# B14. Right Turn Traffic Control

An additional right turn phase is required at the existing traffic control; signals at the intersection of Marden Street/Hunter Street for vehicles turning right into Hunter Street.

The additional phase will require an amended traffic signal plan to be submitted to the RTA. The submitted plans shall be designed to meet the RTA's requirements and endorded by a suitably qualified and charactered Engineer (i.e who is registered with the Institute of Engineers, Australia) prior to the release of the Construction Certificate by the Principal Certifying Authority.

The RTA fees for administration, plan checking, civil works inspections and project management shall be paid by the Proponent/developer prior to the commencement of works.

The Proponent/Developer maybe required to enter into a Works Authorisation Deed (WAD) for the abovementioned works. The WAD will need to be executed prior to the RTA's assessment of the detailed civil design plans.

#### B15. Development Near Rail Corridors and Busy Roads

An acoustic assessment is to be submitted to the Principle Certifying Authority prior to the issue of a construction certificate demonstrating how the development complies with the Department of Planning's and Infrastructures document titled "Development Near Rail Corridors and Busy Roads – Interim Guidelines'.

#### B16. Construction Traffic Management Plan

A Construction Traffic Management Plan prepared by a qualified traffic consultant shall be submitted to the Council for the development. This plan should also take into consideration the impact on Council's local road network.

## B17. Construction and Site Management Plan

Prior to issuing of a Construction Certificate the Proponent shall submit to Council or the accredited certifier a construction and site management plan that clearly sets out the following:

- (a) what actions and works are proposed to ensure safe-access to and from the site and what protection will be provided to the road and footpath area from building activities, crossings by heavy equipment, plant and materials delivery, or static loads from cranes, concrete pumps and the like;
- (b) the proposed method of loading and unloading excavation machines, building materials, formwork and the erection of any part of the structure within the site;
- (c) the proposed areas within the site to be used for the storage of excavated material, construction materials and waste and recycling containers during the construction period;
- (d) how it is proposed to ensure that soil/excavated material is not transported on wheels or tracks of vehicles or plant and deposited on surrounding roadways;
- (e) the proposed method of support to any excavation adjacent to adjoining properties, or the road reserve. The proposed method of support is to be designed by a chartered Civil Engineer or an accredited certifier; and
- (f) what actions are proposed to ensure Bandicoots and other native animals on the site are adequately protected throughout the construction process.

Where it is proposed to:

- · Pump concrete from within a public road reserve or laneway, or
- Stand a mobile crane within the public road reserve or laneway, or
- Use part of Council's road/footpath area,
- Pump stormwater from the site to Council's stormwater drains, or
- Store waste and recycling containers, skip, bins, and/or building materials on part of Council's footpath or roadway.

An Activity Application for a pumping permit, an approval to stand a mobile crane or an application to pump water into a public road, together with the necessary fee shall be submitted to Council and approval obtained before a Construction Certificate is issued. An application for a construction zone is subject to Local Traffic Committee approval and therefore sufficient time should be allowed for the process. Applicable costs for the zone shall apply at the applicant's expense.

Note: A separate application to Council must be made for the enclosure of a public place (hoarding).

## B18. Erosion & Sedimentation Control-Management Plan

Prior to issue of a construction certificate the Proponent shall prepare an erosion and sedimentation control plan in accordance with Part 4 of the guidelines titled "*Pollution Control Manual for Urban Stormwater*", as recommended by the Environment Protection Authority.

Any stormwater runoff collected from the site must be treated in accordance with the Guidelines, before discharge off the site to comply with the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* or other subsequent Acts.

Where sedimentation control basins are provided discharge shall be to the requirements of the Environment Protection Authority.

The Proponent is further advised to refer to the following publications for additional information:

- (a) "Sedimentation and Erosion Control" Department of Conservation and Land Management.
- (b)"Soil and Water Management for Urban Development" Department of Housing.

The plan must be submitted with the application for a construction certificate.

