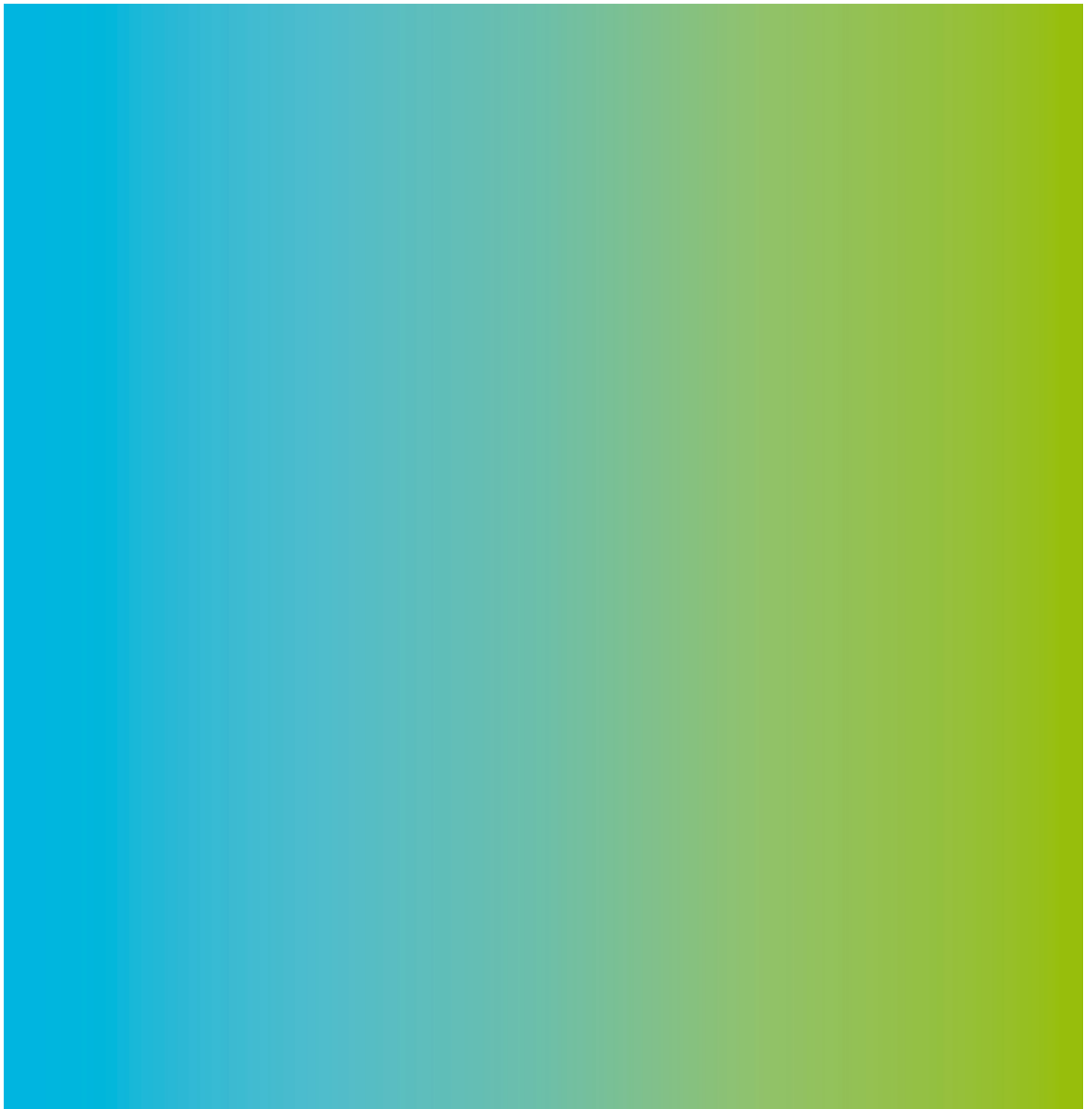


Westmead Hospital

Geotechnical Interpretive Report



Westmead Hospital

Geotechnical Interpretive Report

Prepared for

NSW Health Infrastructure

Prepared by

AECOM Australia Pty Ltd

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23 February 2010

60146790

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Quality Information

Document Westmead Hospital

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Date 23 February 2010

Prepared by Joel Lewis

Reviewed by Peter Redman

Revision History


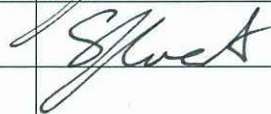
Revision	Revision Date	Details	Authorised	
			Name/Position	Signature
DRAFT	05-Feb-2010	DRAFT	Steve Coates Senior Engineer	
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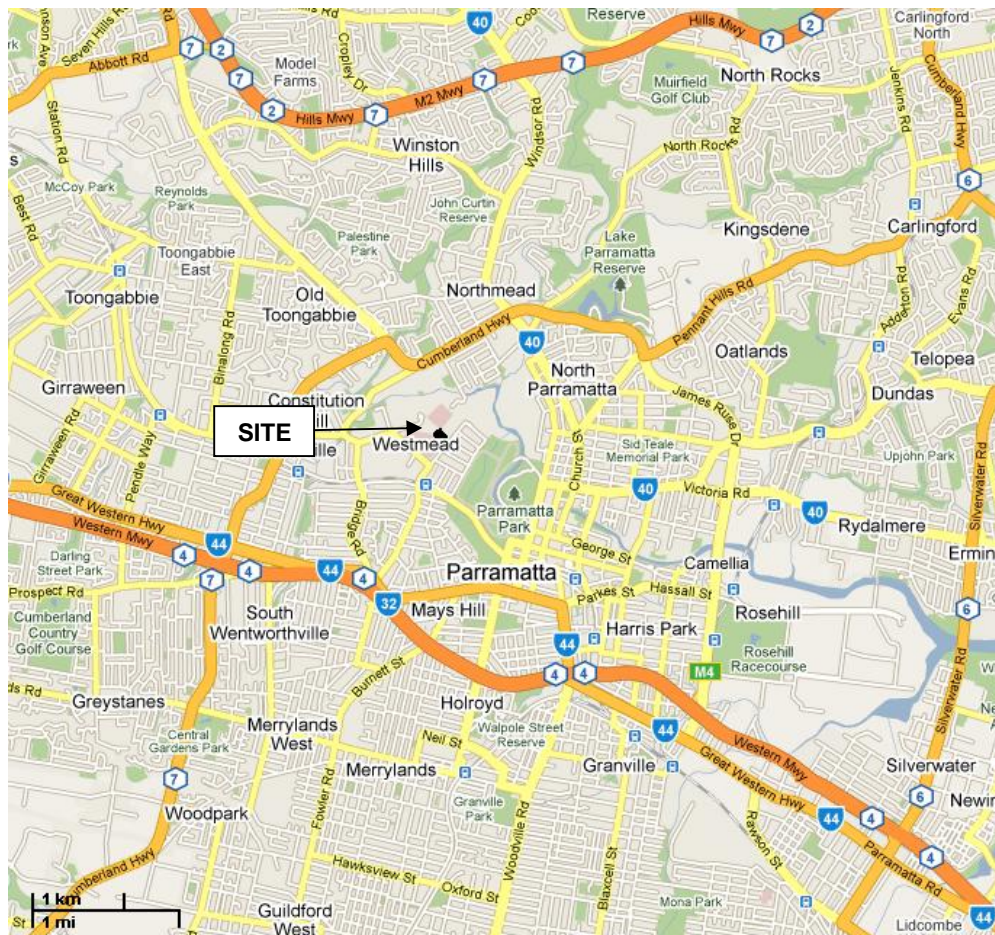
1.0 Introduction

This report presents the results and interpretation of the geotechnical investigation carried out for the proposed new development at Westmead Hospital located at the corner of Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead, NSW. The work was carried out by AECOM Australia Pty Ltd at the request of Frank Hennessey of Capital Insight Pty Ltd on behalf of NSW Health Infrastructure.

The location of the site is shown on Figure 1, Location Plan. The site is approximately 110m by 100m and is currently occupied by two buildings and bitumen car parks. The majority of the site is level approximately RL21m, but rises rapidly at the southern boundary with on Hawkesbury Road to approximately RL25m.

We understand that the proposed development is to be a building of up to 7 storeys with two levels of basement car park.

Figure 1 Site Locality Plan



2.0 Scope of Work

The investigation was generally carried out in accordance with the scope of works as described in our proposal letter to Frank Hennessey, dated 4 December 2009, comprised the following activities:

- Task 1 - Preparation of scope of works document, specification and tender documents to enable pricing to be sought from suitable borehole contractors
- Task 2 – Review returned pricing documents from borehole contractors and recommend the successful contractor
- Task 3 – Site kick off meeting and two subsequent visits to site to review progress and manage the contractor
- Task 4 – Prepare Geotechnical Interpretative Report (GIR) based on the information gathered from the borehole logs

An environmental investigation was undertaken in conjunction with the geotechnical investigation, which in some instances used the same test locations to undertake the environmental sampling. The results of the environmental investigation are reported in separation to this report.

