

Our Ref: PSM4252-002L REV5

24 August 2022

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Attention: Andy Lloyd

Dear Andy,

**RE: MAMRE ROAD, KEMPS CREEK
RESULTS OF DETAILED GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION**

1. Introduction

This report presents the results of Stage 1 and 2 geotechnical investigations undertaken by PSM at Mamre Road, Kemps Creek. The Stage 1 works have been undertaken in October 2020. The Stage 2 works have been undertaken in accordance with PSM proposal (Ref: PSM4252-008L) dated 27 July 2021.

The report has been updated to include PSM Stage 2 – Detail Geotechnical Investigation completed between 25 May and 08 June 2022.

Figure 1 presents a locality plan of the site and approximate investigation locations.

2. Background

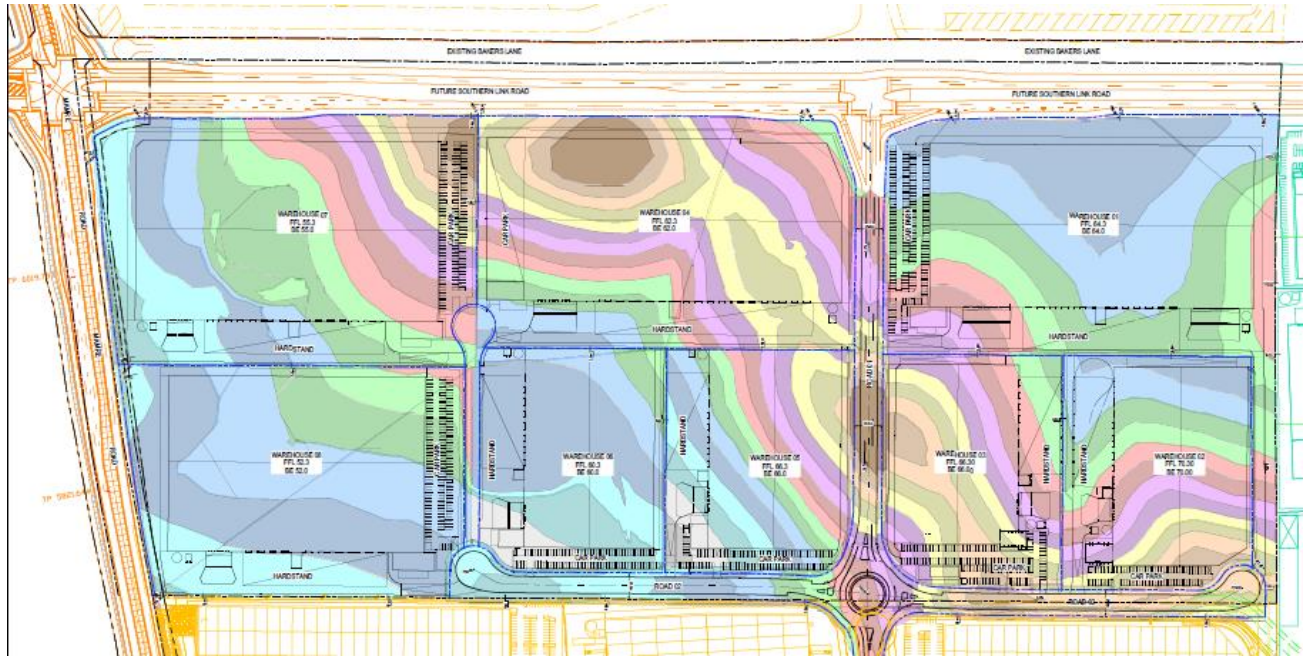
To assist with the geotechnical investigation, we were provided with and reviewed the following documents:

- Contour survey of property by C & A surveyors dated 10 September 2019
- Survey sketch from C & A surveyors dated 16 September 2019
- Concept masterplan dated 20 September 2019
- Preliminary earthworks and retaining wall plan dated 25 September 2019
- AT&L Concept Earthworks Plan (Ref" 21-855-SKC001 dated 4 May 2022).

PSM understand the following about the proposed development:

- The site has an approximate area of 52 hectares
- The proposed development will comprise typical lightweight standard warehouse facilities, with hardstand areas, carparks and retaining wall
- The proposed earthworks comprise:
 - Cut depth: up to 18 m
 - Fill depth: up to 11 m.

Inset 1 below presents the preliminary earthworks (cut and fill) and retaining wall plan.



Inset 1: Preliminary earthworks and retaining wall plan by AT&L (Ref: 21-855-SKC001 dated 4 May 2022)

3. Geotechnical Investigation

The scope of stage 1 and 2 geotechnical investigations comprises:

- Stage 1: Geotechnical investigation undertaken from 22 to 23 October 2020 as a part of due diligence study:
 - Nine (9) boreholes including 3 cored holes and 6 augured holes
 - Six (6) Cone penetration tests.
- Stage 2: Geotechnical investigation undertaken on 22 May 2022, 7 and 8 June 2022 as a part of an additional geotechnical investigation:
 - Three (3) cored boreholes within the deep cut areas.

3.1 Fieldwork – Stage 1 (October 2020)

3.1.1 Boreholes

A total of 9 boreholes, including 3 cored holes (CH01 to CH03) and 6 augured holes (AH01 to AH06), were drilled using truck mounted geotechnical drilling rigs.

The 3 cored holes were drilled to depths of between 10.2 m to 10.9 m with augering through soils and low strength rock using V-Groove carbide bit (V-bit) and tungsten carbide bit (TC-bit), followed with coring through rock with NMLC diamond bit. The 6 augured holes were drilled to depths of between 5.25 to 6.0 m with V-bit and TC-bit.

The geotechnical borehole logs and core photos together with explanation sheets are presented in Appendix A1. Point load strength index testing was performed on the recovered core at approximately one metre intervals with results tabulated in Appendix B1.

3.1.2 Cone penetration testing (CPT)

In addition to the boreholes, a total of 6 CPTs (CPT01 to CPT06) were completed to refusal depths of 4.8 m to 6.6 m. The CPTs were carried out using a 24-tonne truck mounted rig. At the completion of each test, the holes were topped with sand fill. The results of the CPTs including interpreted subsurface profiles are included in Appendix C.

3.2 Fieldwork – Stage 2 (May and June 2022)

A total of three (3) cored boreholes were drilled using track mounted geotechnical drilling rigs. The 3 cored holes were drilled to depths of between 13.0 m to 20.6 m with augering through soils and low strength rock using V-Groove carbide bit (V-bit) and tungsten carbide bit (TC-bit), followed by coring through rock with NMLC diamond bit.

The geotechnical borehole logs and core photos are presented in Appendix A2. Point load strength index testing was performed on the recovered core at approximately one metre intervals with results tabulated in Appendix B2.

3.3 General

All work was conducted under the full-time supervision of a PSM geotechnical engineer, who undertook the following tasks:

- Preparing engineering logs of the material encountered
- Collection of disturbed samples for geotechnical and analytical laboratory testing
- Point load testing of recovered core samples
- Directing the backfilling of boreholes
- Directing the service locators, drillers, and CPT operators to investigation locations.

Prior to testing, on-site service location “scans” were undertaken by a licensed service locator in the presence of a PSM geotechnical engineer to assess if the test locations were free from buried utilities.

The investigation locations were recorded with a hand-held GPS unit with a horizontal accuracy of approximately +/- 5 m.

Standard Penetration Tests (SPTs) were undertaken at regular intervals in soil units and some weathered rock. Soil samples were taken directly from the auger. At the completion of the fieldwork, the boreholes were backfilled with excavated spoil and sand as required.

Figures 2 to 8 present selected photos of the fieldwork.

3.4 Analytical Laboratory Testing

Six (6) soil samples were retrieved by a PSM Geotechnical Engineer for testing in an analytical laboratory. The disturbed soil samples were sent to a NATA accredited analytical laboratory and the following tests were undertaken:

- Resistivity
- Electrical conductivity
- Soil pH
- Moisture content
- Chlorides
- Sulphates
- Cation Exchange Capacity (CEC) of calcium, magnesium, potassium, and sodium
- Exchangeable sodium percentage.

3.5 Geotechnical Laboratory Testing

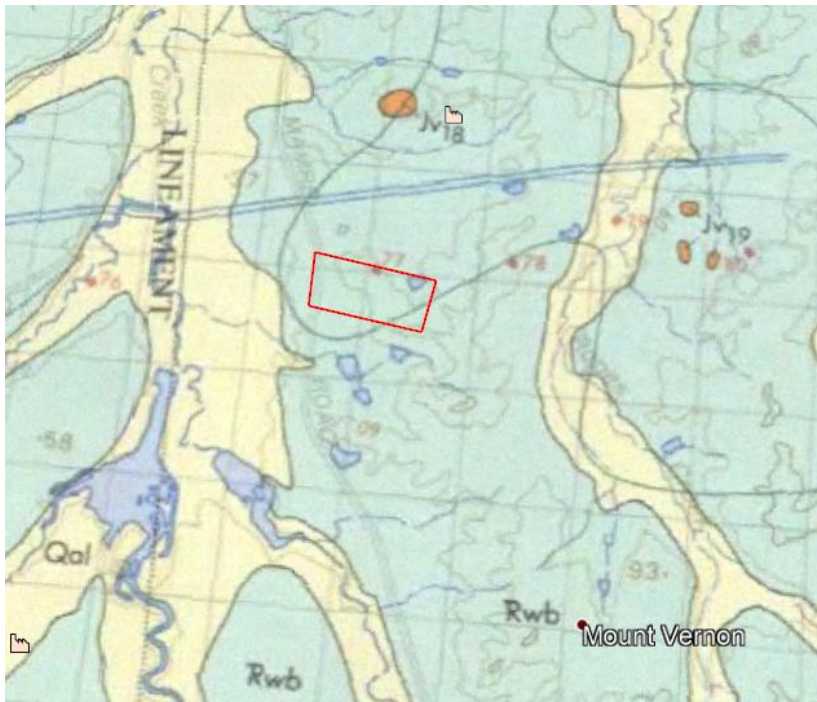
Soil samples from three (3) of the boreholes were sent to a geotechnical laboratory for California Bearing Ratio (CBR). Tests were undertaken on 4-day-soaked samples compacted to 98% MDD at OMC, with a 4.5 kg surcharge.

4. Site Conditions

4.1 Geological Setting

The 1:100,000 Sydney Geological Map indicates that the site is underlain by Bringelly Shale of the Wianamatta group (Rwb) which consists of shale, carbonaceous claystone, claystone, laminite, fine to medium grained lithic sandstone, rare coal and tuff.

Inset 2 presents the geological map of the site.



Inset 2: Sydney Geological Map indicating approximate site location in red polygon

4.2 Surface Conditions

The site comprises a farmhouse to the north and water reservoirs around the site. The site primarily comprises of thickly vegetated areas and landscape areas, with wired fences dividing the site. Cattle occupies the approximate 52 hectares site. At the time of the fieldwork, the surfaces were dry and accessible by foot or vehicles.

There are three peaks on the site, one in the east of the farmhouse, and two at the south eastern corner of the site. The slopes are gentle with the lowest area on site located at the south western corner.

4.3 Subsurface Conditions

The subsurface conditions encountered within the boreholes are summarised in Table 1 and Table 2. The Bringelly Shale bedrock unit has been classified using the system developed by Pells et al (1998). With regards to Bedrock unit, we have inferred CPT refusal depths as the top of the unit.

Table 1 - Summary of Inferred Subsurface Conditions Encountered in the Boreholes

Inferred Unit	Inferred Top of unit Depth Below Ground Surface (m)	Description
TOPSOIL	0.0	CLAY to Clayey SAND; brown to dark brown, low to high plasticity, fine grained sand, grass and rootlets observed, dry to moist condition and firm to stiff consistency.
NATURAL SOIL	0.1 – 0.05	CLAY to Sandy CLAY; low to high plasticity, orange and mottled grey to dark brown and red, shale fragments observed, fine grained Sand, dry to moist condition, stiff to hard consistency.
BEDROCK A	0.6 – 6.6	SHALE/SANDSTONE; dark brown and grey, poorly developed to developed rock fabric, extremely to highly weathered, very low to low strength.
BEDROCK B	3.1 – 6.3	SHALE/SANDSTONE; grey to dark grey, fine grained, developed to well developed rock fabric, thinly laminated, highly to slightly weathered, low to very high strength, moderately spaced defects greater than 60 mm spacing. LAMINITE; SHALE (70%-90%) and SANDSTONE (10%-30%). SANDSTONE: medium coarse grained, grey, thinly bedded. SHALE: dark grey to grey, poorly developed, thinly laminated, highly to moderately weathered, low to medium strength.

Table 2 – The reduced level (R.L.) of Inferred Geotechnical Units Encountered in the Boreholes and CPT

Stage Investigation	Test ID	The reduced level of Inferred Geotechnical Units (m)				
		Topsoil	Natural Soil	Bedrock A	Bedrock B	EOH
STAGE 1	AH01	74.5	74.4	72.6	-	68.5
	AH02	72.7	72.6	71.0	-	66.7
	AH03	73	72.8	71.8	-	67.0
	AH04	63.3	63.2	60.7	-	57.3
	AH05	65.6	65.5	63.8	-	59.6
	AH06	46.6	46.5	45.0	-	41.4
	CH01	85.7	85.6	85.1	82.6	74.8
	CH02	73.5	73.3	71.6	66.1	63.3
	CH03	63.5	63.4	61.5	53.5	53.0
	CPT01	47.2	47.1	42.3*	-	42.3
	CPT02	43.7	43.5	37.1*	-	37.1
	CPT03	51.6	51.5	46.8*	-	46.8
	CPT04	67.6	67.5	62.6*	-	62.6
	CPT05	58.7	58.5	54.4*	-	54.4
	CPT06	57.7	57.5	51.6*	-	51.6
STAGE 2	BH01	82.0	81.9	80.5	70.2	61.4
	BH02	81.0	80.9	80.2	71.3	64.3
	BH03	74.0	73.9	73.2	67.7	61.0

Note:

* CPT refusal is inferred as top of BEDROCK A.

4.4 Groundwater

Water seepage was observed at AH05 at depth of 5.7 m.

No groundwater was observed within any of the other boreholes during the geotechnical investigation. Long term groundwater monitoring was not undertaken.

5. Laboratory Testing Results

5.1 Geotechnical Testing

Table 3 present a summary of the CBR test results. The laboratory test sheets for each set of tests are included in Appendix D.

Table 3 – Summary of CBR test results

Sample ID	Borehole ID (Depth)	Material Description	Soaked CBR (%)	Moisture Content (%)	OMC (%)	Standard Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³)	Swell (%)
CBR01	AH04 (0.5 m – 1.0m)	CLAY	2.5	21.4	20.5	1.64	2.5
CBR02	CH03 (0.5 m – 1.0m)	CLAY	2.0	21.7	22.1	1.63	3.5
CBR03	AH03 (0.5 m – 1.0m)	Sandy CLAY	1.5	17.6	21.1	1.64	5.5

5.2 Analytical Testing

5.2.1 Aggressivity

Table 4 presents a summary of the analytical laboratory testing results for aggressivity. Detailed results are provided in Appendix D.

