

Environmental Assessment Requirements

State Significant Development

Section 4.12(8) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*
 Schedule 2 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*

Application Number	SSD 5537
Proposal	<p>The Hawsons Iron Project which includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • developing an open cut magnetite mine and associated infrastructure, including a water supply pipeline; • extracting and processing up to 85 million tonnes (Mt) of ore a year to produce up to 12 Mt of magnetite concentrate a year for up to 20 years; • transporting concentrate to Broken Hill via a slurry pipeline for further processing and then to port via rail for export from South Australia; and • progressively rehabilitating the site.
Location	60 kilometres south-west of Broken Hill, in the unincorporated Western Division
Applicant	Carpentaria Resources Limited
Date of Issue	November 2019
General Requirements	<p>The Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the development must comply with the requirements in Schedule 2 of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000</i>.</p> <p>In particular, the EIS must include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a stand-alone executive summary; • a full description of the development, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the resource to be extracted (size and quality), demonstrating efficient resource recovery within environmental constraints; - the mine layout and scheduling; - minerals processing and transport arrangements; - surface infrastructure and facilities (including any infrastructure that would be required for the development, but the subject of a separate approvals process); - workforce requirements during all phases of the development (on a full-time equivalent basis); - surface disturbance footprint; - a waste (overburden, tailings, etc.) management strategy; - a water management strategy; - a rehabilitation strategy; and - the likely interactions between the development and any other existing, approved or proposed mining related development in the vicinity of the site; • a list of any approvals that must be obtained before the development may commence; • an assessment of the potential impacts of the development on the environment, focusing on the specific issues identified below, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a description of the existing environment likely to be affected by the development, using sufficient baseline data; - an assessment of the potential impacts of all stages of the development, including any cumulative impacts, taking into consideration relevant legislation, environmental planning instruments, guidelines, policies, plans and industry codes of practice; - a description of the measures that would be implemented to avoid, mitigate and/or offset the impacts of the development, and an assessment of:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o whether these measures are consistent with industry best practice, and represent the full range of reasonable and feasible mitigation measures that could be implemented; o the likely effectiveness of these measures; and o whether contingency plans would be necessary to manage any residual risks; and <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a description of the measures that would be implemented to monitor and report on the environmental performance of the development; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a consolidated summary of all the proposed environmental management and monitoring measures, identifying all the commitments in the EIS; • consideration of the development against all relevant environmental planning instruments (including Part 3 of the <i>State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007</i>); • a conclusion evaluating the merits of the development as a whole, having regard to the requirements in Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979; and • a signed statement from the author of the EIS, certifying that the information contained within the document is neither false nor misleading. <p>While not exhaustive, Attachment 1 contains a list of some of the environmental planning instruments, guidelines, policies, and plans that may be relevant to the environmental assessment of this development.</p> <p>In addition to the matters set out in Schedule 1 of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000</i>, the development application must be accompanied by a signed report from a suitably qualified and independent person that includes an accurate estimate of the capital investment value of the development (as defined in Clause 3 of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000</i>), including details of all the assumptions and components from which the capital investment value calculation is derived.</p>
<p>Specific Issues</p>	<p>The EIS must address the following specific issues:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Land Resources – including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - an assessment of the likely impacts of the development on the soils and land capability of the site and surrounds; - an assessment of the likely agricultural impacts of the development, including identification of any strategic agricultural land; - an assessment of the likely impact of the development on landforms (topography), including the long term geotechnical stability of any new landforms on site; and - an assessment of the compatibility of the development with other land uses in the vicinity of the development in accordance with the requirements of Clause 12 of <i>State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007</i>, paying particular attention to the agricultural land use in the region; • Water – including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - an assessment of the likely impacts of the development on the quantity and quality of the region's surface and groundwater resources; - the measures which would be put in place to control sediment run-off and avoid erosion; - an assessment of the likely impacts of the development on aquifers, watercourses, riparian land, water-related infrastructure, and other water users; - a detailed site water balance, including a description of site water demands, water disposal methods (inclusive of volume and frequency of any water discharges), water supply infrastructure and water storage structures; - identification of any licensing requirements or other approvals under the <i>Water Act 1912</i> and/or <i>Water Management Act 2000</i>; - an assessment of the reliability of water supply; - demonstration that water for the construction and operation of the development can be obtained from an appropriately authorised and

reliable supply in accordance with the operating rules of any relevant Water Sharing Plan (WSP);

