



artefact

26 May 2025

Suzan Oktay  
Senior Development Manager LMT  
Homes NSW

Dear Suzan,

**Re: Aboriginal Heritage Due Diligence Report – 211A- 215 Harbour Drive, Coffs Harbour**

Artefact Heritage and Environment Pty Ltd (Artefact Heritage) have been engaged by Homes NSW (the proponent) to prepare an Aboriginal Due Diligence Report to accompany a State Significant Development Application (SSD-83294209) for the construction of affordable housing at 211A -215 Harbour Drive. Secretary's Environmental Assessment Requirements (SEARs) for the project were issued on 2 May 2025.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the principles of the *Due Diligence Code of Practice for the Protection of Aboriginal Objects in New South Wales* (Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water [DECCW] 2010a), hereafter the Due Diligence Code of Practice. The purpose of this report is to determine if Aboriginal objects are present, or are likely to be present, within the study area and advise whether further archaeological investigation, such as an Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report (ACHAR), is required to support the SSDA.

This report has been prepared by Katherine Douglas (Graduate Heritage Consultant, Artefact Heritage) and Sammuell Sammut (Senior Heritage Consultant, Artefact Heritage) with management input and review provided by Ryan Taddeucci (Principal, Artefact Heritage).

This Due Diligence found that there are no aboriginal objects or potential for Aboriginal objects within the study area and therefore an Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report (ACHAR) is not required.

If you have any queries regarding this due diligence, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours Sincerely

Katherine Douglas  
Graduate Heritage Consultant  
Artefact Heritage  
Suite 56, Jones Bay Wharf, 26-32 Pirrama Rd,  
Pyrmont NSW 2009  
Katherine.douglas@artefact.net.au

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Description of the study area

The study area (Figure 1) is defined as 211A-215 Harbour Drive, Coffs Harbour (Lot 15 Section 11 DP504105, Lot 14 DP516300, and Lot 100 DP1041655). It measures approximately 3,805m<sup>2</sup> and is located within the City of Coffs Harbour Local Government Area (LGA) and within the boundaries of the Coffs Harbour & District Local Aboriginal Land Council (LALC).

### 1.2 Proposed works

The proponent is proposing to develop the property known as 211A-215 Harbour Drive, Coffs Harbour into affordable in-fill housing. These works will include clearing the study area and constructing new residences.

### 1.3 Statutory framework

The *National Parks & Wildlife Act 1974* (the NPW Act) provides statutory protection for all 'Aboriginal objects' and 'Aboriginal Places' in NSW whereby it is an offence to damage, deface or destroy Aboriginal objects or places. The NPW Act defines an Aboriginal 'object' as:

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*any deposit, object or material evidence (not being a handicraft for sale) relating to indigenous and non-European habitation of the area that comprises New South Wales, being habitation before or concurrent with the occupation of that area by persons of non-Aboriginal European extraction and includes Aboriginal remains.*

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An 'Aboriginal place' is a place gazetted by the Minister, under the Section 84 of the NPW Act:

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*The Minister may, by order published in the Gazette, declare any place specified or described in the order, being a place that, in the opinion of the Minister, is or was of special significance with respect to Aboriginal culture, to be an Aboriginal place for the purposes of this Act.*

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The proponent has a lodged State Significant Development Application (SSDA) to obtain development consent for the proposed works. The Secretary's Environmental Assessment Requirements (SEARs) were issued on 2 May 2025 (SSD-83257708). Item 21 on the industry SEARs for affordable housing, stipulates that an initial assessment of the potential impacts to Aboriginal heritage be completed (Table 1).

To address the anticipated requirement of the project specific SEARs, the standards of the Due Diligence Code of Practice have been adapted to inform the initial assessment (this Due Diligence) of the likely impacts of the proposed works on Aboriginal heritage. If it is found through the Due Diligence process that Aboriginal heritage will or is likely to be harmed, then further investigation and an impact assessment will be required to prepare information about the types of objects and the nature of the harm. Therefore, this Due Diligence will determine if additional assessment in the form of an Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report (ACHAR) is required.

**Table 1: Item 21 of industry SEARs for in-fill Affordable housing**

SEAR	Supporting Documentation
<p><b>21. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Where there is known, or reasonably likely, to be Aboriginal cultural heritage on or near the site demonstrate that impacts have been adequately investigated and assessed by:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Identifying that an appropriate prior planning process has already considered these impacts, e.g. a rezoning or development application, or</li><li>○ Providing an initial assessment of the potential impacts.</li></ul></li><li>• If potential impacts are significant, provide an Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report (ACHAR) which:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Identifies, describes and assesses any impacts to Aboriginal cultural heritage sites or values associated with the site.</li><li>○ Is prepared in accordance with relevant guidelines.</li></ul></li></ul>	<p>If required:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report</li></ul>

Figure 1: Study area



## 2.0 DESKTOP ASSESSMENT

### 2.1 Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS) search

**NOTE: The location of Aboriginal sites is considered culturally sensitive information. It is advised that this information, including the AHIMS data appearing on the heritage map for the proposal be removed from this report if it is to enter the public domain.**

A search of the Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS) database (Client ID: 992275) was completed on 3 April 2025 for a search area measuring approximately 3km by 2km surrounding the study area (Figure 2). The parameters of this search were:

GDA 1994 MGA 56



A total of 35 registered Aboriginal sites were identified within the search area (Table 2). There were no Aboriginal sites registered within the study area. The closest AHIMS site identified in the search area is AHIMS ID 22-1-0221 an isolated artefact located approximately 490m southeast of the study area.

