

# **Pells Sullivan Meynink**

Engineering Consultants Rock-Soil-Water

> G3 56 Delhi Road North Ryde NSW 2113 P: 61-2 9812 5000 F: 61-2 9812 5001 mailbox@psmconsult.com.au www.psmconsult.com.au

Our Ref: PSM2043-003R Date: 26 November 2012

Ionic Management Pty Ltd Shop 1, 22 Gadigal Avenue ZETLAND NSW 2017

ATTENTION: MATT BENTLEY By email to: mbentley@imanage.net.au

Dear Sir,

#### RE: LOT 1, DP 859608 BURROWAY ROAD, HOMEBUSH BAY GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

We are pleased to submit our geotechnical report for the proposed development at Lot 1, DP 859608 Burroway Road, Homebush Bay.

Please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned if you have any queries.

For and on behalf of <u>PELLS SULLIVAN MEYNINK</u>

ON HASS

GARRY MOSTYN Principal

Distribution:

1 copy Ionic Management Pty Ltd Original held by PSM

## Ionic Management Pty Ltd

#### LOT 1, DP 859608 BURROWAY ROAD, HOMEBUSH BAY GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

Report PSM2043-003R

November, 2012



#### **CONTENTS**

1.	INTRODUCTION		1		
2.	ВАСК	GROUND	1		
3.	GEOT	EHNICAL INVESTIGATION	2		
4.	SITE	CONDITIONS	2		
	4.3.	Geological setting Surface condition Subsurface conditions Groundwater	2 2 3 4		
5.	DISCU	SSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	4		
		Excavation conditions Foundation 5.2.1. Raft slab 5.2.2. Piles	4 5 5 5		
6.	GENE	RAL	6		
REFEF	EFERENCES 6				

#### FIGURES

#### APPENDICES

A Borehole Logs



#### 1. INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of the geotechnical investigation performed by Pells Sullivan Meynink (PSM) at Lot 1, DP 859608 Burroway Road, Homebush Bay. The work was carried out in general accordance with PSM proposal dated 30 October 2012 (Ref. PSM2043-001L). An approval to proceed with the work was provided by lonic Management in its e-mail dated 30 October 2012.

An environmental investigation has also been undertaken for the site by DLA Environmental under PSM coordination. The report is presented separately from this geotechnical report.

Prior to the work, PSM was supplied with the following documents.

- 1. Jeffrey and Katauskas (J&K) report *"Preliminary Geotechnical investigation report for proposed development at Lot 1, DP 859608 Burroway Road, Homebush Bay, NSW"* dated 14 May 2010 (Ref. 23907ZArpt).
- 2. Environmental Investigation Services (EIS) report "Preliminary Environmental Site investigation for Proposed mixed use development at Wentworth Point Ferry Wharf Site, Burroway Road, Sydney Olympic Park, NSW" dated 14 May 2010 (Ref. E23907K-rpt).
- 3. Lockley Land Title Solutions drawings *"Plan of Detail and Level over LOT 1 DP 859608 1 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point"* Sheet 1 and 2 dated 3 August 2012 (Ref. Proj. no. 23323 Job. No. 35064DT).
- 4. Rice Daubney preliminary drawings SK 250 to SK 259 and SK 202 to SK 204 dated 26 October 2012.

#### 2. <u>BACKGROUND</u>

Based on the documents, we understand the following regarding the site and the proposed development.

- 1. The site covers an area of approximately 10,430 m<sup>2</sup>. The current ground surface elevation is between RL 2.0 m and 3.0 m AHD.
- 2. The site is bounded by Wentworth wharf at the north, Burroway Road at the south, and some industrial warehouses at the east and west.
- 3. The proposed residential and commercial development will comprise:
  - (a) A ten storey building, i.e. approx. 30 m above the ground surface.
  - (b) A basement carpark with base of carpark located at RL -0.2 m AHD.
- 4. The proposed foundation system is likely to be piles or raft slab.



- 5. The J&K report indicates that:
  - (a) The site comprises up to 2.0 m thick of uncontrolled fill overlying alluvium overlying sandstone bedrock at approximate depth of 14.5 m below ground surface.
  - (b) The ground water table is approximately 2.0 m below the ground surface.
- 6. A monitoring well was installed by J&K in 2010.

#### 3. <u>GEOTEHNICAL INVESTIGATION</u>

The fieldwork was undertaken on 15 and 16 November 2012. It comprised drilling of two (2) boreholes to a maximum depth of 19.85 m. The boreholes were drilled using a 16 tonne truck mounted drill rig. Figure 1 presents the locations of these boreholes.

The boreholes were drilled using augering technique to a depth between 12.1 m and 13.9 m and then followed by NMLC coring technique in the bedrock unit. Standard penetration tests (SPT) were performed at 1.5 m intervals to a depth of 6.0 m.

The boreholes were drilled in the full time presence of a PSM Geotechnical Engineer who set out the test locations, prepared engineering logs and took photographs of the rock cores from each borehole. Engineering borehole logs together with the explanation sheets and core photos are presented in Appendix A.

The collar elevations of both PSM boreholes were inferred from the survey plan (Ref. 23323) to be at RL 2.5 m AHD.

PSM Geotechnical engineer also took one measurement of water level in the monitoring well installed in 2010.

#### 4. <u>SITE CONDITIONS</u>

#### 4.1. <u>Geological setting</u>

The 1:100,000 Sydney Geological map indicates that the site is underlain by man-made fill, dredged estuarine sand and mud, demolition rubble, industrial and household waste and silty to peaty quartz sand, silt and clay with common shell layers.

The published information was consistent with the subsurface conditions encountered in the field.

#### 4.2. <u>Surface condition</u>

At the time of the investigation, the majority of the area comprised grassed surface. A portion of the site at the north comprised bitumen roadway and carpark.



