Appeal for the preservation of habitat at Lot 2 DP 809106 Arizona Road, Charmhaven

Attention: Brent Devine

Development number: SSD-14082938

Addendum – Species seen on second walk conducted 28/9/2023 between 05:45 and 08:45pm, added in grey.

A brief interaction lasting a few hours (6:15 to 8:30pm, 22/09/2023) at the Charmhaven site, gave me the impression it has much more depth of invertebrate and other wildlife diversity to be observed. The conditions, on which I first walked it, were following several hot days and warm nights, and cold rains the night before, sapping heat, and likely dropping delicate species numbers which would take some time to emerge again.

Arriving on dusk, before I had even entered the sites gate I was greeted by whistling moths, calling as they zigged and zagged their figure 8 paths above my head. Several small well fed spiders were amongst the vegetation, as was a large mantis sitting in wait of prey.

By the entrance of the site, dumped material such as doors, carpet and metal, were utilised as shelter by wildlife, permitting for a quick and gentle exploration of those sheltering beneath, including:

- Huntsman spiders.
- Scarab beetle larvae (suggested to look like Anoplognathus, Christmas Beetles sp.) ID thanks to Vrata Noviny).
- Centipedes of varying ages. Westwood's Green Centipede, Cormocephalus westwoodi (ID thanks to Nick Volpe).
- A water skink.

Throughout the trail a diversity of well fed and feeding spiders would be seen on, or in, webs between vegetation, sitting on trunks, or wandering the ground. Including:

- Beautiful Badge Huntsman, Neosparassus calligaster
- St Andrews Cross Spider, Argiope keyserlingi
- Orbweaver, Salsa sp
- Tangle web spider, Theridion sp
- Robust Sac Spider (possibly) Clubiona robusta
- Orbweaver Araneidae
- Jumping Spider "Sandalodes or opisthoncus but opisthoncus seems more likely"
- Garden orb weaving spider, Hortophora sp.
- Jungle Huntsman Spider, Heteropoda jugulans
- Whip spider, Ariamnes colubrinus
- Sac Spider, Cheiracanthiidae sp
- Long Jawed Orbweaver, Tetragnatha sp
- House spider, Badumna sp.
- Giant Water Spider, Megadolomedes sp
- Net Casting spider (female), possibly Asianopis sp
- Huntsman, Isopedella sp

- Leaf curling spider, Family Phonognathidae
- Ant eating spider, possibly Euryopis
- Orb weaving spider, Socca sp.
- Spider, either Araneidae, Poltys or Acroaspis
- Huntsman, Neosparassus sp
- Wolf spiders
- Silver orb weaving spider
- False black widow, Steatoda sp
- Two tailed spider, Tamopsis fickerti
- Australomimetus egg sac.
- Spider, Thomisidae
- Mirror spider, Thwaitesia sp. Possibly Black-spotted Thwaitesia, Thwaitesia nigronodosa
- Spider, Tetragnathidae
- White tailed spider, White-tailed Spider, Lampona sp
- Scorpion tailed spider, Arachnura higginsi
- White striped Cytaea, Cytaea alburna (pair seen in nest together)
- Grey Huntsman, Isopeda villosa

Lepidoptera:

- One of the small ant blue butterflies, likely host ant species on site (possibly Pea Blue, Lampides boeticus)
- Frass caterpillars
- Green caterpillar
- Concealer moth, Oecophoridae sp
- Plume moth
- Curved Horn Moth, Gelechioidea sp
- Other green caterpillar
- Brown caterpillar

A diversity of case moth caterpillars would be seen throughout the walk on vegetation in their cases.

- Possibly Saunder's Case Moth, Metura elongates
- Possibly Lepidoscia arctiella
- Others.

Ants were active in nests, and being predated upon

- Gravel Ants, Iridomyrmex purpureus— in nest, and farming lerps
- Polyrhachis, Subgenus campomyrma.
- Green Ants, Rhytidoponera aspera
- Sugar Ant, Camponotus sp
- Ants, possibly Crematogaster sp

- Camponotus Possibly Camponotus aeneopilosus
- Ants, Iridomyrmex sp

Wasp

- Wasp galls were present on several plants of a mix of species.
- Mud wasp nests

Dragonflies & Damseflies

Adult dragonflies and damselflies were present, indicating within range their aquatic aspects of their lifecycle and respective requirements for aquatic prey were being met.