The majority of the registered AHIMS sites (n=16 45.7%) are characterised as 'artefacts', followed by Aboriginal Ceremony and Dreaming features (n=7, 20%). Aboriginal Ceremony and Dreaming features are not Aboriginal objects and are therefore not protected under the NPW Act. The AHIMS database records sites using a list of twenty standard site features, of which eight were found within the extensive search (OEH, 2012) summarised in Table 3.

The nature and location of registered sites reflects past Aboriginal occupation from which they derive, but is also influence by historical land-use, and the nature and extent of previous archaeological investigations. Bias is introduced to site distribution due to the nature of surrounding development projects. Absence of sites in certain areas of the landscape based on AHIMS data is more indicative of lower levels of development in those areas, as opposed to a lack of Aboriginal sites. The majority of the registered sites on the AHIMS database in the search area are concentrated in proximity to and along the waterways of Coffs Creek and Coffs Harbour beaches, where retained bushland and minimal historical disturbance has occurred, therefore preserving Aboriginal sites.

**Table 2: Frequency of site features in AHIMS search results**

Site Features	Frequency	Percentage %
Aboriginal Ceremony and Dreaming	7	20
Artefact	16	45.7
Shell, Artefact	2	5.7
Shell	1	2.9
Burial	2	5.7
Habitation Structure	1	2.9
Potential Archaeological Deposit (PAD); Artefact	1	2.9

Site Features	Frequency	Percentage %
Stone Quarry, Artefact	1	2.9
Potential Archaeological Deposit (PAD)	3	8.6
Modified Tree (Carved or Scarred)	1	2.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>100%</b>

**Table 3: Descriptions of AHIMS standard site features visible in the AHIMS search area**

Site Types	Definition
Aboriginal Ceremony and Dreaming	Previously referred to as mythological sites these are spiritual/ story places where no physical evidence of previous use of the place may occur, e.g. natural unmodified landscape features, ceremonial or spiritual areas, men's/ women's sites, dreaming (creation) tracks, marriage places etc
Artefact	Object such as stone tools, and associated flaked material, spears, manuports, grindstones, discarded stone flakes, modified glass or shell demonstrating evidence of use of the area by Aboriginal people
Shell	An accumulation or deposit of shellfish from beach, estuarine, lacustrine or riverine species resulting from Aboriginal gathering and consumption. Usually found in deposits previously referred to as shell middens. Must be found in association with other objects like stone tools, fish bones, charcoal, fireplaces/ hearths, and burials. Will vary greatly in size and components.
Burial	A traditional or contemporary (post-contact) burial of an Aboriginal person, which may occur outside designated cemeteries and may not be marked, e.g. in caves, marked by stone cairns, in sand areas, along creek banks etc.
Habitation Structure	Structures constructed by Aboriginal people for short or long term. More temporary structures are commonly preserved away from the NSW coastline, may include historic camps of contemporary significance. Smaller structures may make use of natural materials such as branches, logs and bark sheets or manufactured materials such as corrugated iron to form shelters. Archaeological remains of a former structure such as chimney/fireplace, raised earth building platform, excavated pits, rubble mounds etc.
Potential Archaeological Deposit (PAD)	An area where Aboriginal objects may occur below the ground surface.
Stone Quarry	Usually a source of good quality stone which is quarried and used for the production of stone tools.
Modified Tree (Carved or Scarred)	Trees which show the marks of modification as a result of cutting of bark from the trunk for use in the production of shields, canoes, boomerangs, burial shrouds, for medicinal purposes, foot holds etc, or alternately intentional carving of the heartwood of the tree to form a permanent marker to indicate ceremonial use/ significance of a nearby area, again these carvings may also act as territorial or burial markers.