#### 4.3. <u>Subsurface conditions</u>

The subsurface condition encountered during the investigation was consistent with the findings in J&K investigation. The inferred geotechnical units encountered in the boreholes are presented in Table 1.

INFERRED UNIT	DEPTH TO THE TOP OF THE UNIT (m)	DESCRIPTION	
FILL	0.0	Sandy CLAY to CLAY; clay is high plasticity, brown, with firm to very stiff consistency, sand is fine grained with some gravel.	
ALLUVIUM	1.0 – 3.0	Clayey SAND to CLAY; sand is coarse grained, brown to grey, clay is high plasticity, very soft consistency.	
CLASS IV SANDSTONE*	11.8 – 13.85	SANDSTONE; moderately weathered, very low to medium strength, coarse grained, sub- horizontal bedded, with localised defect spacing less than 200 mm.	
CLASS III SANDSTONE*	12.5 - 16.0	SANDSTONE; moderately weathered, medium strength, coarse grained, sub-horizontal bedded, with localised defect spacing greater than 200 mm.	

TABLE 1 INFERRED GEOTECHNICAL UNITS

Note: \* = sandstone classification as per Pells et al 1998.

The summary of the boreholes are presented in Table 2 below.



#### TABLE 2 BOREHOLE SUMMARY

INFERRED UNIT	DEPTH TO THE TOP OF THE UNIT (m)			
	PSM BH1	PSM BH2	J&K – BH2 <sup>(1)</sup>	
FILL	0.0	0.0	0.0	
ALLUVIUM	1.2	2.6	1.2	
CLASS IV SANDSTONE	13.9	11.8	14.4 <sup>(2)</sup>	
CLASS III SANDSTONE	16.0	12.1	NA	
END OF HOLE	19.9	18.1	15.4	

Note: (1) Information was obtained from J&K report (2010). The borehole was drilled with augering technique.

(2) Rock strength was assessed from TC bit resistance

#### 4.4. <u>Groundwater</u>

During the fieldwork on 15 November 2012, the groundwater level in the monitoring well was recorded to be at RL 0.8 AHD, i.e. approximately 2 m below the ground surface.

Previous measurement taken by J&K from the same well between 9 April 2010 and 22 April 2010 (Ref. J&K report) showed that the water level was between RL 1.0 and RL 1.1 m AHD. The measurements were made every 15 minutes using a data logger and suggested that there was little effect from tidal variations on the height of groundwater at the site.

#### 5. DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 5.1. <u>Excavation conditions</u>

Excavation in FILL and ALLUVIUM units will be required for the proposed single basement level, i.e. basement elevation at RL -0.2 m. This should be achievable using conventional earth moving equipment. We note that trafficability will be a significant issue in these materials.

The groundwater level is at least one metre above the proposed basement level. It will need to be drawn down temporarily to allow construction for the basement.

Excavation in SANDSTONE UNITS might be required when piling is proposed. This should be achievable using conventional piling rigs. It is our experience that excavatability is heavily dependent on both the operator and the plant used. The piling contractor should satisfy itself with regard to excavatability and ability to meet the design requirements.



#### 5.2. <u>Foundation</u>

The following section provides advice and parameters that may be used when designing the foundations.

#### 5.2.1. Raft slab

We note that the ALLUVIUM unit comprises very soft clay to clayey sand with SPT blow counts of between 0 and 4 at 3 to 6 m below the ground surface. On this basis, it is our opinion that raft slab foundation system is not a feasible solution for the proposed development.

#### 5.2.2. Piles

Piles should be designed in accordance with the requirements in AS 2159 (2009), *Piling - Design and Installation*. The parameters provided in Table 4 may assist in the design of piles.

Subject to the confirmation of the design foundation loads, we envisage that piles will be founded within the CLASS IV SANDSTONE unit or better. With regards to pile design we recommend that:

- A geotechnical strength reduction factor,  $\Phi_g = 0.60$  (AS2159 Cl. 4.3.2) be adopted for a high redundancy system for an assessed average risk rating (ARR) of 3.0. This should be reviewed to suit the specific design and construction methods proposed by the structural designers,
- It may be possible to increase the pile reduction factors, if the details of the proposed pile installation procedures indicate a high level of quality control with regards to concrete placement, base cleanliness and etc.

For settlement of bored piles founded in rock, note the following:

- Where the pile is sized using the allowable bearing capacity in Table 4 (i.e. assuming all the serviceability load is carried by the base), the settlement would be expected to be less than 1% of the pile diameter, and
- Where the design intends to utilise the resistance of the pile shaft, methods are available to predict settlements. Pells (1999) provides guidance on these methods.

Pile inspections to confirm the foundation conditions will be required. The inspection should be performed by a suitably qualified Geotechnical Engineer during pile installation. Details of the inspection regime should be finalised once loading and construction details are finalised by the designer.

The designer should allow for the effects of negative friction where it might occur.



#### TABLE 4 ENGINEERING PARAMETERS OF INFERRED GEOTECHNICAL UNITS

	ALLOWABLE	ULTIMATE	ELASTIC PARAMETERS	
INFERRED UNIT	BEARING PRESSURE UNDER VETICAL CENTRIC LOADING (kPa)	SHAFT ADHESION (kPa)	YOUNG MODULUS (MPa)	POISSON'S RATIO
FILL / ALLUVIUM	NA	NA	NA	NA
CLASS IV SANDSTONE	1000	250	100	0.25
CLASS III SANDSTONE	3500	800	350	0.25

#### 6. <u>GENERAL</u>

If at any time, the conditions are found to vary from those described in this report, further advice should be sought.

