PRE DEVELOPMENT ARBORIST ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPOSED PARKES HOSPITAL SITE

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Site Description:

The proposed hospital development site is located on the southern edge of the Parkes township.

The site is approximately 10 hectares in area. It comprises c. 6/7 ha predominantly White Cypress Pine (Callitris glaucophylla) woodland on the eastern section of the site. The western third of the site facing the Newell Highway consists of planted rows of exotic and native species.

The site has a history of soil disturbance, illegal landfill, green waste and dumping of rubbish and is contributing to the extensive weed growth across the site.

Survey Method & Results:

All trees with a Diameter at Breast Height Over Bark (DBHOB) of greater than 20 cm were measured for DBHOB; crown diameter, habitat and forage values, faults within the tree structure, health and safety aspects and the suitability of the tree to become part of the retained landscape. All trees surveyed > 20 cm were numbered and identified with fluorescent tape.

Trees with a DBHOB <20 cm were estimated using quadrat surveys.

Given the density of regrowth on the southern boundary; accurate identification of the boundary proved difficult, for this reason some surveyed trees may fall further than five metres outside the actual development site boundary.

329 trees above 20 cm DBHOB were surveyed (Appendix 1), 81 were planted native species and 46 introduced Pinus species, 210 naturally occurring White Cypress Pine, three naturally occurring White Box (*Eucalyptus albens*) and one White Cedar (*Melia azedarach*) a result of greenwaste dumping.

Of the older planted native species near the northern side and along the western boundary only six are of adequate health and form to be considered for retention. The plantings were established with inadequate space for complete development and from inferior or non provincial genetics.

46 introduced pine trees were surveyed with six of good form and health,

Of the 210 Cypress >20 cm DBHOB surveyed, only 16 had the potential characteristics to be included in an urban landscape.

Twelve of these were in the 20-35 cm DBHOB range of the cohort.

Tree survey map; appendix 2

Defects in the remainder included; damaged apex, co-dominant trunk and lower trunk damage, possibly from fire (Photo 1). Trees without defects may have been harvested for timber in the early stages of town development.

Photo 1



Lower trunk bark damage on common on many White Cypress Pine on the Parkes Hospital Development site

White Cypress pine numbers in the 10-20 cm DBHOB cohort were c. 70 per ha, across the eastern two thirds of the site or about 500 trees; seedlings to 10 cm DBH density ranged from a conservative 10,000 stems per ha to more than 50,000 stems per ha (see photo 2).



Dense White Cypress regrowth looking North West from the South East corner of the Parkes Hospital Development site

Biodiversity values of the Site:

The whole of the site is regarded as biodiverse under Parkes LEP 2012 with a high conservation area to the south east.

Adjacent landholdings to the east and south of the site contain box woodlands while the only naturally occurring eucalypt trees on site are three White Box on the south western side of the site. White Box (*E.albens*) and Inland Grey Box (*E.microcarpa*) are known secondary forage trees for the Koala (*Phascolarctos cinerus*) but the entire area is an isolated remnant and not of sufficient size to support a breeding pair of Koalas (DECC 2008).

The remainder of the development site is White Cypress Pine woodland and planted trees.

White Cypress pine is not a koala forage tree species and although koalas have been known to use them as refuge during inclement weather, (DECC 2008) there is no core or secondary habitat suitable for Koalas on the site.

White Cypress pine regenerates densely (see Photo 3) following removal of competition and changes to disturbance regimes such as clearing for firewood or building materials, removing rabbits, livestock grazing and fire eventually forming an alternate "locked up" status. This state of "lock up", reduces mid storey and ground cover diversity by reducing soil pH and out-competing other species for moisture, nutrients and light, (Central West & Western CMA 2010).



Thickly regenerating White Cypress Pine on the proposed Parkes Hospital Development site

Cypress pine are unlikely to develop hollows or support mistletoe species (Shelley 2005), providing only low habitat and biodiversity values to the site and this is supported in the survey. All planted trees were of insufficient age to create hollows

Previous clearing of the mid-storey and thick Cypress regeneration has reduced mid-storey species to less than 0.01% of total cover.

