

Assessment of Stage 1 retail potential

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Introduction

This report presents an independent assessment of the sales potential for the stage 1 retail development of the Warnervale Town Centre (WTC), a proposed sub-regional shopping centre development at Warnervale, north-east of Wyong on the NSW Central Coast.

The report assesses the sales potential for a Big W discount department store of 8,570 sq.m and a Woolworths supermarket of 5,080 sq.m, which will be the major tenants at the proposed development. A cinema complex and two minimajors traders are also proposed in the tenancy mix. On the basis of the size and likely trading performance of major tenants as well as the trade area and competitive context, the supportable provision of retail specialty floorspace is then considered in detail.

The report addresses the following in assessing the sales potential for the proposed development:

- First, the regional context and the location of the future WTC are reviewed. The proposed development, based on plans provided to this office, is also outlined (refer Table 1.1).
- Tables 2.1-2.4 together with Charts 2.1 and 2.2, examine the trade area expected to be served by the centre, including the population and spending levels within the trade area, as well as the socio-demographic profile of trade area residents.
- Tables 3.1 and 3.2 summarise the competitive retail environment within which the proposed WTC would operate, including both existing and proposed competitive facilities.
- Tables 4.1-4.8 present our assessment of the likely future potential for the WTC, including the supportable provisions of retail specialty floorspace. Indicative gross specialty rents and projected market shares are also detailed.



Map 1 outlines the regional context of Warnervale, while Map 2 illustrates the proposed site for the WTC. Map 3 shows the trade area likely to be served by the centre as well as the locations of the major competitive facilities in the region.



Executive summary

- The proposed stage 1 retail development of the Warnervale Town Centre (WTC) will provide a sub-regional shopping facility at Warnervale, a rapidly growing suburb in the Central Coast region of NSW.
- ii. As currently proposed by Woolworths, the WTC retail development will be anchored by a Big W discount department store and a full-line Woolworths supermarket, together with supporting mini-major stores and specialty floorspace. A cinema complex is also proposed on an upper level of the stage 1 development.
- iii. The total trade area defined for the Warnervale Town Centre is currently estimated to contain a population of over 110,000, including 83,250 persons in the main trade area and 19,650 persons in the primary sector. The total trade area population is generally projected to increase at levels of 2,000-2,500 persons or 1.8%-2.1% per annum over the period to 2021, to reach 136,380 persons by that date, with more than 100,000 persons within the main trade area, and 33,690 within the primary sector.
- iv. Also of relevance to the proposed Warnervale Town Centre is the worker population that is expected to be employed in close proximity to the proposed retail development. 900 jobs are planned to be created at completion of the stage 1 WTC development, while the Wyong Employment Zone, located approximately 1km to the west of the proposed WTC, is planned to generate some 6,000 jobs in the Warnervale locality. According to the Central Coast Regional Strategy, around 4,500 additional jobs are also expected to be created in the North Wyong region.
- v. In general, the total trade area population comprises predominantly Australian born residents, earning below average incomes. However, residents of the primary and secondary north-west sectors earn above average household incomes, and are more family oriented than the residents of other sectors. The socio-demographic profile of future residents moving into the area is likely to be similar to the current primary sector residents.



- vi. The sub-regional Lake Haven shopping centre, located around 4.5 km to the east of the proposed WTC, is the main competitive facility within the total trade area. However, Westfield Tuggerah, a regional shopping centre located 10km to the south-west of WTC, and anchored by a David Jones department store, Big W and Target discount department stores, as well as Coles, Woolworths and Aldi supermarkets is the major shopping destination in the region.
- vii. The WTC retail development, as currently proposed by Woolworths, will comprise 21,690 sq.m of retail and non-retail floorspace. An entertainment precinct, including a cinema complex, is also proposed as part of the stage 1 development.
- viii. The total proposed specialty floorspace provision (retail and non-retail) of 6,410 sq.m is a little high at the outset, but in our opinion will be well supported at the centre over the medium term as anticipated population growth in the region is realised.
- ix. The ideal specialty mix at the proposed WTC should, in our opinion, be oriented toward convenience retail, with strong representation in the takehome food, food catering, general and leisure categories. There is scope for the provision of same fashion and homewares retail specialties. However, given the young nature of the population, and the extensive retail offer at Westfield Tuggerah, the provision of such stores should be lower than average at the WTC.
- x. The proposed WTC is projected to achieve sales of \$125.1 million in 2013/14. This total includes combined major and mini-major store sales of \$82.4 million, representing 66% of total centre sales. Total sales for the retail specialty floorspace are projected at \$42.7 million.



- xi. The proposed WTC is projected to achieve a market share of 7.5% of total trade area retail spending in 2013/14, including a 9.1% share of available main trade area spending. Within the key primary trade area sector, the centre is expected to achieve a 14.9% share of retail spending, comprising 16.9% of food spending and 12.1% of non-food expenditure.
- xii. The average gross rental potential for the 5,600 sq.m of retail specialty floorspace is projected at around \$1,000 per sq.m, reflecting an initial occupancy cost ratio in the order of 13.0%.



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1 Centre location and proposed development

- 1.1 The Warnervale Town Centre (WTC) is a large state significant site. The proposed Stage 1 retail development will provide a sub-regional shopping facility proposed to serve this rapidly growing suburb and surrounding areas in the Central Coast region of NSW. Warnervale is located the Local Government Area (LGA) of Wyong, approximately 7 km north-east of Wyong and around 95 km north of the Sydney Central Business District (refer Map 1).
- 1.2 As stated in the NSW Department of Planning's *Central Coast Regional Strategy 2006-2031*, the WTC has been identified as a new Town Centre to service the growth areas within the Wyong LGA (especially the North Wyong region). According to information released by Wyong Shire Council, the WTC will consist of the following once completed:
 - Retail and commercial floorspace totalling some 40,000 sq.m.
 - Housing for some 4,000-5,000 new residents.
 - Employment opportunities for around 1,200 persons.
 - A new railway station and transport interchange.
 - A wide range of community and entertainment facilities.
- 1.3 As illustrated on Map 2, the 119 hectare WTC site is bounded by Hakone Road to the North, Hiawatha Road to the east, Sparks Road to the south and the Northern Railway Line to the west.
- 1.4 Access to the site will be predominantly provided via Sparks Road from the south, which is the major connector route in the region, linking with the Pacific Highway in the east and the Sydney-Newcastle Freeway in the west. Access to the locality (especially via public transport) will improve



substantially in future, with significant transport infrastructure planned for the area including a train station at the WTC.

- 1.5 The retail component of the WTC, which is the focus of this report, is to be built in close proximity to the future Warnervale Railway Station. The WTC retail facilities will also therefore serve commuters utilising the station.
- 1.6 As currently proposed by Woolworths and detailed in Table 1.1, the WTC is to be anchored by a Big W discount department store (dds) of 8,570 sq.m and a Woolworths supermarket of 5,080 sq.m. It is also proposed that the remainder of the centre will comprise two mini-major tenancies totalling 1,630 sq.m, specialty shops of 5,600 sq.m, as well as a cinema complex.

2 Trade area

- 2.1 The trade area most likely to be served by the proposed WTC is illustrated on the attached Map 3. The trade area includes a primary sector, four secondary sectors and two tertiary sectors, which are described as follows:
 - The **primary sector** is limited by the Pacific Highway to the east and the Sydney-Newcastle Freeway to the west. This sector includes the majority of the future growth areas in the North Wyong region, especially around the suburbs of Warnervale and Hamlyn Terrace.
 - The **secondary north-east sector** contains many suburbs including Lake Munmorah, Colongra and Budgewoi.
 - The secondary south-east sector is located to the east and south of the Pacific Motorway and encompasses Lake Haven, Kanwal, Gorokan, Tacoma, Tuggerawong, Wyongah and Wadalba, as well as a small segment of Charmhaven.
 - The **secondary south sector** predominantly contains the Wyong Central Business Area (CBA).
 - The **secondary north-west sector** is the largest trade area sector and contains many suburbs including Wyee, Wyee Point and Kiar.



- The **tertiary north sector** contains the regional towns of Morisset and Bonnells Bay, and is limited to the north by competitive retail facilities at Glendale.
- The **tertiary south-east sector** incorporates the northern portion of The Entrance Peninsula and includes Canton Beach, Magenta, Norah Head, Noraville, The Entrance North and Toukley.
- 2.2 The combination of the primary and secondary sectors is referred to as the main trade area throughout the remainder of this report. The combination of the main trade area and the tertiary sectors is referred to as the total trade area.