For and on behalf of <u>PELLS SULLIVAN MEYNINK</u>

antes

GARRY MOSTYN Principal

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Pells, P.J.N., Mostyn, G., and Walker, B.F., "Foundations on Sandstone and Shale in the Sydney Region", Australian Geomechanics Journal, Dec. 1998.
- 2. Pells, P.J.N., "State of Practice for the Design of Socketed Piles in Rock", Proceedings 8th Australia New Zealand Conference on Geomechanics, Hobart, 1999.
- 3. AS 2159 (2009) Piling Design and Installation





Jeffery and Katouskas and EIS boreholes



Pells Sullivan Meynink

PSM2043-003R

Figure 1

BOREHOLE LOCATION PLAN

APPENDIX A

BOREHOLE LOGS





# Pells Sullivan Meynink Engineering Consultants

Rock-Soil-Water

## **EXPLANATION SHEET BOREHOLE LOG**

# **GENERAL**

#### Method

#### **Coring Size**

Non-Cored Borehole		
Auger		
Hand Auger		
Diamond Rotary		
Percussion		
Other		

#### Testing

Symbol	Description
UCS	Uniaxial Compressive Strength
TXL	Triaxial Test
BT	Brazilian Test
DT	Direct Tensile
SD	Slake Durability
Packer	Rock Mass Permeability

Cored Borehole	Nominal Core Diameter (mm)
NMLC	51.9
BQ	36.5
BQ3	33.5
NQ	47.6
NQ3	45.1
HQ	63.5
HQ3	61.1
PQ	85
PQ3	83.1
Diatube	Variable
Other	-

#### Samples

Symbol	Description
U50	50 mm undisturbed tube sample
D	Disturbed sample
Bs	Bulk sample

Water

Symbol	Description
	Water level
►	Water inflow
	Complete water loss
$\neg \neg$	Partial water loss

# SOIL DESCRIPTIONS

#### **Unified Soil Classification System (USCS)**

Major Divisions			Symbol	Typical Names
Coarse-	Gravels (more than 50%	Clean Gravels	GW	Well-graded gravels and gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines.
			GP	Poorly graded gravels and gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines.
Grained Soils	coarser than 2mm)	Gravels	GM	Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures.
More		With Fines	GC	Clayey gravels. gravel-sand-clay mixtures.
50% coarser	Sands	Clean Sands	SW	Well-graded sands and gravelly sands, little or no fines.
than 0.075mm	(more than 50% of coarse fraction finer than 2mm)		SP	Poorly graded sands and gravelly sands, little or no fines.
		Sand With Fines	SM	Silty sands, sand-silt mixture.
			SC	Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures.
	Silts and Clays Liquid limit 50% or less		ML	Inorganic silts, very fine sands, rock flour silty or clayey fine sands.
Fine- Grained			CL	Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays.
Soils 50% or			OL	Organic silts and silty clays of low plasticity.
more finer than 0.075mm	Silts and Clays Liquid limit greater than 50%		MH	Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine sands or silts, elastic silts.
			СН	Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat clays.
			ОН	Organic clays of medium to high plasticity.
	Highly Organic Soils			Peat etc.

#### **Moisture Condition**

Term	Symbol
Dry	D
Moist	М
Wet	W
Wet at Plastic Limit	WP
Wet at Liquid Limit	WL



#### Strength

**COHESIVE SOILS** are described in terms of undrained shear strength, colour and structure with comments on minor constituents or apparent special features. Undrained shear strength is measured by hand penetrometer or determined by laboratory testing or estimated from experience. Classification in terms of undrained shear strength is as follows:

Term	Symbol	Description for Field Estimation	Shear Strength (kPa)	UCS (kPa)
Very Soft	VS	Easily penetrated several centimetres by fist.	<12	<25
Soft	S	Easily penetrated several centimetres by thumb. Can be moulded by light finger pressure.	12-25	25-50
Firm	F	Can be penetrated by thumb with moderate effort. Can be moulded by strong finger pressure.	25-50	50-100
Stiff	ST	Readily indented by thumb.	50-100	100-200
Very Stiff	VST	Readily indented by thumbnail.	100-200	200-400
Hard	Н	Indented with difficulty by thumbnail	>200	>400

**NON-COHESIVE SOILS** are described in terms of density, colour, with comments on minor constituents or special features. Density (density index) is generally based on standard penetration testing (AS1289 Method 6.3.1), or other forms of penetration testing. Terms used in describing density are set out below:

Term	Symbol	Density Index	SPT N Values
Very Loose	VL	<15%	<5
Loose	L	15-35 %	5-10
Medium Dense	MD	35-65 %	10-30
Dense	D	65-85 %	30-50
Very Dense	VD	>85 %	>50



# **ROCK DESCRIPTIONS**

#### Weathering

Term	Symbol	Description
Fresh	FR	Rock substance unaffected by weathering.
Slightly Weathered	SW	Rock substance affected by weathering to the extent that partial staining or partial discolouration of the rock substance usually by limonite has taken place. The colour and texture of the fresh rock is recognisable; strength properties are essentially those of the fresh rock substance.
Moderately Weathered	MW	Rock substance affected by weathering to the extent staining extends throughout whole of the rock substance and the original colour of the fresh rock is no longer recognisable.
Highly Weathered	HW	Rock substance affected by weathering to the extent that limonite staining or bleaching affects the whole of the rock substance and signs of chemical or physical decomposition of individual minerals are usually evident. Porosity and strength may be increased or decreased when compared to the fresh rock substance, usually as a result of the leaching or deposition of iron. The colour and strength of the original fresh rock substance is no longer recognisable.
Extremely Weathered	EW	Rock substance affected by weathering to the extent that the rock exhibits soil properties, i.e. it can be remoulded and can be classified according to the Unified Soil Classification System, but the texture of the original rock is still evident.

