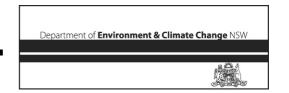
Licence - 11211



<u>Licence Details</u>		
Number:	11211	
Anniversary Date:	01-July	
Review Due Date:	02-Feb-2014	

Licensee
MACQUARIE LEISURE OPERATIONS LIMITED
THE SPIT
MOSMAN NSW 2088

Licence Type		
Premises		

<u>Premises</u>
D'ALBORA MARINAS, THE SPIT
THE SPIT
MOSMAN NSW 2088

Scheduled Activity
Marinas and boat repairs

Fee Based Activity	<u>Scale</u>	
Boat mooring and storage	0 - All	
	-	

<u>Region</u>
Metropolitan
Level 3, NSW Govt Offices, 84 Crown Street
WOLLONGONG NSW 2500
Phone: 02 4224 4100
Fax: 02 4224 4110
PO Box 513 WOLLONGONG EAST
NSW 2520

Licence - 11211

Environment Protection Licence

Department of Environment & Climate Change NSW



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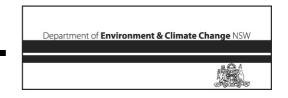
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Information about this licence

Dictionary

A definition of terms used in the licence can be found in the dictionary at the end of this licence.

Responsibilities of licensee

Separate to the requirements of this licence, general obligations of licensees are set out in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 ("the Act") and the Regulations made under the Act. These include obligations to:

- ensure persons associated with you comply with this licence, as set out in section 64 of the Act;
- control the pollution of waters and the pollution of air (see for example sections 120 132 of the Act);
- report incidents causing or threatening material environmental harm to the environment, as set out in Part 5.7 of the Act.

Variation of licence conditions

The licence holder can apply to vary the conditions of this licence. An application form for this purpose is available from the EPA.

The EPA may also vary the conditions of the licence at any time by written notice without an application being made.

Where a licence has been granted in relation to development which was assessed under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 in accordance with the procedures applying to integrated development, the EPA may not impose conditions which are inconsistent with the development consent conditions until the licence is first reviewed under Part 3.6 of the Act.

Duration of licence

This licence will remain in force until the licence is surrendered by the licence holder or until it is suspended or revoked by the EPA or the Minister. A licence may only be surrendered with the written approval of the EPA.

Licence review

The Act requires that the EPA review your licence at least every 5 years after the issue of the licence, as set out in Part 3.6 and Schedule 5 of the Act. You will receive advance notice of the licence review.

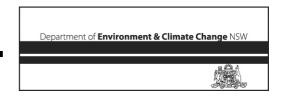
Fees and annual return to be sent to the EPA

For each licence fee period you must pay:

- an administrative fee; and
- a load-based fee (if applicable).

The EPA publication "A Guide to Licensing" contains information about how to calculate your licence fees.

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The licence requires that an Annual Return, comprising a Statement of Compliance and a summary of any monitoring required by the licence (including the recording of complaints), be submitted to the EPA. The Annual Return must be submitted within 60 days after the end of each reporting period. See condition R1 regarding the Annual Return reporting requirements.

Usually the licence fee period is the same as the reporting period.

Transfer of licence

The licence holder can apply to transfer the licence to another person. An application form for this purpose is available from the EPA.

Public register and access to monitoring data

Part 9.5 of the Act requires the EPA to keep a public register of details and decisions of the EPA in relation to, for example:

- licence applications;
- licence conditions and variations;
- statements of compliance;
- load based licensing information; and
- load reduction agreements.

Under s320 of the Act application can be made to the EPA for access to monitoring data which has been submitted to the EPA by licensees.

This licence is issued to:

MACQUARIE LEISURE OPERATIONS LIMITED THE SPIT MOSMAN NSW 2088

subject to the conditions which follow.

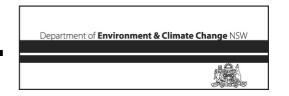
1 Administrative conditions

A1 What the licence authorises and regulates

- A1.1 Not applicable.
- A1.2 This licence authorises the carrying out of the scheduled activities listed below at the premises specified in A2. The activities are listed according to their scheduled activity classification, feebased activity classification and the scale of the operation.

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Unless otherwise further restricted by a condition of this licence, the scale at which the activity is carried out must not exceed the maximum scale specified in this condition.