Trade area population

- 2.3 Table 2.1 shows that the total trade area defined for the WTC contains a population at 2011 of over 110,000, including 83,250 persons in the main trade area and 19,650 persons in the primary sector. Over the period 2001-2006 (the most recent inter-censal period for which data are available), population growth within the total trade area population has been predominantly driven by the primary sector. This trend is expected to continue over the forecast period to 2021.
- 2.4 According to the *Central Coast Regional Strategy*, 70% of the 100,000 new residents projected to move into the Central Coast region (over the period to 2031) will be accommodated within the Wyong LGA. A significant portion of this growth, at least over the short to medium term, is expected to be concentrated around the Warnervale area in the primary sector to be served by the new town centre.
- 2.5 Warnervale has significant capacity to accommodate future residents moving into the area and is planned to contain a resident population of up to 5,000 persons. Other significant residential projects currently being planned in the Warnervale locality include 'Precinct 7A', a large plot of land located immediately south of the WTC (refer Map 2) which has the capacity to accommodate some 3,300 residents in 1,900 dwellings.



- 2.6 Other significant residential projects proposed within the total trade area are detailed below:
 - The suburb of Gwandalan in the secondary north-east sector is earmarked for a large residential development containing some 623 dwellings. This project is currently in the early planning stages, but is expected to be completed with the next decade.
 - The Moonee Waters development is also located within the secondary north-east sector and is proposed to contain some 300 lots over the next five years.
 - A 300 lot residential development is planned for the suburb of Dora Creek, within the tertiary north sector. This project has an expected completed date of mid-2014.
 - The Morisset Country Club (tertiary north sector) is to be redeveloped to include around 285 new dwellings. The redevelopment is planned to commence in mid-2014 and is expected to be completed four years later.
- 2.7 According to the *Lower Hunter Regional Strategy 2006-2031*, the localities of Wyee (secondary north-west sector) and Cooranbong (tertiary north sector) also have significant potential to accommodate future population growth in the region. Wyee has been identified as a 'major release area' and could potentially accommodate up to 2,000 new dwellings over the period to 2031. Similarly, the former Avondale Airport is to contain the majority of the 3,000 new dwellings that have been identified to be supportable in the Cooranbong locality.
- 2.8 Taking the above into consideration, the total trade area population is forecast to increase to 136,380 by 2021, including over 100,000 persons within the main trade area and 32,350 persons within the primary sector by that date. The total trade area population growth is projected to average 2,000-2,650 persons or 1.8%-2.1% per annum over this period.



Worker population

- 2.9 In addition to the 900 jobs planned to be created with the completion of the WTC, the Central Coast Regional Strategy also identifies the need for a significant provision of dedicated employment lands to be developed within the Wyong LGA, to meet the employment needs of the growing population. Major employment lands are therefore planned be provided at the 'Wyong Employment Zone' to meet future employment needs of the population.
- 2.10 The Wyong Employment Zone, located 1 km west of the proposed WTC, is planned to generate some 6,000 jobs in the Warnervale locality. Around 4,500 additional jobs are also expected to be created in the North Wyong region.
- 2.11 The worker market, therefore, will be of direct relevance to the proposed development. As noted previously, the retail facilities at the WTC are planned to be located in close proximity to the future Warnervale train Station, which is likely to a major mode of transportation for many of these workers. Retail facilities at the proposed WTC can therefore be expected to benefit from the custom of the nearby worker population, especially during lunch time as well as during the morning and evening rush hours.

Socio-demographic profile

- 2.12 Table 2.2 and Chart 2.1 show that the total trade area resident population generally comprises Australian born residents, earning below average incomes. The socio-demographic profile of the new residents moving into the area is likely to be similar to the primary sector residents, comprising a more family-oriented community. These future residents are also expected to earn higher average income levels.
- 2.13 Key points to note regarding the characteristics of the current <u>main</u> <u>trade area</u> population include:
 - The average age of the main trade area residents, at 38.3 years, is younger than the non-metropolitan NSW benchmark of 39.1 years.



- Main trade area residents earn income levels which are lower than the comparable non-metropolitan NSW benchmarks on both a per capita and per household basis, by 10.2% and 6.9%, respectively. However, the residents of the primary and secondary north-west sectors have above average household incomes.
- The main trade area population is largely Australian born.
- A review of the household structure of the main trade area population indicates a slightly lower than average proportion of traditional families (i.e. households consisting of couples with dependent children). The primary and secondary north-west sectors are much more familyoriented in comparison to other main trade area sectors.

Trade area spending

- 2.14 As at 2010/11, <u>main trade area</u> residents are estimated to spend 5.8% per head less on retail goods and services than the non-metropolitan New South Wales benchmark, with lower spending per capita on both food and nonfood items (refer Chart 2.2).
- 2.15 As shown in Table 2.3, main trade area retail expenditure is currently estimated at \$955 million and is projected to increase by 6.1% per annum to exceed \$1.7 billion by 2021. All spending forecasts presented in this report are in inflated dollars (assuming annual inflation of 3%) and include GST.
- 2.16 Table 2.4 provides a summary of the total trade area retail expenditure by key commodity group. Take-home food and packaged liquor spending accounts for around 47% of total main trade area retail expenditure.



3 Competition

3.1 Tables 3.1 and 3.2 detail the relevant competitive facilities located both within and beyond the main trade area defined for the WTC. The locations of these centres are also illustrated on Map 3.

Within the trade area

- 3.2 Within the main trade area, Lake Haven Shopping Centre is the most relevant competitive facility to the proposed WTC. It is located some 4.5 km to the east. The centre, which contains just over 30,000 sq.m of retail floorspace, is anchored by Kmart (7,985 sq.m), Woolworths (3,464 sq.m) and Coles (4,244 sq.m) majors, which are all believed to be trading strongly. It is estimated that the Kmart dds records sales of over \$4,000 per sq.m, while the combined supermarket floorspace is estimated to be trading at levels in excess of \$10,000 per sq.m. The centre also includes over 100 retail and non-retail specialty shops as well as a significant provision of mini-major tenants (including major national brands such as The Reject Shop, Go-Lo and Best & Less).
- 3.3 The Lake Haven MegaCentre, a homemaker/bulky goods centre, is also located opposite the Lake Haven Shopping Centre and contains a substantial provision of bulky goods floorspace (which has a high representation of national brands). These two facilities in combination currently offer the most extensive provision of retail facilities provided within the main trade area and are a major destination for the regional population.
- 3.4 The closest supermarket based facility to the proposed WTC is the freestanding Coles supermarket of around 1,500 sq.m at Wadalba Shopping Centre, which is located some 3 km to the south.
- 3.5 Village Central Wyong is the only supermarket facility currently provided at Wyong and contains around 6,200 sq.m of retail floorspace provided over two levels. The Coles supermarket anchoring the centre is provided on the lower level, with accessibility to carparking provisions provided on the upper and undercroft levels.



A development application for an Aldi-anchored supermarket facility at Wyong was approved in 2009, but has not yet commenced construction. This facility is likely to contain an Aldi supermarket of around 1,500 sq.m in addition to a further 2,000 sq.m of retail/commercial floorspace. For the purposed of this assessment, this facility is assumed to be trading by 2014.

- 3.6 Northlakes Shopping Centre is a relatively new shopping facility located in San Remo, around 7km to the north-east of the proposed WTC. It is anchored by a 3,490 sq.m Coles supermarket and commenced trading in late 2008. The centre also contains a 1st Choice Liquor Superstore.
- 3.7 There is a freestanding Coles supermarket of approximately 2,200 sq.m at Toukley, located some 7.5 km to the east of the WTC site. A 1,310 sq.m Franklins supermarket has also recently opened at Toukley, while a new Aldi store has commenced trading at Nooraville, further to the east.
- 3.8 In the secondary north east sector at Lake Munmorah, a Woolworths supermarket of some 3,800 sq.m has been proposed, and a rezoning application is currently before Council. At this stage, this store is not expected to be trading until 2015/16.
- 3.9 The other existing and proposed supermarket facilities located within the total trade area are considered to be of limited competitive relevance to the proposed WTC, as they serve (and will serve) different catchments in their respective areas

Beyond trade area

3.10 Westfield Tuggerah is the major retail destination in the region, located beyond the WTC trade area, around 10 km to the south-west. Westfield Tuggerah is a major regional shopping centre, and currently contains over 84,000 sq.m of retail. The centre is currently anchored by a David Jones department store, Big W and Target discount department stores, in addition to Woolworths, Coles and Aldi supermarkets. A wide range of mini-major stores (including a Dan Murphy's liquor store) and over 220 specialty shops (retail and non-retail) are also provided at the centre, including a high representation of national brand tenants.