- a description of the measures proposed to ensure the development can operate in accordance with the requirements of any relevant WSP or water source embargo; and
- a detailed description of the proposed water management system (including sewage), water monitoring program and other measures to mitigate surface and groundwater impacts (including spill/leak management);

- **Biodiversity** – including:
 - an assessment of the biodiversity values and the likely biodiversity impacts of the development in accordance with the NSW *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, the Biodiversity Assessment Method (BAM) and documented in a Biodiversity Development Assessment Report (BDAR); and
 - the BDAR must document the application of the avoid, minimise and offset framework including assessing all direct, indirect and prescribed impacts in accordance with the BAM;
- **Heritage** – including an assessment of the likely Aboriginal and historic heritage (cultural and archaeological) impacts of the development, including consultation with the local Aboriginal community in accordance with the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Consultation Requirements for Proponents*;
- **Air Quality** – including:
 - an assessment of the likely air quality impacts of the development in accordance with the *Approved Methods and Guidance for the Modelling and Assessment of Air Pollutants in NSW*, and having regard to the NSW Government's *Voluntary Land Acquisition and Mitigation Policy*; and
 - an assessment of the likely greenhouse gas impacts of the development;
- **Noise and Blasting** – including:
 - an assessment of the likely construction, operational and off-site noise impacts of the development in accordance with the *Interim Construction Noise Guideline, NSW Industrial Noise Policy, NSW Road Noise Policy and Rail Infrastructure Noise Guideline* (as applicable), and having regard to the *Voluntary Land Acquisition and Mitigation Policy*;
 - an assessment of the likely blasting impacts of the development on people, animals, buildings and infrastructure, and significant natural features, having regard to the relevant ANZECC guidelines;
- **Transport** – including:
 - an assessment of the likely transport impacts of the development on the capacity, condition, safety and efficiency of road and rail networks; and
 - a description of the measures that would be implemented to mitigate any impacts, including any proposed upgrades developed in consultation with the relevant road and rail authorities (if required);
- **Rehabilitation and Final Landform** – including:
 - a description of final landform design objectives, having regard to achieving a natural landform that is safe, stable, non-polluting, fit for the nominated post-mining lands use and sympathetic with surrounding landforms;
 - the proposed rehabilitation and mine closure strategies for the site having regard to the key principles in the *Strategic Framework for Mine Closure*, including rehabilitation objectives, methodology, monitoring programs, performance standards and proposed completion criteria;
- **Hazards** – including an assessment of the likely risks to public safety, paying particular attention to potential bushfire risks and the handling, transport and use of any dangerous goods;
- **Waste** – including estimates of the quantity and nature of the waste streams that would be generated by the development (including tailings and course rejects) and any measures that would be implemented to minimise, manage or dispose of the waste streams;

