

# LIGHT HORSE INTERCHANGE BUSINESS HUB, EASTERN CREEK URBAN DESIGN GUIDELINES

REV 3 - APRIL 2019  
[SSD 9667]





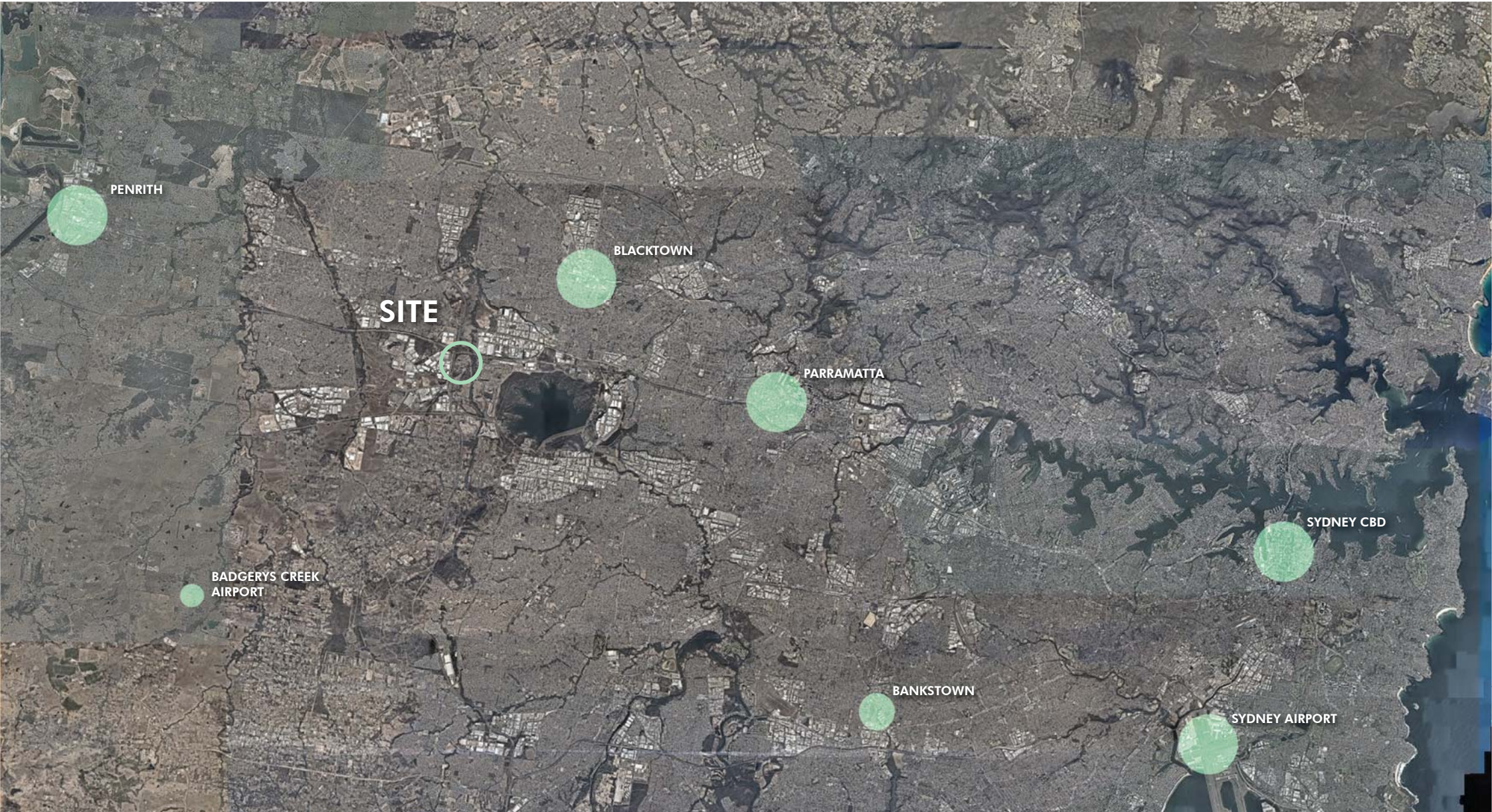


Figure 1: Location Plan



## INTRODUCTION

The Light Horse Interchange Business Hub is located at the intersection of the Westlink M7 and M4 Western Motorway.