Westfield Tuggerah has now been approved for substantial expansion, to occur at the eastern end of the centre, which will see the addition of a Kmart dds (of around 6,750 sq.m), new mini-major tenants, as well as additional retail specialty shops. It is our understanding that a 12,000 sq.m Myer department store will also be provided at the centre in 2014.

3.11 The only other significant retail facility of relevance (to the proposed WTC), which is provided beyond the total trade area, is the Stockland Bay Village sub-regional shopping centre. This facility, located some 20 km south of Warnervale, contains a Kmart dds as well as a triple supermarket offer based on Woolworths, Coles and Aldi supermarkets. Over 100 retail and non-retail specialty stores are also provided at the centre.

Cinema facilities

- 3.12 The Warnervale Town Centre development is proposed to include cinemas on an upper level. There are currently no existing cinema facilities located in the Warnervale trade area. Beyond the trade area, to the south-west and south-east, respectively, cinemas are provided at Westfield Tuggerah and The Entrance.
- 3.13 The Westfield Tuggerah cinema offer currently comprises 8 screens, operated by Greater Union, and located on the upper level of the shopping centre. This facility benefits from the complementary outdoor dining and entertainment precinct provided at the front of the centre along Wyong Road.
- 3.14 The independent Majestic Cinemas at The Entrance is a 2-screen cinema complex, located in the heart of The Entrance village. The cinema screens a wide variety of films from the latest blockbusters to independent and foreign movies.



4 Sales potential

- 4.1 On the basis of the preceding commentary and analysis, this subsection of the report first assesses the sales potential of the proposed major tenants (Big W and Woolworths).
- 4.2 Following the findings in relation to the proposed centre's major tenant potential, a detailed assessment of the appropriate and supportable provision of mini-major and specialty floorspace has been carried out. The potential for the cinema complex in the proposed stage 1 development has also been considered.

Big W potential

- 4.3 The key factors that we have taken into account in assessing the sales potential of a Big W dds at the proposed WTC are as follows:
 - The 8,570 sq.m Big W proposed at the WTC would be the only store to represent the brand in the region to the north of Wyong. The only other Big W store in the area is currently provided beyond the defined trade area, as part of a double dds offer at Westfield Tuggerah (located some 10km to the south). Given the extensive regional draw of Westfield Tuggerah, the two dds traders at the centre would serve a large portion of the defined total trade area for the proposed WTC.
 - Kmart at Lake Haven Shopping Centre is currently the only dds provided within the main trade area and is estimated to be achieving sales in the order of \$4,000 per sq.m, which is significantly above the average of around \$3,600 per sq.m for similar stores in single dds based centre in Australia. This performance is particularly notable, in that the Kmart brand is well represented in the area, with two other stores at Westfield Tuggerah and Stockland Bay Village. The performance of the Lake Haven Kmart suggests excellent potential for a Big W store at the WTC, especially when considering that in general Big W stores outperform Kmart stores by a considerable margin on a sales per sq.m basis.



- A catchment of around 40,000 persons would typically be required to sustain a discount department store of the size proposed at WTC, which is larger than the typical 7,000 sq.m footprint of a full-line store. Based on this metric and taking into account the Kmart at Lake Haven, the total trade area population in 2016 (of over 118,000 residents) could comfortably support a Big W of the size proposed at the WTC, even allowing for the likelihood that a substantial proportion of trade area residents would continue to utilise the dds facilities at Westfield Tuggerah (proposed to be expanded in 2014 to include a new Kmart).
- Further, strong population growth is expected in the trade area in future, with some 24,000 additional residents expected over the period to 2021. More than half of this future population growth is to be concentrated in the primary sector, which will be the key catchment area for the proposed Big W at the WTC.
- 4.4 Taking the above into account, Table 4.1 details the projected sales potential for an 8,570 sq.m Big W dds at the proposed WTC, which has been assumed to start trading in 2013/14. All forecast sales in this report include retail inflation, assumed to average 3% per annum, and include GST.
- 4.5 Sales for Big W at the WTC are projected at \$26.1 million in 2014, reflecting a solid sales density of \$3,046 per sq.m. These sales are projected to grow at an average rate of around 6.3% per annum, to reach \$39.9 million (\$4,658 per sq.m) by 2021.
- 4.6 It is our view that the introduction of the Big W store at the WTC in 2014 would result in a sales impact in the order of \$3-\$4 million on the Big W store at Westfield Tuggerah at that date.



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Supermarket potential

- 4.7 The assessment of sales potential for the Woolworths supermarket at the proposed WTC takes into consideration the following factors:
 - Typically in Australia, a full scale supermarket is provided for every 9,000–10,000 persons. The defined primary trade area sector alone is forecast to accommodate over 23,000 persons in 2014, and therefore, could support two major supermarkets. These primary sector residents are currently believed to be predominantly utilising the Coles and Woolworths supermarkets at Lake Haven Shopping Centre, which are estimated to be achieving a combined sales density of nearly \$12,000 per sq.m. These strong trading levels indicate solid potential for a major supermarket at the proposed WTC in 2014 and beyond.
 - The demand for supermarket floorspace is further highlighted by the currently limited provision of supermarket floorspace in the main trade area, which is estimated at only 183 sq.m per 1,000 persons. This is significantly lower than both the New South Wales and Australian averages of 284 sq.m and 321 sq.m per 1,000 residents, respectively.
- 4.8 Based on the above factors, Table 4.1 details the forecast sales potential for the proposed Woolworths supermarket of 5,080 sq.m in the WTC. The store is assumed to start trading in 2013/14, and would be well placed to trade strongly as the sole supermarket operator at the centre.
- 4.9 As shown, Woolworths sales at the WTC in 2014 are projected at around \$46.9 million, reflecting an average productivity level of \$9,237 per sq.m.
- 4.10 The proposed Woolworths supermarket at the WTC is expected to have a substantial impact on the existing Woolworths supermarket at Lake Haven Shopping Centre, estimated at \$8-\$9 million in 2014. However, the existing Woolworths store at Lake Haven Shopping Centre will continue to trade very successfully. These impacts are likely to be comfortably absorbed in the longer term, with continuing strong population growth in the primary sector.



Mini-major potential

- 4.11 A Two mini-major tenants are proposed in the WTC stage 1 retail development, across 1,630 sq.m in combination, these stores will be located within the mall, a short distance south of the Woolworths store.
- 4.12 In considering the suitable mini-major tenants to be included at the WTC, we have reviewed the current supply of mini-major tenants in the region, and identified that a large format fresh produce store, a discount variety store and/or a large format discount chemist / Priceline pharmacy would be appropriate mini-major tenants to be added to the proposed centre.
- 4.13 In terms of the most likely operator for a large format fresh produce store, it is our view that a large Harris Farm Market would be a good fit, albeit providing strong competition to the Woolworths fresh food offer. Harris Farm typically operates store formats ranging from 600-900 sq.m in size, however, do also have a few stores operating in boxes larger than 1,000 sq.m. The brand has some representation in the broader region, with stores located at Glendale to the north and Erina to the south. The proposed WTC would offer a good opportunity for Harris farm to penetrate a growing market and be located within a major sub-regional facility, which has a strong food retail offer based on a full scale Woolworths supermarket offer.
- 4.14 Given the provision of major national branded discount variety stores (such as The Reject Shop and Go-Lo) in the region at Lake Haven and Tuggerah, it is our view that Crazy Clarks would be an appropriate second mini-major tenant at the proposed WTC. Crazy Clarks have a substantial network of stores in non-metropolitan locations throughout Australia (generally operating stores of around 900-1,000 sq.m), but do not have significant representation in the Central Coast region of NSW. Such a store would complement the non-food retail offer at the completed centre, and serve as a further customer generator along with the Big W discount department store.