The only stick nests noted were in the Salmon Gums (*E.salmonophloia*)(tree no.'s 214, 234) on the western boundary and in a White Cypress tree (tree no. 16)on the Southern boundary, possibly in the adjacent lot.

Previous disturbances such as grazing, illegal landfill and green waste dumping, provided conditions for exotic weeds to occupy 50-100% of total ground-cover.

These previous disturbances have changed the biodiversity of the site to a suite of weeds and now requires active management to restore native biodiversity and ecosystem function across the site

Heritage values:

The site contains several rows of mature native, mostly indigenous species, planted on the western boundary and near the northern side of the site, possibly 30-40 years ago. No information could be found on these plantings but they may have been an early Department of Primary Industries demonstration/ research plot..

The trees were planted in close proximity to each other and not thinned or pruned at any later stage. This has resulted in defects and deformities in many trees in these avenues.

Plantings in from the boundary along the western side of the site conducted in the past ten years were instigated as 'work for the dole' and community engagement exercises with a view to improving biodiversity on the site but have no commemorative value to the community, (via email David Ramsey, Parkes Shire Council).

In the later plantings the tree species Mugga Ironbark (*E.sideroxylon*) were used; they are deformed and struggling in this landscape position. This may be the soil type is incorrect or poor genetics. There are also older planted specimens of Mugga Ironbark which are diseased, dead and dying but one tree was suitable for retention suggesting poor genetics.

Protection and replacement:

All trees on the proposed site provide only low habitat values, most of the large trees are exhibiting damages or defects and from a social, cultural or commemorative perspective have a low community value.

There is no issues with the removal of any trees required for the development of the Parkes Hospital Site except those within 50 metres of the eastern boundary retained as part of a wildlife corridor.

Areas forming part of the green landscape should be isolated where possible following guidelines in the Australian Standard, AS 4970-2009 Protection of trees on development sites.

Trees removed from greenspace areas should be undertaken with minimal soil disturbance and vehicular traffic to minimise soil compaction and weed growth.

Thickening Cypress in greenspace areas will need to be managed and should be thinned to 20 trees per hectare as well as retaining some clumps. Including widely spaced provincial Box Trees, indigenous shrubs and grasses into the landscape will improve biodiversity values with minimal maintenance.

To maintain connectivity and linkage across the eastern boundary all large trees in a 50 metre wildlife corridor should be retained. Some thinning of White Cypress clumps should be undertaken in this wildlife corridor.

A remnant woodland on the adjoining south west blocks contain White Box and Inland Grey Box and this should guide the shrub and tree selection.

References

Central West and Western Catchment Management Authorities, 2010. Managing invasive native scrub to rehabilitate native pastures and open woodlands-*A best management practice guide for the Central West and Western catchments, pp 54-55.* Central West Catchment Management Authority and Western Catchment Management Authority, Dubbo, NSW.

Department of Environment and Climate Change, 2008. Recovery Plan for the Koala (*Phascolarctos cinereus*) Department of Environment and Climate Change, Sydney, NSW

Shelly, D.,2005. Hollow Occurrence in Selected Tree Species in the Central West Catchment of New South Wales. Department of Infrastructure, Planning and Natural Resources, Dubbo, NSW.

