

# **Meadowbank Education and Employment Precinct Schools Project Wind Comfort and Safety Report**

**SSD 18\_9343**

**Prepared by Windtech Consultants**

**For School Infrastructure NSW**

**14 October 2019**



## DOCUMENT CONTROL (INTERNAL USE ONLY)

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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

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This report presents the results of a detailed investigation into the wind environment impact of the Meadowbank Education and Employment Precinct Schools Project. Testing was performed at Windtech's boundary layer wind tunnel facility. The wind tunnel has a 3.0m wide working section and a fetch length of 14m, and measurements were taken from 16 wind directions at 22.5 degree increments. Testing was carried out using a 1:300 detailed scale model of the development. The effects of nearby buildings and land topography have been accounted for through the use of a proximity model which represents an area with a radius of 375m.

The following scenarios have been investigated as part of this study:

- Proposed development without the inclusion of any vegetation.
- Proposed development with the inclusion of existing trees.
- Proposed development with the inclusion of existing and proposed trees.

Peak gust and mean wind speeds were measured at selected critical outdoor trafficable locations within and around the subject development. Wind velocity coefficients representing the local wind speeds are derived from the wind tunnel and are combined with a statistical model of the regional wind climate (which accounts for the directional strength and frequency of occurrence of the prevailing regional winds) to provide the equivalent full-scale wind speeds at the site. The wind speed measurements are compared with criteria for pedestrian comfort and safety, based on Gust-Equivalent Mean (GEM) and annual maximum gust winds, respectively.

The model was tested in the wind tunnel without the effect of any forms of wind ameliorating devices such as screens, balustrades, etc., which are not already shown in the architectural drawings. The results of the initial study (no vegetation) indicates that wind conditions for the majority of trafficable outdoor locations within and around the development will be suitable for their intended uses. However, some areas will experience winds that will exceed the relevant criteria for comfort and/or safety. Suggested treatments, taking into consideration the testing carried out with the inclusion of existing and proposed vegetation, are summarised as follows:

- For the Lower Ground, Ground Level and Play Ground areas, it is recommended that the existing trees be retained as indicated in the latest landscape design report – dated April 09, 2019.
- Recommended inclusion of an awning at the south-eastern corner of the subject development with a width of at least 2-3m, extending out from the slab above Ground Level.
- Recommended inclusion of a 1.2m high planter box, with densely foliating planting, such that the minimum height of planter box and planting is 1.5m, located along the perimeter of the southern terraces of Level 1.

With the inclusion of these treatments to the final design, it is expected that wind conditions for all outdoor trafficable areas within and around the development will be suitable for their intended uses.



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# 1 INTRODUCTION

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## 1.1 Overview

This Pedestrian Wind Environment Study has been prepared by Windtech Consultants on behalf of the NSW Department of Education and School Infrastructure NSW (the Applicant). It accompanies an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) in support of State Significant Development Application (SSD 18\_9343) for the Meadowbank Education and Employment Precinct Schools Project (hereafter referred to as MEEPSP) at 2 Rhodes Street, Meadowbank (the site).

MEEPSP will cater for 1,000 primary school students and 1,620 high school students. The proposal seeks consent for:

- A multi-level, multi-purpose, integrated school building with a primary school wing and high school wing. The school building is connected by a centralised library that is embedded into the landscape. The school building contains:
  - Collaborative general and specialist learning hubs, with a combination of enclosed and open spaces;
  - Adaptable classroom home bases;
  - Four level central library, with primary school library located on ground floor and high school library on levels 1 to 3.
  - Laboratories and workshops;
  - Staff workplaces;
  - Canteens;
  - Indoor gymnasium;
  - Multipurpose communal hall;
  - Outdoor learning, play and recreational areas (both covered and uncovered).
- Associated site landscaping and public domain improvements;
- An on-site car park for 60 parking spaces; and
- Construction of ancillary infrastructure and utilities as required.

The purpose of this Pedestrian Wind Environment Study is to present the results of a detailed investigation into the wind environment impact of the subject development and provide remedial in-principle recommendations to improve localised wind conditions. In addition, further testing has been carried out to ascertain the impact of existing and proposed vegetation on local wind conditions around the site.

## 1.2 Response to SEARs

The Pedestrian Wind Environment Study is required by the Secretary's Environmental Assessment Requirements (SEARs) for SSD 18\_9343. This table identifies the SEARs and relevant reference within this report.

**Table 1 – SEARs and Relevant Reference**

SEARs Item	Report Reference
Item 5 Environmental Amenity – Wind Impact and Mitigation Measures	MSP-WT-WI-202

## 1.3 Test Overview

A wind tunnel study has been undertaken to assess wind speeds at selected critical outdoor trafficable areas within and around the subject development. The test procedures followed for this wind tunnel study were based on the guidelines set out in the Australasian Wind Engineering Society Quality Assurance Manual (AWES-QAM-1-2019), ASCE 7-16 (Chapter C31), and CTBUH (2013).

A scale model of the development was prepared, including the surrounding buildings and land topography. Testing was performed at Windtech's boundary layer wind tunnel facility. The wind tunnel has a 3.0m wide working section and a fetch length of 14m, and measurements were taken from 16 wind directions at 22.5 degree increments. The wind tunnel was configured to the appropriate boundary layer wind profile for each wind direction. Wind speeds were measured using Dantec hot-wire probe anemometers, positioned to monitor wind conditions at critical outdoor trafficable areas of the development.

The model was tested in the wind tunnel without the effect of any forms of wind ameliorating devices such as screens, balustrades, etc., which are not already shown in the architectural drawings. The effect of vegetation was also excluded from the initial testing. The wind speeds measured during testing were combined with a statistical model of the regional wind climate to provide the equivalent full-scale wind speeds at the site. The measured wind speeds were compared against appropriate criteria for pedestrian comfort and safety, and in-principle treatments have been recommended for any area which was exposed to strong winds. These treatments could be in the form of retaining vegetation that is already proposed for the site, or including additional vegetation, screens, awnings, etc. Note however that, in accordance with the AWES Guidelines (2014), only architectural elements or modifications are used to treat winds which represent an exceedance of the existing wind conditions and exceed the safety limit.

## 2 WIND TUNNEL MODEL

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Wind tunnel testing was carried out using a 1:300 scale model of the development and surroundings. The study model incorporates all necessary architectural features on the façade of the development to ensure an accurate wind flow is achieved around the model, and was constructed using a Computer Aided Manufacturing (CAM) process to ensure that a high level of detail and accuracy is achieved. The effect of nearby buildings and land topography has been accounted for through the use of a proximity model, which represents a radius of 375m from the development site. Photographs of the wind tunnel model are presented in Figures 1. A plan of the proximity model is provided in Figure 2.



**Figure 1a: Photograph of the Wind Tunnel Model (view from the south)**

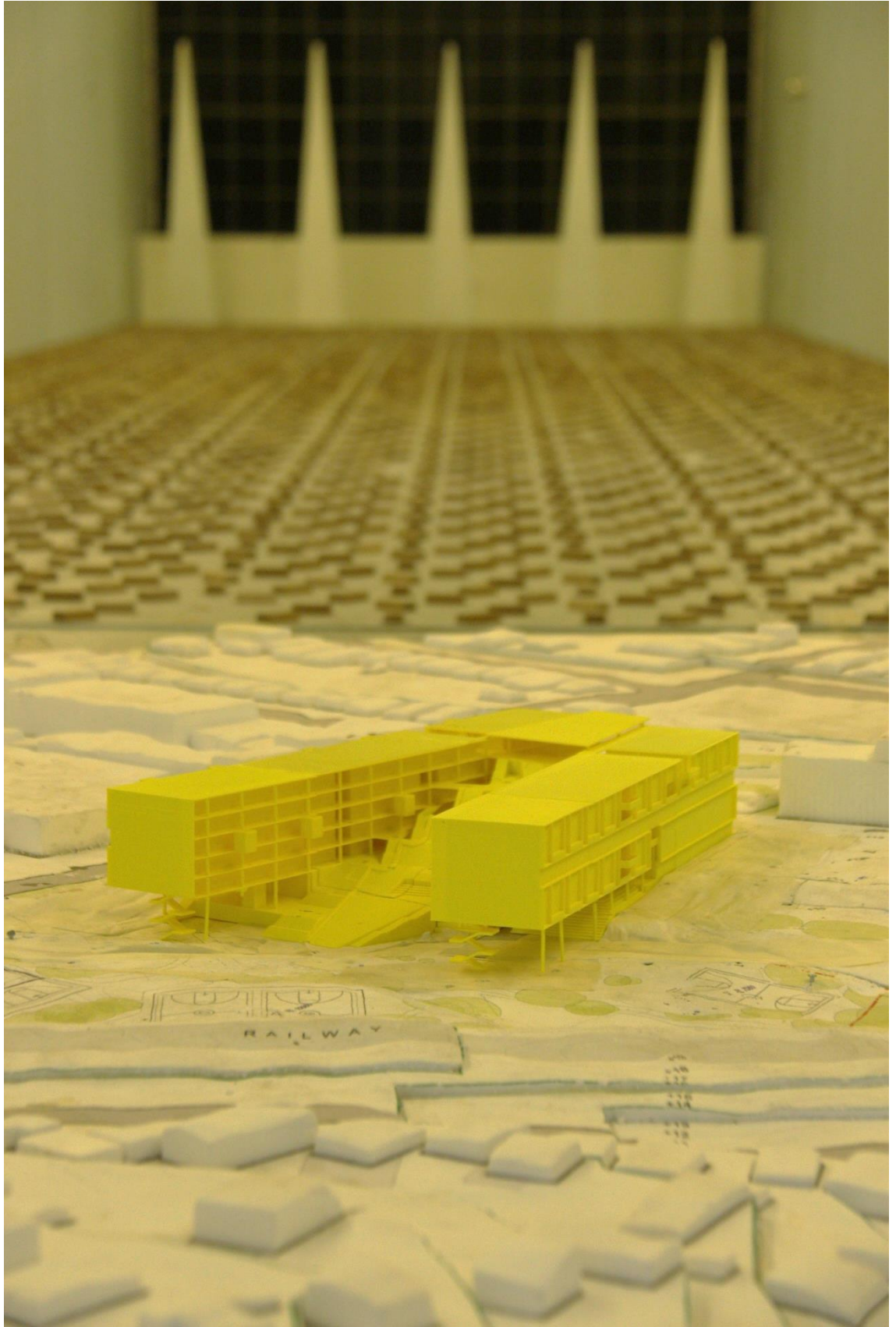


**Figure 1b: Photograph of the Wind Tunnel Model (view from the east)**

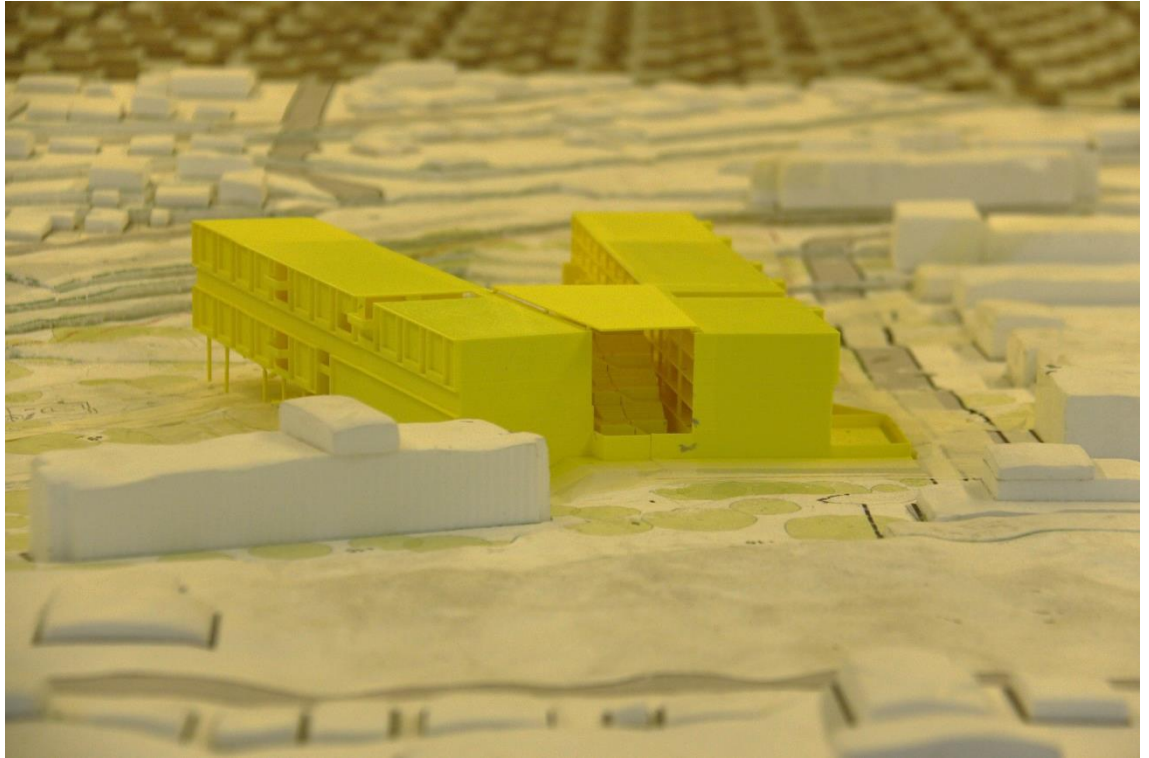


**Figure 1c: Photograph of the Wind Tunnel Model (view from the north-west)**

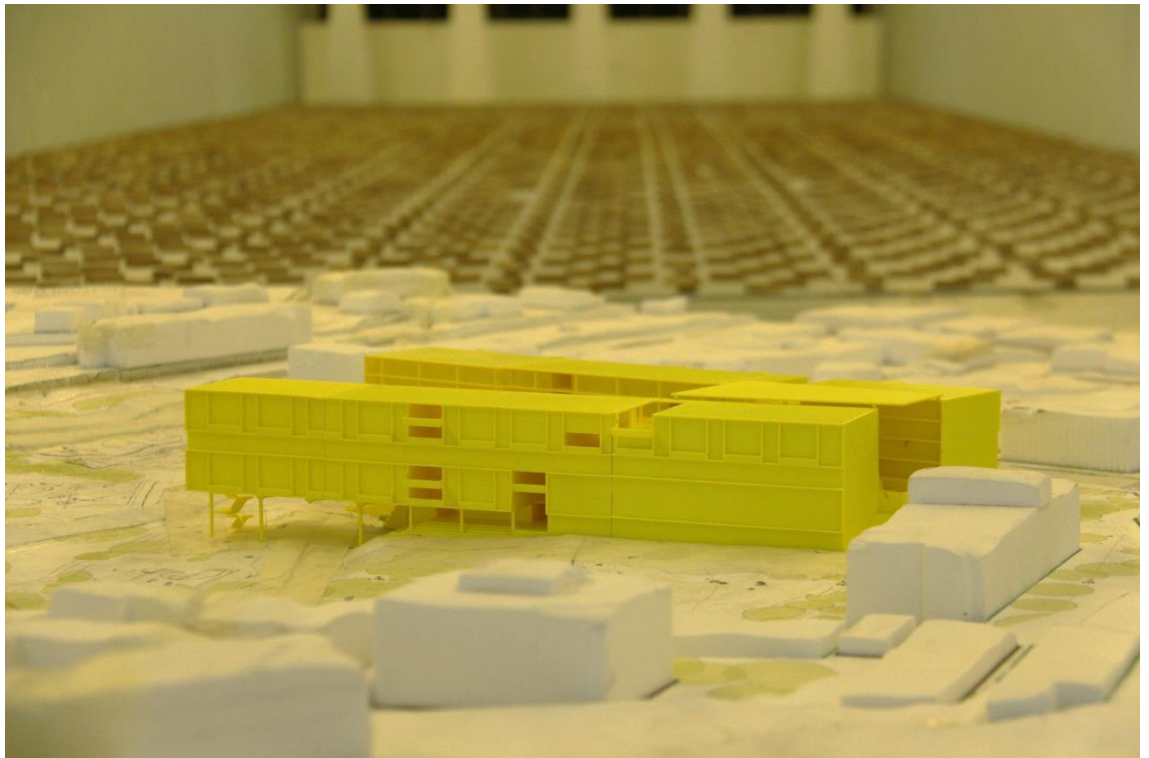




**Figure 1d: Photograph of the Wind Tunnel Model (view from the west)**



**Figure 1e: Photograph of the Wind Tunnel Model (view from the south-east)**



**Figure 1f: Photograph of the Wind Tunnel Model (view from the south)**





**Figure 2: Proximity Model Plan**

### 3 BOUNDARY LAYER WIND PROFILES AT THE SITE

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The roughness of the surface of the earth has the effect of slowing down the wind near the ground. This effect is observed up to the boundary layer height, which can range between 500m to 3km above the earth's surface depending on the roughness of the surface (i.e.: oceans, open farmland, etc.). Within this range the prevailing wind forms a boundary layer wind profile.

Various wind codes and standards and other publications classify various types of boundary layer wind flows depending on the surface roughness  $z_0$ . Descriptions of typical boundary layer wind profiles, based on Deaves & Harris (1978), are summarised as follows:

- Flat terrain ( $0.002\text{m} < z_0 < 0.003\text{m}$ ). Examples include inland water bodies such as lakes, dams, rivers, etc., and the open ocean.
- Semi-open terrain ( $0.006\text{m} < z_0 < 0.01\text{m}$ ). Examples include flat deserts and plains.
- Open terrain ( $0.02\text{m} < z_0 < 0.03\text{m}$ ). Examples include grassy fields, semi-flat plains, and open farmland (without buildings or trees).
- Semi-suburban/semi-forest terrain ( $0.06\text{m} < z_0 < 0.1\text{m}$ ). Examples include farmland with scattered trees and buildings and very low-density suburban areas.
- Suburban/forest terrain ( $0.2\text{m} < z_0 < 0.3\text{m}$ ). Examples include suburban areas of towns and areas with dense vegetation such as forests, bushland, etc.
- Semi-urban terrain ( $0.6\text{m} < z_0 < 1.0\text{m}$ ). Examples include centres of small cities, industrial parks, etc.
- Urban terrain ( $2.0\text{m} < z_0 < 3.0\text{m}$ ). Examples include centres of large cities with many high-rise towers, and also areas with many closely-spaced mid-rise buildings.

The boundary layer wind profile does not change instantly due to changes in the terrain roughness. It can take many kilometres (at least 100km) of a constant surface roughness for the boundary layer wind profile to achieve a state of equilibrium. Hence an analysis of the effect of changes in the upwind terrain roughness is necessary to determine an accurate boundary layer wind profile at the development site location.

This study has been undertaken based on the method given in AS/NZS1170.2:2011, using a fetch length of 20 to 40 times the study reference height (as per the recommendations of ASCE-7-16 and AS/NZS1170.2:2011). The proximity model accounts for the effect of the near field topographic effects as well as the influence of the local built forms.

An aerial image showing the surrounding terrain is presented in Figure 3 for a range of 1.32km from the edge of the proximity model used for the wind tunnel study. The resulting mean and

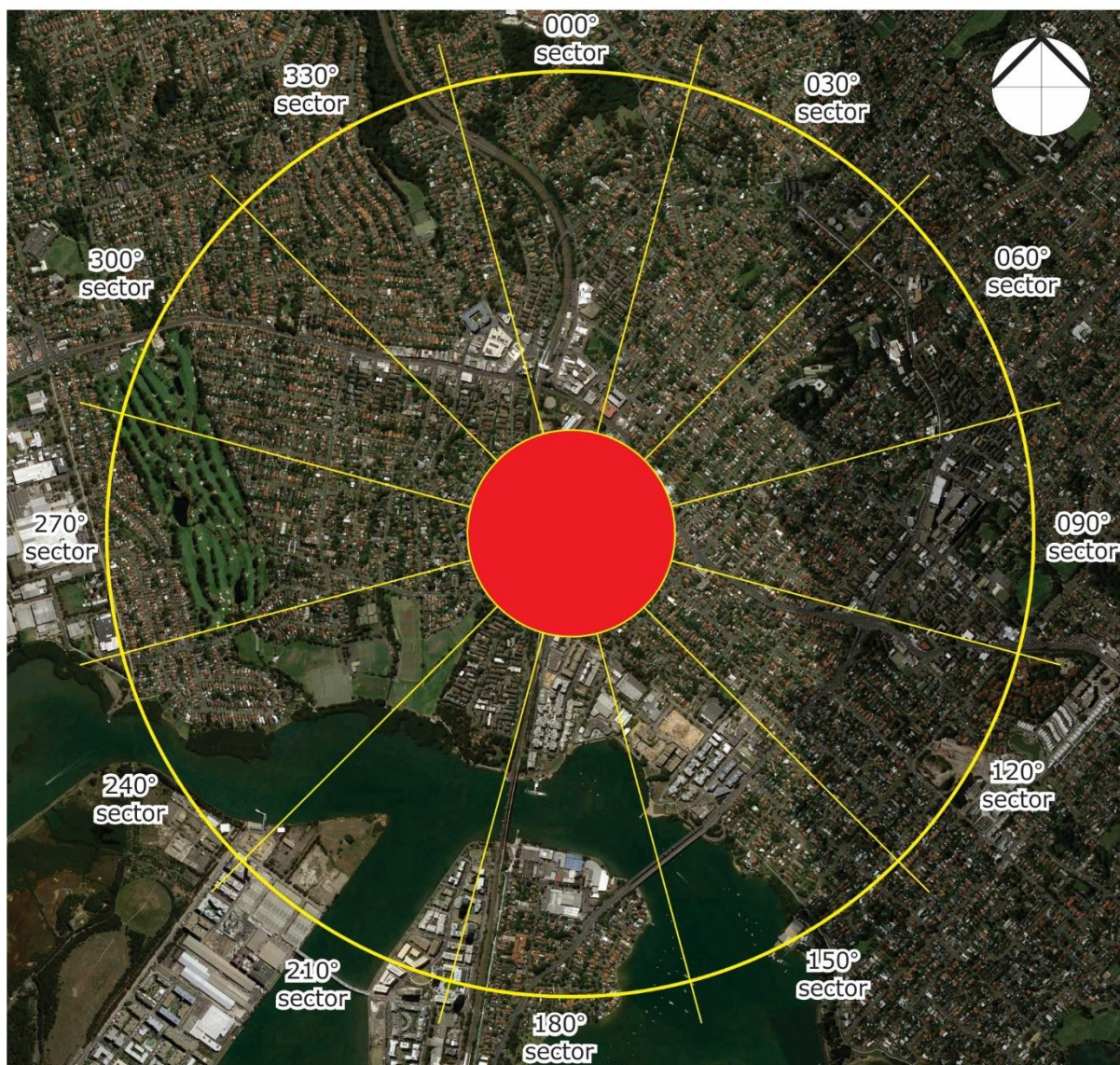
gust terrain and height multipliers at the site location are presented in Table 2, referenced to the study reference height (which is approximately half of the height of the subject development since typically we are most interested in the wind effects at the ground plane). Details of the boundary layer wind profiles at the site are combined with the regional wind model (see Section 4) to determine the site wind speeds.

**Table 2: Approaching Boundary Layer Wind Profile Analysis Summary  
(at the study reference height)**

Wind Sector (degrees)	Terrain and Height Multiplier			Turbulence Intensity $I_v$	Equivalent Terrain Category (AS/NZS1170.2:2011 naming convention)
	$k_{tr,T=1hr}$ (hourly)	$k_{tr,T=10min}$ (10min)	$k_{tr,T=3s}$ (3sec)		
0	0.57	0.61	0.98	0.236	3.0
30	0.57	0.61	0.98	0.236	3.0
60	0.57	0.61	0.98	0.236	3.0
90	0.53	0.57	0.94	0.264	3.2
120	0.57	0.61	0.98	0.236	3.0
150	0.63	0.67	1.02	0.207	2.7
180	0.72	0.75	1.09	0.172	2.1
210	0.79	0.83	1.14	0.148	1.6
240	0.74	0.78	1.11	0.163	2.0
270	0.61	0.65	1.01	0.218	2.8
300	0.57	0.61	0.98	0.236	3.0
330	0.56	0.60	0.97	0.242	3.0

For each of the 16 wind directions tested in this study, the approaching boundary layer wind profiles modelled in the wind tunnel closely matched the profiles listed in Table 2. Plots of the boundary layer wind profiles used for the wind tunnel testing are presented in Appendix D of this report.





**Figure 3: Aerial Image of the Surrounding Terrain**  
**(radius of 1.32km from the edge of the proximity model, which is coloured red)**

## 4 REGIONAL WIND MODEL

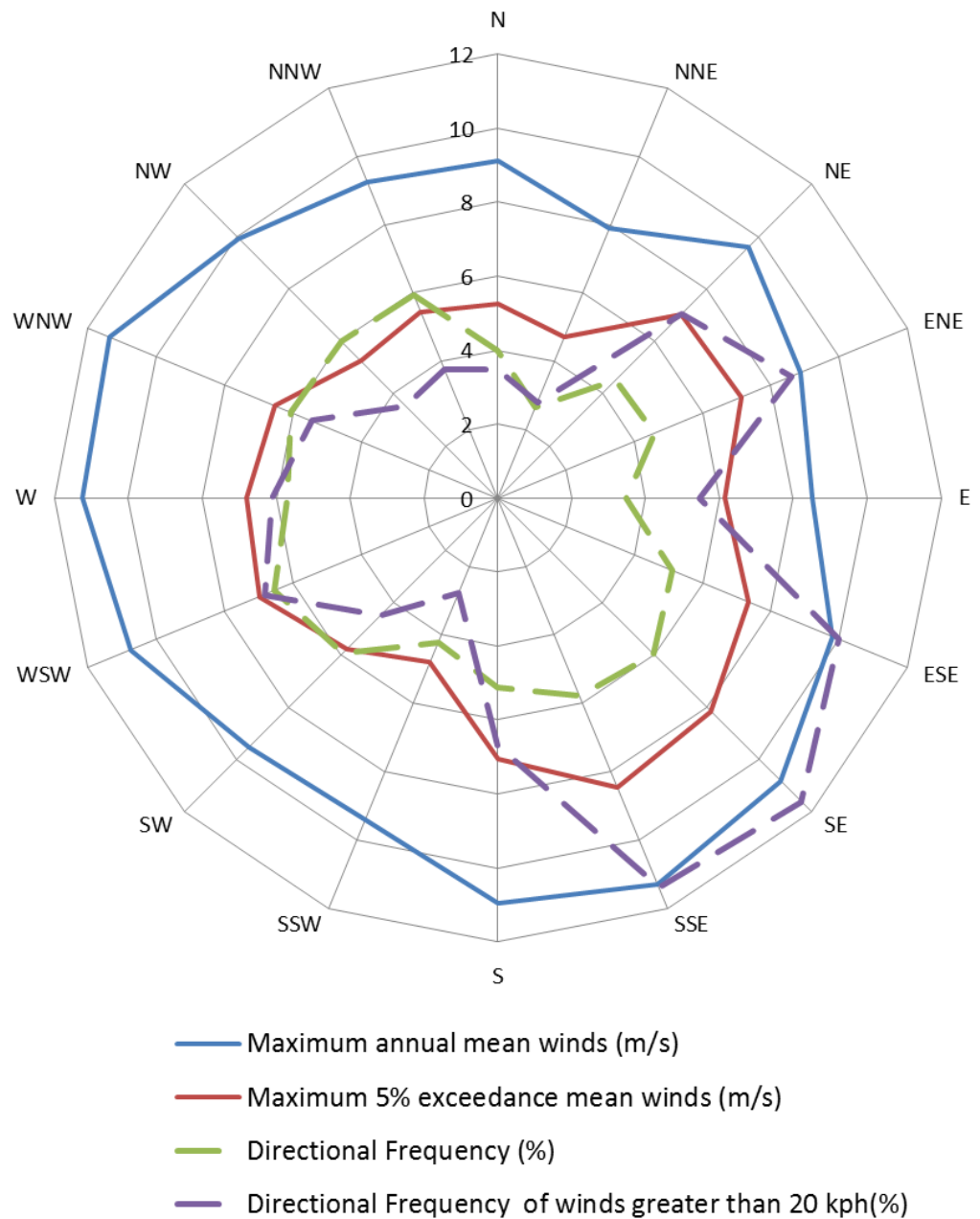
The regional wind model used in this study was determined from an analysis of measured directional mean wind speeds obtained at the meteorological recording station located at Bankstown Airport, located in Sydney. Data was collected from 1993 to 2016 and corrected so that it represents wind speeds over standard open terrain at a height of 10m above ground for each wind direction. From this analysis, directional probabilities of exceedance and directional wind speeds for the region are determined. The directional wind speeds are summarised in Table 3. The directional wind speeds and corresponding directional frequencies of occurrence are presented in Figure 4.

The analysis indicates that the strongest winds of the region are mainly governed by the south-easterly winds, which are also the most frequently occurring winds for the region. The east-north-easterly winds are the next strongest and frequent, followed by west-south-westerly winds.

The recurrence intervals examined in this study are for exceedances of 5% (per 90 degree sector) for the pedestrian comfort criteria using Gust-Equivalent Mean (GEM) wind speeds, and annual maximum wind speeds (per 22.5 degree sector) for the pedestrian safety criterion. Note that the 5% probability wind speeds presented in Table 2 are only used for the directional plot presented in Figure 4 and are not used for the integration of the probabilities.

**Table 3: Directional Wind Speeds**  
(hourly means, referenced to 10m above ground in standard open terrain)

Wind Direction	5% Exceedance (m/s)	Annual Maximum (m/s)
N	5.2	9.1
NNE	4.7	7.9
NE	7.0	9.6
ENE	7.1	8.9
E	6.2	8.5
ESE	7.4	9.8
SE	8.2	10.8
SSE	8.5	11.3
S	7.1	11.0
SSW	4.8	9.4
SW	5.8	9.5
WSW	7.0	10.8
W	6.8	11.2
WNW	6.5	11.4
NW	5.2	9.9
NNW	5.4	9.3



**Figure 4: Annual and 5% Exceedance Hourly Mean Wind Speeds, and Frequencies of Occurrence, for the Bankstown Region (referenced to 10m above ground in standard open terrain)**

## 5 PEDESTRIAN WIND COMFORT AND SAFETY

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The acceptability of wind conditions of an area is determined by comparing the measured wind speeds against an appropriate criteria. This section outlines how the measured wind speeds were obtained, the criteria considered for the development, as well as the critical trafficable areas that were assessed and their corresponding criteria designation.

### 5.1 Measured Wind Speeds

Wind speeds were measured using Dantec hot-wire probe anemometers, positioned to monitor wind conditions at critical outdoor trafficable areas of the development. The reference mean free-stream wind speed measured in the wind tunnel, which is at a full-scale height of 200m and measured 3m upstream of the study model.

Measurements were acquired for 16 wind directions at 22.5 degree increments using a sample rate of 1,024Hz. The full methodology of determining the wind speed measurements at the site from the Dantec Hot-wire probe anemometers is provided in Appendix B. Based on the results of the analysis of the boundary layer wind profiles at the site (see Section 3), and incorporating the regional wind model (see Section 4), the data sampling length of the wind tunnel test for each wind direction corresponds to a full-scale sample length ranging between 30 minutes and 1 hour. Research by A.W. Rofail and K.C.S. Kwok (1991) has shown that, in addition to the mean and standard deviation of the wind being stable for sample lengths of 15 minutes or more (full-scale), the peak value determined using the upcrossing method is stable for sample lengths of 30 minutes or more.

### 5.2 Wind Speed Criteria Used for This Study

For this study the measured wind conditions of the selected critical outdoor trafficable areas are compared against two sets of criteria; one for pedestrian safety, and one for pedestrian comfort. The safety criterion is applied to the annual maximum gust winds, and the comfort criteria is applied to Gust Equivalent Mean (GEM) winds. In accordance with ASCE (2003), the GEM wind speed is defined as follows:

$$GEM = \max \left( \bar{V}, \frac{\hat{V}}{1.85} \right) \quad (5.1)$$

Where:

$\bar{V}$  is the mean wind speed.

$\hat{V}$  is the 3-second gust wind speed.



For pedestrian safety, the safety limit criterion of 23m/s applies to 3-second duration annual maximum gust winds for all areas, in accordance with W.H. Melbourne (1978).

For pedestrian comfort, the A.G. Davenport (1972) criteria are used in conjunction with the GEM wind speed using a 5% probability of exceedance. Research by A.W. Rofail (2007) has shown that the A.G. Davenport (1972) criteria, used in conjunction with a GEM wind speed, has proven over time and through field observations to be the most reliable indicator of pedestrian comfort. A more detailed comparison of published criteria has been provided in Appendix A.

The criteria considered in this study are summarised in Tables 4 and 5 for pedestrian comfort and safety, respectively. The results of the wind tunnel study are presented in the form of directional plots attached in Appendix C of this report. For each study point there is a plot of the GEM wind speeds using the comfort criteria, and a plot for the annual maximum gust wind speeds using the safety criterion.

**Table 4: Comfort Criteria (from A.G. Davenport, 1972)**

Classification	Description	Maximum 5% Exceedance GEM Wind Speed (m/s)
Long Exposure	Long duration stationary activities such as in outdoor restaurants and theatres, etc.	3.5
Short Exposure	Short duration stationary activities (generally less than 1 hour), including window shopping, waiting areas, etc.	5.5
Comfortable Walking	For pedestrian thoroughfares, private swimming pools, most communal areas, private balconies and terraces, etc.	7.5

**Table 5: Safety Criterion (from W.H. Melbourne, 1978)**

Classification	Description	Annual Maximum Gust Wind Speed (m/s)
Safety	Safety criterion applies to all trafficable areas.	23



### **5.3 Layout of Study Points**

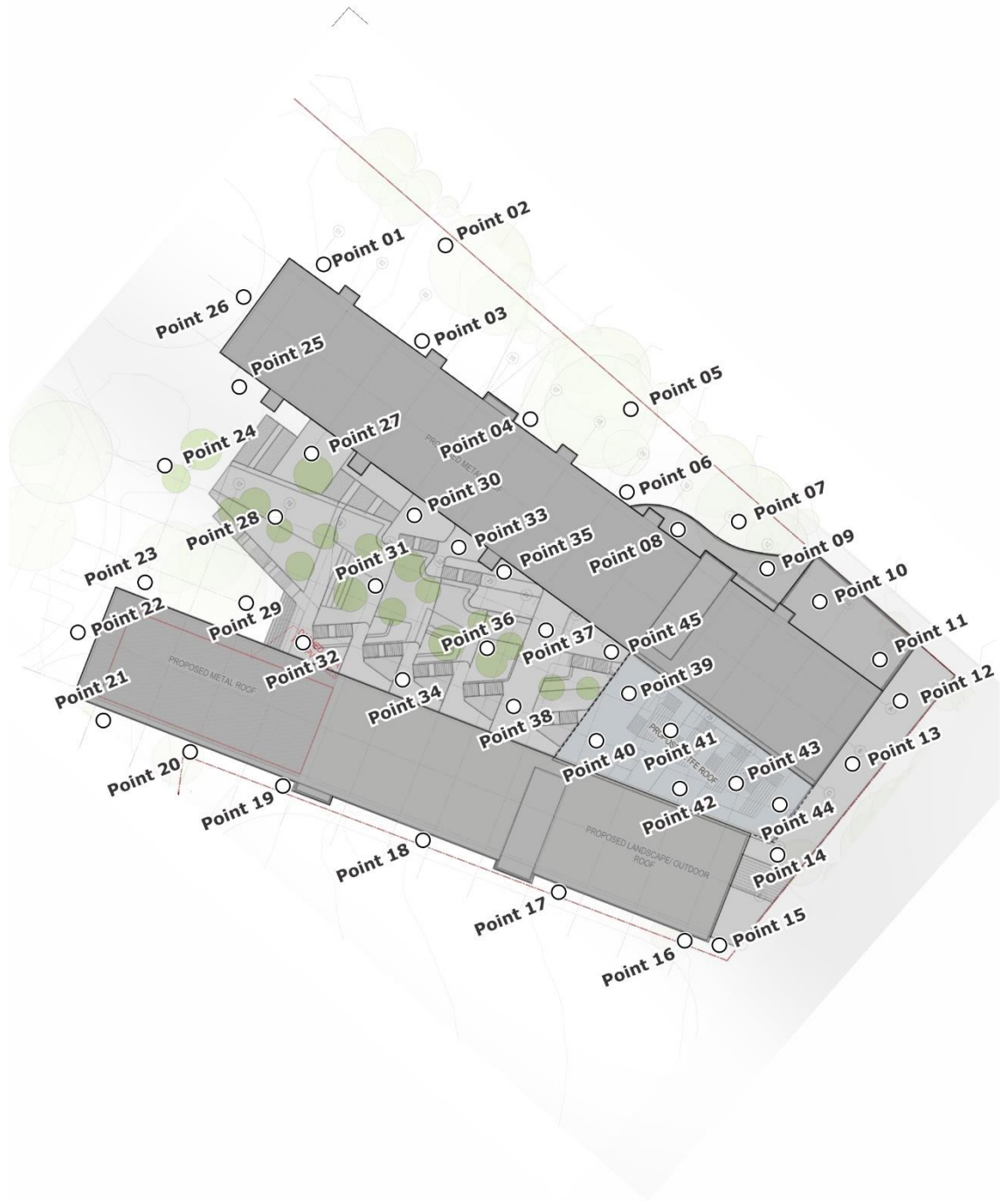
For this study a total of 103 study point locations were selected for analysis in the wind tunnel. This includes the following:

- 62 study point distributed on the Play Ground, Lower Ground, Ground and Surrounding Areas.
- 11 study points located on the Level 1.
- 8 study points located on Level 2.
- 8 study points located on Level 3.
- 14 study points located on Level 4.

The locations of the various study points tested for this study, as well as the target wind speed criteria for the various outdoor trafficable areas of the development, are presented in Figures 5 in the form of marked-up plans. It should be noted that only the most critical outdoor locations of the development have been selected for analysis.

### Target Criteria

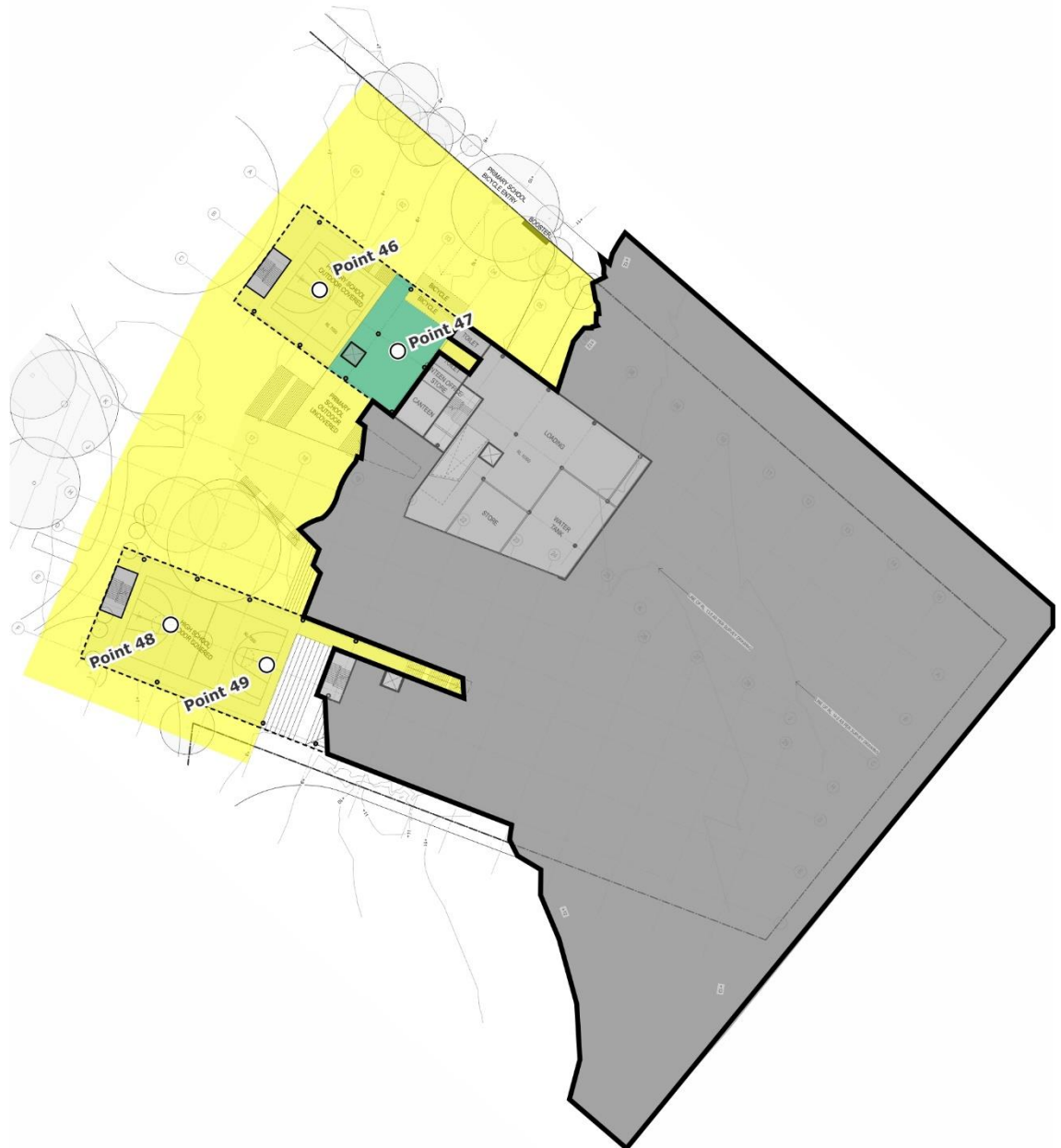
A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 7.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for pedestrian activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.



**Figure 5a: Study Point Locations and Target Wind Speed Criteria  
Plan View of the Development**

### Target Criteria

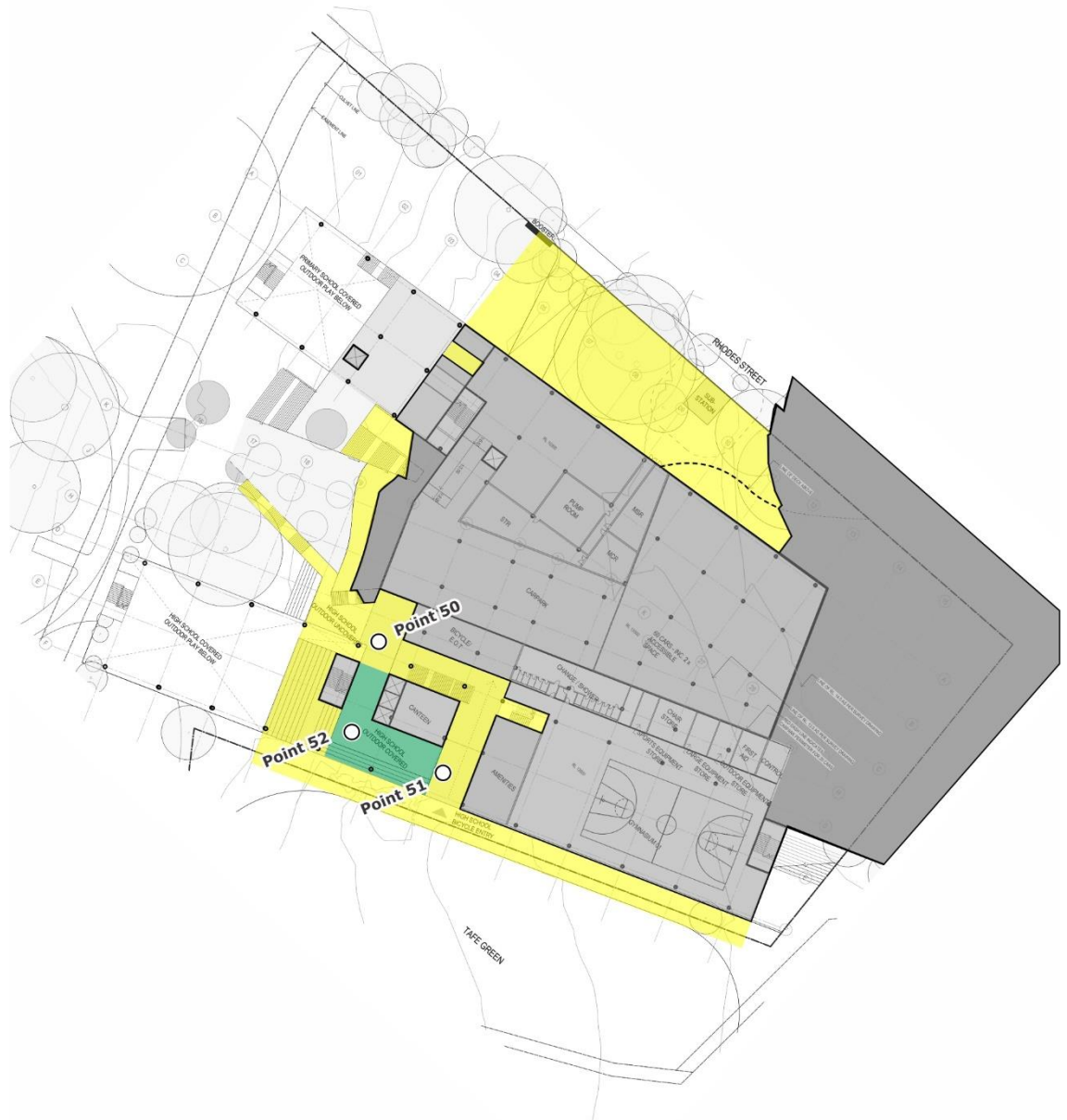
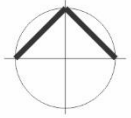
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 7.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for pedestrian activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 5.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for short exposure activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 3.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for long exposure activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.