- 4.15 Given the typical store sizes of each of our recommended mini-major stores, it is our recommendation that the Harris Farm or discount chemist/Priceline be provided in the smaller mini-major box, at say 780 sq.m, with Crazy Clarks to be located in the larger box of 850 sq.m.
- 4.16 Table 4.2 details the sales potential for with the mini-major tenants we recommend for inclusion at the proposed WTC. As shown, the combined mini-major sales at the centre (assuming Harris Farm and Crazy Clarks are secured) are projected to total \$9.4 million in 2014, and are expected to grow at around 6.5% per annum to reach \$14.5 million by 2021. In the event that a discount pharmacy, rather than Harris Farm is secured for the 780 sq.m tenancy, these sales would be expected to be \$1.0-1.5 million lower in 2014.

Specialty potential

- 4.17 In determining the supportable provision of retail specialty floorspace at the proposed WTC, we have taken into account a benchmark based upon a sample of single dds centres across Australia.
- 4.18 Information from other centres, and averages compiled as benchmarks, are of assistance in determining the optimal specialty mix for the WTC. It must be remembered, however, that no two centres are alike, and that substantial variations exist in the amount of specialty floorspace that is provided from centre to centre. These variations often reflect individual constraints there are many similar centres, including a number of highly successful Marketplaces previously developed by Woolworths, where the amount of specialty floorspace is relatively limited because of physical site constraints.
- 4.19 In addition, the amount of specialty floorspace provided in any new centre is also a reflection of the degree of risk which the developer is prepared to take. An amount above the typical level, for example, will involve a greater level of risk, and may take a longer period to lease in full, but can be appropriate for centres (such as the WTC) which will serve growing trade areas.



- 4.20 Given the existing and proposed provision of significant retail facilities at Westfield Tuggerah, as well as the nature of the trade area population, the initial specialty mix of WTC should predominantly contain a conveniencebased offer to support the Woolworths supermarket, with more limited apparel and household goods offers. However, considering the significant provision of major and mini-major floorspace proposed at the WTC and the fact that the centre will be servicing an area planned for strong growth in the future, it is our view that a larger provision of retail specialty floorspace can be supported, in comparison to the single dds based centre benchmark.
- 4.21 A proportion of the total specialty floorspace to be provided at the centre will be occupied by non-retail uses. We have assumed in this analysis that around 800 sq.m will be devoted to such non-retail uses (such as bank outlets, travel agents, real estate agents and medical practitioners), although the figure could range from 500 sq.m to 1,000 sq.m, depending on the eventual demand from specific tenants.
- 4.22 Taking the above into account, Table 4.3 details the proposed composition of the WTC as recommended by Pitney Bowes. As shown, the proposed centre would contain a total of nearly 21,000 sq.m of retail floorspace, significantly more than the single dds centres benchmark. This greater provision predominantly reflects the large scale footprints that have been allocated to the major stores at the centre.
- 4.23 Based on our analysis of the benchmarks, and having regard to the specific circumstances of WTC in terms of trade area and competitive context, we consider that the proposed provision of around 5,600 sq.m of retail specialty floorspace in Stage 1 is appropriate (or 6,400 sq.m including the allocated non-retail specialty space).



- 4.24 In assessing the sales potential of the recommended specialty floorspace, we have adopted a tenancy mix which we consider would be most appropriate for the site, incorporating the following usages:
 - <u>Food Retail</u> A comprehensive provision of food operators, including a baker, butcher, patisserie, delicatessen, health food/vitamin store and seafood operator, should be located in close proximity to the supermarket component of the centre, ideally in the vicinity of the Woolworths supermarket. National brand retailers that could be incorporated in this category, and which generally perform well in comparable centres, include:

-	Michel's Patisserie	-	Joe's Meat Market	-	Red Lea Chicken
-	Bush's Fresh	-	Cut Price Deli	-	Healthy Life
	Meats				
-	De Costi	-	Lenard's Chicken	-	Go Vita
	Seafoods				
-	Baker's Delight	-	Brumby's		

- Food Catering The WTC could incorporate a small food court with 5-6 takeaway food stores, as well as a few external-facing cafés or restaurants. These facilities would appeal to both the resident and worker populations in the region. In addition to a selection of independent operators, the food catering mix at the proposed centre could include:
 - Subway McDonalds KFC
 - Boost Juice Gloria Jeans Coffee Donut King
 - Muffin Break Wendy's
- <u>Apparel (including Jewellery)</u> Given the substantial provisions of apparel stores available at Westfield Tuggerah, this category is recommended to include 16-17 retailers. The apparel traders incorporated at the WTC would ideally include a high representation of national brands, including:

- Just Jeans - Cotton On - Lowes



-	Jeans West	-	Cotton On Body	-	Jays Jays
-	Diva Accessories	-	Rockmans	-	Sussan
-	Millers Fashion Club	-	Strandbags	-	SES
-	Bras N Things	-	Valley Girl	-	Sportsgirl
-	Man to Man	-	Rivers	-	Michael Hill Jeweller
-	Sunglass Hut	-	Angus & Coote	-	Prouds
-	Goldmark	-	Payless Shoes	-	Ed Harry
-	Roger David	-	Athlete's Foot		

Considering that the new residents moving into the area in the future are likely to be family oriented, it is our view that 1-2 children's apparel stores (such as Pumpkin Patch) are also likely to be supportable.

 Household Goods – Again given the substantial provision of floorspace provided in this category at both Tuggerah and Lake Haven, around 2-3 household goods traders could be provided, including homewares and gift stores such as:

- Dick Smith Electronics -	Adairs	-	House
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- Homeart Mansours King of Knives
- Howards Storage World
- <u>General/Leisure</u> Essential traders in these categories include a newsagent and a pharmacy, which should ideally be provided in tenancies of at least 200-250 sq.m in size. Other tenants in these categories typically include a music shop, sports store, book store, tobacconist, florist, pet store and/or mobile phone outlets. Specific retailers that could be incorporated in these categories, in addition to a leading newsagency and pharmacy, include:

Sanity	 Amart Allsports 	 Pets Paradise
--------	-------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

- EB Games/GAME Angus & Robertson Rabbit Photo
- Allphones Cigarettes/tobacco Dymocks



- <u>Retail Services</u> The range of retail services could include 1-2 optometrists/sunglasses retailers and up to 3-4 hairdressing/beauty services. A key cutting/shoe repairs kiosk, a dry cleaner/clothing alterations shop and a video rental store are other tenants which should be considered in this category. The best performers in similar centres include:
 - Just Cuts Mister Minit OPSM
 - Christiane's Hair Design Pearl Nails The Optical Shop
 - Price Attack

Cinema potential

- 4.25 The current average provision of cinema screens throughout New South Wales is estimated at 11 screens per 100,000 persons. Based on this metric the total trade area population of over 118,000 residents in 2014 could support around 13 screens. However, as noted previously in Section 3, there are no screens provided within the main trade area, and a total of 10 cinema screens are available in the broader region at Westfield Tuggerah and The Entrance, indicating scope for additional cinema facilities.
- 4.26 Based on statistics sourced from the Australian Film Commission, the Australian average annual cinema visitation per person is 7.3 visits, with a range of 5.6 – 9.3 visits across different age brackets.
- 4.27 Table 4.4 applies these average visitation statistics to the demographic profile of each trade area sector, to determine the potential level of cinema attendance by trade area residents. As shown, total trade area annual cinema attendance is estimated at over 740,000 visits.
- 4.28 Major cinema facilities throughout Australia, containing 8-9 screens require approximately 400,000 visits annually to be sustainable. On this basis, there would appear to be potential for a cinema complex at the proposed WTC. However, existing facilities at Westfield Tuggerah, and to a lesser extent The Entrance, would be expected to draw a significant proportion of these potential visits.



4.29 Table 4.4 further illustrates the indicative market shares (of cinema visitation) that a cinema at the proposed WTC could be expected to achieve, given the competitive landscape. As shown, the forecast attendance on this basis is around 270,000 visits in 2014. As a result, it is our view that there is a moderate possibility of attracting a major national brand cinema to the WTC in its first phase of development. A smaller, independent 2-3 screen cinema complex may be viable, but such a facility will likely trade at below average levels (given the competitive environment) which may not be sustainable. A larger cinema centre may be considered over the longer term, beyond the forecast period.