## Strength

Term	Symbol	Description for Field Estimation	UCS (MPa)
Extremely Low	R0	Thumbnail easily scratches; gentle blow with geological pick leaves deep impression.	0.7-1.5
Very Low	R1	Can be peeled by a pocket knife. Crumbles under firm blows with geological pick.	1.5-3.0
Low	R2	Can be peeled by a pocket knife with difficulty; shallow indentation made by firm blow of geological pick.	3.0-10
Medium	R3	Cannot be scraped or peeled with a pocket knife; specimen can be fractured with single firm blow of hammer end of geological pick.	10-25
High	R4	Specimen requires more than one blow with hammer end of geological pick to fracture.	25-80
Very High	R5	Specimen requires many blows of hammer end of geological pick to fracture.	>80



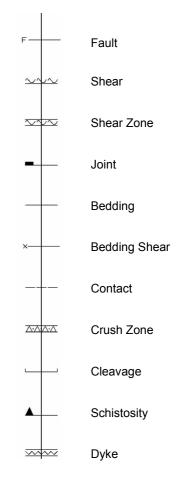
#### **Defect Description**

Order of description: type, inclination, shape, roughness, infill type, infill thickness, number

Symbol	Description
CL	Clay Seam
FL	Fault - fracture along which displacement is recognisable.
SR	Shear - a fracture along which movement has taken place but no displacement is recognisable. Evidence for movement may be slickensides, polishing and/or clay gouge.
SH	Sheared Zone - zone of multiple closely spaced fracture planes with roughly parallel planar boundaries usually forming blocks of lenticular or wedge shaped intact material. Fractures are typically smooth, polished or slickensided; and curved.
BG	Bedding parting - arrangement in layers of mineral grains or crystals parallel to surface of deposition along which a continuous observable parting occurs.
BSH	Bedding plane shear - a shear formed along a bedding plane
JN	Joint - a single fracture across which rock has little or no tensile strength and is not obviously related to rock fabric.
CN	Contact - surface between two lithologies.
SC	Schistosity - plane formed by the preferred orientation of the constituent minerals in a parallel arrangement in a coarse grained rock which has undergone regional metamorphism (schist).
CV	Cleavage - plane of mechanical fracture in a rock normally sufficiently closely spaced to form parallel- sided slices.
FO	Foliation
CZ	Crushed Zone - zone with roughly parallel, planar boundaries (commonly slickensided) containing disoriented usually angular rock fragments of variable size often in a soil matrix.
VN	Vein - fracture in which a tabular or sheet-like body of minerals have been intruded.
DK	Dyke - Igneous intrusion - often weathered and altered to a clay like substance.
DZ	Decomposed Zone - zone of any shape but commonly with parallel planar boundaries containing moderately to gradational boundaries into fresher rock.
FZ	Fractured Zone - a zone of closely spaced defects (mainly joints, bedding, cleavage and/or schistosity) comprised of core lengths in the order of 50 mm or less.

#### **Defect Type**

#### Standard Defect Symbols



#### Roughness Colour Code (for summary log)

- Ro1	-
— Ro2	-
Ro3	_
— Ro4	_
— Ro4	-



#### Shape

Term	Symbol	Description
Planar	PL	Forms a continuous plane without variation in orientation.
Curved	CU	Has a gradual change in orientation.
Undulating	UN	Has a wavy surface shape.
Stepped	ST	Has one or more well defined steps
Irregular	IR	Many changes of orientation.

#### Infill Type

Symbol	Description
KL	Clean
CA	Calcite
СВ	Carbonaceous
CHL	Chlorite
FE	Iron oxide
QZ	Quartz
MG	Manganese
SU	Sulphides
SE	Sericite
RF	Rock fragments
G	Gravel
S	Sand
Z	Silt
CL	Clay

#### Term Symbol Description Slickensided Very smooth, Ro1 or polished reflects light. Roughness not detected with Smooth Ro2 finger. Sandpaper feel Defined (fine to medium Ro3 ridges sandpaper). Sandpaper feel (medium to Small steps Ro4 coarse sandpaper). Very well defined Very rough Ro5 ridges and/or steps.

Roughness

#### Infill Thickness

Where infilling is present, the thickness of infill is recorded using the following convention:

STIron oxide staining of less than 1 mmVNVeneer coating of less than 1 mm

If the infilling is greater than 1 mm, the actual thickness of infill is recorded in millimeters.

If infill is not present, a dash (-) is recorded

#### Number

Number of defects with similar characteristics.



# Miscellaneous

CATACLASTIC — FAULT GOUGE: soft puggy, possibly foliated fault infill

CAVITY: cavity - as indicated by driller

NO\_CORE: No Core

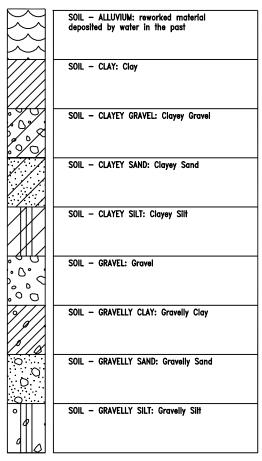
# 

# Man-Made

MAN-MADE - CONCRETE/ASPHALT: man-made surface paving

MAN-MADE - FILL: Fill (made ground)

MAN-MADE TOPSOIL: Topsoil



# Soil

	SOIL – SAND: Sand
	SOIL — SANDY CLAY: Sandy Clay
	SOIL – SANDY GRAVEL: Sandy Gravel
	SOIL — SANDY SILT: Sandy Sitt
	SOIL — SHELLS: unconsolidated marine material
	SOIL — SILT: SIH
	SOIL — SILTY CLAY: Silty Clay
	SOIL – SILTY SAND: Silty Sand
000	SOIL — SILTY GRAVEL: Silty Gravel