Scheduled Activity	
Marinas and boat repairs	

Fee Based Activity	Scale
Boat mooring and storage	0 - All

A1.3 Not applicable.

A2 Premises to which this licence applies

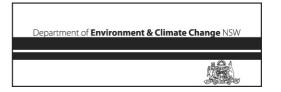
A2.1 The licence applies to the following premises:

Premises Details
D'ALBORA MARINAS, THE SPIT
THE SPIT
MOSMAN
NSW
2088
FOLIO 1
PART VOL 5018

A3 Other activities

A3.1 Not applicable.

A4 Information supplied to the EPA



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Works and activities must be carried out in accordance with the proposal contained in the licence A4.1 application, except as expressly provided by a condition of this licence.

In this condition the reference to "the licence application" includes a reference to:

- (a) the applications for any licences (including former pollution control approvals) which this licence replaces under the Protection of the Environment Operations (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998; and
- (b) the licence information form provided by the licensee to the EPA to assist the EPA in connection with the issuing of this licence

	connection with the issuing of this licence.
2	Discharges to air and water and applications to land
P1	Location of monitoring/discharge points and areas
P1.1	Not applicable.
P1.2	Not applicable.
P1.3	Not applicable.
3	Limit conditions
L1	Pollution of waters
L1.1	Except as may be expressly provided in any other condition of this licence, the licensee must comply with section 120 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
L2	Load limits
L2.1	Not applicable.
L2.2	Not applicable.
L3	Concentration limits

- L3.1 Not applicable.
- L3.2 Not applicable.

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- L3.3 Not applicable.
- L3.4 No condition of this licence identifies a potentially offensive odour for the purposes of Section 129 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
- L3.5 The licensee must not cause or permit the emission of offensive odour beyond the boundary of the premises.
- Note: Section 129 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, provides that the licensee must not cause or permit the emission of any offensive odour from the premises but provides a defence if the emission is identified in the relevant environment protection licence as a potentially offensive odour and the odour was emitted in accordance with the conditions of a licence directed at minimising odour.

L4 Volume and mass limits

L4.1 Not applicable.

L5 Waste

- L5.1 The licensee must not cause, permit or allow any waste generated outside the premises to be received at the premises for storage, treatment, processing, reprocessing or disposal or any waste generated at the premises to be disposed of at the premises, except as expressly permitted by the licence.
- L5.2 The licensee must assess, classify and manage any waste generated at the premises in accordance with the Waste Guidelines prior to dispatching the waste off site.
- L5.3 This condition only applies to the storage, treatment, processing, reprocessing or disposal of waste at the premises if it requires an environment protection licence.
- L5.4 For the purposes of condition L5, waste generated at the premises includes waste collected from vessels at the premises and may include but not be limited to contaminated bilge water, litter, garbage, fuel, oil and waste from abrasive cleaning, sanding, scraping and painting.

L6 Noise Limits

L6.1 Where a noise limit has not been prescribed, all operations and activities occurring on the premises must be conducted in a manner that will not cause offensive noise.

4 Operating conditions

O1 Activities must be carried out in a competent manner

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O1.1 Licensed activities must be carried out in a competent manner.

This includes:

- (a) the processing, handling, movement and storage of materials and substances used to carry out the activity; and
- (b) the treatment, storage, processing, reprocessing, transport and disposal of waste generated by the activity.

Note: Materials and substances includes but are not limited to vessels, watercraft, tanks, and engines.

O2 Maintenance of plant and equipment

- O2.1 All plant and equipment installed at the premises or used in connection with the licensed activity:
 - (a) must be maintained in a proper and efficient condition; and
 - (b) must be operated in a proper and efficient manner.

Note: Plant is defined in the Dictionary. The type of plant and equipment that should be considered includes, but is not limited to, drainage systems; infrastructure and pollution control equipment such as (but not limited to) spill containment and clean-up equipment; dust screens and collectors; sediment collection systems, traps and sumps; waste collection, storage and disposal equipment.

O3 Airborne impurities (including dust, particulate matter and odour)

- O3.1 Where neither a concentration nor rate for emission of air impurities has been prescribed, for the purposes of Section 128 of the Act, all operations and activities occurring at the premises must be conducted in a manner that will minimise airborne impurities at the boundary of the premises.
- Note: Guidance information on the source of odours, dust and particulates is available in the Environmental Guidelines Best Management Practice for Marinas and Boat Repair Facilities, 1999.