Figure 2: AHIMS extensive search

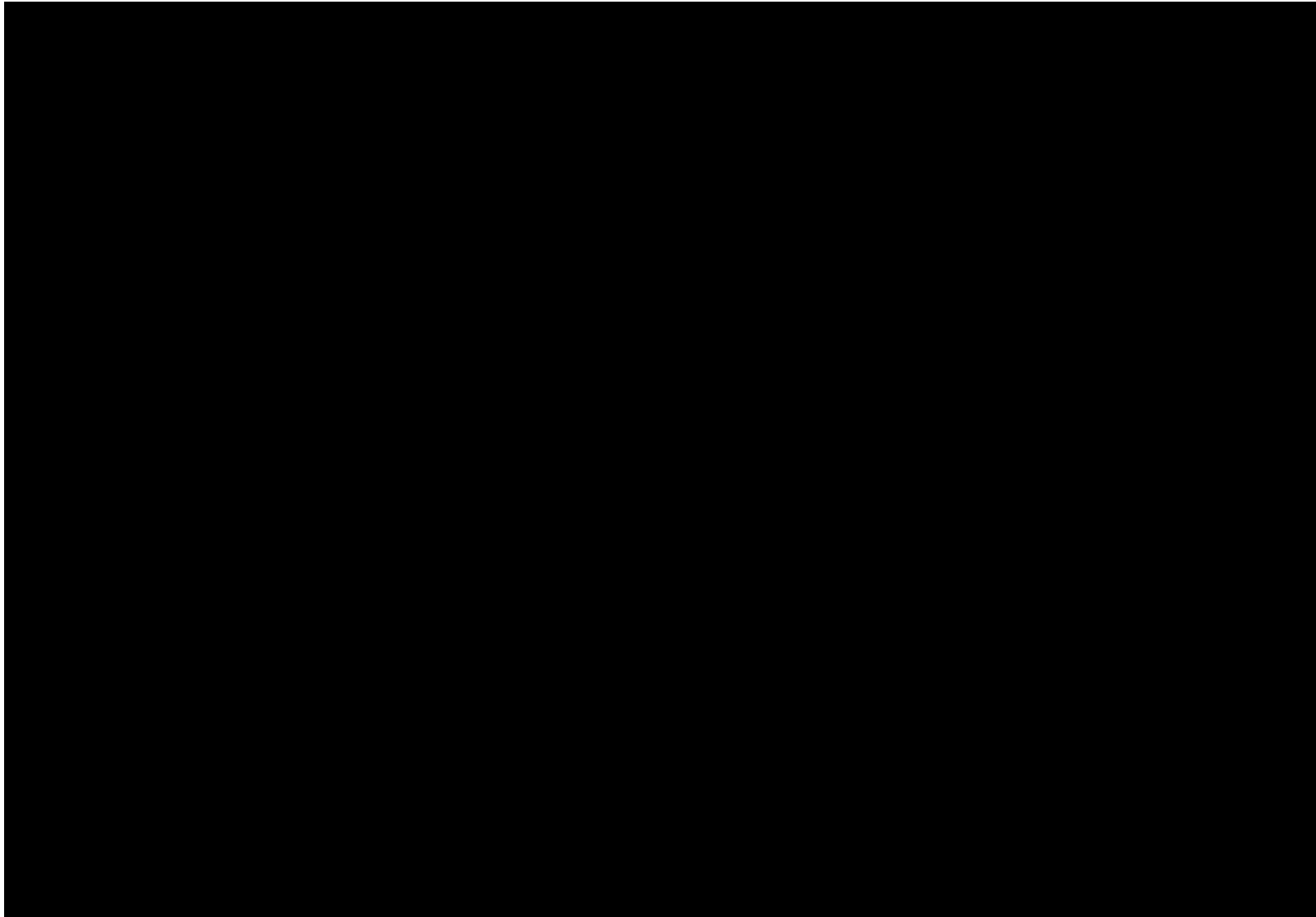
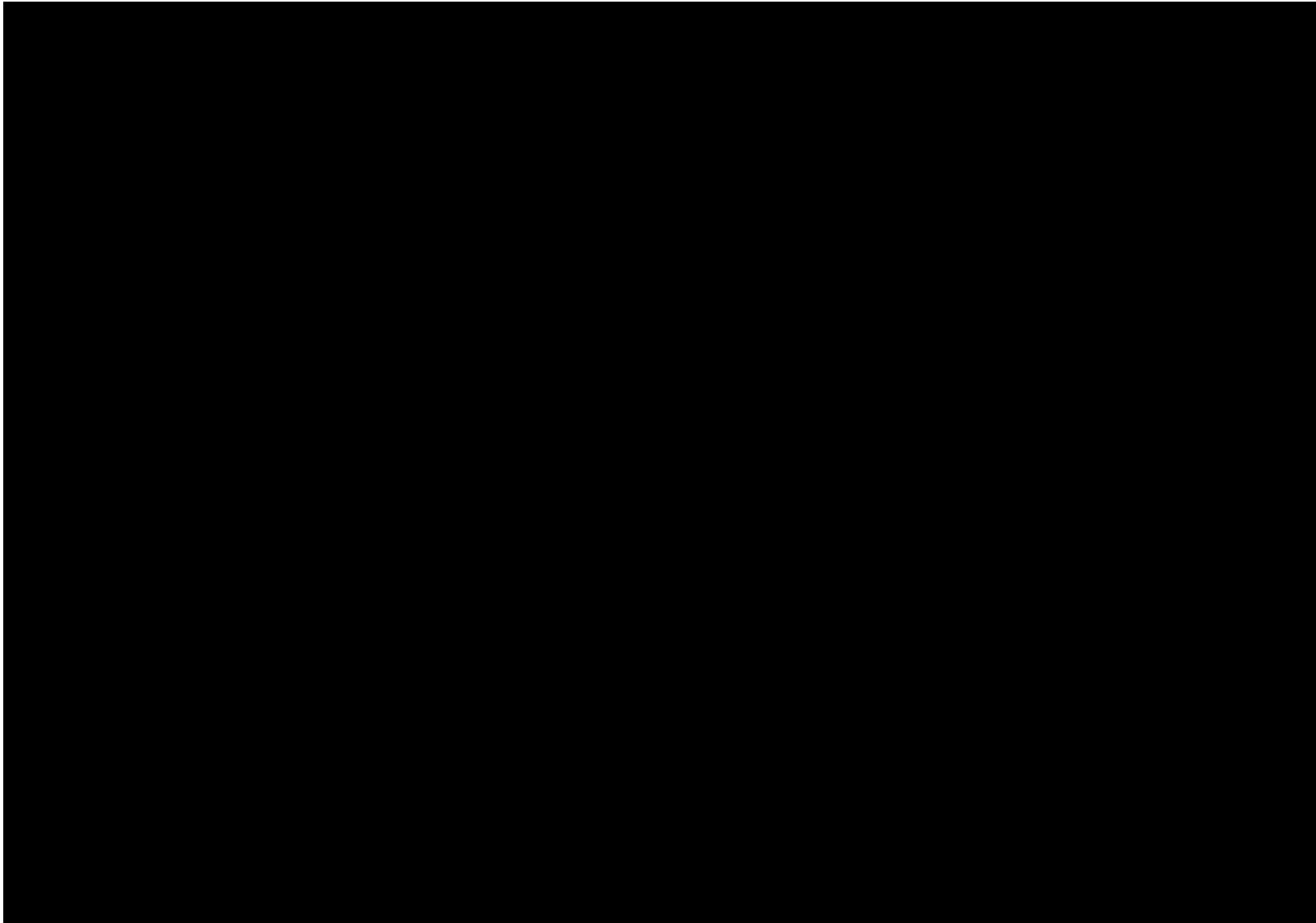