- Common Flatwing, Austroargiolestes icteromelas
- Percher Dragonfly, Diplacodes sp
- Wandering ringtail, Austrolestes leda

Yabby

Earwig

Opiliones

Snail

Hadrinae subfamily

Orthopterans & Blattodea:

- Katydid, adult, sp?
- Bent twig katydid, Zaprochilus australis, sub adult
- Native roach, Pseudophyllodromiidae family.
- Native roach
- Roach with egg case
- Bush cricket, Coptaspis sp
- Bark-Mimicking Grasshopper, Coryphistes ruricola

Diptera

- Hover fly, *Toxomerus sp.*
- Yellow headed parasitic snail blowfly

Hemiptera:

- Leafhopper, Squathoppers Family Eurybrachidae, Hackerobrachys viridiventris
- Spittle bugs, Family Aphrophoridae

- Leafhopper nymph
- Poecilometis sp
- Cottony cushion scale

Lacewings

- Small green lacewings observed flying around after entering.
- Lacewing eggs on vegetation.
- Lacewing larvae, wearing assortment of other invertebrates body parts.

Mantids

- Possibly Archimantis latistyla
- Orthodera sp

Phasmids

• Phasmid nymph, suspected Phasmatini sp

Beetles

- Darkling beetle Tenebrionidae
- Leaf beetle Subtribe Paropsina
- Scarable beetle grub "Looks like Anoplognathus" (Christmas beetles)
- Red Weevil, Rhinotia haemoptera

Termites

• 2 different species were seen on site.

Centipedes:

• Westwood's Green Centipede Cormocephalus westwoodi

Frogs

- Common Eastern Froglet, Crinia signifera (multiple heard calling)
- Striped Marsh Frog, Limnodynastes peroni (a few heard calling)
- Broad Palmed Rocket Frog, *Litoria latopalma* (3 individuals seen, 2 photographed)

Reptiles

- Water Skink
- Skink egg, possibly Delicate Garden skink. Lampropholis delicata

Birds

- Powerful Owl Active nesting site 5km away. Observed 20/09/2023
 - o They can eat 250 to 350 possums per year.
 - Appears at least one suitable tree for nesting hollow on site, time for independent targeted search may reveal additional.



1 Powerful owl, Ninox strenua

Returning with ringtail possum to calling chick on nest 20/9/2023

Conclusion:

The Charmhaven sites intersecting gradients of vegetation types, moisture, slopes, ground cover and aspects for sun penetration and shelter, provide opportunities for ectotherms & warm blooded wildlife to perform staggered life cycle events on site. As part of the broader ecosystems this site is a part of on the coast, it adds resiliency and redundancy in the event of recurring and novel threats.

Beyond traditional challenges species may face within typical and atypical climatic conditions with seasonal and extra seasonal extremes of prolonged heat, storms, flooding, dry & cold – the breadth of habitat niches and diversity in genetics permits adaption and better capacity to survive in sufficient numbers to sustain biodiversity.

The typical threats of habitat loss, degradation, fragmentation & feral pests, will be exacerbated with invasive fire ants now no longer being managed, cane toads, chytrid fungus and various plant threats such as myrtle rusts & root rot.

Confounding factors:

- Limited timeframe to perform observations, being made aware of this site a little over a week before appeals to its development were due.
- My first time walking that particular track (although I have walked many others, including one nearby).
- Limited by weather events and seasonality. Several seasons would be preferable to account
 in seasonal variation of species in varying stages of their lifecycle and their interdependence
 on one another, for example:
 - o Food chains and reliance on prey species more available later in season.
 - Triggering emergence events of heat / humidity before storms
 - Seasonal cues for frog breeding.

