

12. Draft Statement of Commitments

The Environmental Assessment for the Quakers Hill to Vineyard Duplication has identified a range of environmental impacts and recommended mitigation measures to avoid or reduce the impacts of the Project (refer Chapters 8 and 9). These measures have informed the development of the draft Statement of Commitments (SoCs) that would be implemented as part of the construction and operation of the Project (refer Table 12-1). The draft SoCs specifies certain environmental outcomes to be achieved. In some instances, greater detail as to how those outcomes would be achieved is provided in the mitigations and management measures in chapters 8 and 9.

As the Project is proposed to be constructed in two stages, it is important to note that not all of the SoCs would be relevant for each stage. For example, SoC Number 30 (refer Table 12-1) commits to preparing a Heritage Management Plan for the heritage listed Riverstone Station. This plan would only be required for Stage 2 when construction works would be in the vicinity of the station.

Table 12-1 details the draft SoCs that are proposed to manage the potential environmental impacts associated with the construction and operation of the Project. The following definitions apply in relation to this draft SoCs:

- Pre-construction — work in respect of the Project that includes design, survey, acquisitions, fencing, investigative drilling or excavation, field investigations for Indigenous heritage, building/road dilapidation surveys, minor clearing (except where threatened species, populations or ecological communities would be affected), establishing ancillary facilities such as site compounds, minor adjustments to rail and non rail utilities and services or other relevant activities determined to have minimal environmental impact (e.g. minor access roads).
- Construction — all work in respect of the Project other than that defined as a pre-construction activity/work including commissioning trials.
- Operation — the operation of the activity, but not including commissioning trials of equipment.

The draft SoCs may be revised in response to submissions to the Environmental Assessment and/or design changes made before final submissions to the Department of Planning. The final SoCs would be considered by the Department of Planning in assessing the Project. Should approval be granted by the Minister for Planning, approval conditions would pay regard to the final SoCs.

Following Project approval, the finalised commitments would guide subsequent phases of the proposed development. Any consortium or contractor selected to undertake further planning, design, construction and/or operation phases of the proposed upgrade would be required to undertake all works in accordance with the final SoCs and Conditions of Approval.

Table 12-1 Draft Statement of Commitments

Issue (section of EA)	Mitigation measures/approach	Phase of project
Environmental Management Systems	1. The construction of the works would be undertaken in accordance with an Environmental Management System(s) (EMS) independently accredited to ISO 14001 or equivalent.	Construction
	2. The proponent would prepare a Pre-Construction and Pre-Operation Compliance Report.	Pre-construction
	3. During construction, compliance reports would be prepared at least at quarterly intervals.	Construction
	4. An Environmental Impact Audit Report (Construction) would be prepared and submitted to the Director-General within 3 months following completion of construction. This report would provide a comparison of the impacts predicted in the Environmental Assessment, and the actual impacts that arise from the construction of the Project.	Pre-operation
	5. A Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) would be prepared prior to construction, which would outline the construction conditions and temporary environmental protection measures to mitigate the impact of construction activities. The CEMP would be consistent with the statement of commitments, conditions of approval and the conditions of any licences issued by government authorities.	Construction
	6. The CEMP would identify the auditing and inspection requirements and determine the framework for the management of key environmental issues for construction. To address site specific conditions, the CEMP would delegate particular management measures to be incorporated in discrete Environmental Control Maps (as listed in Chapter 6 and incorporated in this table).	
Communications	7. A Community and Stakeholder Involvement Plan would be established prior to construction commencing. The Plan would identify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. key stakeholders b. methods to inform the community of the progress and performance of the Project and issues of interest to the community c. processes to receive and manage complaints d. processes to consult with affected property owners, including property inspections, where appropriate e. protocols to notify stakeholders of relevant activities (e.g. Out of hours work and traffic disruptions) and any incidents should they occur e.g. unscheduled service interruptions f. the need for ongoing liaison with government agencies regarding their issues of concern as detailed in Chapter 4 of this report. 	Pre-construction

Issue (section of EA)	Mitigation measures/approach	Phase of project
Socio-economic (8.3)	8. The Community and Stakeholder Involvement Plan would be implemented throughout the delivery of the Project. This would include:	Construction
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. identifying new opportunities to provide input into mitigation measures for construction or operations including feedback from directly affected property owners (including educational institutions) on proposed noise and vibration mitigation measures. b. informing the community of the progress and performance of the Project and issues of interest to the community c. consulting with surrounding business owners, residents and commuters regarding upcoming project construction activities and impacts d. receiving and managing complaints e. consulting with affected property owners f. notifying stakeholders of relevant activities (e.g. Out of hours work and traffic disruptions) and incidents should they occur g. undertaking liaison with government agencies as appropriate. 	New station operations
Land use and property (8.1)	9. Community based forums would be held throughout the duration of the Project to address any issues raised and to inform the community of further details of the Project.	
	10. The acquisition of any land shall be undertaken in accordance with the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991.	Construction
	11. The proponent shall develop and implement a strategy for undertaking building condition surveys prior to the commencement of construction. A copy of building condition surveys undertaken shall be provided to respective property owners.	
	12. The proponent would liaise with agencies and local councils responsible for future precinct planning in the North West Growth Centre to ensure where possible, that the design of the Project makes allowance for:	Pre-construction
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. any reasonable measures to improve connectivity across the corridor and within the North West Growth Centre b. potential co-location of utilities or other beneficial land uses of the rail corridor, where feasible. 	
	13. Urban and Landscape design would be undertaken for the existing Schofields Station site during the detailed design phase in consultation with relevant agencies and councils.	Construction
Environmental management	14. The proponent would appoint an independent Environmental Management Representative (EMR) prior to construction to advise the proponent on compliance with the Conditions of Approval and to undertake other activities as specified in the CEMP.	Pre-construction
		Construction
		Operation