Figure 3: AHIMS detail search



## 2.2 Landscape features that indicate the presence of Aboriginal objects

Aboriginal objects are often associated with particular landscape features as a result of Aboriginal people's use of those features in their everyday lives and for traditional cultural activities. Therefore, it is likely that Aboriginal objects will be present on land that is:

- Within 200m of water, or
- Located within a sand dune system, or
- Located on a ridge top, ridge line, or headland, or
- Located within 200m below or above a cliff face, or
- Within 20m of or in a cave, rock shelter, or cave mouth

and is on land that has not been subject to human activity that has changed the lands surface, in a clear and observable manner.

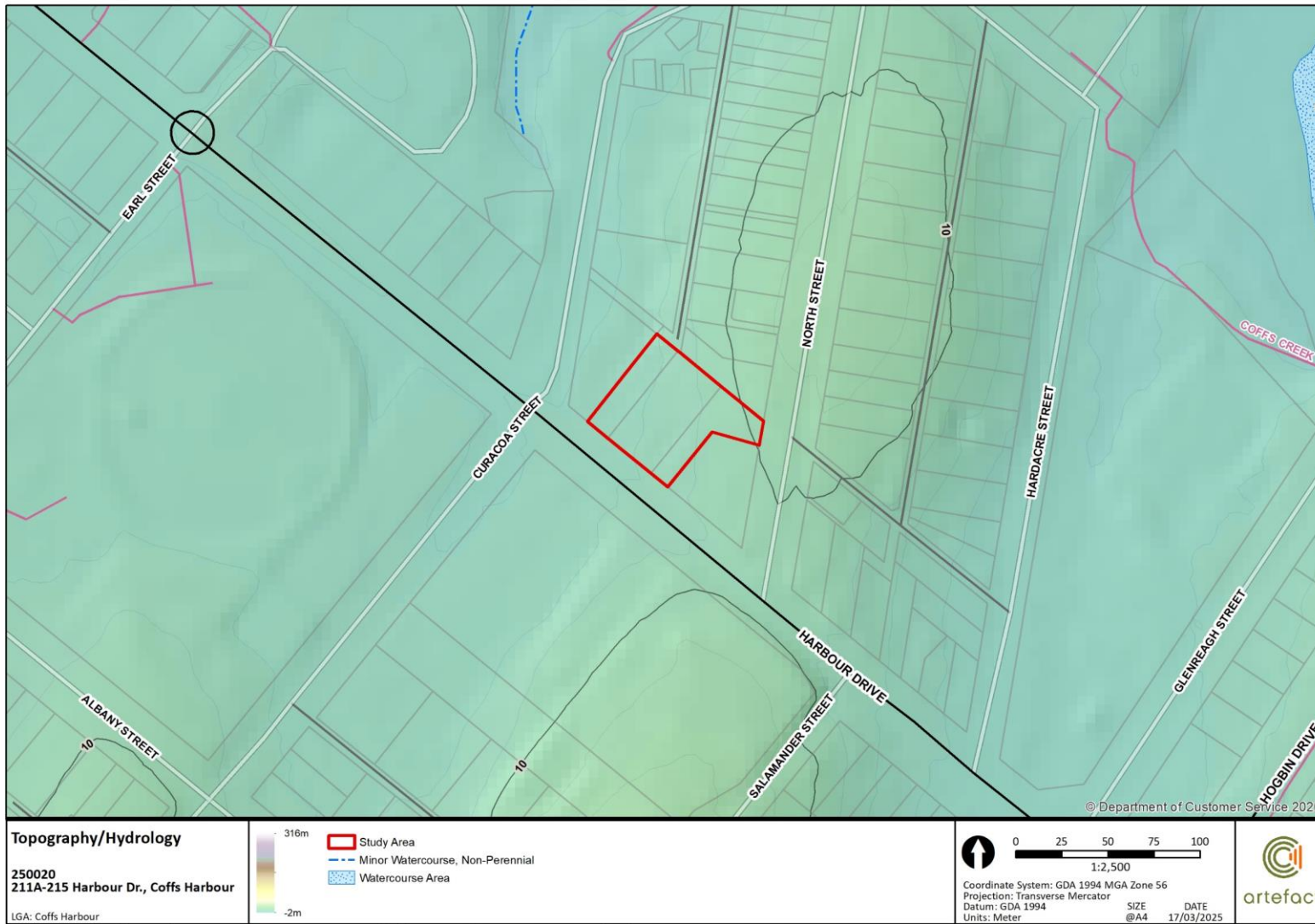
### 2.2.1 Hydrology and landform

The study area is situated on the mid-portion of a gentle slope that grades upwards towards the southeast (Figure 4). The landform appears to have been subjected to regarding and modification in some areas, potentially as a result of previous development on the site (Figure 5 to Figure 9). The study area is approximately 130 metres southeast of a minor non-perennial watercourse Carralls Gully. Coffs Creek, a major watercourse in the area that drains out into the Pacific Ocean, is approximately 320m east of the study area. Due to modification of the landform the potential for Aboriginal objects to be present in the study area is limited.

### 2.2.2 Historic land disturbance

There are limited available historic aerial images for the Coffs Harbour region, with the majority of available images coming from the latter half of the twentieth century. The earliest available aerial photograph of the study area comes from 1969 (Figure 5) and demonstrates that structures were present within the lots known as 211A and 213 Harbour Drive by this time and these structures appear to take up significant portions of their respective lots. A smaller structure appears in the northeast corner of 215 Harbour Drive, but much of the remaining portion of the property appears undeveloped at this time. The study area appeared to have remained generally unaltered between 1969 and 1974 (Figure 6); however, by 1989 (Figure 7), the structure that was formerly extant in the northeast corner of 215 Harbour Drive appears to have been demolished. Following this, the study area remained until some point between 2004 and 2010 (Figure 8 and Figure 9) when the remain structures present on the site were demolished. Due to this previous disturbance across the site, the potential for Aboriginal objects to be present in the study area is limited.

Figure 4: Topography and Hydrology of the study area



Document Path: C:\Users\MDouglas\OneDrive - Artefact Heritage Services Pty Ltd\GIS\Mapping\250020 HAFF LMT PrelimCA\MXD\250020\_CoffsHarbour\_TopoHydro\_v1\_100325.mxd

Figure 5: 1969 aerial photograph



Figure 6: 1974 aerial photograph



Figure 7: 1989 aerial photograph



Figure 8: 2004 aerial photograph



Figure 9: 2010 aerial photograph



### 3.0 VISUAL INSPECTION

A visual inspection of the study area was undertaken by Samuel Sammut (Senior Heritage Consultant, Artefact Heritage) and Katherine Douglas (Graduate Heritage Consultant, Artefact Heritage) on 2 April 2025. Conditions were cloudy with light rain and were acceptable for the visual inspection.