It comprises a discrete parcel of land which is separated from the broader parklands. It is surrounded by established and developing employment generating land uses to the north & west

### Objectives

The key objectives of these design guidelines are:

- to provide an urban design framework that guides the development of the land for the purpose of employment generating development
- to provide environmentally attractive and sustainable industrial business hub
- to ensure high quality built form in a parkland setting



Figure 2: Locality Plan



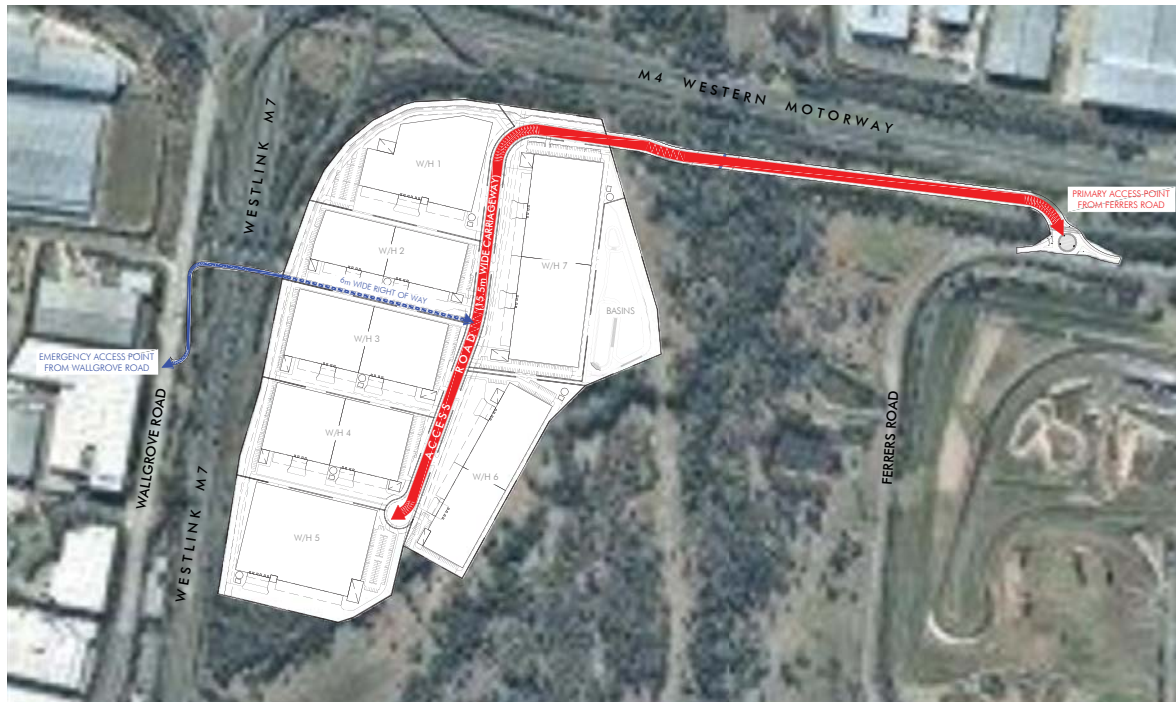


Figure 3: Vehicle Access & Circulation

## URBAN DESIGN PRINCIPLES

The following design principals provide the foundation for the urban structure and development of the business hub

### Land Use

The business hub will offer flexible business premises suitable for future industrial and light industrial users

### Vehicle Access & Circulation

- Provide a well defined entry to the business hub through 2 connection points (figure 3):
  - Primary access - main traffic connection from Ferrers Road
  - Emergency access - emergency traffic access point through existing M7 underpass from Wallgrove Road
- The traffic circulation for the business hub include the following elements as illustrated in Figure 3:
  - An internal access road comprising 15.5m wide carriageway for its full length to enable two travel lanes
  - Round-a-bout access point from Ferrers Road to facilitate main traffic movement

### Pedestrian Access & Circulation

- Connect with existing bicycle and pedestrian networks via shared footpath to promote connectivity and permeability (Figure 4)
  - Provide 2.5m/3.5m wide pedestrian / cyclist shared footpath connecting between Ferrers Road and existing M7 cycleway
  - Provide 1.2m wide internal pedestrian footpath along eastern side of Access Road

### Environment and Conservations

- Incorporate environmentally sustainable design principals
- Provide landscaping with appropriate setbacks
- Use Water Sensitive Urban Design principles to manage stormwater
- To incorporate best practice Western Sydney Parklands Design Manual measures

### Concept Built Area

- Figure 5 (next page) illustrates concept building footprints within the business hub