3.0 Site investigation

3.1 Field Work

A site investigation comprising five, boreholes to depths between approximately 10.10m and 10.25m was undertaken between the 18 and 22 January 2010. The site investigation was performed under the technical direction and full-time presence of an AECOM Geotechnical Engineer. The drilling was undertaken using a truck mounted drill rig supplied and manned by Macquarie Drilling Pty Ltd.

A summary of the borehole locations, reduced levels and depths below surface level is presented in Table 1. A borehole location plan is provided in Appendix A and borehole logs are provided in Appendix B.

Table 1 Summary of Borehole Locations

BH	Easting ² (m)	Northing ² (m)	Reduced Level ¹ (m AHD)	Borehole End Depth (m)
BH01	313080.900	6252872.300	23.30	10.25
BH02	313073.000	6252914.400	21.00	10.25
BH03	313016.100	6252907.700	20.10	10.07
BH04	313044.000	6252889.700	20.80	10.10
H05	313047.200	6252836.200	21.10	10.10

Notes:

- 1) AHD Australian Height Datum
- 2) Coordinate System MGA94 Zone 56

4.0 Subsurface Conditions

4.1 Geology

The Sydney geological map indicates that the site is underlain with Bringelly Shale of the Wianamatta Group. Bringelly Shale comprises carbonaceous claystone, laminate, fine to medium grained lithic sandstone and some minor coal bands.

4.2 Subsurface Conditions

Based on the results of the fieldwork, the geology within the investigation area is consistent with the regional geology. The borehole information shows a thin layer of fill generally consisting of sandy silt and gravels overlying shale that generally increased in strength with depth from high except BH03 where a layer of residual soil was identified to approximately 1.3m depth. There were several zones of core loss evident in the cored bores. It is likely that this core loss was due to weaker, friable or fragmented bands in the rock strata. The general subsurface conditions as observed within each borehole is summarised in Table 2, below.

Table 2 Approximate arrangement of subsurface strata as observed within boreholes

Bore hole	Fill	Residual Soil	Bringelly Shale			
			CLASS V	CLASS IV	CLASS III	CLASS II
			Approximate RL of top of material strata (m)			
BH01	23.30	-	23.1	21	21	17
BH02	21.00	-	20.8	-	19	15.5
BH03	20.10	19.9	18.8	17.5	15	13.5
BH04	20.80		20.5	18.3	16.3	15.3
BH05	21.10		21	-	20	19

4.3 Groundwater

Groundwater was generally not encountered in the augered sections of the boreholes. Due to the use of drilling fluid during rock coring, monitoring of the water table was not possible at the time of the investigation.

Wells were installed in all five boreholes at the time of the geotechnical investigation. Details of well installation and water monitoring results are provided in the separate environmental report.

4.4 Laboratory Results

Rock core was colour photographed and transported to Australian Soil Testing Pty Ltd, where point load index tests and unconfined compression tests (UCS) were carried out on samples taken from the rock core. The results of the tests are provided in Appendix C.

The results of the point load tests varied between 0.12MPa and 2.33MPa which corresponds to very low strength to high strength rock respectively. USC test results range between 11.3MPa and 29.8MPa.

5.0 Discussion and Recommendations

5.1 General

Based on our understanding of the proposed development, suitable foundation systems may include pad on ground and bored pile foundations and excavation retention systems.

General guidance on aspects of the design and construction activities are discussed below. It is expected that this information will assist in a more detailed design of the various components.

5.2 Excavation Conditions

It is important that the factual information within this report be made available to any parties involved in the pricing and construction of the excavation so that they can make their own assessment of the plant required to excavate the varying rock strengths encountered in the investigation and assess the risk of strength variations across the excavation areas.

5.3 Vibration

Vibration from construction activities, particularly during excavation of the proposed basement, has the potential to cause damage to nearby structures. It is recommended that the following steps be taken to assess the potential for damage and develop appropriate management of the risks:

- Assess the proximity and nature of vibration sensitive structures and/or infrastructure to the proposed development
- Set a limit to peak particle velocity (PPV)
- Carry out a dilapidation surveys prior to commencement of excavation or any other construction activities which could be the source of unacceptable levels of vibration
- Prepare a vibration management plan
- where required install vibration monitor systems and monitor appropriately

5.4 Groundwater

Groundwater conditions will be dependent on seasonal variations in groundwater recharge, proximity to other excavations and the permeability of the macro rock mass and joint system. Seepage into the excavation could occur through fissures in residual soil and joints and bedding planes within the rock and should be managed through a collection system in the base of the excavation.

5.5 Excavation Induced Ground Movements

We understand that the footprint of the proposed development will occupy the majority of the site area; as such there is potential for the basement excavation to be in close proximity to adjacent buildings and infrastructure. The impact of excavation induced ground movements should be given due consideration when selecting the excavation retention system and the detailed design thereof.

5.6 Excavation Support Requirements

Suitable retention systems could consist of either bored soldier pile walls or a dowel and shotcrete system. The chosen retention system will need to account for any requirements to limit excavation induced ground movements.

5.7 Foundations

Pad and strip footings should be founded on the Class V shale or better. An allowable bearing capacity of 700kPa can be adopted for a footing embedded a minimum of 0.3m into Class V shale. The allowable bearing capacity may be increased to 1000kPa where the foundation is founded through the Class V shale to Class IV shale or better.

Bringelly shales are known to be reactive to moisture and may soften when excavated. The base of foundations should be dewatered and cleaned and a blinding layer placed as a matter of urgency. An experienced geotechnical engineer should inspect the base prior to the blinding layer being placed to confirm that the founding material meets or exceeds the design assumptions or other relevant information contained on the for construction drawings.

The bearing capacity typically adopted for pile foundation design is summarised in Table 3, below.

Table 3 Approximate arrangement of subsurface strata as observed within boreholes

Geological Unit	Shale Class	Typical Allowable Bearing Pressure (kPa)	Typical Allowable Shaft Adhesion ⁽¹⁾ (kPa)
Residual Soil - Hard Clay		175	
Shale	V	700	50
	IV	1000	75
	III or better	2000	150

Notes

- (1) Subject to socket roughness category being R2 or better.

6.0 Limitations

This report has been prepared for the NSW Health Infrastructure and it is not intended for parties other than those of the Client (Health Infrastructure) and the Client's respective consulting advisers.

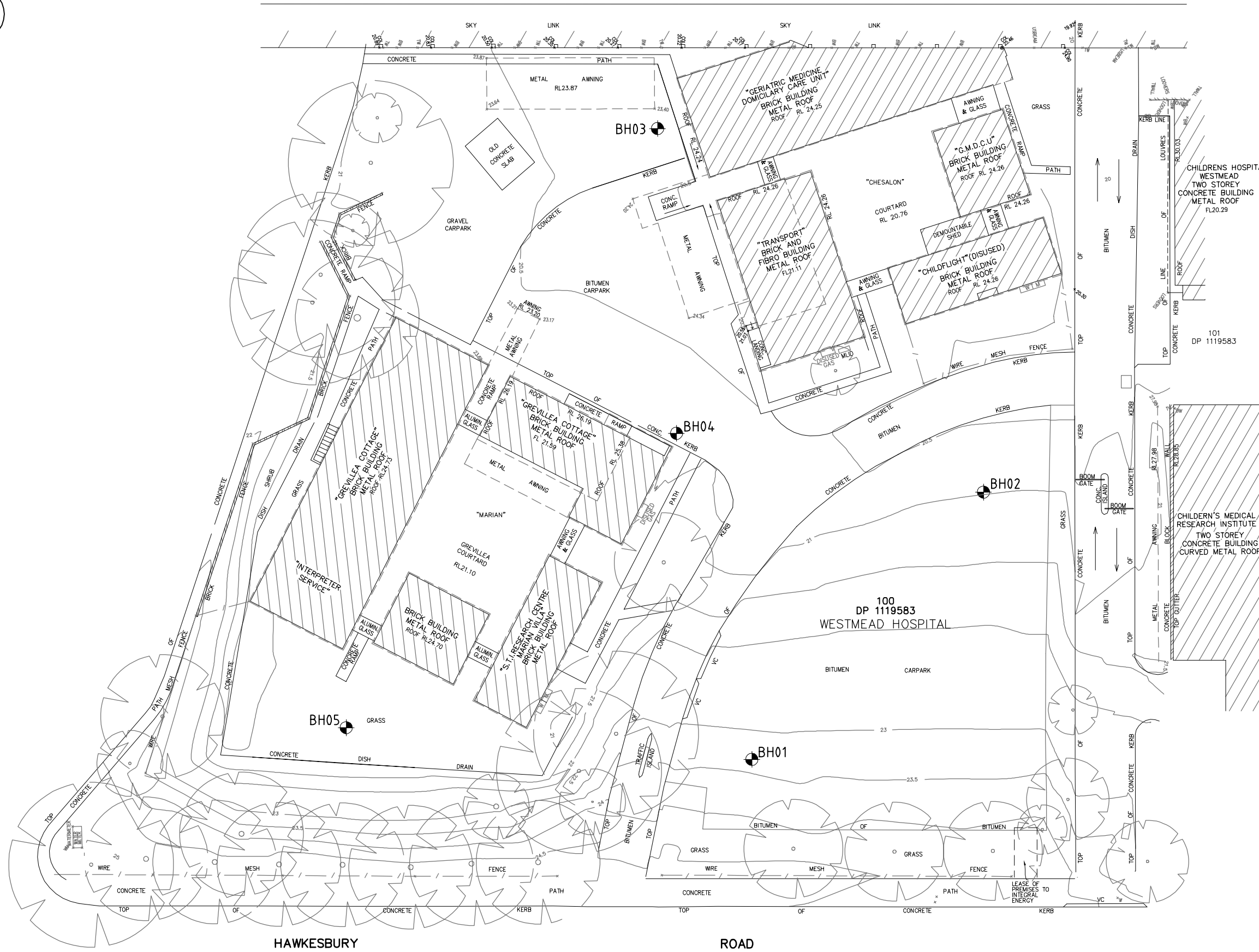
The data presented in this report are the result of a specific geotechnical investigation undertaken in accordance with industry standards and practice. As subsurface conditions may vary, the results of this investigation represent subsurface conditions at the specific test locations only. Hence, it is unlikely that the measurements and values obtained from sampling and testing during a geotechnical investigation will accurately represent the actual range of values present across the site. Further, subsurface conditions including groundwater levels can change over time. This should be borne in mind particularly if the report is used after a protracted delay.