The laboratory test results summarised indicate the following:

- pH of the soil samples analysed ranged from 5.1 to 8.9, with an average of 7.1
- The concentrations of soluble sulphate in samples analysed ranged from 10 mg/kg to 190 mg/kg
- The concentrations of chlorides in samples analysed ranged from <10 mg/kg to 390 mg/kg
- The moisture content ranged from 9.1 to 19.3 %
- The resistivity of the soil samples ranged from 2,500 ohm.cm to 12,800 ohm.cm.

Table 4 – Aggressivity Classification

Sample ID	Material Description	BH ID (Depth)	pH	Moisture Content [%]	Chloride by Discrete Analyser [mg/kg]	Soluble Sulphate by ICPAES [mg/kg]	Resistivity [ohm.cm]
ES01	SHALE	CH01 (1.1 m)	8.4	9.1	<10	10	7,190
ES02	Sandy CLAY	CH02 (0.8 m)	8.9	14.7	280	90	2,500
ES03	CLAY	CH03 (0.7 m)	7.7	15.7	120	10	9,090
ES04	CLAY	AH06 (0.6 m)	5.8	13.7	50	90	10,100
ES05	CLAY	AH04 (0.7 m)	5.1	19.3	390	190	2,900
ES06	CLAY	AH02 (0.5 m)	6.5	16.1	90	90	12,800

Table 4.8.1 of Australian Standard AS 3600 (2009) Concrete Structures provides criteria for exposure classification for concrete in sulphate soils based on sulphate content and acidity in the soil and groundwater. Based on soil sulphate content and pH testing completed, we assess the exposure classification for concrete in the soil to be “A1” to “A2”.

Table 6.4.2(C) of Australian Standard AS2159:2009, Piling – Design and Installation provides criteria for exposure classification for concrete piles based on sulphates in the soil and groundwater, soil and groundwater pH, and chlorides in groundwater. On the basis of the soil sulphates and pH testing completed we assess the exposure classification for concrete piles in the soil to be “Non-aggressive” to “Mild”.

Table 6.5.2(C) of Australian Standard AS2159:2009, Piling – Design and Installation provides criteria for exposure classification for steel piles based on resistivity, soil and groundwater pH, and chlorides in soil and groundwater. On the basis of soil chlorides, resistivity and pH testing completed we assess the exposure classification for steel piles in the soil to be “Non-aggressive”.

5.2.2 Salinity and Sodicity

Table 5 presents a summary of the analytical laboratory testing results for salinity and sodicity. Detailed results are provided in Appendix D.

“Site Investigations for Urban Salinity” (DLWC, 2002) classify soil salinity based on electrical conductivity (EC_e). The method of conversion from EC1:5 to EC_e (electrical conductivity of saturated extract) is based on DLWC (2002) and given by $EC_e = EC_{1:5} \times M$, where M is the multiplication factor based on “Soil Texture Group”.

Table 5 - Salinity and Sodicity Classification

Sample ID	BH ID (Depth)	Exchangeable Cations [meq/100g]					ESP [%]	Electric Conductivity EC1:5 [μS/cm]	M	Electric Conductivity EC _e [dS/m]	Salinity Class
		Ca	Mg	K	Na	CEC					
ES01	CH01 (1.1 m)	17	3.1	<0.2	0.6	20.9	3.1	139	8 ¹	1.1	Non-saline
ES02	CH02 (0.8 m)	9.7	17.2	<0.2	3.7	21.3	17.2	400	9 ²	3.6	Slightly saline
ES03	CH03 (0.7 m)	10.6	12.2	<0.2	2.6	21.4	12.2	110	8 ¹	0.9	Non-saline
ES04	AH06 (0.6 m)	3.7	14.2	0.2	1.9	15.6	14.2	99	9 ²	0.9	Non-saline
ES05	AH04 (0.7 m)	0.7	18.8	0.2	2.3	12.4	18.8	345	8 ¹	2.8	Slightly saline
ES06	AH02 (0.5 m)	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	78	8 ¹	0.6	Non-saline

Note:

- ¹ Multiplication factor based on “Soil Texture Group” - Light medium clay is plastic and smooth to the touch and will form a ribbon of 7.5 cm.
- ² Multiplication factor based on “Soil Texture Group” - Clay Loam can be easily rolled to a thread 3-4 mm thick but will have a number of fractures along its length. The soil is becoming plastic, capable of being moulded into a stable shape.

The “Soil Texture Group” of the samples tested were assessed during our investigation. The salinity classification for the soil samples that were tested are presented in Table 5. It is assessed that the soils on site are classified as “Non-saline” to “Slightly saline”. We have referred to Clause 4.8.2 of Australian Standard AS3600-2009 “Concrete Structures” and note that the assessed soil electrical conductivity (EC_e) is less than the upper limit of the “A2” exposure classification.

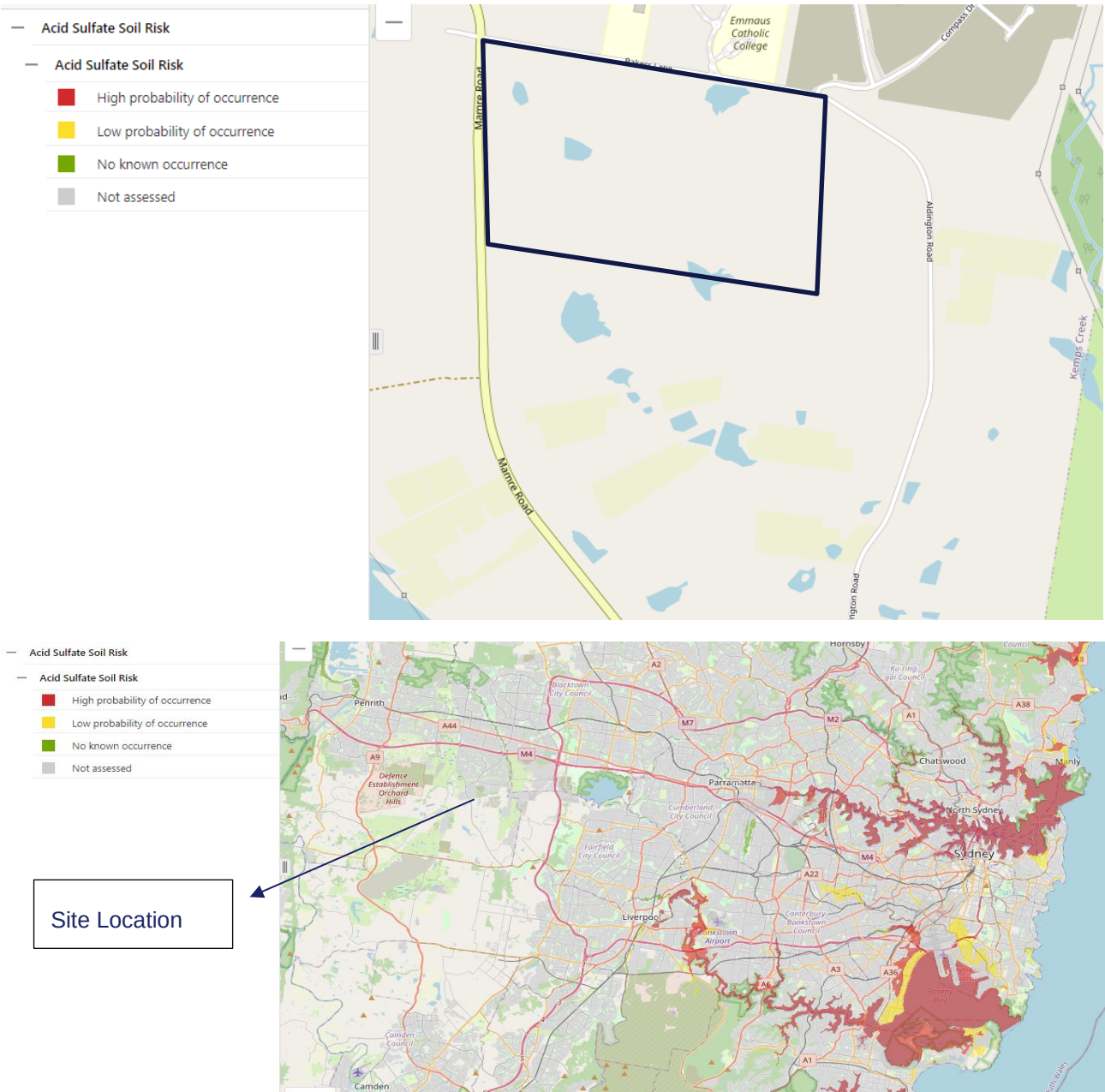
Sodicity provides a measure of the likely dispersion on wetting and to shrink / swell properties of a soil. Soil sodicity is classified based on the Exchangeable Sodium Percentage (ESP) which is the amount of exchangeable sodium as a percentage of the Cation Exchange Capacity (DLWC, 2002).

The Exchangeable Sodium Percentages calculated from the laboratory results was compared to the criteria provided in “Site Investigations for Urban Salinity” (DLWC, 2002). In the inferred NATURAL SOIL unit, the laboratory testing shows ESP ranges from < 0.1 % to 18.8%, indicating that the NATURAL SOIL on the site is classified as “Non-sodic” to “Highly sodic”, as per DLWC (2002).

5.2.3 Acid Sulphate Soils Impacts – Desktop assessment

Based on the NSW Government SEED (Sharing and Enabling Environmental Data), the site is not located within the areas covered by the Acid Sulphate Soil Risk Map Data. It is our opinion that the risk of acid sulphate soils is low within this site.

Should further assessment be required, we recommend an environmental consultant be engaged to undertake the assessment.



Inset 3: Acid Sulphate Soils Map – Blue Outline Defines Approximate Site Boundary

6. Bulk Earthworks

A bulk earthworks specification has been prepared for the site (Ref. PSM4252-003S) which sets out clearly the roles and responsibilities of the earthworks contractor and its Geotechnical Inspection and Testing Authority (GITA). The proposed bulk earthworks within the site shall be undertaken in accordance with the PSM Specification prepared for this site. The Specification will only be varied with the consent of PSM to ensure that this interim design advice is able to be confirmed at the completion of the earthworks.

The Specification allows for a broad range of fill to be incorporated into the earthworks. The Specification requires close inspection, and frequent testing to provide a high level of confidence that the completed work complies with the Specification.

We have based our assessment of moduli on numerous plate load tests (PLTs) completed on VENM/ENM fills by PSM. Fill placed in accordance with such a specification is referred to herein as ENGINEERED FILL.

The Specification complies with the intent of AS 3798-2007 "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments" and is intended to specify the minimum requirements to achieve a fill with the properties provided in Section 7 of this letter.

The Specification requires close inspection, frequent testing and external auditing of the earthworks to provide a high level of confidence that the completed work complies with the Specification. The Specification will only be varied with the consent of PSM to ensure that this interim design advice is able to be confirmed at the completion of the earthworks.

If the structural or civil engineer requires engineering properties different to those provided in Section 7 then the specification can be modified such that these properties will be obtained in the final earthworks. This allows the additional cost of the earthworks to be balanced against any economies achieved in other parts of the works.

6.1 Excavation Conditions

Excavation in the TOPSOIL, NATURAL SOIL, and most of BEDROCK A units is expected to be achievable using conventional earth moving equipment with minor rock breaking.

It is our experience that excavatability is heavily dependent on both the operator and the plant used. Any earthworks contractor should satisfy itself with regard to excavatability especially in the BEDROCK B or better unit. The presence of medium to very high strength sandstone in BEDROCK B unit will require the use of rock breaking equipment. Prospective contractors should make their own assessment of excavatability based on our logs and their site inspection and experience.

7. Interim Geotechnical Design Advice

7.1 General

The design advice in the following sections is provided on the basis that:

- The bulk earthworks on site to be completed in accordance with a PSM Specification, currently PSM4252-003S REV1 (the Specification) provided in Appendix E
- PSM to audit the earthworks to confirm the advice in this letter at the completion of the bulk earthworks.

We note that the final bulk earthworks subgrade will require proof rolling and plate load testing to confirm the properties provided and may require some boxing out and refilling, etc.

We understand that the structural engineer should be able to design an efficient slab and shallow footings for these geotechnical conditions. If assessed deformation and settlement is an issue, then our advice can be further refined if required.

We note that desiccation and/or wetting up of the pad surface is possible should it be exposed to the elements for an extended period of time, particularly at completion of the bulk earthworks prior to the builder taking

responsibility for the pad. To reduce the likelihood of this and preserve the pad condition we recommend the following should be considered following completion of the bulk earthworks:

- Placement of a sacrificial layer comprising roadbase or other equivalent material
- Grade the pad surface to reduce the extent and severity of standing water during and after weather events
- Minimise the time between the completion of earthworks and the builder commencing construction of the warehouse roof
- Limit vehicular and plant access until a roof has been installed.

Alternately, the developer or builder may have to undertake some surficial remediation if the pad is to comply with the requirements of this IGDA (i.e. comply with the PSM Specification) at the time of construction.

It is PSM's opinion that it should be the builder's responsibility to maintain the condition of the pad after the handover date and accept the risk that comes with modifying excavation levels and weather. There should be a strict transfer of the risk. We recommend that building tenderers be required to indicate how they intend to manage this risk.

7.2 Site Classification

While the proposed development is out of scope of AS2870-2011 "Residential slabs and footings", we assess that for natural clay soil placed in accordance with the Specification, the characteristic surface movement, y_s , would be in the range 40 mm to 60 mm and thus would classify the site as Class H1. The civil and structural engineers should consider likely heave / settlement due to the effect of climatic factors in their designs.

We recommend that all structures and services be detailed such that they preclude any local wetting up or drying out of the subgrade after initial equilibrium is reached following construction of the slab and that the subgrade be within specification at the time of construction of the slab. We note that normal mounding or sagging away from the perimeter of covered areas will still occur and perimeters, or open joints, will still respond to environmental changes.

For effectively sealed areas away from the perimeter, the design should allow for the following:

- Differential mound movement, $y_m = 20$ mm. We note that this is not the total heave or settlement but the estimated local heave or settlement due to FILL variability
- Tilts of up to approximately 1 in 300.

Mounds at perimeters or penetrations of slabs open to the environment can be taken to be as per AS2870-2011 for $y_s = 55$ mm.

7.3 Foundations

7.3.1 Pad Footings

Pad footings can be proportioned based on an allowable bearing pressure (ABP) for centric vertical loads provided in Table 6. Higher ABPs in soil units may be available, but these depend on the size, depth, loads, etc., and would be subject to specific advice. The ABP needs to be confirmed by a geotechnical engineer during an inspection.

Settlements in soil units can be estimated using the elastic parameters provided in Table 6. We note that allowable bearing pressures presented in assume a settlement of approximately 1% (or less) of the least footing dimension for footings in the BEDROCK units.

