drilling technology is completely risk-free. **But if it is done** well, if it is engineered well, if it is governed well, then it is as safe as any other form of drilling. Recognising that there is no 'free lunch'. there is nothing that is, completely risk-free.".

The referenced speech can be found here http://bit.ly/1CVyur7

### Example 3

A classic example of duplicity is the 2010 film 'Gaslands' which to some extent was a catalyst for the anti fracking activists has been exposed as a deliberate fraud by a concerned rural Mum, which can be seen at the following link: <a href="http://www.truthlandmovie.com/">http://www.truthlandmovie.com/</a> In this, she shows that naturally occurring gas is contained in the water from household taps despite there being no drilling for oil and gas within anywhere near the locality.

Further, the NSW Chief Scientist and Engineers Report, mentioned above, specifically referenced the film Gaslands, and after review of this and the many claims and assertions from Lock The Gate and similar eNGO's found ""There is a perception in some parts of the community that CSG extraction is potentially more damaging and dangerous than other extractive industries. This perception was heightened following the release of the American movie Gasland in 2010. The Review examined this issue in detail and concluded that while the CSG industry has several aspects that need careful attention, as do almost all industries, it is not significantly more likely to be more damaging or dangerous than other extractive industries"

Basically, the sensationalist film Gasland has been shown to be what it always was – just a movie without any foundation, just like Hollywood movies!

### Example 4

Another prime example has been the much publicized 'Bentley Blockade' (at Bentley NSW), where protestors set up camp, built bunkers and spike roads to a farmers property all in the name of 'No CSG' (No to Coal Seam Gas). The operator was Metgasco, which had authorization and licences granted by the NSW Government to undertake drilling for deep hydrocarbons (about 4 km deep) in a disused quarry on a farm. There was no drilling for CSG, nor any hydraulic fracture stimulation authorized or planned for this exploration well, and yet, aided and abetted by a Sydney radio personality, Alan Jones, a well organized and prolonged 'No CSG' and 'Frack Off' campaign continued, despite no CSG or "fraccing" was to take place!

Furthermore, the facts and the science about CSG and "fraccing" were totally distorted by the activists.

NSW imports 95% of its gas and the price is going up due to an increasing demand (LNG exports) and a shortage of supply options, as well as the tight controls upon exploration the NSW Government has now put in place following the recommendations in the NSW Chief Scientist and Engineers Report.

Unfortunately for NSW residents and businesses, which depend on natural gas, there are further price increases to come on top of the 18% increase approved by IPART in mid 2014, unless gas supply increases. Normal business is under threat! In addition, not only will the price go up, the risk of spills as a result of transportation of oil and

gas, is actually greater than exploration and development!

### Example 5

Another recent example is in South Australia. In the SE of the State, Beach Energy has drilled two deep exploration wells (deeper than 4km.). However, as soon as the a drilling rig was positioned on its drill pad on a private farm with the owners agreement, out came the anti protestors trotting out all sorts of myths and catch cries (No CSG, Frack Off and so on).

The claimed issues, as in the case of the 'Bentley Blockade' centre on the perceived risk (which is very low) of contamination of groundwater and competition for land use. In regard to the competition for land use, mining in Australia covers approximately 0.02% (1400 sq. km) of the land, whereas Agriculture (excluding pastoral leases) covers 4.6% (45,000sq.km) in South Australia alone. See http://bit.ly/1CVzuLY On a comparison basis, mining and petroleum are hardly pushing farmers off their land.

There is no doubt water that is uncontaminated is essential to all communities, but what are the facts here?

In rural communities in the South-East where water is also used for agriculture and farming there are existing contaminants within the water systems, from salinity to pesticides.

In the South Eastern portion of South Australia, where Beach Energy undertook the drilling of two deep wells (more than 4 km deep) there are two primary aquifers, an upper uncontained aquifer in some areas close to the surface, and a deeper (50m to 300m deep) which is contained (ie it has an impermeable layer above it). The (uncontained) aquifer closer to surface is the one normally used by communities.

However, there is already contamination of this aquifer predominantly from agriculture and farming . The contaminants are:

- Salinity
- Nitrates (fertilizers etc)
- Pesticides (spraying for pests etc)
- Associated risks from existing and continuing agriculture activities
- Dairying
- Septic waste.

See http://bit.ly/1HS5WU6

While the EPA is monitoring and has brought in more stringent regulations than existed in the past, there is a continuing evidence of diffuse occurrences of the contaminants listed above plus others. Further, any oil & gas drilling operations are subject to these (and more) stringent regulations for water use and disposal.