Total centre potential

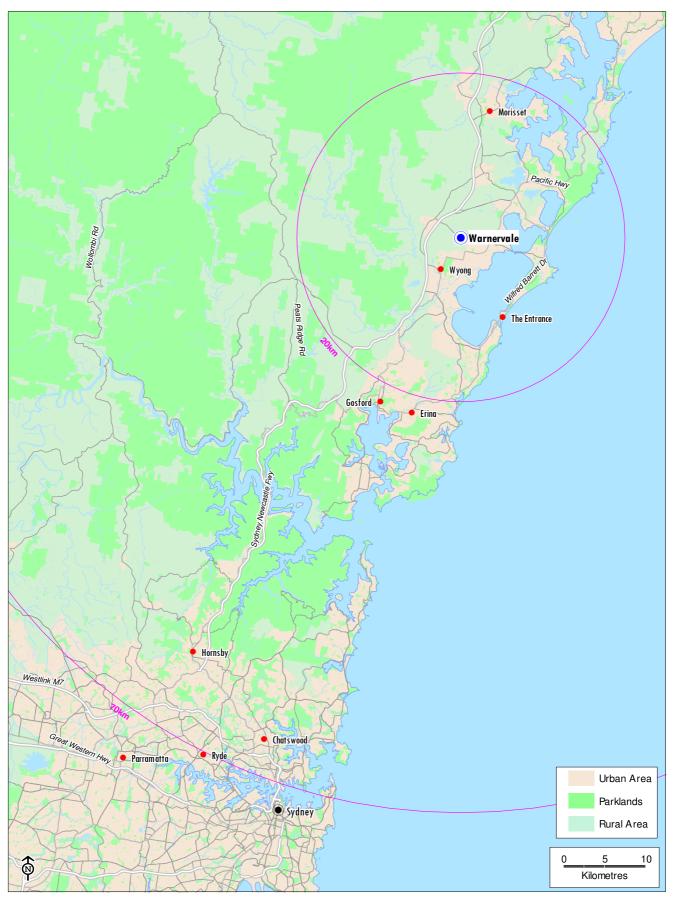
- 4.30 The ultimate sales potential for retail and non-retail specialty floorspace at the proposed WTC will depend on the performance of the major anchor tenants, and to a lesser degree, also on the mini-major tenants at the centre. These larger tenants act as key customer attractors, with specialty shops benefiting from the associated customer flows.
- 4.31 As shown in Table 4.5, the retail floorspace provision proposed at the WTC is projected to generate total sales of \$125.1 million in 2014, which is slightly lower than the single dds based centre benchmark. Total major store sales are forecast at \$73 million, which represents 58.4% of total retail sales at the centre. The retail specialty floorspace at the centre is projected to record sales of almost \$43 million, reflecting an average trading level of \$7,631 per sq.m. This is also slightly lower than the single dds benchmark of \$8,266 per sq.m, but nevertheless very solid for a new, greenfield shopping centre development.
- 4.32 New retail facilities typically do not achieve their ultimate trading potential in their first year of operation, with sales levels consolidating and growing over a period of time after establishment. This is also expected to be the case with the proposed WTC, with sales expected to increase steadily over time as the main trade area experiences strong population growth.



- 4.33 The forecast performance of all retail components at the proposed WTC in 2014 are solid, especially considering that these sales reflect the Day 1 potential for a major retail facility serving a growing population. As shown in Table 4.6, the sales performance of the centre is projected to increase significantly over the forecast period to 2021.
- 4.34 Table 4.7 summarises the projected market shares for the proposed WTC in 2013. Once completed, the centre is projected to attract a 7.5% market share of the total trade area retail expenditure in 2014, with a 7.0% share of food spending and an 8.2% share of non-food spending. In the main trade area, the WTC is projected to achieve a 9.2% share of food spending and a 8.8% share of the non-food spending. The forecast primary sector market share of 16.9% of food and groceries reflects the strong role the centre would play in the market, as the major food retail destination.
- 4.35 Table 4.8 summarise projected gross rents for the indicative retail specialty floorspace at the completed WTC in 2014. Gross rental levels for the 5,600 sq.m of retail specialty floorspace are projected at \$950-\$1,000 per sq.m, reflecting an occupancy cost ratio of 13%.

List of maps, tables and charts

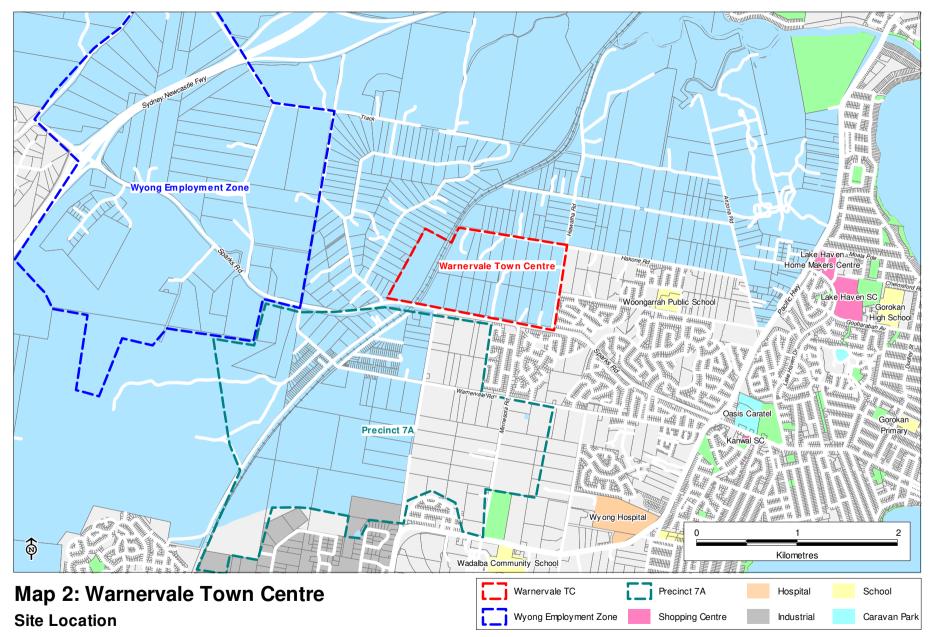
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Map 1: Warnervale Regional Context



List of maps, tables and charts







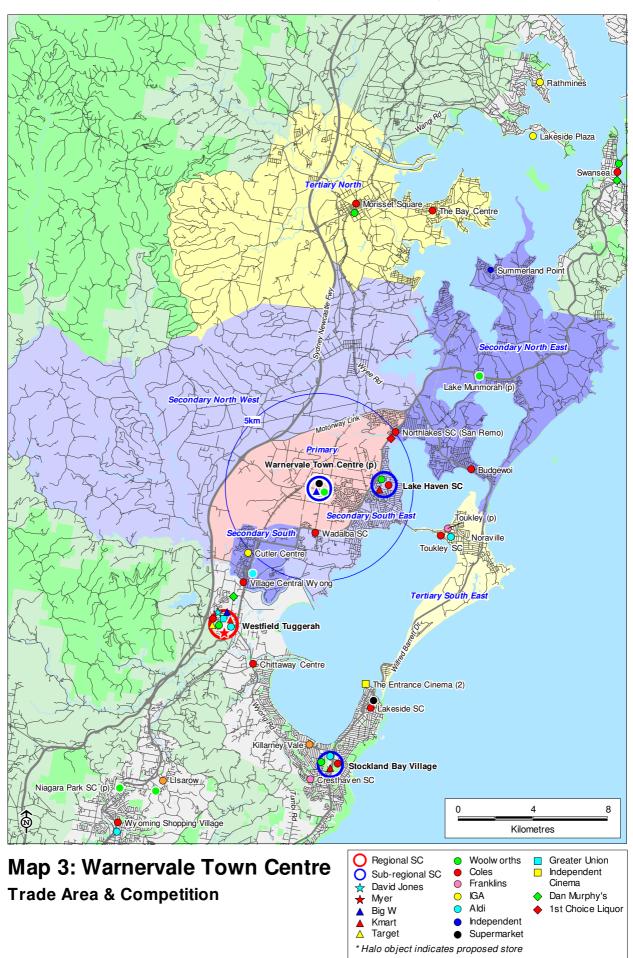




Table 1.1
Warnervale TC - Proposed centre composition*

	G	LA
	(sq.m)	(% of retail)
Major tenants		
DDS	8,570	41.0%
Supermarket	<u>5,080</u>	<u>24.3%</u>
Total majors	13,650	65.4%
Mini-majors*	1,630	7.8%
Total retail spec.	<u>5,600</u>	<u>26.8%</u>
Total Retail	20,880	100.0%
Non-retail	810	
Total centre	21,690	