Further information may be obtained from: Environment Protection Officer Environment Protection Authority Inner Sydney Region Locked Bag 1502 BANKSTOWN NSW 2200

## B19. Emergency Access

To demonstrate that suitable emergency access and fire fighting facilities are provided, the Proponent must provide the certifier with written evidence from the NSW Fire Service that they are satisfied with emergency access to and from the site.

## B20. Sight Lines

Clear sight lines shall be provided at the property boundary line to ensure adequate visibility between vehicles leaving the car park and pedestrians along the frontage road footpath in accordance with Figure 3.3 of AS 2890.1 – 2004 for light vehicles and AS 2890.2 – 2002 for heavy vehicles.

## B21. Access management plan for people with a disability

An Access Management Plan for the buildings subject to this consent shall be submitted to the accredited certifier before the issue of a Construction Certificate. Details for the Access Management Plan shall include:

- (a) Access to the building for people with disabilities in accordance with the provisions of AS4299 and AS 1428 Part 1.
- (b) Sanity facilities accessible to people with disabilities. Such facilities shall be accessible to all persons working in or using the building.

## B22. Vibration Damage Assessment/Geotechnical report

To minimise vibration damage and loss of support to buildings in close proximity, a report shall be prepared by a qualified Geo-technical engineer detailing the maximum size of hammer to be used where a hydraulic hammer is to be used within 30 metres of any building (other than a path or a fence). The report is to be submitted to and approved by the accredited certifier prior the issue of a Construction Certificate.

To ensure that the structural integrity of the proposal and neighbouring buildings will be maintained, a full geotechnical report must be submitted to the accredited certifier prior to the issue of a construction certificate and prior to the commencement of excavation works. The report must include an investigation of site and soil conditions as well as the proposed means of construction and must contain, where required, recommendations to ensure that excavation, backfilling and construction, including temporary works during construction, will not affect the structural integrity of neighbouring buildings or the structural stability of neighbouring public land, property or services. The report is to be prepared and certified by an appropriately qualified practicing geotechnical engineer.

All demolition, excavation, backfilling and construction must be undertaken in accordance with the recommendations of the geotechnical report.

## B23. Sydney Metro

Prior to the issuing of the Construction Certificate, the Proponent/Developer of the site must enter into an Agreement with Sydney Metro that addresses the potential impacts of the approved development on the Metro Line 1 corridor, prior to the issue of a construction certificate and the commencement of any excavation below the existing ground level.

## B24. Services adjustment or relocation

The Proponent shall meet the full cost for Telstra, Sydney Electricity, Sydney Water or Natural Gas Company to adjust/relocate their services as required. The Proponent shall make the necessary arrangements with the service authority. (For information on the location of these services contact the "Dial before you Dig" service on 1100.)

Documentary evidence from the public utility authorities confirming that all of their requirements have been satisfied shall be submitted to Council with the <u>Construction</u> <u>Certificate</u> under Section 68 of the Local Government Act, 1993, for construction of the development

## B25. Water conservation

Water saving devices must be fitted to all showers and dual flush cisterns installed within all WC/ sanitary facilities provided throughout the development to reduce ongoing water consumption. Documentation to be shown on the plans to be provided with the Construction Certificate

## B26. Sydney Water – Section 73 Compliance Certificate

A Section 73 Compliance Certificate under the Sydney Water Act 1994 must be obtained from Sydney Water Corporation.

Application must be made through an authorised Water Servicing Coordinator. Please refer to the "Your Business" section of the web site <u>www.sydneywater.com.au</u> then follow the "e-Developer" icon or telephone Sydney Water 13 20 92 for assistance.

Following application, a "Notice of Requirements" will advise of water and sewer extensions to be built and charges to be paid. Please make early contact with the Coordinator, since building of water/sewer extensions can be time consuming and may impact on other services and building, driveway or landscape design.

The Section 73 Certificate must be submitted to the PCA prior to the release of an occupation or subdivision certificate.