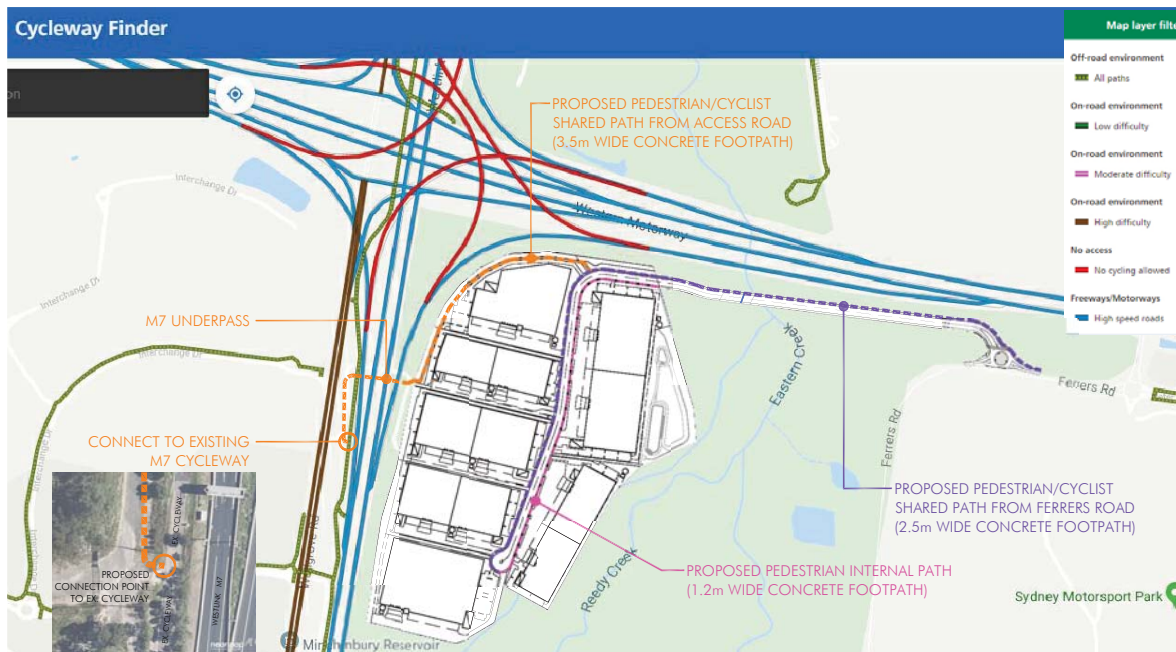


Figure 4: Pedestrian / Cyclist Access & Circulation (background source: Cycleway Finder - NSW Transport - RMS)

DEVELOPMENT DATA			
OVERALL SITE AREA			336,285m <sup>2</sup>
LOT 8 (RESIDUAL) - ESTATE BIO-BASIN/OSD			21,511m <sup>2</sup>
ACCESS ROAD RESERVE			21,137m <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL DEVELOPABLE AREA (LOT 1 TO 7)			293,637m <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL BUILDING AREA			165,500m <sup>2</sup>
FLOOR SPACE RATIO			56.4%
DEVELOPABLE LOT	W/H AREA	OFFICE AREA	TOTAL
LOT 1 SITE AREA (41,270m <sup>2</sup> )	19,000	1,000	20,000
LOT 2 SITE AREA (34,141 m <sup>2</sup> )	16,900	800	17,700
LOT 3 SITE AREA (41,112m <sup>2</sup> )	23,200	1,200	24,400
LOT 4 SITE AREA (38,686m <sup>2</sup> )	21,400	1,000	22,400
LOT 5 SITE AREA (44,193m <sup>2</sup> )	24,700	1,300	26,000
LOT 6 SITE AREA (38,406m <sup>2</sup> )	20,000	1,000	21,000
LOT 7 SITE AREA (55,829m <sup>2</sup> )	32,400	1,600	34,000
TOTAL	157,600	7,900	165,500
CARPARK PROVISIONS			
TOTAL CARPARK REQUIRED			723 spaces
RMG - Warehouse: 1 space/300sqm Office: 1 space/40sqm			
TOTAL CARPARK PROVIDED			782 spaces