**Figure 5b: Study Point Locations and Target Wind Speed Criteria  
Play Ground Area**

### Target Criteria

- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 7.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for pedestrian activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 5.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for short exposure activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 3.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for long exposure activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.



**Figure 5c: Study Point Locations and Target Wind Speed Criteria  
Lower Ground Floor**

### Target Criteria

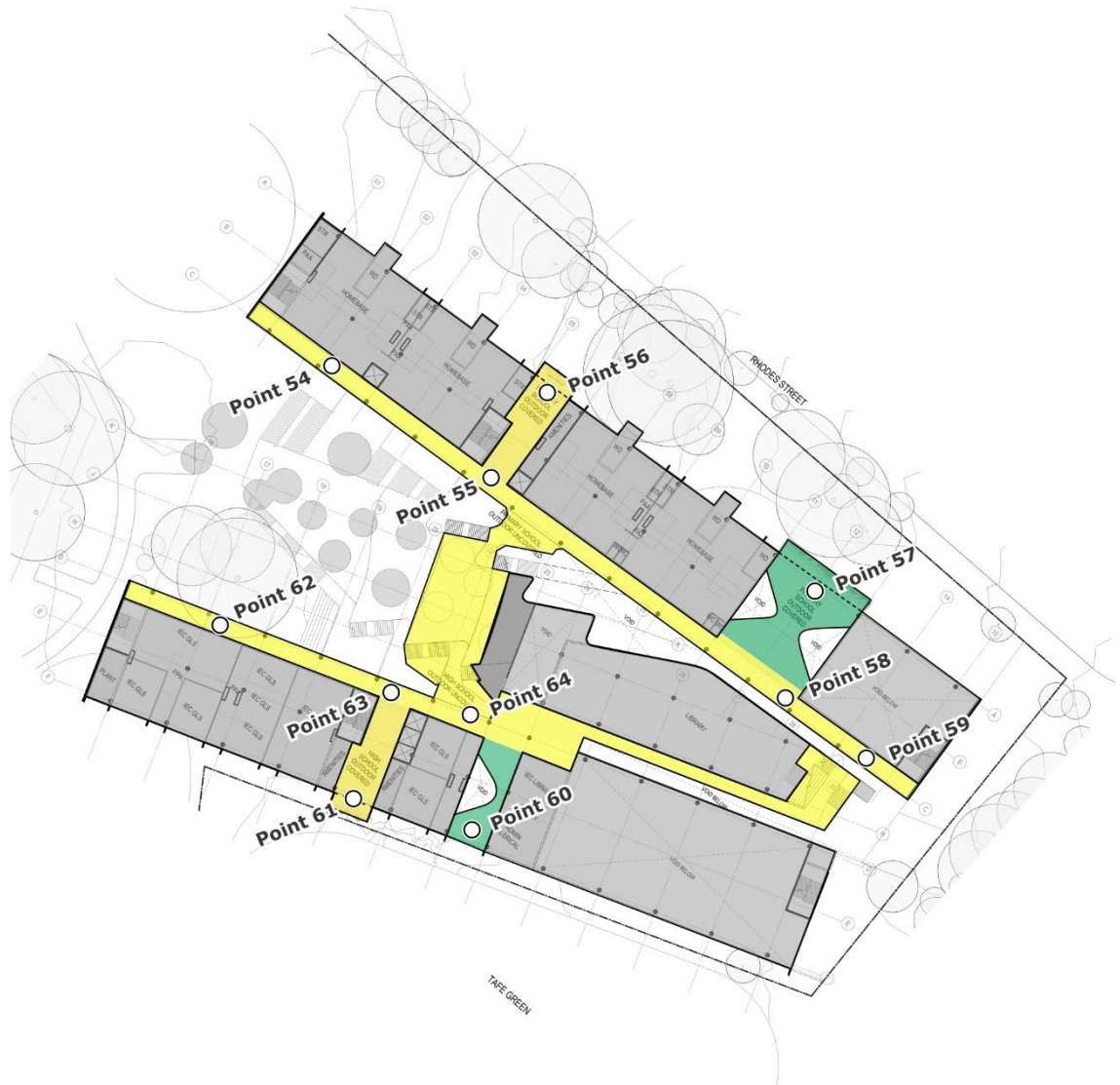
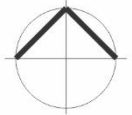
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 7.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for pedestrian activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 5.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for short exposure activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 3.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for long exposure activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.



**Figure 5d: Study Point Locations and Target Wind Speed Criteria  
Ground Level**



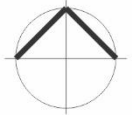
	A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 7.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for pedestrian activities. W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
	A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 5.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for short exposure activities. W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
	A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 3.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for long exposure activities. W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.



## Level 1

### Target Criteria

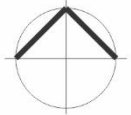
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 7.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for pedestrian activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 5.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for short exposure activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 3.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for long exposure activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.



**Figure 5f: Study Point Locations and Target Wind Speed Criteria  
Level 2**

### Target Criteria

- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 7.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for pedestrian activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 5.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for short exposure activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 3.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for long exposure activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.

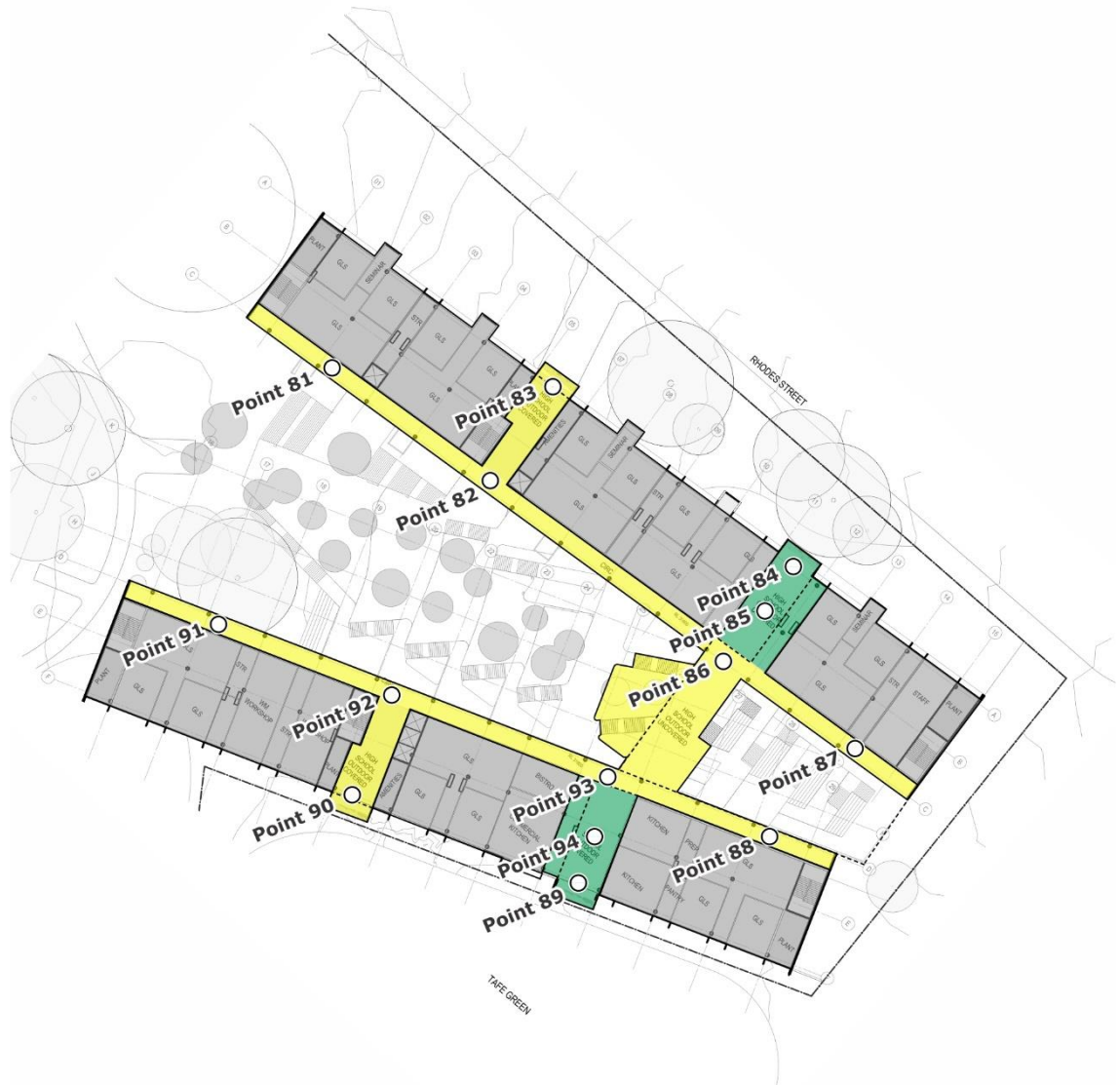
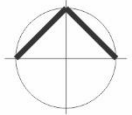


**Figure 5g: Study Point Locations and Target Wind Speed Criteria  
Level 3**



### Target Criteria

- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 7.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for pedestrian activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 5.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for short exposure activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.
- A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 3.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for long exposure activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.

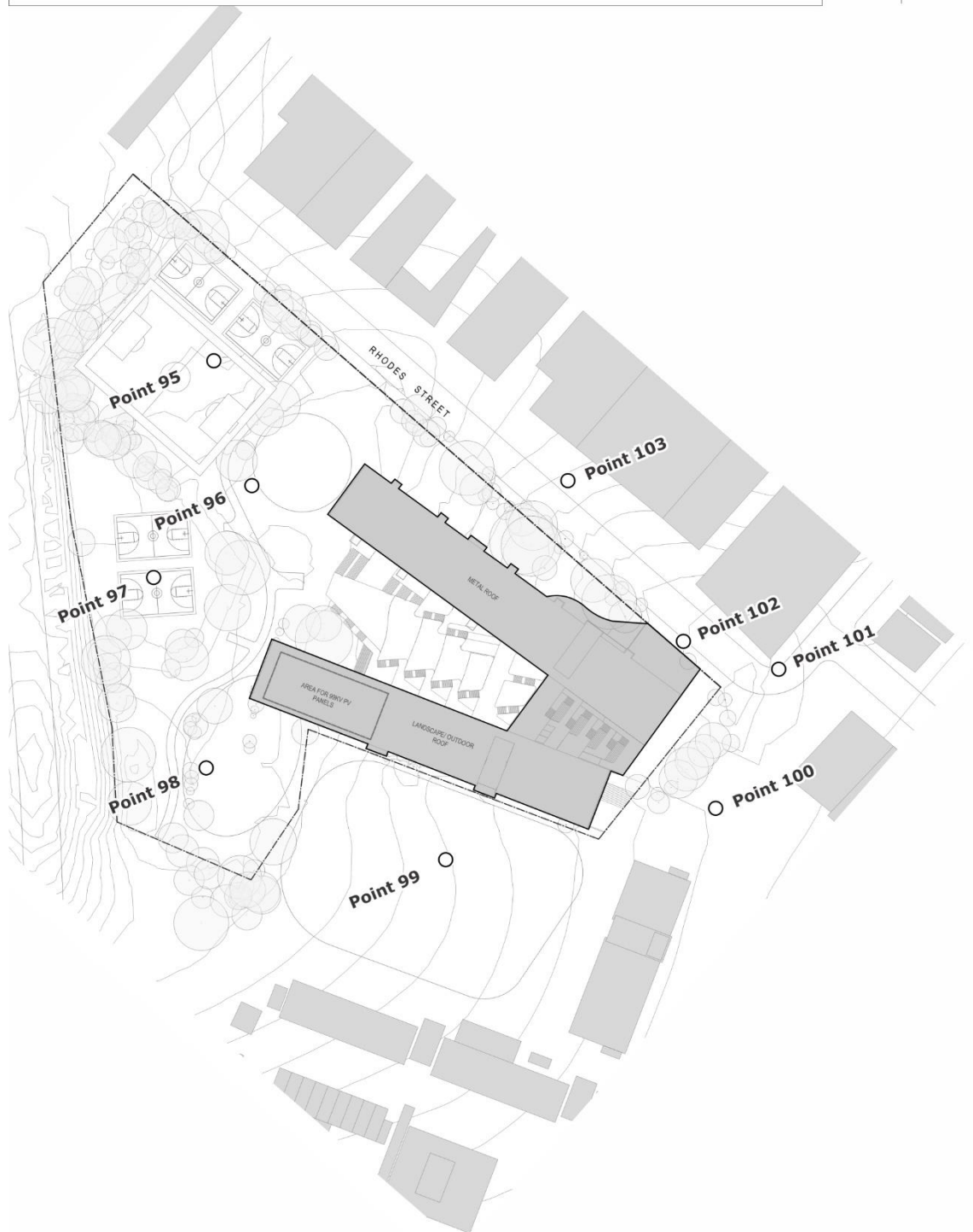


**Figure 5h: Study Point Locations and Target Wind Speed Criteria  
Level 4**



### Target Criteria

A.G. Davenport (1972) criterion of 7.5m/s (weekly GEM's) for pedestrian activities.  
W.H. Melbourne (1978) criterion of 23m/s (annual gusts) for safety.



**Figure 5i: Study Point Locations and Target Wind Speed Criteria  
Surrounding Points**

## 6 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

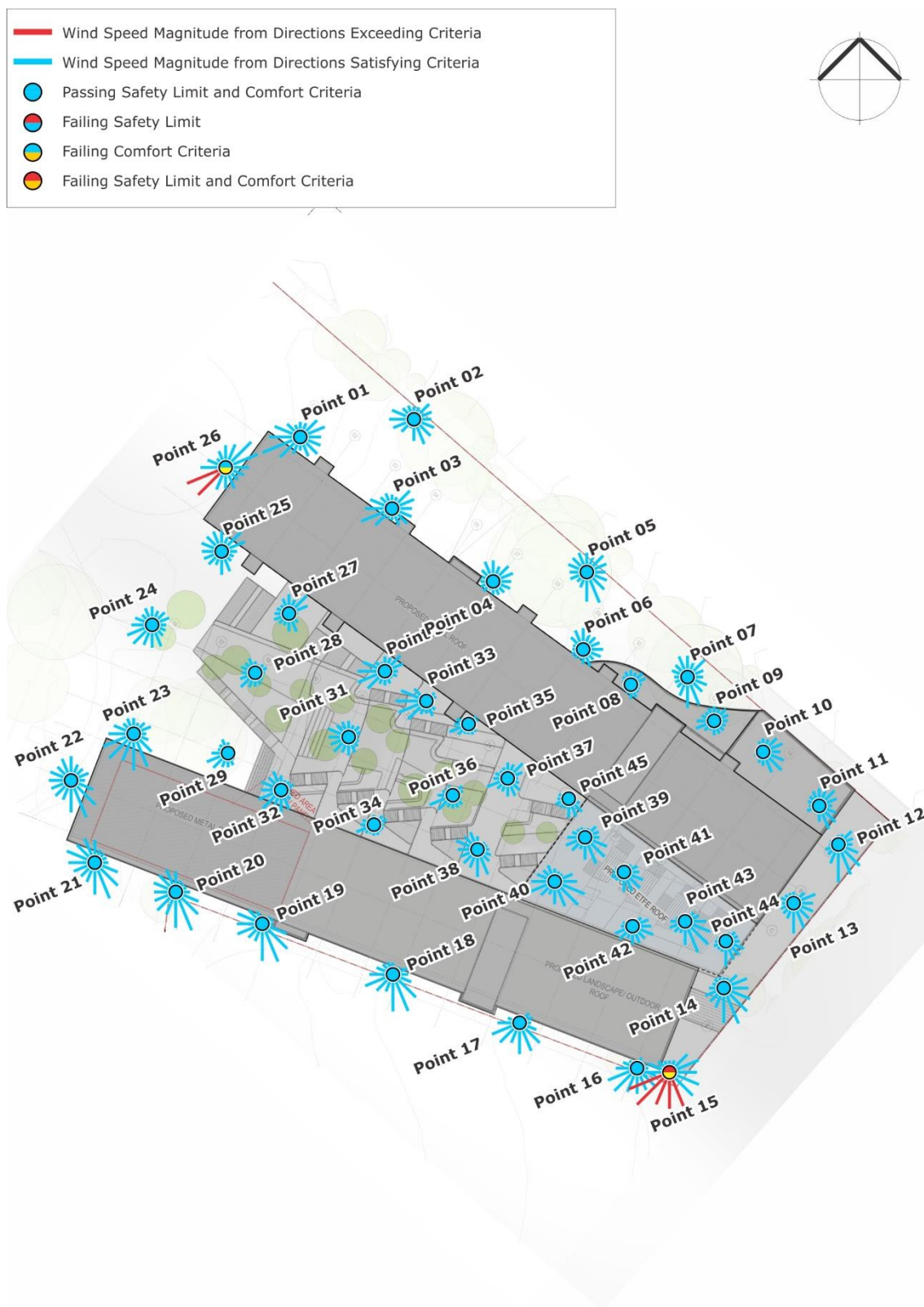
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### 6.1 Proposed Development without Vegetation

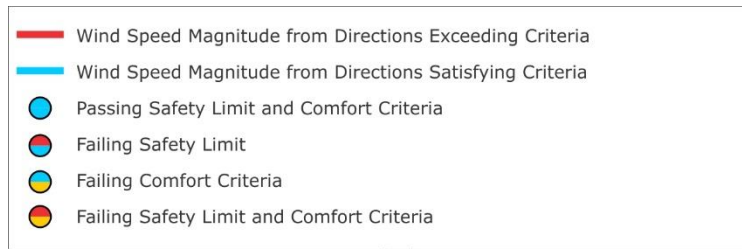
The results of the wind tunnel study are presented in the form of directional plots in Appendix C for all study point locations, summarised in Table 6, and shown on marked-up plans in Figures 6. The wind speed criteria that the wind conditions should achieve are also listed in Table 6 for each study point location, as well as in Figures 5.

The results of the study indicate that wind conditions for the majority of trafficable outdoor locations within and around the development will be suitable for their intended uses. However, some areas will experience strong winds which will exceed the relevant criteria for comfort and/or safety. Suggested treatments, taking into consideration the testing carried out with the inclusion of existing and proposed vegetation, are summarised as follows:

- For the Lower Ground, Ground Level and Play Ground areas, it is recommended that the existing trees be retained as indicated in the latest landscape design report – dated April 09, 2019.
- Recommended inclusion of an awning at the south-eastern corner of the subject development with a width of at least 2-3m, extending out from the slab above Ground Level.
- Recommended inclusion of a 1.2m high planter box, with densely foliating planting, such that the minimum height of planter box and planting is 1.5m, located along the perimeter of the southern terraces of Level 1.

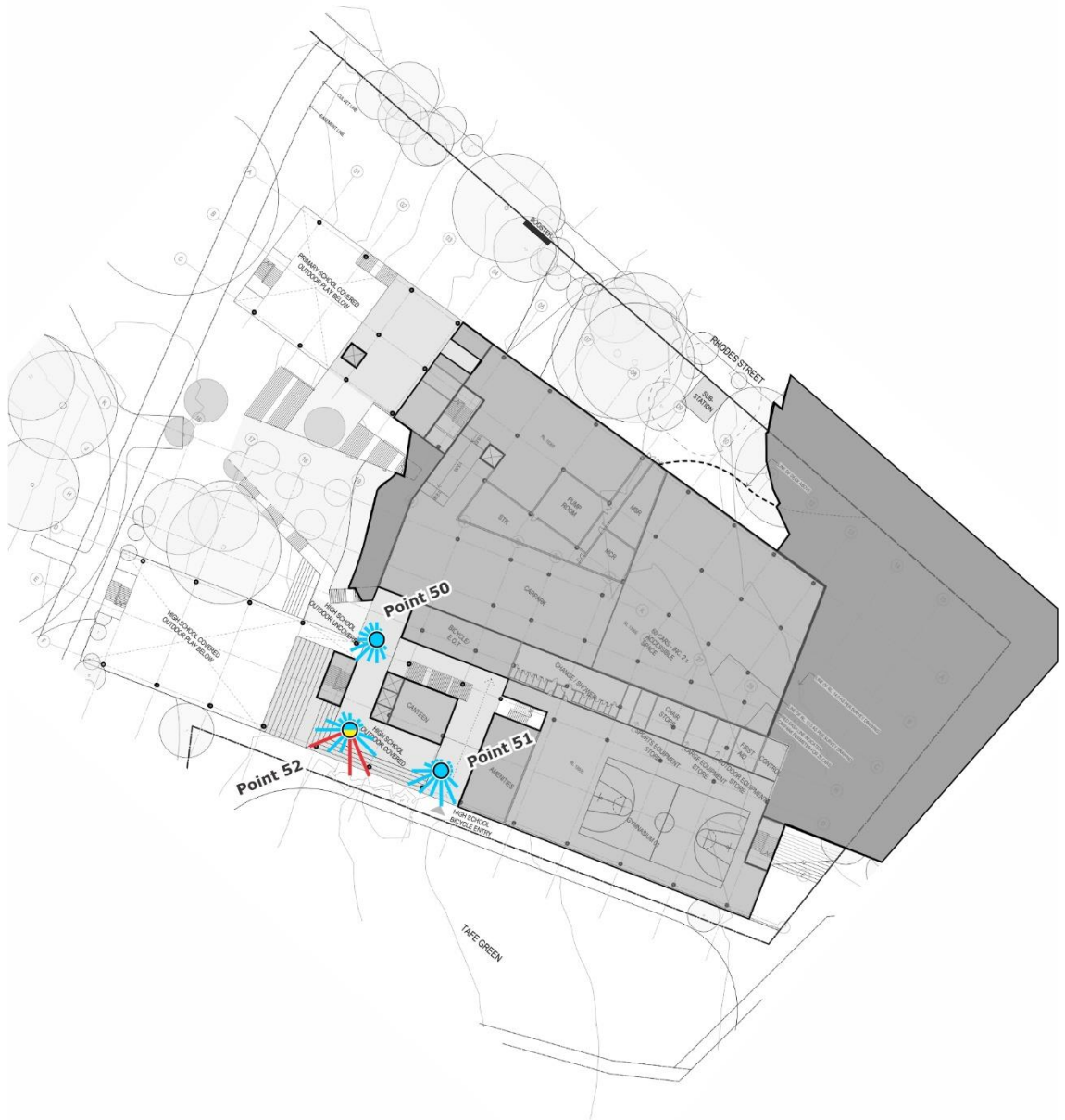
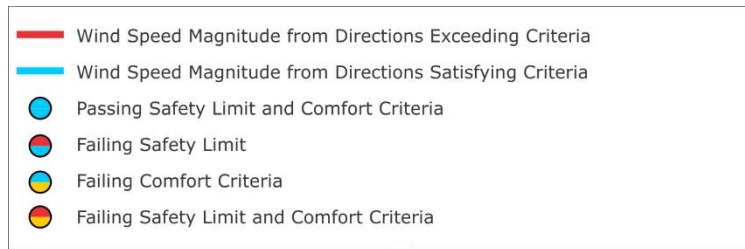


**Figure 6a: Wind Tunnel Results – Plan View**  
**(Proposed Development without the inclusion of Vegetation)**

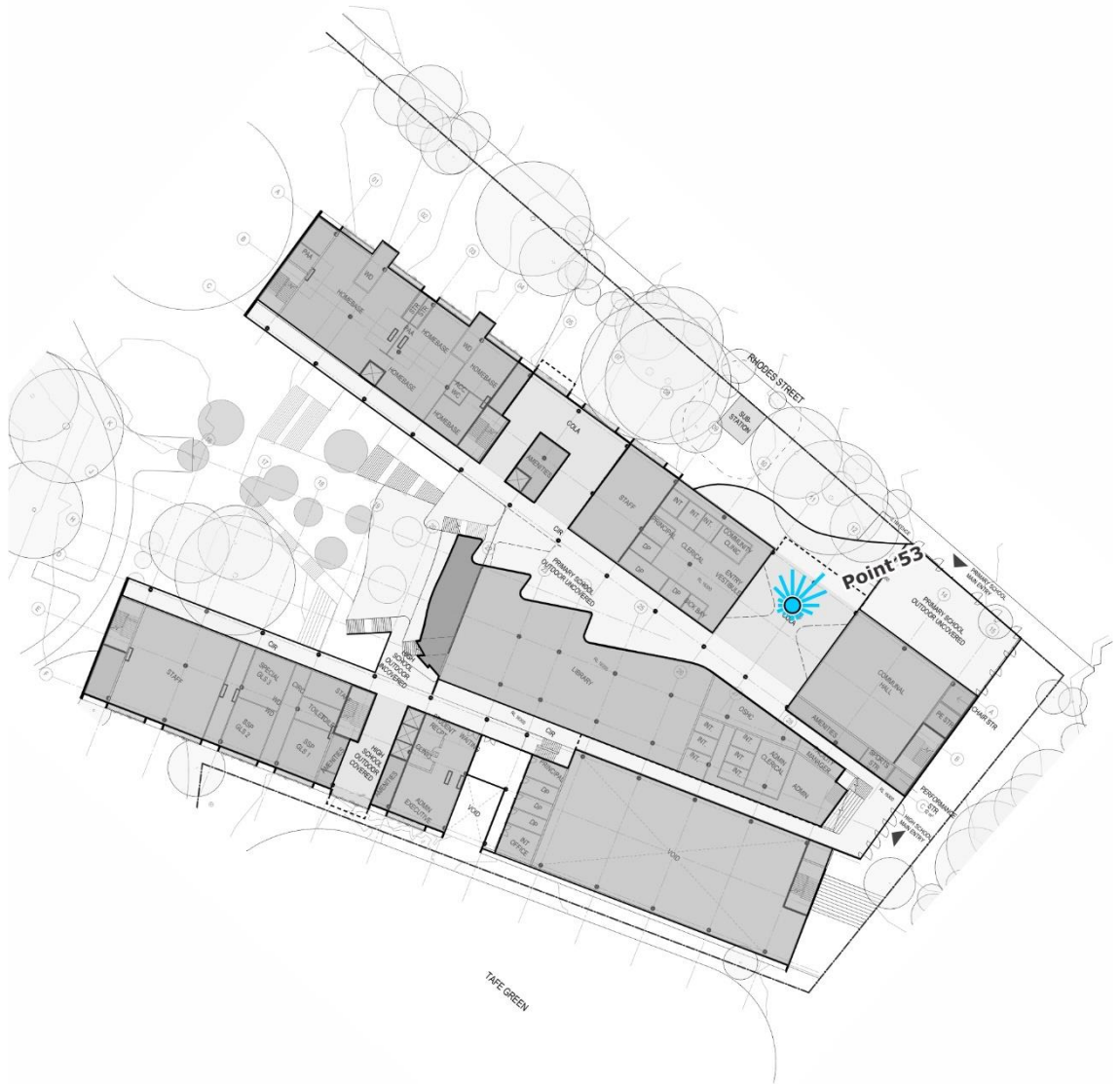
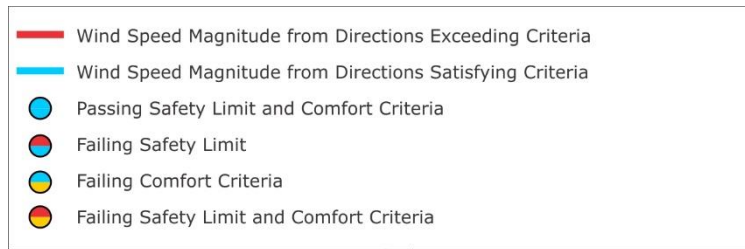


**Figure 6b: Wind Tunnel Results – Play Ground Area  
(Proposed Development without the inclusion of Vegetation)**



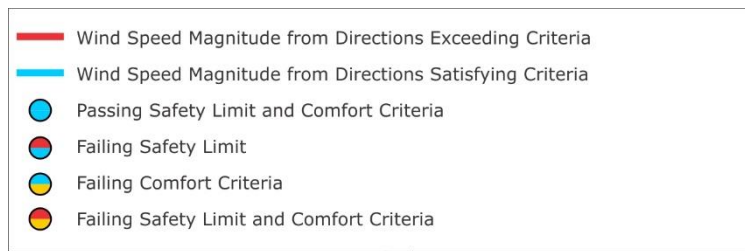


**Figure 6c: Wind Tunnel Results – Lower Ground Area  
(Proposed Development without the inclusion of Vegetation)**



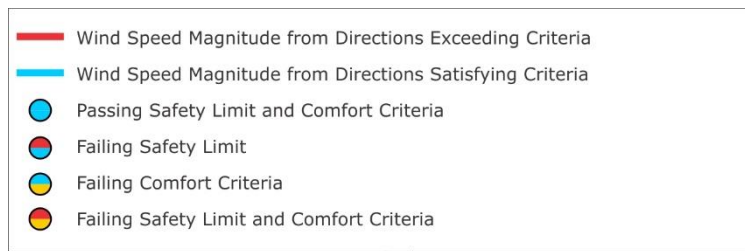
**Figure 6d: Wind Tunnel Results –Ground Level  
(Proposed Development without the inclusion of Vegetation)**





**Figure 6f: Wind Tunnel Results – Level 2  
(Proposed Development without the inclusion of Vegetation)**

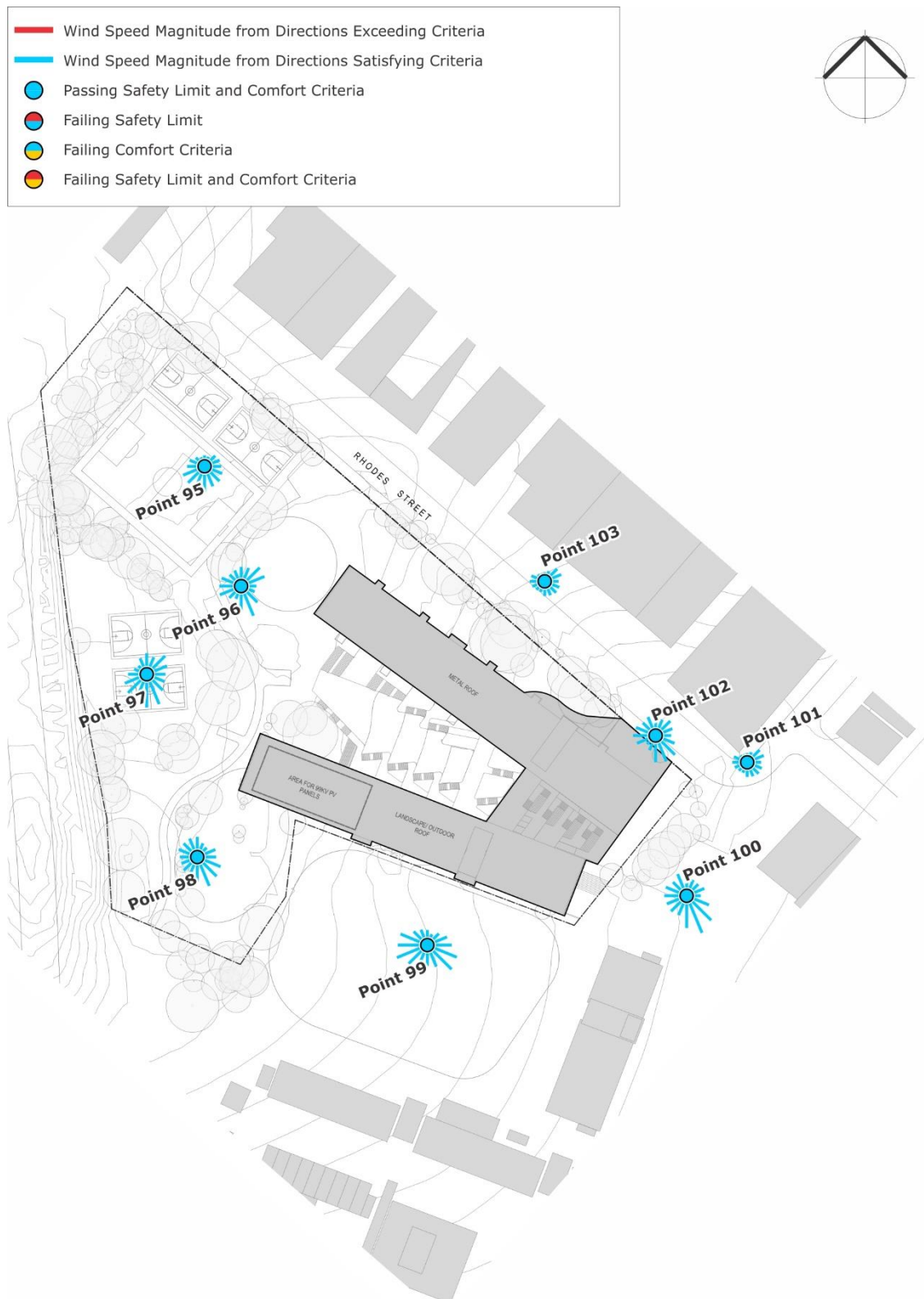




**Figure 6g: Wind Tunnel Results – Level 3**  
**(Proposed Development without the inclusion of Vegetation)**



**Figure 6h: Wind Tunnel Results – Level 4**  
**(Proposed Development without the inclusion of Vegetation)**



**Figure 6i: Wind Tunnel Results – Surrounding Points  
(Proposed Development without the inclusion of Vegetation)**

**Table 6: Wind Tunnel Results Summary**  
**(Proposed Development without the inclusion of Vegetation)**

Study Point	GEM (5% exceedance)			Annual Gust			Final Result	Description of Treatment
	Criterion (m/s)	Results (%)	Grade	Criterion (m/s)	Results (m/s)	Grade		
Point 01	7.5	3%	Pass	23	19	Pass	Pass	-
Point 02	7.5	1%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 03	7.5	1%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-
Existing		2%	Pass		18	Pass	Pass	
Point 04	7.5	0%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 05	7.5	1%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-
Point 06	7.5	0%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 07	7.5	1%	Pass	23	18	Pass	Pass	-
Point 08	7.5	0%	Pass	23	9	Pass	Pass	-
Point 09	7.5	0%	Pass	23	11	Pass	Pass	-
Point 10	7.5	0%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 11	7.5	0%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 12	7.5	2%	Pass	23	19	Pass	Pass	-
Point 13	7.5	1%	Pass	23	18	Pass	Pass	-
Point 14	7.5	3%	Pass	23	21	Pass	Pass	-
Point 15	7.5	10%	Fail	23	24	Fail	Fail	Inclusion of 2-3m wide awning at the south-eastern corner.
Existing		1%	Pass		17	Pass	Pass	
Point 16	7.5	2%	Pass	23	19	Pass	Pass	-
Point 17	7.5	2%	Pass	23	18	Pass	Pass	-
Point 18	7.5	4%	Pass	23	22	Pass	Pass	-
Existing		3%	Pass		17	Pass	Pass	
Point 19	7.5	5%	Pass	23	22	Pass	Pass	-
Existing		2%	Pass		17	Pass	Pass	
Point 20	7.5	5%	Pass	23	21	Pass	Pass	-
Point 21	7.5	4%	Pass	23	20	Pass	Pass	-
Point 22	7.5	4%	Pass	23	20	Pass	Pass	-
Point 23	7.5	5%	Pass	23	19	Pass	Pass	-
Point 24	7.5	1%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Point 25	7.5	1%	Pass	23	15	Pass	Pass	-
Point 26	7.5	6%	Fail	23	21	Pass	Fail	Refer to Figure 7.
Point 27	7.5	0%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 28	7.5	0%	Pass	23	12	Pass	Pass	-
Point 29	7.5	0%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 30	7.5	1%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-
Point 31	7.5	0%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 32	7.5	1%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Point 33	7.5	2%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-




Study Point	GEM (5% exceedance)			Annual Gust			Final Result	Description of Treatment
	Criterion (m/s)	Results (%)	Grade	Criterion (m/s)	Results (m/s)	Grade		
Point 34	7.5	0%	Pass	23	11	Pass	Pass	-
Point 35	7.5	0%	Pass	23	12	Pass	Pass	-
Point 36	7.5	0%	Pass	23	15	Pass	Pass	-
Point 37	7.5	0%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 38	7.5	1%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Point 39	7.5	0%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 40	7.5	1%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-
Point 41	7.5	0%	Pass	23	11	Pass	Pass	-
Point 42	7.5	0%	Pass	23	11	Pass	Pass	-
Point 43	7.5	1%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-
Point 44	7.5	0%	Pass	23	15	Pass	Pass	-
Point 45	7.5	0%	Pass	23	11	Pass	Pass	-
Point 46	7.5	2%	Pass	23	19	Pass	Pass	-
Point 47	5.5	6%	Fail	23	16	Pass	Fail	Refer to Figure 7.
Point 48	7.5	6%	Fail	23	20	Pass	Fail	Refer to Figure 7.
Point 49	7.5	1%	Pass	23	15	Pass	Pass	-
Point 50	7.5	1%	Pass	23	15	Pass	Pass	-
Point 51	5.5	2%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 52	5.5	8%	Fail	23	18	Pass	Fail	Refer to Figure 7.
Point 53	5.5	3%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 54	7.5	1%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Point 55	7.5	1%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Point 56	7.5	0%	Pass	23	9	Pass	Pass	-
Point 57	5.5	1%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 58	7.5	0%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 59	7.5	0%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Point 60	5.5	14%	Fail	23	23	Pass	Fail	Inclusion of 1.5m high planters along the terrace perimeter.
Point 61	7.5	6%	Fail	23	21	Pass	Fail	Inclusion of 1.5m high planters along the terrace perimeter.
Point 62	7.5	0%	Pass	23	8	Pass	Pass	-
Point 63	7.5	0%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 64	7.5	0%	Pass	23	9	Pass	Pass	-
Point 65	7.5	0%	Pass	23	11	Pass	Pass	-
Point 66	7.5	0%	Pass	23	12	Pass	Pass	-
Point 67	5.5	1%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 68	7.5	1%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-
Point 69	7.5	1%	Pass	23	19	Pass	Pass	-
Point 70	5.5	1%	Pass	23	11	Pass	Pass	-

Study Point	GEM (5% exceedance)			Annual Gust			Final Result	Description of Treatment
	Criterion (m/s)	Results (%)	Grade	Criterion (m/s)	Results (m/s)	Grade		
Point 71	7.5	0%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 72	7.5	1%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Point 73	7.5	1%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 74	7.5	2%	Pass	23	20	Pass	Pass	-
Point 75	5.5	0%	Pass	23	9	Pass	Pass	-
Point 76	7.5	1%	Pass	23	18	Pass	Pass	-
Point 77	7.5	0%	Pass	23	8	Pass	Pass	-
Point 78	5.5	5%	Pass	23	18	Pass	Pass	-
Point 79	7.5	0%	Pass	23	15	Pass	Pass	-
Point 80	7.5	2%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Point 81	7.5	2%	Pass	23	18	Pass	Pass	-
Point 82	7.5	0%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Point 83	7.5	0%	Pass	23	11	Pass	Pass	-
Point 84	5.5	0%	Pass	23	11	Pass	Pass	-
Point 85	5.5	1%	Pass	23	11	Pass	Pass	-
Point 86	7.5	3%	Pass	23	21	Pass	Pass	-
Point 87	7.5	0%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 88	7.5	0%	Pass	23	9	Pass	Pass	-
Point 89	5.5	1%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 90	7.5	1%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-
Point 91	7.5	0%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 92	7.5	1%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-
Point 93	7.5	1%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 94	5.5	0%	Pass	23	10	Pass	Pass	-
Point 95	7.5	1%	Pass	23	15	Pass	Pass	-
Existing		2%	Pass		17	Pass	Pass	
Point 96	7.5	1%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Existing		2%	Pass		17	Pass	Pass	
Point 97	7.5	2%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-
Existing		4%	Pass		18	Pass	Pass	
Point 98	7.5	1%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Existing		1%	Pass		16	Pass	Pass	
Point 99	7.5	3%	Pass	23	18	Pass	Pass	-
Existing		5%	Pass		20	Pass	Pass	
Point 100	7.5	4%	Pass	23	20	Pass	Pass	-
Existing		1%	Pass		18	Pass	Pass	
Point 101	7.5	0%	Pass	23	9	Pass	Pass	-
Existing		4%	Pass		21	Pass	Pass	
Point 102	7.5	1%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Existing		3%	Pass		18	Pass	Pass	

Study Point	GEM (5% exceedance)			Annual Gust			Final Result	Description of Treatment
	Criterion (m/s)	Results (%)	Grade	Criterion (m/s)	Results (m/s)	Grade		
Point 103	7.5	0%	Pass	23	9	Pass	Pass	-
Existing		2%	Pass		18	Pass	Pass	

Note that, for any study points listed in Table 6 with two rows of results data, the second row is for the existing site conditions. The test results shown in Table 6 are without any treatments applied. If treatment is required, the treatment is described in Table 6.

**Legend**

 Retention of existing tree planting, as indicated in the Landscape Design Report.



**Figure 7: Recommended Treatments – Lower Ground, Ground Level and Play Ground Areas.**



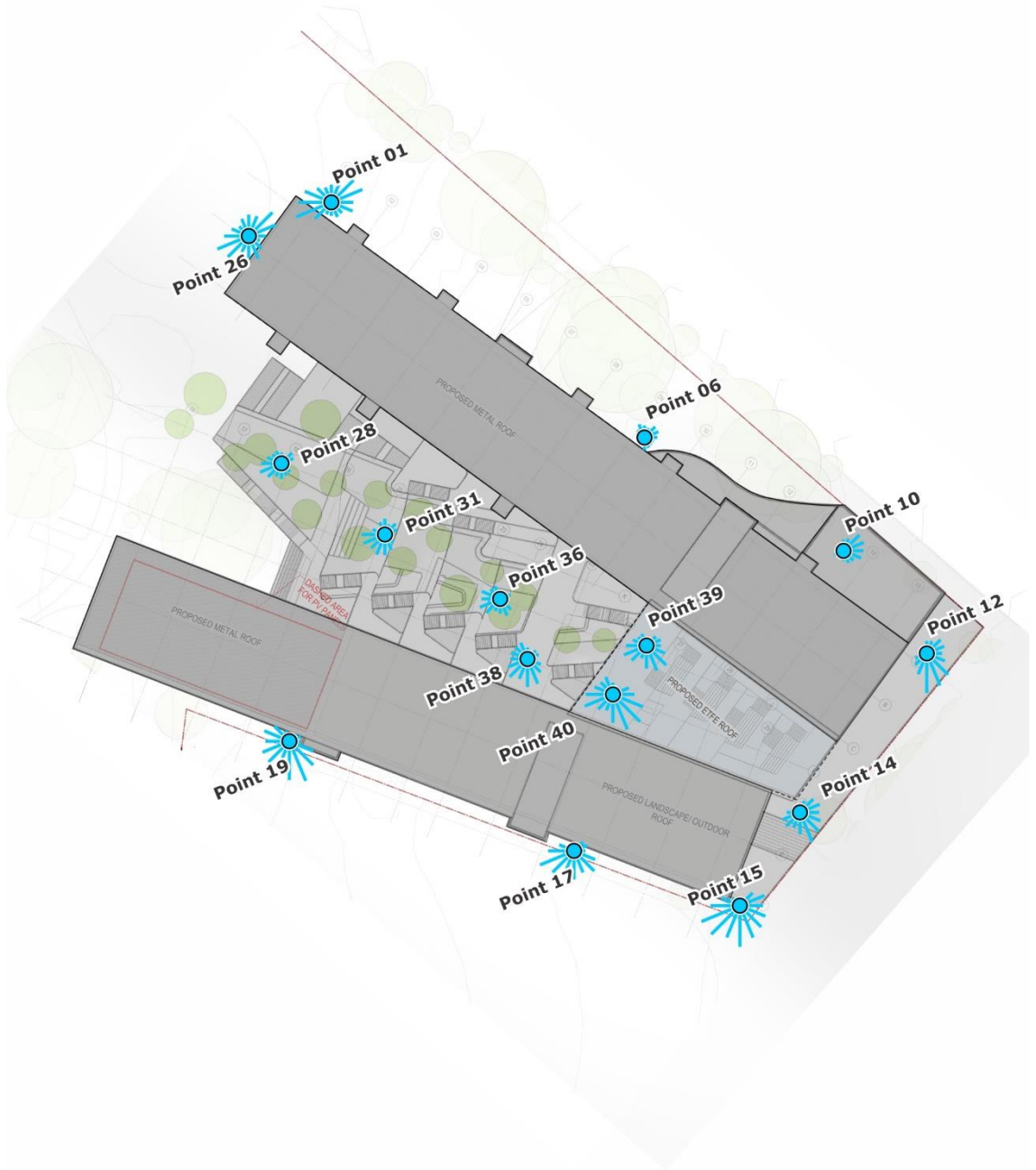
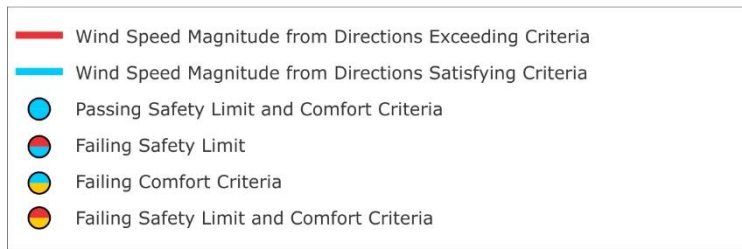
## 6.2 Proposed Development with Existing Vegetation

Selected points around the proposed development have been tested with the inclusion of existing trees around the site. The results of the wind tunnel study are presented in the form of direction plots for the selected points in Appendix C. The results are also summarised in Table 7, and shown as marked-up plans in Figures 8.

