

Planning Secretary's Environmental Assessment Requirements

**Section 4.12(8) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
Part 8 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021**

Application Number	SSD-50725959
Project	Dinawan Solar Farm, which includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the construction, operation and decommissioning of a solar photovoltaic (PV) energy generating facility with an estimated capacity of 1,000 MW; and associated infrastructure, including grid connection and battery storage of up to 300 MW.
Location	Caddell Road, Gala Vale, 29 km south of Coleambally and 30 km north of Jerilderie within Murrumbidgee local government area
Proponent	Spark Renewables Pty Limited
Date of Issue	14/12/2022
General Requirements	<p>The Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) must meet the minimum form and content requirements as prescribed by Part 8, Division 5 of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021</i> (EP&A Regulation) and must have regard to the <i>State Significant Development Guidelines</i> and the <i>Large-Scale Solar Energy Guideline (2022)</i> (Solar Guideline).</p> <p>In particular, the EIS must include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> stand-alone executive summary; a full description of the development, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> details of construction, operation and decommissioning including any staging of the development; a high quality site plan at an adequate scale with dimensions showing all infrastructure and facilities (including any infrastructure that would be required for the development, but the subject of a separate approvals process); a high quality detailed constraints map identifying the key environmental and other land use constraints that have informed the final design of the development; a strategic justification of the development focusing on site selection and the suitability of the proposed site with respect to potential land use conflicts with existing and future surrounding land uses (including existing land use, other proposed or approved solar and major projects, rural/residential development, Crown lands (including existing Travelling Stock Route network) within and adjacent to the project site and subdivision potential) having regard to the Solar Guideline; an assessment of the likely impacts of the development on the environment, focusing on the specific issues identified below, including:

- a description of the existing environment likely to be affected by the development using sufficient baseline data;
- an assessment of the likely impacts of all stages of the development (which is commensurate with the level of impact), including any cumulative impacts of the site and existing or proposed developments in the region, taking into consideration any relevant legislation, environmental planning instruments, guidelines, policies, plans and industry codes of practice including the Solar Guideline and *Cumulative Impact Assessment Guideline* (DPIE, 2021);
- a description of the measures that would be implemented to avoid, mitigate and/or offset the impacts of the development including details of consultation with any affected non-associated landowners in relation to the development of mitigation measures and any negotiated agreements with these landowners, (including draft management plans for specific issues as identified below); and
- a description of the measures that would be implemented to monitor and report on the environmental performance of the development, including adaptive management strategies and contingency measures to address residual impact;
- a consolidated summary of all the proposed environmental management and monitoring measures, identifying all the commitments in the EIS;
- a detailed evaluation of the merits of the project as a whole having regard to:
 - the requirements in Section 4.15 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, including the objects of the Act and how the principles of ecologically sustainable development have been incorporated in the design, construction and ongoing operations of the development;
 - the suitability of the site with respect to potential land use conflicts with existing and future surrounding land uses; and
 - feasible alternatives to the development and its key components (including opportunities for shared infrastructure with proposed developments in the region), including the consequences of not carrying out the development; and
- a detailed consideration of the capability of the project to contribute to the security and reliability of the electricity system in the National Electricity Market, having regard to local system conditions and the Department's guidance on the matter.

Capital Investment Value and Employment

- Provide a detailed calculation of the capital investment value (CIV) of the development, prepared by an AIQS Certified Quantity Surveyor or RICS Chartered Quantity Surveyor in accordance with *Planning Circular PS 21-020: Calculation of Capital Investment Value*. The calculation of the estimated CIV is to be accurate at the date of application and include details of all components and assumptions from which it is derived.
- Provide an estimate of the retained and new jobs that would be created during the construction and operational phases of the development, including details of the methodology to determine the figures provided.