O4 Waste

- O4.1 All activities at the premises must be carried out in a manner that will prevent waste from polluting waters.
- O4.2 The licensee must provide facilities to ensure the collection storage and disposal of waste generated at the premises so that it does not pollute waters.
- O4.3 For the purposes of condition O4:
 - (a) Waste generated at the premises includes waste collected from vessels at the premises and may include but not be limited to contaminated bilge water, litter, garbage, fuel, oil and waste from abrasive cleaning, sanding, scraping and painting.
 - (b) Facilities may include but not be limited to tarpaulins, waste bins, pump-out facilities, signage and agreements with those operating on the site.
- Note: All wastes that contain organotin biocides must be collected, stored and disposed of in accordance with the Organotin Waste Chemical Control Order 1989. Guidance information relating to the Organotin Chemical Control Order and other solid and liquid waste is provided in the

Department of **Environment & Climate Change** NSW

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Environmental Guidelines – Best Management Practice for Marinas and Boat Repair Facilities, 1999.

O5 Stormwater

- O5.1 The licensee must ensure that contaminated stormwater at the premises is managed in a manner that will prevent pollution of waters.
- Note: Information on sources of stormwater contamination and management of contaminated stormwater is provided in *Environmental Guidelines Best Management Practice for Marinas and Boat Repair Facilities*. 1999.

O6 Sewage and greywater

- O6.1 The licensee must ensure that sewage and greywater, that is associated with vessels at the premises, is managed in a manner that will prevent pollution of waters.
- Note: Information on collection of sewage and greywater from vessels in provided in the *Environmental Guidelines Best Management Practice for Marinas and Boat Repair Facilities, 1999.*

5 Monitoring and recording conditions

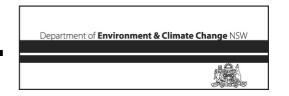
M1 Monitoring records

- M1.1 The results of any monitoring required to be conducted by this licence or a load calculation protocol must be recorded and retained as set out in this condition.
- M1.2 All records required to be kept by this licence must be:
 - (a) in a legible form, or in a form that can readily be reduced to a legible form;
 - (b) kept for at least 4 years after the monitoring or event to which they relate took place; and
 - (c) produced in a legible form to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.
- M1.3 The following records must be kept in respect of any samples required to be collected for the purposes of this licence:
 - (a) the date(s) on which the sample was taken;
 - (b) the time(s) at which the sample was collected;
 - (c) the point at which the sample was taken; and
 - (d) the name of the person who collected the sample.

M2 Requirement to monitor concentration of pollutants discharged

M2.1 Not applicable.

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M3 Testing methods - concentration limits

- M3.1 Not applicable.
- M3.2 Not applicable.

M4 Recording of pollution complaints

- M4.1 The licensee must keep a legible record of all complaints made to the licensee or any employee or agent of the licensee in relation to pollution arising from any activity to which this licence applies.
- M4.2 The record must include details of the following:
 - (a) the date and time of the complaint;
 - (b) the method by which the complaint was made;
 - (c) any personal details of the complainant which were provided by the complainant or, if no such details were provided, a note to that effect;
 - (d) the nature of the complaint;
 - (e) the action taken by the licensee in relation to the complaint, including any follow-up contact with the complainant; and
 - (f) if no action was taken by the licensee, the reasons why no action was taken.
- M4.3 The record of a complaint must be kept for at least 4 years after the complaint was made.
- M4.4 The record must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.

M5 Telephone complaints line

- M5.1 The licensee must operate during its operating hours a telephone complaints line for the purpose of receiving any complaints from members of the public in relation to activities conducted at the premises or by the vehicle or mobile plant, unless otherwise specified in the licence.
- M5.2 The licensee must notify the public of the complaints line telephone number and the fact that it is a complaints line so that the impacted community knows how to make a complaint.
- M5.3 Conditions M5.1 and M5.2 do not apply until 3 months after:
 - (a) the date of the issue of this licence or
 - (b) if this licence is a replacement licence within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998, the date on which a copy of the licence was served on the licensee under clause 10 of that regulation.

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M6 Requirement to monitor volume or mass

M6.1 Not applicable.

