

Personal submission to the Sydenham to Bankstown Submissions and Preferred Infrastructure Report (Application No SSI 17_8256)

July 2018

To Whom it May Concern

Thank you for the opportunity to give feedback on the preferred project.

I am opposed to the conversion of the Sydenham-Bankstown heavy rail line to metro.

I am pleased that the preferred project, as described so far, has addressed the widespread concerns about congestion and construction impacts, the planned destruction of railway heritage items and removal of vegetation. Unfortunately the response to submissions, and preferred project, falls short of community expectations. My submission follows:

The main concerns I have about the metro, the report on submissions and the preferred project are:

1. The response to concerns about the justifications for the project (Part B, Submissions Report p 14-15) does nothing to convince the community of its need, especially in the context of poor transparency regarding business cases, and political agendas relating to privatisation and property development.. The justifications have been contradicted by independent rail experts and Sydney's Rail Future 2012 (*"In the Sydney context an independent metro system would deliver few benefits in terms of service enhancement, capacity improvements or better operating efficiency on the existing rail network"*. P24, Sydney's Rail Future 2012). Alternatives must be addressed to improve the heavy rail network's capacity (such as tunnelling options if the City Circle and Sydenham sites are problematic, and improvements in signalling and timetabling, now). Metro trains are designed for short distances with frequent stops; the capacity argument is based on most people standing.

2. The response has failed to acknowledge community concerns about the supposed benefits(Part B, Submissions Report p30-35):

-more direct access will not occur - the popular stops of St Peters, Erskineville, Redfern and City Circle will be lost. Commuters west of Bankstown will be worse off with many facing longer commuting times and less direct connections (Part B, Submissions Report p74 and 108). This is not an acceptable outcome and is contrary to one of the a major strategic contexts - the "30 minute city" of the Greater Sydney Commission.

-opal ticketing is not a benefit - we already have it.

- the response to submissions fails to explain why a metro is needed for accessibility upgrades at stations (Part B, Submissions Report p29); many heavy rail stations have had such upgrades over time; there remains plenty of room for improvement for accessibility in the existing network, such as improved acoustics of announcements for the visually impaired. In addition, metro trains will have significantly reduced seating capacity, which is inappropriate for a 66km railway with an ageing population.

-the response addresses specific benefits for Hurlstone Park (Part B, Submissions Report p 36) The preservation of our railway heritage is welcome, but the pressure for high-rise development triggered by a metro would be unwelcome in this heritage -rich suburb. An increased number of services must be seen in the context of this government incrementally

reducing the number of services to the suburb since 2013 and metro trains having significantly less seats. The claim of better connections to “key employment and service centres” is arguable, as current popular stops will be lost.

3. The response to concerns about development is dismissive (Part B, Submissions Report p36-39). The link to development has been made repeatedly, with the exhibited project acting as a “catalyst” for growth; the strategic context of the metro and its relationship to *Future Transport 2056* (which supports the concept of property value-capture), the *Greater Sydney Commission* (seeking to integrate land use and transport planning), and the *Sydenham-Bankstown Urban Renewal Strategy* (widely condemned by communities for its indiscriminate up-zoning plans; the invitations to Stakeholders such as the Australian Turf Club and the NSW property Council and the awarding of metro operations in northern Sydney to MTR Hong Kong with its “rail plus property” Business model. The project will promote growth in a climate of lack of community trust in the planning process and poor quality development without benefits such as affordability, green space and amenity.

4. The response to some of the negative consequence of the metro has been welcome:

-the decision to preserve, restore and re-use our significant rail heritage along the line is important. Part B, Submissions Report p48-49). The exhibited project demonstrated a reckless approach to heritage, and the use of heritage architects for the preferred project, should it proceed, is appropriate. At Hurlstone Park Station, the use of traditional hand rails for the stairs would be welcome. Hurlstone Park Station was recommended for state heritage listing in 2016. The community supports this and hopes that works for the metro would not impede such a listing. In the report’s Non-Aboriginal Heritage Assessment , Appendix F, it is admitted that some “items or fabric (are) proposed for removal andthe historic character of the line...would be altered by the contemporary metro”. (p93). This is of some concern and requires clarification.

-the decision to abandon the inappropriate design plans for station precincts is also welcome. It is disappointing that community input into station precinct and open space planning is given such a low priority, especially in the context of multiple submissions critical of the consultation process to date (Part B, Submissions Report p 51-53 and p 58-70). “Place-making” should begin with the people who live in and know in the places.

The Hurlstone Park Association should be one of the stakeholders consulted in the development of the “integrated urban and place making outcome” for Hurlstone Park Station.

5. Although construction impacts have been lessened, which is appropriate, the impacts will still be significant and temporary transport issues have not been detailed. The gas leak in the city on 7th July 2018 due to metro construction work is a concern; issues with cost blow-outs and legal proceedings for the light rail project do not instil public confidence. The predicted exceedences of operational noise criteria due to increase in train speeds are a significant concern. In Hurlstone Park, locals would welcome noise attenuation in the form of denser vegetation or other heritage sympathetic attenuation measures.

6. The franchising to a private operator is not supported. This has not been good for Melbourne or Newcastle, and we do not want it here. In particular, the Hong-Kong model of development, utilised by MTR Corporation, is totally inappropriate for many of the heritage - rich and garden suburbs in this corridor

7. The loss of the previously planned active green strip takes away one of the few benefits of the project.

8. The response to concerns about community consultation is inadequate and inappropriate. Justifying the many techniques used, and measuring success by the number of encounters, does not address the lack of engagement with, and failure to prioritise the input of, the communities along the line and beyond Bankstown, who are opposed to the project. In addition, the continued use of biased glossy brochures, which have replaced transparency and meaning, reveals little hope for meaningful consultation in the future.

9. I remain concerned about the loss of mature trees and tree canopy during construction, for example around Lakemba, Wiley Park and Punchbowl stations. There will be significant loss of vegetation from council-owned land along the corridor. (Appendix G 'landscape and visual' section).

In summary, this project should not be approved because it lacks bipartisan and community support, and is the product of process that has lacked democracy and good governance.

The preferred project, to best benefit communities, and Sydney, should be :

- retaining the heavy rail, without a private operator
- investing now in time-tables and signalling, and connections for commuters beyond Bankstown
- upgrading all stations for accessibility, safety, landscaping and active transport connections
- retaining and restoring railway heritage to enable railway-related use including rest-rooms and toilets
- prioritising investment in new rail and rapid bus systems across Sydney instead of converting existing lines/ building more toll-ways

Sincerely

Residents of 88 Bridge rd Belmore, 2192

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