	Esti	mated popula	tion	Forecast population				
Trade area	2001	2006	2011	2014	2016	2021		
Primary sector	8,950	14,500	19,650	23,250	25,850	32,350		
Secondary sectors								
Nth-east	27,360	28,330	28,980	29,490	29,890	31,390		
 Sth-east 	21,980	22,200	22,750	23,200	23,500	24,500		
South	6,680	6,850	7,100	7,250	7,350	7,700		
Nth-west	4,530	4,570	4,770	<u>5,160</u>	<u>5,500</u>	<u>6,750</u>		
Total secondary	60,550	61,950	63,600	65,100	66,240	70,340		
Main trade area	69,500	76,450	83,250	88,350	92,090	102,690		
Tertiary sectors								
North	16,260	17,810	18,810	19,470	19,970	21,970		
Sth-east	<u>10,110</u>	<u>10,230</u>	<u>10,530</u>	<u>10,830</u>	<u>11,070</u>	<u>11,720</u>		
Total tertiary	26,370	28,040	29,340	30,300	31,040	33,690		
Total trade area	95,870	104,490	112,590	118,650	123,130	136,380		
			Average	e annual grow	th (no.)			
Trade area		2001-06	2006-11	2011-14	2014-16	2016-21		
Primary sector		1,110	1,030	1,200	1,300	1,300		
Secondary sectors								
Nth-east		194	130	170	200	300		
Sth-east		44	110	150	150	200		
South		34	50	50	50	70		
Nth-west		<u>8</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>170</u>	<u>250</u>		
Total secondary		280	330	500	570	820		
Main trade area		1,390	1,360	1,700	1,870	2,120		
Tertiary sectors								
North		310	200	220	250	400		
 Sth-east 		<u>24</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>130</u>		
Total tertiary		334	260	320	370	530		
Total trade area		1,724	1,620	2,020	2,240	2,650		
			Averag	e annual grow	()			
Trade area		2001-06	2006-11	2011-14	2014-16	2016-21		
Primary sector		10.1%	6.3%	5.8%	5.4%	4.6%		
Secondary sectors								
 Nth-east 		0.7%	0.5%	0.6%	0.7%	1.0%		
 Sth-east 		0.2%	0.5%	0.7%	0.6%	0.8%		
South		0.5%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.9%		
Nth-west		<u>0.2%</u>	<u>0.9%</u>	<u>2.7%</u>	<u>3.2%</u>	<u>4.2%</u>		
Total secondary		0.5%	0.5%	0.8%	0.9%	1.2%		
Main trade area		1.9%	1.7%	2.0%	2.1%	2.2%		
Tertiary sectors								
North		1.8%	1.1%	1.2%	1.3%	1.9%		
 Sth-east 		<u>0.2%</u>	<u>0.6%</u>	<u>0.9%</u>	<u>1.1%</u>	<u>1.1%</u>		
Total tertiary		1.2%	0.9%	1.1%	1.2%	1.7%		
Total trade area		1.7%	1.5%	1.8%	1.9%	2.1%		

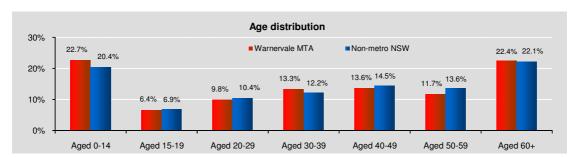
Table 2.1

Source: ABS; Pitney Bowes Business Insight

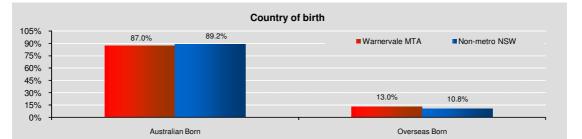


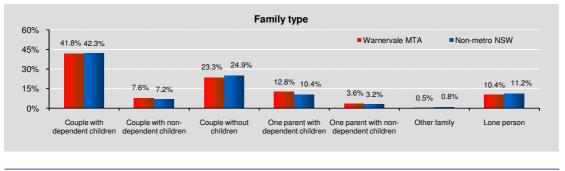
Chart 2.1

Warnervale main trade area - socio-demographic profile, 2006









Source: ABS Census of Population & Housing, 2006; Pitney Bowes Business Insight

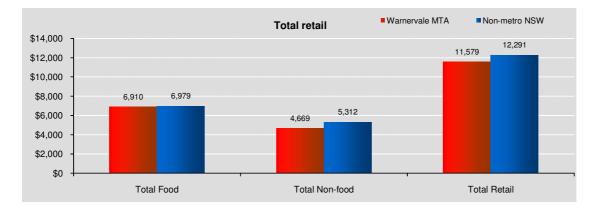


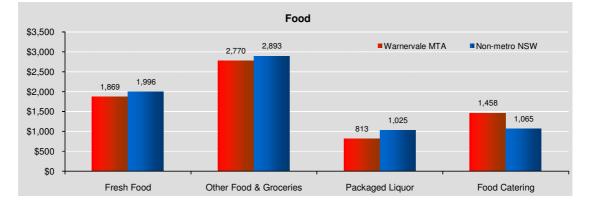
	Primary sector	Nth-east	Secondar Sth-east	y sectors South	Nth-west	Main TA	Tertiary North	Sectors Sth-east	Total TA	Non-metro NSW avg.
Per capita income	\$21,279	\$19,784	\$20,389	\$19,569	\$25,289	\$20,553	\$21,624	\$21,750	\$20,853	\$22,878
Variation from benchmark	-7.0%	-13.5%	-10.9%	-14.5%	10.5%	-10.2%	-5.5%	-4.9%	-8.9%	
Avg. household income	\$63,711	\$48,789	\$49,935	\$48,339	\$71,539	\$52,757	\$53,851	\$47,556	\$52,360	\$56,695
Variation from benchmark	12.4%	-13.9%	-11.9%	-14.7%	26.2%	-6.9%	-5.0%	-16.1%	-7.6%	
Avg. household size	3.0	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.5
Age distribution (% of pop'n)										
Aged 0-14	29.1%	21.1%	20.7%	22.2%	21.9%	22.7%	18.9%	16.2%	21.4%	20.4%
Aged 15-19	5.4%	6.4%	6.7%	7.3%	6.9%	6.4%	6.7%	5.9%	6.4%	6.9%
Aged 20-29	10.3%	9.1%	10.4%	11.2%	8.3%	9.8%	9.7%	10.2%	9.8%	10.4%
Aged 30-39	17.4%	12.4%	12.0%	13.2%	13.2%	13.3%	11.5%	10.6%	12.8%	12.2%
Aged 40-49	12.3%	13.7%	13.4%	14.1%	16.2%	13.6%	13.1%	12.0%	13.3%	14.5%
Aged 50-59	9.4%	11.7%	12.4%	12.3%	15.4%	11.7%	12.6%	12.5%	11.9%	13.6%
Aged 60+	16.0%	25.6%	24.3%	19.7%	18.1%	22.4%	27.5%	32.6%	24.3%	22.1%
Average age	33.4	39.8	39.8	37.1	37.9	38.3	41.5	44.6	39.4	39.1
Housing status (% of h'holds)										
Owner/purchaser	76.0%	77.3%	71.2%	61.0%	83.7%	74.2%	72.9%	64.2%	73.0%	71.4%
Renter	23.3%	22.3%	27.6%	38.8%	15.0%	25.1%	22.8%	34.4%	25.6%	27.6%
Other	0.7%	0.4%	1.2%	0.2%	1.3%	0.7%	4.3%	1.5%	1.4%	1.0%
Birthplace (% of pop'n)										
Australian born	85.5%	88.2%	87.1%	84.3%	88.4%	87.0%	85.1%	87.9%	86.8%	89.2%
Overseas born	14.5%	11.8%	12.9%	15.7%	11.6%	13.0%	14.9%	12.1%	13.2%	10.8%
• Asia	1.5%	0.8%	1.2%	2.9%	0.9%	1.2%	1.4%	1.0%	1.2%	1.3%
Europe	8.9%	8.6%	8.4%	7.9%	7.8%	8.5%	8.0%	8.5%	8.4%	7.1%
• Other	4.1%	2.5%	3.3%	4.9%	2.8%	3.3%	5.5%	2.6%	3.6%	2.5%
Family fype (% households)										
Couple with dep't children	53.5%	39.3%	38.8%	38.0%	48.4%	41.8%	40.2%	30.7%	40.3%	42.3%
Couple with non-dep't children	6.4%	7.7%	7.8%	6.8%	10.2%	7.6%	7.2%	7.0%	7.5%	7.2%
Couple without children	20.4%	26.1%	22.7%	19.1%	23.2%	23.3%	27.4%	27.5%	24.5%	24.9%
One parent with dep't children	12.5%	12.3%	13.4%	16.9%	7.8%	12.8%	10.6%	12.4%	12.4%	10.4%
One parent with non-dep't child.	2.0%	3.3%	4.2%	5.7%	2.6%	3.6%	3.5%	4.0%	3.6%	3.2%
Other family	0.4%	0.5%	0.5%	0.8%	0.5%	0.5%	0.8%	1.0%	0.6%	0.8%
Lone person	4.8%	10.9%	12.6%	12.6%	7.3%	10.4%	10.2%	17.3%	11.1%	11.2%