Table 6 – Engineering Parameters of Inferred Geotechnical Units

Inferred Unit	Bulk Unit Weight (kN/m ³)	Soil Effective Strength Parameters		Ultimate Bearing Pressure Under Vertical Centric Loading (kPa)	Allowable Bearing Pressure Under Vertical Centric Loading (kPa)	Ultimate Shaft Adhesion (kPa)	Elastic Parameters	
		c' (kPa)	φ' (deg)				Young's Modulus (MPa)	Poisson's Ratio
ENGINEERED FILL, NATURAL SOIL	18	0	30	420 ¹	150 ¹	N/A	10	0.3
BEDROCK A	22	N/A	N/A	3,000 ²	700 ²	50	100	0.25
BEDROCK B	24	N/A	N/A	6,000 ²	1,500 ²	350	350	0.25

Note:

- ¹ Pad footings in soil unit should have a minimum horizontal dimension of 1.0 m and a minimum embedment depth of 0.5 m.
- ² Ultimate bearing pressure for bedrock assumes a settlement of approximately 5% of the least footing dimension for footings in rock.
- ³ Allowable bearing pressure assumes a settlement of approximately 1% of the least footing dimension for footings in rock.

7.3.2 Piled Foundations

Piled foundation should be founded within the BEDROCK units.

Piles should be designed in accordance with the requirements in AS 2159 (2009), *Piling – Design and Installation*. The parameters provided in Table 6 may be adopted in the design of piles founded in the BEDROCK unit.

The foundation designer should note the following with regards to the pile design:

- The ABP needs to be confirmed by a geotechnical engineer during a pile inspection
- Under permanent load, the contribution of side adhesion for soils including soil units should be ignored
- Pile settlement needs to be checked using the recommended elastic parameters in Table 6.

The bearing capacities provided are contingent on piles or footings being vertically and centrally loaded. Further advice should be sought if the footings are not vertically centrally loaded. Should higher bearing capacities be required in Table 6 further advice should be sought from PSM.

With regards to the pile design, we recommend that:

- A geotechnical strength reduction factor, $\Phi_g = 0.60$ (AS2159 CL. 4.3.2) be adopted for a high redundancy system for an assessed average risk rating (ARR) between 2.5 and 3.0. This should be reviewed to suit the specific design and appropriate pile testing proposed by the structural designers in accord with the requirements of AS2159
- It may be possible to increase the pile reduction factors, if the details of the proposed pile installation procedures indicate a high level of quality control with regards to concrete placement, base cleanliness, etc
- If a geotechnical strength reduction factor, $\Phi_g = 0.40$ is adopted then no pile testing will be required (AS2159 Clause 8.2.4 (b)).

Foundation conditions at the proposed pile locations should be inspected by a suitably qualified geotechnical engineer prior to pouring concrete to confirm this advice.

7.3.3 Slab on Ground

In general, we advise the slab on ground design can be based on a subgrade with a long-term Young's modulus of 10 MPa. The short-term Young's modulus can be taken to be 15 MPa. We note that the environmental effects (e.g. drying or wetting up of the finished surface) affecting the land prior to the development should be considered by the various designers of any development.

We note that the final bulk earthworks subgrade will require proof rolling and plate load testing to confirm the properties provided and may require some boxing out and refilling, etc. Plate load testing during the filling will be required where blended topsoil has been used.

We understand that the structural engineer should be able to design efficient slabs. If assessed deformation and settlement is an issue, our advice can be further refined if required.

The structural designer or builder may wish to employ a surface layer of road base / crushed sandstone / concrete for trafficability or structural purposes. This is not required to achieve the properties in this design advice.

7.4 Pavements

A total of three (3) CBR tests were undertaken. The test results indicate a soaked CBR value of between 1.5% and 2.5%.

Based on our experience with typical clay VENM in western Sydney, the soaked CBR value could be as low as 1%. We advise that a CBR of 2% can be adopted for subgrade and FILL formed in bulk earthworks constructed in accordance with the Specification.

Higher values may be provided on completion of testing on the finished bulk earthworks or if, on request, the Specification is varied to obtain such higher values on ENGINEERED FILL.

We recommend that specific CBR testing be undertaken at subgrade level when pavement layouts are finalised.

7.5 Permanent and Temporary Batters

The batter slope angles in Table 7 are recommended for the design of batters up to a nominal 3 m height; subject to the following recommendations:

1. All batters shall be protected from erosion.
2. Permanent batters shall be drained.
3. Temporary batters shall not be left unsupported for more than 1 month without further advice, and inspection by a geotechnical engineer should be undertaken following significant rain events.
4. Where loads are imposed or structures/services are located within one batter height of the crest of the batter, further advice should be sought.

If the conditions above cannot be met, further advice should be sought.

Steeper batters may be possible subject to further advice. This could include the requirement for soil nails or rock bolts. The length and spacing of soil nail and rock bolts is a matter of design.

The batters should be inspected by an experienced geotechnical engineer or engineering geologist during excavation to confirm the batter advice provided and assess the need for localised support.

Proper and suitable safe work method statements and OHS documents need to be developed for works to be undertaken in the vicinity of the crest and toe of batters.

Table 7 – Batter Slope Angles

Unit	Temporary	Permanent
ENGINEERED FILL	1.5H : 1V	2.0H : 1V
NATURAL SOIL	1.5H : 1V	2.0H : 1V
BEDROCK A	1H : 1V*	1.5H : 1V*
BEDROCK B	0.5H : 1V (subject to local support)	1H : 1V (subject to design)

Note:

* See above requirements regarding inspections and local support.

7.6 Retention Systems

Permanent cuts in the NATURAL SOIL and BEDROCK unit's steeper than the recommended permanent batter slopes in Table 7 will need to be supported by some form of retaining structure.

The design of retaining structures should be based on the following:

- Effective soil strength parameters in Table 6
- Water pressure (depending on the type of the structure)
- With regards to the BEDROCK units, the designer shall allow a minimum lateral pressure of 10 kPa for the BEDROCK units when cut vertical. This is to allow for blocks and rock wedges formed due to adverse defects that may exist within the unit. These loads may be able to be reduced by specifying inspections during the works and provision of additional support (rock bolts, shotcrete etc.) should the inspection indicate that support is required. In any case excavation in BEDROCK units will need to be inspected during the works to confirm/dismiss the presence of defects/structure in the unit that may result in higher loads than anticipated in this design. The designer of the wall should consider including inspection requirements in their design at no more than 2 m intervals in the excavation.

Note that design of retention systems may be based on either K_a or K_p earth pressures. Design using active earth pressures provides the minimum lateral earth pressure that must be supported to avoid failure and requires wall that can rotate or translate to allow the pressures to reduce to these values (vertical and lateral movements up to 2% of height may occur, typical movements will be much less).

Where the design is based on K_o pressures, construction should be carefully controlled to avoid unwanted effects. It should be noted that designing for K_o pressures does not, of itself, ensure that movement does not occur. Movements are controlled by the construction method, especially sequence.

Both surface and sub-surface drainage needs to be designed and constructed properly to prevent pore water pressures from building up behind the retaining walls or appropriate water pressures must be included in the design.

8. General

If at any time, the conditions are found to vary from those described in this report, further advice should be sought.

Should there be any queries, do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours Sincerely



TONY OU
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER

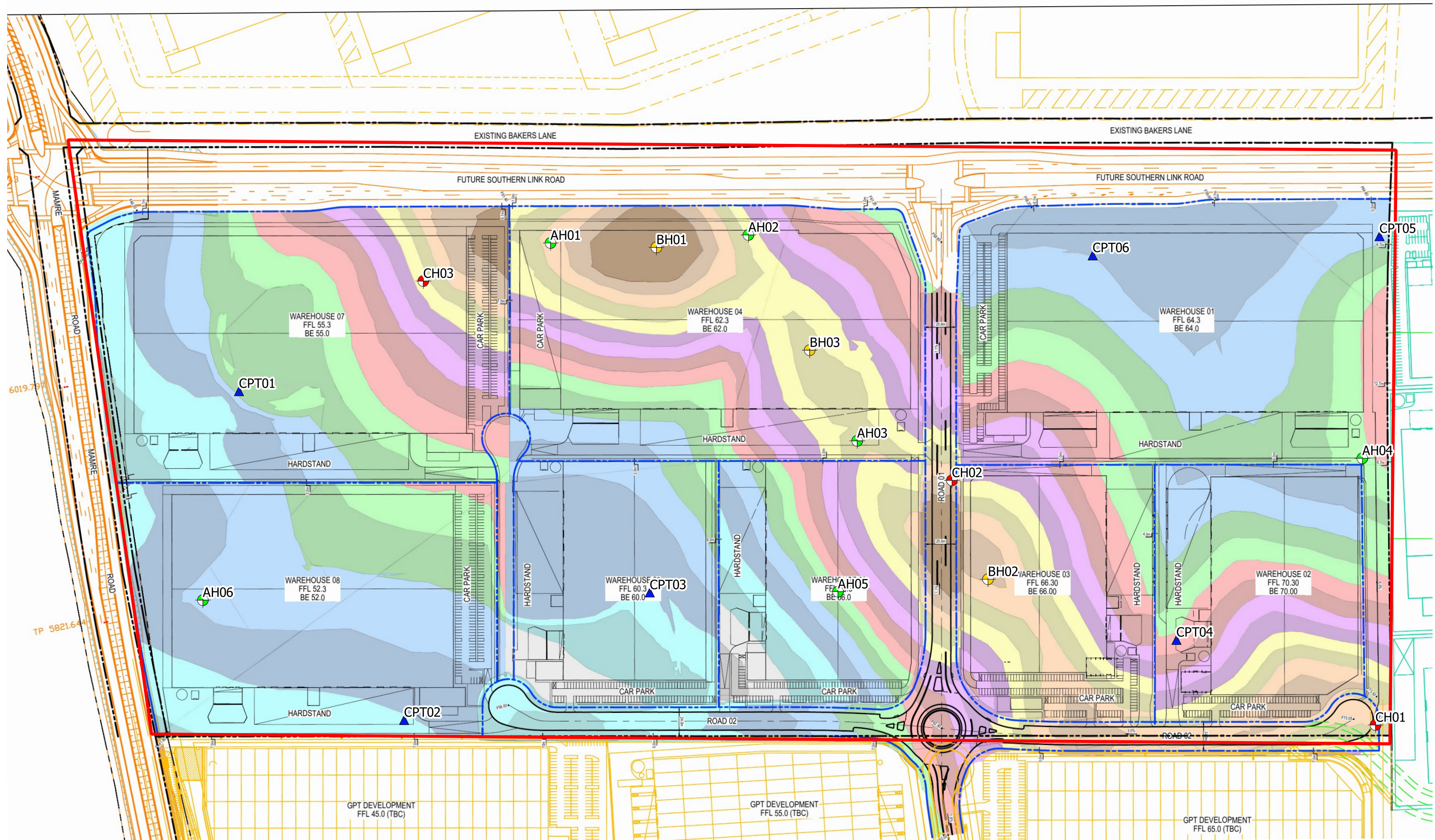


AGUSTRIA SALIM
PRINCIPAL

Encl.

- Figure 1: Location of Boreholes (Cored and Augered) and CPT
- Figures 2 – 5: Selected Site Photos (2020 Site Investigation)
- Figures 6 – 8: Selected Site Photos (2022 Site Investigation)
- Appendix A: Geotechnical Engineering Borehole Logs
 - A1 – 2020 Site Investigation
 - A2 – 2022 Site Investigation
- Appendix B: Point Load Test Results
 - B1 – 2020 Site Investigation
 - B2 – 2022 Site Investigation
- Appendix C: CPT Results
- Appendix D: Laboratory Testing Results
- Appendix E: PSM4252-003S Rev 1 - Bulk Earthworks Specification

\\anf.psm.local\anf-files\4000\PSM4252\Eng\QGIS\PSM4252.qgz Layout: Site Locality



Legend

- Approximate Borehole Locations of PSM Additional Geotechnical Investigation (May & June 2022)
- Previous Site Investigations (Oct 2020)**
- AH (Auger Holes)
- CH (Cored Holes)
- CPT (Cone Penetration Tests)
- Approximate Site Boundary

Notes:

1. Earthworks plan retrieved from AT&L Concept Earthwork drawing (Ref: 21-855-SKC001 dated 4 May 2022)



Scale 1:3,000

0 25 50 75 100 m

Horizontal Datum: GDA2020

Grid: MGA Zone 56



Created By: PSM

Date: 22 Jul 2022

Revision: 4

Paper Size: A3

Aliro Group
Mamre Road, Kemps Creek
Geotechnical Investigation

Site Locality Plan

PSM4252-002L Rev 5 Figure 1



Photo 1 - General site conditions at CH01 facing north-west (22/10/2020)



Photo 2 - General site conditions at CH02 facing north (22/10/2020)



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Mamre Road, Kemps Creek

SELECTED SITE PHOTOGRAPHS (1 of 4)
2020 Site Investigation

PSM4252-002L Rev 5

FIGURE 2



Photo 3 - General site conditions at AH01 facing west (23/10/2020)



Photo 4 - General site condition at CH03 facing south-west and backfilled borehole (23/10/2020)



Aliro Group
Mamre Road, Kemps Creek

SELECTED SITE PHOTOGRAPHS (2 of 4)
2020 Site Investigation

PSM4252-002L Rev 5

FIGURE 3



Photo 5 - Drill rig setup at CH02 facing north-east (22/10/2020)



Photo 6 - Drill rig setup at AH02 facing south-west (23/10/2020)



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SELECTED SITE PHOTOGRAPHS (3 of 4)
2020 Site Investigation

PSM4252-002L Rev 5

FIGURE 4



Photo 7 - CPT truck at CPT03 facing south-west (22/10/2020)



Photo 8 - Service Locator at CH03 facing west (22/10/2020)



Aliro Group
Mamre Road, Kems Creek

SELECTED SITE PHOTOGRAPHS (4 of 4)
2020 Site Investigation

PSM4252-002L Rev 5

FIGURE 5



Photo 1 - General Site Photo Centre of Site Facing East (07/6/2022)



Photo 2 - General Site Photo Centre of Site Facing South West (25/5/2022)



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Mamre Road, Kemps Creek

Selected Site Photographs (1 of 3)
2022 Site Investigation

PSM4252-002L Rev 5

Figure 6



Photo 3 - General Site Conditions at the North Side of Site Facing South East (25/5/2022)



Photo 4 - 5.4-tonne Track-mounted Drill Rig Setup (08/6/2022)



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Mamre Road, Kemps Creek

Selected Site Photographs (2 of 3)
2022 Site Investigation

PSM4252-002L Rev 5

Figure 7



Photo 5 - Typical Soil Profile at BH01 (25/5/2022)



Photo 6 - Typical Bedrock (SHALE) Material at BH03 (08/6/2022)



Aliro Group
Mamre Road, Kemps Creek

Selected Site Photographs (3 of 3)
2022 Site Investigation

PSM4252-002L Rev 5

Figure 8

Appendix A

Geotechnical Engineering Borehole Logs

A1: 2020 Site Investigation

A2: 2022 Site Investigation

A1 – 2020 Site Investigation



Borehole ID

CH01

Page 1 of 4

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client:	Aliro Group	Commenced:	22/10/2020
Project Name:	Mamre Road, Kamps Creek	Completed:	22/10/2020
Hole Location:	Mamre Road Kamps Creek	Logged By:	DT
Hole Position:	295669.4 m E 6253677.6 m N MGA94 Zone 56	Checked By:	AS
Drill Model and Mounting:	24 tonnes truck mounted	Inclination:	-90°
Hole Diameter:	100 mm	RL Surface:	85.70 m
		Bearing:	
		Datum:	AHD
		Operator:	JK Drilling

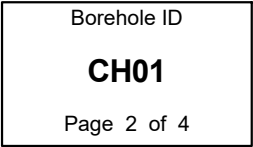
Drilling Information					Soil Description					Observations				
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/V		N							SP CL	SAND with traces of Clay: low plasticity, brown, fine grained. Sandy CLAY: low plasticity, orange and red, fine grained.	D	F St		0.00: Topsoil. 0.10: Inferred Natural Soil.
AD/T		N	Not Observed	SPT: 1.00 - 1.16 m 9, 3/10 mm N=Refusal - ES 1.10 m		84.7	1			SHALE: pale orange and grey, extremely weathered, very low strength, ironstone fragments observed.				0.60: Inferred Bedrock. V-bit refusal.
						83.7	2			SANDSTONE: fine grained, brown, highly weathered, very low strength.				1.00: SPT recovered: 150 / 160 mm.
										Becomes grey, fragments of shale observed.				
						82.7	3			Continued on cored borehole sheet				
						81.7	4							

Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing	Penetration No resistance through to refusal	Water Inflow Partial Loss Complete Loss	Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample	Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet	Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact
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PSM 3.03.1 LIB AK GLB Log PSM4252 BHNZAU PSM4252.GPJ <DrawingFile> 10/11/2020 10:46 10.01.00.11 D:\gell\Fence and Map Tool\ Lib\ PSM 3.03.1 2019-05-07 Pj\ PSM 3.03.0 2019-05-06

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions.