Pells Sullivan Meynink Geotechnical Logging

#### LITHOLOGY GRAPHIC SYMBOLS SOIL, MAN-MADE & MISCELLANEOUS

PSM

**Pells Sullivan Meynink** 

# Igneous

	IGNEOUS — ANDESITE: mid range mafic to felsic igneous fine grained rock (moderate in quartz and in colour)
	IGNEOUS — BASALT (MAFIC): mafic igneous fine grained rock (dark in colour)
	IGNEOUS — DIORITE: mid range felsic to mafic igneous coarse grained rock (moderate quartz)
	IGNEOUS — DOLERITE: dolerite
	IGNEOUS — GABBRO (MAFIC): mafic igneous coarse grained rock (low quartz, dark in colour)
+ + - + - + +	IGNEOUS — GRANITE (FELSIC): felsic igneous coarse grained rock (light in colour)
**************************************	IGNEOUS — RHYOLITE (FELSIC): felsic igneous fine grained rock (light in colour)
27 27 2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	IGNEOUS — TUFF/IGNIMBRITE: extremely fine grained air fall volcanic

# Metamorphic

METAMORPHIC — AMPHIBOLITE: non—foliated metamorphic rock formed by regional metamorphism of mafic igneous rocks
METAMORPHIC – GNEISS: a foliated high grade metamorphic rock
METAMORPHIC — HORNFELS: contact metamorphic rock
METAMORPHIC — MARBLE: metamorphosed limestone
METAMORPHIC – SCHIST: a foliated high grade metamorphic rock
METAMORPHIC — SKARN: contact metamorphosed carbonate body
METAMORPHIC — SLATE/PHYLLITE: low grade regionally metamorphosed rock

# Sedimentary

Δ 4

SEDIMENTARY — BRECCIA: consolidated clastic rock made up of angular clasts	
SEDIMENTARY — CALCRETE/SILCRETE: Calcrete or silcrete	
SEDIMENTARY – CHERT: chert/quartz	
SEDIMENTARY – COAL: Coal	
SEDIMENTARY — CONGLOMERATE: consolidated rounded clastic material	
SEDIMENTARY – DOLOMITE: Dolomite	
SEDIMENTARY – IRONSTONE: hard iron enriched layer	

-	
	SEDIMENTARY — LAMINITE: interbedded sandstone and siltstone
	SEDIMENTARY – LIMESTONE: Limestone
	SEDIMENTARY – MUDSTONE: Mudstone
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SEDIMENTARY – SANDSTONE: Sandstone
	SEDIMENTARY – SHALE: Shale
	SEDIMENTARY – SILTSTONE: Siltstone
<u> </u>	SEDIMENTARY — SWAMP/PEAT: Peat (Swamp Symbol)

Pells Sullivan Meynink **Geotechnical Logging** 

LITHOLOGY GRAPHIC SYMBOLS **IGNEOUS, METMORPHIC & SEDIMENTARY** 



Pells Sullivan Meynink

PSM Engineering Consultants Rock-Soil-Water

Borehole No:

**BH01** 

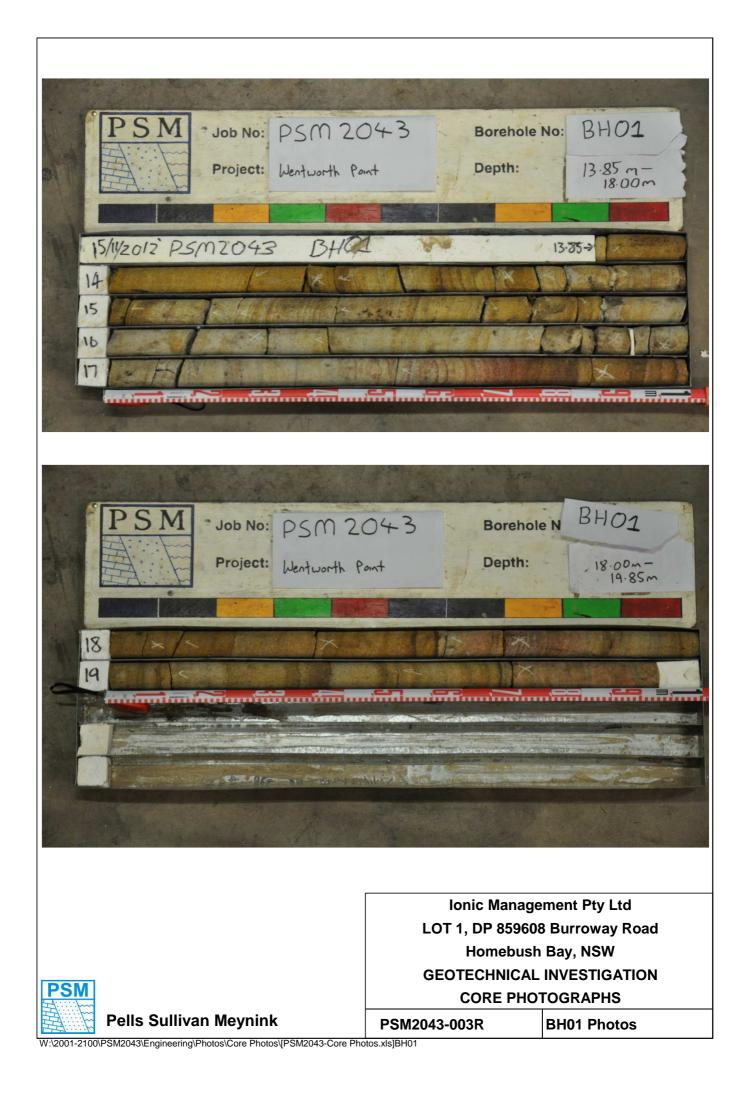
H	<u>}</u>	mj.	Roc	k-Soi	il-Wa	ter					Sheet:	1 of 3
4	A	Ť	B	ore	eho	ble	Log				Job No:	PSM2043
Pri Pro	ent: ncipa oject: e loca		LOT	<sup>-</sup> 1, DI	P 859	9608	Pty Ltd 8 BURROWAY ROAD SW				Date commenced: Date completed: Logged by: Checked by:	15/11/2012 15/11/2012 CF AS
Dri Eq	illing ( uipme	cont int ty	ractor: /pe:	Mac HYI	cquar DRAF	POM	rilling R.L. surface: 2.5 m /ER SCOUT VI Rig Easting: 32216 Northing: 62558				Vertical datum: Horizontal datum: Inclination / azimuth:	AHD (m) MGA56 90 / -
	Samples	Water	R.L. (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	<b>USCS Symbol</b>	Material SOIL TYPE; plasticity or particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components ROCK TYPE; weathering, particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components	Moisture	Condition	Estimated Strength	Struc Additional	rure and Observations
600 0 00			- - - - - 2.0	-			FILL: Sandy CLAY; low plasticity, dark brown FILL: CLAY; high plasticity, brown, with some gravel, 5 mm to mm, angular	80		F	Topsoil and bark garden b	ed
-	D		- - -	1.0 —			becomes black and red		N	VST		
-	SPT 16, 11, 7 N=18		- - - 1.0 -	-			SAND; coarse grained, yellow brown, with a trace of shells			MD	Alluvium	
	D	within hole	- - - -	- - 2.0 — -			CLAY; high plasticity, dark grey, with inerbedded Clayey SANI coarse, dark brown/grey					
	SPT 1, 2, 1 N=3	at 2.1m	-  0.0 - -	-							Interbedded layers observ push tube	ed to be 100 mm from SF
-	D	Water table observed	- - - -	3.0						VS		
			1.0 - - - -	- - - - 4.0 —				1	N			
	SPT 1, 0, 1 N=1		- - -  2.0									
			-	-								