Issue (section of EA)	Mitigation measures/approach	Phase of project
Traffic and transport (8.2)	15. The Proponent would implement a Compliance Tracking Program to ensure compliance with the Conditions of approval, statement of commitments and conditions of any licences issued by government authorities.	
	16. Construction traffic impacts are to be managed in accordance with a three-level hierarchy of plans:	Construction
	a. High level Traffic Management Reports prepared for local government areas that address cumulative traffic impacts across a number of construction work sites.	
	b. Site-specific Traffic Management Plans that focus on individual construction work sites.	
	c. Traffic Control Plans for each location where works are proposed in the road or that would affect trafficable areas.	
	17. Measures to mitigate impacts of the various work sites on pedestrians and cyclists would be incorporated into the Traffic Management and Traffic Control Plans.	
	18. Any temporary loss of parking during construction would be managed in consultation with the responsible landowner and communicated to relevant stakeholders.	
	19. The proponent would consult with bus operators and notify the community of any impacts to bus facilities. Access to bus stops would be maintained throughout the construction of the Project.	
	20. The proponent would continue to consult with MoT regarding the provision of a bus service between the existing Schofields Station and the new Schofields Station.	Pre-operation
	21. The development of the proposed new Vineyard Station phase 2 car park would be subject to further investigations, and consideration of alternative sites in consultation with relevant agencies and councils.	
Noise and vibration (8.4)	22. The proponent would liaise with the relevant agencies, councils and Bicycle NSW about integration of cyclist facilities around the station precincts with the North West Growth Centre.	
	23. The proponent would liaise with the RTA in the delivery of the alternative access across Garfield Road level crossing during construction in the area.	
	24. The CEMP would identify construction noise and vibration management measures to be implemented for the Project. These measures shall include the implementation of TIDC's Construction Noise Strategy (Rail Projects) which includes:	Construction
	a. details of the standard construction hours and out of hours work protocols	
	b. details of best management practice, where reasonable and feasible, to be implemented as part of the works	
	c. Communications protocols including complaints and notifications procedures	
	d. noise and vibration monitoring requirements	
	25. Construction activities will be undertaken between the hours of 0700 to 1800 Monday to Friday, 0800 to 1300 Saturday and no work on Sundays or public holidays, except as otherwise provided for in TIDC's Construction Noise Strategy (Rail Projects), or as agreed with relevant authorities.	

Issue (section of EA)	Mitigation measures/approach	Phase of project
Heritage — non-Indigenous (8.5)	26. The Proponent would prepare an Operational Noise and Vibration Report for the Project. The report would include predictions of operational noise and vibration levels (including ground-borne noise levels) at sensitive receivers based on the detailed design of the Project, and confirm all reasonable and feasible noise and vibration mitigation measures that would be implemented for the Project in accordance with the Interim Guidelines for the Assessment of Noise from Rail Infrastructure Projects (DECC 2007).	Prior to Operation
	27. Following completion of construction, operational noise monitoring shall be undertaken to confirm compliance with the predicted noise levels identified in the Environmental Assessment. Should the results of monitoring show that the Project specific noise levels are exceeded then any additional feasible and reasonable mitigation measures shall be implemented in consultation with the affected property owners.	Operation
	28. The detailed design for the upgrade to Riverstone Station would be developed in consultation with the Department of Planning's Heritage branch.	Pre-construction Construction
	29. The proponent would prepare, as part of a CEMP, a procedure to follow if previously unidentified heritage items are uncovered.	
Flora and fauna (8.6)	30. Prior to construction, at Riverstone, a Heritage Management Plan would be developed for the State Heritage listed Riverstone Station Precinct. This Plan would include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. a commitment to avoid direct impacts to heritage-listed buildings at Riverstone Station b. the need to ensure that contractors are aware of the heritage values of Riverstone Station c. methods to avoid direct impacts to heritage-listed items at Riverstone Station 	Pre-construction
	31. The proponent will prepare flora and fauna management measures as part of the CEMP. These would include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. a procedure for identifying vegetation to be retained, protected b. a procedure for clearing and reusing vegetation where possible c. a procedure for progressively revegetating and reinstating disturbed areas d. using locally endemic native plants for revegetation e. measures to control noxious weeds f. measures to minimise impacts to native animals (e.g. covering any excavations). 	
	32. Detailed design would be undertaken to minimise any impacts in association with the project on identified saline groundwater.	
	33. The Proponent will prepare a Flood Impact Assessment in consultation with relevant agencies and councils during detailed design. The assessment shall include modelling of potential flood impacts as a result of the Project, including consideration of embankment widening (filling) activities within the floodplain, and culvert extension/replacement works. The assessment shall inform the detailed design process to ensure that the Project works do not exacerbate existing flood impacts at properties	
Water quality and hydrology (8.7)		