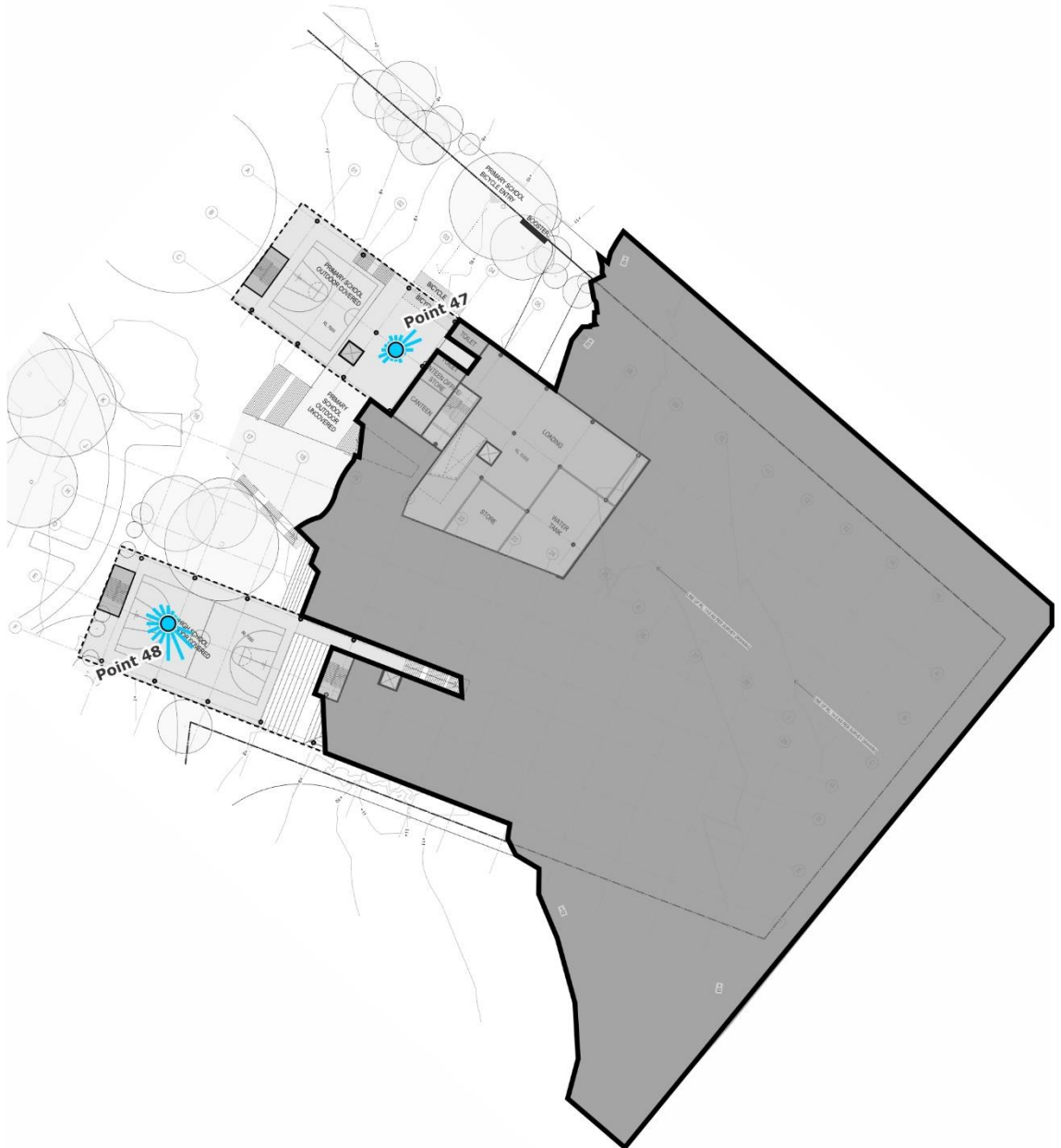
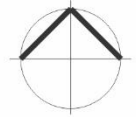
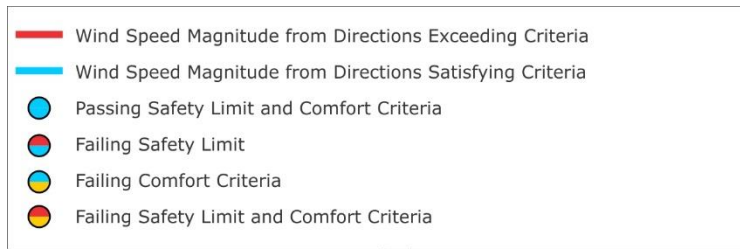
The results of the study indicate that the inclusion of existing vegetation significantly improves the local wind conditions. For instance, the study points where the wind conditions were initially exceeding the relevant criteria for comfort and/or safety are now suitable for their intended uses.

**Table 7: Wind Tunnel Results Summary for Selected Points  
Proposed Development with the Inclusion of Existing Trees**

Study Point	GEM (5% exceedance)			Annual Gust			Final Result	Description of Treatment
	Criterion (m/s)	Results (%)	Grade	Criterion (m/s)	Results (m/s)	Grade		
Point 01	7.5	2%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-
Point 06	7.5	0%	Pass	23	8	Pass	Pass	-
Point 10	7.5	0%	Pass	23	10	Pass	Pass	-
Point 12	7.5	1%	Pass	23	18	Pass	Pass	-
Point 14	7.5	0%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 15	7.5	5%	Pass	23	21	Pass	Pass	-
Point 17	7.5	2%	Pass	23	20	Pass	Pass	-
Point 19	7.5	4%	Pass	23	21	Pass	Pass	-
Point 26	7.5	1%	Pass	23	15	Pass	Pass	-
Point 28	7.5	0%	Pass	23	12	Pass	Pass	-
Point 31	7.5	0%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 36	7.5	0%	Pass	23	11	Pass	Pass	-
Point 38	7.5	0%	Pass	23	15	Pass	Pass	-
Point 39	7.5	0%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 40	7.5	2%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-
Point 47	7.5	0%	Pass	23	13	Pass	Pass	-
Point 48	7.5	2%	Pass	23	19	Pass	Pass	-
Point 52	7.5	0%	Pass	23	12	Pass	Pass	-



**Figure 8a: Wind Tunnel Results for Selected Points – Plan View  
(Proposed Development with the Inclusion of Existing Trees)**



**Figure 8b: Wind Tunnel Results for Selected Points – Play Ground Area  
(Proposed Development with the Inclusion of Existing Trees)**



**Figure 8c: Wind Tunnel Results for Selected Points – Lower Ground Floor  
(Proposed Development with the Inclusion of Existing Trees)**



### 6.3 Proposed Development with Existing and Proposed Vegetation

Selected points around the proposed development have been tested with the inclusion of existing and proposed trees around the site. The results of the wind tunnel study are presented in the form of direction plots for the selected points in Appendix C. The results are also summarised in Table 8, and shown as marked-up plans in Figure 9.

The results of the study indicate that the inclusion of existing and proposed vegetation in the wind tunnel study considerably improves the localised wind conditions around the site.

**Table 8: Wind Tunnel Results Summary for Selected Points**  
**Proposed Development with the Inclusion of Existing and Proposed Trees**

Study Point	GEM (5% exceedance)			Annual Gust			Final Result	Description of Treatment
	Criterion (m/s)	Results (%)	Grade	Criterion (m/s)	Results (m/s)	Grade		
Point 28	7.5	0%	Pass	23	12	Pass	Pass	-
Point 31	7.5	0%	Pass	23	15	Pass	Pass	-
Point 36	7.5	0%	Pass	23	9	Pass	Pass	-
Point 38	7.5	1%	Pass	23	16	Pass	Pass	-
Point 39	7.5	1%	Pass	23	14	Pass	Pass	-
Point 40	7.5	1%	Pass	23	17	Pass	Pass	-



**Figure 9: Wind Tunnel Results for Selected Points – Plan View  
(Proposed Development with the Inclusion of Existing and Proposed Trees)**

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Davenport, A.G., 1972, "An approach to human comfort criteria for environmental conditions". Colloquium on Building Climatology, Stockholm.

Deaves, D.M. and Harris, R.I., 1978, "A mathematical model of the structure of strong winds." Construction Industry and Research Association (U.K), Report 76.

Engineering Science Data Unit, 1982, London, ESDU82026, "Strong Winds in the Atmospheric Boundary Layer, Part 1: Hourly Mean Wind Speeds", with Amendments A to E (issued in 2002).

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Rofail, A.W., and Kwok, K.C.S., 1991, "A Reliability Study of Wind Tunnel Results of Cladding Pressures". Proceedings of the 8th International Conference on Wind Engineering, Canada.

Rofail, A.W., 2007, "Comparison of Wind Environment Criteria against Field Observations". 12th International Conference of Wind Engineering, Cairns, Australia.

Standards Australia and Standards New Zealand, AS/NZS 1170.2, 2011, "SAA Wind Loading Standard, Part 2: Wind Actions".

## **APPENDIX A PUBLISHED ENVIRONMENTAL CRITERIA**

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## A.1 Wind Effects on People

The acceptability of wind in an area is dependent upon the use of the area. For example, people walking or window-shopping will tolerate higher wind speeds than those seated at an outdoor restaurant. Quantifying wind comfort has been the subject of much research and many researchers, such as A.G. Davenport, T.V. Lawson, W.H. Melbourne, and A.D. Penwarden, have published criteria for pedestrian comfort for pedestrians in outdoor spaces for various types of activities. This section discusses and compares the various published criteria.

### A.1.1 A.D. Penwarden (1973) Criteria for Mean Wind Speeds

A.D. Penwarden (1973) developed a modified version of the Beaufort scale which describes the effects of various wind intensities on people. Table A.1 presents the modified Beaufort scale. Note that the effects listed in this table refers to wind conditions occurring frequently over the averaging time (a probability of occurrence exceeding 5%). Higher ranges of wind speeds can be tolerated for rarer events.

**Table A.1: Summary of Wind Effects on People (A.D. Penwarden, 1973)**

Type of Winds	Beaufort Number	Hourly Mean Wind Speed (m/s)	Effects
Calm	0	0 - 0.25	
Calm, light air	1	0.25 - 1.55	No noticeable wind
Light breeze	2	1.55 - 3.35	Wind felt on face
Gentle breeze	3	3.35 - 5.45	Hair is disturbed, clothing flaps, newspapers difficult to read
Moderate breeze	4	5.45 - 7.95	Raises dust, dry soil and loose paper, hair disarranged
Fresh breeze	5	7.95 - 10.75	Force of wind felt on body, danger of stumbling
Strong breeze	6	10.75 - 13.85	Umbrellas used with difficulty, hair blown straight, difficult to walk steadily, wind noise on ears unpleasant
Near gale	7	13.85 - 17.15	Inconvenience felt when walking
Gale	8	17.15 - 20.75	Generally impedes progress, difficulty balancing in gusts
Strong gale	9	20.75 - 24.45	People blown over

### A.1.2 A.G. Davenport (1972) Criteria for Mean Wind Speeds

A.G. Davenport (1972) also determined a set of criteria in terms of the Beaufort scale and for various return periods. Table A.2 presents a summary of the criteria based on a probability of exceedance of 5%.

**Table A.2: Criteria by A.G. Davenport (1972)**

Classification	Activities	5% exceedance Mean Wind Speed (m/s)
Walking Fast	Acceptable for walking, main public accessways.	7.5 - 10.0
Strolling, Skating	Slow walking, etc.	5.5 - 7.5
Short Exposure Activities	Generally acceptable for walking & short duration stationary activities such as window-shopping, standing or sitting in plazas.	3.5 - 5.5
Long Exposure Activities	Generally acceptable for long duration stationary activities such as in outdoor restaurants & theatres and in parks.	0 - 3.5

### A.1.3 T.V. Lawson (1975) Criteria for Mean Wind Speeds

In 1973, T.V. Lawson, while referring to the Beaufort wind speeds of A.D. Penwarden (1973) (as listed in Table A.1), quoted that a Beaufort 4 wind speed would be acceptable if it is not exceeded for more than 4% of the time, and that a Beaufort 6 wind speed would be unacceptable if it is exceeded more than 2% of the time. Later, in 1975, T.V. Lawson presented a set of criteria very similar to those presented in A.G. Davenport (1972) (as listed in Table A.2). These criteria are presented in Table A.3 and Table A.4 for safety and comfort respectively.

**Table A.3: Safety Criteria by T.V. Lawson (1975)**

Classification	Activities	Annual Mean Wind Speed (m/s)
Safety (all weather areas)	Accessible by the general public.	0 - 15
Safety (fair weather areas)	Private areas, balconies/terraces, etc.	0 - 20

**Table A.4: Comfort Criteria by T.V. Lawson (1975)**

Classification	Activities	5% exceedance Mean Wind Speed (m/s)
Business Walking	Objective Walking from A to B.	8 - 10
Pedestrian Walking	Slow walking, etc.	6 - 8
Short Exposure Activities	Pedestrian standing or sitting for short times.	4 - 6
Long Exposure Activities	Pedestrian sitting for a long duration.	0 - 4

#### A.1.4 W.H. Melbourne (1978) Criteria for Gust Wind Speeds

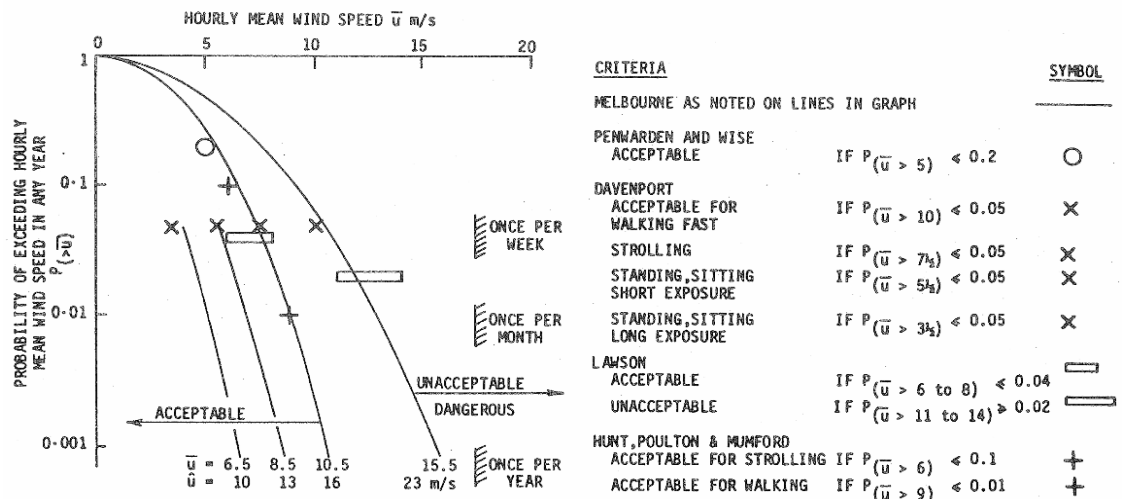
W.H. Melbourne (1978) introduced a set of criteria for the assessment of environmental wind conditions that were developed for a temperature range of 10°C to 30°C and for people suitably dressed for outdoor conditions. These criteria are presented in Table A.5, and are based on maximum gust wind speeds with a probability of exceedance of once per year.

**Table A.5: Criteria by W.H. Melbourne (1978)**

Classification	Human Activities	Annual Gust Wind Speed (m/s)
Limit for Safety	Completely unacceptable: people likely to get blown over.	23
Marginal	Unacceptable as main public accessways.	16 - 23
Comfortable Walking	Acceptable for walking, main public accessways	13 - 16
Short Exposure Activities	Generally acceptable for walking & short duration stationary activities such as window-shopping, standing or sitting in plazas.	10 - 13
Long Exposure Activities	Generally acceptable for long duration stationary activities such as in outdoor restaurants & theatres and in parks.	0 - 10

#### A.2 Comparison of the Published Wind Speed Criteria

W.H. Melbourne (1978) presented a comparison of the criteria of various researchers on a probabilistic basis. Figure A.1 presents the results of this comparison, and indicates that the criteria of W.H. Melbourne (1978) are comparatively quite conservative. This conclusion was also observed by A.W. Rofail (2007) when undertaking on-site remedial studies. The results of A.W. Rofail (2007) concluded that the criteria by W.H. Melbourne (1978) generally overstates the wind effects in a typical urban setting due to the assumption of a fixed 15% turbulence intensity for all areas. It was observed in A.W. Rofail (2007) that the 15% turbulence intensity assumption is not real and that the turbulence intensities at 1.5m above ground is at least 20% and in a suburban or urban setting is generally in the range of 30% to 60%.



**Figure A.1: Comparison of Various Mean and Gust Wind Environment Criteria, assuming 15% turbulence and a Gust Factor of 1.5 (W.H. Melbourne, 1978)**

### A.3 References relating to Pedestrian Comfort Criteria

Davenport, A.G., 1972, "An approach to human comfort criteria for environmental conditions". Colloquium on Building Climatology, Stockholm.

Davenport, A.G., 1977, "The prediction of risk under wind loading", 2nd International Conference on Structural Safety and Reliability, Munich, Germany, pp511-538.

Lawson, T.V., 1973, "The wind environment of buildings: a logical approach to the establishment of criteria". Bristol University, Department of Aeronautical Engineering.

Lawson, T.V., 1975, "The determination of the wind environment of a building complex before construction". Bristol University, Department of Aeronautical Engineering.

Melbourne, W.H., 1978, "Criteria for Environmental Wind Conditions". Journal of Wind Engineering and Industrial Aerodynamics, vol. 3, pp241-249.

Penwarden, A.D. (1973). "Acceptable Wind Speeds in Towns", Building Science, vol. 8: pp259-267.

Penwarden, A.D., Wise A.F.E., 1975, "Wind Environment Around Buildings". Building Research Establishment Report, London.

Rofail, A.W., 2007, "Comparison of Wind Environment Criteria against Field Observations". 12th International Conference of Wind Engineering, Cairns, Australia.



## APPENDIX B DATA ACQUISITION

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The wind tunnel testing procedures for this study were based on the guidelines set out in the Australasian Wind Engineering Society Quality Assurance Manual (AWES-QAM-1-2019), ASCE 7-16 (Chapter C31), and CTBUH (2013).

The wind speed measurements for the wind tunnel study were acquired as coefficients by Dantec hot-wire anemometers and converted to full-scale wind speeds using details of the regional wind climate obtained from an analysis of directional wind speed recordings from the local meteorological recording station(s).

## **B.1 Measurement of the Velocity Coefficients**

The study model and proximity model were setup within the wind tunnel which was configured to the appropriate boundary layer profile, and the wind velocity measurements were monitored using Dantec hot-wire probe anemometers at selected critical outdoor locations. The anemometers were positioned at each study location at a full-scale height of approximately 1.5m above ground/slab level. The support of the probe was mounted such that the probe wire was vertical as much as possible to ensure that the measured wind speeds are independent of wind direction along the horizontal plane. In addition, care was taken in the alignment of the probe wire and in avoiding wall-heating effects.

Wind speed measurements were made in the wind tunnel for 16 wind directions, at 22.5° increments. The output from the hot-wire probes was obtained using a National Instruments 12-bit data acquisition card. The data was acquired for each wind direction using a sample rate of 1024Hz. The sample length was determined to produce a full-scale sample time that is sufficient for this type of study.

The mean, gust and standard deviation velocity coefficients were measured in the wind tunnel. The gust velocity coefficients were also derived for each wind direction from by the following relation:

$$\hat{C}_V = \bar{C}_V + g \cdot \sigma_{C_V} \quad \text{B.1}$$

Where:

$\hat{C}_V$  is the gust coefficient.

$\bar{C}_V$  is the mean coefficient.

$g$  is the peak factor, taken as 3.0 for a 3s gust and 3.4 for a 0.5s gust.

$\sigma_{C_V}$  is the standard deviation of coefficient measurement.

## B.2 Calculation of the Full-Scale Results

The full-scale results determine if the wind conditions at a study location satisfy the designated criteria of that location. More specifically, the full-scale results need to determine the probability of exceedance of a given wind speed at a study location. To determine the probability of exceedance, the measured velocity coefficients were combined with a statistical model of the local wind climate that relates wind speed to a probability of exceedance. Details of the wind climate model are outlined in Section 4 of the main report.

The statistical model of the wind climate includes the impact of wind directionality as any local variations in wind speed or frequency with wind direction. This is important as the wind directions that produce the highest wind speed events for a region may not coincide with the most wind exposed direction at the site.

The methodology adopted for the derivation of the full-scale results for the maximum gust and the GEM wind speeds are outlined in the following sub-sections.

### B.2.1 Maximum Gust Wind Speeds

The full-scale maximum gust wind speed at each study point location is derived from the measured coefficient using the following relationship:

$$V_{study} = V_{ref,RH} \left( \frac{k_{200m,tr,T=1hr}}{k_{RH,tr,T=1hr}} \right) C_V \quad B.2$$

Where:

$V_{study}$  is the full-scale wind speed at the study point location, in m/s.

$V_{ref,RH}$  is the full-scale reference wind speed, measured 3m upstream at the study reference height. This value is determined by combining the directional wind speed data for the region (detailed in Section 4) and the upwind terrain and height multipliers for the site (detailed in Section 3).

$k_{200m,tr,T=1hr}$  is the standard deviation of the wind speed.

$k_{RH,tr,T=1hr}$  is the hourly mean terrain and height multiplier at the study reference height (see Section 3).

$C_V$  is the velocity coefficient measurement obtained from the hot-wire anemometer, which is derived from the following relationship:

$$C_V = \frac{C_{V,study}}{C_{V,200m}} \quad B.3$$

Where:

$C_{V,study}$  is the coefficient measurement obtained from the hot-wire anemometer at the study point location.

$C_{V,200m}$  is the coefficient measurement obtained from the hot-wire anemometer at the free-stream reference location at 200m height upwind of the model in the wind tunnel.

The value of  $V_{ref,RH}$  varies with each prevailing wind direction. Wind directions where there is a high probability that a strong wind will occur have a higher directional wind speed than other directions. To determine the directional wind speeds, a probability level must be assigned for each wind direction. These probability levels are set following the approach used in AS/NZS1170.2:2011, which assumes that the major contributions to the combined probability of exceedance of a typical load effect comes from only two 45 degree sectors.

### B.2.2 Maximum Gust-Equivalent Mean Wind Speeds

The contribution to the probability of exceedance of a specified wind speed (i.e.: the desired wind speed for pedestrian comfort, as per the criteria) was calculated for each wind direction. These contributions are then combined over all wind directions to calculate the total probability of exceedance of the specified wind speed. To calculate the probability of exceedance for a specified wind speed a statistical wind climate model was used to describe the relationship between directional wind speeds and the probability of exceedance. A detailed description of the methodology is given by T.V. Lawson (1980).

The criteria used in this study is referenced to a probability of exceedance of 5% of a specified wind speed.

## B.3 References relating to Data Acquisition

American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE), ASCE-7-16, 2016, "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures".

Australasian Wind Engineering Society, QAM-1, 2019, "Quality Assurance Manual: Wind Engineering Studies of Buildings", edited by Rofail A.W., *et al.*

Council on Tall Buildings and Urban Habitat (CTBUH), 2013, "Wind tunnel testing of high-rise buildings", CTBUH Technical Guides.

Lawson, T.V., 1980, "Wind Effects on Buildings - Volume 1, Design Applications". Applied Science Publishers Ltd, Ripple Road, Barking, Essex, England.

Standards Australia and Standards New Zealand, AS/NZS 1170.2, 2011, "SAA Wind Loading Standard, Part 2: Wind Actions".

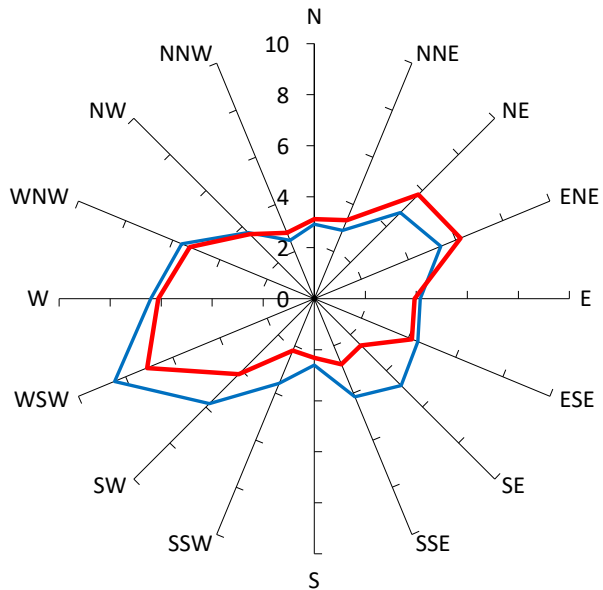
## APPENDIX C DIRECTIONAL PLOTS OF WIND TUNNEL RESULTS

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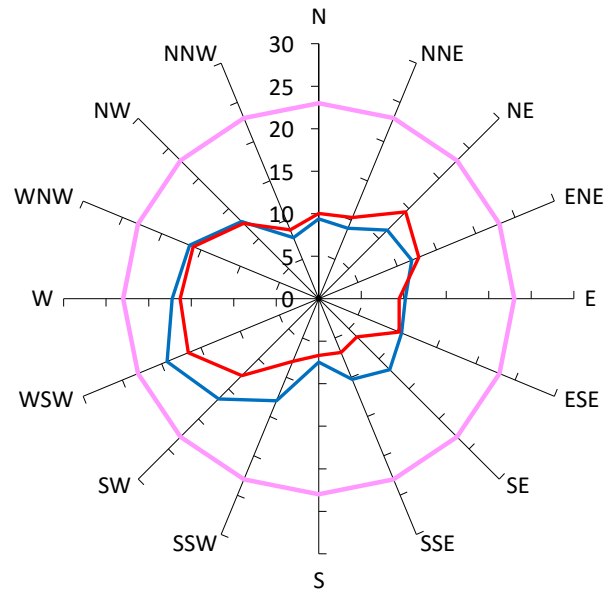
## Results for Point 01

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

3%

19

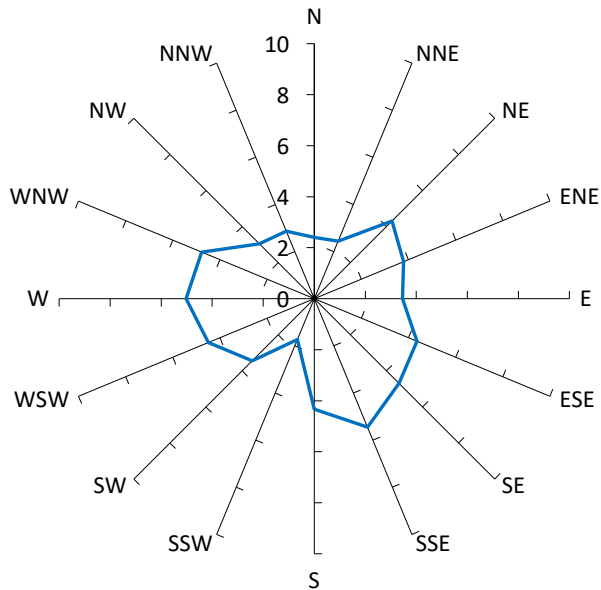
Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

2%

17

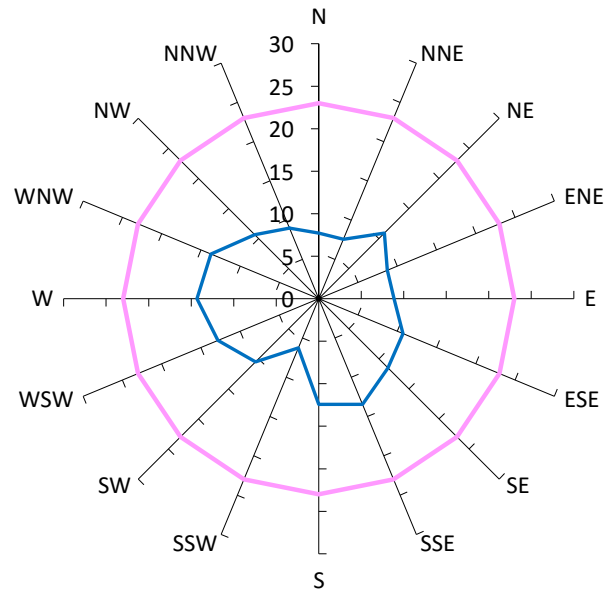
## Results for Point 02

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

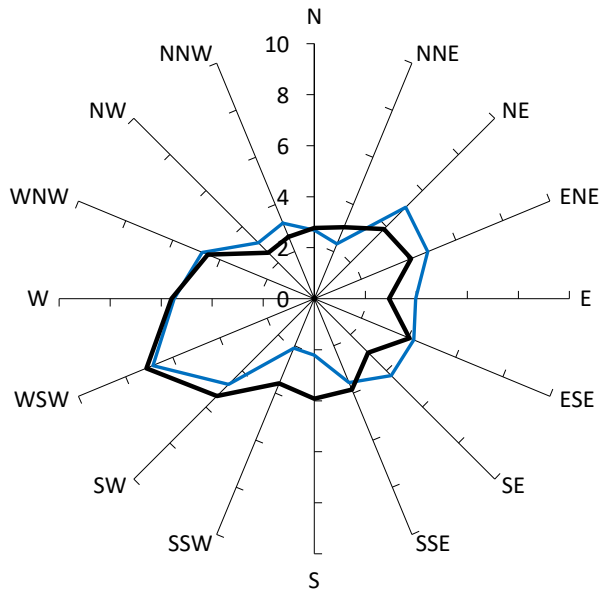
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

14

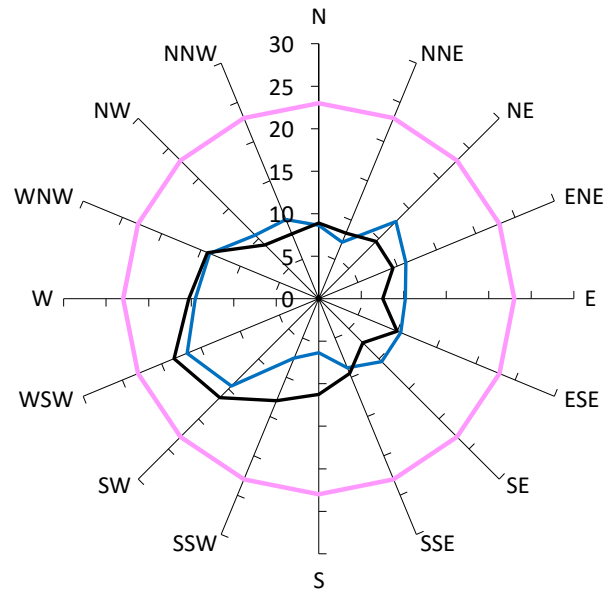
## Results for Point 03

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

17

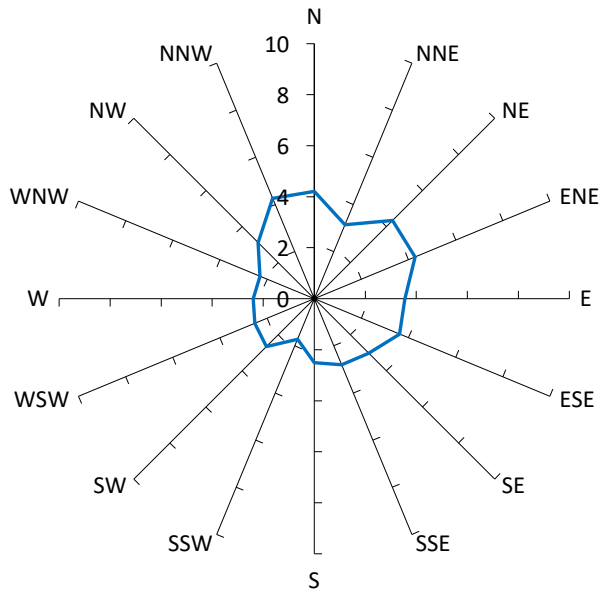
Existing scenario (P003)

2%

18

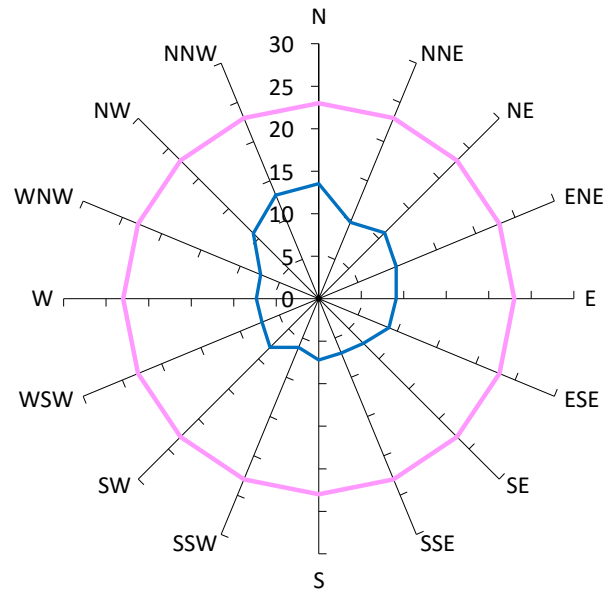
## Results for Point 04

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

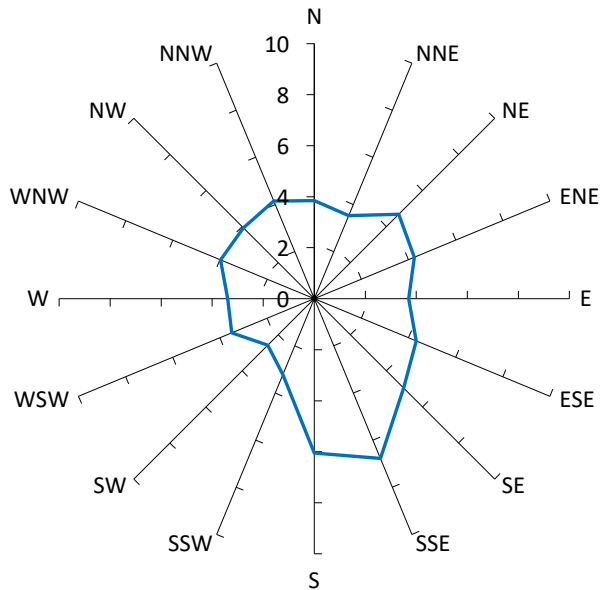
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

14

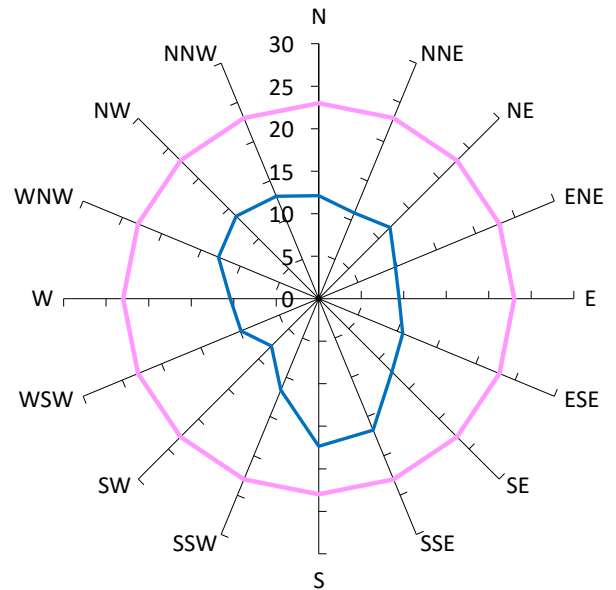
## Results for Point 05

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

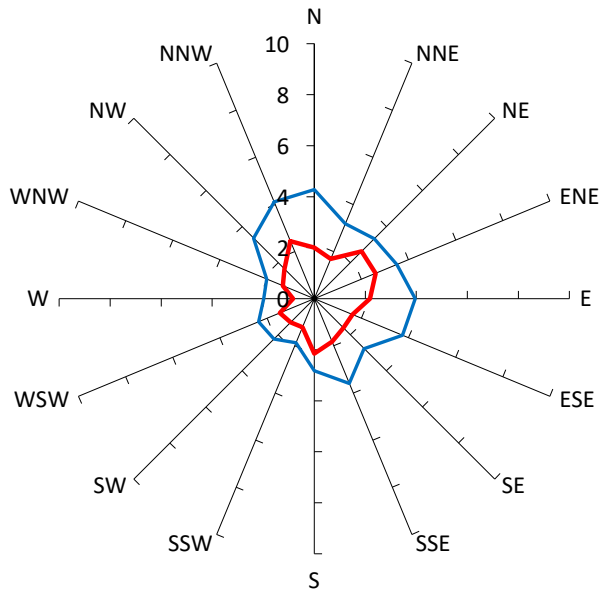
1%

17



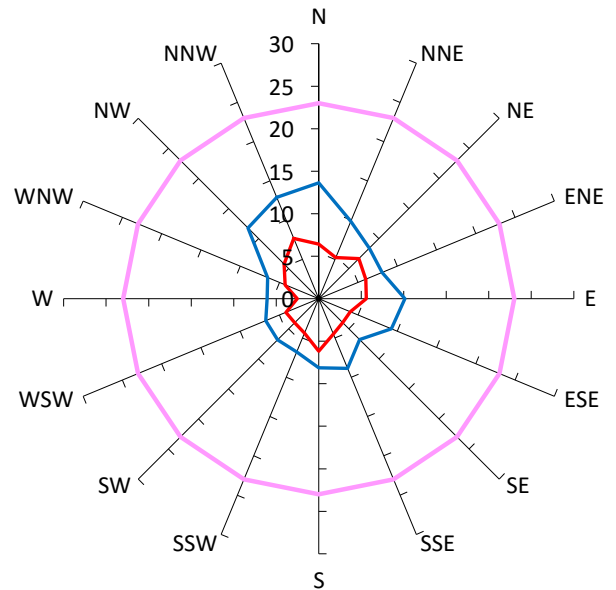
## Results for Point 06

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

14

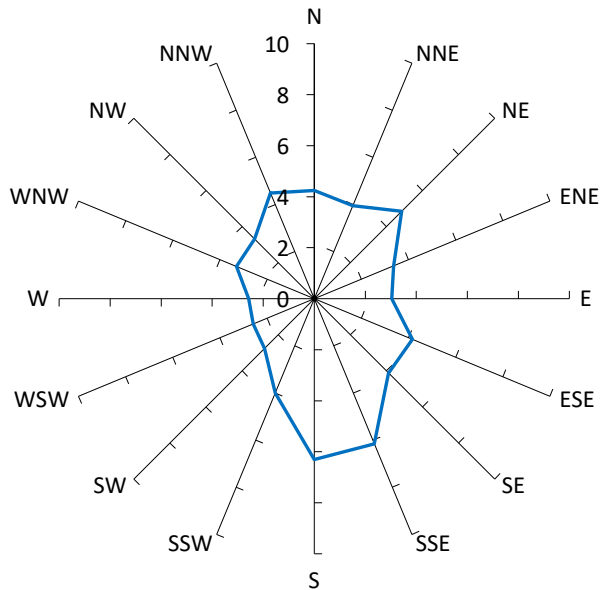
Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

0%

8

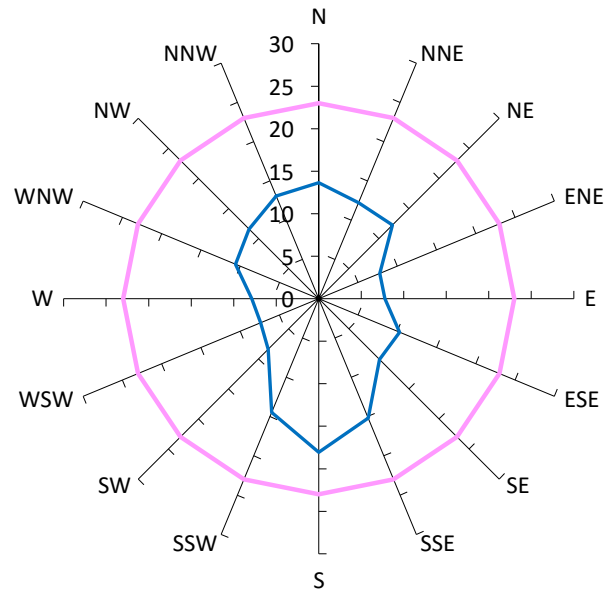
## Results for Point 07

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

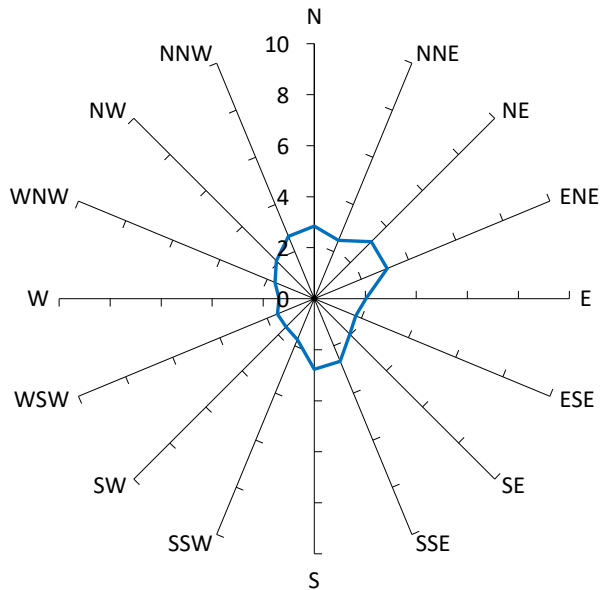
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

18

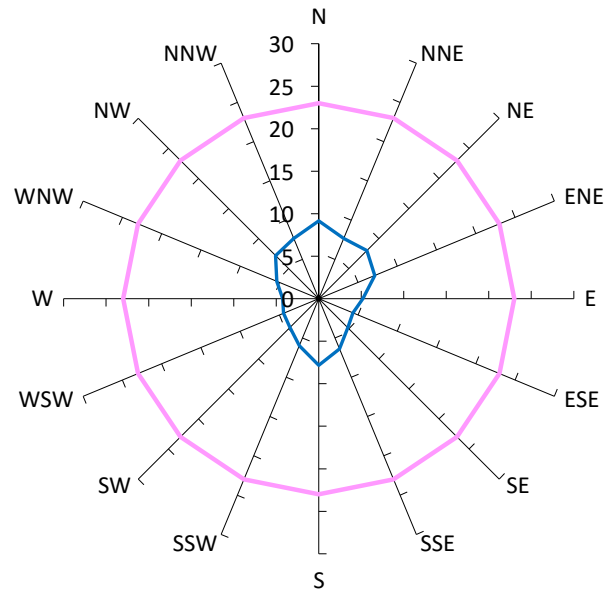
## Results for Point 08

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

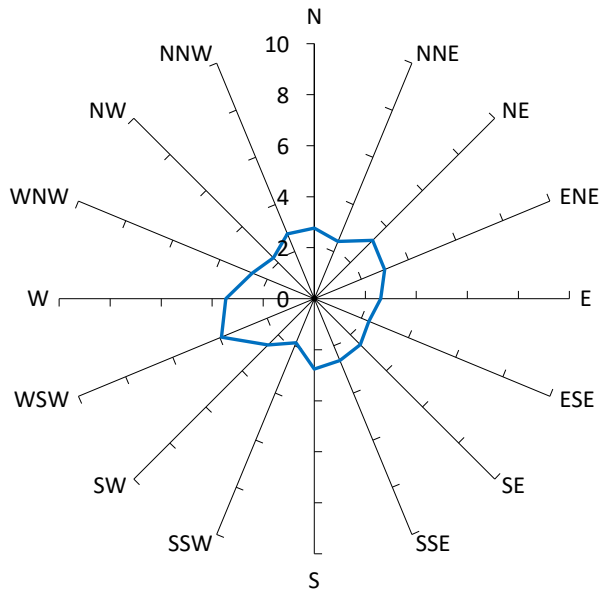
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

9

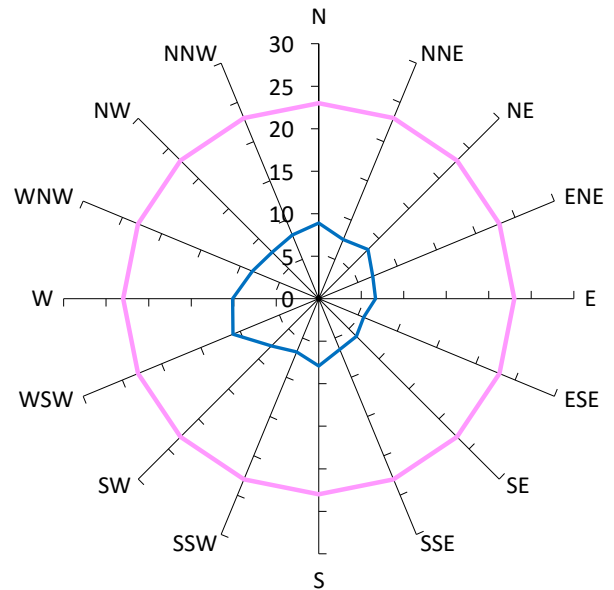
## Results for Point 09

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

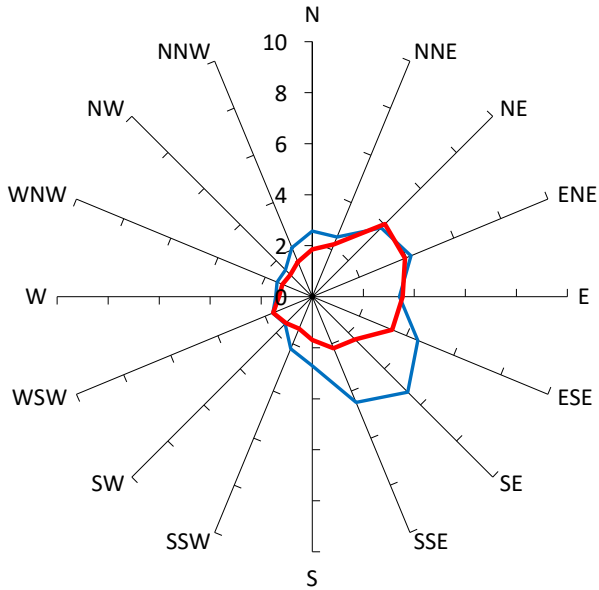
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