Any interpretation or recommendation given in this report shall be understood to be based on judgement and experience and on greater knowledge of the facts than the reported investigations would imply. The interpretation and recommendations are therefore opinions provided for our client's sole use in accordance with a specific brief. As such they do not necessarily address all aspects of ground behaviour on the subject site.

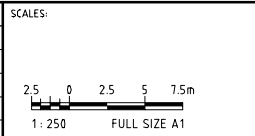
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Appendix A

Borehole Location Plan



REVISIONS				
This drawing is confidential and shall only be used for the purposes of this project.				
No.	BY	DATE	DESCRIPTION	APPD
0	J.L.	28.01.10	FOR INFORMATION	



THE SIGNING OF THIS TITLE BLOCK CONFIRMS THE DESIGN AND DRAFTING OF THIS PROJECT HAVE BEEN PREPARED AND CHECKED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE AECOM QUALITY ASSURANCE SYSTEM TO ISO 9001-2000		
DESIGNED	J.L.	CHECKED
DRAWN	C.Y.	CHECKED
APPROVED		DATE

CONTRACTOR:

DESIGNER:

AECOM

AECOM Australia Pty Ltd A.B.N. 20 093 846 925

STATUS:

FOR INFORMATION

WESTMEAD HOSPITAL

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION
BOREHOLE LOCATION PLAN

DRAWING NO: 60146790-GT-SK-001

REVISION: 0

SHEET 1 OF 1

Appendix B

Borehole Logs

NON-CORE ENGINEERING BOREHOLE LOG

HOLE NO : BH01

FILE / JOB NO : 60146790

SHEET : 1 OF 3

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead

POSITION: E: 313080.900, N: 6252872.300 (Zone 56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION: 23.300 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°

RIG TYPE : Truck mounted hydropower

DATE STARTED : 13/1/10

CONTRACTOR: Maquarie Drilling


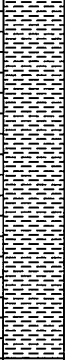

LOGGED BY: JL

MOUNTING: Truck

DATE COMPLETED: 13/1/10

DRILLER: JW

CHECKED BY: BE

DRILLING								MATERIAL						
progress		drilling & casing	water	drilling penetration	groundwater levels	samples & field tests	reduced level (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	classification symbol	material description SOIL NAME, plasticity or particle characteristic, colour, secondary and minor components	moisture condition	consistency	structure of soil, additional observations
↑	ADT			m				0			SANDY GRAVEL: Grey-brown, fine to medium gravel. Fine to coarse grained sand, with clay.	D		FILL 0.00: The ground surface comprises 20 mm of asphaltic concrete ROCK
						0.20m	SHALE: Pale grey and brown, iron stained							
				H				1			1.50m: Becoming dark grey and brown			
								2		2200m	Continued as Cored Drill Hole			
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						

CORED ENGINEERING BOREHOLE LOG

HOLE NO : BH01

FILE / JOB NO : 60146790

SHEET : 2 OF 3

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead

POSITION: E: 313080.900, N: 6252872.300 (Zone 56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION: 23.300 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°

RIG TYPE : Truck mounted hydropower

DATE STARTED : 13/1/10

CONTRACTOR: Maquarie Drilling

LOGGED BY: JL

MOUNTING: Truck

DATE COMPLETED: 13/1/10

DRILLER: JW

CHECKED BY: BE

CASING DIAMETER: HQ

BARREL (Length): 3.00 m

BIT: Shale bit

BIT CONDITION: N/A

DRILLING				MATERIAL					FRACTURES			
PROGRESS		TCR % (ROD %)	samples & field tests	reduced level (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	description ROCK TYPE, colour, grain size, structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable)	weathering	estimated strength Is(50) ● Axial ○ Diametral	defect spacing (mm)	visual	additional data (joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other
drilling & casing	water											
					0							
					1							
					2	2.00m	2.00m START CORING AT 2.00m					
		100% (0%)			2.60		SHALE: Dark grey, pale grey and brown, distinct, very thinly laminated, iron stained Class IV	EW to HW				SM 0° Clay FILLED PR RF 50 mm BP 0° Fe VR PR RF 0 mm BP 0° Fe VR PR RF 0 mm SM 0° Clay FILLED ST S 8 mm BP 0° Fe VR UN S 0 mm SM 0° Clay FILLED PR S 10 mm BP 0° Fe VR PR RF 0 mm SM 0° Clay FILLED PR S 7 mm 3 SMs 0° Clay FILLED PR S 5 - 8mm BP 0° Fe VR ST S 0 mm BP 0° Fe VR ST S 0 mm BP 0 - 5° Fe VR PR S 0 mm JT 30° Fe VR ST S 0 mm BP 0 - 30° Fe VR PR S 0 mm BP 0° Fe VR UN S 0 mm SM 0° Fe FILLED PR S 80 mm with root fibres JT 60° Fe FILLED PR S 5 mm 11 BPs 0-5° Fe VR PR S 0mm JT 35° Fe VR UN S 0 mm 5 BPs 0-5° Fe VR PR/ST S 0mm JT 35° Fe VR UN S 0 mm JT 30° Fe VR PR S 0 mm BP 0° Fe VR PR S 0 mm JT 45° Fe VR PR RF 4 mm BP 0° Fe VR PR RF 0 mm JT 80° Fe FILLED PR S 5 mm BP 0 - 5° Fe VR ST S 0 mm BP 0° Fe VR PR S 0 mm JT 40° Fe VR PR S 0 mm JT 10° Fe VR PR S 0 mm BP 0° Fe VR UN S 0 mm 0 mm 4 JTs 5-55° Fe VR PR/ST/UN sm JT 35° Fe FILLED UN S 3 mm 4 BPs 0-5° Fe VR PR/ST S 0mm BP 0° Fe VR ST S 0 mm BP 0° Fe VR PR S 0 mm JT 25° Fe VR UN S 0 mm BP 0° Fe VR PR S 0 mm JT 35° Fe VR PR RF 0 mm JT 20° Fe VR UN S 0 mm BP 0° Fe VR PR S 0 mm BP 0° Fe VR PR S 0 mm JT 30° Fe VR PR S 0 mm JT 35° Fe VR PR S 0 mm JT 25° Fe VR PR S 0 mm
		2.60 100% (14%)			3		Class III	MW				
			3.75m Is(50) a=0.12 d=0.04 MPa		4							
			5.50m Is(50) a=0.17 d=0.12 MPa		5							
		5.73			6							
		100% (56%)			7							
			6.53m UCS =11.3 MPa 6.65m		8		6.39m: Becoming dark grey Class II	F				3 JTs 35-45° Fe VR PR S 0mm JT 45° Fe VR PR S 0 mm
			7.40m Is(50) a=0.6 d=0.38 MPa		9							
			7.75m UCS =12.1 MPa 7.90m		10							

See Explanatory Notes for
details of abbreviations
& basis of descriptions.

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CORED ENGINEERING BOREHOLE LOG

HOLE NO : BH01

FILE / JOB NO : 60146790

SHEET : 3 OF 3

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead

POSITION: E: 313080.900, N: 6252872.300 (Zone 56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION: 23.300 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°

RIG TYPE : Truck mounted hydropower

DATE STARTED : 13/1/10

CONTRACTOR: Maquarie Drilling

LOGGED BY: JL

MOUNTING: Truck

DATE COMPLETED: 13/1/10

DRILLER: JW

CHECKED BY: BE

CASING DIAMETER: HQ

BARREL (Length): 3.00 m

BIT: Shale bit

BIT CONDITION: N/A

DRILLING				MATERIAL				FRACTURES																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
PROGRESS		TCR % (RQD %)	samples & field tests	reduced level (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	description ROCK TYPE, colour, grain size, structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable)	weathering	estimated strength Is(50)						defect spacing (mm)				visual	additional data (joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
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See Explanatory Notes for
details of abbreviations
& basis of descriptions.