## B27. Plantation or recycled timbers

To minimise the damage to the environment, no rainforest timbers or timbers cut from old growth forests are to be used in the construction of buildings.

The Construction Certificate is to specify the timbers to be used. These are to be limited to plantation timbers grown on Australian farms, or State Forest Plantations, or recycled timbers.

## B28. Water efficient irrigation system

The communal open space areas shall be provided with a water efficient irrigation system to enable effective landscape maintenance. Details shall be included with the landscape plan to be submitted with the Construction Certificate.

# B29. Infrastructure and Restoration Administration Fee

An *Infrastructure and Restoration Administration Fee* is to be paid to Council prior to the issue of a construction certificate. The fee to be paid is to be in accordance with Councils adopted 'Fees and Charges' at the time of payment.

End of Section

# PART C – PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION

#### C1. Notice of Commencement- Notification of Works

Work must not commence until the Principal Certifying Authority or the person having the benefit of the development consent has given <u>Notification in Writing to Council</u> no later than two days before the building work commences.

## C2. Requirement for a Construction Certificate

In accordance with the provisions of Section 81A of the *Environmental Planning and* Assessment Act 1979 the erection of a building and/or construction works must not commence until:

a. detailed plans and specifications of the building (for each stage) have been endorsed with a Construction Certificate by:

(i) Council; or

(ii) an accredited certifier; and

- b. a principal certifying authority (PCA) has been appointed and the Council has been notified in writing of the appointment, and
- c. at least two days notice, in writing, has been given to Council of the intention to commence work.

The documentation required under this condition shall show that the proposal complies with all development consent conditions and the *Building Code of Australia*.

Note: If the PCA is the Council, the appointment will be subject to the payment of a fee for the service to cover the cost of undertaking building work and / or civil engineering inspections.

**WARNING:** Failure to obtain a Construction Certificate prior to the commencement of any building work is a serious breach of Section 81A(2) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*. It is a criminal offence that attracts substantial penalties and may also result in action in the Land and Environment Court and orders for demolition.

#### C3. Geotechnical and Civil Engineering Report

- 1. Prior to the commencement of any excavation works on site the applicant shall submit, for approval by the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA), a geotechnical/civil engineering report which addresses (but is not limited to) the following:
  - The type and extent of substrata formations by the provision of a minimum of 4 representative bore hole logs which are to provide a full description of all material from ground surface to 1.0m below the finished basement floor level and include the location and description of any anomalies encountered in the profile. The surface and depth of the bore hole logs shall be related to Australian Height Datum.
  - The appropriate means of excavation/shoring in light of point (a) above and proximity to adjacent property and structures. Potential vibration caused by the method of excavation and potential settlements affecting nearby footings/foundations shall be discussed and ameliorated.
  - The proposed method to temporarily and permanently support the excavation for the basement adjacent to adjoining property structures and road reserve if nearby (full support to be provided within the subject site).
  - The existing groundwater levels in relation to the basement structure, where influenced.

- The drawdown effects on adjacent properties (including road reserve), if any, the basement excavation will have on groundwater together with the appropriate construction methods to be utilised in controlling groundwater. Where it is considered there is the potential for the development to create a "dam" for natural groundwater flows, a groundwater drainage system must be designed to transfer groundwater through or under the proposed development without a change in the range of the natural groundwater level fluctuations. Where an impediment to the natural flow path is constructed, artificial drains such as perimeter drains and through drainage may be utilised.
- Recommendations to allow the satisfactory implementation of the works. An
  implementation program is to be prepared along with a suitable monitoring
  program (as required) including control levels for vibration, shoring support,
  ground level and groundwater level movements during construction. The
  implementation program is to nominate suitable hold points at the various stages
  of the works for verification of the design intent before sign-off and before
  proceeding with subsequent stages.