Appendix 1

| | Appendix | | | | |
|----------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Tree number | Botanical Name | Common name | DBHOB in centimetres | Crown diameter in metres | Tree health and condition |
| 1 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 16 | 3 | Terminal apex damaged |
| 2 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 18 | 4 | Okay |
| 3 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 41 | 6 | Excavation around roots |
| 4 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 16 | 4 | Co-dominant trunk |
| 5 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 20 | 5 | Co-dominant trunk |
| 6 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 22 | 4 | Co-dominant trunk |
| 7 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 14 | 4 | Co-dominant trunk |
| 8 | Melia azedarach | White Cedar | 8 | 5 | A result of green waste dumping |
| 9 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 44 | 6 | Co-dominant trunk, damaged |
| 10 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 51 | 7 | Split in trunk base/ decay noted |
| 11 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 40 | 5 | Terminal apex damaged, lower trunk damage |
| 12 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 7 | Co-dominant trunk, multi-stem |
| 13 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 30 | 5 | Co-dominant trunk |
| 14 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 28 | 4 | Damaged Apex |
| 15 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 44 | 5 | Damaged Apex |
| 16 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 35 | 5 | Stick nest in Apex. Okay |
| 17 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 38 | 4 | Bark damage on lower trunk |
| 18 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 50 | 6 | Trunk cracks-decay/fungus evident |
| 19 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 33 | 4 | Okay |
| 20 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 28 | 3 | Bark lifting/Decay/fungus/damaged apex |
| 21 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 33 | 4 | Curve in trunk- decay/fungus |
| 22 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 31 | 5 | Co-dominant trunk- decay/fungus |
| 23 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 30 | 3 | Damaged Apex |
| 24 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 17 | 3 | Bark damage at base |
| 25 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 40 | 6 | Co-dominant trunk – 6m upward |
| 26 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 60 | 7 | Co-dominant trunk- 3 stems:1 dead Co-dominant trunk- bark damage at base, fungus/ decay |
| 27 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 25 | 3 | |
| 28 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 30 | 4 | Okay |
| 29 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 38 | 5 | Apex damage |
| 30 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 35 | 6 | Co-dominant trunk /damage |
| 31 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 38 | 6 | Okay- dead lower limbs typical of cypress |
| 32 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 25 | 4 | 30° from vertical, lower bark damage |
| 33 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 26 | 5 | co-dominant trunk, lower bark damage, fungus |
| 34 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 28 | 4 | Co-dominant trunk: twisted |
| 35 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 30 | 5 | 10° lean, lower bark damage, fungus |
| 36 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 20 | 3 | Co-dominant trunk- lower bark damage |
| 37 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 25 | 4 | Bark damage at base-fungus |
| 38 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 6 | Co-dominant trunk |
| 39 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 28 | 5 | Co-dominant trunk, bark damage, fungus |
| 40 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 28 | 5 | Trunk twisted |
| 41 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 25 | 2 | Dead apex, one live branch |
| 42 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 32 | 7 | Co-dominant trunk |
| 43 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 22 | 6 | Co-dominant trunk- lower bark damage |
| 44 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 23 | 3 | Lower bark damage: 20° lean |
| 45 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 25 | 3 | 10º lean, lower bark damage |
| 46 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 38 | 7 | Co-dominant trunk: 4m upward |
| 47 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 21 | 3 | Lower bark damage: 10º lean: fungus |
| 48 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 25 | 4 | Lower bark damage: Upper trunk deviation |
| 49 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 22 | 3 | Lower trunk damage: co-dominant |
| 50 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 18 | 3 | Lower bark damage: co-dominant |
| 51 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 21 | 3 | Co-dominant crown |
| 52 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 28 | 3 | Co-dominant/ Lower bark damage: twisted trunk |
| 53 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 25 | 4 | Crown one sided: proximity to next tree |
| 54 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 5 | Co-dominant trunk |
| 55 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 48 | 5 | Crown damage: apex missing |
| 56 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 35 | 6 | Crown damage: |
| 57 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 35 | 5 | Co-dominant apex |
| 58 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 33 | 5 | Lower bark damage |
| 59 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 5 | Lower bark damage: co-dominant |
| 60 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 37 | 4 | Lower bark damage- decay |
| 61 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 43 | 5 | Okay- co-dominant apex |
| 62 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 60 | 6 | Lower bark damage: co-dominant: 10° lean Major damage, lower trunk- co-dominant trunk split away |
| 63 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 52 | 5 | |
| 64 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 28 | 4 | Lower bark damage: twisted trunk |
| 65 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 62 | 4 | Lower bark damage: limb tear on trunk |
| 66 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 5 | Lower bark damage: co-dominant: apex dead |
| 67 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 30 | 4 | Okay |
| 68 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 25 | 3 | Okay |
| 69 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 42 | 5 | Co-dominant: apex damaged |
| 70 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 29 | 4 | Co-dominant |
| 71 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 27 | 3 | Lower bark damage: co-dominant |
| 72 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 18 | 3 | Lower bark damage: Apex broken |
| 73 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 26 | 3 | Lower bark damage |
| 74 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 33 | 4 | Lower bark damage: co-dominant |
| | | | | | |