Soil and rock descriptions in accordance with AS 1726:2017



Project No.: PSM4252

PSM 3.03.1 LIB AK GLB Log PSM4252 GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 10/11/2020 10:44 01.01.00.11 Datgel Fence and Map Tool | Lib: PSM 3.03.1 2019-05-07 Pri: PSM 3.03.0 2019-05-06

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions



Borehole ID

CH01

Page 3 of 4

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 22/10/2020																										
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek		Completed: 22/10/2020																										
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kamps Creek		Logged By: DT																										
Hole Position: 295669.4 m E 6253677.6 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS																										
Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination: -90°																										
Barrel Type and Length: NMLC 3 m		RL Surface: 85.70 m																										
		Datum: AHD																										
		Operator: JK Drilling																										
Drilling Information						Rock Substance										Rock Mass Defects												
Method	Water	RQD (%)	SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS	TCR (%)	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description ROCK TYPE: Colour, grain size, structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness, alteration, cementation, etc as applicable), inclusions and minor components	Weathering				Strength Is(50)						Defect Spacing (mm)			Defect Descriptions / Comments						
									XW	HW	MW	SW	FR	VL	L	M	H	VH	EH	<20	60	200	600	1000				
NMLC	Not Observed	71	5.37m - Is(50) d=0.75 a=0.75 5.60m MPa	93	79.7	6		SANDSTONE: medium grained, light brown, well developed rock fabric. (continued)																	BP, 0°, FE SN, UN, RF JT, 45°, FE SN, PR, S Highly fractured BP, 0°, FE SN, PR, RF			
		23	C-2	35				No Core: 850 mm.																				
		100	6.51m - Is(50) d=1.02 a=1.13 MPa	100	78.7	7		SANDSTONE: medium grained, light brown, well developed rock fabric, indistinct bedding.																		Highly fractured		
		7.35m - Is(50) d=0.12 a=0.35 MPa	77.7					SHALE: pale brown and grey, poorly developed rock fabric, iron staining observed.																	BP, 5°, FE SN, UN, S Highly fractured with clay infill			
		86	8.33m - Is(50) d=0.08 a=0.04 MPa	100		77.7		Becomes grey.																	BP, 0°, FE SN, ST, S BP, 0°, FE SN, PR, S			
		79	9.40m - Is(50) d=0.01 a=0.08 MPa	100	76.7			Becomes grey and orange.																		BP, 20°, FE SN, UN, RF BP, 0°, FE SN, PR, S JT, 70°, FE SN, PR, S		
																											Highly fractured JT, 45°, FE SN, PR, S JT, 45°, FE SN, PR, S BP, 0°, FE SN, PR, RF BP, 5°, FE SN, UN, RF BP, 0°, FE SN, ST, S	
		See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions.																										

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 22/10/2020	
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kemps Creek		Completed: 22/10/2020	
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kemps Creek		Logged By: DT	
Hole Position: 295669.4 m E 6253677.6 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS	
Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination: -90°	
Barrel Type and Length: NMLC 3 m		Bearing:	
		RL Surface: 85.70 m	
		Datum: AHD	
		Operator: JK Drilling	
Drilling Information			
Rock Substance			
Rock Mass Defects			
Method			
Water			
RQD (%)			
SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS			
TCR (%)			
RL (m)			
Depth (m)			
Graphic Log			
Material Description			
ROCK TYPE: Colour, grain size, structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness, alteration, cementation, etc as applicable), inclusions and minor components			
Weathering			
Strength			
Defect Spacing (mm)			
Defect Descriptions / Comments			
Description, alpha/beta, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other			
NMLC			
Not Observed			
79			
10.75m			
10.9m			
100			
74.7			
73.7			
72.7			
71.7			
11			
12			
13			
14			
Hole Terminated at 10.90 m Target depth			
SHALE: grey orange, poorly developed rock fabric, iron staining observed. (continued)			
Becomes dark grey.			
Highly fractured			
BP, 10°, FE SN, PR, S			
BP, 0°, FE SN, PR, S			
Highly fractured			
Method			
Water			
Weathering			
Defect Type			
Infilling/Coating			
Roughness			
Shape			
Graphic Log/Core Loss			
Core recovered (hatching indicates material)			
No core recovery			
AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit			
AD/V - Auger drilling V bit			
WB - Washbore			
HQ3- Wireline core (63.5 mm)			
PQ3- Wireline core (85.0 mm)			
SPT- Standard penetration test			
PT - Push tube			
XW - Extremely Weathered			
HW - Highly Weathered			
MW - Moderately Weathered			
SW - Slightly Weathered			
FR - Fresh			
VL - Very Low			
L - Low			
M - Medium			
H - High			
VH - Very High			
EH - Extremely High			
FT - Fault			
SS - Shear Surface			
SZ - Shear Zone			
BP - Bedding parting			
SM - Seam			
IS - Infilled Seam			
JT - Joint			
CO - Contact			
CZ - Crushed Zone			
VN - Vein			
FZ - Fracture Zone			
BSH - Bedding Shear			
DB - Drilling Break			
CN - Clean			
SN - Stain			
VN - Veneer			
CO - Coating			
RF - Rock fragments			
G - Gravel			
S - Sand			
Z - Silt			
CA - Calcite			
CL - Clay			
FE - Iron			
QZ - Quartz			
X - Carbonaceous			
SL - Slickensided			
POL - Polished			
S - Smooth			
RF - Rough			
VR - Very Rough			
PR - Planar			
CU - Curved			
UN - Undulating			
ST - Stepped			
IR - Irregular			



JOB NO: PSM4252
PROJECT: Mamre Road
LOCATION: Kemps Creek
DATE: 22/10/2020

BH ID: CH01
FROM: 2.9 m
TO: 7.0 m



Aliro Group
Mamre Road
Kemps Creek
CORE PHOTOS CH01
(Core Photo 1 of 2)

PSM4252-002L

Appendix A



JOB NO: PSM4252
PROJECT: Mamre Road
LOCATION: Kemps Creek
DATE: 22/10/2020

BH ID: CH01
FROM: 7.0 m
TO: 10.9 m



Aliro Group
Mamre Road
Kemps Creek
CORE PHOTOS CH01
(Core Photo 2 of 2)

PSM4252-002L

Appendix A



Borehole ID

CH02

Page 1 of 4

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 22/10/2020	
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek		Completed: 22/10/2020	
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kamps Creek		Logged By: DT	
Hole Position: 295350.6 m E 6253926.7 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS	
Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination: -90°	
Hole Diameter: 100 mm		RL Surface: 73.50 m	
		Datum: AHD	
		Operator: JK Drilling	

Drilling Information					Soil Description					Observations				
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/V		N		- ES 0.80 m - SPT: 1.00 - 1.45 m 3, 10, 14 N = 24		72.5	1		SP	SAND: dark brown, fine grained, rootlets observed.	D	F	100	0.00: Topsoil.
									CL-CI	Sandy CLAY: low to medium plasticity, dark brown, fine grained.		St	200	0.20: Inferred Natural Soil.
AD/T		N	Not Observed			71.5	2		CI	CLAY: medium plasticity, grey and pale orange.		VSt	300	1.00: SPT recovered: 450/450 mm.
									SHALE	SHALE: grey and pale orange, extremely weathered, very low strength.		400	1.90: Inferred Bedrock. V-bit refusal.	
										Becomes grey.		500		
						70.5	3			Becomes low strength.				4.00: Based on increased drilling resistance.
										Becomes dark grey.				
						69.5	4							

Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing	Penetration No resistance through to refusal	Water Inflow Partial Loss Complete Loss	Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample	Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet	Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact
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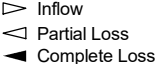
PSM 3.03.1 LIB AK GLB Log PSM4252 BHNZ AU PSM4252.GPJ <DrawingFile> 10/11/2020 10:46 10/01/00.11 Daggil Fence and Map Tool [Lib: PSM 3.03.1 2019-05-07 Pj] PSM 3.03.0 2019-05-06

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions.

Soil and rock descriptions in accordance with AS 1726:2017

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client:		Aliro Group		Commenced:		22/10/2020												
Project Name:		Mamre Road, Kemps Creek		Completed:		22/10/2020												
Hole Location:		Mamre Road Kemps Creek		Logged By:		DT												
Hole Position:		295350.6 m E 6253926.7 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By:		AS												
Drill Model and Mounting:		24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination:		-90°												
Hole Diameter:		100 mm		Bearing:		RL Surface: 73.50 m												
				Datum:		AHD												
						Operator: JK Drilling												
Drilling Information							Soil Description							Observations				
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)				Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations	
													100	200	300	400		500
AD/T		N	Not Observed			67.5	6			SHALE: grey and pale orange, extremely weathered, very low strength. (continued)								
						66.5	7											
										Continued on cored borehole sheet								
						65.5	8											
						64.5	9											
Method		Penetration		Water		Samples and Tests		Moisture Condition		Consistency/Relative Density								
AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing						U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample		D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet		VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact								

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

[illegible]



Borehole ID

CH02

Page 4 of 4

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 22/10/2020	
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kemps Creek		Completed: 22/10/2020	
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kemps Creek		Logged By: DT	
Hole Position: 295350.6 m E 6253926.7 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS	
Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination: -90°	
Barrel Type and Length: NMLC 3 m		Bearing:	
RL Surface: 73.50 m		Datum: AHD	
Operator: JK Drilling			

Drilling Information						Rock Substance										Rock Mass Defects									
Method	Water	RQD (%)	SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS	TCR (%)	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description ROCK TYPE: Colour, grain size, structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness, alteration, cementation, etc as applicable), inclusions and minor components	Weathering				Strength Is(50)						Defect Spacing (mm)				Defect Descriptions / Comments		
									XW	HW	MW	SW	FR	VL	L	M	H	VH	EH	<20	20-60	60-200	200-600	600-1000	
		79	10.20m Is(50) d=0.05 a=0.72 MPa	92				SANDSTONE: medium grained, dark brown, developed rock fabric. (continued)																	BP, 0°, FE SN, PR, S
								Hole Terminated at 10.20 m Target depth																	
						62.5	11																		
						61.5	12																		
						60.5	13																		
						59.5	14																		

Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore HQ3- Wireline core (63.5 mm) PQ3- Wireline core (85.0 mm) SPT- Standard penetration test PT - Push tube	Water ▽ Inflow △ Partial Loss ▲ Complete Loss	Graphic Log/Core Loss Core recovered (hatching indicates material) No core recovery	Weathering XW - Extremely Weathered HW - Highly Weathered MW - Moderately Weathered SW - Slightly Weathered FR - Fresh Strength VL - Very Low L - Low M - Medium H - High VH - Very High EH - Extremely High	Defect Type FT - Fault SS - Shear Surface SZ - Shear Zone BP - Bedding parting SM - Seam IS - Infilled Seam JT - Joint CO - Contact CZ - Crushed Zone VN - Vein FZ - Fracture Zone BSH - Bedding Shear DB - Drilling Break	Infilling/Coating CN - Clean SN - Stain VN - Veneer CO - Coating RF - Rock fragments G - Gravel S - Sand Z - Silt CA - Calcite CL - Clay FE - Iron QZ - Quartz X - Carbonaceous	Roughness SL - Slickensided POL - Polished S - Smooth RF - Rough VR - Very Rough Shape PR - Planar CU - Curved UN - Undulating ST - Stepped IR - Irregular
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See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions.



JOB NO: PSM4252
PROJECT: Mamre Road
LOCATION: Kemps Creek
DATE: 22/10/2020

BH ID: CH02
FROM: 7.2 m
TO: 10.2 m



Aliro Group
Mamre Road
Kemps Creek
CORE PHOTOS CH02
(Core Photo 1 of 1)

PSM4252-002L

Appendix A

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client:		Aliro Group		Commenced:		23/10/2020											
Project Name:		Mamre Road, Kemps Creek		Completed:		23/10/2020											
Hole Location:		Mamre Road Kemps Creek		Logged By:		DT											
Hole Position:		294940.6 m E 6254150.8 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By:		AS											
Drill Model and Mounting:		24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination:		-90°											
Hole Diameter:		100 mm		Bearing:		Datum: AHD											
						Operator: JK Drilling											
Drilling Information							Soil Description							Observations			
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)				Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
													100	200	300	400	
AD/V		N	Not Observed	1 LB 0.50-1.00 m - ES 0.70 m - SPT: 1.00 - 1.45 m 2, 4, 12 N = 16		62.5	1		CI	Sandy CLAY: medium plasticity, dark brown, fine grained sand, rootlets observed. CLAY: medium plasticity, brown and orange.	M	F				0.00: Topsoil. 0.10: Inferred Natural Soil.	
									CI								
AD/T		N				61.5	2		CI	Becomes brown and light orange.	VSt					1.00: SPT recovered: 300 / 450 mm. 2.00: Inferred Bedrock. V-bit refusal.	
									CI	Fragments of shale observed.							
										SHALE: grey with pale orange, extremely weathered, very low strength.							
										Becomes grey.							
						60.5	3										
						59.5	4										
										Continued on cored borehole sheet							
Method		Penetration		Water		Samples and Tests		Moisture Condition		Consistency/Relative Density							
AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing		No resistance through to refusal		Inflow Partial Loss Complete Loss		U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample		D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet		VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact							
See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions																	
Soil and rock descriptions in accordance with AS 1726:2017																	