Figure 5: Concept Masterplan



## Material Palette (External)



Office Facade Treatment

Metal Sheeting



Translucent Wall Cladding



Prefinished CFC Sheeting



Glazing



Metal Cladding



## DESIGN GUIDELINES

### Built-forms & Architecture

#### Objectives:

- To ensure that built-forms are consistent and are of an appropriate scale for an employment area with consideration for market trends
- To ensure building envelope and facade enhances the visual character of the business hub and response to market trends
- To use land efficiently

#### Design Guidelines:

- Dynamic forms and accent materials should be incorporated at corners of prominent elevations
- Corporate identification colours should be expressed with subtlety on the corners of warehouses and office components
- Building facades to public road frontages should be articulated using architectural elements such as:
  - a. Varying facade alignments and heights
  - b. Variation in materials and colours
  - c. Regular breaks in material and patterns
- Avoid roof top A/C units on building facades to public road frontages
- A palette of materials that enhances the parklands character of the business hub

### Setbacks from M4/M7 Motorways & Access Road

#### Objectives:

- To provide adequate distance between development and road alignments
- To provide visual screening via landscape buffer

#### Design Guidelines:

- Provide 10 m landscape setbacks along the motorways
- Provide 20m building setbacks along the motorways
- Provide 7.5m building setbacks along the internal Access Road

## Sustainable materials



Timber



Bricks / Pavers



Green Wall



Outdoor Areas



Rain Water Tank

## DESIGN GUIDELINES

### Sustainable Building Design

#### Objectives:

- To ensure that developments are environmentally sustainable to minimise energy and water consumption in buildings
- To encourage use of building materials to minimise impact to the environment
- To ensure that developments incorporate water conservation and re-use measures into the design and operation
- To provide a healthy, safe and comfortable working environment

#### Design Guidelines:

- Developments shall install rainwater tanks to supply grey-water to serve areas such as toilets, laundry and outdoor areas
- Developments shall use energy efficient materials
- Windows/glazing should be protected from summer sunlights by means of shading device including eaves, landscaping and sunshade structures
- Developments shall minimise energy consumption and mechanical cooling with architectural strategies including:
  - a. Passive solar access to internal & outdoor recreation areas
  - b. Natural light penetration and cross ventilation
  - c. Use of landscaping to minimise thermal loads



## DESIGN GUIDELINES

### Landscaping

#### Objectives:

Incorporate relevant guidelines and controls (refer below):

- To create a sense of arrival/place through entry statements and considered planting
- To provide visual and shade amenity for workers and visitors to the sites
- To reinstate/enhance vegetative buffer; increase native vegetation around site perimeter to ameliorate the views into site and soften proposed built form
- To use endemic species where possible
- To incorporate WSUD principles where possible
- Provide street tree planting and onsite planting.

#### Design Guidelines:

The following controls and guidelines should be incorporated to the landscape design:

- Street Trees to meet Blacktown City Council Tree Planting Policy Criteria
- Street Trees to be compatible with the tree species throughout the broader parklands (which are described in the WSPT Design Manual 2018)
- Buffer Trees to incorporate endemic species and to be compatible with the tree species throughout the broader parklands (which are listed in the WSPT Design Manual 2018)
- Vehicle Entry Feature to be compatible with the Entry Features throughout the broader parklands (which are described in the WSPT Design Manual 2018)
- Bioretention planting as per Blacktown City Council & Biofilter/bioretention basin Planting Guide



Vegetative buffer planting to boundaries



Estate road street tree planting



Gabion entry feature and signage



On site amenity landscaping



Carpark planting



Amenity areas







Water Sensitive Parking Areas



Seperated Loading Docks & Employee Car Parking

## DESIGN GUIDELINES

### Parking & Water Sensitive Urban Design

#### Objectives:

- To design car parking, driveways and servicing areas so that they are efficient, safe, convenient and easily indentedified
- To provide a sustainable level of on-site car parking
- To provide off-street parking facilities that do not detract from the overall visual amenity and character of the business hub
- To incorporate best practice Water Sensitive Urban Design measures

#### Design Guidelines:

- Carpark design to meet the minimum requirements as prescribed in the Traffic Report including parking for people with disabilities
- Vehicle access should be designed to avoid conflicts with pedestrians and cyclists
- Loading docks should be positioned so they do not interfere with visitor and employee parking spaces
- The following Water Sensitive Urban Design strategies should be incorporated into large parking layouts of 100 car spaces or more:
  - a. Permeable pavements and sphalt to be considered to assist with detention of stormwater
  - b. Planting pits with flush kerbs and wheel stops that allow overhang of cars into planting pit
  - c. Parking areas to incorporate a minimum of 1 tree per 10 carking spaces
- Parking space should be provided as follows:
  - a. Warehouse - 1 space/300sqm GFA
  - b. Office - 1 space/40sqm GFA