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NON-CORE ENGINEERING BOREHOLE LOG

HOLE NO : BH02

FILE / JOB NO : 60146790

SHEET : 1 OF 3

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead

POSITION: E: 313073.000, N: 6252914.400 (Zone 56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION: 21.000 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°

RIG TYPE : Truck mounted hydropower

DATE STARTED : 13/1/10

CONTRACTOR: Maquarie Drilling

LOGGED BY: JL

MOUNTING: Truck

DATE COMPLETED: 14/1/10

DRILLER: JW

CHECKED BY: BE

DRILLING						MATERIAL							
progress		drilling penetration	groundwater levels	samples & field tests	reduced level (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	classification symbol	material description SOIL NAME, plasticity or particle characteristic, colour, secondary and minor components	moisture condition	consistency	structure of soil, additional observations	
drilling & casing	water												
D/H HA AD/T		m		0.10m D		0			0.20m SANDY GRAVEL: Grey-brown, fine to medium gravel. Fine to medium grained sand, with clay. 0.30m SHALE: Red-brown, indistinct, remoulds to brown SANDY CLAY with gravel, extremely weathered, extremely low strength SHALE: Pale grey and brown, distinct, very thinly laminated, with ironstone bands, Returns as brown GRAVEL with sand, iron stained defects, highly weathered, very low to low strength	D		FILL 0.00: The ground surface comprises 20 mm of asphaltic concrete RESIDUAL SOIL ROCK	
		m	0.20m										
			0.70m D										
		H	1.00m										
						1			1.50m Continued as Cored Drill Hole				
						2							
						3							
						4							
						5							
						6							
						7							

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

AECOM

CORED ENGINEERING BOREHOLE LOG

HOLE NO : BH02

FILE / JOB NO : 60146790

SHEET : 2 OF 3

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead

POSITION: E: 313073.000, N: 6252914.400 (Zone 56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION: 21.000 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°

RIG TYPE : Truck mounted hydropower

DATE STARTED : 13/1/10

CONTRACTOR: Maquarie Drilling

LOGGED BY: JL

MOUNTING: Truck

DATE COMPLETED: 14/1/10

DRILLER: JW

CHECKED BY: BE

CASING DIAMETER: HQ

BARREL (Length): 3.00 m

BIT: Shale bit

BIT CONDITION: N/A

DRILLING				MATERIAL					FRACTURES			
PROGRESS		TCR % (RQD %)	samples & field tests	reduced level (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	description ROCK TYPE, colour, grain size, structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable)	weathering	estimated strength Is(50) ● - Axial ○ - Diametral	defect spacing (mm)	visual	additional data (joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other
drilling & casing	water											
<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> <div>NMLC</div>												
		82% (0%)					1.50m START CORING AT 1.50m					
							1.70m CORE LOSS 0.20m (1.50-1.70)					
							SHALE: Brown and grey, distinct, very thinly laminated, iron stained defects Class III	HW MW				3 BPs 0° Fe VR PR SM JT 90° Fe VR UN S SM 0° Fe Clay FILLED PR RF 110 mm BP 0° Fe VR UN RF JT 90° Fe VR PR S 3 SMs 0° CL/CR FILLED PR SM 3-20mm BP 0° Fe VR PR S SM 0° CR FILLED PR S 40 mm SM 0° Clay FILLED PR S 4 mm JT 45° Fe VR PR S JT 85 - 90° Fe VR UN S 4 BPs 0-5° Fe VR PR/UN SM 2 SMs 0° Clay/Fe Clay FILLED PR SM 3mm BP 0° Fe FILLED PR S 2 mm 2 SMs 0-5° Fe Clay FILLED PR/ST SM 2-3mm BP 0° Fe VR PR S JT 90° Clay VR PR S 9 BPs 0° Fe VR PR SM JT 45° Fe VR ST S SM 0° Fe VR PR S 30 mm SM 0° Clay VR PR S 1 mm JT 55° CN PR S BP 0° Fe VR PR S JT 80° Fe VR PR S JT 30° Fe VR PR S BP 0° Fe VR PR S BP 0° Clay VR PR S JT 50° Fe VR PR S SM 0° Fe Clay FILLED PR S 3 mm JT 35° Fe VR PR S JT 90° Clay FILLED PR S 1 mm JT 10° Clay VR PR S SM 0° Clay FILLED PR S 30 mm JT 60° Fe VR PR S SM 0° CR FILLED PR S 50 mm JT 0 - 60° Fe VR UN S SM 0 - 30° CR FILLED ST S 40 mm BP 0° Fe VR ST S 5 JTs 25-55° Fe VR PR S SM 20° CR FILLED PR RF 6 mm BP 0° Fe VR UN S JT 10° Fe VR PR S BP 0° Fe VR ST S 2 JTs 40-45° Fe/Clay VR PR S SM 0° Clay FILLED PR S 60 mm 3 BPs 20° Fe VR PR S JT 45° Fe VR PR S 3 BPs 15° Fe VR PR S SM 30° Fe Clay FILLED PR S 30 mm 2 BPs 0-25° Fe VR ST S 2 JTs 25-30° CN PR S BP 0° Fe VR PR RF 2 JTs 55° Fe VR PR S BP 0° Fe VR PR RF SM 0° CR FILLED PR S 20 mm 2 JTs 30° CN PR S
		2.59										
		100% (0%)										
			3.60m Is(50) a=0.14 d=0.1 MPa									
		4.72					4.72m CORE LOSS 0.25m (4.72-4.97)					
		71% (0%)					SHALE: Brown and grey, distinct, very thinly laminated Class III	MW				
							5.51m: Becoming grey Class II	F				
		5.59										
		100% (53%)	5.65m Is(50) a=1.19 d=1.08 MPa									

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

AECOM

SHEET : 3 OF 3

LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°

LOGGED BY: JL

CHECKED BY: BE

BIT CONDITION: N/A

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

File: 60146790 BH02 3 OF 3

NON-CORE ENGINEERING BOREHOLE LOG

HOLE NO : BH03

FILE / JOB NO : 60146790

SHEET : 1 OF 3

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead

POSITION: E: 313016.100, N: 6252907.700 (Zone 56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION: 20.100 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°

RIG TYPE : Truck mounted hydropower

DATE STARTED : 14/1/10

CONTRACTOR: Maquarie Drilling


LOGGED BY: JL

MOUNTING: Truck

DATE COMPLETED: 14/1/10

DRILLER: JW

CHECKED BY: BE

DRILLING							MATERIAL						
progress		drilling penetration	groundwater levels	samples & field tests	reduced level (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	classification symbol	material description SOIL NAME, plasticity or particle characteristic, colour, secondary and minor components	moisture condition	consistency	structure of soil, additional observations	
drilling & casing	water												
DT	HA	VH	1.10m SPT 3, 7, 13 N=20 1.45m 1.55m			0		CI	Reinforced concrete slab, underlain by 50mm of sand, yellow, medium grained. .	M		FILL	
HA		E				0.20m	CLAY: Red-brown. with silt.		RESIDUAL SOIL				
		F				0.75m: With pale and dark grey shale fragments, and iron stone bands.							
		H				1.30m	SHALE: Pale grey, iron stained, extremely weathered, extremely low strength		ROCK				
ADV		H				2.00m	Continued as Cored Drill Hole						
AD/T													
						2							

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

AECOM

CORED ENGINEERING BOREHOLE LOG

HOLE NO : BH03

FILE / JOB NO : 60146790

SHEET : 2 OF 3

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead

POSITION: E: 313016.100, N: 6252907.700 (Zone 56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION: 20.100 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°

RIG TYPE : Truck mounted hydropower

DATE STARTED : 14/1/10

CONTRACTOR: Maquarie Drilling

LOGGED BY: JL

MOUNTING: Truck

DATE COMPLETED: 14/1/10

DRILLER: JW

CHECKED BY: BE

CASING DIAMETER: HQ

BARREL (Length): 3.00 m

BIT: Shale bit

BIT CONDITION: N/A

DRILLING				MATERIAL					FRACTURES				
PROGRESS		TCR % (RQD %)	samples & field tests	reduced level (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	description ROCK TYPE, colour, grain size, structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable)	weathering	estimated strength Is(50) ● - Axial ○ - Diametral	defect spacing (mm)	visual	additional data (joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other	
drilling & casing	water												
					0								
					1								
					2		2.00m START CORING AT 2.00m CORE LOSS 0.45m (2.00-2.45)						
		75% (0%)			2.45m								
					3		SHALE: Pale grey and red brown, distinct, laminated, clay seams up to 150mm thick, with bands of HW shale and iron stone, iron stained defects Class IV	EW					
					4		SHALE: Dark grey and brown, distinct, very thinly laminated, with clay seams up to 100mm thick and iron stone bands, iron stained defects Class IV	HW					
		3.82 100% (0%)			5		SHALE: Dark grey and brown, distinct, very thinly laminated, bedding planes spaced at max 15mm, iron stained defects Class III	MW					
		5.13 100% (10%)			6		SHALE: Grey, distinct, very thinly laminated Class II	F					
					7		INTERBEDDED SHALE AND SANDSTONE: pale grey and grey, distinct, very thinly to thinly laminated						
					8								
		6.50m Is(50) a=0.97 d=0.04 MPa											
		7.12 100% (76%)											
		7.25m Is(50) a=0.88 d=0.26 MPa											
		7.84m UCS =20.4 MPa											