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Visual – including an assessment of the likely visual impacts of the development (before, during and post-mining) on private landowners in the vicinity of the development and key vantage points in the public domain, paying particular attention to any temporary and permanent modification of the landscape (tailings storage facilities, overburden dumps, bunds, etc.), and minimising the lighting impacts of the development; and • Social and economic – including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - an assessment of the potential social impacts of the development on the local and regional community generally in accordance with the <i>Social Impact Assessment Guidelines for State Significant Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industry Development (2017)</i>, including the likely impacts of the development on the local community, cumulative impacts (considering other mining developments in the locality), and consideration of workforce accommodation; and - an assessment of the likely economic impacts of the development, paying particular attention to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ the costs and benefits of the development; identifying whether the development as a whole would result in a net benefit to NSW, including consideration of fluctuation in commodity markets and exchange rates (refer to guideline in Appendix 1); and ○ the demand on local infrastructure and services.
Consultation	<p>During the preparation of the EIS, you should consult with relevant local, State or Commonwealth Government authorities, infrastructure and service providers, community groups and affected landowners.</p> <p>The EIS must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - describe the consultation that was carried out, identify the issues raised during this consultation, and explain how these issues have been addressed in the EIS.
Further consultation after 2 years	<p>If you do not lodge a development application and EIS for the development within 2 years of the issue date of these requirements, you must consult further with the Secretary in relation to the preparation of the EIS.</p>

ATTACHMENT 1

Environmental Planning Instruments, Policies, Guidelines & Plans

Land		
	Strategic Regional Land Use Policy: Guideline for Agricultural Impact Statements 2012 (DP&I)	
	Agfact AC25: Agricultural Land Classification (NSW Agriculture)	
	Soil and Landscape Issues in Environmental Impact Assessment (NOW)	
	Australian Soil and Land Survey Handbook (CSIRO)	
	Guidelines for Surveying Soil and Land Resources (CSIRO)	
	The land and soil capability assessment scheme: second approximation (OEH)	
	Interim Protocol for Site Verification & Mapping of Biophysical Strategic Land (OEH)	
	State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Remediation of Land	
	Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for the Assessment and Management of Contaminated Sites (ANZECC)	
	Land Use Conflict Risk Assessment Guide (DPI)	
Water		
Water Sharing Plans	NSW Murray Darling Basin Porous Rock Groundwater Sources 2012	
	Lower Murray Darling Unregulated and Alluvial Water Sources 2012	
Groundwater	NSW State Groundwater Policy Framework Document (NOW)	
	NSW State Groundwater Quality Protection Policy (NOW)	
	NSW Aquifer Interference Policy 2012 (NOW)	
	Australian Groundwater Modelling Guidelines 2012 (Commonwealth)	
	National Water Quality Management Strategy Guidelines for Groundwater Protection in Australia (ARMCANZ/ANZECC)	
	Guidelines for the Assessment & Management of Groundwater Contamination (EPA)	
	Murray-Darling Basin Groundwater Quality. Sampling Guidelines. Technical Report No 3 (MDBC)	
	Murray-Darling Basin Commission. Groundwater Flow Modelling Guideline (Aquaterra Consulting Pty Ltd)	
	NSW State Rivers and Estuary Policy (NOW)	
	NSW Government Water Quality and River Flow Objectives (EPA)	
Surface Water	Using the ANZECC Guideline and Water Quality Objectives in NSW (EPA)	
	ANZECC Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality (ANZECC/ARMCANZ)	
	National Water Quality Management Strategy: Australian Guidelines for Water Quality Monitoring and Reporting (ANZECC/ARMCANZ)	
	National Water Quality Management Strategy: Guidelines for Sewerage Systems – Effluent Management (ARMCANZ/ANZECC)	
	National Water Quality Management Strategy: Guidelines for Sewerage Systems – Use of Reclaimed Water (ARMCANZ/ANZECC)	
	Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Water Pollutants in NSW (EPA)	
	Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils & Construction (Landcom) and associated Volumes 2A to 2E (DECC)	
	Managing Urban Stormwater: Treatment Techniques (EPA)	
	Managing Urban Stormwater: Source Control (EPA)	
	Technical Guidelines: Bunding & Spill Management (EPA)	
	Environmental Guidelines: Use of Effluent by Irrigation (EPA)	
	A Rehabilitation Manual for Australian Streams (LWRRDC and CRCCH)	
	NSW Guidelines for Controlled Activities (NOW)	
	Flooding	Floodplain Development Manual (OEH)
		Floodplain Risk Management Guideline (OEH)
Biodiversity		
	NSW Biodiversity Offsets Policy for Major Projects (OEH)	