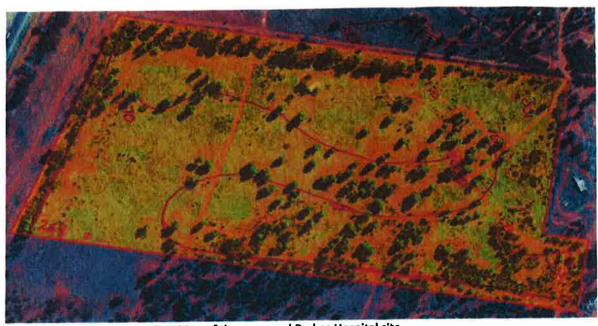
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| 75 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 36 | 5 | Co-dominant apex |
| 76 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 57 | 7 | Lower bark damage: co-dominant |
| 77 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 48 | 6 | Lower bark damage: co-dominant |
| 78 | | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 6 | Co-dominant |
| | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 40 | 5 | Okay |
| 79 | Callitris glaucophylla | • • | 42 | 5 | Lower bark damage |
| 80 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | | 4 | Lower bark damage |
| 81 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 41 | | · - |
| 82 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 38 | 4 | Lower bark damage: Iwisted trunk |
| 83 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 32 | 4 | Lower bark damage |
| 84 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 6 | Co-dominant apex Twisted trunk |
| 85 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 43 | 7 | Co-dominant |
| 86 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 42 | 5 | Okay |
| 87 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 48 | 7 | Co-dominant apex Lower trunk decay |
| 88 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 40 | 5 | Lower bark damage |
| 89 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 42 | 6 | Lower bark damage |
| 90 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 40 | 5 | Lower bark damage |
| 91 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 31 | 4 | Co-dominant |
| 92 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 35 | 5 | Co-dominant |
| 93 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 20 | 3 | Damaged Apex |
| 94 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 22 | 3 | Damaged Apex |
| 95 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 38 | 4 | Lower bark damage |
| 96 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 6 | Lower bark damage |
| 97 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 22 | 4 | Co-dominant apex |
| 98 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 55 | 8 | Lower bark damage Branch hanger |
| 99 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 56 | 4 | Co-dominant Lower bark damage |
| 100 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 56 | 4 | Lower bark damage Damaged apex |
| | | White Cypress Pine | 47 | 5 | Twisted trunk |
| 101 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 47 | 5 | Twisted trunk Co-dominant |
| 102 | Callitris glaucophylla | * ' | 43 | 4 | Okay |
| 103 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 48 | 5 | Co-dominant |
| 104 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 46 | 6 | Co-dominant apex Trunk decay |
| 105 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | | 6 | Twisted trunk |
| 106 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 55 | 6 | |
| 107 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 51 | | Damaged Apex |
| 108 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 48 | 6 | Co-dominant Lower bark damage |
| 109 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 46 | 6 | Lower bark damage Damaged apex |
| 110 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 6 | Co-dominant crown |
| 111 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 43 | 6 | Co-dominant Lower bark damage |
| 112 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 5 | Damaged Apex |
| 113 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 3 | 5 | Damaged Apex |
| 114 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 41 | 5 | Damaged Apex Lower bark damage |
| 115 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 35 | 3 | Lower bark damage |
| 116 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 6 | Co-dominant apex |
| 117 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 48 | 6 | Damaged Apex |
| 118 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 47 | 7 | Twisted trunk |
| 119 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 52 | 6 | Lower bark damage 10° lean from vertical |
| 120 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 48 | 5 | Lower bark damage 15º lean from vertical |
| 121 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 43 | 6 | Co-dominant |
| 122 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 6 | Co-dominant apex Branch tear mid trunk |
| 123 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 42 | 4 | Co-dominant Lower bark damage |
| 124 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 41 | 5 | Co-dominant apex |
| 125 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 28 | 4 | Lower bark damage Twisted trunk |
| 126 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 31 | 5 | Twisted trunk |
| | | White Cypress Pine | 32 | 4 | Twisted trunk Dead branch stub at base of trunk |
| 127 | Callitris glaucophylla | • | 52 | 6 | Co-dominant Lower bark damage |
| 128 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 33 | 4 | Lower bark damage |
| 129 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine White Cypress Pine | 32 | 3 | Co-dominant Lower bark damage |
| 130 | Callitris glaucophylla | | 43 | 6 | Lower bark damage 10º lean from vertical |
| 131 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | | 5 | Damaged Apex |
| 132 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 41 | 4 | - , |
| 133 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 35 | | Damaged Apex |
| 134 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 42 | 5 | Co-dominant apex Twisted trunk |
| 135 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 28 | 3 | Co-dominant Lower bark damage |
| 136 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 46 | 7 | Co-dominant apex Branch tear mid trunk |
| 137 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 43 | 6 | Co-dominant Twisted trunk |
| 138 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 36 | 4 | Co-dominant apex |
| 139 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 50 | 7 | Trunk decay |
| 140 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 30 | 4 | Lower bark damage Twisted trunk |
| 141 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 47 | 5 | Lower bark damage Damaged apex Nails in trunk |
| 142 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 48 | 8 | Co-dominant |
| 143 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 47 | 6 | Lower bark damage Twisted trunk |
| 144 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 51 | 7 | Lower bark damage |
| 145 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 32 | 5 | Co-dominant apex Lower bark damage |
| 146 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 34 | 6 | Twisted trunk 10º lean from vertical |
| 147 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 35 | 6 | Twisted trunk split with decay |
| 148 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 71 | 9 | Co-dominant Lower bark damage |
| 149 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 55 | 7 | Co-dominant Lower bark damage |
| 150 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 30 | 2 | Co-dominant One leader damaged |
| 151 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 54 | 6 | Co-dominant Lower bark damage |
| 152 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 35 | 5 | 45° lean |
| 153 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 33 | 4 | Lower bark damage 10° lean from vertical |
| 154 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 47 | 7 | Mid trunk branch tear |
| 10-7 | Camina gradoopriyria | | (22) | 15 | |