The geotechnical report must be prepared by a suitably qualified consulting geotechnical/hydrogeological engineer with previous experience in such investigations and reporting. It is the responsibility of the engaged geotechnical specialist to undertake the appropriate investigations, reporting and specialist recommendations to ensure a reasonable level of protection to adjacent property and structures both during and after construction. The report shall contain site specific geotechnical recommendations and shall specify the necessary hold/inspection points by relevant professionals as appropriate. The design principles for the geotechnical report are as follows:

i. No ground settlement or movement is to be induced which is sufficient enough to cause an adverse impact to adjoining property and/or infrastructure.

ii. No changes to the ground water level are to occur as a result of the development that is sufficient enough to cause an adverse impact to the surrounding property and infrastructure.

iii. No changes to the ground water level are to occur during the construction of the development that is sufficient enough to cause an adverse impact to the surrounding property and infrastructure.

iv. Vibration is to be minimised or eliminated to ensure no adverse impact on the surrounding property and infrastructure occurs, as a result of the construction of the development.

v. Appropriate support and retention systems are to be recommended and suitable designs prepared to allow the proposed development to comply with these design principles.

vi. An adverse impact can be assumed to be crack damage which would be classified as Category 2 or greater damage according to the classification given in Table Cl of AS 2870 - 1996.

## C4. Hoardings Application

A Hoarding Application together with the appropriate fee and details is to be submitted to and approved by Council for the enclosure of public space as required by Council's Hoarding Policy.

The hoarding is required to protect persons from construction or demolition works and no works can commence until approval for the hoarding has been obtained. Hoardings in the City Centre Local Environmental Plan area must also address the "Parramatta First - Marketing the City Brand". Details on policy compliance and brand marketing can be obtained by contacting Council's Construction Services on 02 9806 5602.

# C5. Public Risk Insurance

Any person or contractor undertaking works on public land must take out Public Risk Insurance with a minimum cover of \$10 million in relation to the occupation of approved works within Council's road reserve or public land, as approved in this consent. The Policy is to note and provide protection for Council as an interested party and a copy of the Policy must be submitted to Council prior to commencement of the works. The Policy must be valid for the entire period that the works are being undertaken on public land.

Note: Applications for hoarding permits, vehicular crossing etc will require evidence of insurance upon lodgement of the application.

# C6. Waste Management Plan

The Waste Management Plan must address demolition and excavation, as applicable. The Plan must describe procedures by which waste will be minimised, managed and recycled and must address the following:

- a) Details of recycling and the removal of soil and rubbish from the site in the course of demolition and excavation operations including:
- b) Type and quantities of material expected from demolition and excavation;
- c) Name and address of transport company;
- d) Address of proposed site of disposal;
- e) Name/address of company/organisation accepting material;
- f) Types and quantities of materials that are to be re-used; or recycled, on and off site and procedures involved;
- g) Name of company/contractor undertaking on and off site re-use and recycling, and address of recycling outlet;
- h) Material for disposal and justification of disposal; and
- If details of items (ii) to (vii) are not known at the time of preparation of the Waste Management Plan, the information must be supplied immediately after the letting of the contacts.

The Waste Management Plan must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal certifying Authority prior to commencement of any works on site

## C7. Security Fencing

The site must be enclosed with a 1.8 m high security fence to prohibit unauthorised access. The fence must be approved by the Principal Certifying Authority and be located wholly within the development site prior to commencement of any works on site.

# C8. Signage

A sign must be erected in a prominent position on any work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out:

- (a) Stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited;
- (b) Showing the name of the principal contractor (or person in charge of the work site), and a telephone number at which that person may be contacted at any time for business purposes and outside working hours; and
- (c) Showing the name, address and telephone number of the Principal Certifying Authority for the work.
- (d) Showing the approved construction hours in accordance with this development consent.

- (e) Any such sign must be maintained while the excavation building work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.
- (f) This condition does not apply to building works being carried out inside an existing building.