The development application must be accompanied by:

- the consent of the owner/s of the land (as required in Section 23(1) of the

	<p>Regulation); and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a declaration from a Registered Environmental Assessment Practitioner that the EIS includes the information specified in the Department's <i>Registered Environmental Assessment Practitioner Guidelines</i>.
Key issues	<p>The EIS must address the following specific matters:</p> <p>Biodiversity – including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • an assessment of the biodiversity values and the likely biodiversity impacts of the project in accordance with Section 7.9 of the <i>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</i> (NSW) (BC Act), the <i>Biodiversity Assessment Method (BAM) 2020</i> and documented in a Biodiversity Development Assessment Report (BDAR), including a detailed description of the proposed regime for avoiding, minimising, managing and reporting on the biodiversity impacts (including on grasslands) of the development over time, and a strategy to offset any residual impacts of the development in accordance with the BC Act; • an assessment of the likely impacts on listed aquatic threatened species, populations or ecological communities, scheduled under the <i>Fisheries Management Act 1994</i>, and a description of the measures to minimise and rehabilitate impacts, including impacts to the Yanco Creek and Cooinbil Creek and unnamed watercourses flowing across the site; • a cumulative impact assessment of biodiversity values in the region from nearby developments; and • if an offset is required, details of the measures proposed to address the offset obligations. <p>Heritage – including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • an assessment of the impact to Aboriginal cultural heritage items (cultural and archaeological) in accordance with the <i>Guide to Investigating, Assessing and Reporting on Aboriginal Cultural Heritage in NSW</i> (OEH, 2011) and the Code of Practice for the <i>Archaeological Investigation of Aboriginal Objects in NSW</i> (DECCW, 2010), including results of archaeological test excavations (if required); • evidence of consultation with Aboriginal communities in determining and assessing impacts, developing options and selecting options and mitigation measures (including the final proposed measures), having regard to the <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Consultation Requirements for Proponents</i> (DECCW, 2010); and • assess the impact to historic heritage having regard to the NSW Heritage Manual. <p>Land – including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a detailed justification of the suitability of the site and that the site can accommodate the proposed development having regard to its potential environmental impacts, permissibility, strategic context and existing site constraints, having regard to the Solar Guideline; • an assessment of the potential impacts of the development on existing land uses on the site and adjacent land, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - flood prone land, irrigated lands, Crown lands, travelling stock routes, mining, quarries, mineral or petroleum rights; - a soil survey to determine the soil characteristics and consider the potential for erosion to occur; and - a cumulative impact assessment of nearby developments; • an assessment of the compatibility of the development with existing land uses, during construction, operation and after decommissioning, including,

including subdivision (if required); and

- an assessment of the agricultural impacts in accordance with the Solar Guideline.

Landscape and Visual – including:

- a landscape and visual impact assessment, prepared in accordance with the Solar Guideline and the *Technical Supplement – Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment*;
- a detailed assessment of the likely visual impacts (including night lighting) of all components of the project on surrounding residences (including approved developments, lodged development applications and dwelling entitlements), and key locations, scenic or significant vistas and road corridors in the public domain; and
- details of measures to mitigate and/or manage potential impacts (including a draft landscaping plan for on-site perimeter planting, with evidence it has been developed in consultation with affected landowners).

Glint and Glare – provide a glint and glare assessment prepared in accordance with the Solar Guideline;

Noise – including an assessment of the construction noise impacts of the development in accordance with the *Interim Construction Noise Guideline* (ICNG), operational noise impacts in accordance with the *NSW Noise Policy for Industry* (2017), cumulative noise impacts (considering other developments in the area), and a draft noise management plan if the assessment shows construction noise is likely to exceed applicable criteria.

Transport – including:

- an assessment of the peak and average traffic generation, including over-dimensional vehicles / heavy vehicles requiring escort and construction worker transportation;
- an assessment of the likely transport impacts to the site access route(s), site access point(s), any Crown land, particularly in relation to the capacity and condition of the roads, road safety and intersection performance;
- a cumulative impact assessment of traffic from nearby developments; and
- provide details of measures to mitigate and / or manage potential impacts including a schedule of all required road upgrades (including resulting from heavy vehicle and over mass / over dimensional traffic haulage routes), road maintenance contributions, and any other traffic control measures, developed in consultation with the relevant road authorities.