The study area is significantly disturbed and showed evidence of removal of potential artefact bearing residual soils. Varying levels of ground disturbance have taken place within the study area. This includes the construction of residential buildings (Figure 5) which are no longer extant on the property and the installation of associated services. Some cement was partially visible on the property (Figure 21), mostly obscured by grass cover indicating that additional foundational remains may still be present on the site further impacting the natural soil profile. Cuts into the landscape and the extant vegetation coincide with the location of the previous buildings and landscaping on the property.

Existing fence lines visible on the Lot 100 boundary of the study area and the concrete foundation to the north of the curtilage of the current heritage listed site 'former courthouse and police station' are evidence of continued occupation and disturbance to the northeast portion of the study area. This disturbance is separate to the visible buildings works in 1969 onwards towards the west of the property.

Three mature trees were located to the north of the property revealed no evidence of cultural modification or scarring (Figure 16). Additional vegetation to the southeast of the study area was identified as recent landscaping and introduced trees.

Patches of ground visibility were identified within grassed areas, where clay (Figure 18) and imported gravels was observed. Disturbance to the site will have removed the natural soil profiles, therefore, the soils present within the study area are unlikely to contain subsurface Aboriginal artefacts.

**Figure 10: View west of property access from North Street**



**Figure 11: View west of property, extant fences and building foundation visible.**



**Figure 12: view northeast from Harbour Drive Road. Ranging pole to indicate gentle downward slope of the property**



**Figure 13: View east of cut and fill of the slope between Lot 15 and 100 indicating landscape modification and levelling**



**Figure 14: Indication of subsurface works at the north of the study area**



**Figure 15: View south of introduced vegetation on the property (view towards Harbour Drive Road)**



**Figure 16: View northwest of mature tree and visible soil profile along the study area boundary**



**Figure 17: View northwest of hole indicating subsurface works**



**Figure 18: View to Harbour Drive Road indicating exposed clay and introduced gravels**



**Figure 19: Exposed clay towards the Harbour Drive lot 15 entrance of the property**



**Figure 20: View of additional cuts and modifications to the landscape slope from the northwest corner of the property**



**Figure 21: View of subsurface remnant potential building foundations**



## 4.0 SUMMARY

### 4.1 Outcome of desktop assessment and visual inspection

The study area is within 200 metres of a minor non-perennial watercourse. No AHIMS sites were found on the AHIMS database within the study area. No Aboriginal objects were identified within the study area during the visual inspection.