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| 155 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 49 | 5 | Lower bark damage 25° lean from vertical |
| 156 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 52 | 6 | Lower bark damage 10° lean from vertical |
| 157 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 48 | 7 | Damaged Apex Twisted Irunk |
| 158 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 46 | 6 | Lower bark damage Damaged apex |
| | | White Cypress Pine | 46 | 7 | Lower bank damage Damaged apex |
| 159 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 47 | 5 | Co-dominant Barbed wire embedded in trunk |
| 160 | Callitris glaucophylla | | 60 | 8 | Co-dominant apex Lower bark damage |
| 161 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | | 6 | Lower bark damage |
| 162 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 5 | |
| 163 | Acacia pendula | Weeping Myall | 20 | | Multi stem |
| 164 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 5 | Lower bark damage |
| 165 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 35 | 3 | Lower bark damage Damaged spex |
| 166 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 38 | 4 | Co-dominant |
| 167 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 36 | 5 | Lower bark damage |
| | | A.I. 5° | 0.5 | 6 | Crown sweep to East: Branch deficiency Western side |
| 168 | Pinus halepensis | Allepo Pine | 35 | | Include branch forks |
| 169 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 55 | 6 | |
| 170 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 60 | 8 | Co-dominant; included bark |
| 171 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 50 | 3 | Lower bark damage; severe dieback |
| 172 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 45 | 5 | Co-dominant: Severe inclusion |
| | | A4 A L | 40 | 2 | Lower bark damage; Severe dieback; extensive borer |
| 173 | Eucalyplus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 48 | 2 | damage |
| 174 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 30 | 4 | Co-dominant; basal sucker |
| 175 | Pinus halepensis | Allepo Pine | 48 | 8 | Okay |
| 176 | Pinus halepensis | Allepo Pine | 32 | 6 | Crown sweep to north-west 15° |
| 177 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 49 | 6 | Okay; small inclusions |
| 178 | Casurina cristata | Belah | 33 | 4 | Co-dominant crown |
| 179 | Eucalyptus cladocalxy | Sugar Gum | 48 | 12 | Vandal damage lower trunk |
| 180 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 5 | Co-dominant – apex damage |
| 181 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 46 | 7 | Upper inclusion |
| 182 | Schinus areira | Peppercorn | 30 | 8 | Multi stem |
| 183 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 33 | 5 | Multiple inclusions |
| 184 | Pinus halepensis | Allepo Pine | 25 | 4 | Trunk sweep south east |
| 185 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 36 | 8 | Co-dominant; included bark |
| 186 | Casurina cristata | Belah | 32 | 5 | Basal branch: upper co-dominant |
| 187 | Casurina cristata | Belah | 25 | 5 | Multiple basal branches, stems |
| 188 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 25 | 7 | Co-dominant;inclusion severe |
| 189 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 40 | 6 | 10° sweep to south-east |
| 190 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 28 | 3 | Tip dieback; epicormic growth |
| 191 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 62 | 7 | Severe dieback |
| 192 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 45 | 11 | Co-dominant inclusion |
| 193 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 25 | 3 | Okay |
| 194 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 65 | 12 | Co-dominant; included bark |
| 195 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 20 | 2 | Okay |
| 196 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 20 | 2 | Okay |
| 197 | | Yellowbox | 55 | 11 | Co-dominant included bark |
| 198 | Eucalyptus melliodora Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 40 | 8 | Co-dominant included bark |
| | | Mugga Ironbark | 42 | 6 | Dieback-co-dominant included bark |
| 199 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Yellowbox | 62 | 15 | Multi stem inclusions |
| 200 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 55 | 13 | Occluded bark; okay |
| 201 | Eucalyptus melliodora | | | 9 | Co-dominant included |
| 202 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 32 | 6 | Co-dominant included |
| 203 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 30 | | |
| 204 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 110 | 15 | Co-dominant included |
| | Contract of the second | V-IIb | 70 | 16 | Minor dieback, otherwise okay; possible fungal disease |
| 205 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 70 | | Tie diebeele |
| 206 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 35 | 6 | Tip dieback; |
| 207 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 30 | 6 | Tip dieback; |
| 208 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 25 | 4 | Tip dieback;; apex damage |
| 209 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 28 | 5 | Co-dominant included bark |
| 210 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 58 | 15 | Minor tip dieback; otherwise okay |
| 211 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 55 | 10 | Co-dominant inclusion |
| 212 | Casurina cristata | Belah | 28 | 3 | Co-dominant |
| 213 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 100 | 8 | Severe pruning for powerline; multi-stem inclusion |
| 214 | Eucalyptus salmonophioia | Salmon Gum | 38 | 18 | Multi stem; stick nests |
| 215 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 50 | 15 | Co-dominant; severely pruned for powerline |
| 216 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 53 | 15 | Co-dominant; severely pruned for powerline |
| 217 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 48 | 18 | Co-dominant; severely pruned for powerline |
| 218 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 54 | 14 | Co-dominant; severely pruned for powerline |
| 219 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 40 | 8 | Tip dieback; severely pruned for powerline |
| 220 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 40 | 12 | Multi stem; severely pruned for powerline |
| 221 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 58 | 18 | Multi stem; severely pruned for powerline |
| 222 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 30 | 6 | Co-dominant; borers |
| 223 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 33 | 8 | Co-dominant;trunk crack |
| 224 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 38 | 7 | Co-dominant; |
| 225 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 25 | 5 | Co-dominant; Rung- not dead |
| 226 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 26 | 3 | Asymmetric- proximity to next tree |
| 227 | Pinus canariensis Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 35 | 5 | Tip dieback; |
| | | • | 30 | 5 | Co-dominant |
| 228 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | | 6 | Co-dominant |
| 229 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 30 | 7 | |
| 230 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 36 | | Okay So deminant |
| 231 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 45 | 9 | Co-dominant |
| | | | | | |