11

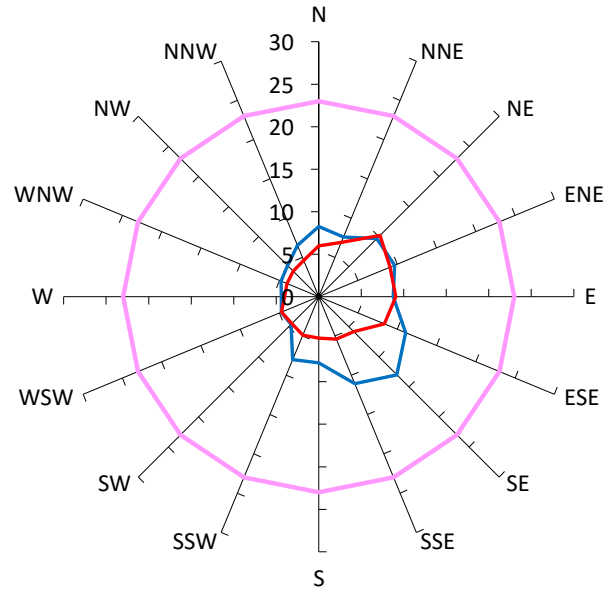
## Results for Point 10

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

13

Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

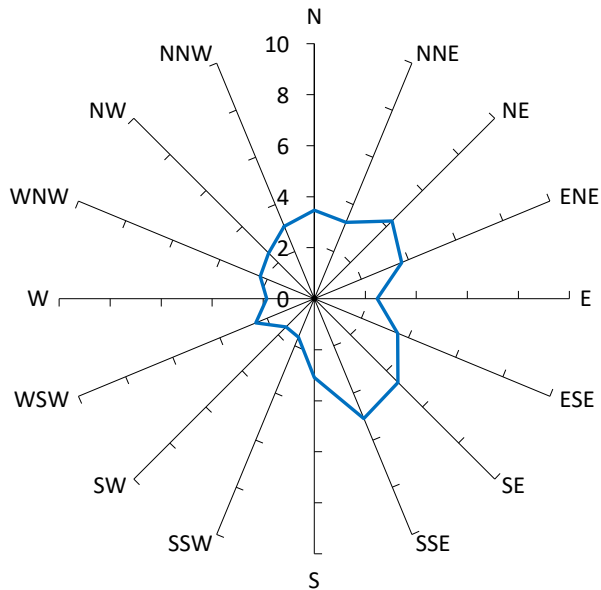
0%

10



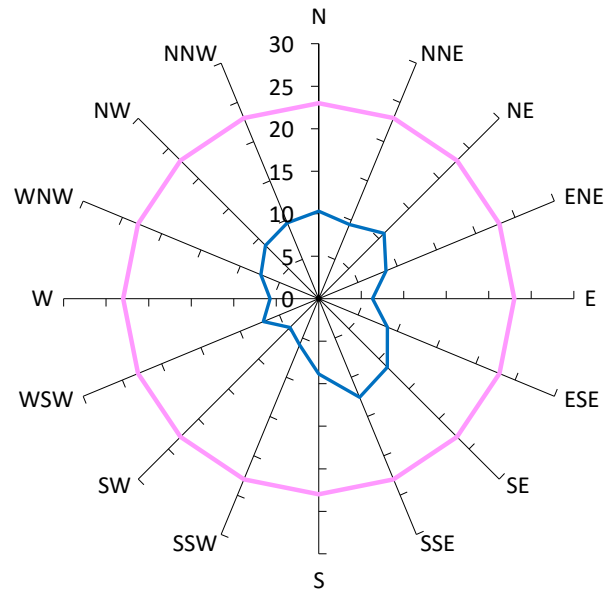
## Results for Point 11

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

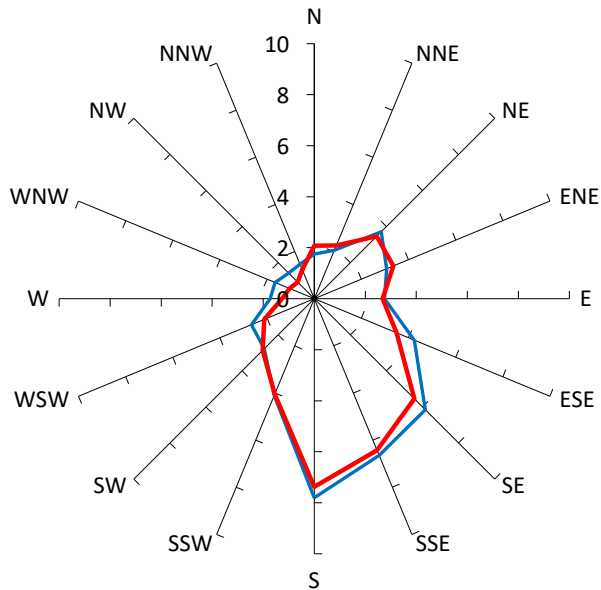
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

13

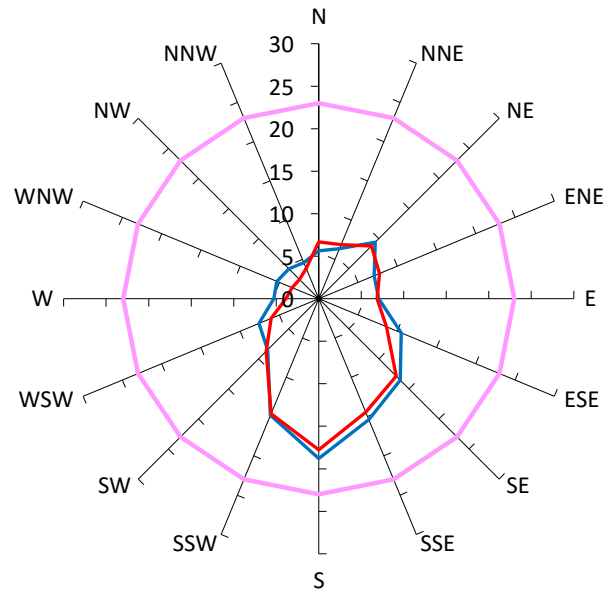
## Results for Point 12

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

2%

19

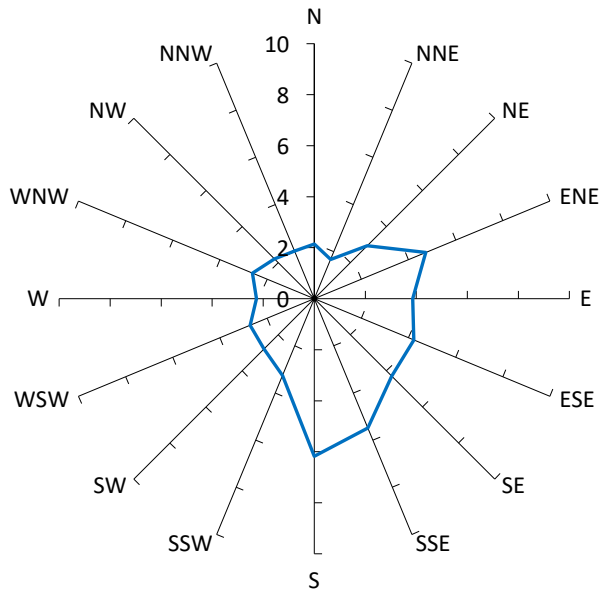
Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

1%

18

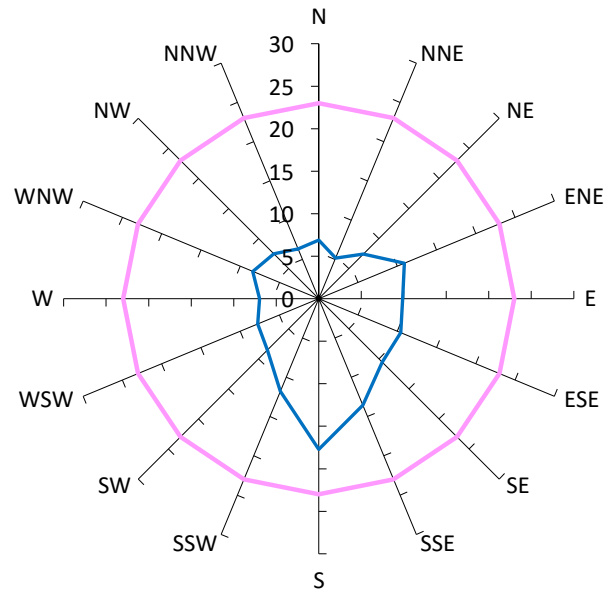
## Results for Point 13

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

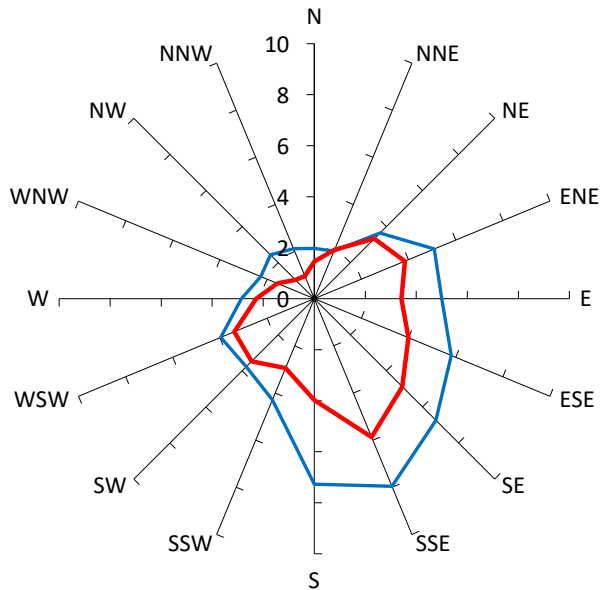
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

18

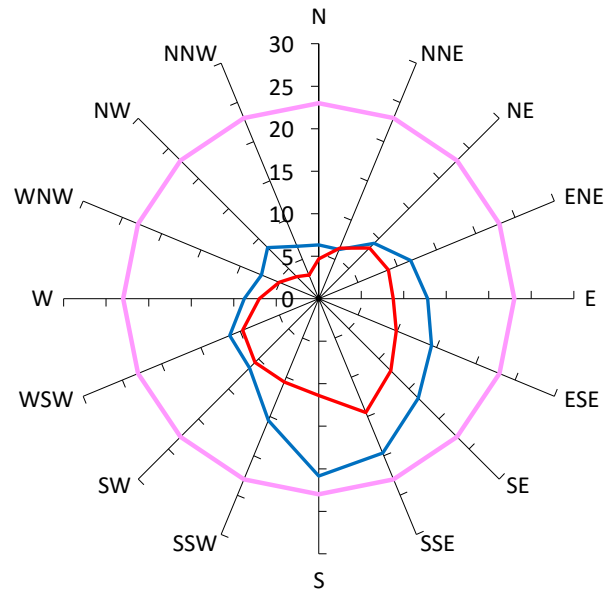
## Results for Point 14

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

3%

21

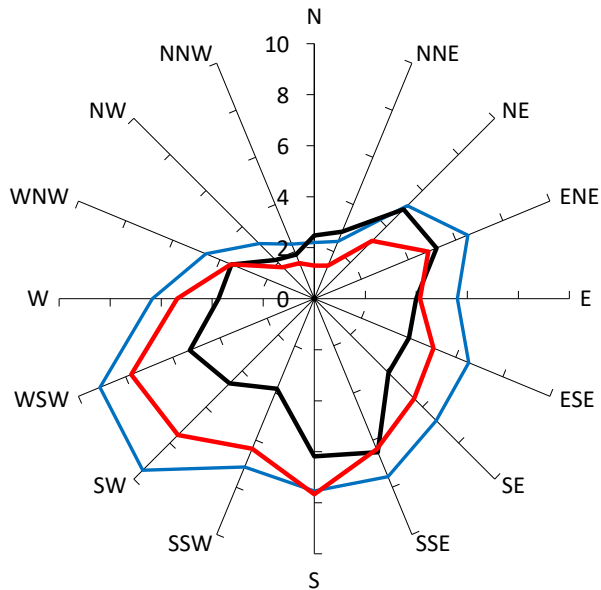
Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

0%

14

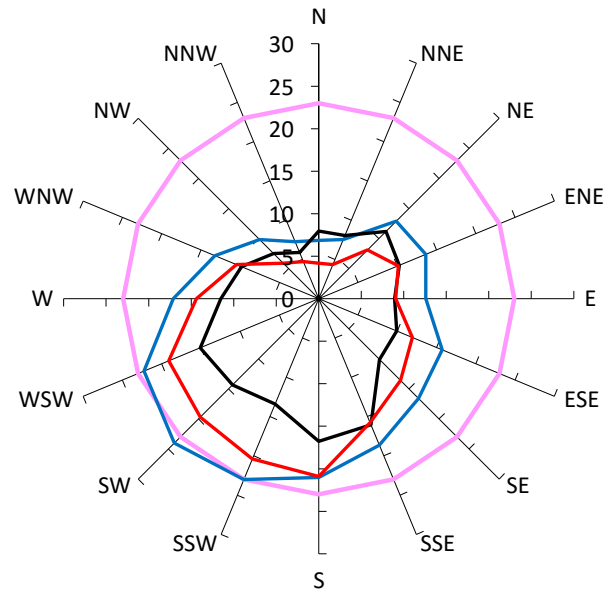
## Results for Point 15

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

10%

24

Existing scenario (P015)

1%

17

Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

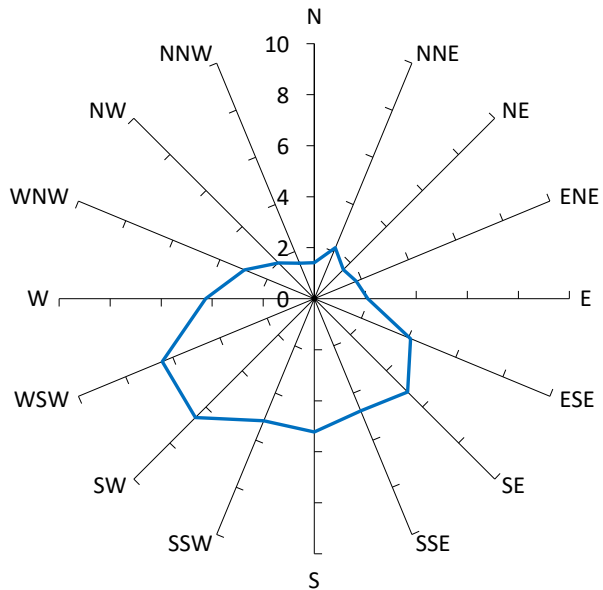
5%

21



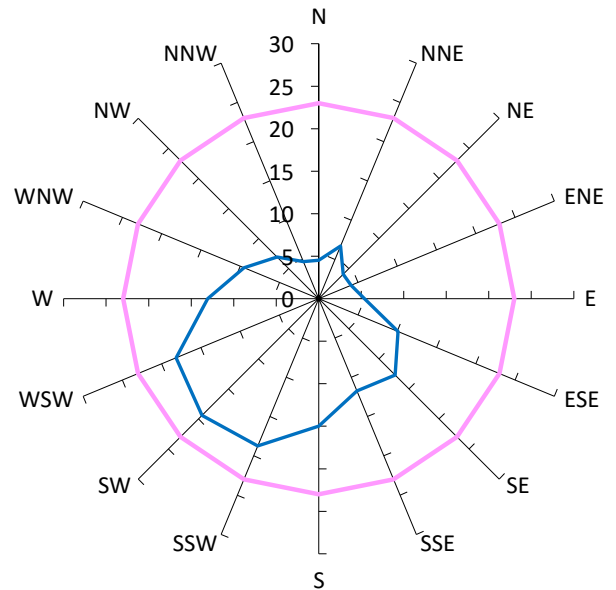
## Results for Point 16

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

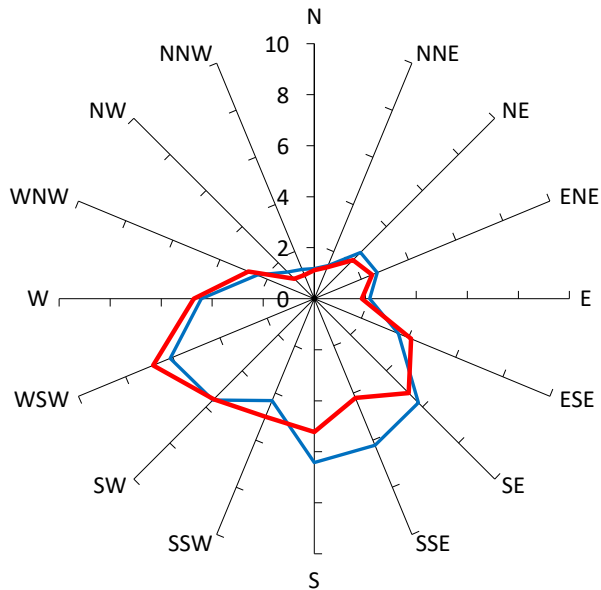
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

2%

19

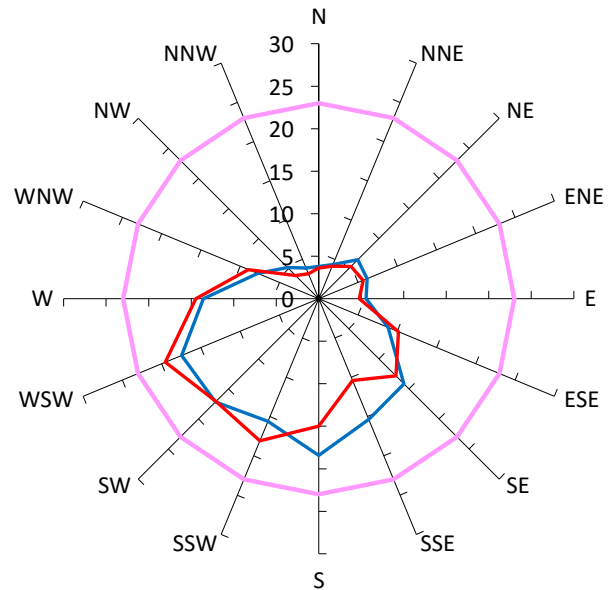
## Results for Point 17

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

2%

18

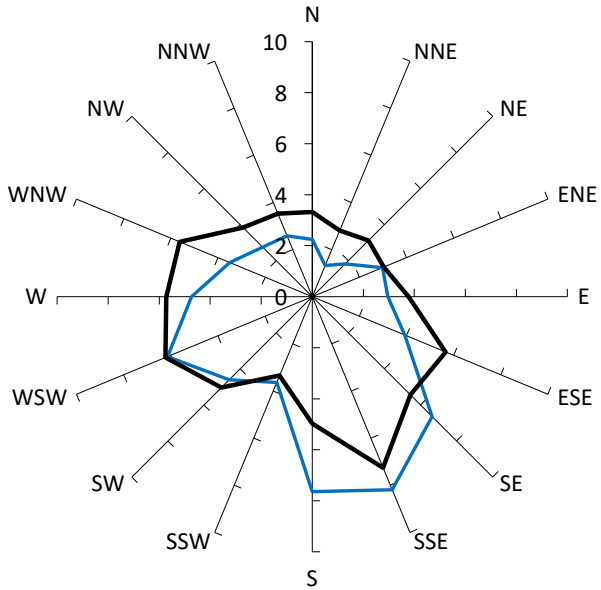
Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

2%

20

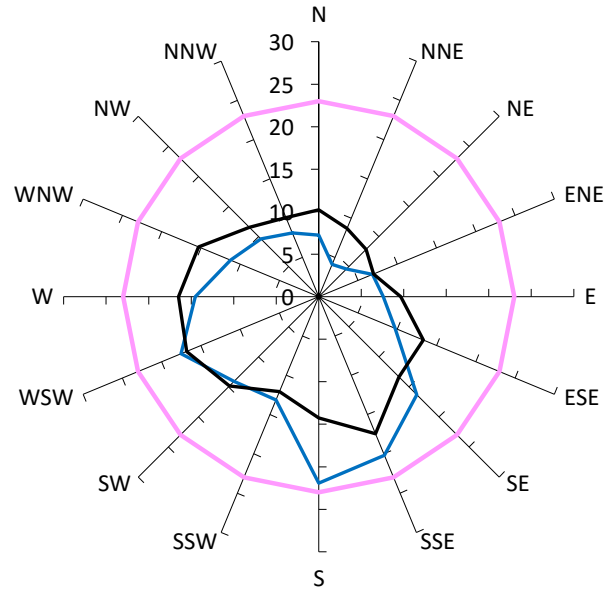
## Results for Point 18

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

4%

22

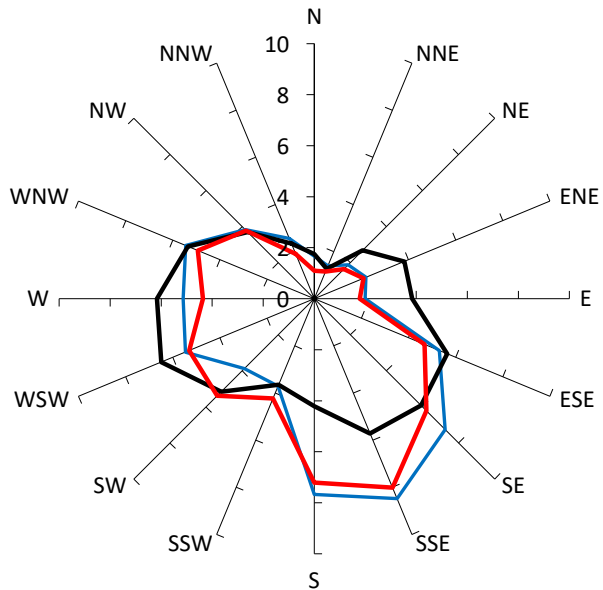
Existing scenario (P018)

3%

17

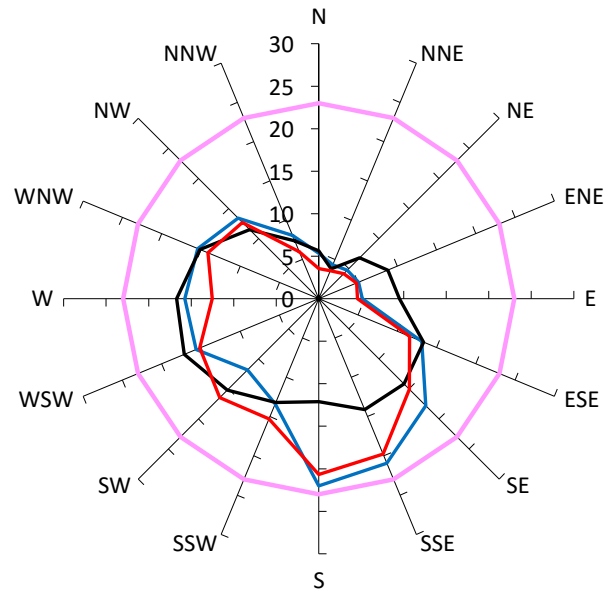
## Results for Point 19

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

5%

22

Existing scenario (P019)

2%

17

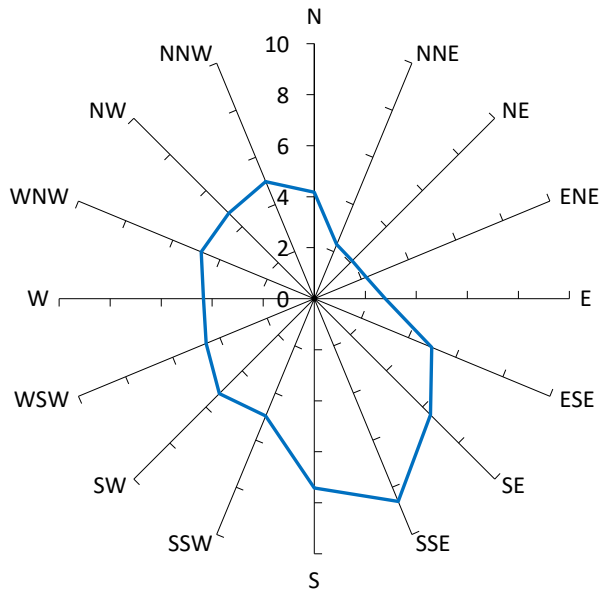
Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

4%

21

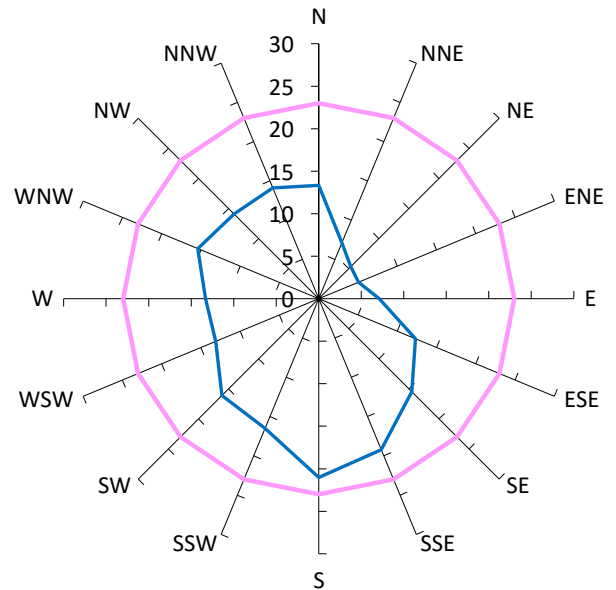
## Results for Point 20

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

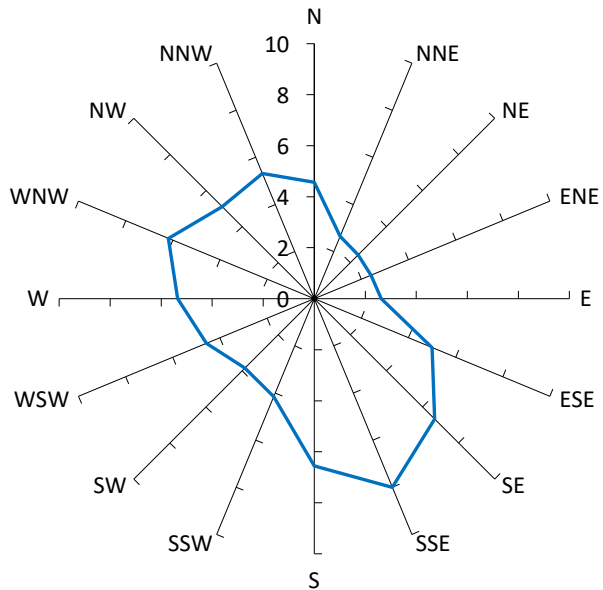
5%

21



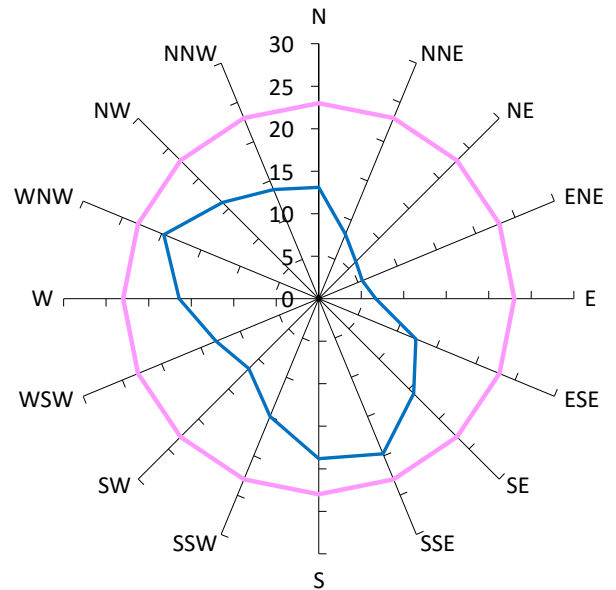
## Results for Point 21

**Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)**



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

**Maximum Gust (m/s)**



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

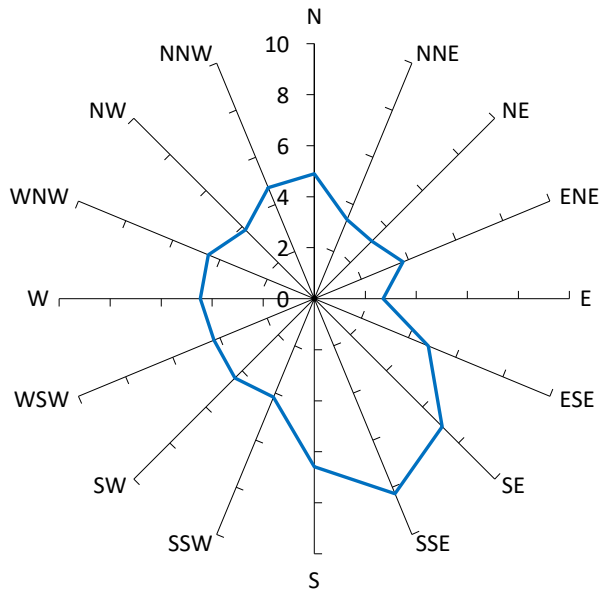
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

4%

20

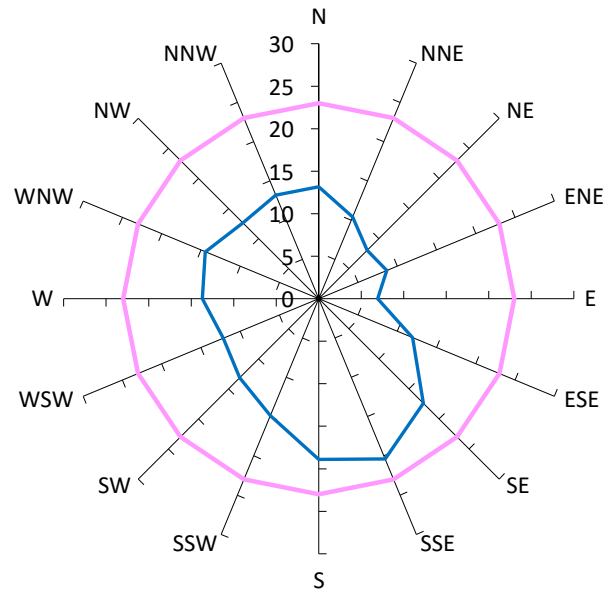
## Results for Point 22

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

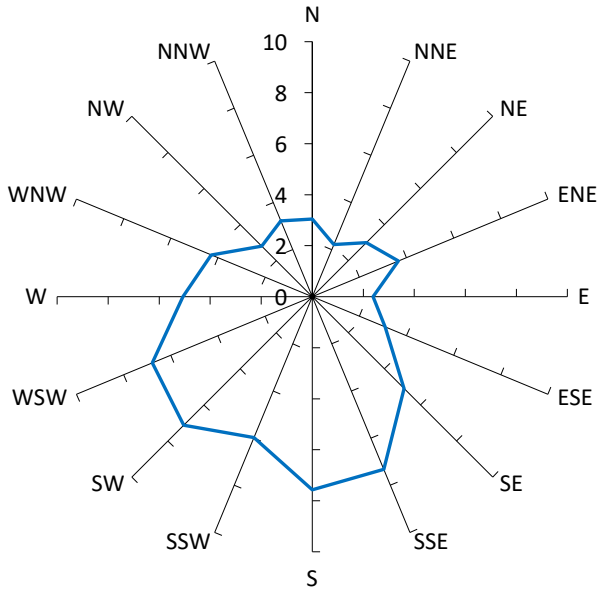
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

4%

20

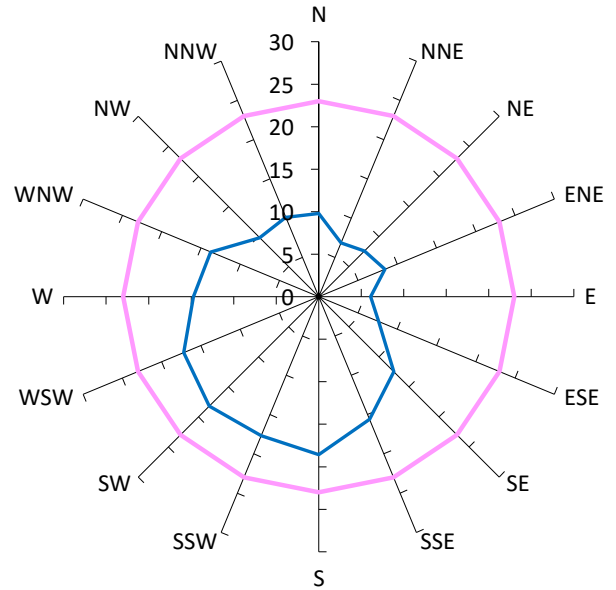
## Results for Point 23

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

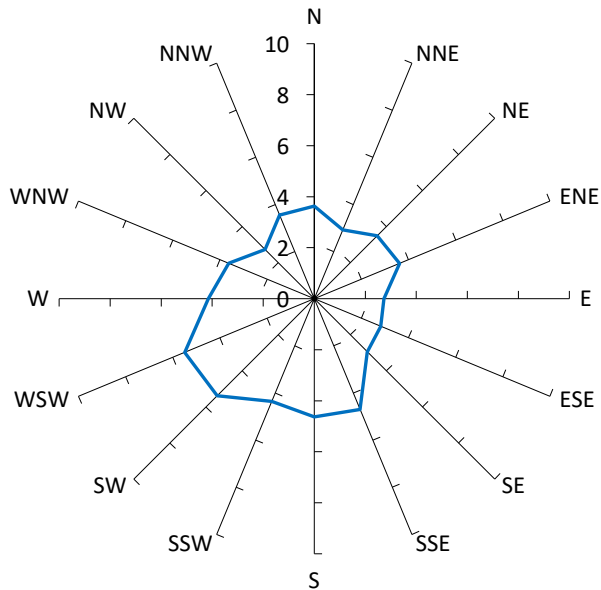
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

5%

19

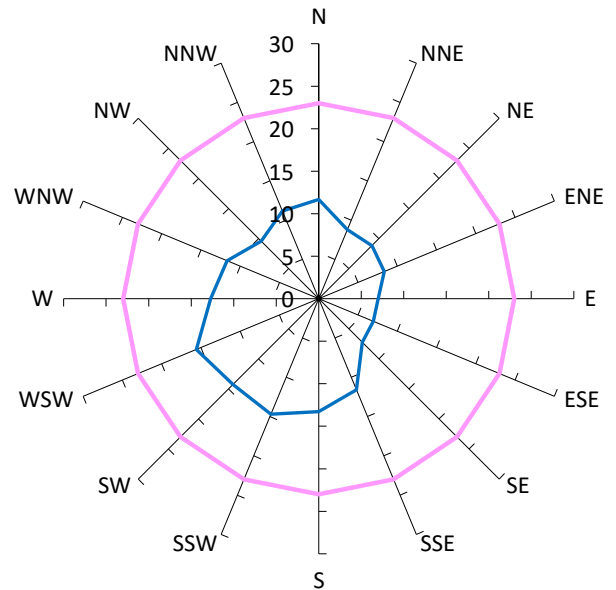
## Results for Point 24

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

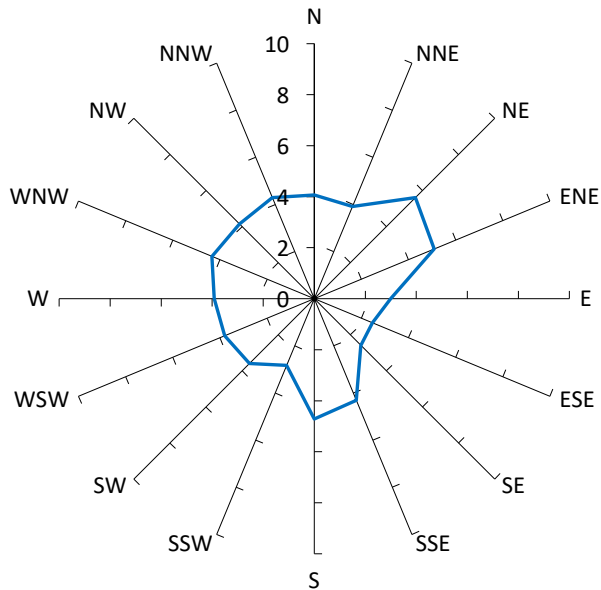
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

16

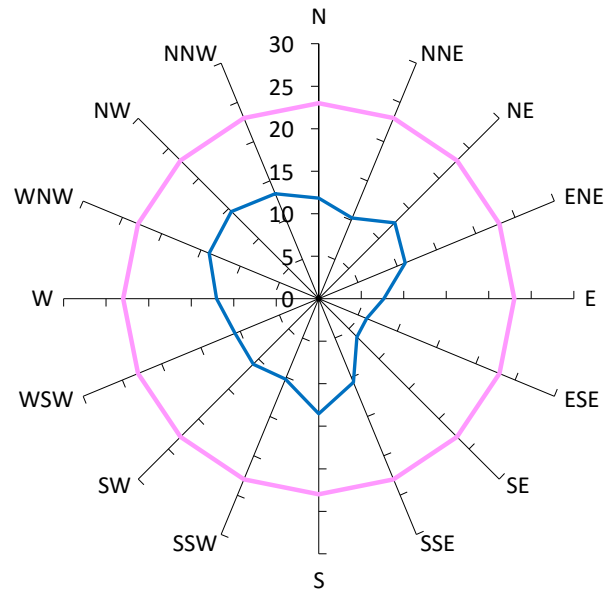
## Results for Point 25

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

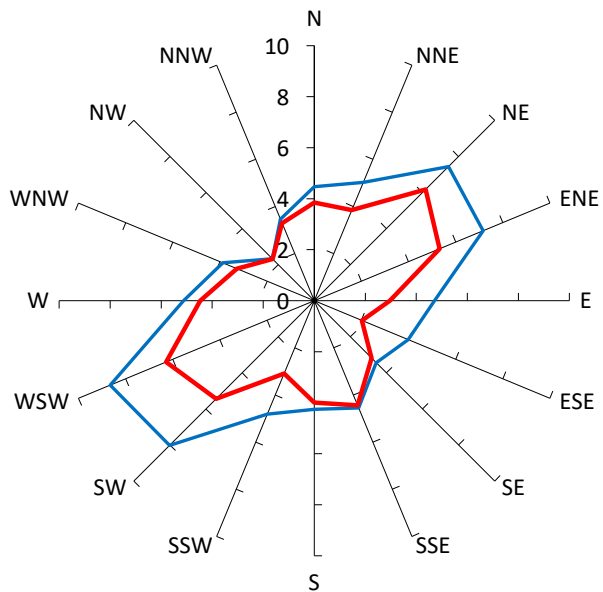
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

15

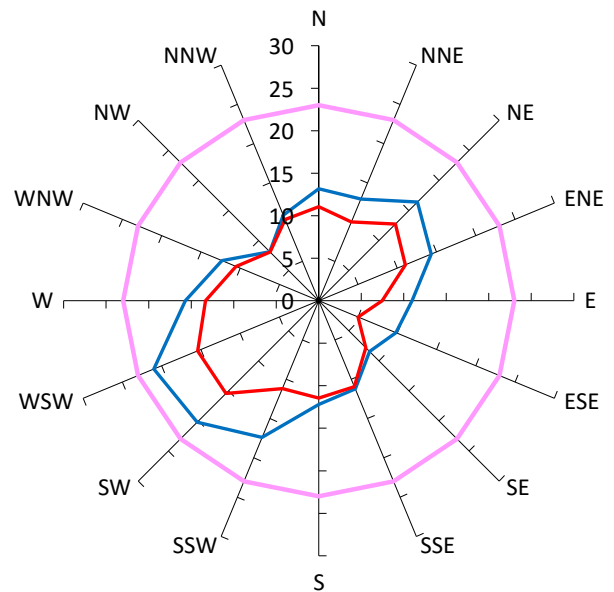
## Results for Point 26

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

6%

21

Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

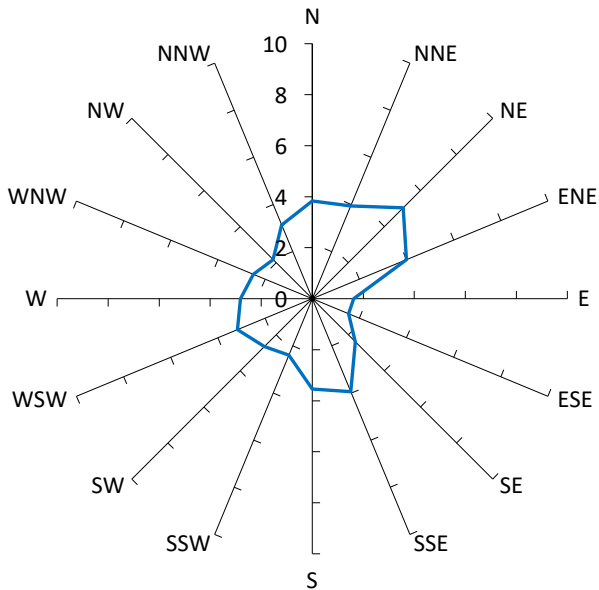
1%

15



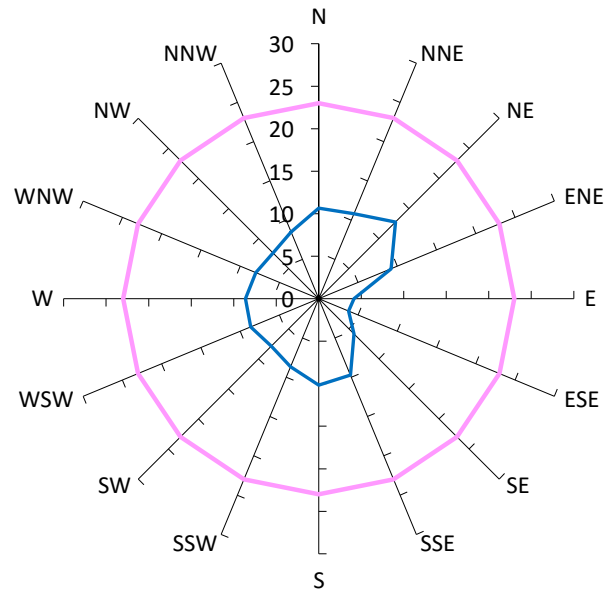
## Results for Point 27

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

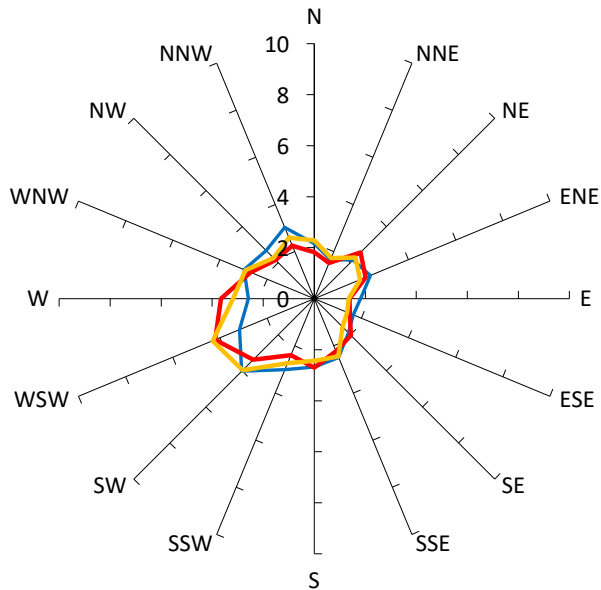
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

13

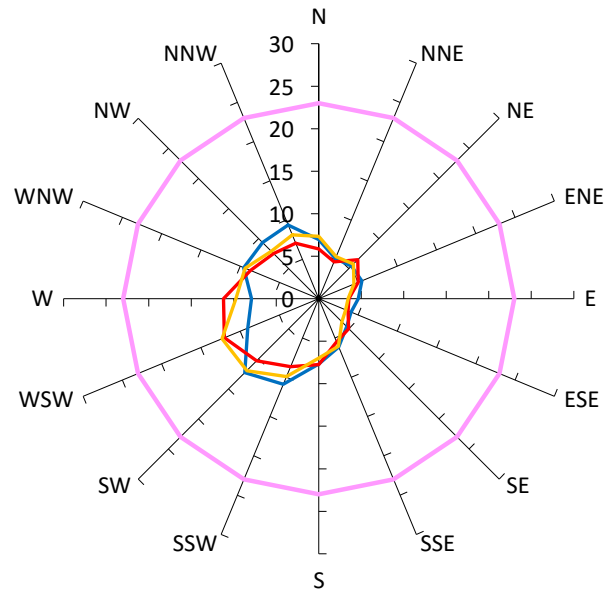
## Results for Point 28

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

12

Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

0%

12

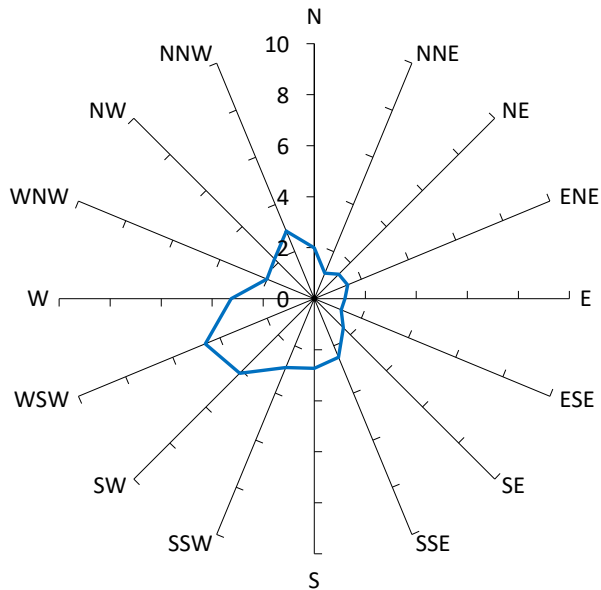
Proposed scenario, with existing and proposed vegetation