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

AECOM

SHEET : 3 OF 3

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°

LOGGED BY: JL

CHECKED BY: BE

BIT CONDITION: N/A

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

File: 60146790 BH03 3 OF 3


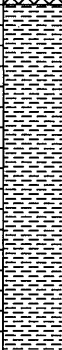
NON-CORE ENGINEERING BOREHOLE LOG

HOLE NO : BH04

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead

FILE / JOB NO : 60146790
SHEET : 1 OF 3

POSITION: E: 313044.000, N: 6252889.700 (Zone 56 MGA94) SURFACE ELEVATION: 20.800 (AHD) ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°
RIG TYPE : Truck mounted hydropower DATE STARTED : 14/1/10 CONTRACTOR: Maquarie Drilling LOGGED BY: JL
MOUNTING: Truck DATE COMPLETED: 15/1/10 DRILLER: JW CHECKED BY: BE

DRILLING						MATERIAL							
progress		drilling penetration	groundwater levels	samples & field tests	reduced level (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	classification symbol	material description SOIL NAME, plasticity or particle characteristic, colour, secondary and minor components	moisture condition	consistency	structure of soil, additional observations	
drilling & casing	water												
HA	ADV	E		0.30m		0			SANDY GRAVEL: Brown, fine to coarse gravel. Fine to coarse grained sand.	D	St	FILL 0.00: The ground surface comprises 20 mm of asphaltic concrete	
		F		D 0.40m	0.30m	SHALE: Pale grey mottled orange, returns as GRAVELLY CLAY, with some sand, with ironstone gravel, iron stained shale fragments, extremely weathered			ROCK				
AD/T		F		0.90m 0.90m 1.1m No=8		1						0.90: SPT Recovery: 0.3 m	
		H		1.35m 1.50m D 1.60m	2.00m	Continued as Cored Drill Hole							
			Not Observed			2							
						3							
						4							
						5							
						6							
						7							

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

AECOM

CORED ENGINEERING BOREHOLE LOG

HOLE NO : BH04

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead

FILE / JOB NO : 60146790
SHEET : 2 OF 3

POSITION: E: 313044.000, N: 6252889.700 (Zone 56 MGA94)

SURFACE ELEVATION: 20.800 (AHD)

ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°

RIG TYPE : Truck mounted hydropower

DATE STARTED : 14/1/10

CONTRACTOR: Maquarie Drilling

LOGGED BY: JL

MOUNTING: Truck

DATE COMPLETED: 15/1/10

DRILLER: JW

CHECKED BY: BE

CASING DIAMETER: HQ

BARREL (Length): 3.00 m

BIT: Shale bit

BIT CONDITION: N/A

DRILLING					MATERIAL				FRACTURES			
drilling & casing	water	TCR % (RQD %)	samples & field tests	reduced level (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	description ROCK TYPE, colour, grain size, structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable)	weathering	estimated strength Is(50) ● Axial ○ Diametral	defect spacing (mm)	visual	additional data (joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other
					0							
					1							
					2		2.00m START CORING AT 2.00m CORE LOSS 0.65m (2.00-2.65)					
		61% (0%)			2.65m		SHALE: Pale grey mottled orange, indistinct to distinct, very thinly laminated	EW				BPS at max 10mm spacing Fe VR PR SM
					2.69m		SHALE: Dark grey and brown, distinct, very thinly laminated, with clay seams CLASS IV, iron stained defects	HW				SM 0° Clay FILLED PR S 50 mm
					3			EW				SM 0° Clay FILLED PR S 50 mm
					4			HW				BPS at max 10mm spacing Fe VR PR SM
		3.65						EW to HW				SM 0° Clay FILLED PR S 70 mm
		153% (0%)						MW				BPS at max 10mm spacing Fe VR PR SM
								MW				SM 0° CL & CR FILLED PR S 270 mm
					5							BPS at max 10mm spacing Fe VR PR SM
					5.30m							JT 35° Fe VR PR S
					5.50m		SHALE: Grey, distinct, very thinly laminated Class II	F				JT 25° Fe VR PR S
					6							7 BPs 0° Fe VR PR S
					7							3 BPs 0-10° Fe FILLED PR S 1-5mm
					8							BP 0° Fe VR PR S
					9							JT 25° Fe FILLED UN S
					10							7 BPs 0° Fe VR PR S
					11							JT 30° Fe FILLED PR S 2 mm
					12							BP 0° Fe VR PR S
					13							JT 10° Fe FILLED PR S 3 mm
					14							3 BPs 0° Fe VR PR S
					15							JT 15° Fe FILLED PR S 3 mm
					16							3 BPs 0° Fe VR PR S
					17							JT 15° Fe VR UN S
					18							BP 0° Fe VR PR S
					19							SM 0° Fe Clay FILLED PR S 12 mm
					20							JT 0° Fe VR UN S
					21							SM 0° Fe FILLED PR S 15 mm
					22							BP 0° Fe VR PR S
					23							JT 50° Fe VR PR S
					24							SM 0° CR FILLED PR S 30 mm
					25							2 BPs 0° Fe VR PR S
					26							SM 0° Fe FILLED PR S
					27							6 BPs 0° Fe VR PR S
					28							2 JTs 30° Fe PR S
					29							JT 0° Fe VR PR S
					30							JT 10° Fe VR PR S
					31							BP 0° Fe VR PR S
					32							JT 10° Fe VR PR S
					33							JT 45° Fe PR S
					34							JT 0 - 5° Fe VR PR S
					35							JT 70° Fe VR PR S
					36							BP 0° Fe VR PR S
					37							BP 0° Fe Clay VR PR S

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

AECOM

CORED ENGINEERING BOREHOLE LOG

HOLE NO : BH04

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead

FILE / JOB NO : 60146790
SHEET : 3 OF 3

POSITION: E: 313044.000, N: 6252889.700 (Zone 56 MGA94) SURFACE ELEVATION: 20.800 (AHD) ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°
RIG TYPE : Truck mounted hydropower DATE STARTED : 14/1/10 CONTRACTOR: Maquarie Drilling LOGGED BY: JL
MOUNTING: Truck DATE COMPLETED: 15/1/10 DRILLER: JW CHECKED BY: BE
CASING DIAMETER: HQ BARREL (Length): 3.00 m BIT: Shale bit BIT CONDITION: N/A

DRILLING				MATERIAL				FRACTURES			
PROGRESS		depth (m)	graphical log	description ROCK TYPE, colour, grain size, structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable)	weathering	estimated strength Is(50) ● Axial ○ Diametral	defect spacing (mm)	visual	additional data (joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other	reduced level (m)	samples & field tests
drilling & casing	water										
		8		SHALE: Grey, distinct, very thinly laminated (continued)	F						
		8.50									
		9									
		9.02m									
		9.16m									
		9.60m									
		10		INTERBEDDED SHALE AND SANDSTONE: Dark grey and pale grey, fine to medium grained, distinct, very thinly to thinly laminated							
		10.10m									
		10.10		BOREHOLE BH04 TERMINATED AT 10.10 m TARGET DEPTH							
		11									
		12									
		13									
		14									
		15									
		16									

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

AECOM


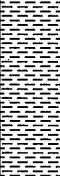
NON-CORE ENGINEERING BOREHOLE LOG

HOLE NO : BH05

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead

FILE / JOB NO : 60146790
SHEET : 1 OF 3

POSITION: E: 313047.200, N: 6252836.200 (Zone 56 MGA94) SURFACE ELEVATION: 21.100 (AHD) ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°
RIG TYPE : Truck mounted hydropower DATE STARTED : 18/1/10 CONTRACTOR: Maquarie Drilling LOGGED BY: JL
MOUNTING: Truck DATE COMPLETED: 18/1/10 DRILLER: JW CHECKED BY: BE

DRILLING							MATERIAL						
progress		drilling penetration	groundwater levels	samples & field tests	reduced level (m)	depth (m)	graphic log classification symbol	material description SOIL NAME, plasticity or particle characteristic, colour, secondary and minor components	moisture condition	consistency	structure of soil, additional observations		
drilling & casing	water												
D/W/A		F		D		0		0.10m SANDY SILT: Brown, low plasticity. Fine to coarse grained sand. with clay.			TOPSOIL		
ADIT		H		0.20m				SHALE: Pale grey and orange, with iron stone bands, iron stained	D		ROCK		
						1		Continued as Cored Drill Hole					
						2							
						3							
						4							
						5							
						6							
						7							
						8							

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations & basis of descriptions.