| | | | | 0110 | VIII |
|------------|--|--|-------|------|---|
| 232 | Pinus halepensis | Allepo Pine | 29 | 3 | 20º lean east |
| | | · | 10000 | | Asymmetric- dieback on western side, competition for |
| 233 | Eucalyptus salmonophiola | Salmon Gum | 40 | 9 | light |
| 234 | Eucalyptus salmonophioia | Salmon Gum | 38 | 10 | Co-dominant; some dieback, stick nest |
| 235 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 28 | 4 | 10° lean east; poor specimen, upper inclusion |
| 236 | • | Mugga Ironbark | 29 | 5 | Inclusions |
| 237 | • | Mugga Ironbark | 26 | 6 | Severe dieback; co-dominant |
| 238 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 27 | 3 | Trunk sweep 20° south |
| 239 | • | Mugga Ironbark | 45 | 6 | Co-dominant; tip dieback |
| 240 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 39 | 5 | Borer attack; dieback |
| 241 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 20 | 3 | Co-dominant inclusion |
| 242 | Pinus halepensis | Allepo Pine | 25 | 4 | 15° lean east; competition |
| 243 | Eucalyptus cladocalxy | Sugar Gum | 27 | 12 | Co-dominant; diback |
| 244 | Eucalyptus cladocalxy | Sugar Gum | 38 | 14 | 15º lean east; dieback |
| 245 | Casurina cristata | Belah | 35 | 4 | Co-dominant upper branches; otherwise okay |
| 246 | Eucalyptus cladocalxy | Sugar Gum | 25 | 8 | Co-dominant; tip dieback |
| 247 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | n/a | n/a | Dead. |
| 248 | | Mugga Ironbark | 32 | 3 | Severe dieback |
| 249 | Eucalyptus salmonophioia | | 38 | 10 | Multi stem; okay |
| 250 | Eucalyptus salmonophioia | Salmon Gum | 36 | 10 | Multi stem; dieback |
| 251 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 35 | 12 | Co-dominant; asymmetric |
| 252 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 40 | 11 | Mid trunk branch tear |
| 253 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 28 | 9 | Epicormic growth |
| 254 | | Yellowbox | 28 | 10 | Co-dominant; lower limb breakage |
| 255 | | Mugga Ironbark | 26 | 5 | Borer attack;co-dominant apex |
| 256 | | Yellowbox | 20 | 8 | Co-dominant; asymmetric |
| 257 | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 31 | 7 | Twisted trunk; dieback |
| 258 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 49 | 11 | Dieback-borer attack |
| 259 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 29 | 6 | Asymmetric- borer attack |
| 260 | Eucalyptus sideroxylon | Mugga Ironbark | 26 | 5 | Co-dominant; borer attack |
| 261 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 28 | 6 | Ço-dominant |
| 262 | | Canary Island Pine | 23 | 5 | 10° trunk sweep to east |
| 263 | | Canary Island Pine | 21 | 3 | 10° trunk sweep to east; inner dieback, shade |
| 264 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 33 | 4 | Eastern side branch dieback, shade |
| 265 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 39 | 4 | 20° lean west, eastern side branch dieback, shade |
| 266 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 32 | 3 | Eastern side branch dieback, shade |
| 267 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 35 | 5 | 10° lean to east, co-dominant apex |
| 268 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 32 | 4 | Eastern side branch dieback, shade |
| 269 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 32 | 5 | 10° lean south, competition |
| 270 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 35 | 5 | Okay |
| 271 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 32 | 4 | 5º lean south-east. Okay |