Recommendations:

- Protect this site from development.
- Additional time should be allocated to performing independent surveys of vulnerable species:
 - Fishing bats
 - Adults and larvae of endangered dragonflies. Petaluria gigantea, South Eastern
 Petaltail (observed on property of a nearby resident at Bluehaven)
 - Powerful Owl utilisation of the site.
 - Vulnerable mammals such as Antechinus.

Contributors & Acknowledgements:

Shane David – Assistance searching on nearby walk where nesting powerful owl was observed.

Ben Kurek – Massive assistance with spider and other invertebrate identification.

Dan Kurek - Ant identification.

Annette Friz Fraser-Dunn – Preliminary spider identification.

Boris Branwhite – Site history, botanical knowledge and appeal application support.

Vrata Noviny – Beetle identification.

Matthew Ross – for initially sharing awareness of the cause.

Rick Wood – Preliminary spider identification.

Megan Quirks – Assistance searching on second walk.

Peter Street – Photography, preliminary ID & Compiling this submission.

Photographs:

All images taken on site at Charmhaven with exception of the Powerful Owl, which was photographed 5km away.

Photographed using a Canon 7D, a 60mm lens using pop up flash and a homemade milk bottle diffuser.

Spiders



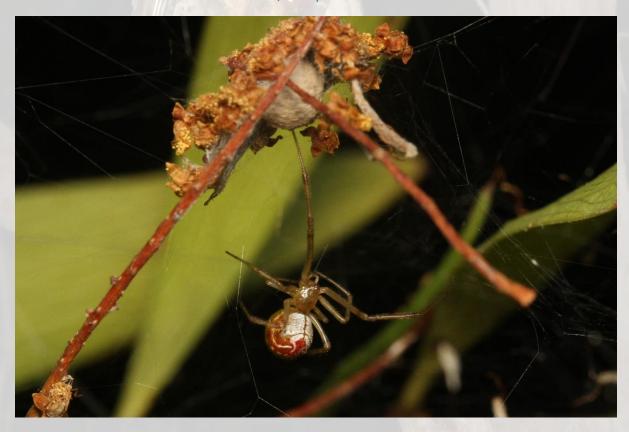
2 Beautiful Badge Huntsman, Neosparassus calligaster



3 St Andrews Cross Spider, Argiope keyserlingi



4 Orbweaver, Salsa sp



5 Tangle web spider, *Theridion sp*



6 Beautiful Badge Huntsman, Neosparassus calligaster



7 Robust Sac Spider (possibly) Clubiona robusta



8 Orbweaver - Araneidae



9 Jumping Spider – "Sandalodes or opisthoncus but opisthoncus seems more likely"



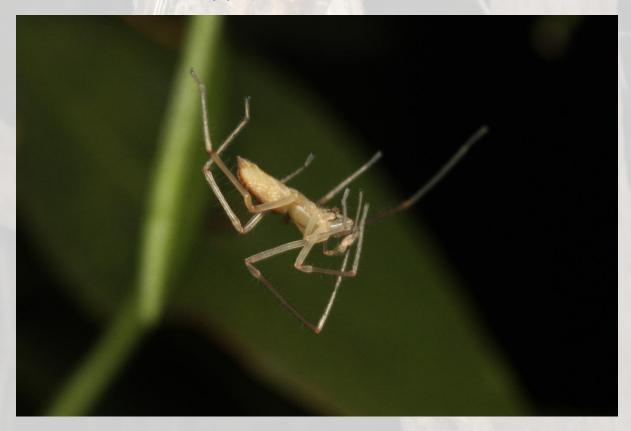
10 Garden orb weaving spider, Hortophora sp.



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12 Whip spider, Ariamnes colubrinus