Issue (section of EA)	Mitigation measures/approach	Phase of project
	adjoining the corridor for storms up to the 1:100 year ARI event.	
	34. Detailed design would investigate treatment strategies to ensure stormwater quality is considered as part of the drainage design.	Operation
	35. The proponent will include soil and water management measures as part of the CEMP for the control water quality and hydrology impacts during construction of the Project. The measures will be consistent with the principles and practices outlined in LandCom's (2004) Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction.	Pre-construction
Visual amenity (9.1)	36. An Urban Design and Landscape Plan will be developed in consultation with RailCorp, relevant agencies and councils which address the principles of urban design and landscaping as documented in Chapter 9.1 of this Environmental Assessment.	Pre-construction
	37. The Proponent would liaise with the relevant agencies and councils in the development of the urban design and landscaping plan to address visual impacts of the project as part of the detailed design.	
	38. Lighting around stations and car parking areas would be specifically designed to reduce light spill to nearby residents, whilst still meeting public safety requirements in maintaining visibility.	
Heritage — Indigenous (9.2)	39. An Aboriginal Heritage Management Plan would be prepared in consultation with the registered Aboriginal Stakeholders and describe the measures to be implemented to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Protect Aboriginal objects/sites outside of the disturbance area as identified in the specialist Aboriginal Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Assessment and Statement of Heritage Impact b. Salvage and/or conserve any Aboriginal objects in the disturbance area c. Respond to the discovery of any new Aboriginal objects or artefacts during construction d. Consult with and involve Aboriginal stakeholders who have registered their interest in the Project in the salvage, conservation and management of Aboriginal cultural heritage on the site. e. Induct site staff of the presence of Aboriginal heritage objects/sites within and outside the area of disturbance. f. Liaise with all Aboriginal stakeholders who have registered their interest in the Project. 	Construction
Contaminated land (9.4)	40. Contaminated material identified during the Phase 2 assessment would be managed, classified and disposed of appropriately in accordance with all relevant legislation and guidelines, including the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the <i>Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001</i> and Waste Classification Guidelines (DECC 2008).	Pre-construction Construction
Air quality and greenhouse gases (9.5)	41. The proponent would include air quality plan management measures as part of the CEMP. These measures include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. measures to manage dust during construction b. measures to reduce emissions from construction plant and vehicles and other fugitive emissions. 42. The proponent would prepare a Carbon Strategy to identify measures for minimising greenhouse gas	Construction

Issue (section of EA)	Mitigation measures/approach	Phase of project
	emissions.	
Waste, energy and demand on resources (9.6)	43. The proponent would include spoil management measures as part of the CEMP. Opportunities would be investigated to maximise re-use of construction spoil during design and other construction and demolitions waste.	Construction
Hazard and risk (9.7)	44. A Hazards and Risk Management Plan which would be developed prior to construction. The Plan would include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. the requirement to identify hazardous chemicals to be used on site and maintain a record of appropriate use and disposal methods b. occupational health and safety requirements on site c. flood plain management measures. 	Construction
Services and utilities (9.9)	45. An Utilities Management Plan would be developed prior to construction to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. minimise and manage any hazards or risks of working in proximity to utilities. b. Minimise and managed any unexpected disruption to utilities and services c. identify likely disruptions and the key stakeholders to be notified in the event of a disruption. 	Construction
Public safety (9.8)	46. All stations would be designed in accordance with the NSW Police CTPED' principles, including appropriate lighting, fencing of the railway corridor, security measures, installation of surveillance cameras and help points at stations for all new facilities.	Pre-construction
	47. All construction compounds and work areas would be fenced off to limit public access during construction.	Construction
Cumulative impacts (9.10)	48. Consultation would be undertaken with RailCorp and other agencies and Councils regarding construction timing and minimisation of cumulative impacts.	Construction
Sustainability in Project Design and Delivery	49. The Proponent would address all sustainability measures as identified in Table 11-1.	Pre-construction Construction
Stage 2 Environmental Assessment	50. If Stage 2 of the Project is not commenced within 5 years of Project Approval, a review of the Environmental Assessment will be completed to determine if any elements of the assessment should be revisited and updated. This shall take into account any changes to the existing environment, and consideration as to whether the predicted impacts and proposed mitigation measures as set out in the Environmental Assessment remain valid. The review and any applicable updates of the assessment shall be completed prior to the commencement of construction of Stage 2 works.	Pre-construction of stage 2