0%

12

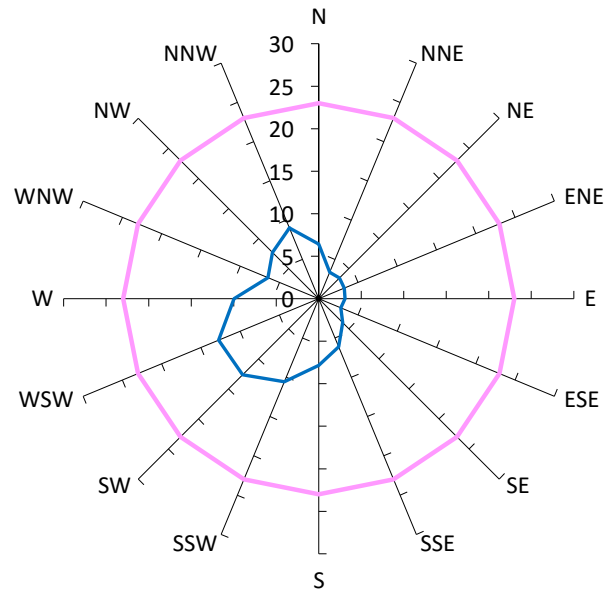
## Results for Point 29

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

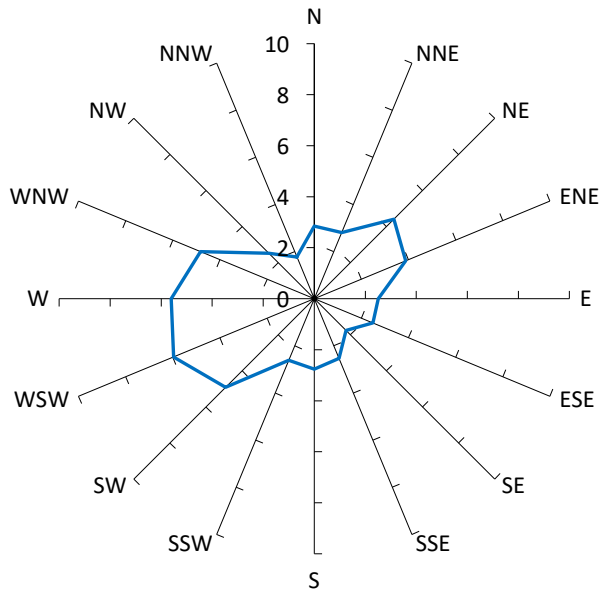
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

13

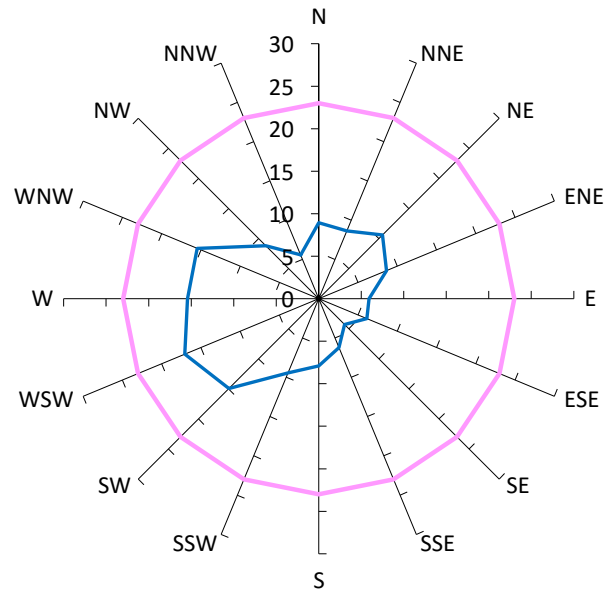
## Results for Point 30

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

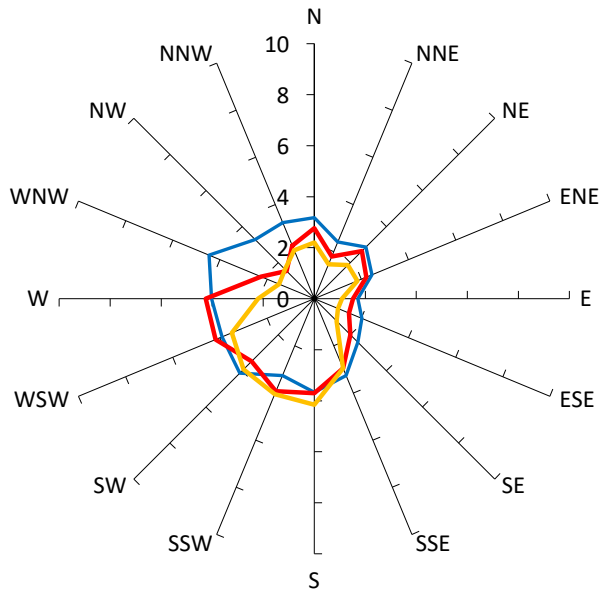
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

17

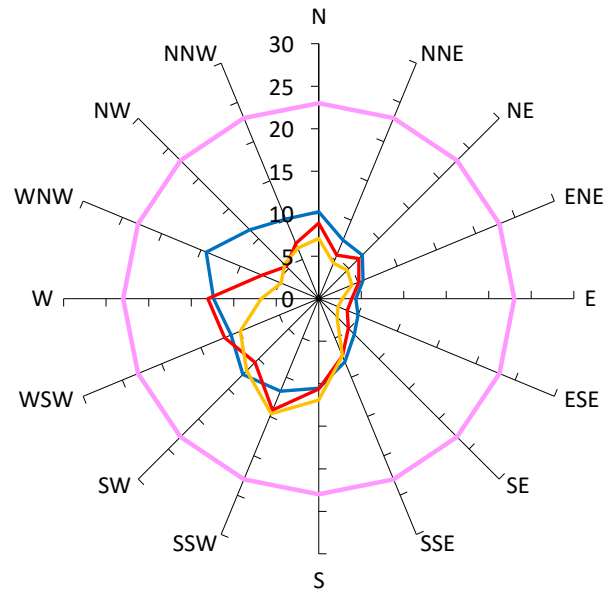
## Results for Point 31

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

14

Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

0%

14

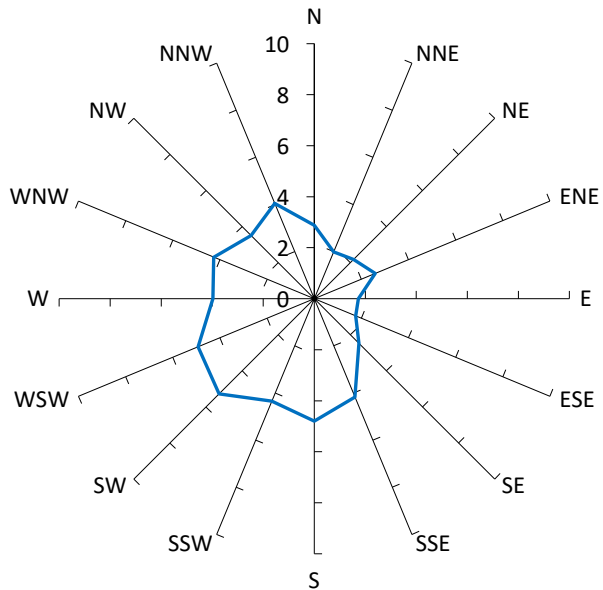
Proposed scenario, with existing and proposed vegetation

0%

15

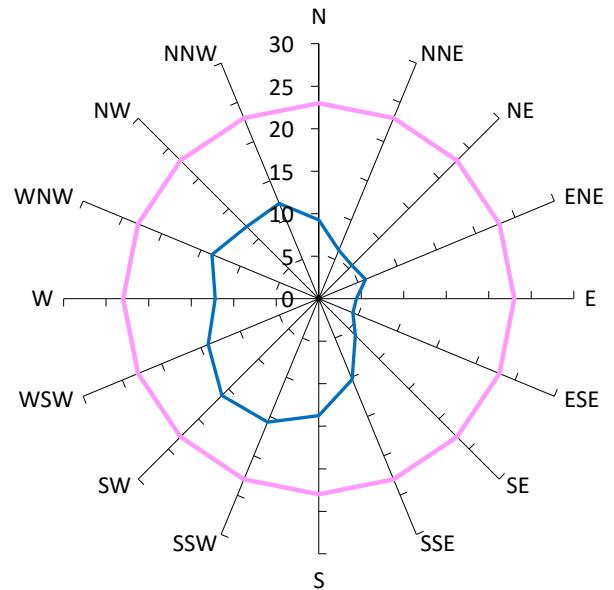
## Results for Point 32

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

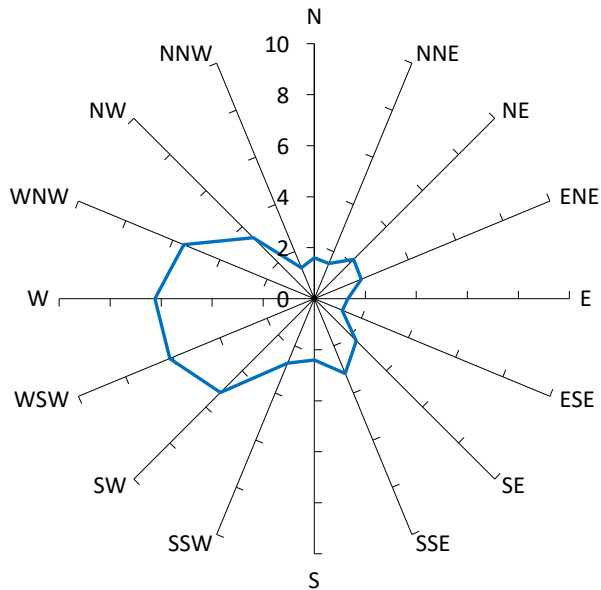
1%

16



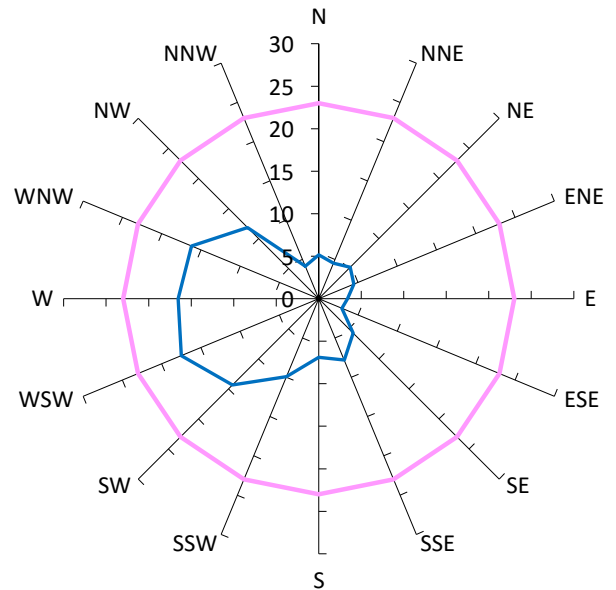
## Results for Point 33

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

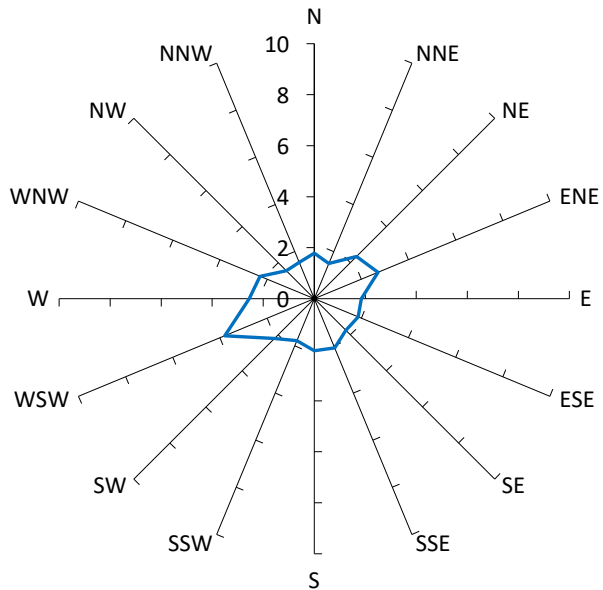
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

2%

17

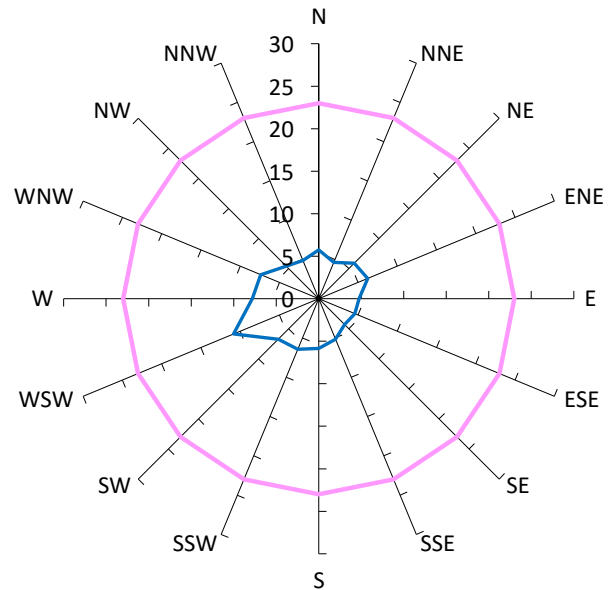
## Results for Point 34

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

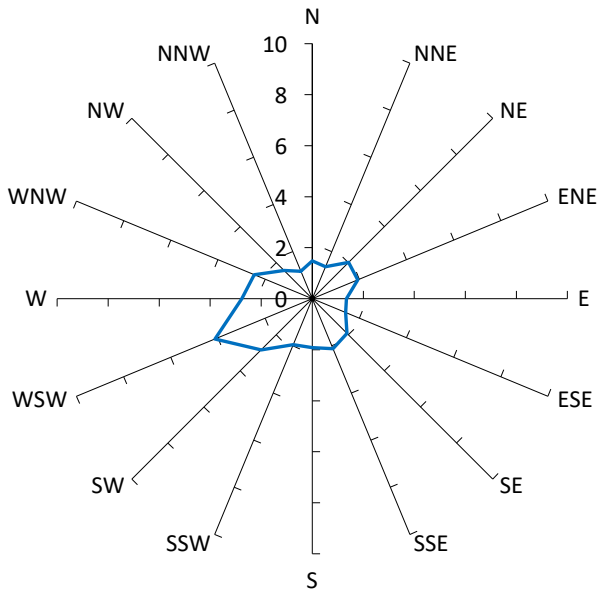
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

11

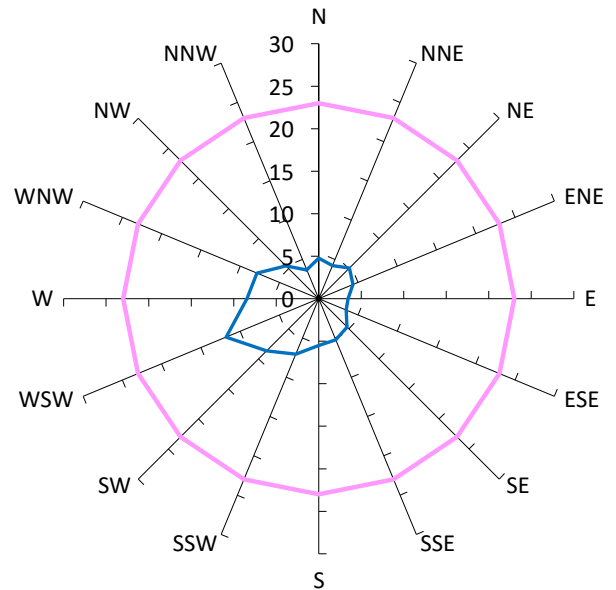
## Results for Point 35

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

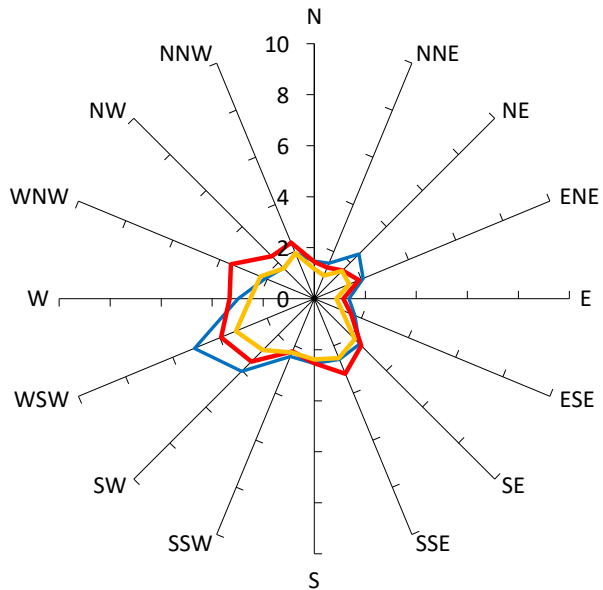
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

12

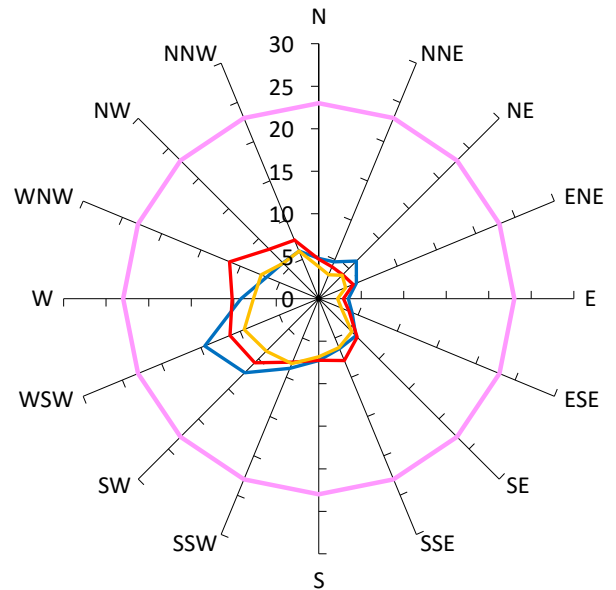
## Results for Point 36

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

15

Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

0%

11

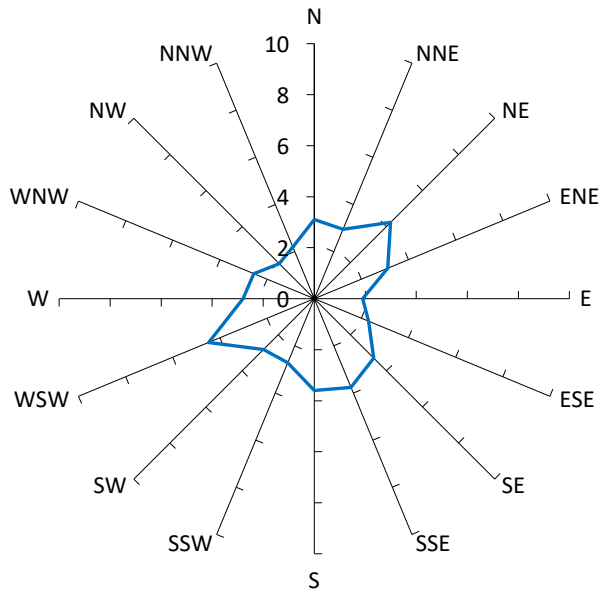
Proposed scenario, with existing and proposed vegetation

0%

9

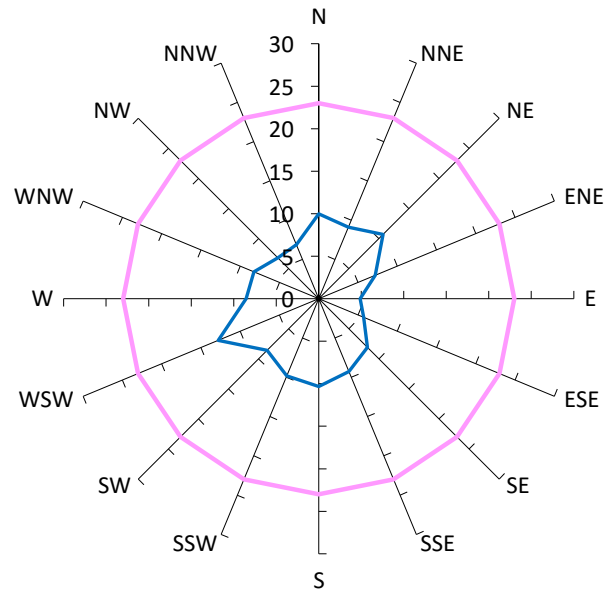
## Results for Point 37

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

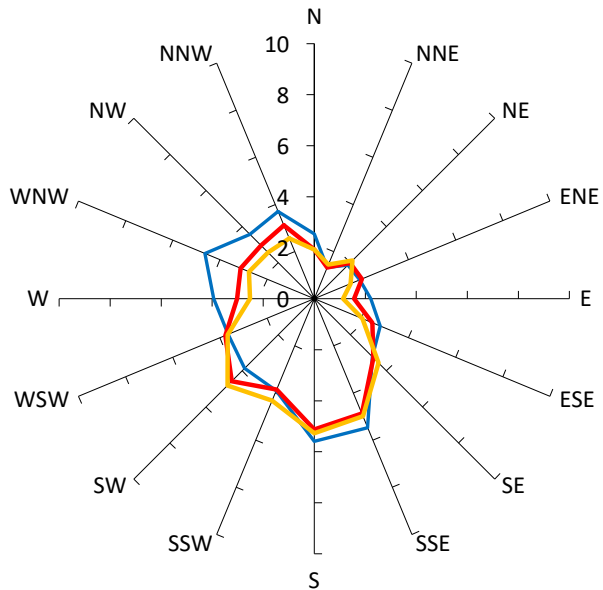
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

13

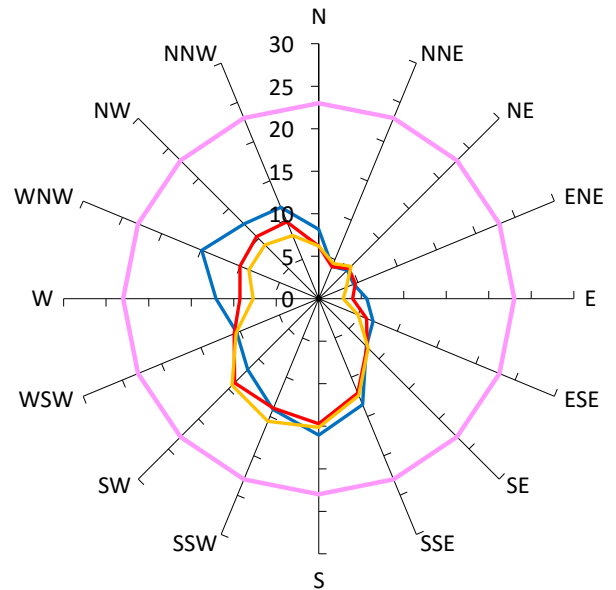
## Results for Point 38

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

16

Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

0%

15

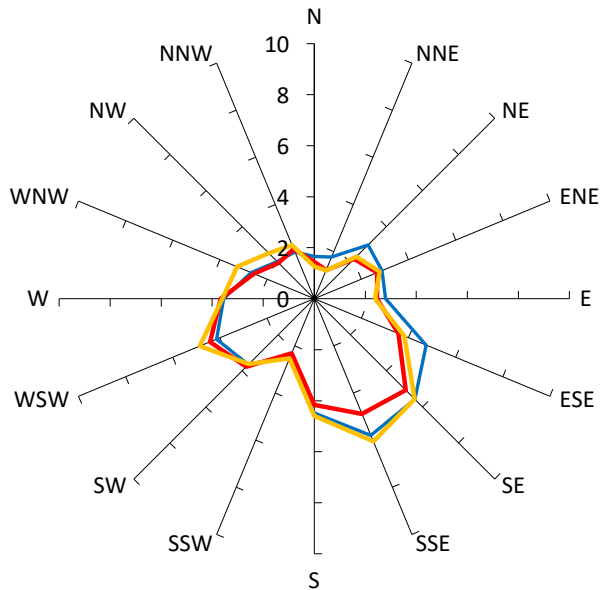
Proposed scenario, with existing and proposed vegetation

1%

16

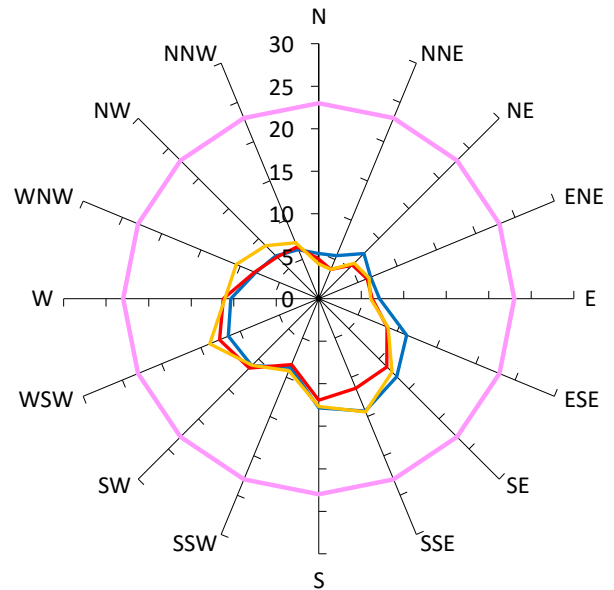
## Results for Point 39

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

14

Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

0%

13

Proposed scenario, with existing and proposed vegetation

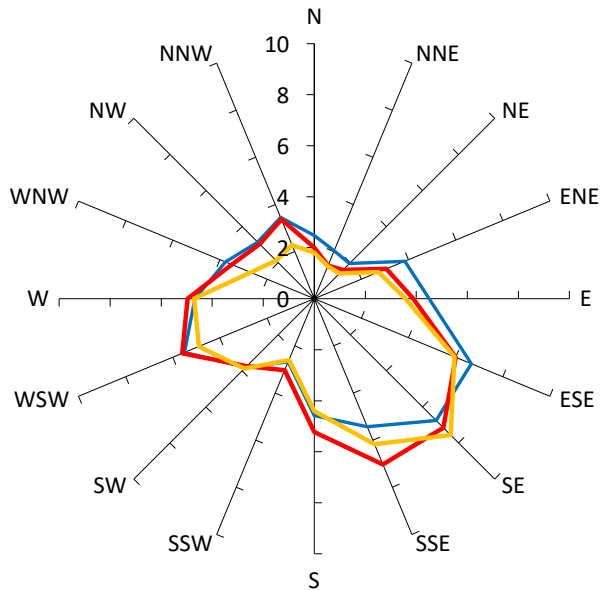
1%

14



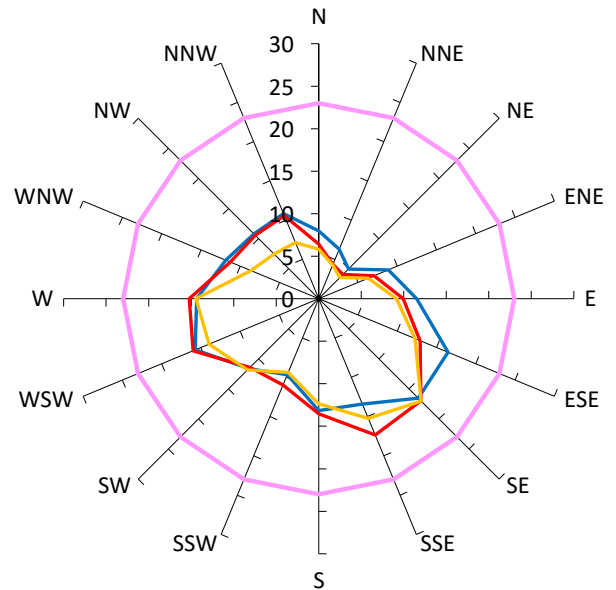
## Results for Point 40

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

17

Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

2%

17

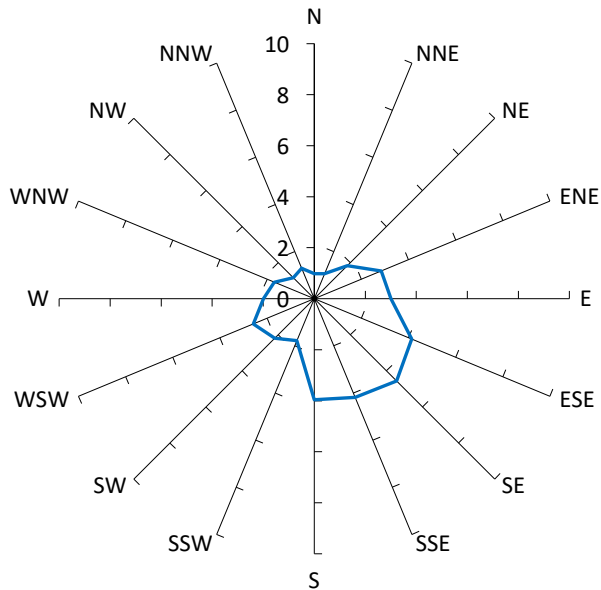
Proposed scenario, with existing and proposed vegetation

1%

17

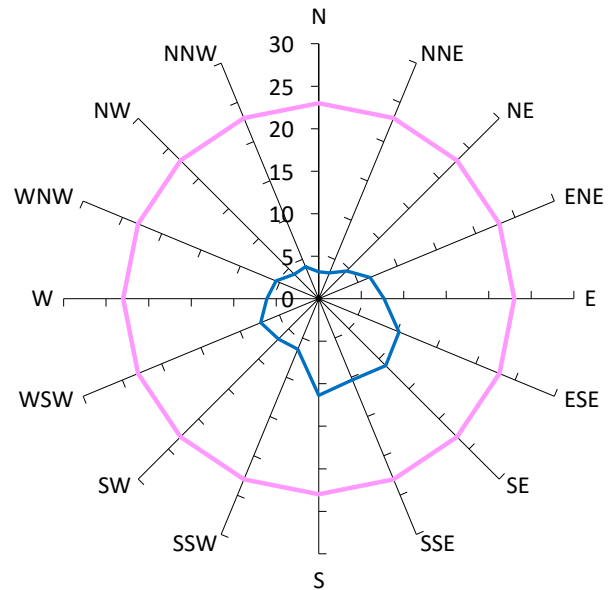
## Results for Point 41

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

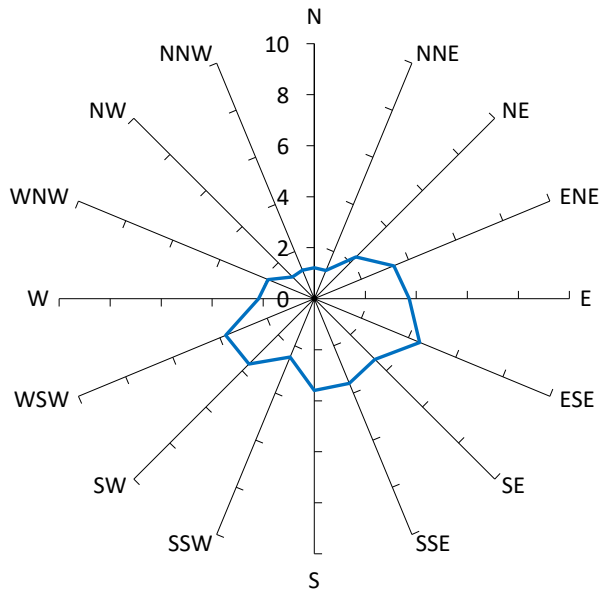
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

11

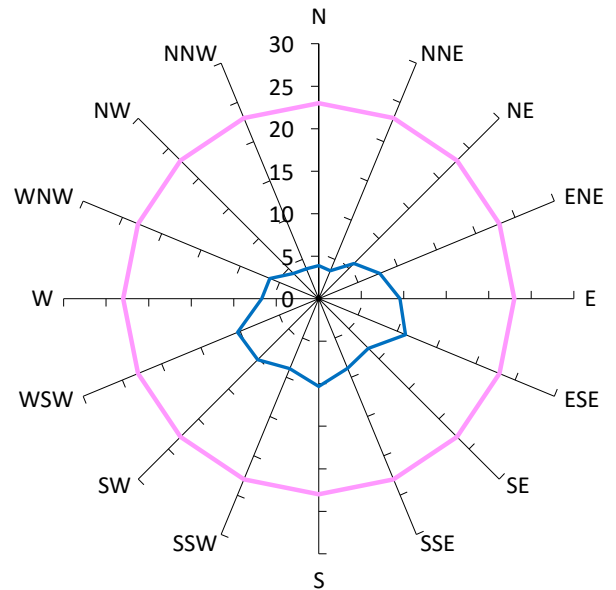
## Results for Point 42

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

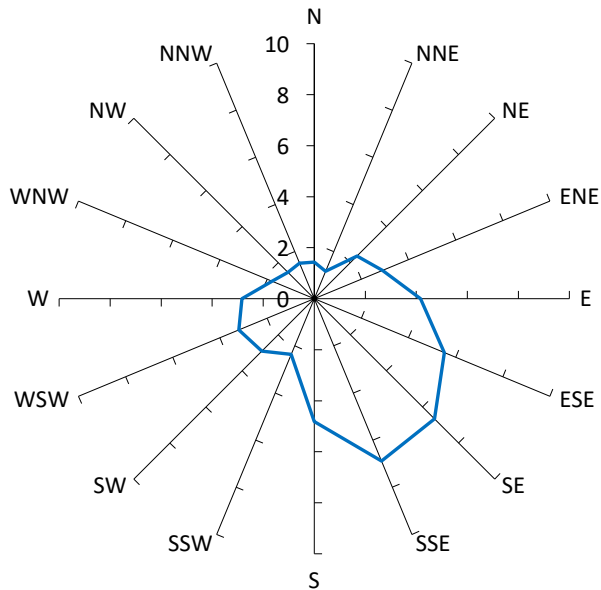
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

11

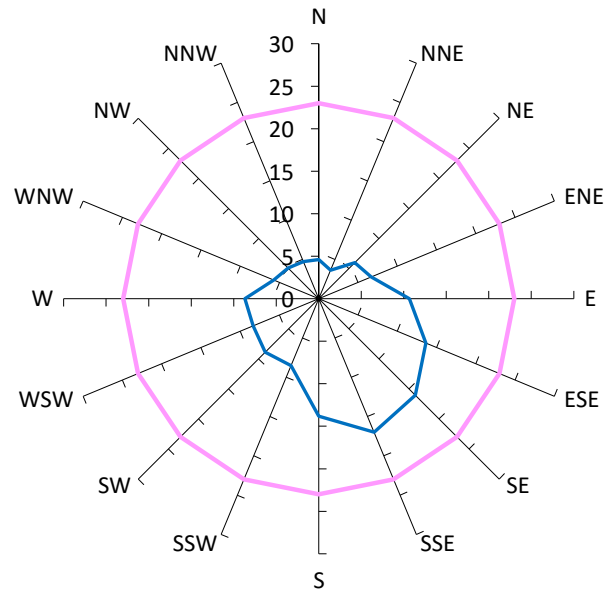
## Results for Point 43

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

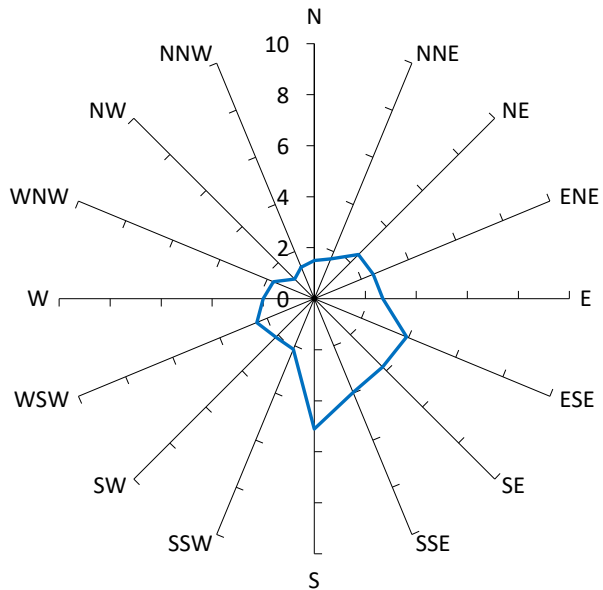
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

17

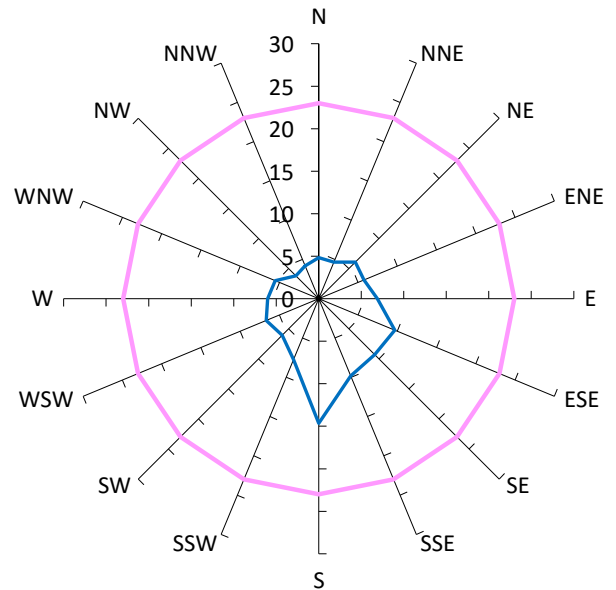
## Results for Point 44

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

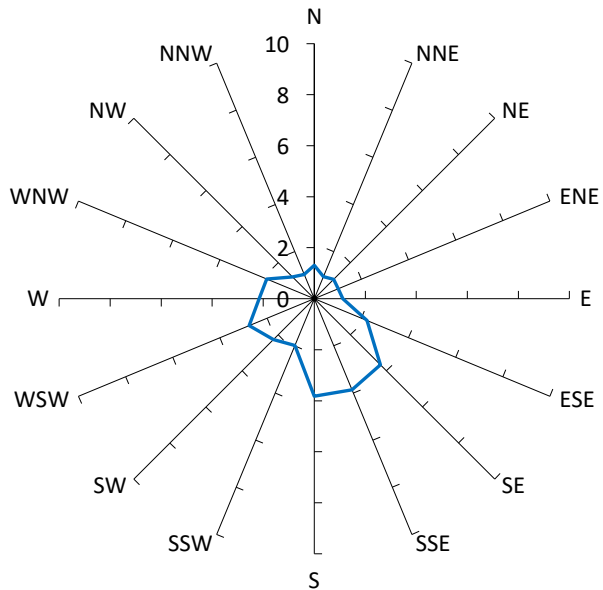
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

15

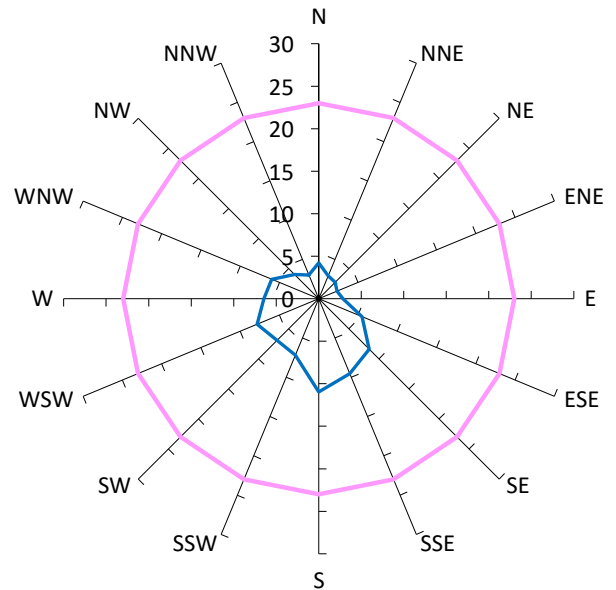
## Results for Point 45

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

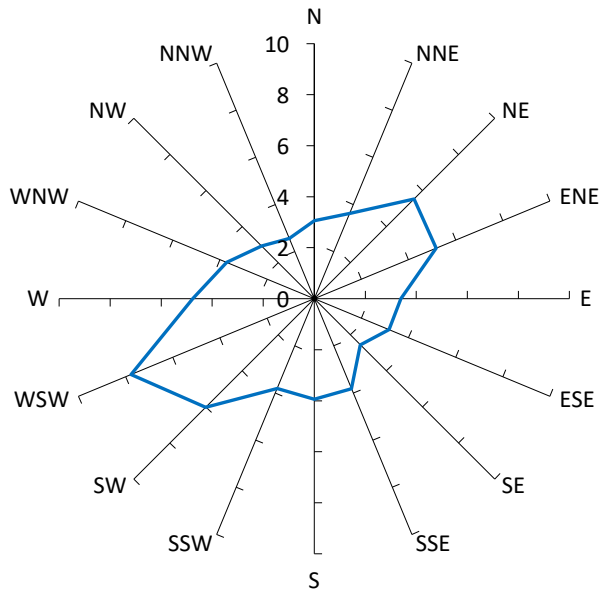
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

11

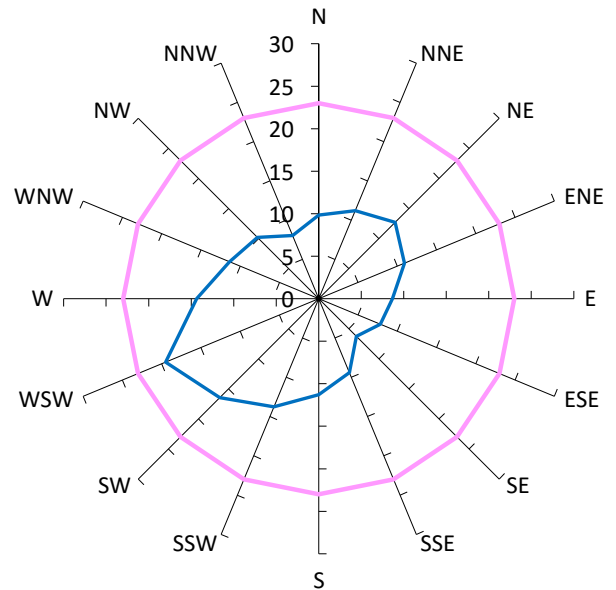
## Results for Point 46

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

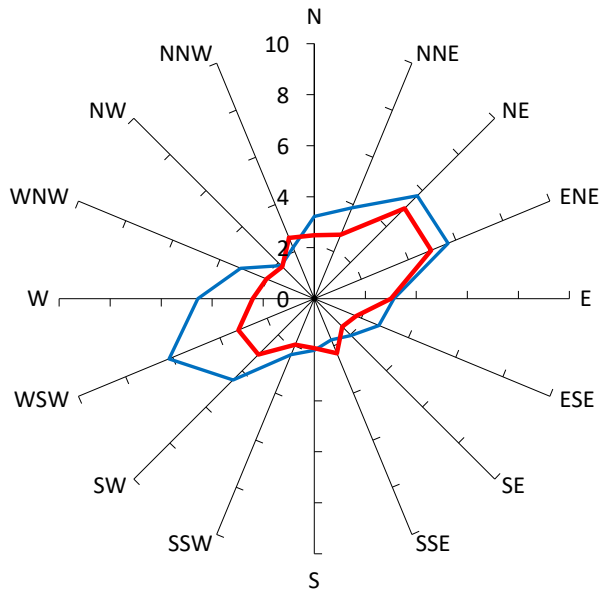
2%

19



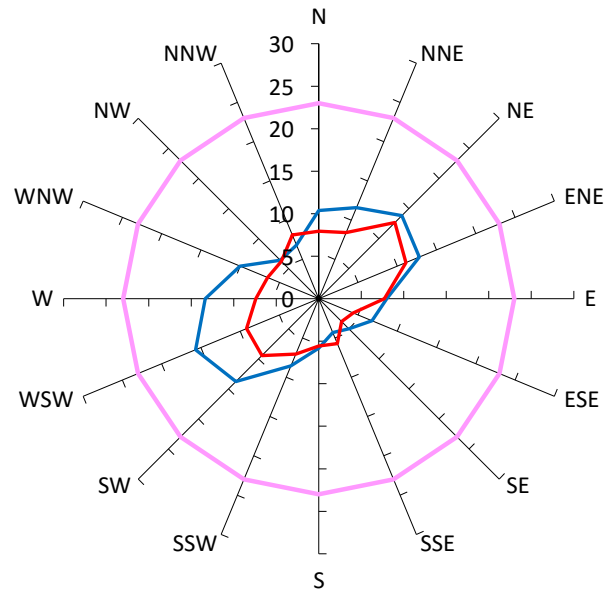
## Results for Point 47

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

6%

16

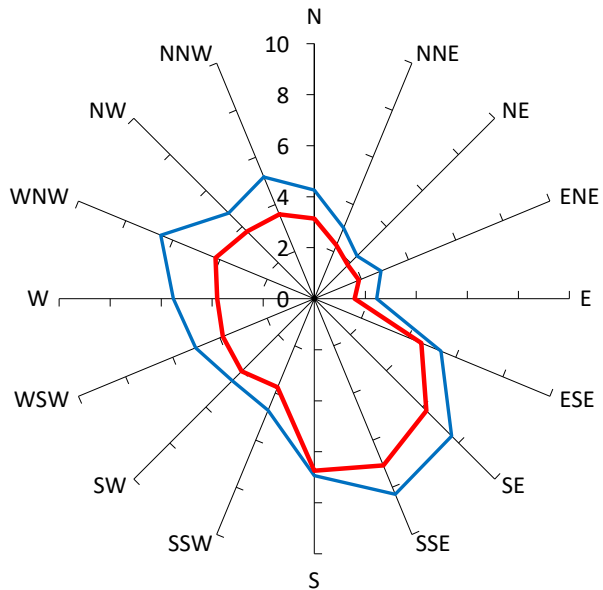
Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