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 23/10/2020																		
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kemps Creek		Completed: 23/10/2020																		
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kemps Creek		Logged By: DT																		
Hole Position: 294940.6 m E 6254150.8 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS																		
Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination: -90°																		
Barrel Type and Length: NMLC 3 m		Bearing:																		
		RL Surface: 63.50 m																		
		Datum: AHD																		
		Operator: JK Drilling																		
Drilling Information							Rock Substance							Rock Mass Defects						
Method	Water	RQD (%)	SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS	TCR (%)	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description ROCK TYPE: Colour, grain size, structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness, alteration, cementation, etc as applicable), inclusions and minor components	Weathering					Strength Is(50)		Defect Spacing (mm)	Defect Descriptions / Comments Description, alpha/beta, infilling or coating, shape, roughness, thickness, other			
									XW	HW	MW	SW	FR	VL 0.1	L 0.3			M 1	H 3	VH 10
NMLC	Not Observed	76	5.86m - Is(50) d=0.04 a=0.22 MPa	93	57.5	6		SHALE: grey, poorly developed rock fabric, thinly laminated bedding.(continued)												
			6.17m - Is(50) d=0.27 a=0.06 MPa			7														
			7.5m - Is(50) d=0.25 a=0.34 MPa			8														
			8.74m - Is(50) d=0.06 a=0.19 MPa			9														
85			9.71m - Is(50) d=0.46 a=0.48 MPa	100	54.5															
Method		Water		Weathering		Defect Type		Infilling/Coating		Roughness										
AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore HQ3- Wireline core (63.5 mm) PQ3- Wireline core (85.0 mm) SPT- Standard penetration test PT - Push tube		△ Inflow △ Partial Loss ▲ Complete Loss		XW - Extremely Weathered HW - Highly Weathered MW - Moderately Weathered SW - Slightly Weathered FR - Fresh		FT - Fault SS - Shear Surface SZ - Shear Zone BP - Bedding parting SM - Seam IS - Infilled Seam JT - Joint CO - Contact CZ - Crushed Zone VN - Vein FZ - Fracture Zone BSH - Bedding Shear DB - Drilling Break		CN - Clean SN - Stain VN - Veneer CO - Coating RF - Rock fragments G - Gravel S - Sand Z - Silt CA - Calcite CL - Clay FE - Iron QZ - Quartz X - Carbonaceous		SL - Slickensided POL - Polished S - Smooth RF - Rough VR - Very Rough PR - Planar CU - Curved UN - Undulating ST - Stepped IR - Irregular										
Graphic Log/Core Loss				Strength						Shape										
				VL - Very Low L - Low M - Medium H - High VH - Very High EH - Extremely High						PR - Planar CU - Curved UN - Undulating ST - Stepped IR - Irregular										

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions.



Borehole ID

CH03

Page 4 of 4

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 23/10/2020	
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek		Completed: 23/10/2020	
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kamps Creek		Logged By: DT	
Hole Position: 294940.6 m E 6254150.8 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS	
Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination: -90°	
Barrel Type and Length: NMLC 3 m		Bearing:	
RL Surface: 63.50 m		Datum: AHD	
Operator: JK Drilling			

Drilling Information						Rock Substance										Rock Mass Defects									
Method	Water	RQD (%)	SAMPLES & FIELD TESTS	TCR (%)	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description ROCK TYPE: Colour, grain size, structure (texture, fabric, mineral composition, hardness, alteration, cementation, etc as applicable), inclusions and minor components	Weathering				Strength Is(50)						Defect Spacing (mm)			Defect Descriptions / Comments			
									XW	HW	MW	SW	FR	VL	L	M	H	VH	EH	<20	60	200	600	1000	
NMLC	Not Observed	85	10.13m Is(50) d=1.86 a=2.76 MPa	100				SHALE: grey, poorly developed rock fabric, thinly laminated bedding. (continued)																	BP, 5°, FE SN, PL, S BP, 5°, FE SN, PL, RF
			10.50m					Hole Terminated at 10.50 m Target depth																	
						52.5	11																		
						51.5	12																		
						50.5	13																		
						49.5	14																		

Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore HQ3- Wireline core (63.5 mm) PQ3- Wireline core (85.0 mm) SPT- Standard penetration test PT - Push tube	Water ▽ Inflow △ Partial Loss ▲ Complete Loss	Graphic Log/Core Loss Core recovered (hatching indicates material) No core recovery	Weathering XW - Extremely Weathered HW - Highly Weathered MW - Moderately Weathered SW - Slightly Weathered FR - Fresh Strength VL - Very Low L - Low M - Medium H - High VH - Very High EH - Extremely High	Defect Type FT - Fault SS - Shear Surface SZ - Shear Zone BP - Bedding parting SM - Seam IS - Infilled Seam JT - Joint CO - Contact CZ - Crushed Zone VN - Vein FZ - Fracture Zone BSH - Bedding Shear DB - Drilling Break	Infilling/Coating CN - Clean SN - Stain VN - Veneer CO - Coating RF - Rock fragments G - Gravel S - Sand Z - Silt CA - Calcite CL - Clay FE - Iron QZ - Quartz X - Carbonaceous	Roughness SL - Slickensided POL - Polished S - Smooth RF - Rough VR - Very Rough Shape PR - Planar CU - Curved UN - Undulating ST - Stepped IR - Irregular
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See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions.



JOB NO: PSM4252
PROJECT: Mamre Road
LOCATION: Kemps Creek
DATE: 23/10/2020

BH ID: CH03
FROM: 4.5 m
TO: 9.0 m



Aliro Group
Mamre Road
Kemps Creek
CORE PHOTOS CH03
(Core Photo 1 of 2)

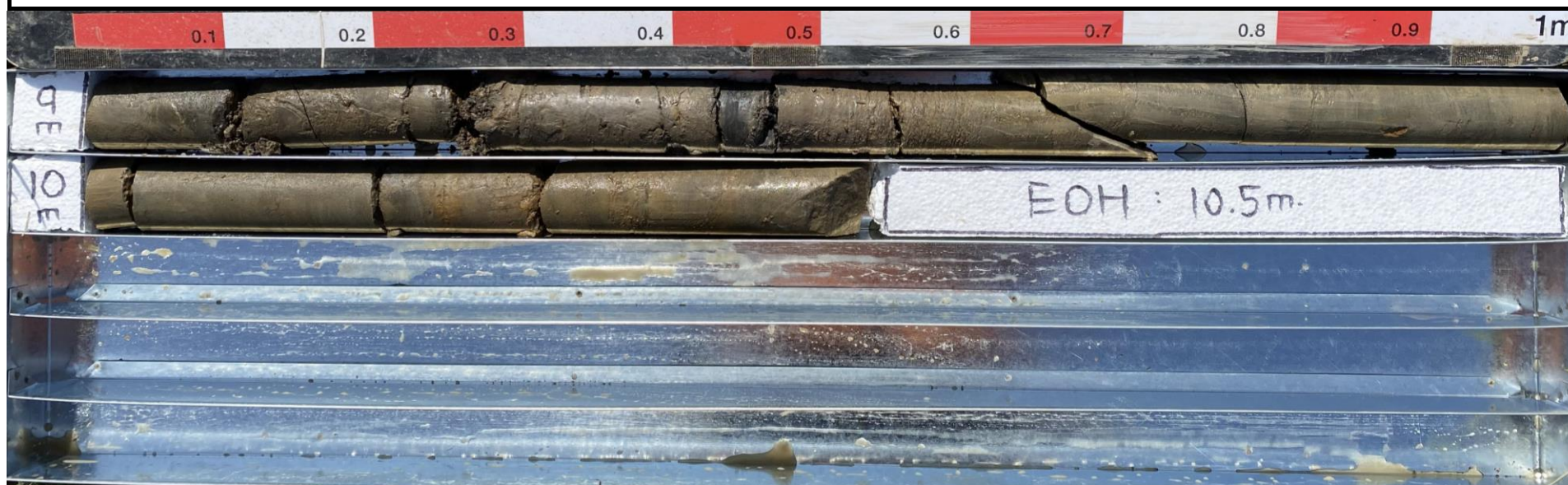
PSM4252-002L

Appendix A



JOB NO: PSM4252
PROJECT: Mamre Road
LOCATION: Kemps Creek
DATE: 23/10/2020

BH ID: CH03
FROM: 9.0 m
TO: 10.5 m



Aliro Group
Mamre Road
Kemps Creek
CORE PHOTOS CH03
(Core Photo 2 of 2)

PSM4252-002L

Appendix A

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kemps Creek
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kemps Creek
Hole Position: 295049.2 m E 6254167.3 m N MGA94 Zone 56

Commenced: 23/10/2020
Completed: 23/10/2020
Logged By: DT
Checked By: AS

Drill Model and Mounting:	24 tonnes truck mounted	Inclination:	-90°	RL Surface:	74.50 m		
Hole Diameter:	100 mm	Bearing:		Datum:	AHD	Operator:	JK Drilling

Drilling Information								Soil Description							Observations			
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations				
AD/V	N	N	Not Observed	SPT: 1.00 - 1.37 m 7, 12, 8/70 mm N=Refusal		73.5	1		SC	Clayey SAND: low plasticity, brown, fine grained. CLAY: medium plasticity, brown and orange.	D	F	100	200	300	400	500	0.00: Topsoil. 0.10: Inferred Natural Soil. 1.00: SPT recovered: 370 / 370 mm. 1.90: Inferred Bedrock. V-bit refusal.
						72.5	2		CI									
										71.5	3		CI	Becomes grey. SHALE: grey, extremely weathered, very low strength.	H			
						70.5	4									Becomes dark grey, highly weathered, low strength.		
See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions.																		

Method
AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit
AD/V - Auger drilling V bit
WB - Washbore
SPT - Standard penetration test
PT - Push tube
AS - Auger Screwing

Penetration
 No resistance through to refusal

Water
 Inflow
 Partial Loss
 Complete Loss

Samples and Tests
U - Undisturbed Sample
D - Disturbed Sample
SPT - Standard Penetration Test
ES - Environmental Sample
TW - Thin Walled
LB - Large Disturbed Sample

Moisture Condition
D - Dry
M - Moist
W - Wet

Consistency/Relative Density
VS - Very soft
S - Soft
F - Firm
St - Stiff
VSt - Very stiff
H - Hard
VL - Very loose
L - Loose
MD - Medium dense
D - Dense
VD - Very dense
Ce - Cemented
C - Compact

Soil and rock descriptions in accordance with AS 1726:2017



Borehole ID

AH01

Page 2 of 2

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 23/10/2020	
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek		Completed: 23/10/2020	
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kamps Creek		Logged By: DT	
Hole Position: 295049.2 m E 6254167.3 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS	
Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination: -90°	
Hole Diameter: 100 mm		RL Surface: 74.50 m	
		Datum: AHD	
		Operator: JK Drilling	

Drilling Information				Soil Description						Observations				
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/T		N	Not Observed			68.5	6			SHALE: dark grey, highly weathered, low strength. (continued)				
						67.5	7			Hole Terminated at 6.00 m Target depth				
						66.5	8							
						65.5	9							

Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing	Penetration No resistance through to refusal	Water ▽ Inflow ▽ Partial Loss ◀ Complete Loss	Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample	Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet	Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact
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Borehole ID

AH02

Page 1 of 2

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kamps Creek
Hole Position: 295212.2 m E 6254151.2 m N MGA94 Zone 56

Commenced: 23/10/2020
Completed: 23/10/2020
Logged By: DT
Checked By: AS

Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted Inclin: -90° RL Surface: 72.70 m
Hole Diameter: 100 mm Bearing: Datum: AHD Operator: JK Drilling

Drilling Information							Soil Description							Observations
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/V		N		- ES 0.50 m SPT: 1.00 - 1.45 m 5, 9, 12 N = 21		71.7	1		SC	Clayey SAND: medium plasticity, dark brown, fine grained sand, rootlets observed.	M	F		0.00: Topsoil.
									CI	CLAY: medium plasticity, dark brown.				0.10: Inferred Natural Soil.
												St		
									CI	Becomes brown.	D			1.00: SPT recovered: 450 / 450 mm.
AD/T		N	Not Observed			70.7	2			SHALE: grey and pale orange, extremely weathered, very low strength.				1.70: Inferred Bedrock. V-bit refusal.
										Becomes grey.		VSt		
						69.7	3							
						68.7	4							

Method
AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit
AD/V - Auger drilling V bit
WB - Washbore
SPT - Standard penetration test
PT - Push tube
AS - Auger Screwing

Penetration
 No resistance through to refusal

Water
▽ Inflow
▽ Partial Loss
▲ Complete Loss

Samples and Tests
U - Undisturbed Sample
D - Disturbed Sample
SPT - Standard Penetration Test
ES - Environmental Sample
TW - Thin Walled
LB - Large Disturbed Sample

Moisture Condition
D - Dry
M - Moist
W - Wet

Consistency/Relative Density
VS - Very soft
S - Soft
F - Firm
St - Stiff
VSt - Very stiff
H - Hard
VL - Very loose
L - Loose
MD - Medium dense
D - Dense
VD - Very dense
Ce - Cemented
C - Compact

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See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions.

Soil and rock descriptions in accordance with AS 1726:2017



Borehole ID

AH02

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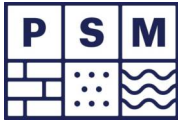
Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 23/10/2020	
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek		Completed: 23/10/2020	
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kamps Creek		Logged By: DT	
Hole Position: 295212.2 m E 6254151.2 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS	
Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination: -90°	
Hole Diameter: 100 mm		RL Surface: 72.70 m	
		Datum: AHD	
		Operator: JK Drilling	

Drilling Information				Soil Description						Observations				
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/T		N	Not Observed			66.7	6			SHALE: grey, extremely weathered, very low strength. (continued) Becomes dark grey.			100 200 300 400 500	
						65.7	7			Hole Terminated at 6.00 m Target depth				
						64.7	8							
						63.7	9							

Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing	Penetration No resistance through to refusal	Water ▽ Inflow ▽ Partial Loss ◄ Complete Loss	Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample	Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet	Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact
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Borehole ID

AH03

Page 1 of 2

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kamps Creek
Hole Position: 295277.6 m E 6253970.0 m N MGA94 Zone 56

Commenced: 23/10/2020
Completed: 23/10/2020
Logged By: DT
Checked By: AS

Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted Inclin: -90° RL Surface: 73.00 m
Hole Diameter: 100 mm Bearing: Datum: AHD Operator: JK Drilling

Drilling Information							Soil Description							Observations
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/V		N		- LB 0.50-1.00 m		72.0	1		SP	SAND: dark brown, fine grained.	D	F	100	0.00: Topsoil.
								CL-CI	Sandy Clay: low to medium plasticity, orange and red, fine grained.	St		200	0.20: Inferred Natural Soil.	
AD/T		N	Not Observed	- SPT: 1.00 - 1.25 m 4, 8/100 mm N=Refusal		71.0	2			SANDSTONE: light brown, fine grained, highly weathered, very low strength.		H	300	1.00: SPT recovered: 250 / 250 mm.
												400	1.20: Inferred Bedrock. V-bit refusal.	
AD/T		N				70.0	3			SHALE: grey, extremely weathered, very low strength.			500	
AD/T		N				69.0	4							

Method
AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit
AD/V - Auger drilling V bit
WB - Washbore
SPT - Standard penetration test
PT - Push tube
AS - Auger Screwing

Penetration
 No resistance through to refusal

Water
 Inflow
 Partial Loss
 Complete Loss

Samples and Tests
U - Undisturbed Sample
D - Disturbed Sample
SPT - Standard Penetration Test
ES - Environmental Sample
TW - Thin Walled
LB - Large Disturbed Sample

Moisture Condition
D - Dry
M - Moist
W - Wet

Consistency/Relative Density
VS - Very soft
S - Soft
F - Firm
St - Stiff
VSt - Very stiff
H - Hard
VL - Very loose
L - Loose
MD - Medium dense
D - Dense
VD - Very dense
Ce - Cemented
C - Compact

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions.