The study area is located on a slope that shows signs of modification from the structures that previously existed on the site. This modification, which involved cuts and fill into the slope in some areas, indicates ground disturbance across the site. In addition, visual inspection noted markers of subsurface works across the study area. As a result of this disturbance, it is unlikely that Aboriginal objects will be present in the study area.

Landscape Feature	Presence in study area
Within 200m of water	<b>Yes.</b> The study area is approximately 130 metres southeast of a minor non-perennial watercourse Carralls Gully. Coffs Creek is approximately 320m away.
Located within a sand dune system	<b>No.</b> From topographic and hydrological mapping no sand dune is located within or surrounding the study area.
Located on a ridge top, ridge line, or headland	<b>No.</b> The study area is not located on a ridge top, ridge line or headland.
Located within 200m below of a cliff face	<b>No.</b> The study area is not located within 200m of a cliff face.
Within 20m of or in a cave, rock shelter, or cave mouth (Environment 2010)	<b>No.</b> No caves, rock shelters, or cave mouths are known to exist within 20m of the study area.
Is on disturbed land – Land is disturbed if it has been the subject of a human activity that has changed the land’s surface, being changes that remain clear and observable.	<b>Yes.</b> The study area signs clear observable evidence of modification from historic construction of structures.

## 4.2 Outcome of Due Diligence

The Due Diligence Code of Practice provides a series of questions that must be answered to determine the outcome of the due diligence process. These questions are addressed in Table 4.

**Table 4: Due Diligence questions and responses**

Question	Answer	Comment
Will the activity disturb the ground surface or any culturally modified trees	<b>Yes</b>	The works include the clearance of remaining site structures and construction of in-fill affordable housing.
Are there any: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Confirmed AHIMS records</li> <li>Other sources of information</li> <li>Landscape features</li> </ul>	<b>No</b>	There are no AHIMS sites registered within the project area. Due to observable disturbance which has modified the natural landform, there are no identified landscape features associated with Aboriginal objects within the study area. No additional sources of information are known to indicate that Aboriginal objects are likely to be present in the study area.
Can harm to Aboriginal objects be avoided	<b>Yes</b>	No Aboriginal objects are likely to be present within the study area. Therefore, harm to Aboriginal objects is unlikely.
Does a desktop assessment and visual inspection confirm the presence of Aboriginal objects, or that they are likely to be there	<b>No</b>	The desktop assessment and visual inspection indicates that the study area has been subject to significant levels of disturbance. It is considered unlikely that Aboriginal objects are present within the study area.
Is further assessment required	<b>No</b>	Works may proceed with caution. Aboriginal objects encountered as unexpected finds remain protected under the <i>National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974</i> . Where Aboriginal objects are encountered archaeological assessment will be required.

## 5.0 CONCLUSION

The following conclusions and recommendations regarding Aboriginal heritage are based on consideration of:

- Statutory requirements under the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974* as amended
- DECCW Due Diligence Code of Practice
- The results of the AHIMS search and visual inspection
- The likely impacts of the proposed development

It was found that:

- The study area has been subject to significant disturbance
- No Aboriginal objects were observed on the ground surface
- No area of archaeological sensitivity have been identified in the study area

The following recommendations are therefore made:

- The study area does not contain and is not likely to contain any Aboriginal objects. It is recommended that no further Aboriginal heritage assessment or investigation is required. Therefore, the preparation of an ACHAR is not required, and the proposed works can proceed with caution subject to the stop-work procedure identified below.
- It is advised that this Due Diligence does not constitute consent to harm Aboriginal objects, nor it is a 'site clearance' mechanism to allow activities to occur in an area where Aboriginal objects are likely or known to be present. If Aboriginal objects are discovered during the proposed works, works must stop immediately and an assessment must be undertaken in accordance with Part 6 of the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974*. It is recommended that a stop-work procedure be developed to allow proper assessment and management of any unexpected Aboriginal objects. A sufficiently experienced and qualified archaeologist should be engaged immediately to address the unexpected find and advise of further actions.

## 6.0 References

Department of Environment, Climate Change & Water. 2010. 'Due Diligence Code of Practice for Archaeological Investigations of Aboriginal Objects in New South Wales'.