1%

13

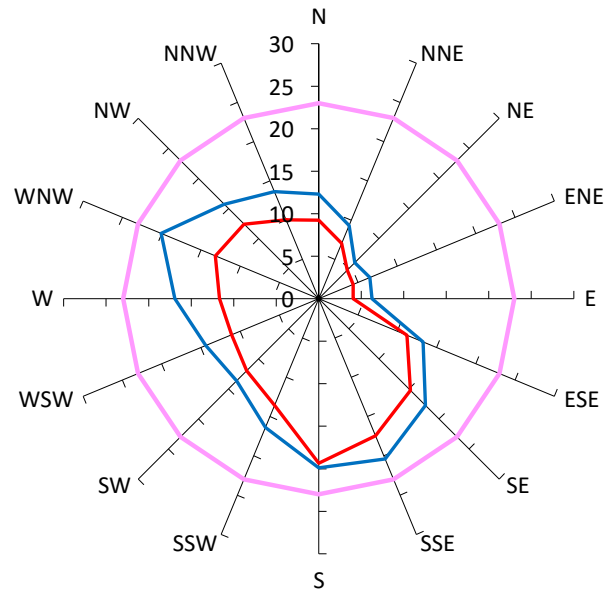
## Results for Point 48

**Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)**



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

**Maximum Gust (m/s)**



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

6%

20

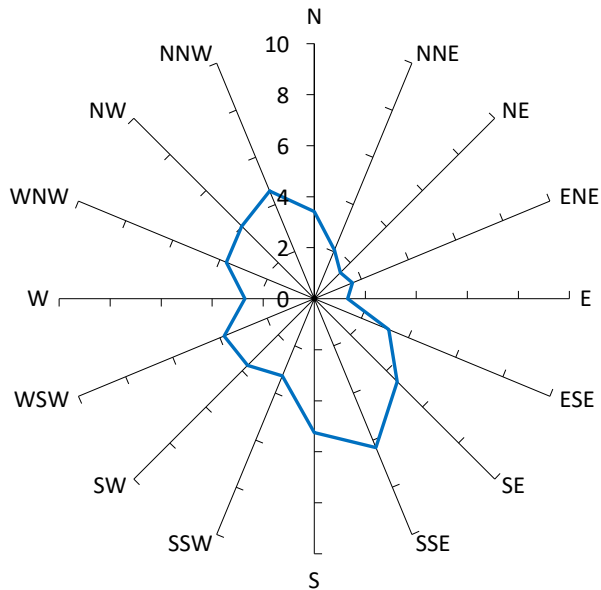
Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

2%

19

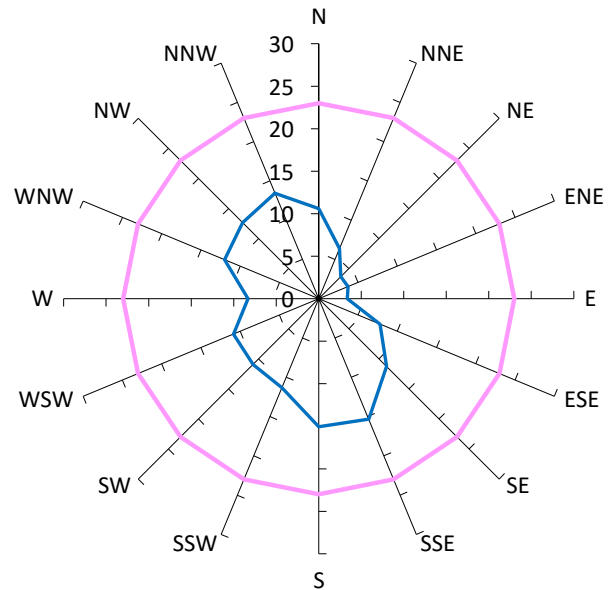
## Results for Point 49

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

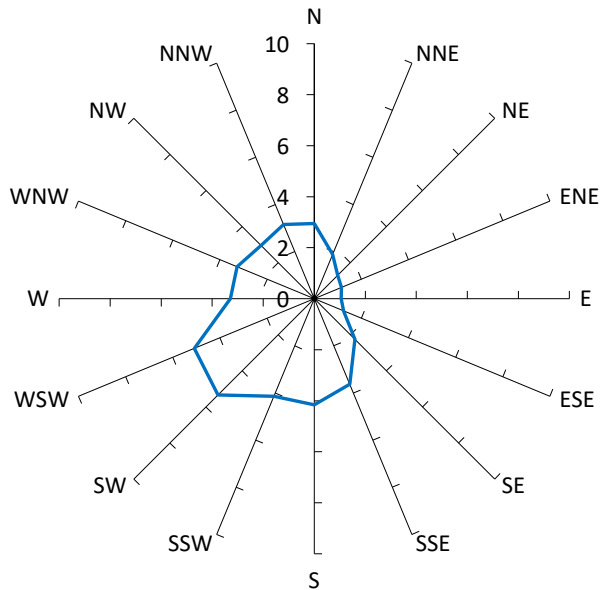
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

15

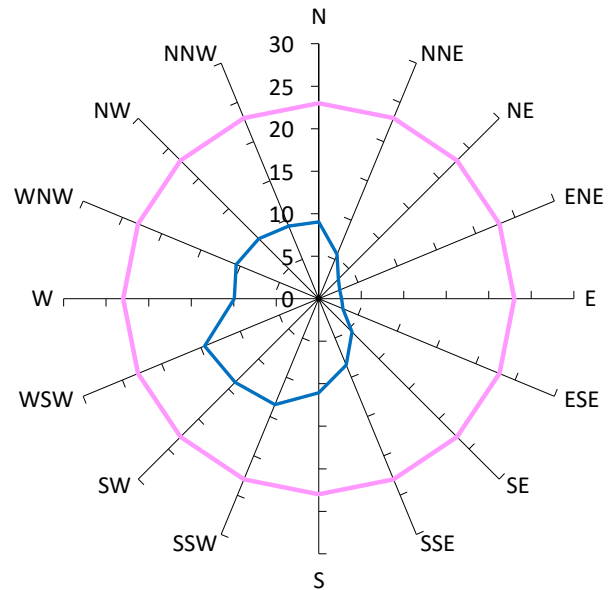
## Results for Point 50

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

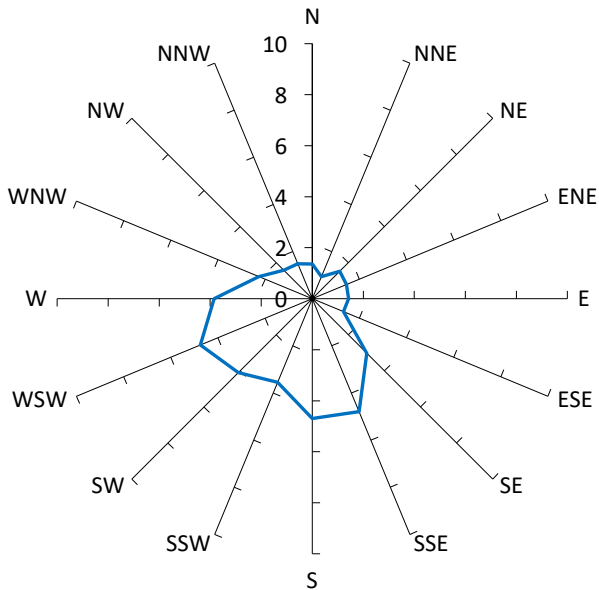
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

15

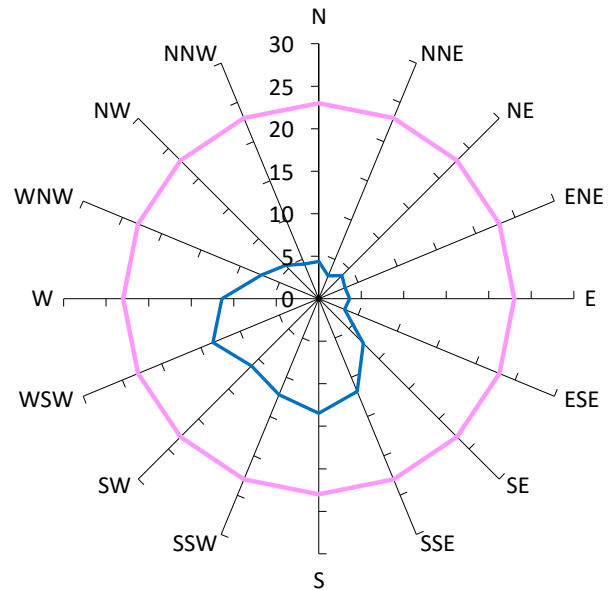
## Results for Point 51

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

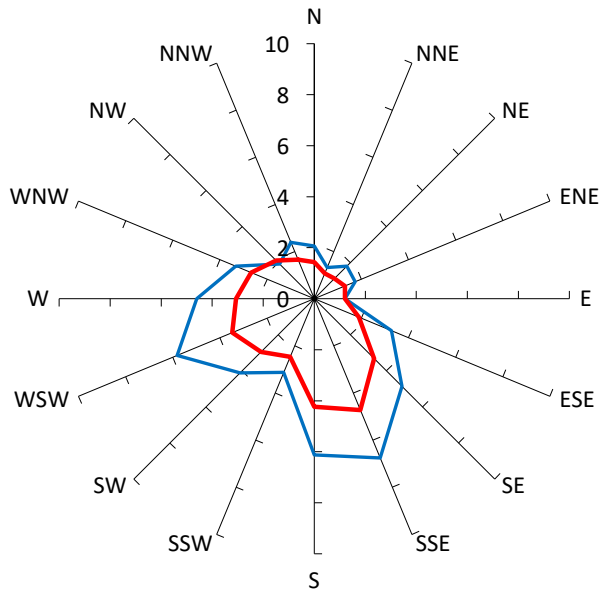
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

2%

13

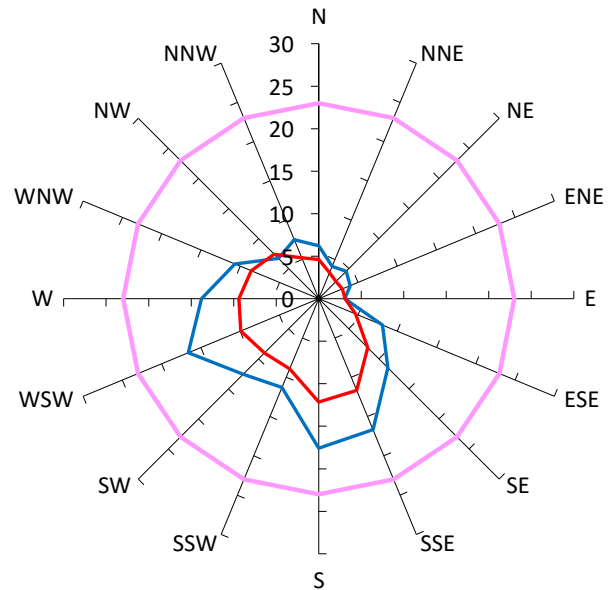
## Results for Point 52

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

8%

18

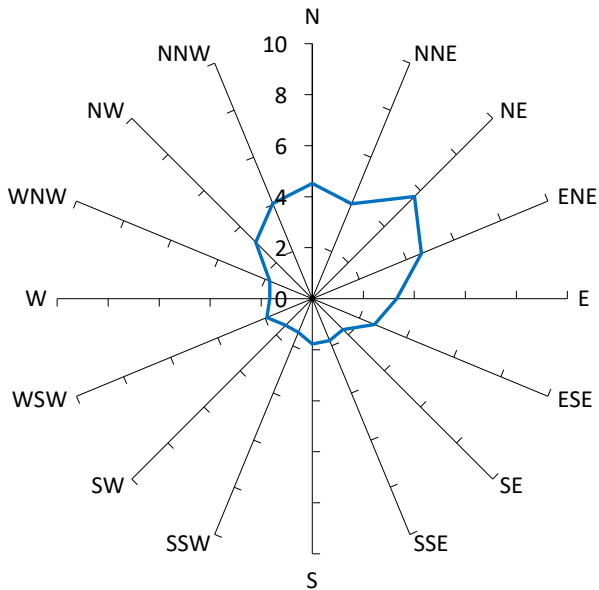
Proposed scenario, with existing vegetation

1%

12

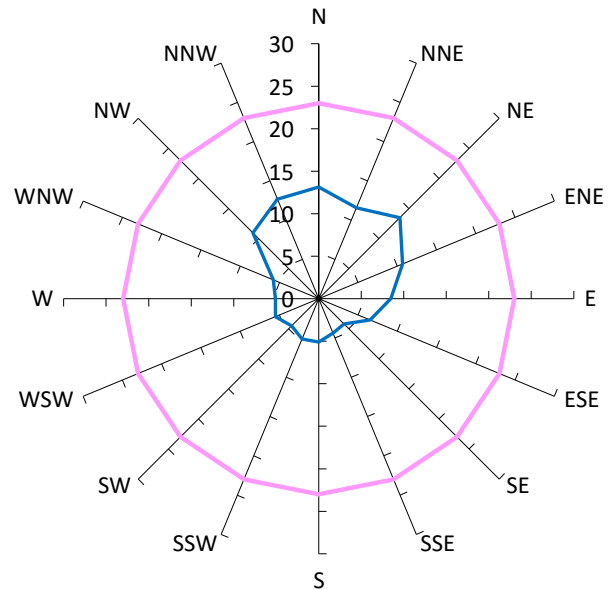
## Results for Point 53

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

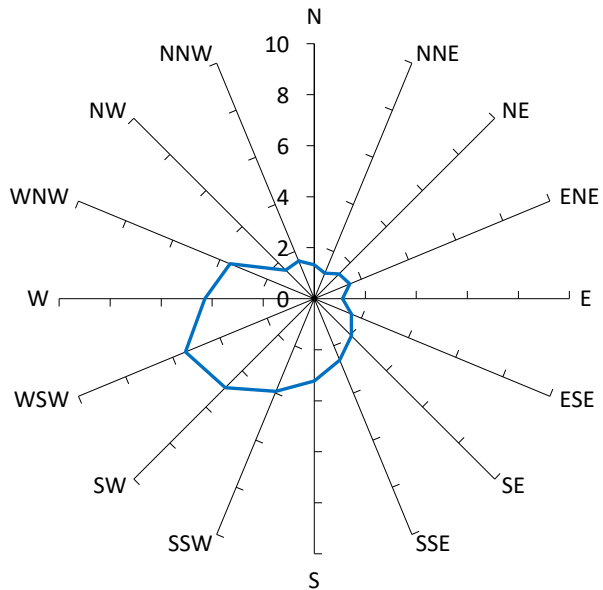
3%

13



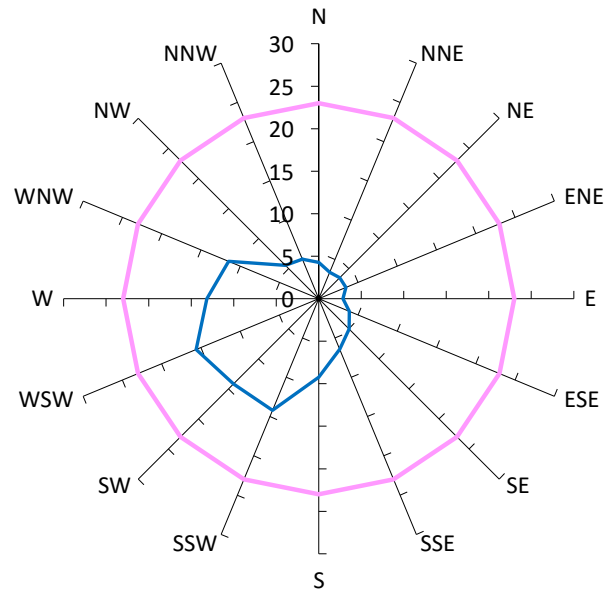
## Results for Point 54

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

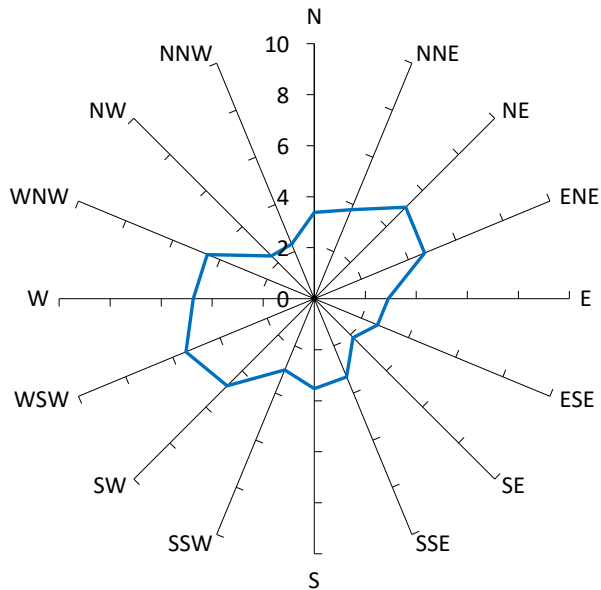
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

16

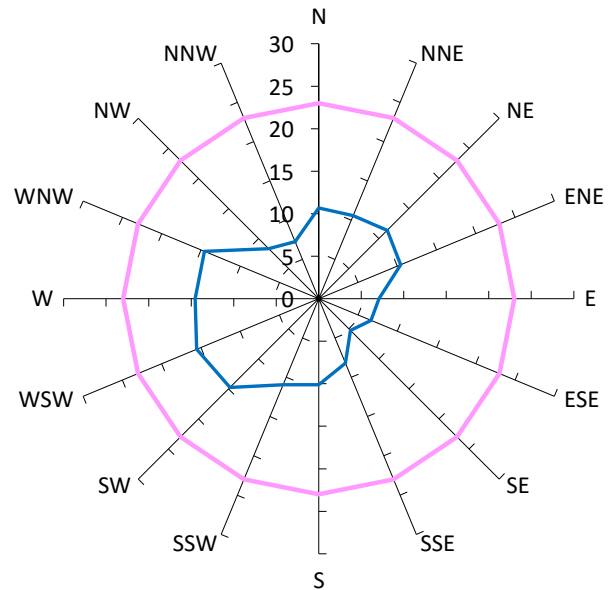
## Results for Point 55

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

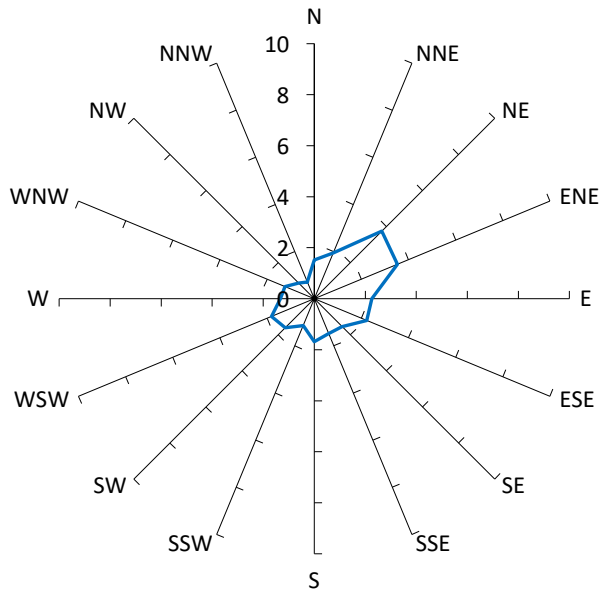
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

16

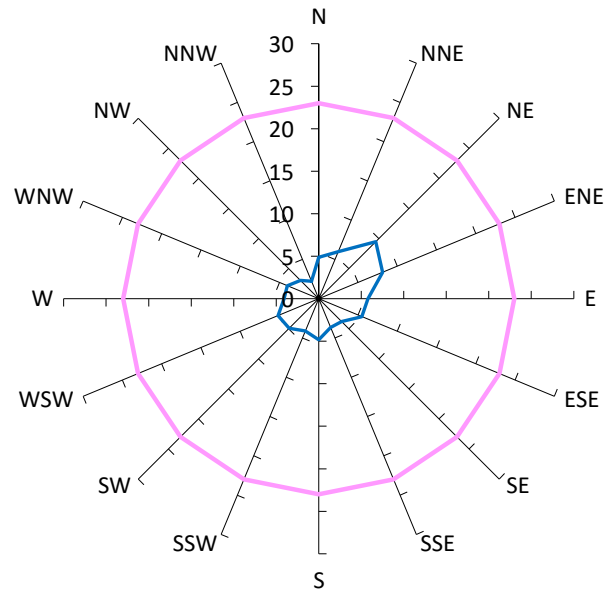
## Results for Point 56

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

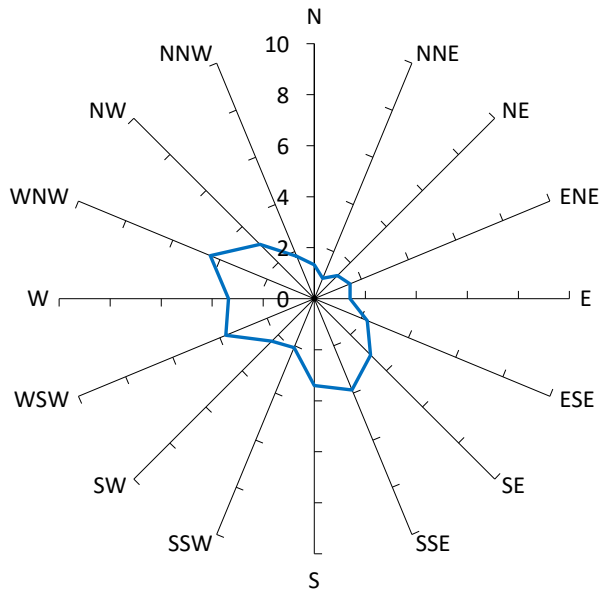
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

9

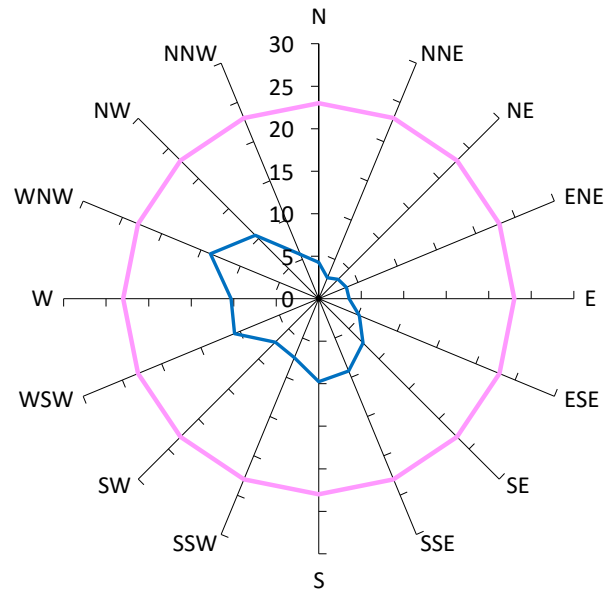
## Results for Point 57

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

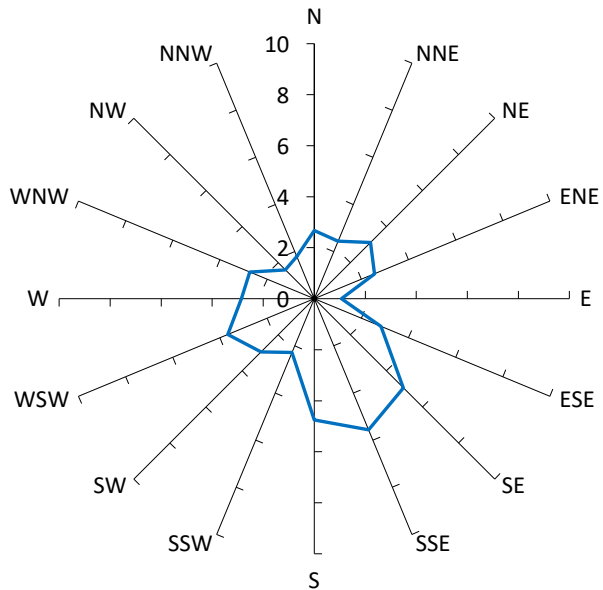
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

14

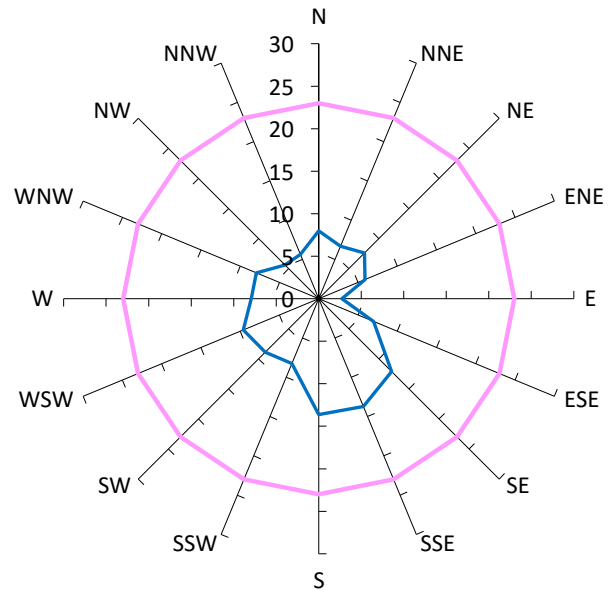
## Results for Point 58

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

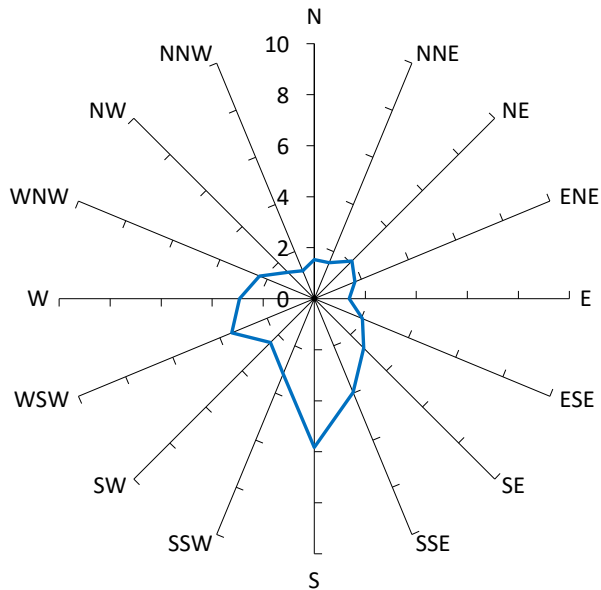
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

14

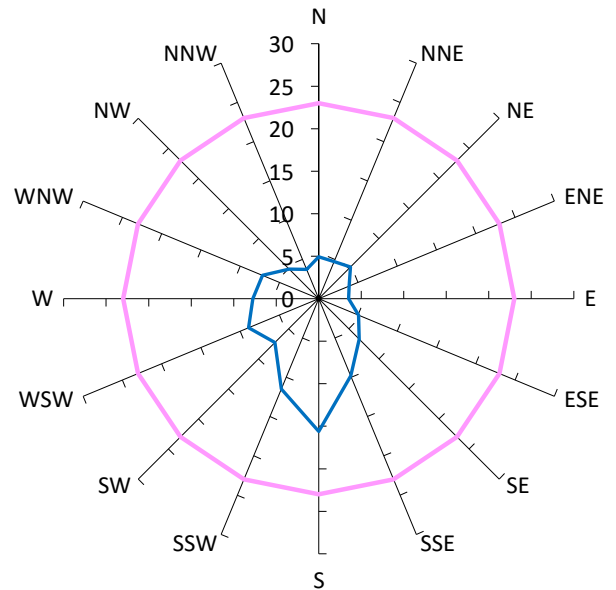
## Results for Point 59

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

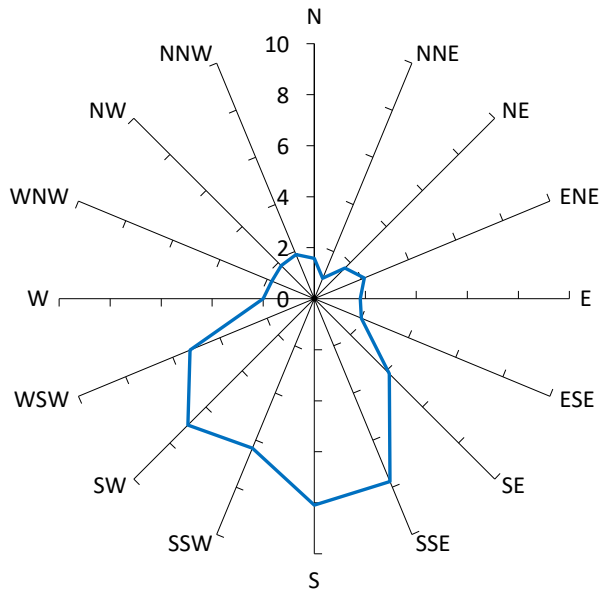
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

16

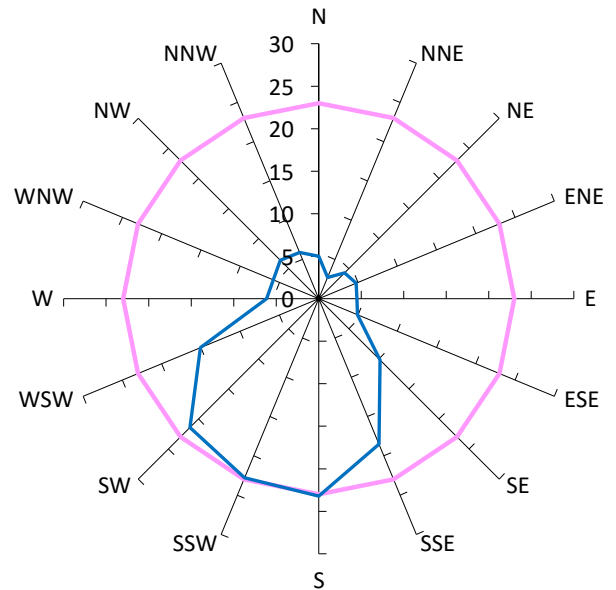
## Results for Point 60

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

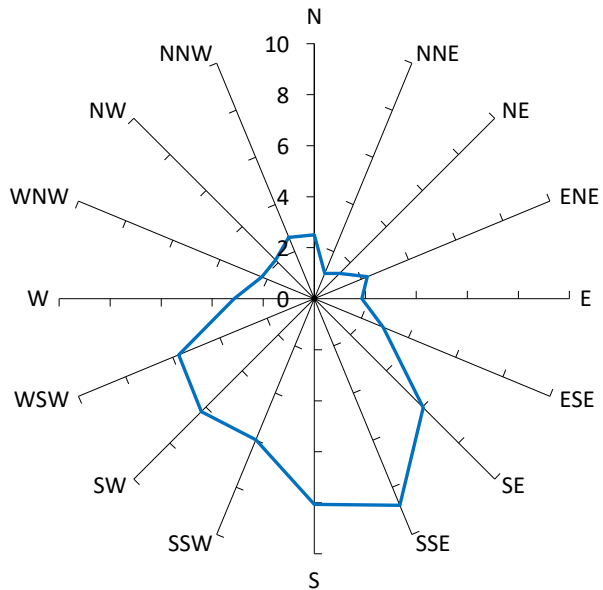
14%

23



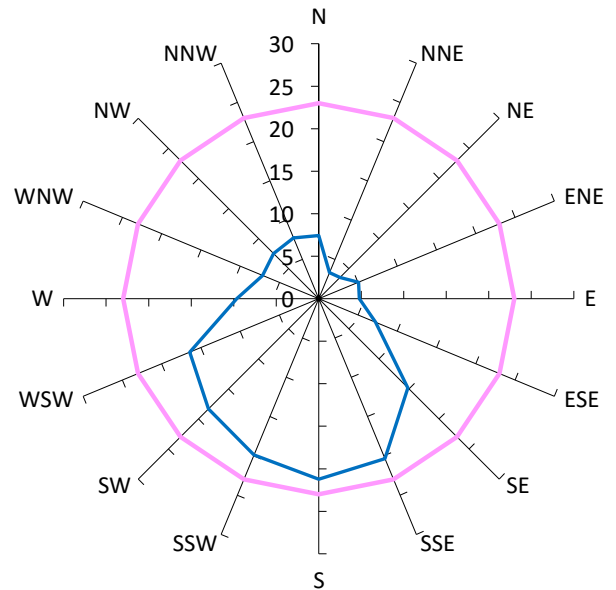
## Results for Point 61

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

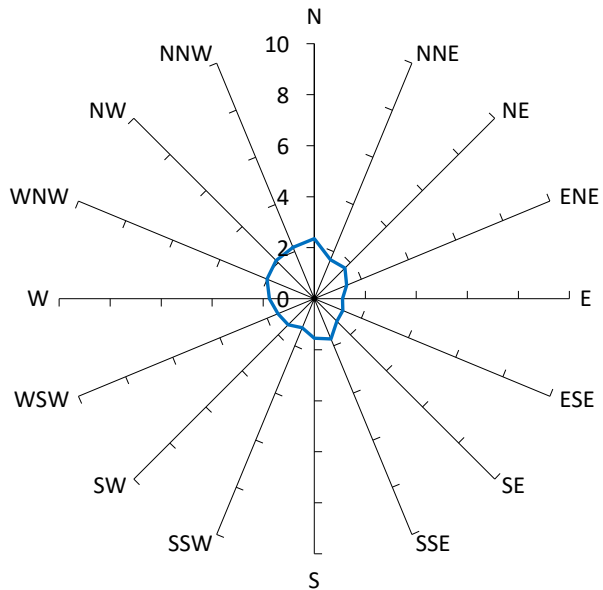
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

6%

21

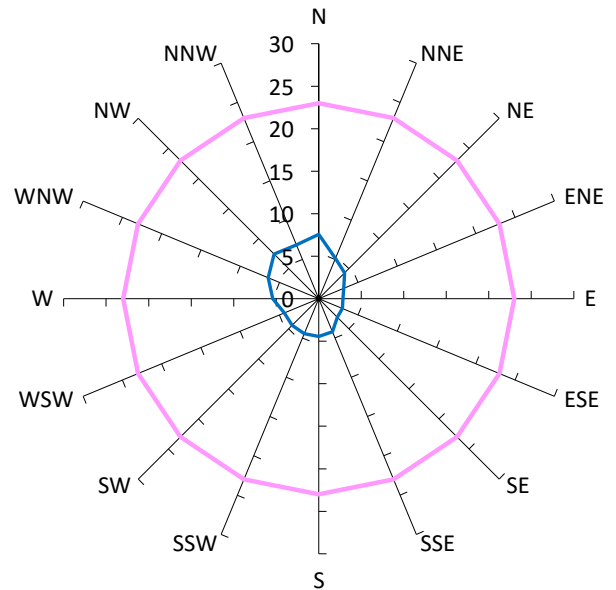
## Results for Point 62

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

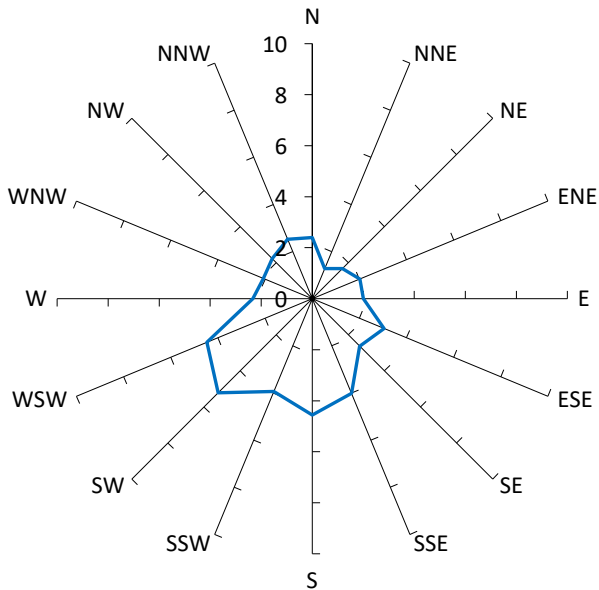
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

8

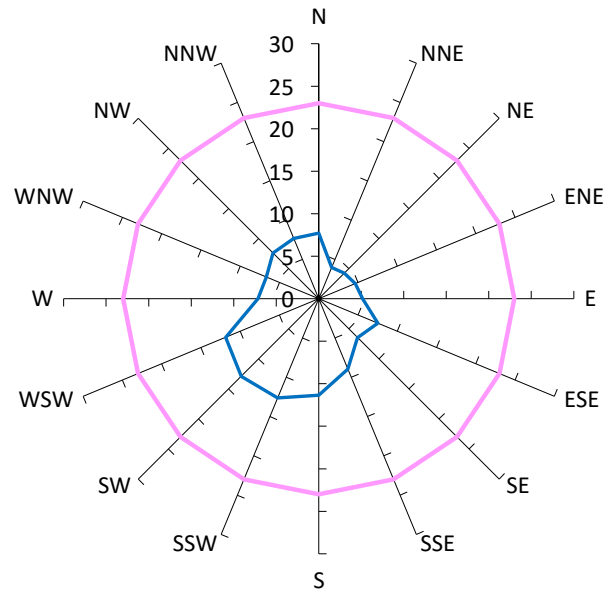
## Results for Point 63

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

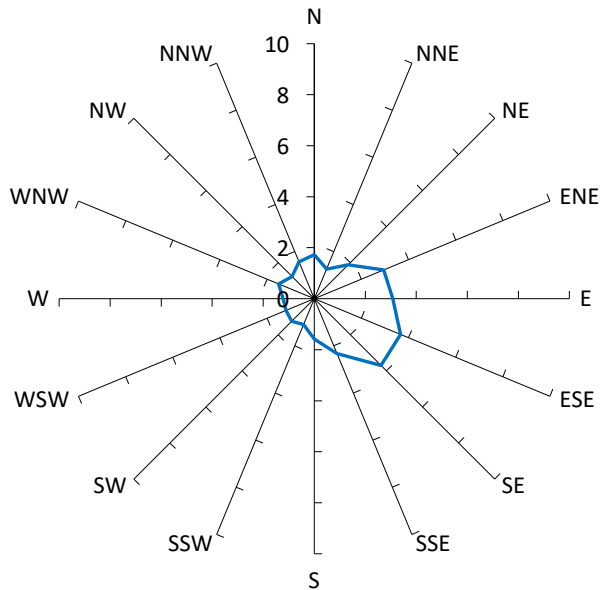
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

13

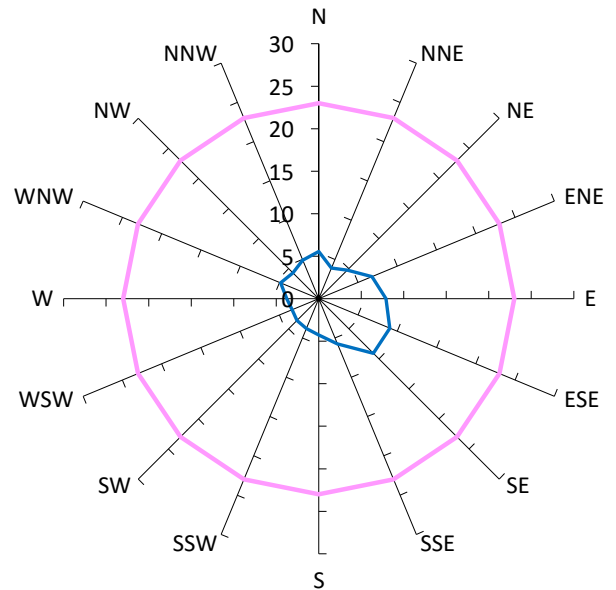
## Results for Point 64

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

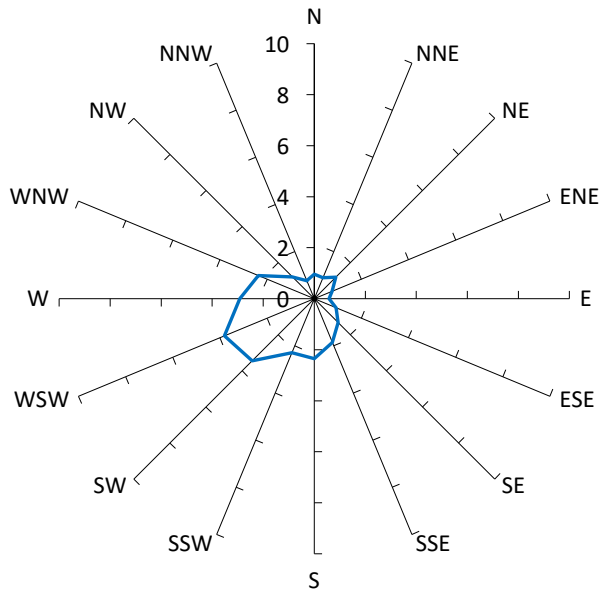
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

9

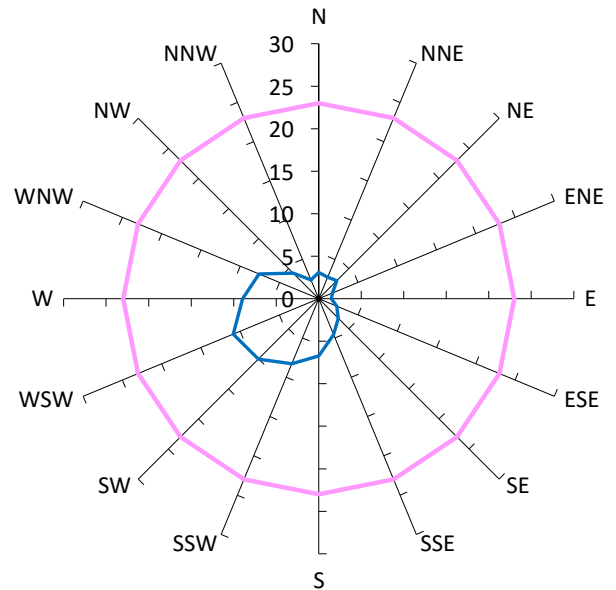
## Results for Point 65

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

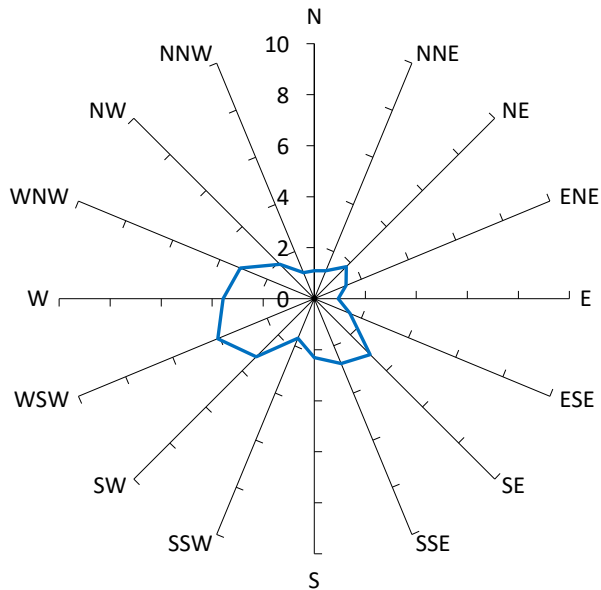
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

11

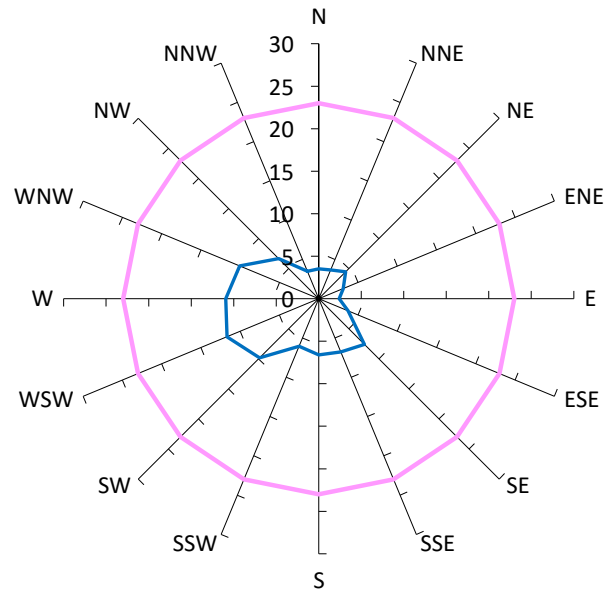
## Results for Point 66

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

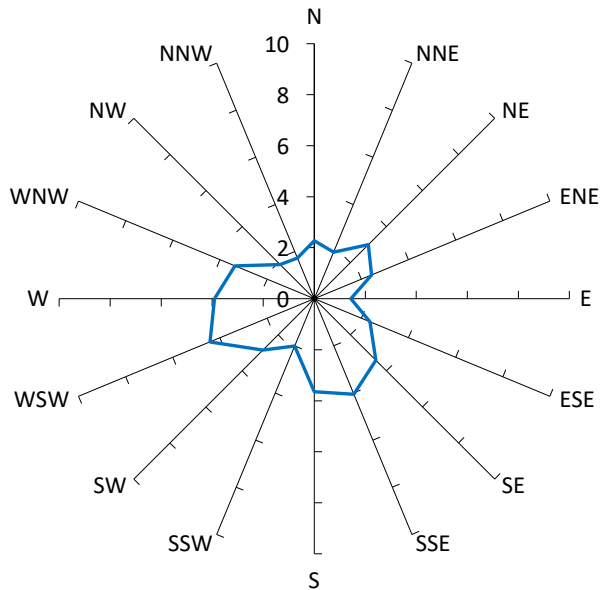
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