What is the impact of oil & gas exploration in the SE of South Australia in comparison?

The petroleum exploration wells that were drilled in the Penola area by Beach Energy, and the proposed well by Metgasco, were to drill through the respective aquifers. The respective aquifers are isolated from the well bore (production casing) by two to three

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sets of impermeable steel (each approx 8 to 12 mm thick) as well as bonded concrete.

The risk that there is any leakage from the well bore to the aquifers is low to negligible. The CSIRO, in its fact sheet has this same view.

See <a href="http://bit.ly/1CVzRWO">http://bit.ly/1CVzRWO</a> and

<u>file:///C:/Documents%20and%20Settings/Bruce%20Holland/My%20Documents/Downloads/csg-predicting-impacts%20(1).pdf</u>

### Example 6

Wilderness Society campaign to have shareholders vote for Santos Limited to withdraw from the Pilliga State forest in North Western NSW, aimed to stop oil & gas exploration and production, the very products that enabled them to travel to Adelaide to hold their protest. They are anti development, yet they enjoy the benefits of the development.

A very factual and scientifically based response to the claims made by these groups can be found on Santos' website starting at p27 at the following link: <a href="http://bit.ly/1D95LzF">http://bit.ly/1D95LzF</a>

The key issue claimed by Wilderness, the impacts on water, was addressed as follows:

- Water use: The community use is 410 gigalitres per annum whereas Santos' use would be 1.5 gigalitres pa. That is, less than 1% of total usage.
- Impact on Aquifers: Modeling and surface testing has demonstrated excellent understanding of the aquifers which has provided good baseline data to check that Santos' operations have no unexpected effects
- Protection of aquifers from contamination: Multiple fail-safe protective measures are described in the document.

Any reader who is interested in this issue will realize, as a result of reading through Santos' response to the "shareholder resolution", that the resolution was flawed and not based on the facts and science.

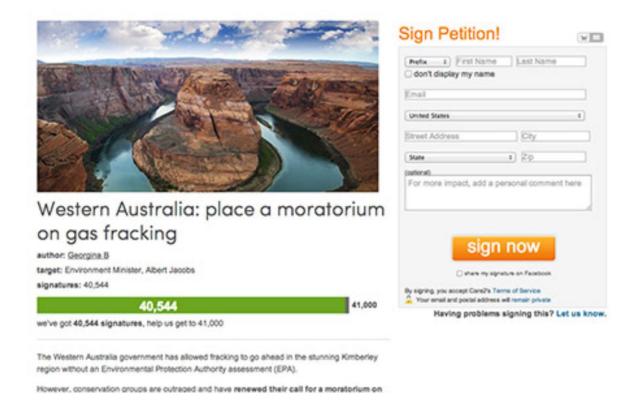
However, The Wilderness Society claimed their campaign to have Santos withdraw from the Pilliga State forest in North Western NSW was for the potential (as they perceived it) threat to groundwater, whereas this eNGO has an overarching objective to stop all fossil fuel exploration and development.

This demonstrates how some eNGOs masquerade behind a local concern to gain support for its ideological objectives.

### Example 7

This example was highlighted by APPEA in mid 2014 when they exposed the fact that a petition on the Care2 website asked the community to support a "Western Australia: place a moratorium on gas fracking".

Care2 not only misled people by saying the activities would be in the "stunning Kimberley region" (**they would not be** – they would be in the desert to the SW of the Kimberley's) they even further misled the public by including a photo of the Arizona's iconic Horseshoe Bend on the Colorado River (last time we checked, the Colorado River was not in the Kimberley Ranges!!).



Again we have eNGOs misrepresenting the facts to foster a scare campaign, and a complete falsehood by NOT using, or referencing the FACTS.

So in answer to the question, **Do Protestors tell You the truth and are their protests based on Facts ???** - Well based upon the above, the answer is a resounding **NO**, and **NO!** to both questions

In conclusion, it is highly likely that special interest activist groups will always misinform, mislead, and perhaps even lie, to gain the attention of the community. Those people who really care should be on the lookout for this. After all, unlike businesses or business leaders, not-for-profit organisations and charities are not, for some peculiar reason, subject to laws such as "truth in advertising". Thus, it appears that "anything goes" in pursuit of publicity and the donor dollar!

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Do Protestors tell You the truth and are their protests based on Facts??

The Norwood Resource (TNR) supports the move to force eNGO's and the like (which includes TNR itself) to comply with the same laws that business in Australia are lawfully compelled to adhere to in relation to "truth in advertising".

**Bruce Holland** 

Seretary

The Norwood Resource

4 February 2015