6 Reporting conditions

R1 Annual return documents

What documents must an Annual Return contain?

- R1.1 The licensee must complete and supply to the EPA an Annual Return in the approved form comprising:
 - (a) a Statement of Compliance; and
 - (b) a Monitoring and Complaints Summary.

A copy of the form in which the Annual Return must be supplied to the EPA accompanies this licence. Before the end of each reporting period, the EPA will provide to the licensee a copy of the form that must be completed and returned to the EPA.

Period covered by Annual Return

- R1.2 An Annual Return must be prepared in respect of each reporting period, except as provided below.
- Note: The term "reporting period" is defined in the dictionary at the end of this licence. Do not complete the Annual Return until after the end of the reporting period.
- R1.3 Where this licence is transferred from the licensee to a new licensee:
 - (a) the transferring licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on the date the application for the transfer of the licence to the new licensee is granted: and
 - (b) the new licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the period commencing on the date the application for the transfer of the licence is granted and ending on the last day of the reporting period.

Note: An application to transfer a licence must be made in the approved form for this purpose.

- R1.4 Where this licence is surrendered by the licensee or revoked by the EPA or Minister, the licensee must prepare an Annual Return in respect of the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on:
 - (a) in relation to the surrender of a licence the date when notice in writing of approval of the surrender is given; or
 - (b) in relation to the revocation of the licence the date from which notice revoking the licence operates.

Deadline for Annual Return

R1.5 The Annual Return for the reporting period must be supplied to the EPA by registered post not later

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than 60 days after the end of each reporting period or in the case of a transferring licence not later than 60 days after the date the transfer was granted (the 'due date').

Notification where actual load can not be calculated

R1.6 Not applicable.

Licensee must retain copy of Annual Return

R1.7 The licensee must retain a copy of the Annual Return supplied to the EPA for a period of at least 4 years after the Annual Return was due to be supplied to the EPA.

Certifying of Statement of Compliance and signing of Monitoring and Complaints Summary

- R1.8 Within the Annual Return, the Statement of Compliance must be certified and the Monitoring and Complaints Summary must be signed by:
 - (a) the licence holder; or
 - (b) by a person approved in writing by the EPA to sign on behalf of the licence holder.
- R1.9 A person who has been given written approval to certify a certificate of compliance under a licence issued under the Pollution Control Act 1970 is taken to be approved for the purpose of this condition until the date of first review of this licence.

R2 Notification of environmental harm

- Note: The licensee or its employees must notify the EPA of incidents causing or threatening material harm to the environment as soon as practicable after the person becomes aware of the incident in accordance with the requirements of Part 5.7 of the Act.
- R2.1 Notifications must be made by telephoning the EPA's Pollution Line service on 131 555.
- R2.2 The licensee must provide written details of the notification to the EPA within 7 days of the date on which the incident occurred.

R3 Written report

- R3.1 Where an authorised officer of the EPA suspects on reasonable grounds that:
 - (a) where this licence applies to premises, an event has occurred at the premises; or
 - (b) where this licence applies to vehicles or mobile plant, an event has occurred in connection with the carrying out of the activities authorised by this licence,
 - and the event has caused, is causing or is likely to cause material harm to the environment (whether the harm occurs on or off premises to which the licence applies), the authorised officer may request a written report of the event.
- R3.2 The licensee must make all reasonable inquiries in relation to the event and supply the report to the EPA within such time as may be specified in the request.

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- R3.3 The request may require a report which includes any or all of the following information:
 - (a) the cause, time and duration of the event;
 - (b) the type, volume and concentration of every pollutant discharged as a result of the event;
 - (c) the name, address and business hours telephone number of employees or agents of the licensee, or a specified class of them, who witnessed the event;
 - (d) the name, address and business hours telephone number of every other person (of whom the licensee is aware) who witnessed the event, unless the licensee has been unable to obtain that information after making reasonable effort;
 - (e) action taken by the licensee in relation to the event, including any follow-up contact with any complainants;
 - (f) details of any measure taken or proposed to be taken to prevent or mitigate against a recurrence of such an event; and
 - (g) any other relevant matters.
- R3.4 The EPA may make a written request for further details in relation to any of the above matters if it is not satisfied with the report provided by the licensee. The licensee must provide such further details to the EPA within the time specified in the request.