## C9. Pedestrian and Traffic Management Plan

A pedestrian and Traffic Management Plan must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifying Authority prior to commencement of demolition and/or excavation. It must include details of the:

- (a) Proposed ingress and egress of vehicles to and from the construction site
- (b) Proposed protection of pedestrians adjacent to the site
- (c) Proposed pedestrian management whilst vehicles are entering and leaving the site
- (d) Proposed route of construction vehicles to and from the site, and
- (e) The Pedestrian and Traffic Management Plan shall be implemented during the demolition, excavation and construction period

## C10. Road Opening Permit

The applicant shall apply for a road-opening permit where a new pipeline is proposed to be constructed within or across the footpath. Additional road opening permits and fees may be necessary where there are connections to public utility services (e.g. telephone, electricity, sewer, water or gas) are required within the road reserve. No drainage work shall be carried out on the footpath without this permit being paid and a copy kept on site.

## C11. Verge Maintenance

Prior to commencement of works and during construction works, the development site and any road verge immediately in front of the site are to be maintained in a safe and tidy manner. In this regards the following is to be undertaken:

- all existing buildings are to be secured and maintained to prevent unauthorised access and vandalism
- all site boundaries are to be secured and maintained to prevent unauthorised access to the site
- all general refuge and/or litter (inclusive of any uncollected mail/advertising material) is to be removed from the site on a fortnightly basis
- the site is to be maintained clear of weeds
- all grassed areas are to be mown on a monthly basis

## C12. Underground Utility Services

Prior to any excavation on or near the subject site the person/s having benefit of this consent are required to contact the NSW Dial Before You Dig Service (NDBYD) on 1100 to received written confirmation from NDBYD that the proposed excavation will not conflict with any underground utility services. The person/s having benefit of this consent are required to forward the written confirmation from NDBYD to their Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) prior to any excavation occurring.

# C13. Existing damage to Council Property

Prior to commencement of works the applicant shall advise Council in writing, of any existing damage to Council property. A dilapidation survey of Council's assets, including photographs and written record, must be prepared and submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council (if Council is not the PCA) prior to the commencement of works; failure to identify any damage to Council's assets will render the applicant liable for the costs associated with any necessary repairs.

## C14. Sanitary facilities demolition/construction sites

Toilet facilities are to be provided, at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out, at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site.

The provision of toilet facilities in accordance with this clause must be completed before any other work is commenced.

## C15. Building location – check survey certificate

To ensure that the location of the building satisfies the provision of the approval, a check survey certificate shall be submitted to the PCA either prior to the pouring of the ground floor slab or at dampcourse level, whichever is applicable or occurs first, indicating the:-

- (i) location of the building with respect to the boundaries of the site;
- (ii) level of the floor in relation to the levels on the site (all levels are to be shown relative to Australian Height Datum)
- (iii) site coverage of the buildings on the site.

## C16. Site Controls

Sediment and erosion controls must be in place before work is commenced on the site. The control strategies must be consistent with the technical requirements set out in the Sydney Coastal Councils' *Stormwater Pollution Control Code for Local Government*.

Material from the site is not to be tracked onto the road by vehicles entering or leaving the site. At the end of each working day any dust/dirt or other sediment shall be swept off the road and contained on the site and not washed down any stormwater pit or gutter.

A sediment and erosion control plan must be prepared and identify appropriate measures for bunding and siltation fencing. Any such erosion and sedimentation controls shall also include the protection of stormwater inlets or gutter systems within the immediate vicinity of the site.

The sediment and erosion control measures are to be inspected daily and defects or system failures are to be repaired as soon as they are detected.

## C17. Dilapidation Reports

Prior to the commencement of any excavation works on site, the applicant must submit for approval by the Principal Certifying Authority (with a copy forwarded to Council) a full dilapidation report on the visible and structural condition of all neighbouring structures within the 'zone of influence' of the required excavation face to twice the excavation depth.

The report should include a photographic survey of adjoining properties detailing their physical condition, both internally and externally, including such items as walls, ceilings, roof, structural members and other similar items. The report must be completed by a consulting structural/geotechnical engineer as determined necessary by that qualified