AECOM

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CORED ENGINEERING BOREHOLE LOG											HOLE NO : BH05									
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital											FILE / JOB NO : 60146790									
LOCATION: Cnr Darcy Rd and Hawkesbury Rd, Westmead											SHEET : 3 OF 3									
POSITION: E: 313047.200, N: 6252836.200 (Zone 56 MGA94)						SURFACE ELEVATION: 21.100 (AHD)			ANGLE FROM HORIZONTAL : 0°											
RIG TYPE : Truck mounted hydropower				DATE STARTED : 18/1/10		CONTRACTOR: Maquarie Drilling			LOGGED BY: JL											
MOUNTING: Truck				DATE COMPLETED: 18/1/10		DRILLER: JW			CHECKED BY: BE											
CASING DIAMETER: HQ				BARREL (Length): 3.00 m		BIT: Shale bit			BIT CONDITION: N/A											
DRILLING				MATERIAL						FRACTURES										
PROGRESS		TCR % (ROD %)	samples & field tests	reduced level (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	description ROCK TYPE, colour, grain size, structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness alteration, cementation, etc as applicable)	weathering	estimated strength Is(50)							defect spacing (mm)	visual	additional data (joints, partings, seams, zones, etc) Description, orientation, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other		
drilling & casing	water								EL	VL	L	M	H	VH	EH					
NMLC		100% (58%)			8		SHALE: Dark grey and brown, distinct, very thinly laminated, iron stained defects (continued)	F												
			8.50m UCS =18.6 MPa																	
		8.73	8.64m		9															
		100% (88%)	8.80m Is(50) a=1.03 d=0.18 MPa		10															
		10.10			10.10m		BOREHOLE BH05 TERMINATED AT 10.10 m TARGET DEPTH													
					11															
					12															
					13															
					14															
					15															
					16															

Appendix C

Test Results



POINT LOAD STRENGTH INDEX TEST REPORT

CLIENT: AECOM
Level 11 44 Market St, Sydney NSW 2000

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital, Westmead

LAB. NO.	SAMPLE SOURCE	LITHOLOGY	PLATEN SEPARATION		TEST ORIENTATION	POINT LOAD STRENGTH Is (MPa)	POINT LOAD STRENGTH Is ₍₅₀₎ (MPa)
			DIAM (mm)	HEIGHT (mm)			
	BH 1						
56294	3.75m	Siltstone	51.7	34.7	Diametral Axial	0.04 0.12	0.04 0.12
56295	5.5m	Siltstone	51.9	46.5	Diametral Axial	0.12 0.16	0.12 0.17
56296	7.6m	Siltstone	51.3	44.1	Diametral Axial	0.37 0.58	0.38 0.60
56297	9.8m	Siltstone	51.9	36.1	Diametral Axial	0.15 1.12	0.15 1.11

NOTES TO TESTING

Testing Device: ELE Point Load Tester

Sample History: Unsoaked

Sampled by: Client

Job Number: 062-039

Date Tested: 20.01.10

Test method: AS 4133.4.1 2007

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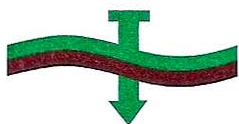
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Signed:

Name: Chris Lloyd

Title: Manager

Date: 21.01.10



POINT LOAD STRENGTH INDEX TEST REPORT

CLIENT: AECOM
Level 11 44 Market St, Sydney NSW 2000
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital, Westmead

LAB. NO.	SAMPLE SOURCE	LITHOLOGY	PLATEN SEPARATION		TEST ORIENTATION	POINT LOAD STRENGTH Is (MPa)	POINT LOAD STRENGTH Is ₍₅₀₎ (MPa)
			DIAM (mm)	HEIGHT (mm)			
	BH 2						
56298	3.6m	Siltstone	51.8	35	Diametral Axial	0.10 0.15	0.10 0.14
56299	5.65m	Siltstone	51.6	49.8	Diametral Axial	1.07 1.12	1.08 1.19
56300	8.4m	Siltstone	51.8	47.2	Diametral Axial	0.70 0.55	0.71 0.58
56301	10.1m	Siltstone	51.8	29	Diametral Axial	0.89 2.68	0.91 2.52

NOTES TO TESTING

Testing Device: ELE Point Load Tester

Sample History: Unsoaked

Sampled by: Client

Job Number: 062-039

Date Tested: 20.01.10

Test method: AS 4133.4.1 2007

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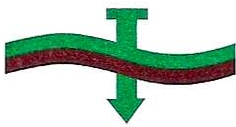
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Signed:

Name: Chris Lloyd

Title: Manager

Date: 21.01.10



POINT LOAD STRENGTH INDEX TEST REPORT

CLIENT: AECOM
Level 11 44 Market St, Sydney NSW 2000
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital, Westmead

LAB. NO.	SAMPLE SOURCE	LITHOLOGY	PLATEN SEPARATION		TEST ORIENTATION	POINT LOAD STRENGTH Is (MPa)	POINT LOAD STRENGTH Is ₍₅₀₎ (MPa)
			DIAM (mm)	HEIGHT (mm)			
	BH 3						
56302	6.5m	Siltstone	51.5	43.9	Diametral Axial	0.04 0.94	0.04 0.97
56303	7.25m	Siltstone	51.6	30.2	Diametral Axial	0.26 0.93	0.26 0.88
56304	8.6m	Siltstone	51.8	36	Diametral Axial	1.39 1.65	1.42 1.63
56305	9.7m	Siltstone	51.9	49.2	Diametral Axial	1.69 2.33	1.72 2.47

NOTES TO TESTING

Testing Device: ELE Point Load Tester

Sample History: Unsoaked

Sampled by: Client

Job Number: 062-039

Date Tested: 25.01.10

Test method: AS 4133.4.1 2007

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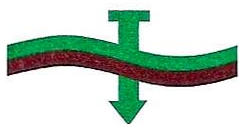
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Signed:

Name: Chris Lloyd

Title: Manager

Date: 25.01.10



POINT LOAD STRENGTH INDEX TEST REPORT

CLIENT: AECOM
Level 11 44 Market St, Sydney NSW 2000
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital, Westmead

LAB. NO.	SAMPLE SOURCE	LITHOLOGY	PLATEN SEPARATION		TEST ORIENTATION	POINT LOAD STRENGTH Is (MPa)	POINT LOAD STRENGTH Is ₍₅₀₎ (MPa)
			DIAM (mm)	HEIGHT (mm)			
	BH 4						
56306	5.3m	Siltstone	51.6	21.7	Diametral Axial	0.03 0.51	0.03 0.45
56307	5.75m	Siltstone	51.4	44.6	Diametral Axial	0.61 0.66	0.62 0.69
56308	7.75m	Siltstone	51.7	50.8	Diametral Axial	0.09 0.40	0.09 0.43
56309	9.3m	Siltstone	51.8	38.4	Diametral Axial	0.57 1.14	0.58 1.14

NOTES TO TESTING

Testing Device: ELE Point Load Tester

Sample History: Unsoaked

Sampled by: Client

Job Number: 062-039

Date Tested: 20.01.10

Test method: AS 4133.4.1 2007

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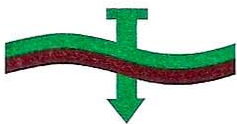
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Signed:

Name: Chris Lloyd

Title: Manager

Date: 21.01.10



POINT LOAD STRENGTH INDEX TEST REPORT

CLIENT: AECOM
Level 11 44 Market St, Sydney NSW 2000

PROJECT: Westmead Hospital, Westmead

LAB. NO.	SAMPLE SOURCE	LITHOLOGY	PLATEN SEPARATION		TEST ORIENTATION	POINT LOAD STRENGTH Is (MPa)	POINT LOAD STRENGTH Is ₍₅₀₎ (MPa)
			DIAM (mm)	HEIGHT (mm)			
	BH 5						
56310	2.3m	Siltstone	51.8	27.3	Diametral Axial	0.05 1.34	0.05 1.25
56311	5.4m	Siltstone	51.3	37	Diametral Axial	0.21 0.87	0.21 0.86
56312	7.45m	Siltstone	51.5	39.4	Diametral Axial	0.17 1.05	0.18 1.05
56313	8.8m	Siltstone	51.4	42.4	Diametral Axial	0.18 1.00	0.18 1.03

NOTES TO TESTING

Testing Device: ELE Point Load Tester

Sample History: Unsoaked

Sampled by: Client

Job Number: 062-039

Date Tested: 20.01.10

Test method: AS 4133.4.1 2007

Page 1 of 1

Form R04 File C:\Excel Reports\Point Load Strength Index Issue 4 September 2001 CWS



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Signed:

Title: Manager

Name: Chris Lloyd

Date: 21.01.10



COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH REPORT CERTIFICATE

AS 4133.4.2

Page 1 of 2

CLIENT: AECOM
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Westmead
Sample Id: BH 1
Sample No: BH01_UCS_01

JOB NO. : 062-039
LAB NO. : 56314
Date Tested: 20.01.10
Test Type: Compressive Str.
Sample Type: Core
Rock Type: Siltstone

Initial Specimen:

Length/ Diameter Ratio: 2.4

Dry Density (t/m³): 2.38

Moisture Content (%): 3.7

Depth (m): 6.53-6.65m

AECOM
Westmead Hospital
Unconfined Compressive Strength
Test Sample

BH 1
6.53-6.65m



AECOM
Westmead Hospital
Unconfined Compressive Strength
After Test Sample

BH 1
6.53-6.65m



UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

U.C.S. (MPa) = 11.3

Notes on testing: Specimen tested at the moisture condition as received.