General conditions

G1 Copy of licence kept at the premises

- G1.1 A copy of this licence must be kept at the premises to which the licence applies.
- G1.2 The licence must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see it.
- G1.3 The licence must be available for inspection by any employee or agent of the licensee working at the premises.

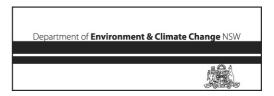
Pollution studies and reduction programs

Completed Pollution Reduction Programs Table

PRP ID	Details	Completion Date
PRP 1	Submit a detailed report to the EPA proposing options (and a preferred option) to prevent pollution of waters from activities undertaken on the slipway and hardstand areas	26 March 2001
PRP 2	Install a cover to prevent rain water access to the fuel bowsers and associated bunding	26 March 2001
PRP 3	Install impervious bunding around the oil storage containers in the workshop area	26 March 2001
PRP 4	Install and operate interim collection facilities	30 November 2003

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	(floating mats) to prevent pollution of waters from activities undertaken on the slipway	
PRP 5	Feasibility Study for replacing the slipway with a hardstand	30 June 2007
PRP 6	Pollution control measures to effectively seal the surface of the slipway and collect all wastewater and contaminated waste.	4 May 2007

PRP 7

By 20 January 2011, the licensee must install, operate and maintain stage 1 vapour recovery technology (VR1) to all fuel storage tanks on site so as to prevent the discharge of vapours to the atmosphere during tank filling operations.

The licensee must notify DECC in writing upon completion of the works.

Special conditions

E1 Operation of Fuel Storage Tanks without Stage 1 Vapour Recovery

DECC has approved an exemption from the requirements under Clause 49 of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Clean Air) Regulation 2002. The licensee must:

- Comply with a limit of 600 kilolitres of petrol sales in any year (whilst stage one vapour recovery is not installed).
- b. Record petrol throughput on a monthly basis, with notification to the Department, as soon as practicable, if annual petrol throughput may exceed 600 kilolitres.
- c. Submit a written annual report of monthly petrol throughput with the Annual Return.

This exemption is approved up to 20 January 2011.

Dictionary

General Dictionary

In this licence, unless the contrary is indicated, the terms below have the following meanings:

3DGM [in relation to a concentration limit]	Means the three day geometric mean, which is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount. Where one or more of the samples is zero or below the detection limit for the analysis, then 1 or the detection limit respectively should be used in place of those samples
Act	Means the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
activity	Means a scheduled or non-scheduled activity within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
actual load	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 1998
AM	Together with a number, means an ambient air monitoring method of that number prescribed by the Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales.

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Department of **Environment & Climate Change** NSW

AMG Australian Map Grid

anniversary date

The anniversary date is the anniversary each year of the date of issue of the licence. In the case of a

licence continued in force by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the date of issue of the licence is the first anniversary of the date of issue or last renewal of the licence following the

commencement of the Act.

annual return Is defined in R1.1

Approved Methods Publication Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 1998

assessable pollutants

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 1998

BOD Means biochemical oxygen demand

CEM Together with a number, means a continuous emission monitoring method of that number prescribed by

the Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales.

COD Means chemical oxygen demand

composite sample Unless otherwise specifically approved in writing by the EPA, a sample consisting of 24 individual samples

collected at hourly intervals and each having an equivalent volume.

cond. Means conductivity

environment Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

environment protection legislation

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991

EPA Means Environment Protection Authority of New South Wales.

fee-based activity classification

Means the numbered short descriptions in Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations

(General) Regulation 1998.

flow weighted composite sample

Means a sample whose composites are sized in proportion to the flow at each composites time of

collection.

general solid waste (non-putrescible)

Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

general solid waste (putrescible)

Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

grab sample Means a single sample taken at a point at a single time

hazardous waste Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

licensee Means the licence holder described at the front of this licence

load calculation protocol

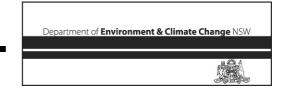
Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 1998

local authority Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

material harm Has the same meaning as in section 147 Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

MBAS Means methylene blue active substances

Minister Means the Minister administering the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997