F	<mark>s</mark>	M	] <b>P</b> (	ells S	Sul	livan Meynink					Borehole No:	BH01
HH	A		Eng Rod	gineering ( ck-Soil-Wa	Cons ater	sultants					Sheet:	2 of 3
E.		÷F	B	oreho	ble	Log					Job No:	PSM2043
P	lient: rincipa roject: ite loca		LO	c Managen T 1, DP 859 nebush Ba	9608	BURROWAY ROAD					Date commenced: Date completed: Logged by: Checked by:	15/11/2012 15/11/2012 CF AS
DE	rilling quipmo	conti ent ty	ractor: /pe:	: Macquar HYDRAF	POW	rilling R.L. s (ER SCOUT VI Rig Eastin North	surface: ng: ing:	2.5 m 322163 6255841			Vertical datum: Horizontal datum: Inclination / azimuth:	AHD (m) MGA56 90 / -
Method	Samples	Water	R.L. (m)	Depth (m) Graphic Log	<b>USCS Symbol</b>	Material SOIL TYPE; plasticity or particle colour, secondary and minor ROCK TYPE; weathering, particl colour, secondary and minor	le characteri	stics,	Moisture Condition	Estimated Strength	Struct Additional (	ure and Dbservations
File Name: PSM2043_AUGERED BOREHOLE LOGS.GPJ Print Date: 26/11/12 125 mm Auger 125 mm Auger	85 0,0,0 N=0		<u><u><u><u></u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u></u></u>			CLAY, high plasticity, light grey, with a t			S S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	s St		
File N			-									-

P	S	Μ	P	ells	s S	Sul	livan Meynink			Borehole No:	BH01
	\		Ro	gineer ck-Soi	il-Wa	ater	sultants			Sheet:	3 of 3
	A	Ĵ.	B	ore	eho	ble	Log			Job No:	PSM2043
Pri Pro	ent: ncipa oject: e loca		LO		P 85	9608	Pty Ltd BURROWAY ROAD SW			Date commenced: Date completed: Logged by: Checked by:	15/11/2012 15/11/2012 CF AS
Dri Eq	lling uipme	cont ent ty	ractor /pe:	: Mao HYI	cquai DRAI	rie D POW	rilling R.L. surface: 2.5 m /ER SCOUT VI Rig Easting: 322163 Northing: 6255841			Vertical datum: Horizontal datum: Inclination / azimuth:	AHD (m) MGA56 90 / -
Method	Samples	Water	R.L. (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	<b>USCS Symbol</b>	Material SOIL TYPE; plasticity or particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components ROCK TYPE; weathering, particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components	Moisture Condition	Estimated Strength	Struct Additional	ure and Dbservations
Τ			_	-							
			-								
			8.0								
			-								
			-	11.0 -							
			-								
lei			-								
uuu Auger			9.0 -						s		
C7			-								
				12.0 -				W			
			-	•							
			- 10.0								
			-								
			-								
			-	13.0 -							
			-							Drilling observed to be mo hole cased and continued washboring until 13.85 m	re difficult at 13.2 m depth, using NMLC sized
Wash Dored NIVILC			11.0 -						ST		
NV dSI			-								
			_	14.0 -			Continued on core log				
			-								
			-								
			12.0  -								
			-								

	P	SI	Μ	Pe	lls	Sullivan Meyninl	(				Borehole No:	BH01
				Rock	Soil	-Water					Sheet:	1 of 2
		<u></u>	[~			d Borehole Log					Job No:	PSM2043
	Clier Princ Proje Site	cipal	l: tion:	LOT 1	, DF	agement Pty Ltd 9 859608 BURROWAY ROAD 1 Bay, NSW					Date commence Date completed Logged by: Checked by:	
	Equi	pme	contra nt typ ize / n	actor: be: nethod:	H	YDRAPOWER SCOUT VI rig	R.L. surface:         2.5 m           Easting:         322163 m           Northing:         6255841 m				Vertical datum: Horizontal datu Inclination / azi	m: MGA56
	Testing	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description ROCK TYPE; particle characteristics, colour, structure, secondary and minor components	Weathering	Estimated Strength	Point Load Index Is (50) (MPa)	RQD (%)	Defect Def Spacing (mm) Typ ₽ 8 8 8 8 8 In	fect Description / Comments be, Inclination, Shape, Roughness, fill Type, Infill Thickness, Number
XEV1.GPJ Print date: 26/11/12			- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			Continued from non-cored borehole log						
File Name: PSM2043 CORED BOREHOLE LOGS REV1.GPJ		Water table at 2.1 m depth	- - 17 -			SANDSTONE; Pale red yellow and grey, banded, coarse grained, sub horiztonal bedding	MW		-	82		