## APPENDIX A: AHIMS EXTENSIVE SEARCH



### AHIMS Web Services (AWS) Extensive search - Site list report

Your Ref/PO Number : 250020 - Coffs Harbour

Client Service ID : 992275

SiteID	SiteName	Datum	Zone	Easting	Northing	Context	Site Status **	SiteFeatures	SiteTypes	Reports
22-1-0039	Coffs Harbour Contemporary Aboriginal Camp Site	AGD	56	511520	6648300	Open site	Valid	Aboriginal Ceremony and Dreaming :-		1746,98702
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Permits</b>		
	<b>Recorders</b> Ray Kelly									
22-1-0080	Corambirra Stone Tool Workshop;	AGD	56	513400	6646380	Open site	Valid	Artefact :-	Open Camp Site	
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Permits</b>		
	<b>Recorders</b> Mrs.Lisa Southgate									
22-1-0015	Coffs Harbour Aerodrome;Coffs Harbour;	AGD	56	511500	6645500	Open site	Valid	Shell :-, Artefact :-	Midden	98161
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Permits</b>		
	<b>Recorders</b> George England									
22-1-0017	North Coffs Island, Muttonbird Island	AGD	56	514300	6647600	Open site	Valid	Aboriginal Ceremony and Dreaming :-	Natural Mythological (Ritual)	
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Permits</b>		
	<b>Recorders</b> Harry Creamer									
22-1-0018	South Coffs Island;Coffs Harbour;	GDA	56	514057	6646639	Open site	Valid	Aboriginal Ceremony and Dreaming :-	Natural Mythological (Ritual)	101054
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Permits</b>		
	<b>Recorders</b> Ray Kelly,Mr.Richard Kelly,Artefact Heritage and Environment - Pymont,Mr.Jonat									
22-1-0028	Coffs Harbour;	AGD	56	513400	6647500	Open site	Valid	Shell :-, Artefact :-	Midden	
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Permits</b>		
	<b>Recorders</b> Miss.Marjorie Sullivan									
22-1-0129	HJB-OS1	AGD	56	509780	6645540	Open site	Valid	Artefact : 2		
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Permits</b>		
	<b>Recorders</b> Mr.John Appleton									
22-1-0140	CHSS-7	GDA	56	513509	6646555	Open site	Valid	Shell :-		
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Permits</b>		
	<b>Recorders</b> Ms.Jacqueline Collins,Artefact Heritage and Environment - Pymont,Mr.Jonathan B									
22-1-0141	CHSS-5	AGD	56	512780	6648730	Open site	Valid	Artefact : 1		98702
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Permits</b>		
	<b>Recorders</b> Ms.Jacqueline Collins									
22-1-0221	Hogbin Drive Extension 1	AGD	56	511724	6647224	Open site	Valid	Artefact :-		100056,101089
	<b>Contact</b> Searle							<b>Permits</b>	2449,2506	
	<b>Recorders</b> Mr.Mark Flanders									
22-1-0223	South Coffs -A2	AGD	56	509435	6645525	Open site	Valid	Artefact :-		
	<b>Contact</b> Searle							<b>Permits</b>		
	<b>Recorders</b> Ms.Jacqueline Collins									
22-1-0160	Brodie Drive	AGD	56	512170	6648150	Open site	Valid	Artefact : 1		
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Permits</b>		
	<b>Recorders</b> Mr.Mark Flanders									
22-1-0226	Hogbin Drive Extension North	AGD	56	512457	6648327	Open site	Valid	Artefact : 3		100056,100159,100168
	<b>Contact</b> Searle							<b>Permits</b>	2506	
	<b>Recorders</b> Mr.Mark Flanders									
22-1-0227	Life House	GDA	56	509079	6646650	Open site	Partially Destroyed	Artefact :-		
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Permits</b>	4696	
	<b>Recorders</b> Mr.Mark Flanders,Everick Heritage Pty Ltd,Mr.Matthew Finlayson									
22-1-0300	Custodian Burial - Clybucca	AGD	56	512470	6647610	Open site	Valid	Burial : 1		
	<b>Contact</b> T Russell							<b>Permits</b>		
	<b>Recorders</b> Vic Buchanan									

Report generated by AHIMS Web Service on 03/04/2025 for Katherine Douglas for the following area at Datum :GDA, Zone : 56, Eastings : 508580.0 - 514535.0, Northings : 6645647.0 - 6649959.0 with a Buffer of 0 meters.. Number of Aboriginal sites and Aboriginal objects found is 35

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**AHIMS Web Services (AWS)**  
Extensive search - Site list report