Soil and rock descriptions in accordance with AS 1726:2017

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions.

Soil and rock descriptions in accordance with AS 1726:2017



Borehole ID

AH03

Page 2 of 2

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 23/10/2020	
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek		Completed: 23/10/2020	
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kamps Creek		Logged By: DT	
Hole Position: 295277.6 m E 6253970.0 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS	
Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination: -90°	
Hole Diameter: 100 mm		RL Surface: 73.00 m	
		Datum: AHD	
		Operator: JK Drilling	

Drilling Information				Soil Description						Observations				
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/T		N	Not Observed			67.0	6			SHALE: grey, extremely weathered, very low strength. (continued)				
						66.0	7			Hole Terminated at 6.00 m Target depth				
						65.0	8							
						64.0	9							

Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing	Penetration No resistance through to refusal	Water ▽ Inflow ▽ Partial Loss ◄ Complete Loss	Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample	Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet	Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact
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Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client:		Aliro Group				Commenced:		23/10/2020						
Project Name:		Mamre Road, Kemps Creek				Completed:		23/10/2020						
Hole Location:		Mamre Road Kemps Creek				Logged By:		DT						
Hole Position:		295689.3 m E 6253897.5 m N MGA94 Zone 56				Checked By:		AS						
Drill Model and Mounting:		24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination:		-90°		RL Surface:		63.30 m				
Hole Diameter:		100 mm		Bearing:				Datum:		AHD Operator: JK Drilling				
Drilling Information							Soil Description							Observations
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/V		N	Not Observed	- LB 0.50-1.00 m - ES 0.70 m - SPT: 1.00 - 1.45 m 5, 12, 16 N = 28		62.3	1		CI	CLAY with Sand: medium plasticity, dark brown, fine grained sand.	D	F	100 200 300 400 500	0.00: Topsoil. 0.10: Inferred Natural Soil.
									CI	CLAY: medium plasticity, red and orange, mottled grey.	M	VSt		1.00: SPT recovered: 450 / 450 mm.
AD/T		N	Not Observed			61.3	2		CI	CLAY: medium plasticity, pale orange and grey.	D			2.60: Inferred Bedrock. V-bit refusal.
									CI	Becomes red mottled grey.				
AD/T		N	Not Observed			60.3	3			SHALE: pale orange, extremely weathered, very low strength.				
										Becomes grey.				
AD/T		N	Not Observed			59.3	4							
Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing Penetration No resistance through to refusal Water ▽ Inflow ▽ Partial Loss ▲ Complete Loss Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact														
Soil and rock descriptions in accordance with AS 1726:2017														



Borehole ID

AH04

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Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 23/10/2020	
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek		Completed: 23/10/2020	
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kamps Creek		Logged By: DT	
Hole Position: 295689.3 m E 6253897.5 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS	
Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination: -90°	
Hole Diameter: 100 mm		RL Surface: 63.30 m	
		Datum: AHD	
		Operator: JK Drilling	

Drilling Information						Soil Description						Observations		
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/T		N	Not Observed			57.3	6			SHALE: grey, extremely weathered, very low strength. (continued)			100 200 300 400 500	
						56.3	7			Hole Terminated at 6.00 m Target depth				
						55.3	8							
						54.3	9							

Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing	Penetration No resistance through to refusal	Water ▽ Inflow ▽ Partial Loss ◄ Complete Loss	Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample	Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet	Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact
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Borehole ID

AH05

Page 1 of 2

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client:	Aliro Group	Commenced:	23/10/2020
Project Name:	Mamre Road, Kamps Creek	Completed:	23/10/2020
Hole Location:	Mamre Road Kamps Creek	Logged By:	DT
Hole Position:	295237.0 m E 6253839.0 m N MGA94 Zone 56	Checked By:	AS
Drill Model and Mounting:	24 tonnes truck mounted	Inclination:	-90°
Hole Diameter:	100 mm	Bearing:	
		RL Surface:	65.60 m
		Datum:	AHD
		Operator:	JK Drilling

Drilling Information					Soil Description					Observations				
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/V		N		SPT: 1.00 - 1.45 m 3, 6, 11 N = 17		64.6	1		CL CL-CI	Sandy CLAY: low plasticity, dark brown, fine grained. CLAY: low to medium plasticity, dark brown and red.	F St			0.00: Topsoil. 0.10: Inferred Natural Soil.
									CL-CI	Becomes orange.	M			1.00: SPT recovered: 450 / 450 mm.
									CL-CI	Becomes light brown mottled grey.	VSt			
AD/T		N				63.6	2			SHALE: grey, extremely weathered, very low strength.				1.80: Inferred Bedrock. V-bit refusal.
						62.6	3							
						61.6	4							

Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing	Penetration No resistance through to refusal	Water ▽ Inflow ▽ Partial Loss ◀ Complete Loss	Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample	Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet	Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact
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PSM 3.03.1 LIB AK GLB Log PSM4252 GPR PSM4252 GPR <DrawingFile> 10/11/2020 11:02 10.01.00.11 D:\gpr\PSM 3.03.1 2019-05-07 Pj\ PSM 3.03.0 2019-05-06

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions.

Soil and rock descriptions in accordance with AS 1726:2017



Borehole ID

AH05

Page 2 of 2

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 23/10/2020	
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek		Completed: 23/10/2020	
Hole Location: Mamre Road Kamps Creek		Logged By: DT	
Hole Position: 295237.0 m E 6253839.0 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS	
Drill Model and Mounting: 24 tonnes truck mounted		Inclination: -90°	
Hole Diameter: 100 mm		RL Surface: 65.60 m	
		Datum: AHD	
		Operator: JK Drilling	

Drilling Information				Soil Description						Observations				
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/T		N	Water observed.			59.6	6			SHALE: grey, extremely weathered, very low strength. (continued) Becomes low strength.			100 200 300 400 500	
						58.6	7							
						57.6	8							
						56.6	9			Hole Terminated at 6.00 m Target depth				

Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing	Penetration No resistance through to refusal	Water Inflow Partial Loss Complete Loss	Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample	Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet	Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact
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Borehole ID

AH06

Page 1 of 2

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client:	Aliro Group	Commenced:	23/10/2020
Project Name:	Mamre Road, Kamps Creek	Completed:	23/10/2020
Hole Location:	Mamre Road Kamps Creek	Logged By:	DT
Hole Position:	294723.4 m E 6253914.8 m N MGA94 Zone 56	Checked By:	AS
Drill Model and Mounting:	24 tonnes truck mounted	Inclination:	-90°
Hole Diameter:	100 mm	RL Surface:	46.60 m
		Bearing:	
		Datum:	AHD
		Operator:	JK Drilling

Drilling Information				Soil Description						Observations				
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/V		N		- ES 0.60 m - SPT: 1.00 - 1.45 m 8, 7, 10 N = 17		45.6	1		SP	SAND: dark brown, fine grained.	D	F		0.00: Topsoil.
									CL-CI	CLAY: low to medium plasticity, orange mottled grey.		St		0.10: Inferred Natural Soil.
AD/T		N	Not Observed			44.6	2		CL-CI	Becomes orange and grey.		VSt		1.00: SPT recovered: 250 / 450 mm.
									SHALE: grey, extremely weathered, very low strength.				1.60: Inferred Bedrock. V-bit refusal.	
						43.6	3							
						42.6	4							

Method
AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit
AD/V - Auger drilling V bit
WB - Washbore
SPT - Standard penetration test
PT - Push tube
AS - Auger Screwing

Penetration

No resistance through to refusal

Water

Inflow
Partial Loss
Complete Loss

Samples and Tests
U - Undisturbed Sample
D - Disturbed Sample
SPT - Standard Penetration Test
ES - Environmental Sample
TW - Thin Walled
LB - Large Disturbed Sample

Moisture Condition
D - Dry
M - Moist
W - Wet

Consistency/Relative Density
VS - Very soft
S - Soft
F - Firm
St - Stiff
VSt - Very stiff
H - Hard
VL - Very loose
L - Loose
MD - Medium dense
D - Dense
VD - Very dense
Ce - Cemented
C - Compact

See Explanatory Notes for details of abbreviations and basis of descriptions. Soil and rock descriptions in accordance with AS 1726:2017



Borehole ID

AH06

Page 2 of 2

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

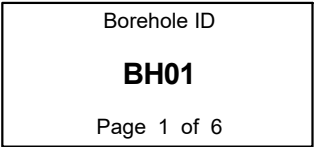
Project No.: PSM4252

Client:	Aliro Group	Commenced:	23/10/2020
Project Name:	Mamre Road, Kamps Creek	Completed:	23/10/2020
Hole Location:	Mamre Road Kamps Creek	Logged By:	DT
Hole Position:	294723.4 m E 6253914.8 m N MGA94 Zone 56	Checked By:	AS
Drill Model and Mounting:	24 tonnes truck mounted	Inclination:	-90°
Hole Diameter:	100 mm	Bearing:	
RL Surface:	46.60 m	Datum:	AHD
Operator:	JK Drilling		

Drilling Information					Soil Description					Observations					
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Colour, structure, plasticity, additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations	
AD/T		N								SHALE: grey, extremely weathered, very low strength. (continued) Becomes low strength. Hole Terminated at 5.25 m Target depth					5.25: T-bit refusal.
						40.6	6								
						39.6	7								
						38.6	8								
						37.6	9								

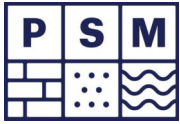
Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing	Penetration No resistance through to refusal	Water ▽ Inflow ▽ Partial Loss ◀ Complete Loss	Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample	Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet	Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact
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A2 – 2022 Site Investigation



Project No.: PSM4252

PSM 3.02.2 LIB.GLB Log PSM AU NONCORE BH NZ AU PSM 4252 (25052022) GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 06/07/2022 17:20 10.02.00.04 Dateof Fence and Map Tool | Lib: PSM 3.02.1 2019-03-06 Pri: PSM 3.03.0 2019-05-06



Borehole ID

BH01

Page 2 of 6

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek
Hole Location: Refer to Figure 1
Hole Position: 295135.4 m E 6254151.5 m N MGA94 Zone 56

Commenced: 25/05/2022
Completed: 25/05/2022
Logged By: JBL
Checked By: AS

Drill Model and Mounting: 3-tonne track mounted Inclin: -90° RL Surface: 82.00 m
Hole Diameter: 120 mm Bearing: Datum: AHD Operator: Matrix Drilling

Drilling Information							Soil Description							Observations
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Plasticity, behaviour or particle characteristics of primary component, colour, secondary components, additional observations	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/T		N	Not Observed			76.0	6			SHALE: dark brown and grey, extremely weathered to highly weathered, inferred very low to low strength (continued)			100	
						75.0	7						200	
						74.0	8						300	
													400	
						73.0	9						500	
Method Penetration Water Samples and Tests Moisture Condition Consistency/Relative Density														
AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing														
No resistance Refusal														
Inflow Partial Loss Complete Loss														
U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample														
D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet														
VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact														

Logged in accordance with AS 1726:2017 Geotechnical site investigations



Borehole ID

BH01

Page 3 of 6

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 25/05/2022	
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek		Completed: 25/05/2022	
Hole Location: Refer to Figure 1		Logged By: JBL	
Hole Position: 295135.4 m E 6254151.5 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS	
Drill Model and Mounting: 3-tonne track mounted		Inclination: -90°	
Hole Diameter: 120 mm		RL Surface: 82.00 m	
		Datum: AHD	
		Operator: Matrix Drilling	

Drilling Information				Soil Description						Observations				
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Plasticity, behaviour or particle characteristics of primary component, colour, secondary components, additional observations	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/T		N	Not Observed			71.0	11			SHALE: dark brown and grey, extremely weathered to highly weathered, inferred very low to low strength (continued)			100 200 300 400 500	
						70.0	12			Continued on cored borehole sheet				
						69.0	13							
						68.0	14							

Method
AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit
AD/V - Auger drilling V bit
WB - Washbore
SPT - Standard penetration test
PT - Push tube
AS - Auger Screwing

Penetration
 No resistance
 Refusal

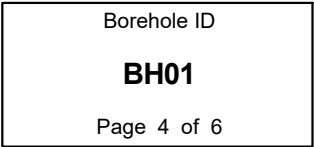
Water
 Inflow
 Partial Loss
 Complete Loss

Samples and Tests
U - Undisturbed Sample
D - Disturbed Sample
SPT - Standard Penetration Test
ES - Environmental Sample
TW - Thin Walled
LB - Large Disturbed Sample

Moisture Condition
D - Dry
M - Moist
W - Wet

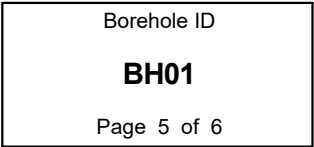
Consistency/Relative Density
VS - Very soft
S - Soft
F - Firm
St - Stiff
VSt - Very stiff
H - Hard
VL - Very loose
L - Loose
MD - Medium dense
D - Dense
VD - Very dense
Ce - Cemented
C - Compact

Logged in accordance with AS 1726:2017 Geotechnical site investigations



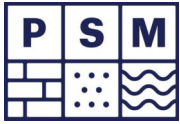
Project No.: PSM4252

PSM 3.02.2 LIB.GLB Log PSM AU CORE BH NZ PSM4252 (25052022)GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 21/07/2022 09:57 10.02.00.04 DataGel Fence and Map Tool | Lib: PSM 3.02.1 2019-03-06 Pri: PSM 3.03.0 2019-05-06



Project No.: PSM4252

PSM 302.2 LIB GLB Log PSM 4252/25052022.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 21/07/2022 09:57 10.02.00.04 Datal Fence and Map Tool | Lib: PSM 3.02.1 2019-03-06 Proj: PSM 3.03.0 2019-05-06



Borehole ID

BH01

Page 6 of 6

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek
Hole Location: Refer to Figure 1
Hole Position: 295135.4 m E 6254151.5 m N MGA94 Zone 56