13 Sac Spider, Cheiracanthiidae sp



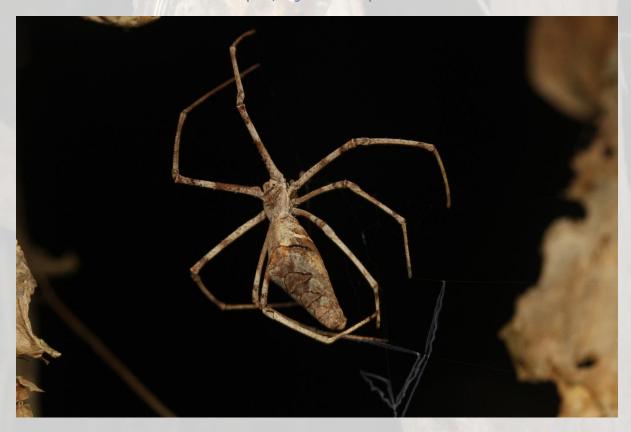
14 Long Jawed Orbweaver, Tetragnatha sp



15 House spider, Badumna sp.



16 Giant Water Spider, Megadolomedes sp



17 Net Casting spider (female), possibly *Asianopis sp*



18 Huntsman, Isopedella sp



19 Leaf curling spider, Family Phonognathidae



20 Ant eating spider, possibly Euryopis



21 Orb weaving spider, *Socca sp*.



22 Spider, either Araneidae, Poltys or Acroaspis



23 Wolf spider



24 Huntsman, Neosparassus sp



25 Silver orb weaving spider, Leucauge sp.



26 False black widow, Steatoda sp



27 Two tailed spider, Tamopsis fickerti



28 Australomimetus egg sac



29 Crab Spider, Thomisidae



30 Mirror spider, Thwaitesia sp



31 Spider, Tetragnathidae



32 White tailed spider, White-tailed Spider, Lampona sp



33 Grey Huntsman, Isopeda villosa



34 Scorpion tailed spider, Arachnura higginsi