Specimen supplied by client.

Bulk density value was determined by vernier calliper method.

Length to Diameter Ratio falls outside the Standard limits of 2.5-3.0:1.

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST REPORT

Test Method: AS 4133.4.2 - 1993

COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH TEST DEVIATIONS FROM THE TEST STANDARD AND TEST EQUIPMENT

TEST STANDARD : AS4133.4.2-1993. Methods of Testing Rocks for Engineering purposes. Method 4.2 - Rock Strength Tests - Determination of uniaxial compressive strength.

SAMPLE PREPARATION AND TESTING PROCEDURE

4(a)(i) Length to diameter ratio may not conform to 2.5 due to the length of suitable sample available. The diameter of the specimen may not be ten times the size of the largest grain in the rock.

4(a)(ii) Ends of the specimen may not be parallel to within 0.05mm in 50mm due to the end preparation technique.

4(a)(iii) Ends of the specimen may not be flat to 0.02mm due to irregularities within the sample, such as solution cavities.

4(a)(iv) The sides of the specimen may not be smooth, free of abrupt irregularities and straight to within 0.3mm over the full length of the specimen. This is due to the drilling process and irregularities within the sample, such as solution cavities.

4(c) Samples were tested in the "As Received" condition. They were not conditioned in a uniform temperate and humidified environment for five or more days.

5(a) Specimens were loaded at a constant rate of load to achieve failure within 5 to 15 minutes of loading. The rate of loading was based on an initial estimate of the UCS strength. However in some cases, failure occurred before 5 minutes loading, due to lower than estimated strength.

7(i) Prior to testing, the cores were stored as received from site. ie the cores were wrapped in plastic

TEST EQUIPMENT

Test Equipment: ELE Compact 1000 Hydraulic Compression Test Machine.



COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH REPORT CERTIFICATE

AS 4133.4.2

Page 1 of 2

CLIENT: AECOM
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Westmead
Sample Id: BH 1
Sample No: BH01_UCS_02

JOB NO. : 062-039
LAB NO. : 56315
Date Tested: 20.01.10
Test Type: Compressive Str.
Sample Type: Core
Rock Type: Siltstone

Initial Specimen:

Length/ Diameter Ratio: 2.8

Dry Density (t/m³): 2.44

Moisture Content (%): 4.2

Depth (m): 7.75-7.90m

AECOM
Westmead Hospital
Unconfined Compressive Strength
Test Sample

BH 1
7.75-7.90m



AECOM
Westmead Hospital
Unconfined Compressive Strength
After Test Sample

BH 1
7.75-7.90m



UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

U.C.S. (MPa) = 12.1

Notes on testing: Specimen tested at the moisture condition as received.
Specimen supplied by client.
Bulk density value was determined by vernier calliper method.

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST REPORT

Test Method: AS 4133.4.2 - 1993

COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH TEST DEVIATIONS FROM THE TEST STANDARD AND TEST EQUIPMENT

TEST STANDARD : AS4133.4.2-1993. Methods of Testing Rocks for Engineering purposes. Method 4.2 - Rock Strength Tests - Determination of uniaxial compressive strength.

SAMPLE PREPARATION AND TESTING PROCEDURE

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TEST EQUIPMENT

Test Equipment: ELE Compact 1000 Hydraulic Compression Test Machine.



COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

REPORT CERTIFICATE

AS 4133.4.2

Page 1 of 2

CLIENT: AECOM
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Westmead
Sample Id: BH 2
Sample No: BH02_UCS_01

JOB NO. : 062-039
LAB NO. : 56316
Date Tested: 20.01.10
Test Type: Compressive Str.
Sample Type: Core
Rock Type: Siltstone

Initial Specimen:

Length/ Diameter Ratio: 2.7

Dry Density (t/m³): 2.48

Moisture Content (%): 2.9

Depth (m): 8.32-8.47m

AECOM
Westmead Hospital, Westmead
Unconfined Compressive Strength
Test Sample

BH 2
8.32-8.47m



AECOM
Westmead Hospital, Westmead
Unconfined Compressive Strength
After Test Sample

BH 2
8.32-8.47m



UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

U.C.S. (MPa) = 18.5

Notes on testing: Specimen tested at the moisture condition as received.
Specimen supplied by client.
Bulk density value was determined by vernier calliper method.

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST REPORT

Test Method: AS 4133.4.2 - 1993

COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH TEST DEVIATIONS FROM THE TEST STANDARD AND TEST EQUIPMENT

TEST STANDARD : AS4133.4.2-1993. Methods of Testing Rocks for Engineering purposes. Method 4.2 - Rock Strength Tests - Determination of uniaxial compressive strength.

SAMPLE PREPARATION AND TESTING PROCEDURE

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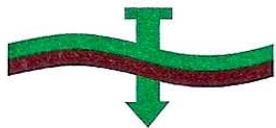
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TEST EQUIPMENT

Test Equipment: ELE Compact 1000 Hydraulic Compression Test Machine.



COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

REPORT CERTIFICATE

AS 4133.4.2

Page 1 of 2

CLIENT: AECOM
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Westmead
Sample Id: BH 2
Sample No: BH02_UCS_02

JOB NO. : 062-039
LAB NO. : 56317
Date Tested: 20.01.10
Test Type: Compressive Str.
Sample Type: Core
Rock Type: Siltstone

Initial Specimen:

Length/ Diameter Ratio: 2.7

Dry Density (t/m³): 2.58

Moisture Content (%): 2.0

Depth (m): 9.90-10.00m

AECOM
Westmead Hospital, Westmead
Unconfined Compressive Strength
Test Sample

BH 2
9.90-10.0m



AECOM
Westmead Hospital, Westmead
Unconfined Compressive Strength
After Test Sample

BH 2
9.90-10.0m



UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

U.C.S. (MPa) = 20.5

Notes on testing: Specimen tested at the moisture condition as received.
Specimen supplied by client.
Bulk density value was determined by vernier calliper method.

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST REPORT

Test Method: AS 4133.4.2 - 1993

COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH TEST DEVIATIONS FROM THE TEST STANDARD AND TEST EQUIPMENT

TEST STANDARD : AS4133.4.2-1993. Methods of Testing Rocks for Engineering purposes. Method 4.2 - Rock Strength Tests - Determination of uniaxial compressive strength.

SAMPLE PREPARATION AND TESTING PROCEDURE

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7(i) Prior to testing, the cores were stored as received from site. ie the cores were wrapped in plastic

TEST EQUIPMENT

Test Equipment: ELE Compact 1000 Hydraulic Compression Test Machine.



COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH REPORT CERTIFICATE

AS 4133.4.2

Page 1 of 2

CLIENT: AECOM
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Westmead
Sample Id: BH 3
Sample No: BH03_UCS_01

JOB NO. : 062-039
LAB NO. : 56318
Date Tested: 20.01.10
Test Type: Compressive Str.
Sample Type: Core
Rock Type: Siltstone

Initial Specimen:

Length/ Diameter Ratio: 2.8

Dry Density (t/m³): 2.49

Moisture Content (%): 2.3

Depth (m): 7.84-7.98m

AECOM
Westmead Hospital, Westmead
Unconfined Compressive Strength
Test Sample

BH 3
7.84-7.98m



AECOM
Westmead Hospital, Westmead
Unconfined Compressive Strength
After Test Sample

BH 3
7.84-7.98m



UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

U.C.S. (MPa) = 20.4

Notes on testing: Specimen tested at the moisture condition as received.
Specimen supplied by client.
Bulk density value was determined by vernier calliper method.

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST REPORT

Test Method: AS 4133.4.2 - 1993

COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH TEST DEVIATIONS FROM THE TEST STANDARD AND TEST EQUIPMENT

TEST STANDARD : AS4133.4.2-1993. Methods of Testing Rocks for Engineering purposes. Method 4.2 - Rock Strength Tests - Determination of uniaxial compressive strength.

SAMPLE PREPARATION AND TESTING PROCEDURE

4(a)(i) Length to diameter ratio may not conform to 2.5 due to the length of suitable sample available. The diameter of the specimen may not be ten times the size of the largest grain in the rock.

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4(c) Samples were tested in the "As Received" condition. They were not conditioned in a uniform temperate and humidified environment for five or more days.