Commenced: 25/05/2022
Completed: 25/05/2022
Logged By: JBL
Checked By: AS

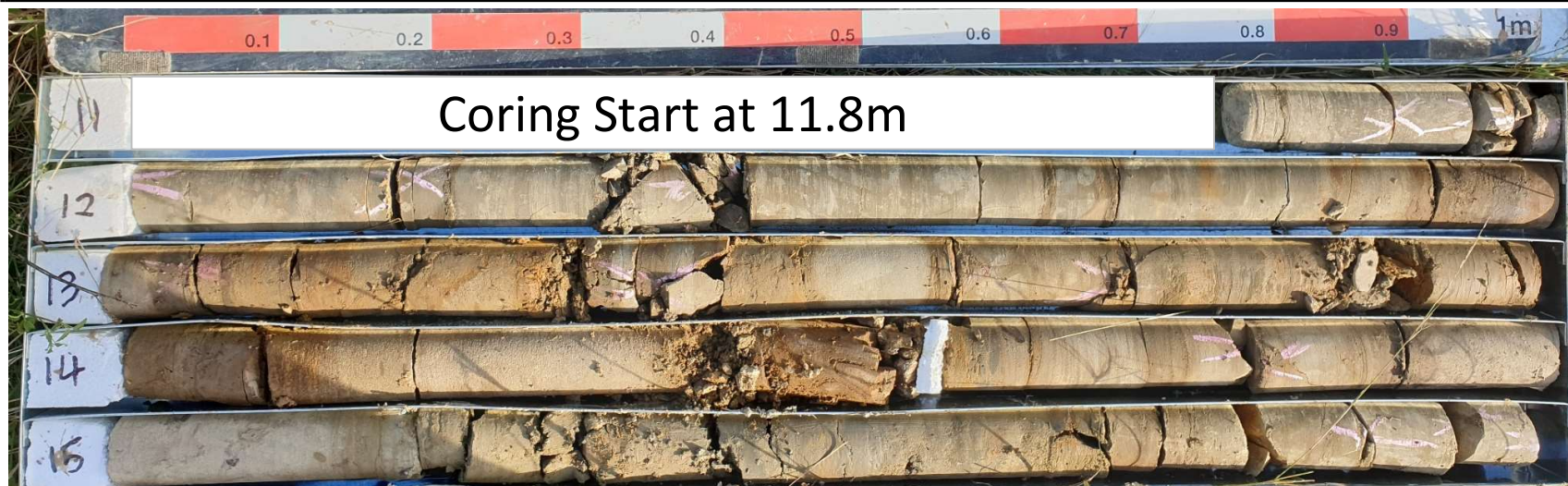
Drill Model and Mounting: 3-tonne track mounted Inclination: -90° RL Surface: 82.00 m
Barrel Type and Length: NMLC 3 m Bearing: Datum: AHD Operator: Matrix Drilling

Drilling Information							Rock Substance										Rock Mass Defects																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
Method	Water	TCR (%)	RQD (%)	Samples and Field Tests	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Colour, Fabric, Rock Name, Discontinuities, Additional	Weathering					Strength Is(50) ● - Axial ○ - Diametral					Defect Spacing (mm)			Defect Description Type, Inclination, Shape, Roughness, Coating/Infilling, Thickness (Inclination normal to core axis)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
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NMLC	Not Observed		100	Is(50) d=0.2 a=0.5 MPa				SHALE: dark grey, well developed, thinly bedded(continued)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																



JOB NO: PSM4252
PROJECT: Mamre Road
LOCATION: Kemps Creek
DATE: 25/05/2022

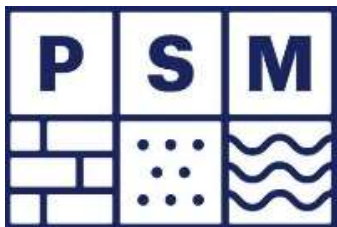
BH ID: BH01
FROM: 11.8 m
TO: 16.0 m



Aliro Group
Mamre Road
Kemps Creek
CORE PHOTOS BH01
(Core Photo 1 of 2)

PSM4252-002L Rev 4

Appendix A2



JOB NO: PSM4252
PROJECT: Mamre Road
LOCATION: Kemps Creek
DATE: 25/05/2022

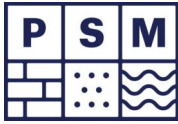
BH ID: BH01
FROM: 16.0 m
TO: 20.6 m



Aliro Group
Mamre Road
Kemps Creek
CORE PHOTOS BH01
(Core Photo 2 of 2)

PSM4252-002L Rev 4

Appendix A2



Borehole ID

BH02

Page 1 of 5

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

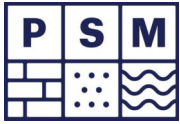
Client: Aliro Group
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek
Hole Location: Refer to Figure 1
Hole Position: 295368.8 m E 6253841.6 m N MGA94 Zone 56

Commenced: 07/06/2022
Completed: 07/06/2022
Logged By: JBL
Checked By: AS

Drill Model and Mounting: 5.4-tonne track mounted Inclin: -90° RL Surface: 81.00 m
Hole Diameter: 120 mm Bearing: Datum: AHD Operator: JK Drilling

Drilling Information							Soil Description								Observations									
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Plasticity, behaviour or particle characteristics of primary component, colour, secondary components, additional observations	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)					Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations						
													100	200	300	400	500							
AD/V		N	Not Observed	SPT@0.5m 5,12,13 N=25		80.0	1		CH	CLAY: high plasticity, dark brown.		VSt						0.00: TOPSOIL: grass on surface 0.10: NATURAL						
				SPT@1.5m 6,7,8 N=15		79.0	2		Becomes pale grey	D	St				1.00: Clay lumps up to gravel size (easily breakable)									
				SPT@3.0m, 13,7, HB 25/150mm		78.0	3			H														
						77.0	4		SHALE: pale grey, extremely weathered to highly weathered.					3.30: V-bit refusal Bedrock										
AD/T		N																4.50: Thin laminations observed in rock fragments						
<table><tr><td>Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing</td><td>Penetration No resistance Refusal</td><td>Water Inflow Partial Loss Complete Loss</td><td>Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample</td><td>Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet</td><td>Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact</td></tr></table>																			Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing	Penetration No resistance Refusal	Water Inflow Partial Loss Complete Loss	Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample	Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet	Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact
Method AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit AD/V - Auger drilling V bit WB - Washbore SPT - Standard penetration test PT - Push tube AS - Auger Screwing	Penetration No resistance Refusal	Water Inflow Partial Loss Complete Loss	Samples and Tests U - Undisturbed Sample D - Disturbed Sample SPT - Standard Penetration Test ES - Environmental Sample TW - Thin Walled LB - Large Disturbed Sample	Moisture Condition D - Dry M - Moist W - Wet	Consistency/Relative Density VS - Very soft S - Soft F - Firm St - Stiff VSt - Very stiff H - Hard VL - Very loose L - Loose MD - Medium dense D - Dense VD - Very dense Ce - Cemented C - Compact																			

Logged in accordance with AS 1726:2017 Geotechnical site investigations



Borehole ID

BH02

Page 2 of 5

Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek
Hole Location: Refer to Figure 1
Hole Position: 295368.8 m E 6253841.6 m N MGA94 Zone 56

Commenced: 07/06/2022
Completed: 07/06/2022
Logged By: JBL
Checked By: AS

Drill Model and Mounting: 5.4-tonne track mounted Inclinometer: -90° RL Surface: 81.00 m
Hole Diameter: 120 mm Bearing: Datum: AHD Operator: JK Drilling

Drilling Information						Soil Description							Observations	
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Plasticity, behaviour or particle characteristics of primary component, colour, secondary components, additional observations	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/T		N	Not Observed			75.0	6			SHALE: pale grey, extremely weathered to highly weathered. (continued)			100	
						74.0	7						200	
						73.0	8			Becomes brown			300	
						72.0	9			Inferred strength becomes low to medium			400	
													500	

Method
AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit
AD/V - Auger drilling V bit
WB - Washbore
SPT - Standard penetration test
PT - Push tube
AS - Auger Screwing

Penetration
 No resistance
 Refusal

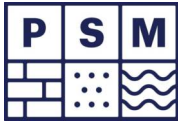
Water
 Inflow
 Partial Loss
 Complete Loss

Classification
U - Undisturbed Sample
D - Disturbed Sample
SPT - Standard Penetration Test
ES - Environmental Sample
TW - Thin Walled
LB - Large Disturbed Sample

Moisture Condition
D - Dry
M - Moist
W - Wet

Consistency/Relative Density
VS - Very soft
S - Soft
F - Firm
St - Stiff
VSt - Very stiff
H - Hard
VL - Very loose
L - Loose
MD - Medium dense
D - Dense
VD - Very dense
Ce - Cemented
C - Compact

Logged in accordance with AS 1726:2017 Geotechnical site investigations.



Borehole ID

BH02

Page 3 of 4

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

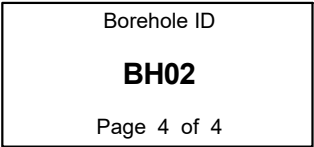
Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kemps Creek
Hole Location: Refer to Figure 1
Hole Position: 295368.8 m E 6253841.6 m N MGA94 Zone 56

Commenced: 07/06/2022
Completed: 07/06/2022
Logged By: JBL
Checked By: AS

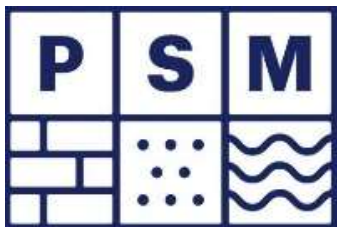
Drill Model and Mounting: 5.4-tonne track mounted Inclinometer: -90° RL Surface: 81.00 m
Barrel Type and Length: NMLC 3 m Bearing: Datum: AHD Operator: JK Drilling

Drilling Information							Rock Substance										Rock Mass Defects																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
Method	Water	TCR (%)	RQD (%)	Samples and Field Tests	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Colour, Fabric, Rock Name, Discontinuities, Additional	Weathering					Strength Is(50) ● - Axial ○ - Diametral					Defect Spacing (mm)			Defect Description Type, Inclination, Shape, Roughness, Coating/Infilling, Thickness (Inclination normal to core axis)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
NMLC	Not Observed		100	Is(50) d=0.05 a=0.24 MPa	70.0	11		Continued from non-cored borehole sheet	RS	XW	HW	MW	SW	FR	EL	J	M	H	VH	EH	<20	60	200	600	1000																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																										



Project No.: PSM4252

PSM 302.2 LIB GLB Log PSM 4252/25052022.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 21/07/2022 09:57 10.02.00.04 Datal| Fence and Map Tool | Lib: PSM 3.02.1 2019-03-06 Proj: PSM 3.03.0 2019-05-06



JOB NO: PSM4252
PROJECT: Mamre Road
LOCATION: Kemps Creek
DATE: 7/06/2022

BH ID: BH02
FROM: 10.0 m
TO: 15.0 m



Aliro Group
Mamre Road
Kemps Creek
CORE PHOTOS BH02
(Core Photo 1 of 2)

PSM4252-002L Rev 4

Appendix A2



JOB NO: PSM4252
PROJECT: Mamre Road
LOCATION: Kemps Creek
DATE: 7/06/2022

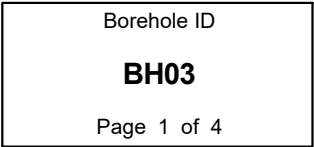
BH ID: BH02
FROM: 15.0 m
TO: 16.71 m



Aliro Group
Mamre Road
Kemps Creek
CORE PHOTOS BH02
(Core Photo 2 of 2)

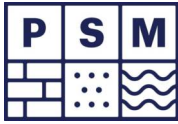
PSM4252-002L Rev 4

Appendix A2



Project No.: PSM4252

PSM 3.02.2 LIB.GLB Log PSM AU NONCORE BH NZ AU PSM 4252 (25052022) GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 06/07/2022 17:20 10.02.00.04 Dateof Fence and Map Tool | Lib: PSM 3.02.1 2019-03-06 Pri: PSM 3.03.0 2019-05-06



Borehole ID

BH03

Page 2 of 4

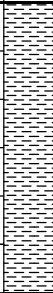
Engineering Log - Non Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kamps Creek
Hole Location: Refer to Figure 1
Hole Position: 295256.0 m E 6254060.0 m N MGA94 Zone 56

Commenced: 08/06/2022
Completed: 08/06/2022
Logged By: TO
Checked By: AS

Drill Model and Mounting: 5.4-tonne track mounted Inclin: -90° RL Surface: 74.00 m
Hole Diameter: 120 mm Bearing: Datum: AHD Operator: JK Drilling

Drilling Information					Soil Description								Observations	
Method	Penetration	Support	Water	Samples Tests Remarks	Recovery	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description SOIL NAME: Plasticity, behaviour or particle characteristics of primary component, colour, secondary components, additional observations	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Relative Density	Hand Penetrometer UCS (kPa)	Structure, Zoning, Origin, Additional Observations
AD/T		N	Not Observed			68.0	6			Becomes highly weathered (continued)			100 200 300 400 500	
						67.0	7			Continued on cored borehole sheet				
						66.0	8							
						65.0	9							

Method

AD/T - Auger drilling TC bit
AD/V - Auger drilling V bit
WB - Washbore
SPT - Standard penetration test
PT - Push tube
AS - Auger Screwing

Penetration

 No resistance
 Refusal

Water

 Inflow
 Partial Loss
 Complete Loss

Samples and Tests

U - Undisturbed Sample
D - Disturbed Sample
SPT - Standard Penetration Test
ES - Environmental Sample
TW - Thin Walled
LB - Large Disturbed Sample

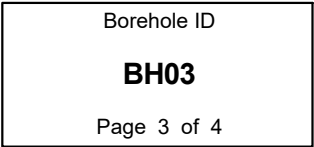
Moisture Condition

D - Dry
M - Moist
W - Wet

Consistency/Relative Density

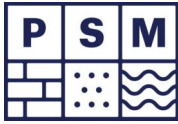
VS - Very soft
S - Soft
F - Firm
St - Stiff
VSt - Very stiff
H - Hard
VL - Very loose
L - Loose
MD - Medium dense
D - Dense
VD - Very dense
Ce - Cemented
C - Compact

Logged in accordance with AS 1726:2017 Geotechnical site investigations



Project No.: PSM4252

PSM 302.2 LIB GLB Log PSM 4252/25052022.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 21/07/2022 09:57 10.02.00.04 Datal| Fence and Map Tool | Lib: PSM 3.02.1 2019-03-06 Proj: PSM 3.03.0 2019-05-06