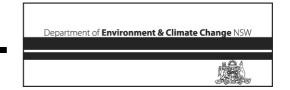
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mobile plant	Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
motor vehicle	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
O&G	Means oil and grease
percentile [in relation to a concentration limit of a sample]	Means that percentage [eg.50%] of the number of samples taken that must meet the concentration limit specified in the licence for that pollutant over a specified period of time. In this licence, the specified period of time is the Reporting Period unless otherwise stated in this licence.
plant	Includes all plant within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 as well as motor vehicles.
pollution of waters [or water pollution]	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
premises	Means the premises described in condition A2.1
public authority	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
regional office	Means the relevant EPA office referred to in the Contacting the EPA document accompanying this licence
reporting period	For the purposes of this licence, the reporting period means the period of 12 months after the issue of the licence, and each subsequent period of 12 months. In the case of a licence continued in force by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the date of issue of the licence is the first anniversary of the date of issue or last renewal of the licence following the commencement of the Act.
restricted solid waste	Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
scheduled activity	Means an activity listed in Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
special waste	Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
ТМ	Together with a number, means a test method of that number prescribed by the Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales.
TSP	Means total suspended particles
TSS	Means total suspended solids
Type 1 substance	Means the elements antimony, arsenic, cadmium, lead or mercury or any compound containing one or more of those elements
Type 2 substance	Means the elements beryllium, chromium, cobalt, manganese, nickel, selenium, tin or vanadium or any compound containing one or more of those elements
utilisation area	Means any area shown as a utilisation area on a map submitted with the application for this licence
waste	Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
waste type	Means liquid, restricted solid waste, general solid waste (putrescible), general solid waste (non-putrescible), special waste or hazardous waste

Special Dictionary

In this licence, unless the contrary is indicated, the terms below have the following meanings:

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Non-significant weather

Read together with NSW Industrial Noise Policy. "Non-significant weather" conditions are represented by G Class stability category when F Class has been established as "significant weather" for the site OR F and G Class stability where no "significant weather" is established for the site OR a source to receiver component wind at (at 10m) of between 1m/s and 3m/s where wind is not "significant weather" for the site.

Significant weather

Read together with the NSW Industrial Noise Policy. Significant weather conditions are described by either F or G Class Pasquill Stability categories where either of these respectively occur for more than 30% of the total time for all nights in winter (June-August) and/or a source to receiver component wind (at 10m) between 1m/s and 3m/s occurs more than 30% of the time in any assessment period in any season.

TBT

Means Tri-butyl-tin, which is a chemical added to paint to prevent marine bio-fouling.

Waste Guidelines

Environmental Guidelines: Assessment, Classification and Management of Liquid and Non-Liquid Wastes (July 1999)

Mr Warren Hicks

Environment Protection Authority

(By Delegation)

Date of this edition - 30-Jan-2009

End Notes

- Licence varied by notice 1008406, issued on 18-Jun-2001, which came into effect on 13-Jul-2001.
- Licence varied by Change of contact details, issued on 15-Mar-2002, which came into effect on 15-Mar-2002.
- Licence varied by notice 1018813, issued on 09-Sep-2002, which came into effect on 04-Oct-2002.
- Licence varied by notice 1028480, issued on 03-Jul-2003, which came into effect on 28-Jul-2003.
- Licence transferred through application 142134, approved on 30-Jul-2003, which came into effect on 01-Jul-2003.
- 6 Licence varied by notice 1032563, issued on 20-Nov-2003, which came into effect on 15-Dec-2003.
- 7 Licence fee period changed by notice 1060585 on 17-May-2006.
- Licence varied by notice 1069448, issued on 05-Feb-2007, which came into effect on 05-Feb-2007.



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End Notes		
9	Licence varied by notice 1070978, issued on 16-Mar-2007, which came into effect on 16-Mar-2007.	
10	Licence varied by notice 1072567, issued on 24-Apr-2007, which came into effect on 24-Apr-2007.	
11	Licence varied by notice 1074550, issued on 13-Jun-2007, which came into effect on 13-Jun-2007.	
12	Licence varied by notice 1078238, issued on 20-Sep-2007, which came into effect on 20-Sep-2007.	
13	Licence varied by notice 1085886, issued on 12-May-2008, which came into effect on 12-May-2008.	
14	Condition A1.3 Not applicable varied by notice issued on <issue date=""> which came into effect on <effective date=""></effective></issue>	
15	Licence varied by notice 1097027, issued on 30-Jan-2009, which came into effect on	