35 White striped Cytaea, Cytaea alburna (pair seen in nest together)

Lepidoptera



36 One of the small ant blue butterflies, likely host ant species on site (possibly Pea Blue)



37 Frass caterpillar



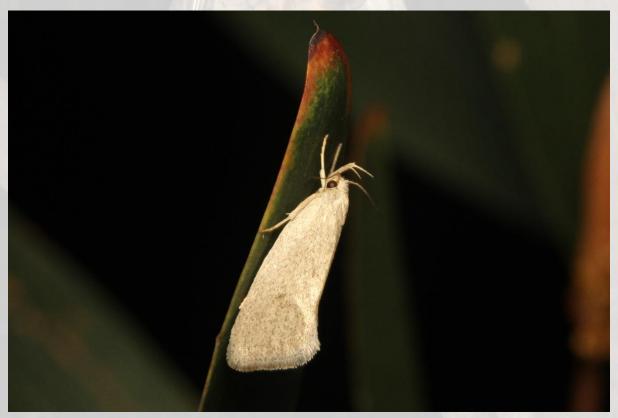
38 Green caterpillar



39 Concealer moth, Oecophoridae sp



40 Plume moth



41 Curved Horn Moth, Gelechioidea sp



42 Other green caterpillar



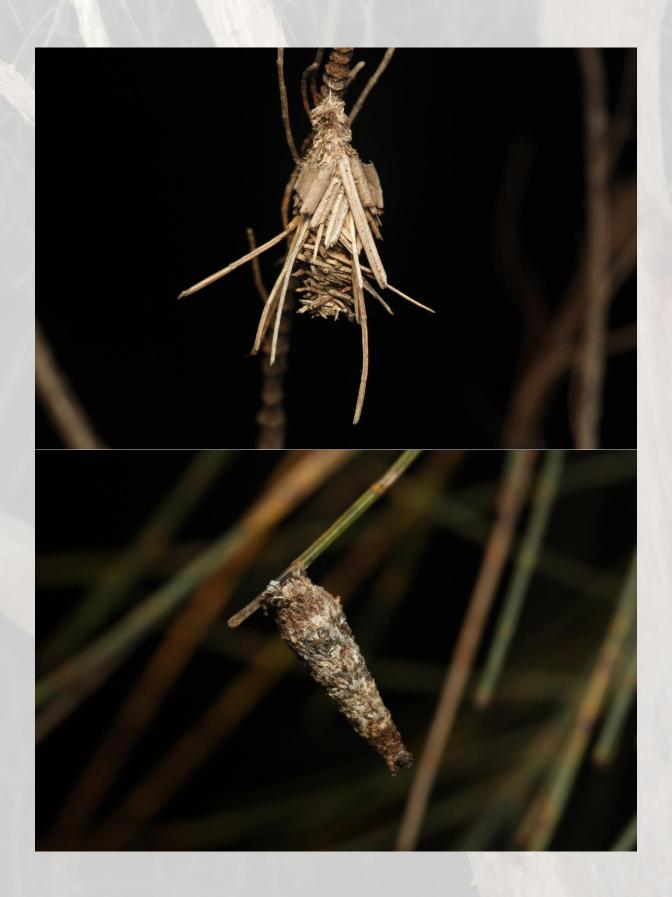
43 Brown caterpillar

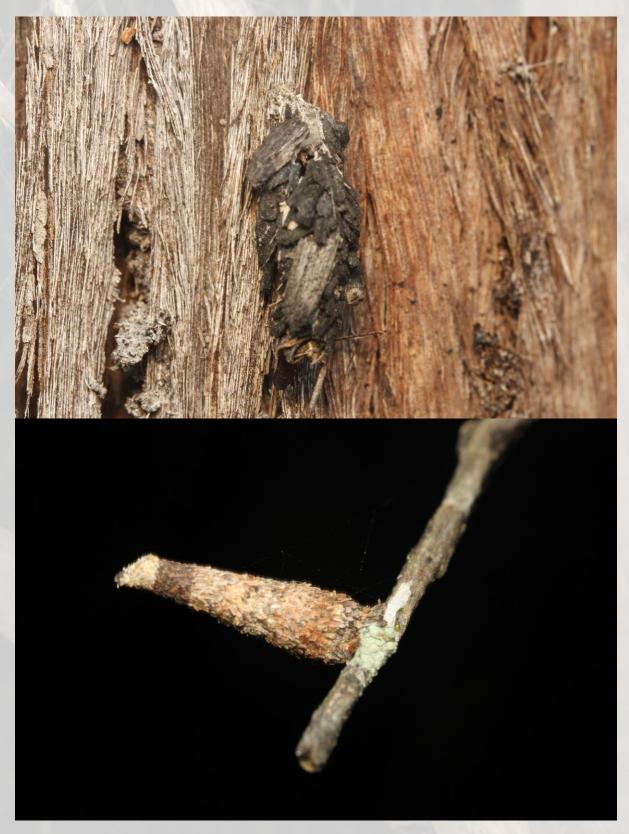


44 Possibly Saunder's Case Moth, Metura elongates



45 Possibly Lepidoscia arctiella





46 Other case moths

Ants



47 Gravel Ants, *Iridomyrmex purpureus* – farming (nesting mounds nearby)



48 Polyrhachis, Subgenus campomyrma.



49 Green Ants, Rhytidoponera aspera



50 Sugar Ant, Camponotus sp



51 Ants, possibly *Crematogaster sp*





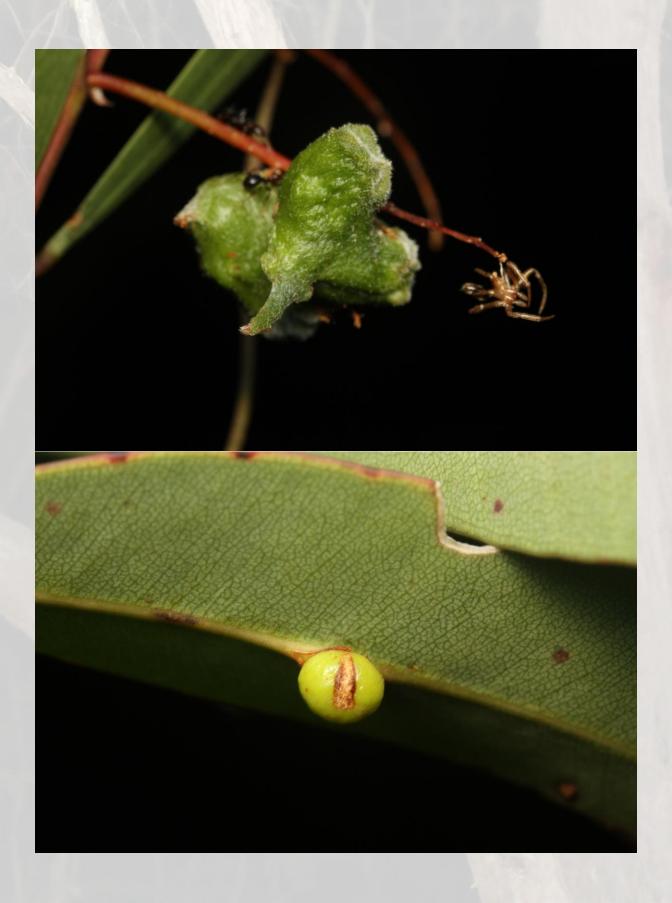


53 Ants, Iridomyrmex sp