12

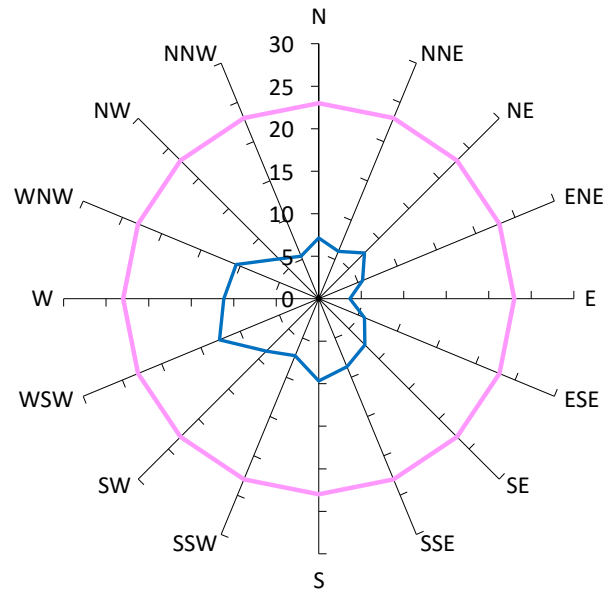
## Results for Point 67

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

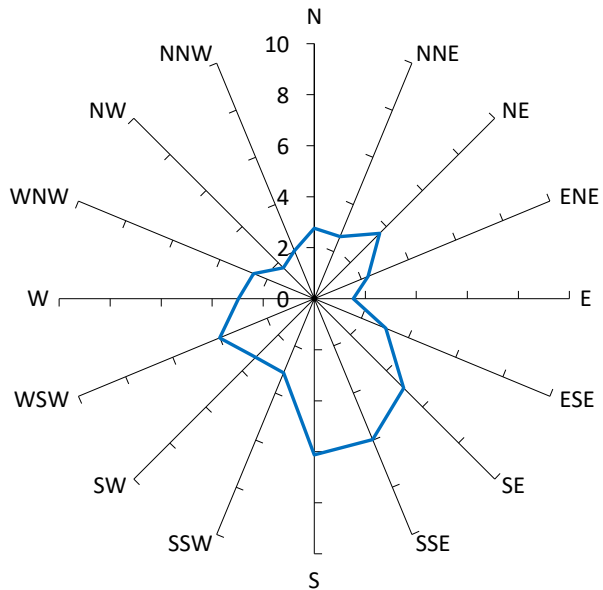
1%

13



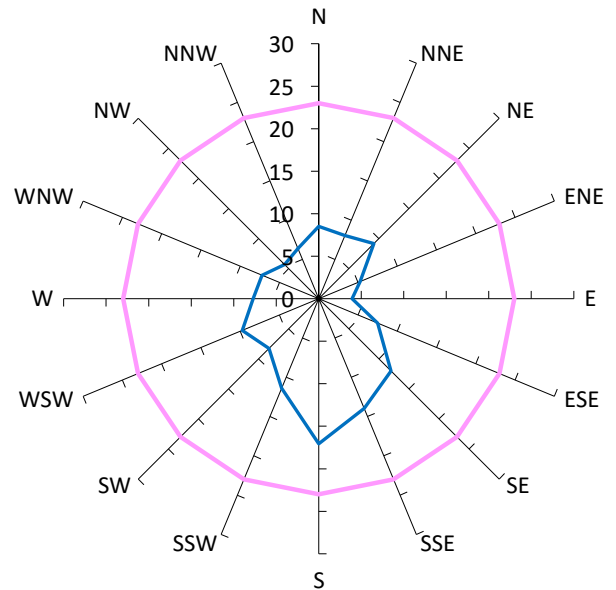
## Results for Point 68

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

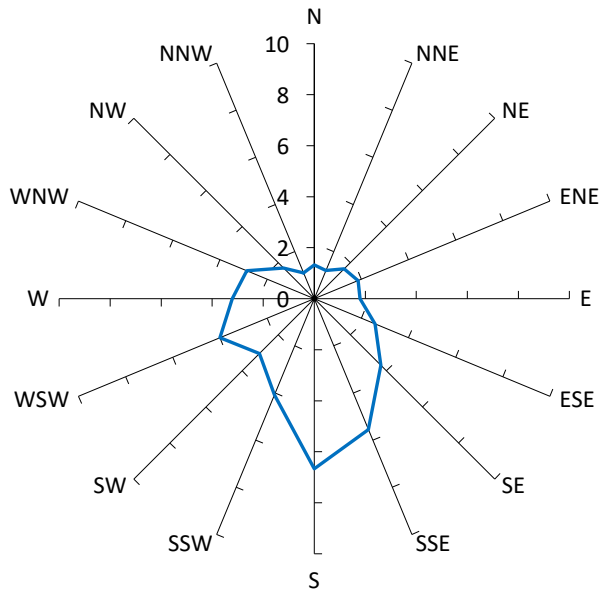
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

17

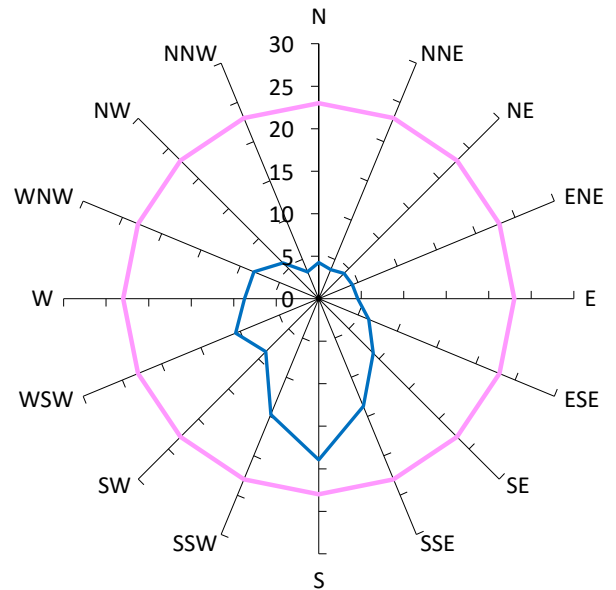
## Results for Point 69

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

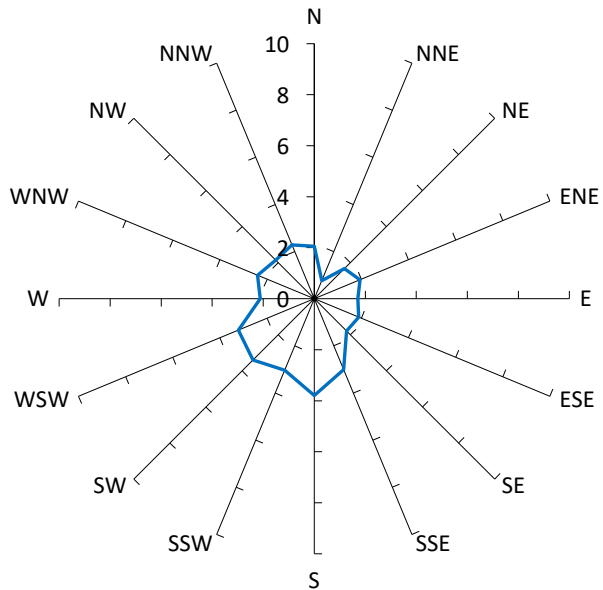
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

19

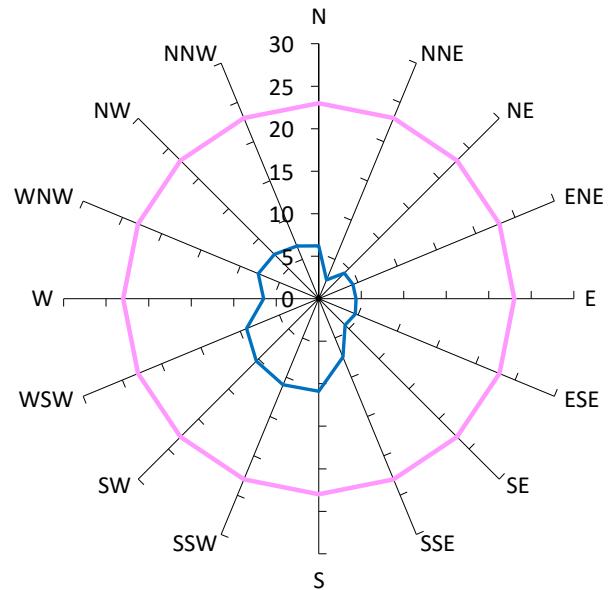
## Results for Point 70

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

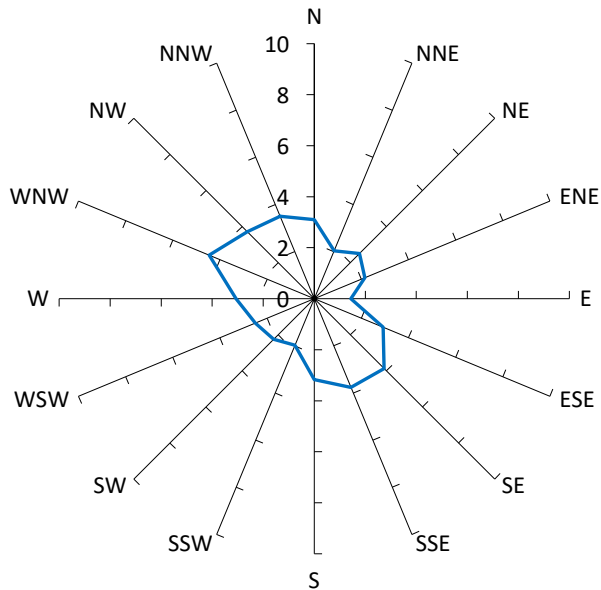
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

11

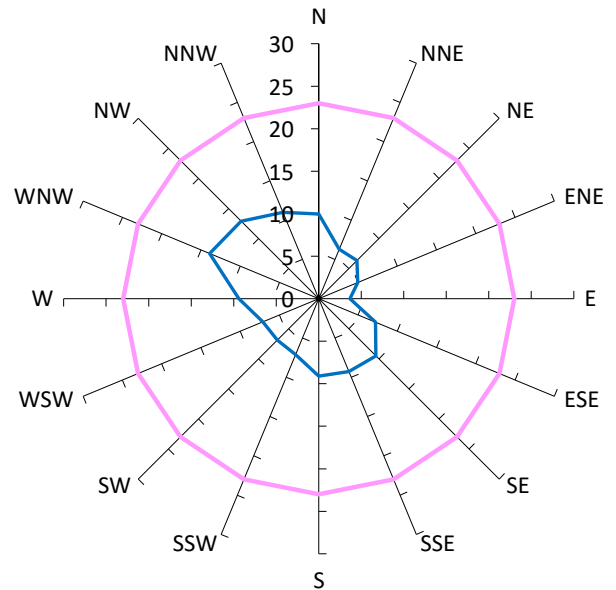
## Results for Point 71

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

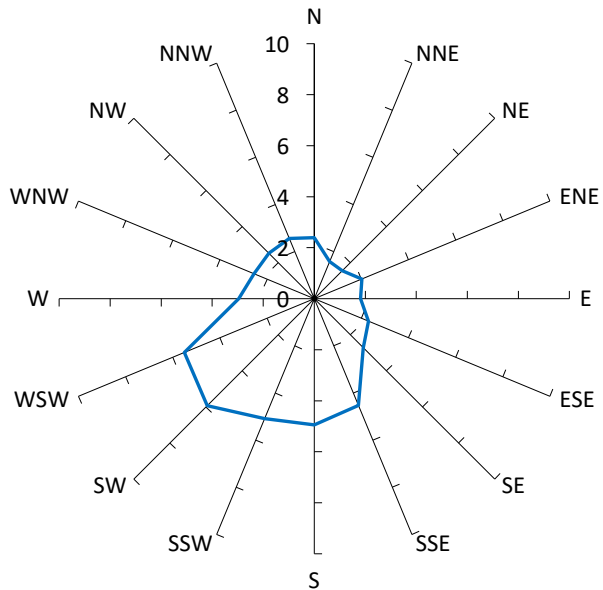
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

14

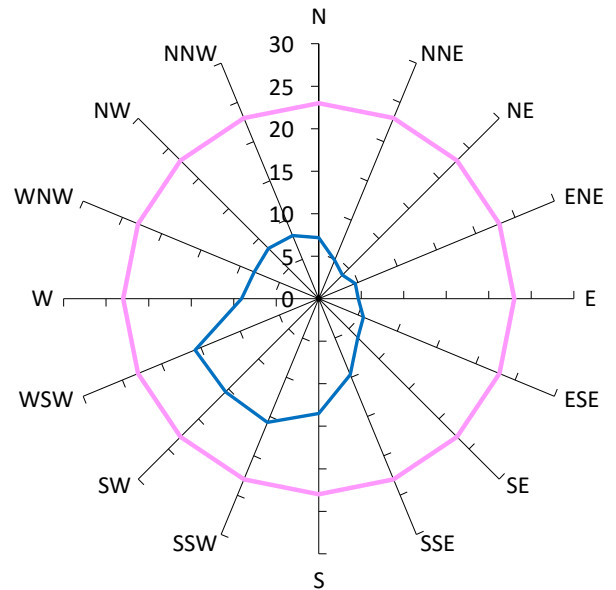
## Results for Point 72

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

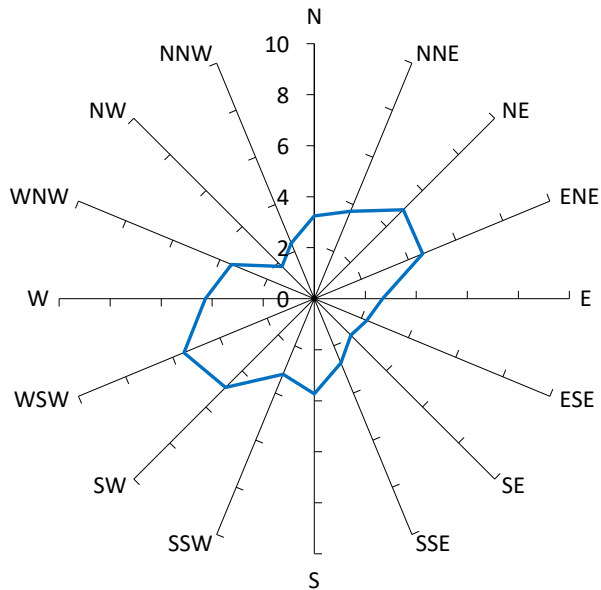
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

16

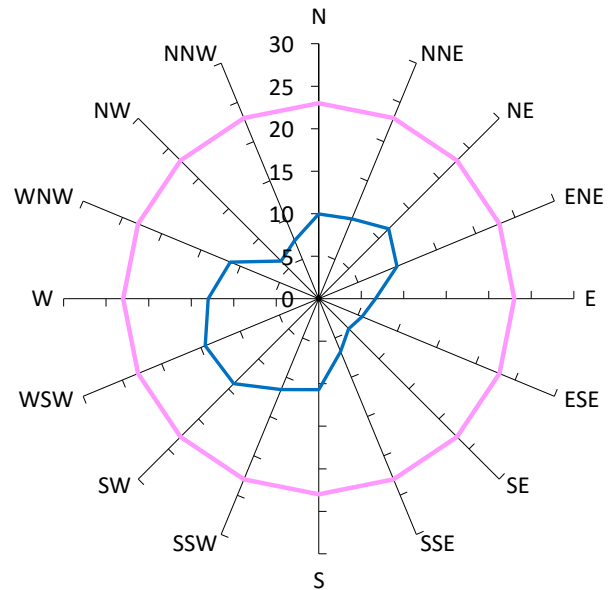
## Results for Point 73

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

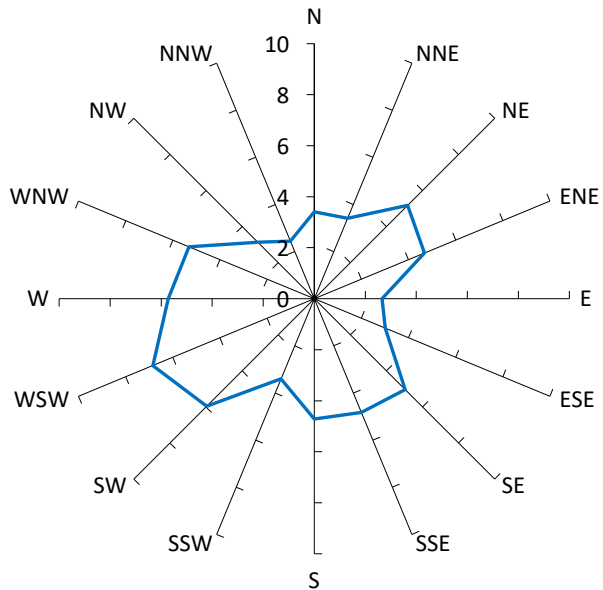
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

14

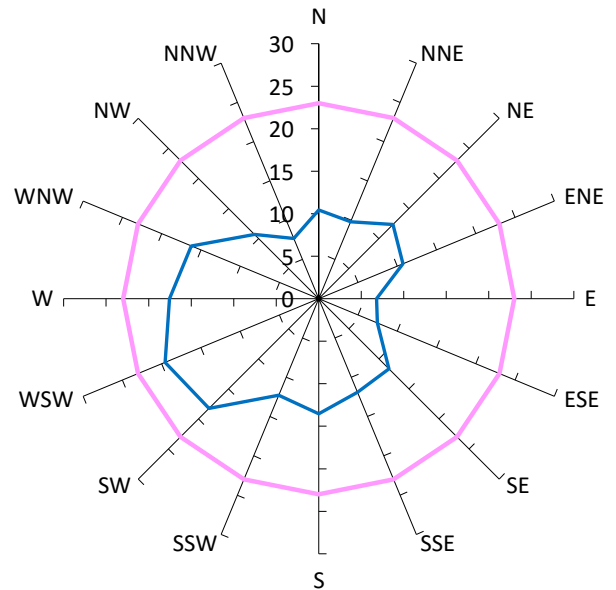
## Results for Point 74

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

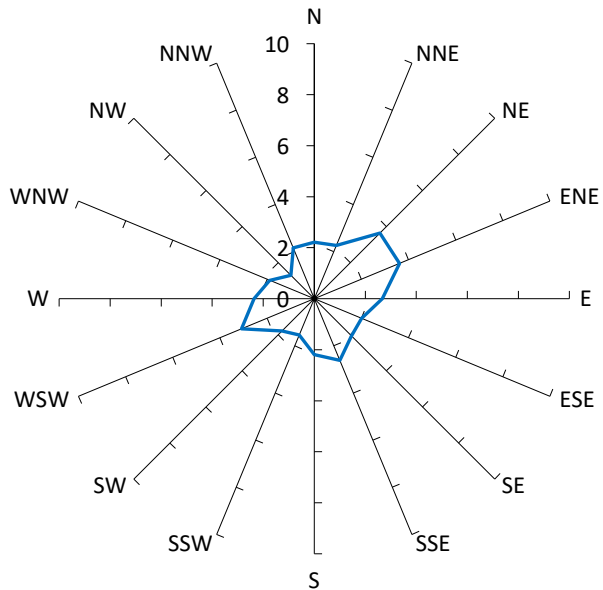
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

2%

20

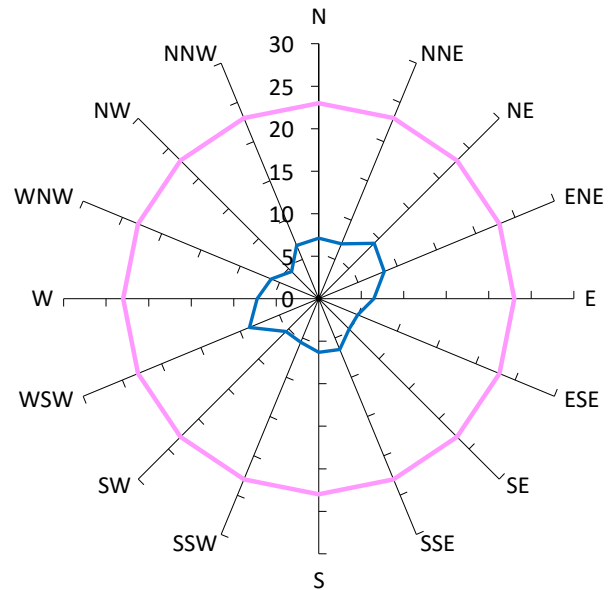
## Results for Point 75

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

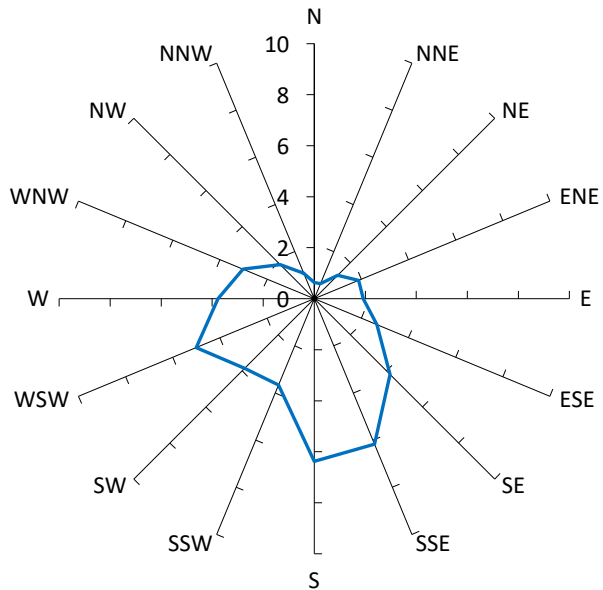
0%

9



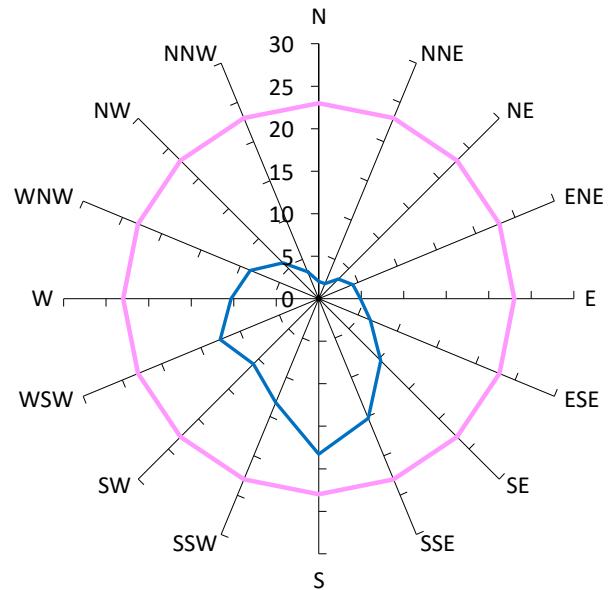
## Results for Point 76

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

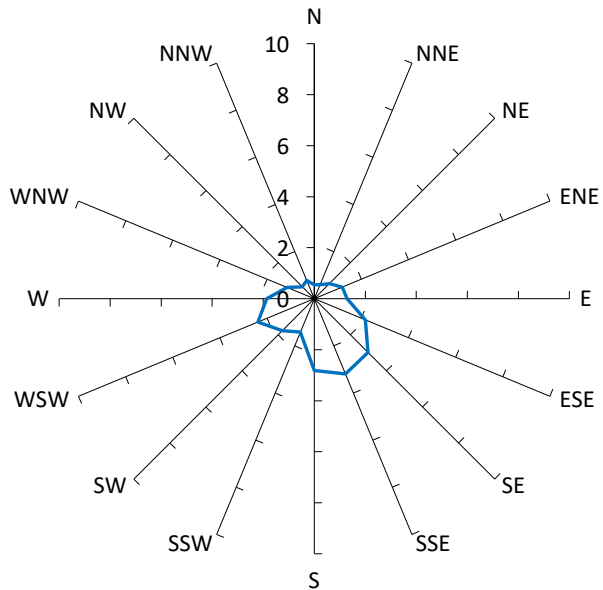
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

18

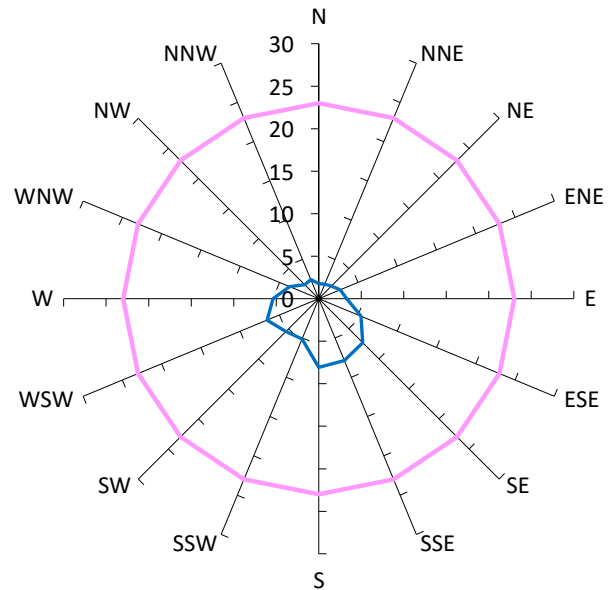
## Results for Point 77

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

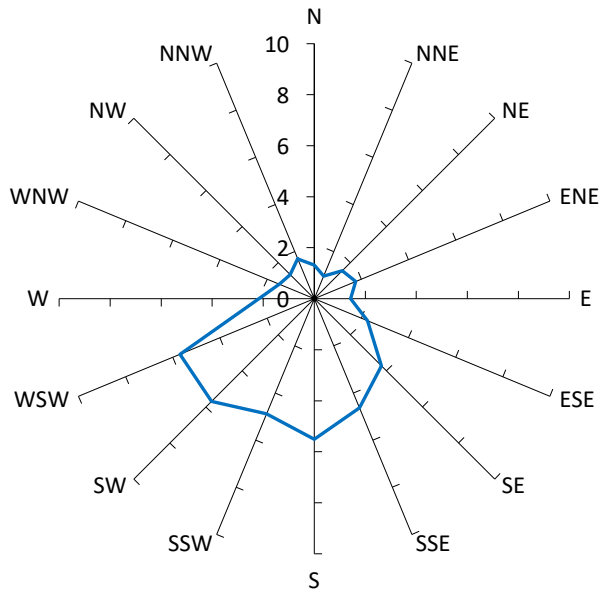
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

8

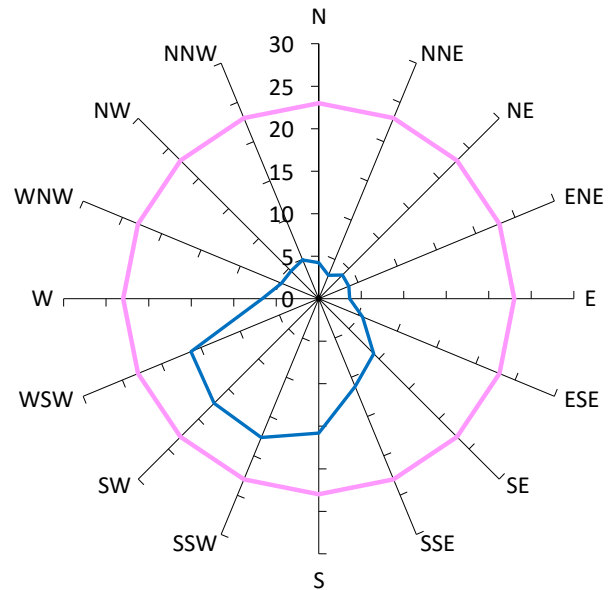
## Results for Point 78

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

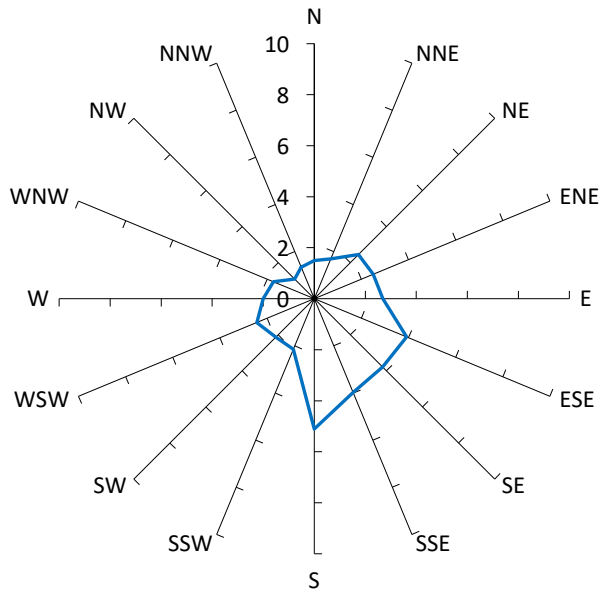
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

5%

18

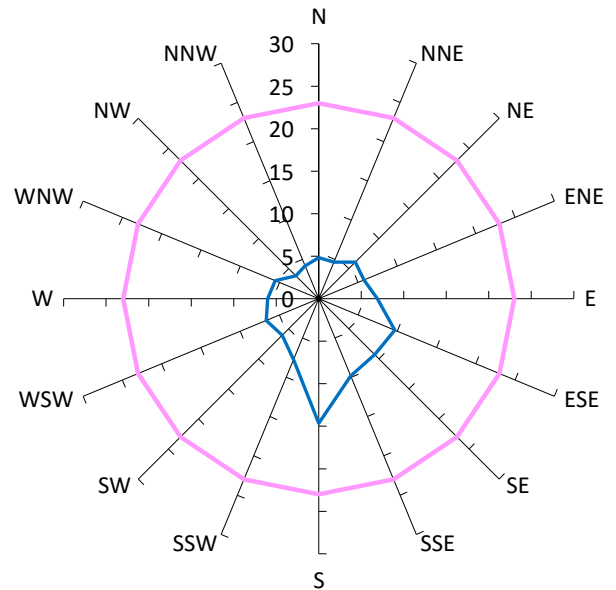
## Results for Point 79

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

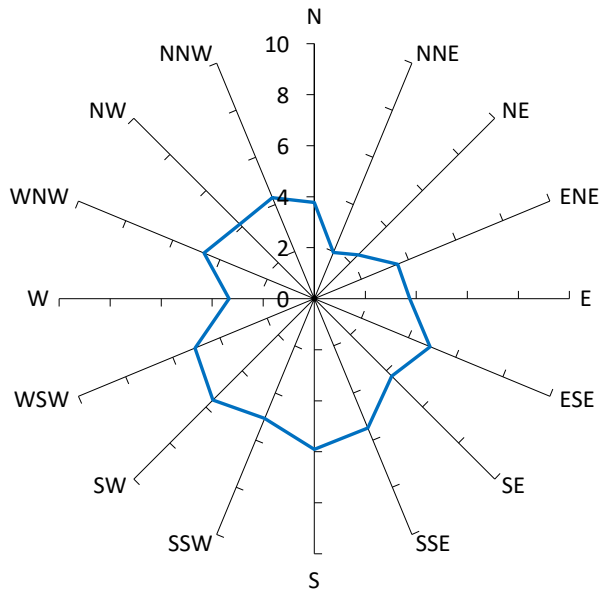
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

15

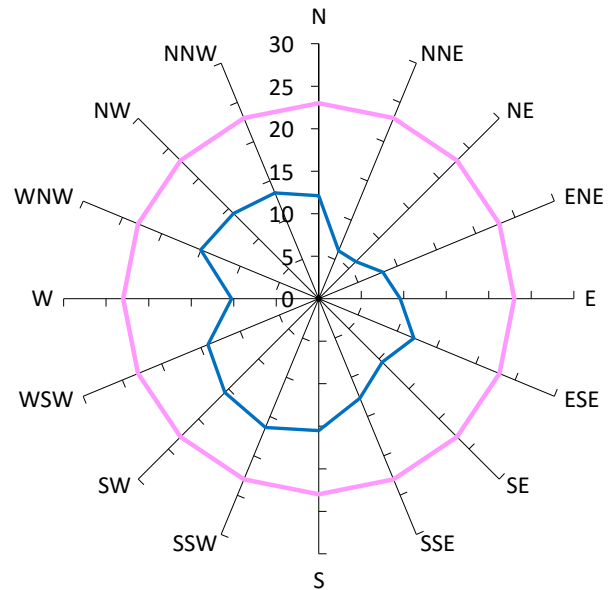
## Results for Point 80

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

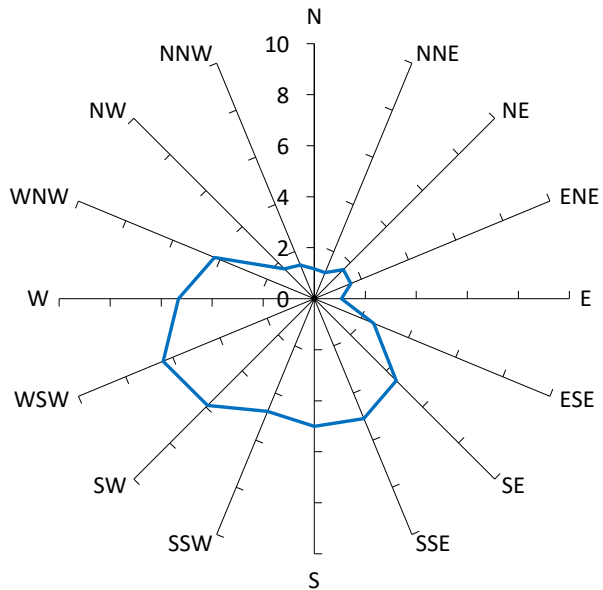
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

2%

16

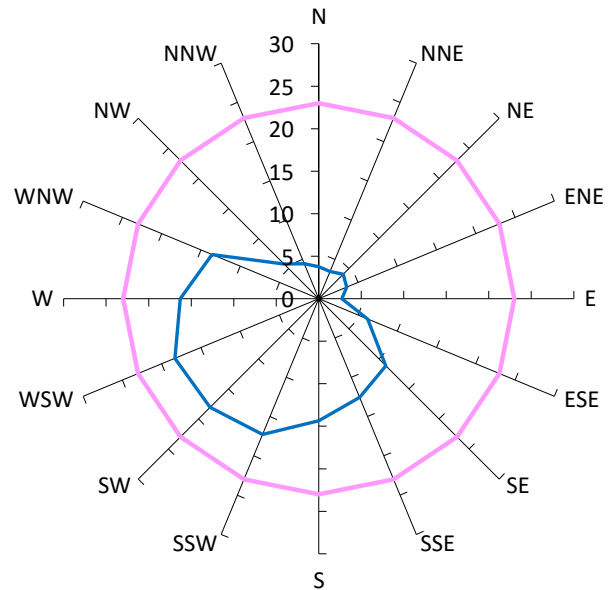
## Results for Point 81

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

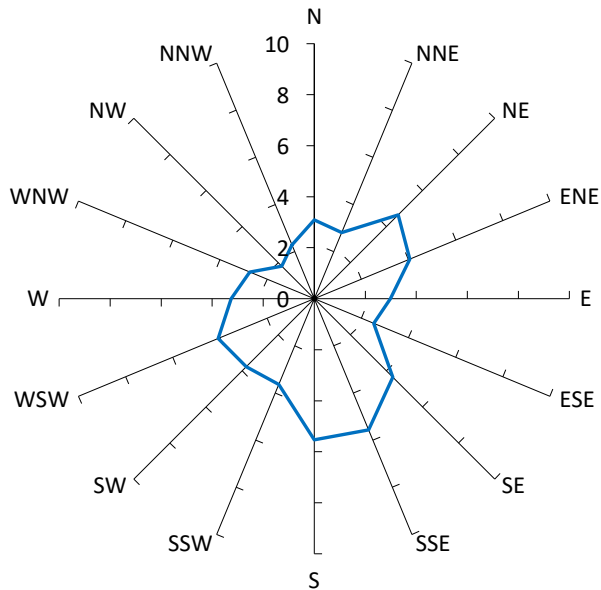
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

2%

18

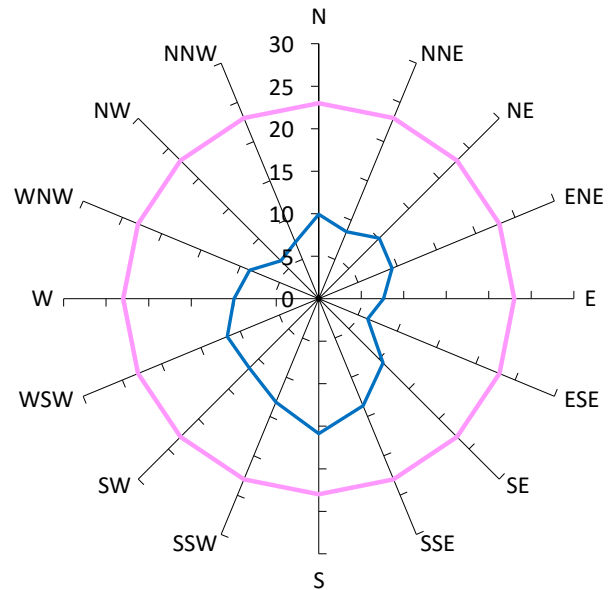
## Results for Point 82

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

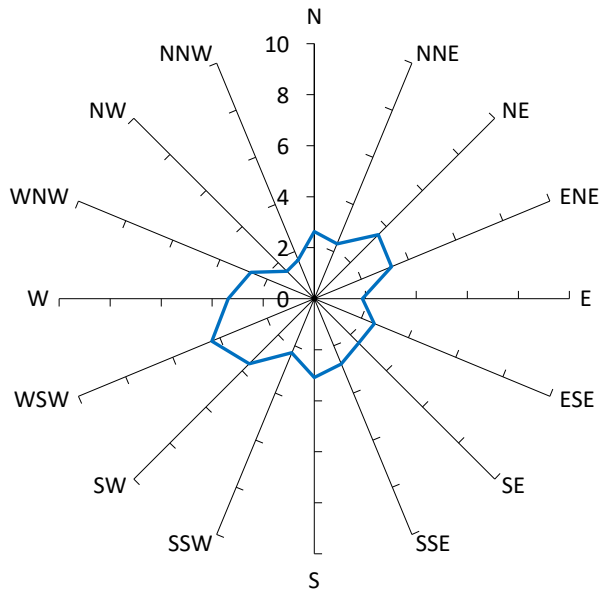
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

16

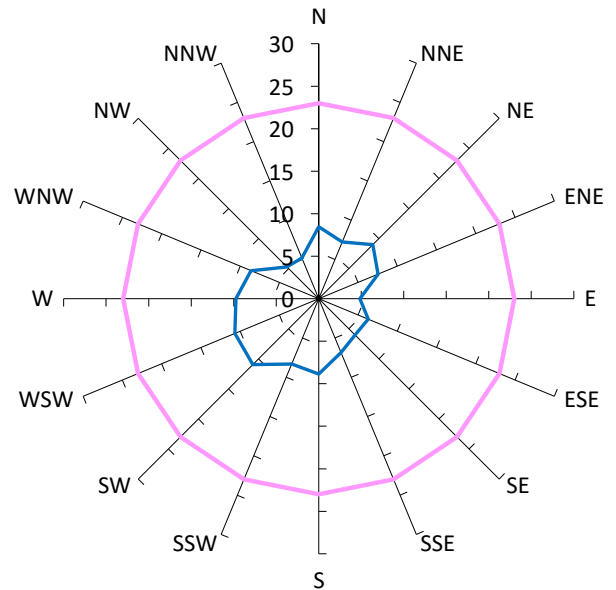
## Results for Point 83

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

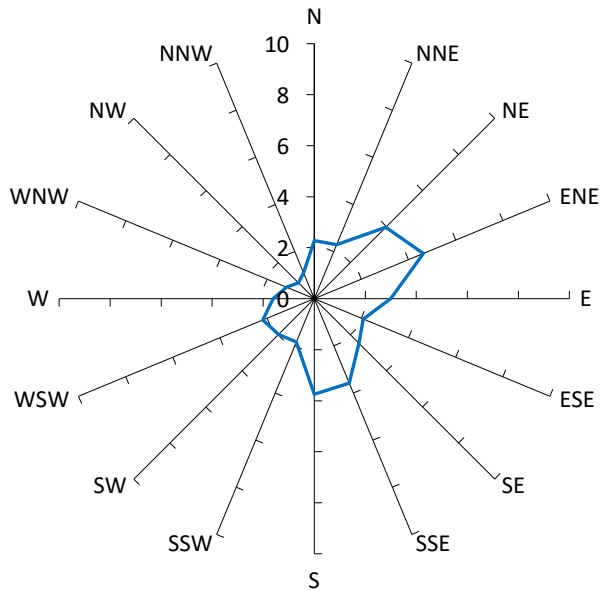
0%

11



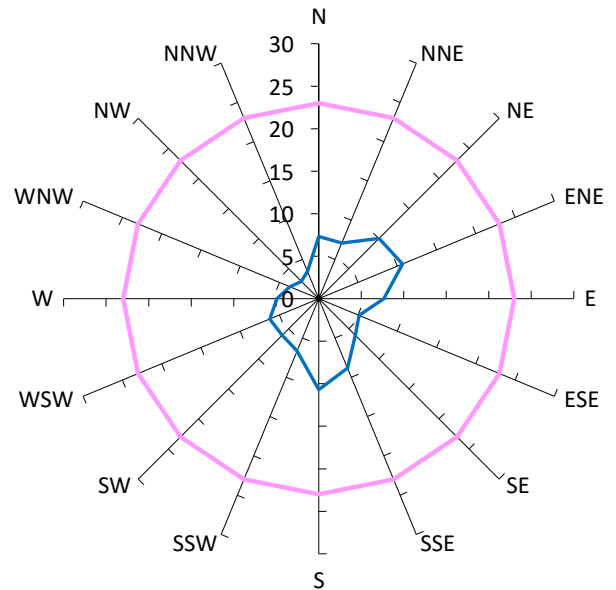
## Results for Point 84

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

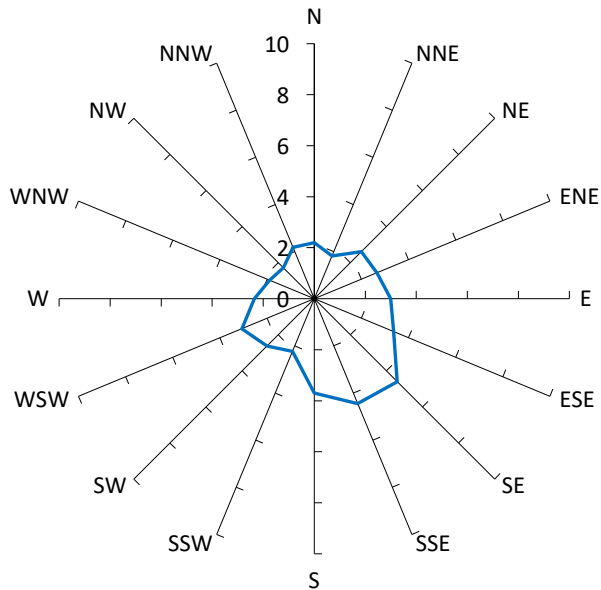
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

11

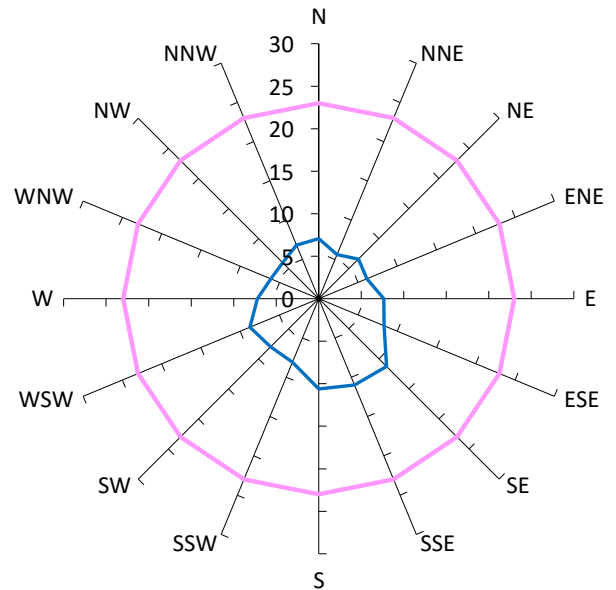
## Results for Point 85

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

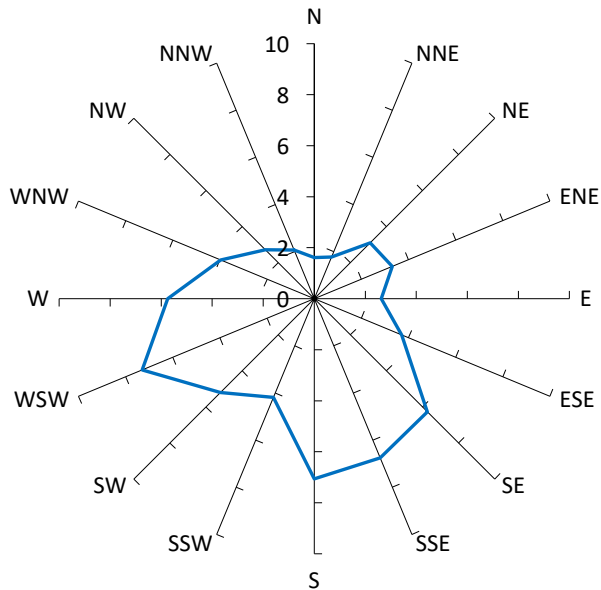
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