(rates are based on RMS min. requirements)



## DESIGN GUIDELINES

### Signage

#### Objectives:

- To provide businesses the opportunity of identifying their location and activity
- To ensure signage does not detract from the visual appeal of the buildings
- To ensure signage is of a high quality of design and construction and an integral element of the built environment and landscape setting

#### Design Guidelines:

- Advertising, other than real estate signage should be kept to a minimum and should relate only to the use occurring on the prospective property and is to identify the relevant business name
- Signage should be of a size and location which does not obscure vehicular sightlines and/or control signs
- Warehouse numbering should be applied to give cohesion to the warehouses in the business hub. Signage should be integrated into the feature/accent material expressed at the corners
- Directional signage for car parking, loading docks are to be well designed and located at a convenient point close to the access road
- Signage are not to cause environmental damage to trees or large shrubs



Tenant Signage & Numbering



## DESIGN GUIDELINES

### Street Lighting

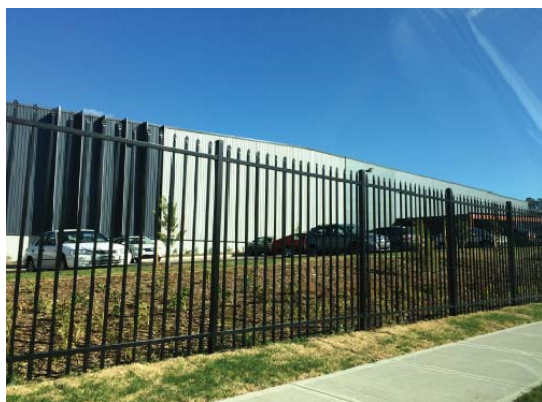
- Appropriate street lighting should be provided throughout the development in accordance with Council's Street Lighting Policy, Endeavour Energy requirements and relevant sections of Australian Standard AS1158
- Street lighting along the access road and shared path external to the business hub shall incorporate the principles of Western Sydney Parklands Design Manual, especially Section 11.0 - Lighting
- Specific lighting locations, pole type and materials should be determined by a lighting or electrical consultant in close co-ordination with Western Sydney Parklands Trust

### Fencing / Safety & Security

- Provide security for employees and visitors and to contribute the amenity of the business hub
- Appropriate lighting should be provided to all pedestrian paths between public and parking areas and building entries
- Where fencing is required for safety or security reasons to be forward of the building line, it should be of a standard and style that does not detract the landscaping and main building facades
- Fencing should be sited so it does not impede sight lines for drivers
- The following types of fencing should be incorporated to the development:
  - Along Access Road Frontage : Palisade boundary fence in black powdercoated finish
  - Elsewhere : Black PVC coated chain wire fence with 3 x row of barbed wire cover



Street Lighting Pole  
(Source: WSPT Design Manual)



Palisade Fence



Chain-wire Fence



## Architect's Design Statement

The concept approach to the built form of this Business Hub is to build an architectural treatment towards a high quality and cohesive estate for industrial users.

The architectural forms are envisaged as having simple, rational, repetitious and well-proportioned buildings accented with high quality elements around the entry and office components.

The buildings will be set in a discrete parcel of land – unified language of signage, fencing and public domain elements will ensure a consistency to the estate character. Landscaping is one of the main features of the precinct with detail and effect concentrated to the more human areas of the development around office, building and carpark entry points.

### Scale:

The scale of the buildings is to be response to market trends and representative of the facilities within the Western Sydney Employment Area directly adjacent the site. The scale of the development (including the overall proposed business hub) is further articulated within the Visual Impact Analysis.

### Colour / Materials & Finishes:

The colours, materials and finishes have been selected to consider the surrounding environment and orientation. External walls will be consist of various tones to alleviate the bulk and scale of the built form – contributing to the surrounding streetscape of the area. High quality finishes and expression is applied to the office components will provide a striking break in the bulk of the warehouse buildings.

### Summary:

Overall, the concept design of the buildings in the Light Horse Interchange Business Hub look to create a benchmark for industrial development in the future. Care, consideration and imagination has been focused to create conceptual form that blends building landscape and location, with use movement and operation.

## APPENDIX: ARTIST EXPRESSION



M4 Western Motorway View  
(indicative expression only)