	Biodiversity Assessment Method (OEH)
	Fisheries NSW policies and guidelines
	Threatened Species Assessment Guidelines - Assessment of Significance (OEH)
	Guidance to assist a decision-maker to determine a serious and irreversible impact (OEH)
	NSW State Groundwater Dependent Ecosystem Policy (NOW)
	Risk Assessment Guidelines for Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems (NOW)
	Policy and Guidelines for Fish Habitat Conservation and Management (DPI Fisheries)
Heritage	
	Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Consultation Requirements for Proponents (OEH)
	Code of Practice for Archaeological Investigations of Aboriginal Objects in NSW (OEH)
	Guide to investigating, assessing and reporting on Aboriginal Cultural Heritage in NSW (OEH).
	NSW Heritage Manual (OEH)
	Assessing Significance for Historical Archaeological Sites and Relics 2009 (OEH)
	Statements of Heritage Impact (OEH)
	The Burra Charter (The Australia ICOMOS charter for places of cultural significance)
Air Quality	
	Voluntary Land Acquisition and Mitigation Policy: For State Significant Mining, Petroleum and Extractive Industry Developments (DPE 2014)
	Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in NSW (EPA)
	Approved Methods for the Modelling and Assessment of Air Pollutants in NSW (EPA)
	National Greenhouse Accounts Factors (Commonwealth)
Noise & Blasting	
	Voluntary Land Acquisition and Mitigation Policy: For State Significant Mining, Petroleum and Extractive Industry Developments (DPE 2014)
	NSW Noise Policy for Industry (EPA)
	Interim Construction Noise Guideline (EPA)
	NSW Road Noise Policy (EPA)
	Rail Infrastructure Noise Guideline (EPA)
	Assessing Vibration: a technical guide (DEC)
	Technical basis for guidelines to minimise annoyance due to blasting overpressure and ground vibration (ANZECC)
Transport	
	Guide to Traffic Generating Developments (RTA)
	Road Design Guide (RMS) & relevant Austroads Standards
Hazards	
	State Environmental Planning Policy No. 33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development
	Hazardous and Offensive Development Application Guidelines – Applying SEPP 33
	Hazardous Industry Planning Advisory Paper No. 6 – Guidelines for Hazard Analysis
	Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2006 (RFS)
Social and economic	
	Guidelines for the economic assessment of mining and coal seam gas proposals 2015 (NSW Government)
	Social impact assessment guideline for State significant mining, petroleum production and extractive industry development 2017 (DP&E)
Waste	
	Waste Classification Guidelines (EPA)
Resource	
	Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves 2012 (JORC)
Rehabilitation	

Deleted: Due Diligence Code of Practice for the Protection of Aboriginal Objects in NSW 2010 (DECCW)

Mine Rehabilitation – Leading Practice Sustainable Development Program for the Mining Industry (Commonwealth)

Mine Closure and Completion – Leading Practice Sustainable Development Program for the Mining Industry (Commonwealth)

Strategic Framework for Mine Closure (ANZMEC-MCA)

Environmental Planning Instruments

State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Rural Lands) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 44 – Koala Habitat Protection

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Remediation of Land

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development

Broken Hill Local Environment Plan 2013

ATTACHMENT 2

AGENCY COMMENTS

Assessment of biodiversity impacts must be done using the Biodiversity Assessment Method (BAM) and documented in a Biodiversity Development Assessment Report (BDAR).

We recommend that the proposal be referred to the Commonwealth Department of the Environment and Energy regarding matters addressed by the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*.

An Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report (ACHAR) will be required as part of the EIS. The ACHAR is to include consultation in accordance with the 'Aboriginal cultural heritage consultation requirements for proponents 2010' (DECCW, 2010). Aboriginal cultural heritage values that exist across the whole area that will be affected by the development must be identified and documented in the ACHAR. All Aboriginal objects identified must be reported to the Department through registration on AHIMS in accordance with the mandatory notification requirements of section 89A of the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974*.

SEARs for the proposed development are provided in Attachment A and guidance material in Attachment B.

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Attachment A – Standard Environmental Assessment Requirements

Biodiversity

1. Biodiversity impacts related to the proposed development are to be assessed in accordance with [Section 7.9 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* using the Biodiversity Assessment Method \(BAM\) and documented in a Biodiversity Development Assessment Report \(BDAR\). The BDAR must include information in the form detailed in the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* \(s6.12\), *Biodiversity Conservation Regulation 2017* \(s6.8\) and the BAM, unless DPIE determines that the proposed development is not likely to have any significant impact on biodiversity values.](#)
2. The BDAR must document the application of the avoid, minimise and offset framework including assessing all direct, indirect and prescribed impacts in accordance with the BAM.
3. The BDAR must include details of the measures proposed to address the offset obligation as follows:
 - a. [The total number and classes of biodiversity credits required to be retired for the development/project;](#)
 - b. [The number and classes of like-for-like biodiversity credits proposed to be retired;](#)
 - c. [The number and classes of biodiversity credits proposed to be retired in accordance with the variation rules;](#)
 - d. [Any proposal to fund a biodiversity conservation action;](#)
 - e. [Any proposal to make a payment to the Biodiversity Conservation Fund.](#)[If seeking approval to use the variation rules, the BDAR must contain details of the reasonable steps that have been taken to obtain requisite like-for-like biodiversity credits.](#)
4. The BDAR must be submitted with all digital spatial data associated with the survey and assessment as per [Appendix 11 of the BAM.](#)
5. The BDAR must be prepared by a person accredited in accordance with the [Accreditation Scheme for the Application of the Biodiversity Assessment Method Order 2017 under s6.10 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.](#)

Aboriginal cultural heritage

6. The EIS must identify and describe the Aboriginal cultural heritage values that exist across the whole area that will be affected by the development and document these in an Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report (ACHAR). This may include the need for surface survey and test excavation. The identification of cultural heritage values must be conducted in accordance with [the Code of Practice for Archaeological Investigations of Aboriginal Objects in NSW \(OEH 2010\), and be guided by the Guide to investigating, assessing and reporting on Aboriginal Cultural Heritage in NSW \(DECCW, 2011\) and consultation with OEH regional branch officers.](#)
7. Consultation with Aboriginal people must be undertaken and documented in accordance with the [Aboriginal cultural heritage consultation requirements for proponents 2010 \(DECCW\). The significance of cultural heritage values for Aboriginal people who have a cultural association with the land must be documented in the ACHAR.](#)

8. Impacts on Aboriginal cultural heritage values are to be assessed and documented in the ACHAR. The ACHAR must demonstrate attempts to avoid impact upon cultural heritage values and identify any conservation outcomes. Where impacts are unavoidable, the [EIS/EA] must outline measures proposed to mitigate impacts. Any objects recorded as part of the assessment must be documented and notified to OEH.

9. The assessment of Aboriginal cultural heritage values must include a surface survey undertaken by a qualified archaeologist in areas with potential for subsurface Aboriginal deposits. The result of the surface survey is to inform the need for targeted test excavation to better assess the integrity, extent, distribution, nature and overall significance of the archaeological record. The results of surface surveys and test excavations are to be documented in the ACHAR.

10. The ACHAR must outline procedures to be followed if Aboriginal objects are found at any stage of the life of the [development/project] to formulate appropriate measures to manage unforeseen impacts.

11. The ACHAR must outline procedures to be followed in the event Aboriginal burials or skeletal material is uncovered during construction to formulate appropriate measures to manage the impacts to this material.