| 272 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 48 | 8 | Lower bark damage |
| 273 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 47 | 8 | Okay |
| 274 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 45 | 5 | Trunk sweep, damaged apex |
| 275 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 47 | 5 | Co-dominant |
| 276 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 46 | 6 | Some tip dieback & branch damage |
| 277 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 25 | 4 | Co-dominant |
| 278 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 38 | 4 | Branch dieback |
| 279 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 42 | 4 | Okay |
| 280 | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 44 | 5 | Okay |
| | Pinus canariensis | Canary Island Pine | 47 | 5 | D fungal attack on lower trunk |
| 281 | | Canary Island Pine | 46 | 6 | Okay |
| 282 | Pinus canariensis | • | . 59 | 7 | Co-dominant |
| 283 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 57 | 6 | Co-dominant |
| 284 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 31 | 0 | Multi stem; included bark, tip dieback, senescent, |
| 205 | Acadia Sn | Wattle | 20 | 6 | surrounded by regeneration |
| 285 286 | Acacia Sp. Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 52 | 7 | Mid trunk branch tear, twisted upper trunk |
| | Eucalyptus melliodora | Yellowbox | 25 | 5 | Co-dominant with bad suckers |
| 287 | | Yellowbox | 30 | 6 | Co-dominant; borer attack |
| 288 | Eucalyptus melliodora | CHOMPOX | 30 | u | Co-dominant; mid trunk large branch damage, wire |
| 289 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 48 | 6 | around trunk |
| 290 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 49 | 7 | Lower bark damage; co-dominant |
| 291 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 35 | 6 | Co-dominant |
| 292 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 42 | 6 | Twisted trunk; apex damage, co-dominant mid trunk |
| 292 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 43 | 7 | Lower bark damage; broken crown |
| 293 294 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 44 | 6 | Co-dominant; barbed wire in trunk |
| 294 | Callitris glaucophylla Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 42 | 4 | Lower bark damage; see Photro |
| 295 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 25 | 2 | Broken crown |
| | • | White Cypress Pine | 28 | 4 | Mid trunk damage; branch tear |
| 297 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 41 | 5 | Twisted trunk |
| 298 | Callitris glaucophylla | | 43 | 8 | Lower bark damage; co-dominant |
| 299 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 52 | 7 | Co-dominant; lower bark damage |
| 300 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 44 | 6 | Co-dominant, lower bank damage Co-dominant; mid trunk, lower branch damage |
| 301 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | | | |
| 302 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 48 | 5 | Twisted trunk |
| 303 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 46 | 5 | Lower bank damage; damaged apex |
| | C-Wei | Mhite Current Dine | 45 | 5 | Lower bark damage, co-dominant mid trunk, barbed wire in trunk |
| | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | | 3 | Okay |
| 304 | O-101 11 1 11 | | | | |
| 305 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 21 | | |
| | Callitris glaucophylla Callitris glaucophylla Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine White Cypress Pine White Cypress Pine | 32 | 4 | Okay Recording error |