P	S	M			Sullivan Meynir	ık		Borehole No:	BH01
A					ing Consultants I-Water			Sheet:	2 of 2
臣	<u>\</u>	::f~	Со	re	d Borehole Log			Job No:	PSM2043
Clier Princ Proje Site	cipal ect:		LOT 1	1, DF	agement Pty Ltd P 859608 BURROWAY ROAD n Bay, NSW			Date commenced: Date completed: Logged by: Checked by:	15/11/2012 15/11/2012 CF AS
Equi	pme	nt typ	actor: be: nethod	Н	acquarie Drilling YDRAPOWER SCOUT VI rig MLC	R.L. sı Eastin Northi	<b>urface:</b> 2.5 m <b>g:</b> 322163 m <b>ng:</b> 6255841 m	Vertical datum: Horizontal datum: Inclination / azimu	AHD (m) MGA56 <b>th:</b> 90 /
Testing	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description ROCK TYPE; particle characteristics, colo structure, secondary and minor componer	stu Weathering	Estimated Strength Strength Strength SSSSSSSEEZEEZEE (MPa)	ි Spacing (mm) Type, Ir	Description / Comments Inclination, Shape, Roughness, ype, Infill Thickness, Number
		- 18 	- - - 15.5 - - - -		SANDSTONE; Pale red yellow and grey, banded, coarse grained, sub horiztonal bedding Becomes light grey	, 		H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	, PL, Ro3, KL , UN, Ro3, CL, 1 - 5mm , UN, Ro3, KL , ST, Ro3, KL , PL, Ro3, KL IR, Ro3, CL, 10 - 50mm PL, Ro3, KL IR, Ro3, CL, 10 - 50mm
		- 19 -	16.0 — - - 16.5 - - - -					02   	, UN, Ro3, KL UN, Ro3, KL
	Water table at 2.1 m depth	- 20 -	17.0 — - - - 17.5 - - - - -		Red banding from 17.5 m to 18 m	sw			, UN, Ro3, KL PL, Ro3, KL
		- 	18.0 — - - - 18.5 -		Becomes yellow brown			100	, PL, R03, KL PL, R03, KL
		-	- - - 19.0 — -						, CU, Ro3, KL
		- 22 -	- 19.5 - -						, CU, Ro3, KL
		_	-		End of Hole at 19.85m.	+			



# **SM** Pells Sullivan Meynink

Borehole No:

Engineering Consultants Rock-Soil-Water Sheet: 1 of 3 **Borehole Log** Job No: PSM2043 Ionic Management Pty Ltd Client: Date commenced: 16/11/2012 Principal: Date completed: 16/11/2012 Project: LOT 1, DP 859608 BURROWAY ROAD Logged by: CF Checked by: AS Site location: Homebush Bay, NSW Macquarie Drilling HYDRAPOWER SCOUT VI Rig R.L. surface: Vertical datum: AHD (m) Drilling contractor: 2.5 m Equipment type: Easting: 322181 Horizontal datum: MGA56 6255775 Inclination / azimuth: Northing: 90 / -Symbol Material Graphic Log Estimated Strength SOIL TYPE; plasticity or particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components Structure and Moisture Condition Depth (m) Samples R.L. (m) Additional Observations Method JSCS ( Water ROCK TYPE; weathering, particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components FILL: Sandy CLAY, low plasticity, dark brown Topsoil with rootlets F FILL: Gravelly CLAY with some Sand, high plasticity, red-brown, gravels 20 to 30 mm in size, angular 2.0 VST 1.0 Μ SPT 7, 8, 6 N=14 FILL: CLAY, high plasticity, red-brown 1.0 ST T 2.0 table obsreved at 2 m within hole 125 mm Auger 0.0 CLAY; high plasticity, dark grey, with inerbedded Clayey SAND, coarse, dark brown/grey Alluvium SPT 1, 2, 2 N=4 Water 3.0 Print Date: 26/11/12 W -1.0 AUGERED BOREHOLE LOGS.GPJ VS 4.0 SPT 1, 0, 1 N=1 -2.0 PSM2043 Name: 4

	D	SI	Ν		ells	s S	Sul	livan Meynink			Borehole No:	BH02
HH	A		[	Roc	k-So	il-Wa	ater	sultants			Sheet:	2 of 3
	1	\	::{·	B	ore	eho	ole	Log			Job No:	PSM2043
P	roje	ipal		LO		P 85	9608	Pty Ltd BURROWAY ROAD SW			Date commenced: Date completed: Logged by: Checked by:	16/11/2012 16/11/2012 CF AS
D	orilli Quip	ng c pmei	onti nt ty	ractor: /pe:	Ma HY	cquai DRAf	POW	rilling R.L. surface: 2.5 m /ER SCOUT VI Rig Easting: 322181 Northing: 6255775	1		Vertical datum: Horizontal datum: Inclination / azimuth:	AHD (m) MGA56 90 / -
Method	00	samples	Water	R.L. (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	<b>USCS Symbol</b>	Material SOIL TYPE; plasticity or particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components ROCK TYPE; weathering, particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components	Moisture Condition	Estimated Strength		ure and Dbservations
File Name: PSM2043_AUGERED BOREHOLE LOGS.GPJ Print Date: 26/11/12 125 mm Auger	SI 1, 1 N	PT 0, 1 =1			6.0 - 7.0 - 9.0 -			CLAY, high plasticity, light grey, with a trace of fine grained sand	w	vs		