11

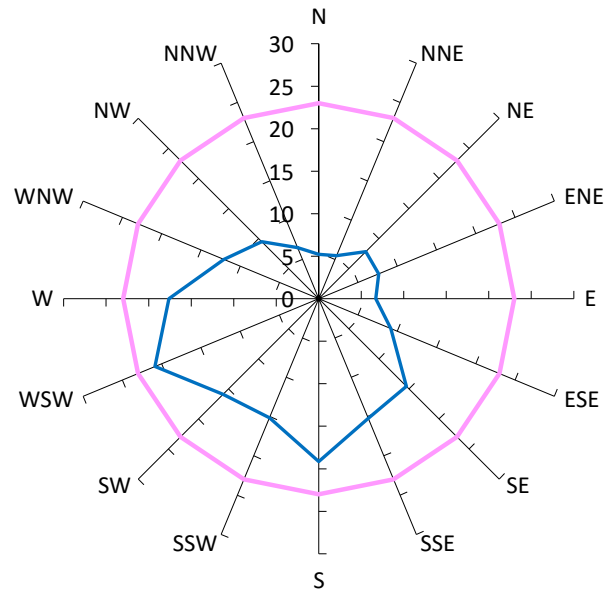
## Results for Point 86

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

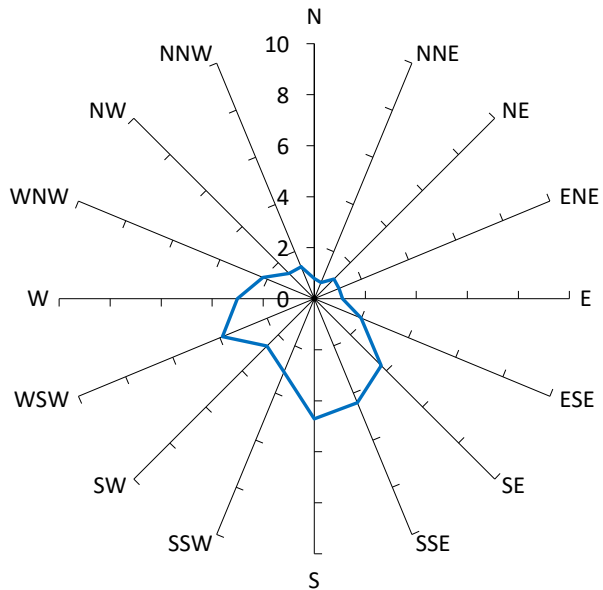
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

3%

21

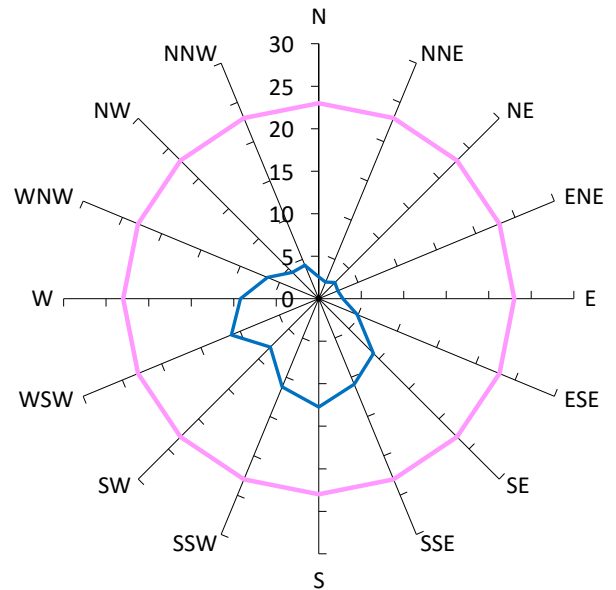
## Results for Point 87

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

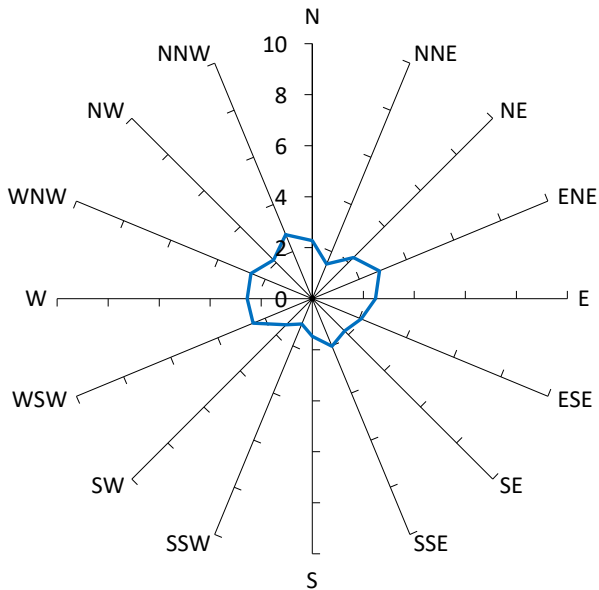
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

13

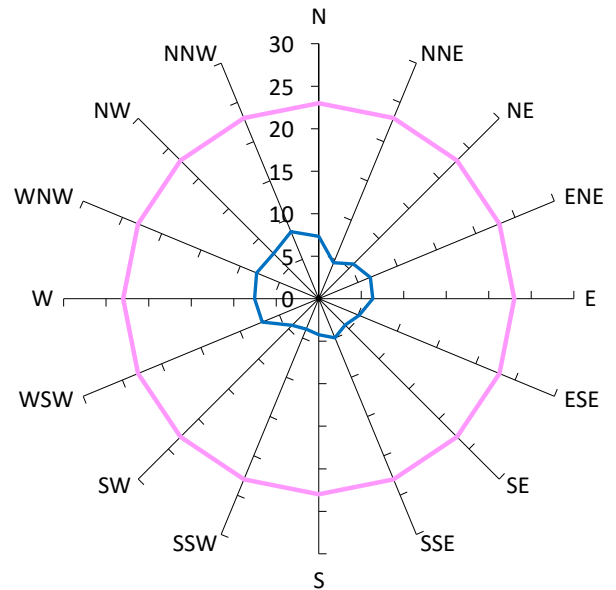
## Results for Point 88

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

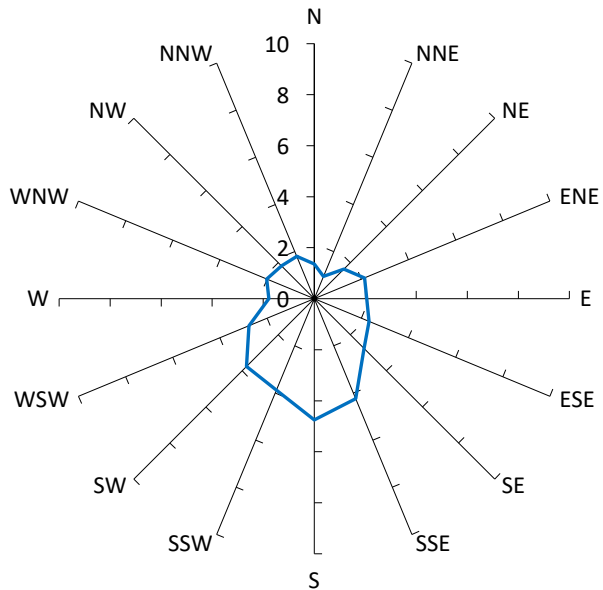
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

9

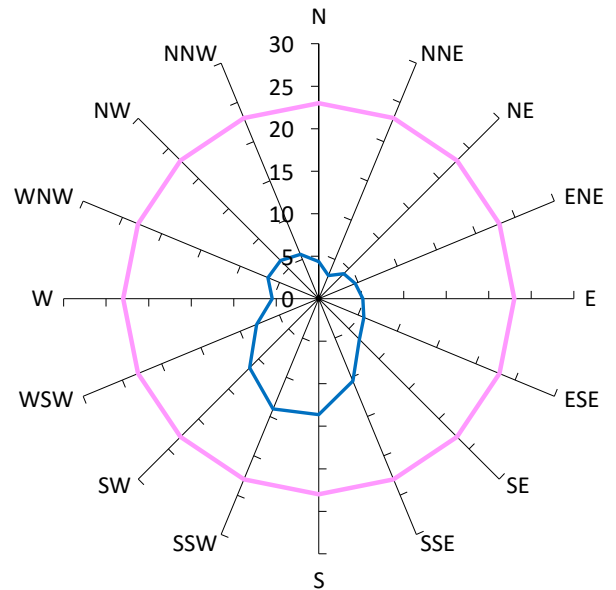
## Results for Point 89

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

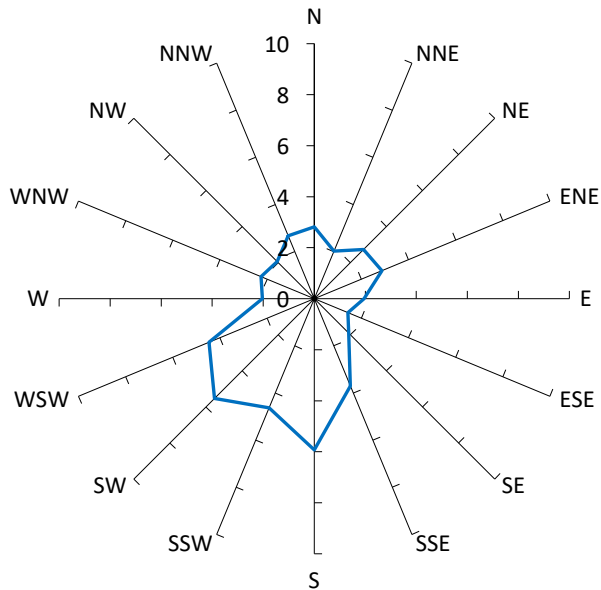
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

14

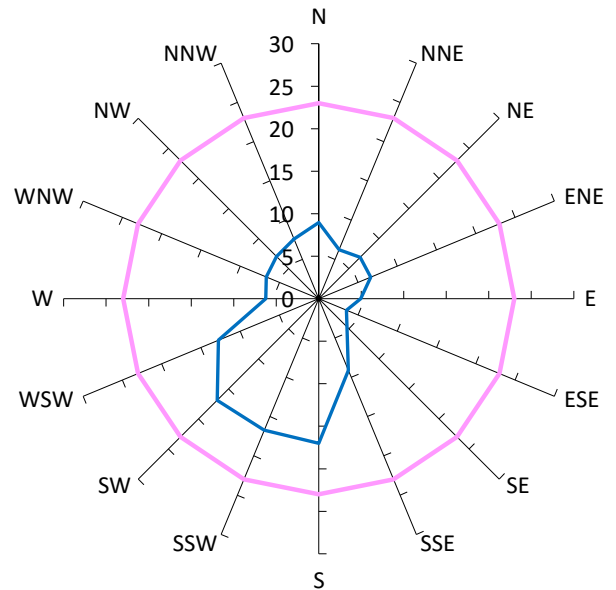
## Results for Point 90

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

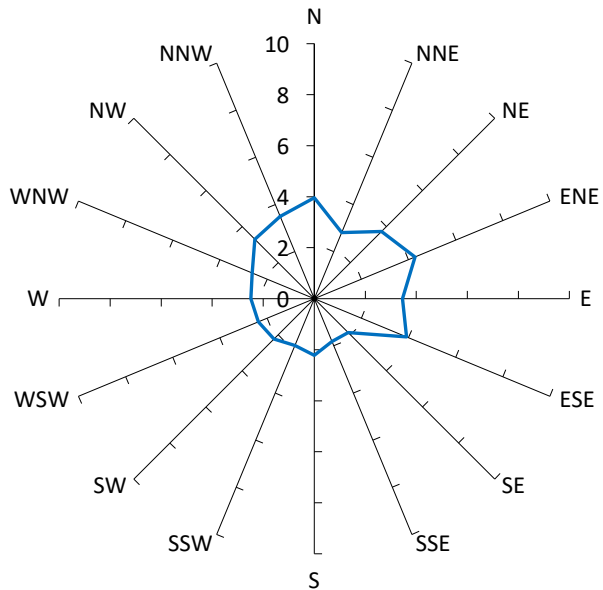
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

17

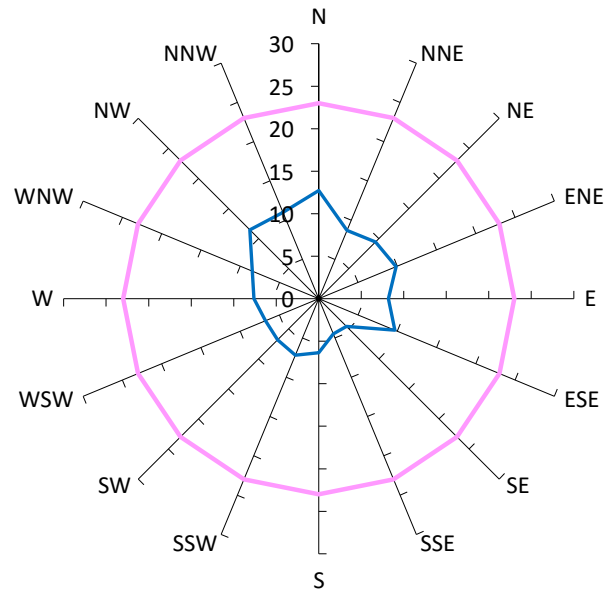
## Results for Point 91

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

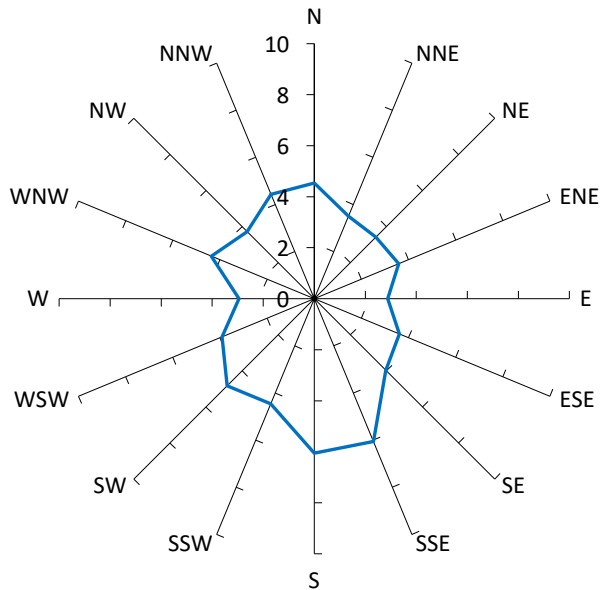
0%

13



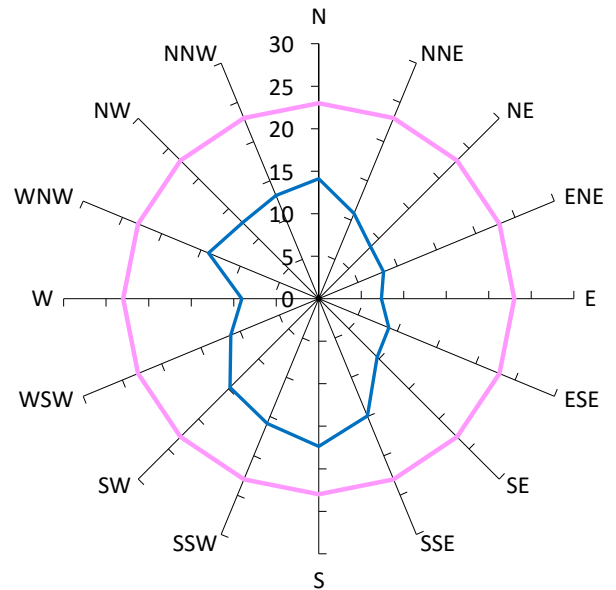
## Results for Point 92

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

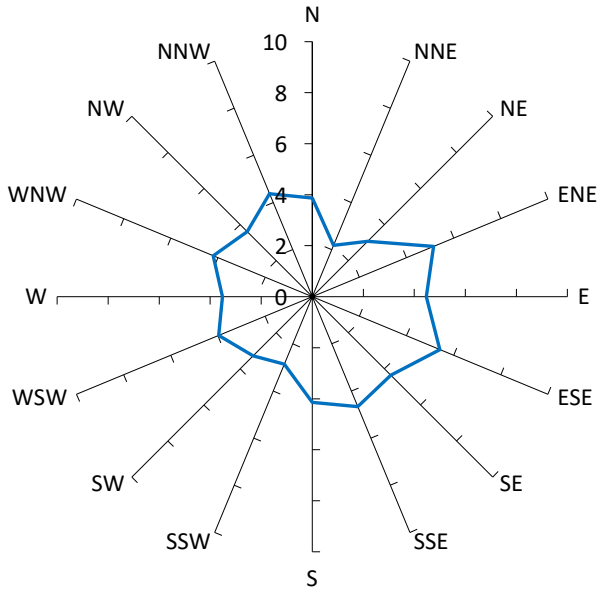
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

17

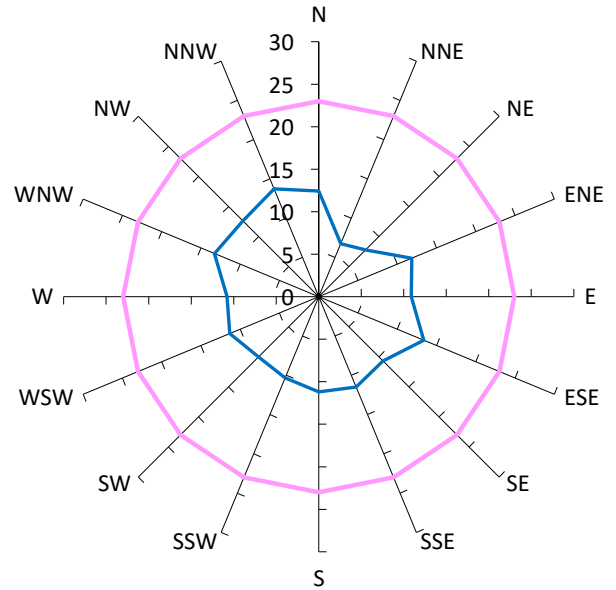
## Results for Point 93

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

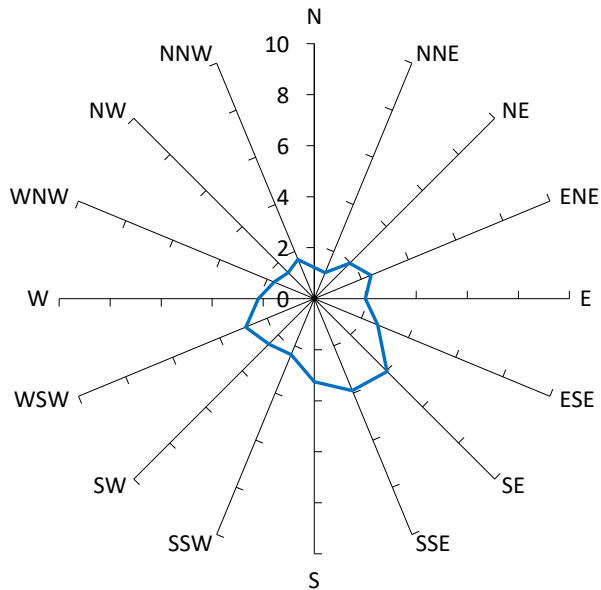
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

14

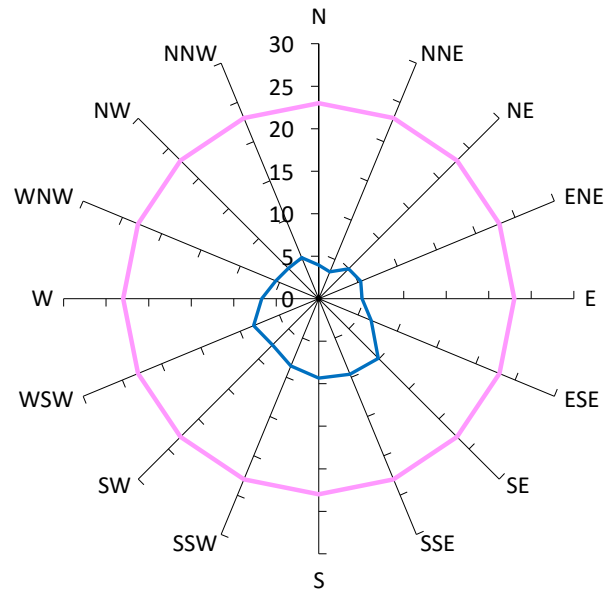
## Results for Point 94

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 5.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Short Exposure Activities (5.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

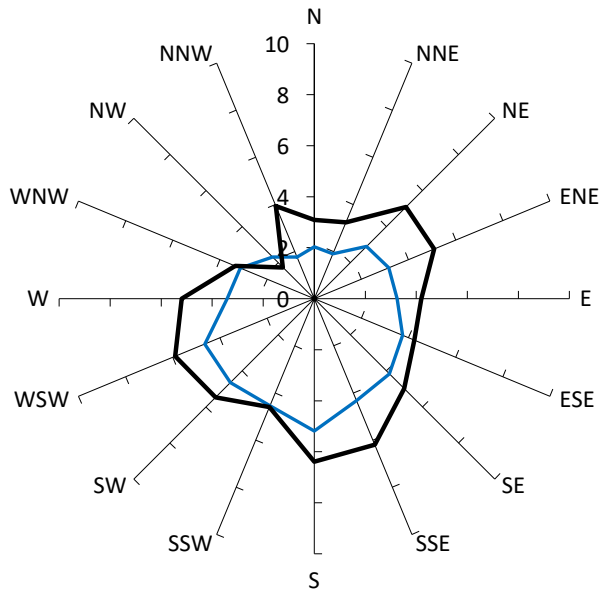
Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

10

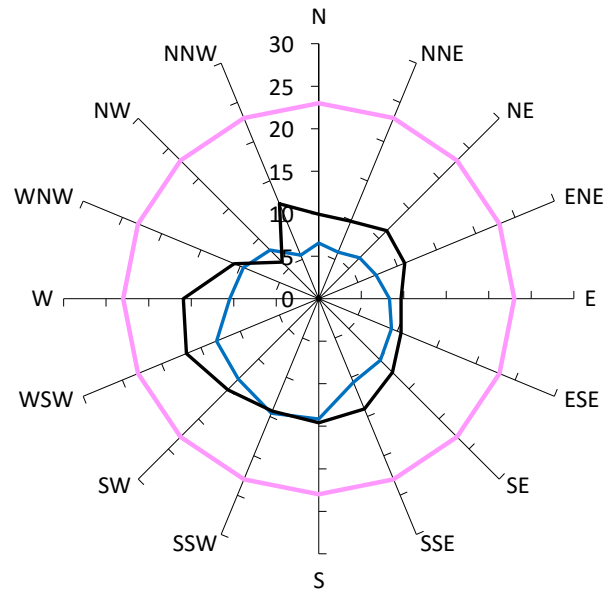
## Results for Point 95

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

15

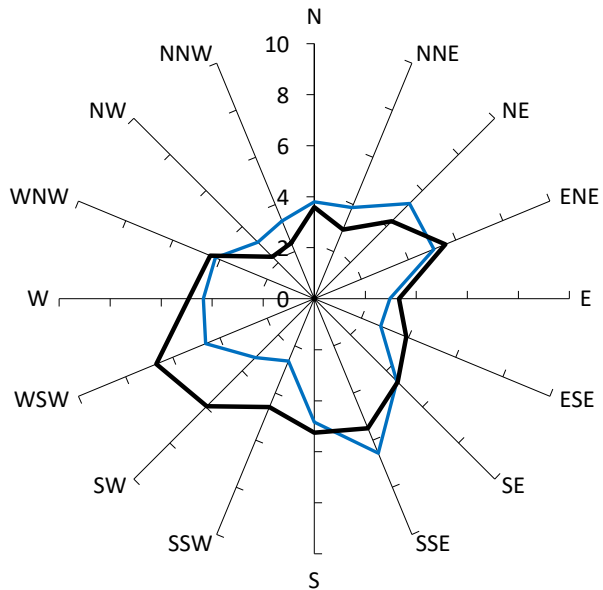
Existing scenario (P095)

2%

17

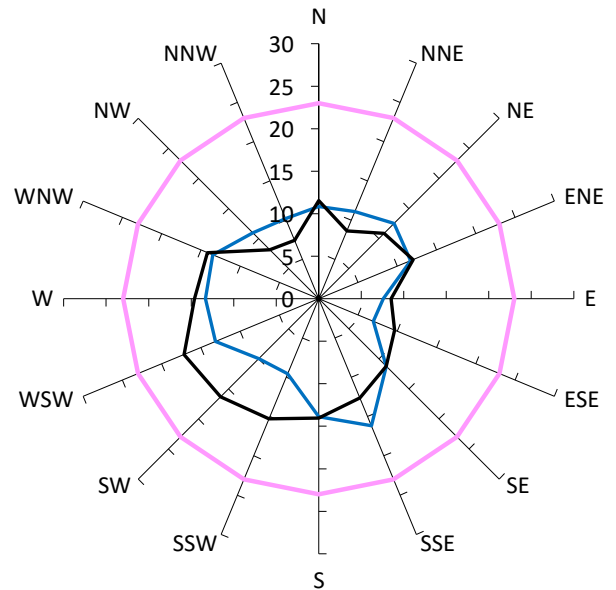
## Results for Point 96

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

16

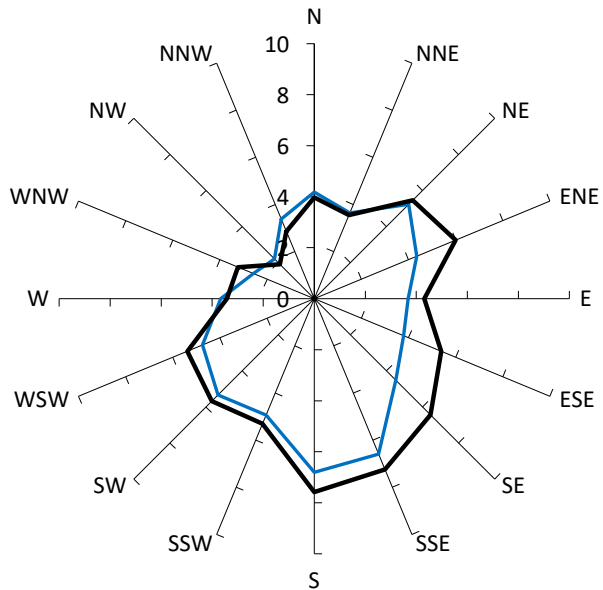
Existing scenario (P096)

2%

17

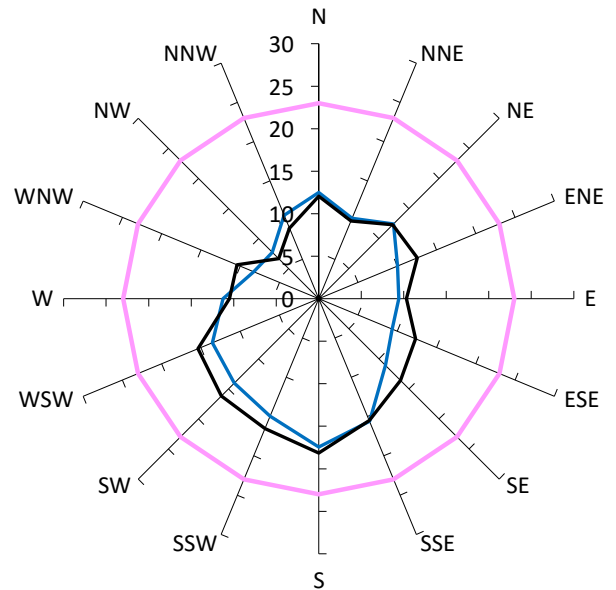
## Results for Point 97

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

2%

17

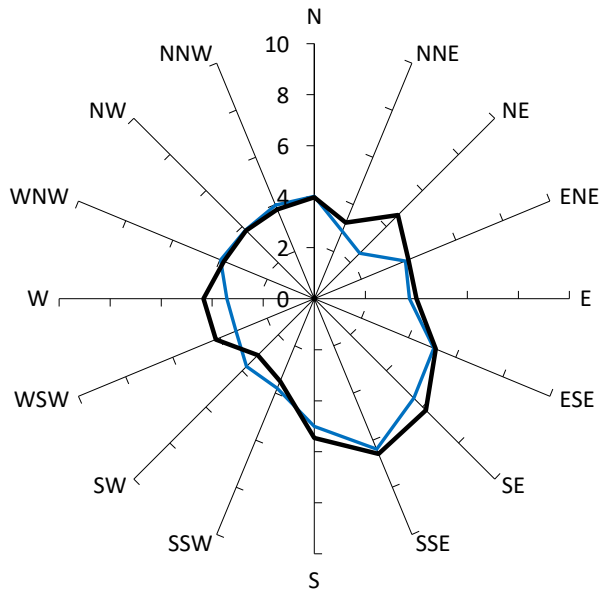
Existing scenario (P097)

4%

18

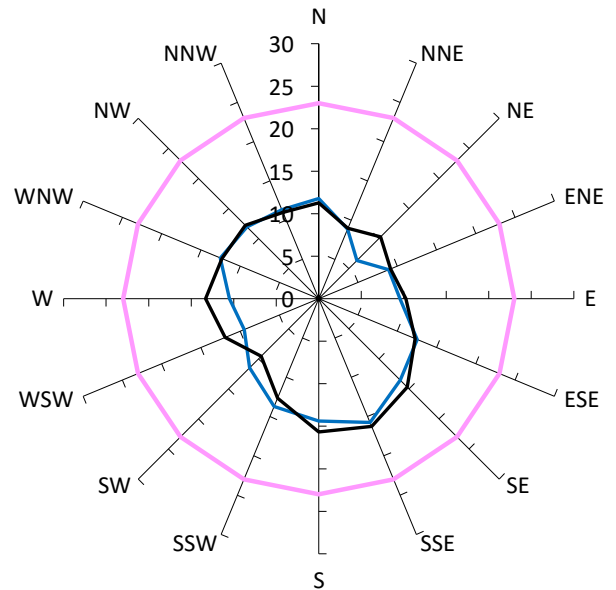
## Results for Point 98

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

16

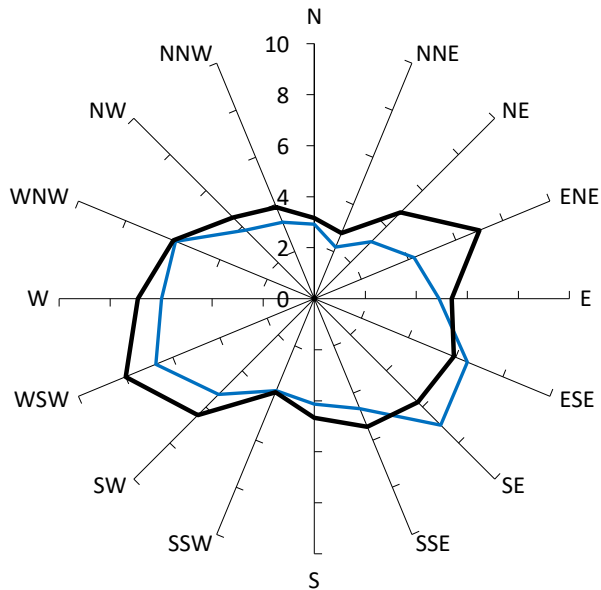
Existing scenario (P098)

1%

16

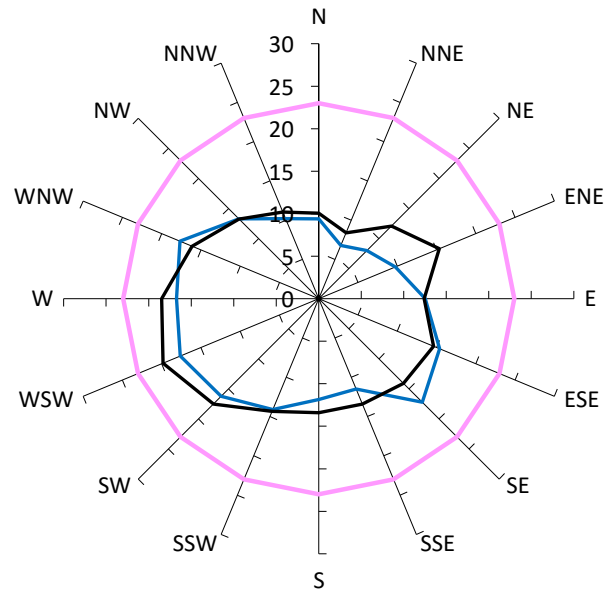
## Results for Point 99

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

3%

18

Existing scenario (P099)

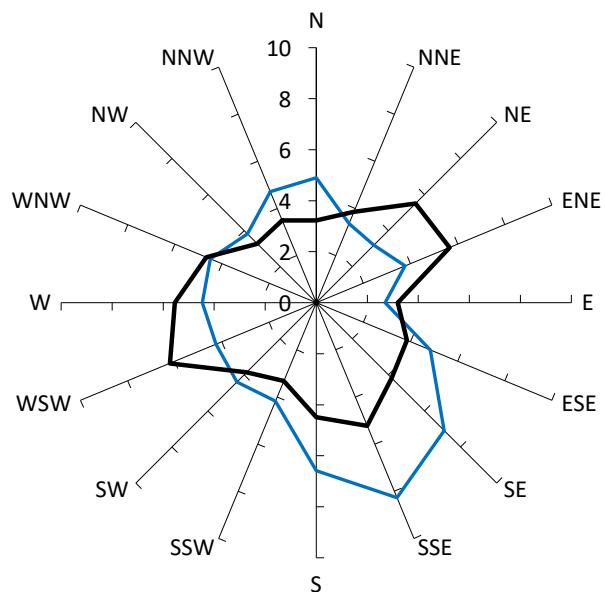
5%

20



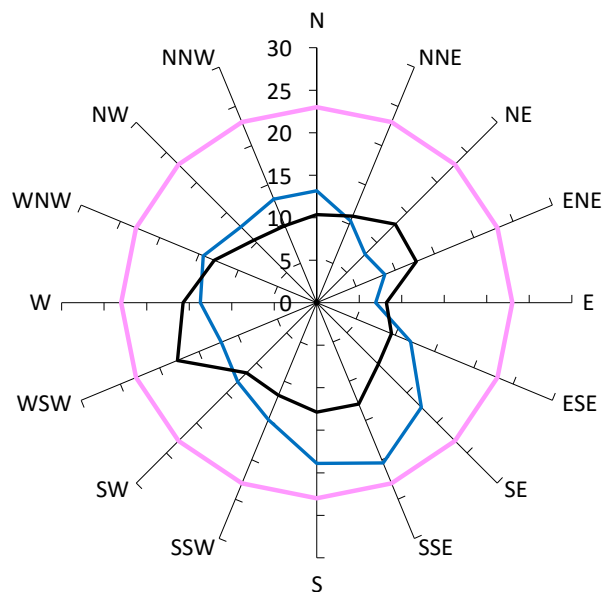
## Results for Point 100

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

4%

20

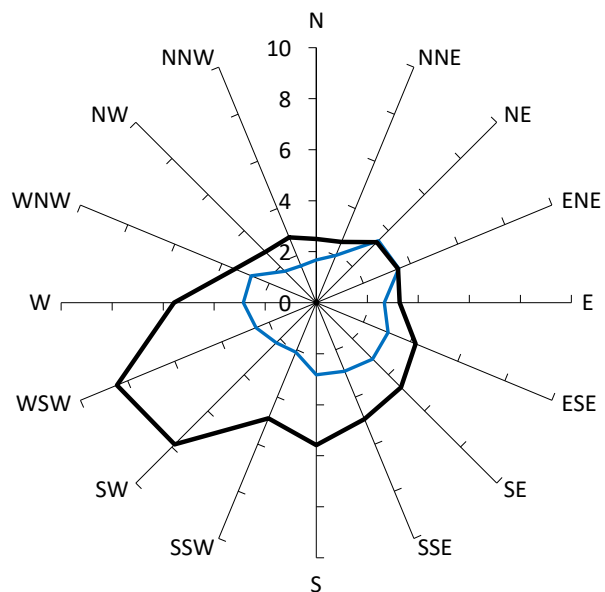
Existing scenario (P100)

1%

18

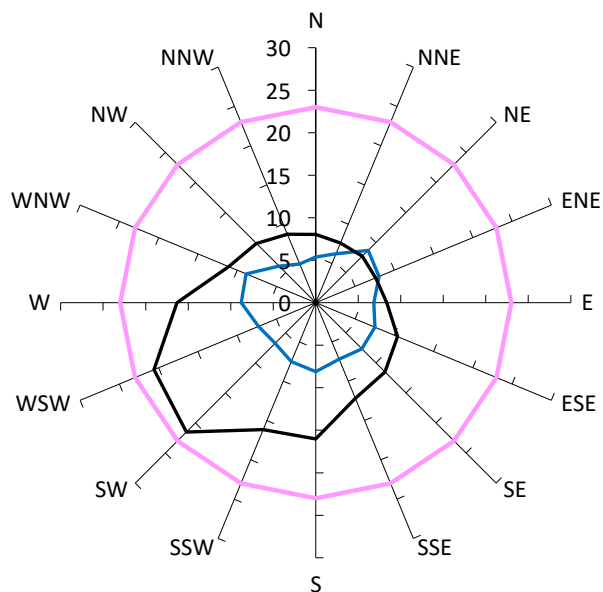
## Results for Point 101

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

9

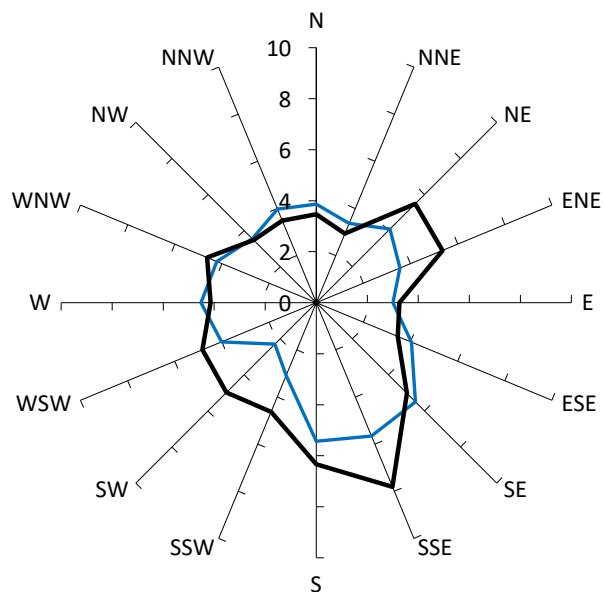
Existing scenario (P101)

4%

21

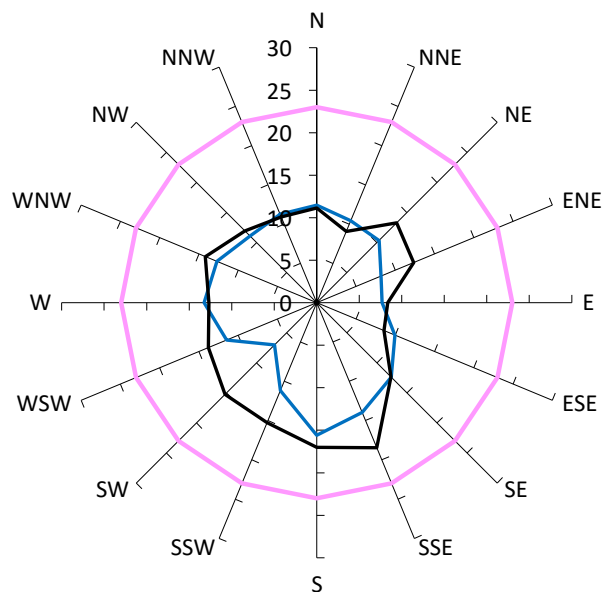
## Results for Point 102

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

1%

16

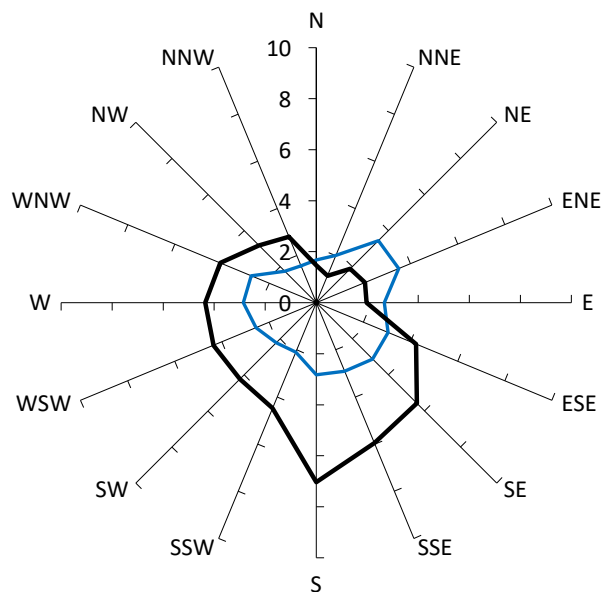
Existing scenario (P102)

3%

18

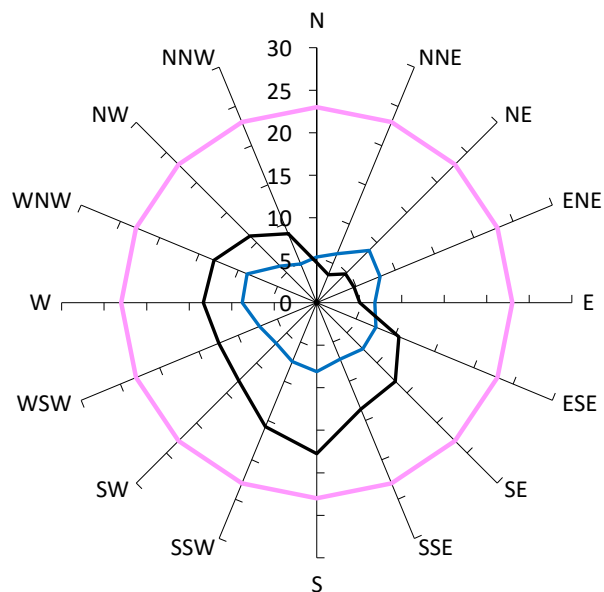
## Results for Point 103

### Gust Equivalent Mean (m/s)



Comfort Criteria: 7.5m/s with 5% probability of exceedence

### Maximum Gust (m/s)



Safety Limit: 23m/s

### Description

GEM Prob of  
Exceed %

Peak Gust m/s

Criterion: Comfortable Walking Activities (7.5m/s). Safety Limit (23m/s).

5%

23

Proposed scenario, no vegetation

0%

9

Existing scenario (P103)

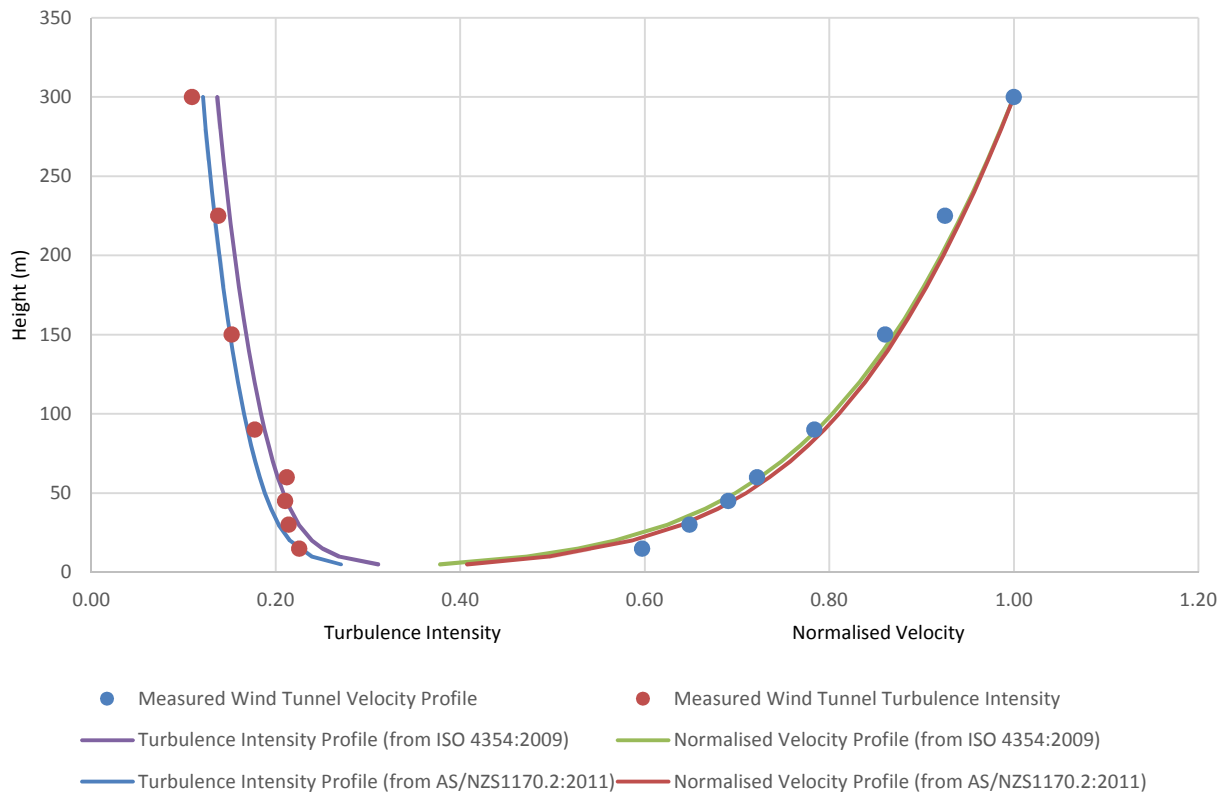
2%

18

## **APPENDIX D VELOCITY AND TURBULENCE INTENSITY PROFILES**

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### Mean Velocity and Turbulence Intensity for Suburban/Forest Terrain ( $0.2\text{m} < z_0 < 0.3\text{m}$ ) (TC3) at a 1:300 Scale



### Longitudinal Spectra Density for Suburban/Forest Terrain ( $0.2\text{m} < z_0 < 0.3\text{m}$ ) (TC3) at a 1:300 Scale