Wasps



54 Wasp galls





56 Mud wasps nests

Dragonflies and Damselflies



57 Common Flatwing, Austroargiolestes icteromelas



58 Percher Dragonfly, Diplacodes sp



59 Wandering ringtail, Austrolestes leda



60 Other damselfly

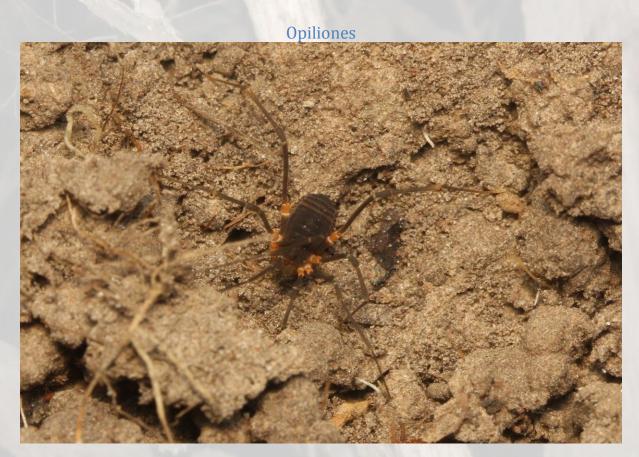




Earwig



61 Earwig



62 Opiliones

Snail



63 Hadrinae subfamily

Orthopterans & Blattodea



64 Adult katydid



65 Sub adult bent twig katydid, Zaprochilus australis





66 Native roach, Pseudophyllodromiidae family



67 Native Roach with Egg case



68 Bush cricket, Coptaspis sp

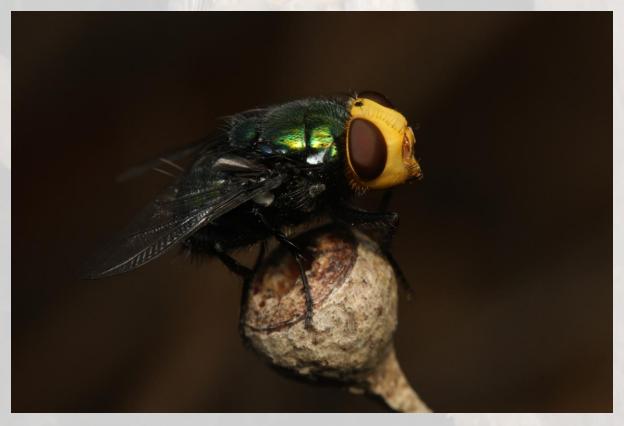


69 Bark-Mimicking Grasshopper, Coryphistes ruricola

Diptera



70 Hover fly, Toxomerus sp



71 Yellow headed parasitic snail blowfly

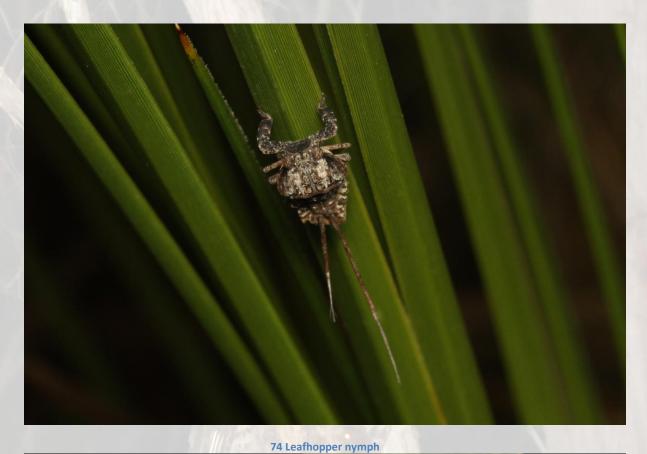
Hemiptera



72 Leafhopper, Squathoppers Family Eurybrachidae, Hackerobrachys viridiventris



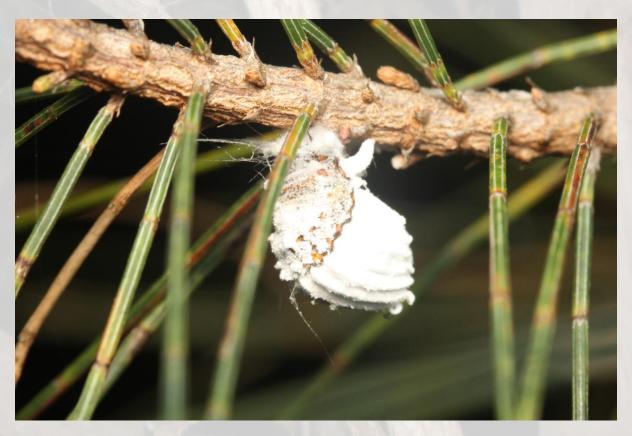