Water – including:

- an assessment of the likely impacts of the development (including flooding and flood modelling) on surrounding watercourses (including their Strahler Stream Order), irrigation and drainage channels, and groundwater resources and measures proposed to monitor, reduce and mitigate these impacts;
- a site water balance for the development and details of water requirements and supply arrangements for construction and operation;
- where the project involves works within 40 metres of any river, lake or wetlands (collectively waterfront land), identify likely impacts to the waterfront land, and how the activities are to be designed and implemented in accordance with the *DPI Guidelines for Controlled Activities on Waterfront Land* (2018) and (if necessary) *Why Do Fish Need to Cross the Road? Fish Passage Requirements for Waterway Crossings* (DPI 2003), and *Policy & Guidelines for Fish Habitat Conservation & Management* (DPE, 2013); and
- a description of the erosion and sediment control measures that would be

	<p>implemented to mitigate any impacts in accordance with <i>Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils & Construction</i> (Landcom, 2004).</p> <p>Hazards – including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a preliminary risk screening completed in accordance with the <i>State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards)</i> and <i>Applying SEPP 33</i> (DoP, 2011); • a Preliminary Hazard Analysis (PHA) prepared in accordance with <i>Hazardous Industry Planning Advisory Paper No. 6 – Guideline for Hazard Analysis</i> (DoP, 2011) and <i>Multi-Level Risk Assessment</i> (DoP, 2011). The PHA must consider all recent standards and codes and verify separation distances to on-site and off-site receptors to prevent fire propagation and compliance with Hazardous Industry Advisory Paper No. 4, ‘Risk Criteria for Land Use Safety Planning’ (DoP, 2011); • an assessment of potential hazards and risks including but not limited to fires, spontaneous ignition, electromagnetic fields or the proposed grid connection infrastructure against the <i>International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) Guidelines for limiting exposure to Time-varying Electric, Magnetic and Electromagnetic Fields</i>; and • identify potential hazards and risks associated with bushfires / use of bushfire prone land including the risks that a solar farm would cause bush fire and demonstrate compliance with <i>Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019</i>. <p>Social Impact – including an assessment of the social impacts in accordance with <i>Social Impact Assessment Guideline</i> (DPIE, 2021) and consideration of construction workforce accommodation.</p> <p>Economic – including an assessment of the economic impacts or benefits of the project for the region and the State as a whole and provide details of any proposed voluntary benefit sharing programs in accordance with the Solar Guideline.</p> <p>Waste – including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identify, quantify and classify the likely waste streams to be generated throughout all stages of the project, and describe the measures to be implemented to reduce waste generation, manage, reuse, recycle and safely dispose of this waste; and • provide a waste management plan prepared in accordance with the Solar Guideline.
<p>Plans and Documents</p>	<p>The EIS must include all relevant plans, architectural drawings, diagrams and relevant documentation required under Part 3 of the Regulation. Provide these as part of the EIS rather than as separate documents.</p> <p>In addition, the EIS must include high quality files of maps and figures of the subject site, proposal, and proposed road upgrades.</p>
<p>Legislation, Policies and Guidelines</p>	<p>The assessment of the key issues listed above must take into account relevant guidelines, policies, and plans as identified.</p> <p>While not exhaustive, a list of some of the legislation, policies and guidelines that may be relevant to the assessment of the project can be found at:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • https://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/Policy-and-Legislation/Planning-reforms/Rapid-Assessment-Framework/Improving-assessment-guidance • https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/major-projects/assessment/policies-and-guidelines ; and • http://www.environment.gov.au/epbc/publications#assessments

Engagement	<p>During the preparation of the EIS, you should consult with the relevant local, State or Commonwealth Government authorities, infrastructure and service providers, community groups, affected landowners and any exploration licence and/or mineral title holders.</p> <p>In particular, you must undertake detailed consultation with affected landowners surrounding the development, Murrumbidgee Council, and relevant government agencies.</p> <p>The EIS must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • detail how engagement undertaken was consistent with the <i>Undertaking Engagement Guidelines for State Significant Projects</i> (DPIE, 2021); and • describe the consultation process and the issues raised and identify where the design of the development has been amended in response to these issues. Where amendments have not been made to address an issue, an explanation should be provided.
Expiry Date	<p>If you do not lodge a Development Application and EIS for the development within 2 years of the issue date of these SEARs, your SEARs will expire. If an extension to these SEARs will be required, please consult with the Planning Secretary 3 months prior to the expiry date.</p>