Your Ref/PO Number : 250020 - Coffs Harbour  
Client Service ID : 992275

SiteID	SiteName	Datum	Zone	Easting	Northing	Context	Site Status **	SiteFeatures	SiteTypes	Reports
22-1-0295	btshelter	GDA	56	511939	6648212	Open site	Not a Site	Habitation Structure :-		
	<b>Contact</b> Searle							<b>Recorders</b> Mr.Emmanuel Fewquandie		
								<b>Permits</b>		
22-1-0309	Coffs Creek 1	AGD	56	512607	6647344	Open site	Partially Destroyed	Aboriginal Ceremony and Dreaming :-		102584
	<b>Contact</b> T Russell							<b>Recorders</b> Mr.Steve Hart		
								<b>Permits</b> 3494,3495		
22-1-0310	Coffs Creek 2	GDA	56	512201	6647846	Open site	Partially Destroyed	Aboriginal Ceremony and Dreaming :-		102584
	<b>Contact</b> T Russell							<b>Recorders</b> Mr.Steve Hart,Mr.Peter Saad		
								<b>Permits</b> 3494,3495		
22-1-0311	Coffs Creek 3	AGD	56	512605	6647345	Open site	Valid	Aboriginal Ceremony and Dreaming :-		
	<b>Contact</b> T Russell							<b>Recorders</b> Mr.Steve Hart		
								<b>Permits</b>		
22-1-0351	Le-Pad 2	GDA	56	508893	6647940	Open site	Partially Destroyed	Potential Archaeological Deposit (PAD) :- Artefact :-		101274
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Recorders</b> Ms.Jacqueline Collins,Everick Heritage Pty Ltd,Mr.Matthew Finlayson		
								<b>Permits</b>		
22-1-0340	Dunhill-Stone Quarrie	GDA	56	513287	6646822	Open site	Valid	Stone Quarry :- Artefact :-		
	<b>Contact</b> Mr.Steve Hart							<b>Recorders</b> Mr.Steve Hart,Artefact Heritage and Environment - Pymont,Artefact Heritage and		
								<b>Permits</b>		
22-1-0398	Coffs Creek PAD	GDA	56	512190	6647839	Open site	Partially Destroyed	Potential Archaeological Deposit (PAD) : 1		102584
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Recorders</b> Umwelt (Australia) Pty Limited - Individual users		
								<b>Permits</b> 3494,3495		
18-1-0028	Halls Road 1	GDA	56	509072	6647557	Closed site	Destroyed	Artefact :-		
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Recorders</b> Everick Heritage Pty Ltd,Everick Heritage Pty Ltd,Everick Heritage Pty Ltd,Mr.Tim		
								<b>Permits</b> 4107		
14-1-0003	Halls Road 2	GDA	56	509085	6647489	Closed site	Destroyed	Artefact :-		
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Recorders</b> Everick Heritage Pty Ltd,Everick Heritage Pty Ltd,Everick Heritage Pty Ltd,Mr.Tim		
								<b>Permits</b> 4107		
14-1-0004	Halls Road 3	GDA	56	509107	6647441	Closed site	Destroyed	Artefact :-		
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Recorders</b> Everick Heritage Pty Ltd,Everick Heritage Pty Ltd,Everick Heritage Pty Ltd,Mr.Tim		
								<b>Permits</b> 4107		
22-1-0489	PR REID DRIVE ONE	GDA	56	510124	6646711	Open site	Valid	Artefact :-		
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Recorders</b> Ms.nat redman		
								<b>Permits</b>		
22-1-0518	repatriation burial	GDA	56	513723	6647723	Open site	Valid	Burial :-		
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Recorders</b> NPWS- Coffs Coast,Mr.Damiean Kennedy,Coffs Harbour City Council - cnr Coff and		
								<b>Permits</b>		
22-1-0530	Park Beach Reserve	GDA	56	513256	6648555	Open site	Valid	Artefact :-		
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Recorders</b> Coffs Harbour City Council - cnr Coff and Castle Streets,Mr.Marten Bouma		
								<b>Permits</b>		
22-1-0579	Coffs Jetty South East	GDA	56	514057	6646639	Open site	Valid	Aboriginal Ceremony and Dreaming :-		
	<b>Contact</b>							<b>Recorders</b> Artefact Heritage and Environment - Pymont,Coffs Harbour City Council - cnr Coff		
								<b>Permits</b>		

Report generated by AHIMS Web Service on 03/04/2025 for Katherine Douglas for the following area at Datum :GDA, Zone : 56, Eastings : 508580.0 - 514535.0, Northings : 6645647.0 - 6649959.0 with a Buffer of 0 meters.. Number of Aboriginal sites and Aboriginal objects found is 35

This information is not guaranteed to be free from error omission. Heritage NSW and its employees disclaim liability for any act done or omission made on the information and consequences of such acts or omission.



**AHIMS Web Services (AWS)**  
Extensive search - Site list report

Your Ref/PO Number : 250020 - Coffs Harbour  
Client Service ID : 992275

SiteID	SiteName	Datum	Zone	Eastings	Northing	Context	Site Status **	SiteFeatures	SiteTypes	Reports
22-1-0628	LE PAD 1 & 2 Soil Repatriation Area	GDA	56	508625	6647789	Open site	Valid	Potential Archaeological Deposit (PAD) : -		
	<b>Contact</b>									<b>Permits</b>
22-1-0635	Life House Reburial Site 01	GDA	56	509301	6646782	Open site	Valid	Artefact : -		
	<b>Contact</b>									<b>Permits</b>
22-1-0658	Matilda artf	GDA	56	511383	6649143	Open site	Valid	Artefact : -		
	<b>Contact</b>									<b>Permits</b>
22-1-0659	Niigi niigi scar	GDA	56	510100	6649502	Open site	Valid	Modified Tree (Carved or Scarred) : -		
	<b>Contact</b>									<b>Permits</b>
22-1-0691	North Wall Beach PAD	GDA	56	513365	6648103	Open site	Valid	Potential Archaeological Deposit (PAD) : -		
	<b>Contact</b>									<b>Permits</b>
22-1-0689	22652 AFT1	GDA	56	513332	6648668	Open site	Valid	Artefact : -		
	<b>Contact</b>									<b>Permits</b>

**\*\* Site Status**  
**Valid** - The site has been recorded and accepted onto the system as valid  
**Destroyed** - The site has been completely impacted or harmed usually as consequence of permit activity but sometimes also after natural events. There is nothing left of the site on the ground but proponents should proceed with caution.  
**Partially Destroyed** - The site has been only partially impacted or harmed usually as consequence of permit activity but sometimes also after natural events. There might be parts or sections of the original site still present on the ground  
**Not a site** - The site has been originally entered and accepted onto AHIMS as a valid site but after further investigations it was decided it is NOT an aboriginal site. Impact of this type of site does not require permit but Heritage NSW should be notified

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