73 Spittle bugs, Family Aphrophoridae







75 Poecilometis sp



76 Cottony cushion scale





77 Lacewing eggs



78 Lacewing larvae, wearing assortment of other invertebrates body parts

Mantids

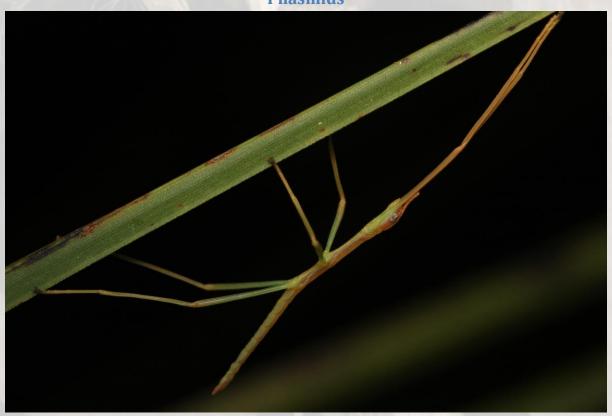


79 Possibly Archimantis latistyla



80 Orthodera sp

Phasmids



81 Phasmid nymph, suspected *Phasmatini sp*

Beetles



82 Darkling beetle - Tenebrionidae



83 Leaf beetle - Subtribe Paropsina



84 Scarab beetle grub – "Looks like Anoplognathus" (Christmas beetles)



85 Red Weevil, Rhinotia haemoptera

Termites



86 Two species of termites

Centipedes



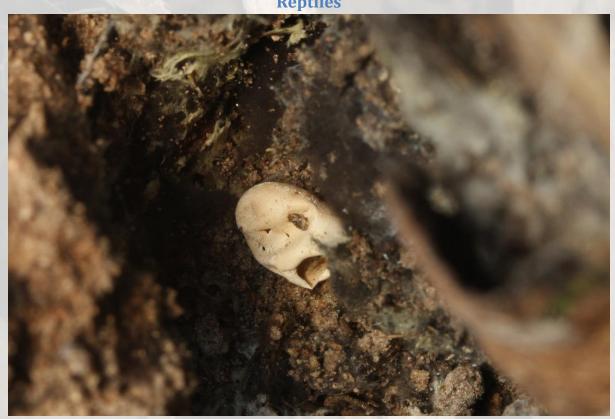
87 Westwood's Green Centipede Cormocephalus westwoodi

Frogs



88 Broad Palmed Rocket Frog, Litoria latopalma

Reptiles



89 Skink egg

Birds



90 Powerful Owl, *Ninox strenua* with Ringtail Possum- returning to calling chick in nest (5km from Charmhaven site)