Borehole Log         joint         PSMZ           Ellent: introduction: intermeter PyLid         Date commenced: 10011         D	<b>PSM</b>	n Meynink Borehole No: BH02
Client:       Ionic Management Ply Ltd       Date commenced::       1611         Project:       Date completed::       1611         Device date by:       C         Ste location:       Homebush Bay, NSW         Definition:       HYDRAPOWER SCOUT VI Rig       R.L. surface:       2.5 m         Monthing:       622181       Morthing:       625775       Vertical datum:       AAD.         Morthing:       625775       Vertical datum:       AD.       MCR.         Solut::       The patient of the patient	A	Sheet: 3 of 3
Principal: Project: Site location: Homebush Bay, NSW     Date completed: Created by: Created by: Cre		g Job No: PSM2043
Equipment type:       HYDRAPOWER SCOUT VI Rig       Easting: Northing:       322181 6255775       Horizontal datum: melination / azimuth: 90 /- inclination / azimuth: 90 /- melination / azimuth: 90 /- scolar, secondary and minor components.         y       g <th>Principal: Project:</th> <th>Date completed:     16/11/2012       DWAY ROAD     Logged by:     CF</th>	Principal: Project:	Date completed:     16/11/2012       DWAY ROAD     Logged by:     CF
Optimized       Table 1       Continued to core log       Some gravel up to 60 mm occurs for 300 mm       W       ST         100       -80       -80       -80       -80       -80       -80       -80       -80         100       -80	Drilling contra Equipment typ	OUT VI Rig Easting: 322181 Horizontal datum: MGA56
Both Line    8.0      11.0     Some gravel up to 60 mm occurs for 300 mm       W     ST      9.0    9.0      9.0    9.0      10.0    10.0      10.0    10.0      10.0    10.0      10.0    10.0      10.0    10.0	Method Samples Water	
	Print Date: 26/11/12	ravel up to 60 mm occurs for 300 mm W ST F TONE, extremely weathered, coarse, white/grey R0 300 mm of sandstone observed on auger when removed from the ground

	P	SI	Μ			Sullivan Meynink	(				Borehole No:	BH02
				Engin Rock-	eeri Soil	ing Consultants I-Water					Sheet:	1 of 2
		<u>\</u>	:/~	Со	re	d Borehole Log					Job No:	PSM2043
	Clier Princ Proje Site	cipal ect:	: tion:	LOT 1	, DF	agement Pty Ltd P 859608 BURROWAY ROAD n Bay, NSW					Date commenced: Date completed: Logged by: Checked by:	16/11/2012 16/11/2012 CF AS
	Equi	pme	contra nt typ ize / n	ictor: ie: nethod:	H	YDRAPOWER SCOUT VI rig	R.L. sı Eastin Northi	<b>urface:</b> 2.5 m <b>g:</b> 322181 m <b>ng:</b> 6255775 m			Vertical datum: Horizontal datum: Inclination / azimu	AHD (m) MGA56 <b>th:</b> 90 /
	Testing	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description ROCK TYPE; particle characteristics, colour, structure, secondary and minor components	Weathering	Estimated Strength	Point Load Index Is (50) (MPa)	RQD (%)	Spacing	Description / Comments Inclination, Shape, Roughness, ype, Infill Thickness, Number
			- - - - - - - - - - - 14	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		Continued from non-cored borehole log			-			-
26/11/12		Water table at 2.0 m depth	- 15 - -	- - 12.5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		SANDSTONE; light brown grey and yellow, banded, corse grained, sub horizontal bedding	HW		-		   	- , PL, Ro3, CL, 5 - 10mm - , PL, Ro3, KL - , UN, Ro3, KL
File Name: PSM2043 CORED BOREHOLE LOGS REV1.GPJ Print date: 26/11/12			- 16 - -	- 13.5 - - - 14.0 - -			sw		-	100		- , PL, Ro3, KL - 
File Name: PSM2043 CORED			- 17 -	- 14.5 - - - -					-		   	- PL, Ro2, CL, 5 - 10mm -

Ρ	S	M			Sullivan Meynink	(		Borehole No:	BH02
			Engir Rock	eeri -Soil	ng Consultants -Water			Sheet:	2 of 2
	<u>\</u>		Со	re	d Borehole Log			Job No:	PSM2043
Clie Prin Proj Site	cipa ect:	l: ition:	LOT 1	I, DF	agement Pty Ltd 2 859608 BURROWAY ROAD 1 Bay, NSW			Date commenced: Date completed: Logged by: Checked by:	16/11/2012 16/11/2012 CF AS
Equi	ipme	contra ent typ ize / n	ictor: ie: nethod	H	YDRAPOWER SCOUT VI rig	R.L. su Easting Northin	surface: 2.5 m ng: 322181 m ning: 6255775 m	Vertical datum: Horizontal datum: Inclination / azimuth	AHD (m) MGA56 : 90 /
Testing	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description ROCK TYPE; particle characteristics, colour, structure, secondary and minor components	Weathering	Estimated Strength Strength STRENGT Index Is (50) (MPa)	Defect Defect D Spacing (mm) Type, Incli Spacing Infill Type	escription / Comments nation, Shape, Roughness, e, Infill Thickness, Number
		- 18 - -			SANDSTONE; light brown grey and yellow, banded, corse grained, sub horizontal bedding				, Ro2, CL, 10 - 50mm L, Ro2, CL, 5 - 10mm I, Ro2, CL, 1 - 5mm
	.0 m depth	- 19 	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			sw	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		L, Ro2, CL, 1 - 5mm
	Water table at 2.0 m de	- - 20 -	- 17.5 - - - - 18.0 —	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				   	L, Ro3, CL, 1 - 5mm
		- 21 -	- - 18.5 - - -		End of Hole at 18.1m.				
		-	- 19.0 — - - -						
		- 22 - -	19.5 - - - -						



W:\2001-2100\PSM2043\Engineering\Photos\Core Photos\[PSM2043-Core Photos.xls]BH01