| 30 | B Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 21 | 2 | Lower bark damage |
|-----|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------|----|---|
| 30 | | White Cypress Pine | 36 | 4 | Lower trunk decay |
| 31 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 32 | 5 | Co-dominant; severe dieback, root disturbance |
| 31 | | White Cypress Pine | 32 | 6 | Co-dominant |
| 31 | | White Cypress Pine | 33 | 5 | Co-dominant mid trunk |
| 31 | • | White Cypress Pine | 30 | 5 | Okay |
| 31 | • | White Cypress Pine | 38 | 6 | Apex demage |
| 31 | , , | White Cypress Pine | 25 | 4 | Co-dominant mid trunk |
| 31 | | White Cypress Pine | 22 | 5 | Co-dominant |
| 31 | | White Cypress Pine | 20 | 5 | Co-dominant |
| 31 | | White Cypress Pine | 25 | 4 | Co-dominant |
| 31 | • | White Cypress Pine | 30 | 5 | Damaged Apex |
| 32 | • | White Cypress Pine | 25 | 3 | Trunk twisted |
| 32 | | White Cypress Pine | 20 | 3 | 10° lean south-east |
| 32 | | White Cypress Pine | 28 | 4 | Crown dead |
| 32 | | White Cypress Pine | 32 | 5 | Okay |
| 32 | | White Cypress Pine | 30 | 5 | Okay |
| 32 | | White Cypress Pine | 23 | 4 | Okay |
| 32 | Gellitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 26 | 4 | Co-dominant |
| 32 | | White Cypress Pine | 32 | 5 | Okay |
| 32 | | White Cypress Pine | 31 | 5 | Damaged Apex |
| 32 | Eucalyptus albens | White Box | 25 | 6 | Multi stem |
| 330 | Acacia pendula | Weeping Myall | 18 | 4 | Co-dominant |
| 33 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 45 | 5 | Lower bark damage; severe dieback. |
| 33: | 2 Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 32 | 5 | Okay |
| 333 | Callitris glaucophylla | White Cypress Pine | 32 | 5 | Co-dominant |
| 334 | Eucalyptus albens | White Box | 38 | 10 | One large basal sucker; borer attack |
| 33 | Eucalyptus albens | White Box | 32 | 8 | Co-dominant; borer attack |

Appendix 2



Tree Map of the proposed Parkes Hospital site