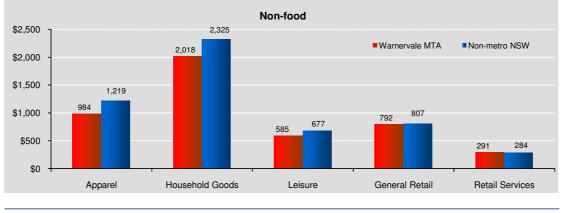


Chart 2.2

Warnervale trade area - retail spending per person, 2010/11*







*Including GST

Source: MarketInfo; Pitney Bowes Business Insight



30

Year ending	Primary		Secondar	y sectors		Main
June	sector	Nth-east	Sth-east	South	Nth-west	ТА
2011	223	331	260	79	63	955
2012	243	343	269	82	66	1,003
2013	267	358	282	86	70	1,063
2014	294	375	295	90	75	1,128
2015	323	392	309	94	80	1,197
2016	354	410	323	98	86	1,272
2017	387	430	338	103	93	1,351
2018	420	452	355	108	101	1,436
2019	457	475	372	114	109	1,527
2020	498	499	390	119	118	1,624
2021	541	524	409	125	128	1,728
Average annual growth (\$M)						
2011-2021	32	19	15	5	7	77
Average annual growth (%)						
2011-2021	9.3%	4.7%	4.6%	4.7%	7.4%	6.1%

Table 2.3

Source: MarketInfo; Pitney Bowes Business Insight



Table 2.4

Warnervale main trade area - retail expenditure by product group (\$M), 2011-2021*

Year ending June	Food & liquor	Food catering	Apparel	Household goods	Leisure	General retail	Retail services
2011	450	120	81	166	48	65	24
2012	476	126	85	173	50	69	25
2013	504	134	89	183	53	73	26
2014	535	143	95	194	56	78	28
2015	568	152	100	206	59	83	29
2016	603	162	106	218	63	88	31
2017	641	173	112	232	66	94	33
2018	681	185	119	246	70	101	35
2019	724	197	127	261	75	107	37
2020	769	210	135	277	79	115	39
2021	818	224	143	294	84	122	42
Average annual	growth (\$M)						
2011-2021	37	10	6	13	4	6	2
Average annual g	growth (%)						
2011-2021	6.2%	6.4%	5.8%	5.9%	5.7%	6.5%	5.7%

Source: MarketInfo; Pitney Bowes Business Insight



	Retail		Dist. by road
Centre	GLA	Major traders	from Warnervale T
	(sq.m)		(km)
Sub Regional Shopping Ce	entres		
Lake Haven SC	30,600	Kmart (7,985), Coles (4,244)	4.5
		Woolworths (3,464)	
Supermarket Based Shopp	ing Centres		
Wadalba SC	2,300	Coles (1,500)	3.0
Cutler Centre	1,500	IGA (1,000)	4.0
Wyong	<u>11,200</u>		6.0
Village Central Wyong	6,200	Coles (2,801)	
Other	5,000	Aldi (p)	
Northlakes SC	5,000	Coles (3,490)	7.3
<u>Toukley</u>	<u>5,500</u>		7.6
Toukley SC	3,500	Coles (2,200)	
Other	2,000	Franklins (1,310)	
Noraville	2,500	Aldi (1,580)	9.0
Lake Munmorah	10,000	Woolworths (3,800) (p)	13.6
Budgewoi	3,000	Coles (2,800)	14.8
<u>Morisset</u>	<u>15,300</u>		22.0
 Morisset Square 	10,900	Target (1,654), Coles (3,834)	
 Morisset Marketplace 	4,400	Woolworths (3,075)	
Summerland Point	1,000	Foodworks (650)	24.0
Bonnells Bay SC	1,000	IGA (600)	27.0

Source: Property Council of Australia; Pitney Bowes Business Insight



Table 3.2

Warnervale TC schedule of competing retail facilities beyond total trade area

Centre	Retail GLA	Major traders	Dist. by road from Warnervale TC
	(sq.m)		(km)
Regional Shopping Centr	es		
Westfield Tuggerah	<u>101,140</u>		10.0
• Existing	84,600	David Jones (13,198), Target (7,169),	
		Big W (7,060), Woolworths (5,100), Coles (3	,570)
• Proposed	16,540	Myer (12,000)	
Sub Regional Shopping C	Centres		
Stockland Bay Village	25,100	Kmart (7,587), Coles (5,135),	20.0
		Woolworths (3,600)	
Supermark Based Shoppi	ing Centres		
The Entrance			18.8
Lakeside SC	5,000	Coles (3,084)	
Other	6,800	Unknown supermarket (2,360) (p)	
Chittway Centre	3,000	Coles (1,470)	11.8
Cresthaven SC	3,000	Franklins (1,200)	23.7
Niagara Park SC		Woolworths (3,200) (p)	25.0

Table 4.1

Warnervale TC major tenant sales potential, 2014-2021* Year ending Sales potential (\$M) Big W June Woolworths Total 2014 73.0 26.1 46.9 2015 27.7 50.3 78.0 2016 29.4 52.6 82.0 2017 31.2 56.3 87.6 2018 93.5 33.2 60.3 2019 35.3 99.9 64.6 2020 37.5 69.2 106.8 2021 39.9 74.2 114.1 6.3% Avg. ann. growth, 2014-2021 6.8% 6.6%

*Inflated dollars & including GST

Source: Pitney Bowes Business Insight



Table 4.2

Warnervale TC mini-major sales potential, 2014-2021*

Year ending	Sales potential (\$M)						
June	Harris Farm	Crazy Clarks	Total				
2014	7.0	2.3	9.4				
2015	7.5	2.5	10.0				
2016	7.9	2.6	10.5				
2017	8.4	2.8	11.2				
2018	9.0	3.0	12.0				
2019	9.6	3.2	12.8				
2020	10.2	3.4	13.6				
2021	10.9	3.6	14.5				
Avg. ann. growth, 2014-2021	6.5%	6.4%	6.5%				

Table 4.3

Warnervale TC - Indicative retail composition

Category		r vale TC LA	•	is centres LA	Difference <u>GLA</u>	
	(sq.m)	(% of retail)	(sq.m)	(% of retail)	(sq.m)	
Major tenants						
Big W	8,570	41.0%	6,724	37.8%	1,846	
Woolworths	<u>5,080</u>	<u>24.3%</u>	4,627	<u>26.0%</u>	<u>453</u>	
Total majors	13,650	65.4%	11,350	63.9%	2,300	
Mini-majors	1,630	7.8%	1,621	9.1%	9	
Retail specialities						
Food & liquor	600	2.9%	580	3.3%	20	
Food catering	850	4.1%	554	3.1%	296	
Apparel	1,760	8.4%	1,651	9.3%	109	
Household	420	2.0%	412	2.3%	8	
Leisure	540	2.6%	430	2.4%	110	
General	780	3.7%	702	3.9%	78	
Retail services	<u>650</u>	<u>3.1%</u>	<u>473</u>	<u>2.7%</u>	<u>177</u>	
Total retail spec.	5,600	26.8%	4,801	27.0%	799	
Total centre - retail	20,880	100.0%	17,773	100.0%	3,107	