5(a) Specimens were loaded at a constant rate of load to achieve failure within 5 to 15 minutes of loading. The rate of loading was based on an initial estimate of the UCS strength. However in some cases, failure occurred before 5 minutes loading, due to lower than estimated strength.

7(i) Prior to testing, the cores were stored as received from site. ie the cores were wrapped in plastic

TEST EQUIPMENT

Test Equipment: ELE Compact 1000 Hydraulic Compression Test Machine.



COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH REPORT CERTIFICATE

AS 4133.4.2

Page 1 of 2

CLIENT: AECOM
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Westmead
Sample Id: BH 3
Sample No: BH03_UCS_02

JOB NO. : 062-039
LAB NO. : 56319
Date Tested: 20.01.10
Test Type: Compressive Str.
Sample Type: Core
Rock Type: Siltstone

Initial Specimen:

Length/ Diameter Ratio: 2.6

Dry Density (t/m³): 2.58

Moisture Content (%): 2.0

Depth (m): 9.50-9.65m

AECOM
Westmead Hospital, Westmead
Unconfined Compressive Strength
Test Sample

BH 3
9.50-9.65m



AECOM
Westmead Hospital, Westmead
Unconfined Compressive Strength
After Test Sample

BH 3
9.50-9.65m



UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

U.C.S. (MPa) = 29.8

Notes on testing: Specimen tested at the moisture condition as received.
Specimen supplied by client.
Bulk density value was determined by vernier calliper method.

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST REPORT

Test Method: AS 4133.4.2 - 1993

COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH TEST DEVIATIONS FROM THE TEST STANDARD AND TEST EQUIPMENT

TEST STANDARD : AS4133.4.2-1993. Methods of Testing Rocks for Engineering purposes. Method 4.2 - Rock Strength Tests - Determination of uniaxial compressive strength.

SAMPLE PREPARATION AND TESTING PROCEDURE

4(a)(i) Length to diameter ratio may not conform to 2.5 due to the length of suitable sample available. The diameter of the specimen may not be ten times the size of the largest grain in the rock.

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7(i) Prior to testing, the cores were stored as received from site. ie the cores were wrapped in plastic

TEST EQUIPMENT

Test Equipment: ELE Compact 1000 Hydraulic Compression Test Machine.



COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

REPORT CERTIFICATE

AS 4133.4.2

Page 1 of 2

CLIENT: AECOM
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Westmead
Sample Id: BH 4
Sample No: BH04_UCS_01

JOB NO. : 062-039
LAB NO. : 56320
Date Tested: 20.01.10
Test Type: Compressive Str.
Sample Type: Core
Rock Type: Siltstone

Initial Specimen:

Length/ Diameter Ratio: 2.6

Dry Density (t/m³): 2.52

Moisture Content (%): 3.1

Depth (m): 7.28-7.43m

AECOM
Westmead Hospital
Unconfined Compressive Strength
Test Sample

BH 4
7.28-7.43m



AECOM
Westmead Hospital
Unconfined Compressive Strength
After Test Sample

BH 4
7.28-7.43m



UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

U.C.S. (MPa) = 19.3

Notes on testing: Specimen tested at the moisture condition as received.
Specimen supplied by client.
Bulk density value was determined by vernier calliper method.

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST REPORT

Test Method: AS 4133.4.2 - 1993

COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH TEST DEVIATIONS FROM THE TEST STANDARD AND TEST EQUIPMENT

TEST STANDARD : AS4133.4.2-1993. Methods of Testing Rocks for Engineering purposes. Method 4.2 - Rock Strength Tests - Determination of uniaxial compressive strength.

SAMPLE PREPARATION AND TESTING PROCEDURE

4(a)(i) Length to diameter ratio may not conform to 2.5 due to the length of suitable sample available. The diameter of the specimen may not be ten times the size of the largest grain in the rock.

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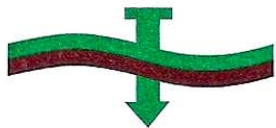
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7(i) Prior to testing, the cores were stored as received from site. ie the cores were wrapped in plastic

TEST EQUIPMENT

Test Equipment: ELE Compact 1000 Hydraulic Compression Test Machine.



COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH REPORT CERTIFICATE

AS 4133.4.2

Page 1 of 2

CLIENT: AECOM
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Westmead
Sample Id: BH 4
Sample No: BH04_UCS_02

JOB NO. : 062-039
LAB NO. : 56321
Date Tested: 20.01.10
Test Type: Compressive Str.
Sample Type: Core
Rock Type: Siltstone

Initial Specimen:

Length/ Diameter Ratio: 2.8

Dry Density (t/m³): 2.52

Moisture Content (%): 2.8

Depth (m): 9.02-9.16m

AECOM
Westmead Hospital
Unconfined Compressive Strength
Test Sample

BH 4
9.02-9.16m



AECOM
Westmead Hospital
Unconfined Compressive Strength
After Test Sample

BH 4
9.02-9.16m



UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

U.C.S. (MPa) = 18.9

Notes on testing: Specimen tested at the moisture condition as received.
Specimen supplied by client.
Bulk density value was determined by vernier calliper method.

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST REPORT

Test Method: AS 4133.4.2 - 1993

COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH TEST DEVIATIONS FROM THE TEST STANDARD AND TEST EQUIPMENT

TEST STANDARD : AS4133.4.2-1993. Methods of Testing Rocks for Engineering purposes. Method 4.2 - Rock Strength Tests - Determination of uniaxial compressive strength.

SAMPLE PREPARATION AND TESTING PROCEDURE

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TEST EQUIPMENT

Test Equipment: ELE Compact 1000 Hydraulic Compression Test Machine.



COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

REPORT CERTIFICATE

AS 4133.4.2

Page 1 of 2

CLIENT: AECOM
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Westmead
Sample Id: BH 5
Sample No: BH05_UCS_01

JOB NO. : 062-039
LAB NO. : 56322
Date Tested: 20.01.10
Test Type: Compressive Str.
Sample Type: Core
Rock Type: Siltstone

Initial Specimen:

Length/ Diameter Ratio: 2.5

Dry Density (t/m³): 2.54

Moisture Content (%): 2.4

Depth (m): 4.30-4.46m

AECOM
Westmead Hospital
Unconfined Compressive Strength
Test Sample

BH 5
4.30-4.46m



AECOM
Westmead Hospital
Unconfined Compressive Strength
After Test Sample

BH 5
4.30-4.46m



UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

U.C.S. (MPa) = 18.6

Notes on testing: Specimen tested at the moisture condition as received.
Specimen supplied by client.
Bulk density value was determined by vernier calliper method.

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST REPORT

Test Method: AS 4133.4.2 - 1993

COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH TEST DEVIATIONS FROM THE TEST STANDARD AND TEST EQUIPMENT

TEST STANDARD : AS4133.4.2-1993. Methods of Testing Rocks for Engineering purposes. Method 4.2 - Rock Strength Tests - Determination of uniaxial compressive strength.

SAMPLE PREPARATION AND TESTING PROCEDURE

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TEST EQUIPMENT

Test Equipment: ELE Compact 1000 Hydraulic Compression Test Machine.



COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

REPORT CERTIFICATE

AS 4133.4.2

Page 1 of 2

CLIENT: AECOM
PROJECT: Westmead Hospital
LOCATION: Westmead
Sample Id: BH 5
Sample No: BH05_UCS_02

JOB NO. : 062-039
LAB NO. : 56323
Date Tested: 20.01.10
Test Type: Compressive Str.
Sample Type: Core
Rock Type: Siltstone

Initial Specimen:

Length/ Diameter Ratio: 2.7

Dry Density (t/m³): 2.59

Moisture Content (%): 2.6

Depth (m): 8.50-8.64m

AECOM
Westmead Hospital
Unconfined Compressive Strength
Test Sample

BH 5
8.50-8.64m



AECOM
Westmead Hospital
Unconfined Compressive Strength
After Test Sample

BH 5
8.50-8.64m



UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

U.C.S. (MPa) = 18.6

Notes on testing: Specimen tested at the moisture condition as received.
Specimen supplied by client.
Bulk density value was determined by vernier calliper method.

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST REPORT

Test Method: AS 4133.4.2 - 1993

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4(a)(iv) The sides of the specimen may not be smooth, free of abrupt irregularities and straight to within 0.3mm over the full length of the specimen. This is due to the drilling process and irregularities within the sample, such as solution cavities.

4(c) Samples were tested in the "As Received" condition. They were not conditioned in a uniform temperate and humidified environment for five or more days.

5(a) Specimens were loaded at a constant rate of load to achieve failure within 5 to 15 minutes of loading. The rate of loading was based on an initial estimate of the UCS strength. However in some cases, failure occurred before 5 minutes loading, due to lower than estimated strength.

7(i) Prior to testing, the cores were stored as received from site. ie the cores were wrapped in plastic

TEST EQUIPMENT

Test Equipment: ELE Compact 1000 Hydraulic Compression Test Machine.