Historic heritage

12. The EIS must provide a heritage assessment including but not limited to an assessment of impacts to *State and local heritage* including conservation areas, natural heritage areas, places of Aboriginal heritage value, buildings, works, relics, gardens, landscapes, views, trees should be assessed. Where impacts to State or locally significant heritage items are identified, the assessment shall:

- a. outline the proposed mitigation and management measures (including measures to avoid significant impacts and an evaluation of the effectiveness of the mitigation measures) generally consistent with the NSW Heritage Manual (1996).
- b. be undertaken by a suitably qualified heritage consultant(s) (note: where archaeological excavations are proposed the relevant consultant must meet the NSW Heritage Council's Excavation Director criteria).
- c. include a statement of heritage impact for all heritage items (including significance assessment).
- d. consider impacts including, but not limited to, vibration, demolition, archaeological disturbance, altered historical arrangements and access, landscape and vistas, and architectural noise treatment (as relevant), and
- e. where potential archaeological impacts have been identified develop an appropriate archaeological assessment methodology, including research design, to guide physical archaeological test excavations (terrestrial and maritime as relevant) and include the results of these test excavations.

Attachment B – Guidance material

Biodiversity	
Biodiversity Assessment Method (OEH, 2017)	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/bcact/biodiversity-assessment-method-170206.pdf
Biodiversity Offsets Scheme Entry Threshold Tool	www.lmbc.nsw.gov.au/Maps/index.html?viewer=BOSETMap
Biodiversity Values Map	www.lmbc.nsw.gov.au/Maps/index.html?viewer=BVMap
Guidance and Criteria to assist a decision maker to determine a serious and irreversible impact (OEH, 2017)	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/bcact/guidance-decision-makers-determine-serious-irreversible-impact-170204.pdf
Ancillary rules: biodiversity conservation actions	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/bcact/ancillary-rules-biodiversity-actions-170496.pdf
Ancillary rules: reasonable steps to seek like-for-like biodiversity credits for the purpose of applying the variation rules	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/bcact/ancillary-rules-reasonable-steps-170498.pdf
OEH Threatened Species Profiles	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/threatenedspeciesapp/
BioNet Atlas	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/wildlifeatlas/about.htm
BioNet Vegetation Classification – see NSW Plant Community Type (PCT) classification link for PCT database login page.	http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/research/Visclassification.htm
NSW guide to surveying threatened plants (OEH 2016)	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/threatenedspecies/160129-threatened-plants-survey-guide.pdf
OEH threatened species survey and assessment guideline information	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/threatenedspecies/surveyassessmantqdlns.htm
NSW Guide to Surveying Threatened Plants (OEH, 2016)	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/research-and-publications/publications-search/nsw-guide-to-surveying-threatened-plants
Threatened Species Survey and Assessment Guidelines: Field Survey Methods for Fauna - Amphibians (DECC, 2009)	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/Threatenedspecies/09213amphibians.pdf
Threatened Species Assessment Guideline - The Assessment of Significance (DECC 2007)	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/Threatenedspecies/tsaqguide07393.pdf
OEH Data Portal (access to online spatial data)	http://data.environment.nsw.gov.au/
Fisheries NSW policies and guidelines	www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/fisheries/habitat/publications/policies.-guidelines-and-manuals/fish-habitat-conservation
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage	
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Consultation Requirements for Proponents (DECCW, 2010)	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/cultureheritage/commconsultation/09781ACHconsultreq.pdf
Code of Practice for the Archaeological Investigation of Aboriginal Objects in New South Wales (DECCW, 2010)	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/cultureheritage/10783FinalArchCoP.pdf
Guide to investigating, assessing and reporting on Aboriginal cultural heritage in NSW (OEH 2011)	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/cultureheritage/20110263ACHguide.pdf
Aboriginal Site Recording Form	www.environment.nsw.gov.au/resources/parks/SiteCardMainV1_1.pdf

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