		Table 4			
	Warnervale	FC - Estimated annu	al cinema potentia	al, 2013/14	
		Est.	Est. Total		
ТА	2014	Cinema	Cinema	Warner	vale TC
Sector	Population	Visits	Attendance	Forecast	Forecast
	(As at June)	(Per person p.a.)	(p.a)	Mkt Shares	Attendance
Primary sector	23,250	5.9	138,144	60.0%	82,886
Secondary Sectors					
Nth-east	29,490	6.3	185,569	37.5%	69,588
Sth-east	23,200	6.4	147,439	35.0%	51,604
South	7,250	6.3	45,805	10.0%	4,580
Nth-west	<u>5,160</u>	<u>6.2</u>	32,232	<u>37.5%</u>	<u>12,087</u>
Main Trade Area	88,350	6.2	549,188	40.2%	220,746
Tertiary Sectors					
North	19,470	6.4	124,922	15.0%	18,738
Sth-east	<u>10,830</u>	<u>6.5</u>	70,765	<u>15.0%</u>	<u>10,615</u>
Total Trade Area	118,650	6.3	744,875	33.6%	250,099
Allowance for Patronag	ge from Beyond Tra	ade Area (@ 7.5% of	Total Attendance)		20,278
Forecast Attendance	at Forecast Ciner	nas			270,377
Source: Pitney Bowes Business	Insight				



Table 4.5

Warnervale TC - Estimated centre sales potential by retail category, 2013/14*

	W	arnervale T	C	Single dds centres			
Category	GLA	Forecas	st sales	GLA	Average sales		
	(sq.m)	(\$'000)	(\$/sq.m)	(sq.m)	(\$'000)	(\$/sq.m)	
Major tenants							
DDS	8,570	26,101	3,046	6,724	26,366	3,922	
Supermarket	<u>5,080</u>	46,926	<u>9,237</u>	4,627	55,608	<u>12,019</u>	
Total majors	13,650	73,027	5,350	11,350	81,974	7,222	
Mini-majors	1,630	9,358	5,741	1,621	8,074	4,980	
Retail specialties							
Food & liquor	600	6,392	10,654	580	6,412	11,049	
Food catering	850	7,294	8,581	554	5,370	9,692	
Apparel	1,760	10,626	6,037	1,651	10,769	6,525	
Household	420	2,590	6,166	412	2,569	6,240	
Leisure	540	4,245	7,862	430	3,891	9,041	
General	780	7,157	9,176	702	7,188	10,245	
Retail services	<u>650</u>	<u>4,431</u>	<u>6,817</u>	<u>473</u>	<u>3,485</u>	<u>7,374</u>	
Total retail spec.	5,600	42,735	7,631	4,801	39,685	8,266	
Total centre - retail	20,880	125,120	5,992	17,773	129,733	7,299	

Source: Pitney Bowes Business Insight

Warnervale	e TC - Estir			otential, 20	14-2021*				
Forecast sales (\$M)									
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
26.1	27.7	29.4	31.2	33.2	35.3	37.5	39.9		
<u>46.9</u>	<u>50.3</u>	<u>52.6</u>	<u>56.3</u>	<u>60.3</u>	<u>64.6</u>	<u>69.2</u>	74.2		
73.0	78.0	82.0	87.6	93.5	99.9	106.8	114.1		
9.4	10.0	10.5	11.2	12.0	12.8	13.6	14.5		
<u>42.7</u>	<u>45.4</u>	<u>48.1</u>	<u>51.2</u>	<u>54.5</u>	<u>58.1</u>	<u>61.9</u>	<u>65.9</u>		
125.1	133.4	140.6	150.0	160.0	170.7	182.2	194.5		
	2014 26.1 <u>46.9</u> 73.0 9.4 <u>42.7</u>	2014 2015 26.1 27.7 46.9 50.3 73.0 78.0 9.4 10.0 42.7 45.4	Warnervale TC - Estimated annu 2014 2015 2016 26.1 27.7 29.4 46.9 50.3 52.6 73.0 78.0 82.0 9.4 10.0 10.5 42.7 45.4 48.1	Forecast s 2014 2015 2016 2017 26.1 27.7 29.4 31.2 46.9 50.3 52.6 56.3 73.0 78.0 82.0 87.6 9.4 10.0 10.5 11.2 42.7 45.4 48.1 51.2	Warnervale TC - Estimated annual sales potential, 20 Forecast sales (\$M) 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 26.1 27.7 29.4 31.2 33.2 46.9 50.3 52.6 56.3 60.3 73.0 78.0 82.0 87.6 93.5 9.4 10.0 10.5 11.2 12.0 42.7 45.4 48.1 51.2 54.5	Warnervale TC - Estimated annual sales potential, 2014-2021* Forecast sales (\$M) 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 26.1 27.7 29.4 31.2 33.2 35.3 46.9 50.3 52.6 56.3 60.3 64.6 73.0 78.0 82.0 87.6 93.5 99.9 9.4 10.0 10.5 11.2 12.0 12.8 42.7 45.4 48.1 51.2 54.5 58.1	Warnervale TC - Estimated annual sales potential, 2014-2021* Forecast sales (\$M) 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 26.1 27.7 29.4 31.2 33.2 35.3 37.5 46.9 50.3 52.6 56.3 60.3 64.6 69.2 73.0 78.0 82.0 87.6 93.5 99.9 106.8 9.4 10.0 10.5 11.2 12.0 12.8 13.6 42.7 45.4 48.1 51.2 54.5 58.1 61.9		

Source: Pitney Bowes Business Insight



		Warnerval	e TC - Esti	mated ma	irket share	s, 2013/1	4*			
	Ret	tail spend (\$M)	Sale	Sales potential (\$M)			Market share		
Trade area	Food	Non-food	Total	Food	Non-food	Total	Food	Non-food	Total	
Primary sector	171.6	122.4	294.0	29.0	14.9	43.8	16.9%	12.1%	14.9%	
Secondary sectors										
Nth-east	228.9	145.8	374.8	6.0	10.6	16.7	2.6%	7.3%	4.4%	
 Sth-east 	179.3	115.5	294.8	20.9	9.5	30.5	11.7%	8.3%	10.3%	
South	55.1	34.7	89.7	2.0	2.3	4.3	3.6%	6.5%	4.7%	
Nth-west	<u>43.2</u>	<u>31.7</u>	<u>74.9</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>2.5</u>	7.0	<u>10.4%</u>	<u>8.0%</u>	<u>9.3%</u>	
Total secondary	506.6	327.7	834.2	33.5	24.9	58.4	6.6%	7.6%	7.0%	
Main TA	678.2	450.0	1,128.2	62.5	39.8	102.2	9.2%	8.8%	9.1%	
Tertiary sectors										
North	145.6	109.6	255.2	0.9	7.2	8.2	0.6%	6.6%	3.2%	
 Sth-east 	82.7	<u>51.4</u>	<u>134.1</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>3.3</u>	<u>3.8</u>	<u>0.5%</u>	<u>6.5%</u>	<u>2.8%</u>	
Total tertiary	228.3	161.0	389.3	1.4	10.5	11.9	0.6%	6.5%	3.1%	
Total TA	906.5	611.1	1,517.5	63.8	50.3	114.2	7.0%	8.2%	7.5%	
Sales from beyond	ТА			<u>5.4</u>	<u>5.6</u>	<u>11.0</u>				
Total centre sales	;			69.2	55.9	125.1				

 Table 4.7

 /arnervale TC - Estimated market shares. 2013/1

*Inflated dollars & including GST

Source: Woolworths; Marketinfo; Pitney Bowes Business Insight

Table 4.8

Table 4.8 Warnervale TC - Estimated specialty sales & rental potential, 2013/14*							
	GLA	Est. sales potential		Gross rents		Occ. cost	
Category	(sq.m)	(\$'000)	(\$/sq.m)	(\$'000)	(\$/sq.m)	Ratio	
Food & liquor	600	6,392	10,654	566	944	8.9%	
Food catering	850	7,294	8,581	1,039	1,222	14.2%	
Apparel	1,760	10,626	6,037	1,681	955	15.8%	
Household	420	2,590	6,166	299	713	11.6%	
Leisure	540	4,245	7,862	440	815	10.4%	
General	780	7,157	9,176	701	899	9.8%	
Retail services	<u>650</u>	<u>4,431</u>	<u>6,817</u>	<u>820</u>	1,262	<u>18.5%</u>	
Total retail spec.	5,600	42,735	7,631	5,547	991	13.0%	

*Inflated dollars & including GST

Source: Client; Pitney Bowes Business Insight