Borehole ID

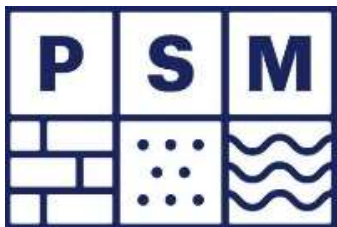
BH03

Page 4 of 4

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Project No.: PSM4252

Client: Aliro Group		Commenced: 08/06/2022																																																			
Project Name: Mamre Road, Kemps Creek		Completed: 08/06/2022																																																			
Hole Location: Refer to Figure 1		Logged By: TO																																																			
Hole Position: 295256.0 m E 6254060.0 m N MGA94 Zone 56		Checked By: AS																																																			
Drill Model and Mounting: 5.4-tonne track mounted		Inclination: -90°																																																			
Barrel Type and Length: NMLC 3 m		RL Surface: 74.00 m																																																			
		Datum: AHD																																																			
		Operator: JK Drilling																																																			
Drilling Information							Rock Substance										Rock Mass Defects																																				
Method	Water	TCR (%)	RQD (%)	Samples and Field Tests	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Colour, Fabric, Rock Name, Discontinuities, Additional	Weathering					Strength Is(50) ● - Axial ○ - Diametral					Defect Spacing (mm)			Defect Description Type, Inclination, Shape, Roughness, Coating/Infilling, Thickness (Inclination normal to core axis)																															
NMLC	Not Observed		100	Is(50) d=0.19 a=0.22 MPa	63.0	11		LAMINITE: pale grey and dark grey, thinly laminated, developed, Laminite; Shale (80%), Sandstone (20%), sandstone is fine grained.	RS	XW	HW	MW	SW	FR	EL	L	M	H	VH	EH	<20	60	200	600	1000	BP, 0°, FE, PR, S																											
						12		Becomes Shale (60%), Sandstone(40%), sandstone is fine grained, indistinct laminations, developed																						BP, 0°, CN, PR, S BP, 10°, FE, PR, S																							
								13	SHALE: dark grey & pale grey, thinly laminated, developed.																						BP, 5°, CL & RF, PR, RF																						
						14			Hole Terminated at 13.00 m																								JT, 90°, CL, PR, RF BP, 0°, CL, PR, RF BP, 0°, CN, PR, RF BP, 0°, CL, PR, RF																				
Method AS - auger screwing AD - auger drilling CB - claw of blade bit WB - washbore NMLC - wireline core (51.9 mm) NQ - wireline core (47.6 mm) HQ - wireline core (63.5 mm) PQ - wireline core (85.0 mm) SPT- standard penetration test							Water Level (Date) Inflow Partial Loss Complete Loss Graphic Log/Core Loss Core recovered (hatching indicates material) No core recovery							Weathering and Strength RS - Residual Soil CW - Completely Weathered HW - Highly Weathered MW - Moderately Weathered SW - Slightly Weathered UW - Unweathered VW - Very Weak W - Weak MS - Moderately Strong S - Strong VS - Very Strong FS - Extremely Strong										Defect Type BS - Bedding Shear PT - Parting JT - Joint SZ - Shear Zone SS - Shear Surface CO - Contact CS - Crushed Seam SM - Seam Coating KL - Clean SN - Stain VN - Veneer										Defect Type CO - Coating SU - Sulphides RF - Rock fragments G - Gravel S - Sand Z - Silt CA - Calcite CL - Clay FE - Iron KT - Chlorite QZ - Quartz X - Carbonaceous										Roughness SL - Slickensided POL - Polished SO - Smooth RO - Rough VR - Very Rough Planarity PL - Planar CU - Curved UN - Undulating ST - Stepped IR - Irregular									



JOB NO: PSM4252
PROJECT: Mamre Road
LOCATION: Kemps Creek
DATE: 8/06/2022

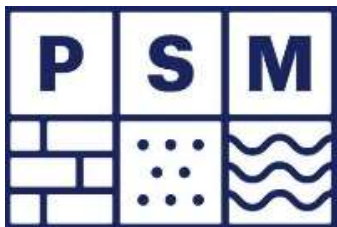
BH ID: BH03
FROM: 6.2 m
TO: 11.0 m



Aliro Group
Mamre Road
Kemps Creek
CORE PHOTOS BH03
(Core Photo 1 of 2)

PSM4252-002L Rev 4

Appendix A2



JOB NO: PSM4252
PROJECT: Mamre Road
LOCATION: Kemps Creek
DATE: 8/06/2022

BH ID: BH03
FROM: 11.0 m
TO: 13.0 m



Aliro Group
Mamre Road
Kemps Creek
CORE PHOTOS BH03
(Core Photo 2 of 2)

PSM4252-002L Rev 4

Appendix A2

Appendix B

Point Load Test Results

B1: 2020 Site Investigation

B2: 2022 Site Investigation

B1 – 2020 Site Investigation



APPENDIX B - POINT LOAD STRENGTH INDEX TEST RESULTS

Job No. **PSM4252** Sheet **1** of **1**

Project **Mamre Road, Kemps Creek**

Test Method	AS 4133.4.1 - 1993 Methods of Testing Rocks for Engineering Purposes, Determination of Point Load Strength Index	Sampling Technique	HQ3	Sampling Date	22 - 23/10/2020
Test Machine	HMA 6510	Storage History	In Field	Testing Date	22 - 23/10/2020
Calibration Date	16/08/2018, 28/08/2020	Moisture Condition	Natural	Tested By	DT
		Loading Rate	< 30 seconds		

Rock Type	Location	Depth (m)	Diametral Tests					Axial, Block, and Irregular Lump Tests							AS 1726 Strength Class
			D (mm)	L (mm)	P (kN)	I _{s(50)} (MPa)	Failure Mode	W (mm)	D (mm)	L (mm)	P (kN)	I _s (MPa)	I _{s(50)} (MPa)	Failure Mode	
Sandstone	CH01	3.94	50	62	3.2	1.28	Parallel to bedding	50	24		2.9	1.9	1.7	Through substance	H
Sandstone	CH01	4.34	50	67	1.8	0.71	Parallel to bedding	50	20		0	0	0.01	Along defect	VL
Sandstone	CH01	5.37	50	67	1.9	0.75	Parallel to bedding	50	39		1.9	0.7	0.75	Through substance	M
Sandstone	CH01	6.51	50	48	2.6	1.02	Parallel to bedding	50	21		1.7	1.3	1.13	Through substance	H
Shale	CH01	7.23	50	66	0.3	0.12	Parallel to bedding	50	32		0.8	0.4	0.35	Through substance	VL / L
Shale	CH01	8.33	50	58	0.2	0.08	Parallel to bedding	50	30		0.1	0	0.04	Along defect	L
Shale	CH01	9.50	50	57	0	0.01	Along defect	50	35		0.2	0.1	0.08	Along defect	VL
Shale	CH01	10.75	50	57	0.2	0.07	Along defect	50	31		0.4	0.2	0.18	Through substance	VL / L
Shale	CH02	7.68	50	74	4	1.6	Parallel to bedding	50	38		3.5	1.4	1.43	Through substance	L / M
Shale	CH02	8.55	50	69	0.4	0.15	Parallel to bedding	50	33		1.1	0.5	0.49	Through substance	L / M
Shale	CH02	9.58	50	48	0	0.01	Along defect	50	26		0.7	0.4	0.36	Through substance	M
Shale	CH02	10.00	50	70	0.1	0.05	Along defect	50	39		1.8	0.7	0.72	Through substance	VL / H
Shale	CH03	5.86	50	74	0.1	0.04	Along defect	50	39		0.5	0.2	0.22	Through substance	VL / L
Shale	CH03	6.17	50	52	0.7	0.27	Parallel to bedding	50	36		0.1	0.1	0.06	Along defect	VL / L
Shale	CH03	7.41	50	63	0.6	0.25	Parallel to bedding	50	30		0.7	0.4	0.34	Through substance	L / M
Shale	CH03	8.74	50	72	0.2	0.06	Along defect	50	40		0.5	0.2	0.19	Through substance	VL / L
Shale	CH03	9.71	50	70	1.2	0.46	Parallel to bedding	50	46		1.4	0.5	0.48	Through substance	M
Shale	CH03	10.13	50	71	4.7	1.86	Parallel to bedding	50	44		7.5	2.7	2.76	Through substance	H

By: **DT** Checked: **AS** Date: **22 - 23/10/2020**

B2 – 2022 Site Investigation



PSM

APPENDIX B - POINT LOAD STRENGTH INDEX TEST RESULTS

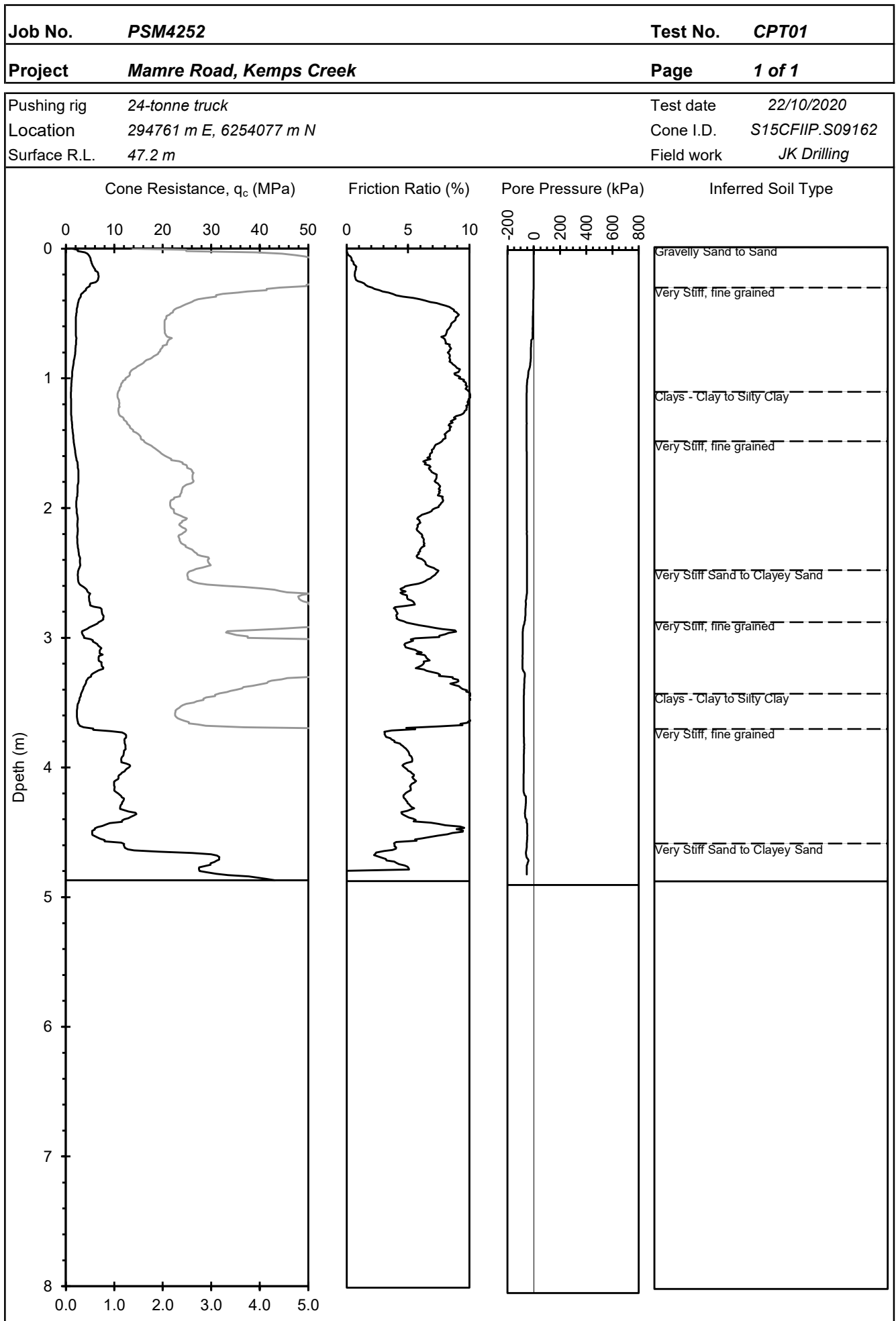
Job No.	PSM4252											Sheet 1 of 1			
Project	Mamre Road, Kemps Creek Kemps Creek - Additional Geotechnical Investigation														
Test Method	AS 4133.4.1 - 1993 Methods of Testing Rocks for Engineering Purposes, Determination of Point Load Strength Index						Sampling Technique	HQ3				Sampling Date	25/05/2022 - 08/06/2022		
							Storage History	In Field				Testing Date	25/05/2022 - 08/06/2022		
Test Machine	HMA 6510						Moisture Condition	Natural				Tested By	TO & JBL		
Calibration Date	16/08/2018, 28/08/2020						Loading Rate	< 30 seconds							
Rock Type	Location	Depth (m)	Diametral Tests					Axial, Block, and Irregular Lump Tests						AS 1726 Strength Class	
			D (mm)	L (mm)	P (kN)	I _{s(50)} (MPa)	Failure Mode	W (mm)	D (mm)	P (kN)	I _s (MPa)	I _{s(50)} (MPa)	Failure Mode		
Shale	BH01	11.80	50	35	0.2	0.08	Parallel to bedding	50	48	1.5	0.5	0.5	Through substance	VL / M	
Shale	BH01	12.58	50	40	0.2	0.09	Parallel to bedding	50	40	0.7	0.3	0.27	Through substance	VL	
Shale	BH01	13.15	50	40	0.1	0.04	Parallel to bedding	50	40	0.2	0.1	0.08	Through substance	VL	
Laminite	BH01	14.76	50	50	0.5	0.18	Parallel to bedding	50	47	0.7	0.2	0.25	Through substance	VL	
Laminite	BH01	15.78	50	40	0	0	Parallel to bedding	50	46				Bad break		
Laminite	BH01	16.00	50	45			Bad break	50	40	0.9	0.4	0.37	Through substance	VL	
Shale	BH01	17.60	50	55	0	0	Parallel to bedding	50	45	1	0.3	0.36	Through substance	M	
Shale	BH01	18.00	50	60	1.3	0.52	Parallel to bedding	50	48	1.4	0.4	0.47	Through substance	M	
Shale	BH01	19.28	50	60	1	0.4	Parallel to bedding	50	40	1	0.4	0.41	Through substance	M	
Shale	BH01	20.33	50	45	0.5	0.2	Parallel to bedding	50	45	1.4	0.5	0.5	Through substance	L / M	
Shale	BH02	10.46	50	50	0.1	0.05	Parallel to bedding	50	45	0.7	0.2	0.24	Through substance	VL / L	
Laminite	BH02	11.82	50	55	0.2	0.08	Parallel to bedding	50	45	0.7	0.2	0.23	Through substance	VL / L	
Laminite	BH02	12.28	50	45	0.3	0.11	Parallel to bedding	50	45				Bad break	L	
Laminite	BH02	13.28	50	50	0.3	0.1	Parallel to bedding	50	45	0.9	0.3	0.33	Through substance	L / M	
Laminite	BH02	14.35	50	65	0.2	0.06	Parallel to bedding	50	40	2.2	0.9	0.88	Through substance	VL / M	
Laminite	BH02	15.22	50	55	3.2	1.27	Parallel to bedding	50	45	5.5	1.9	1.98	Through substance	H	
Laminite	BH02	16.46	50	45	2.7	1.1	Parallel to bedding	50	40	6.7	2.6	2.65	Through substance	H	
Shale	BH03	6.92	50	40	0.9	0.35	Parallel to bedding	50	45	1	0.3	0.36	Through substance	M	
Shale	BH03	7.22	50	55	0.6	0.25	Parallel to bedding	50	45	0.5	0.2	0.18	Through substance	L	
Shale	BH03	8.75	50	55	0.5	0.21	Parallel to bedding	50	45	0.5	0.2	0.19	Through substance	L	
Shale	BH03	9.34	50	40	0.1	0.03	Parallel to bedding	50	35	0.4	0.2	0.16	Through substance	VL / L	
Shale	BH03	10.56	50	45	0.5	0.19	Parallel to bedding	50	40	0.6	0.2	0.22	Through substance	L	
Shale	BH03	11.32	50	45	1	0.38	Parallel to bedding	50	40	1.2	0.5	0.49	Through substance	M	
Shale	BH03	12.00	50	50	1.1	0.46	Parallel to bedding	50	30	3.6	1.9	1.79	Through substance	M / H	
By:	TO & JBL		Checked:		AS								Date:	08/06/2022	

Appendix C

CPT Results

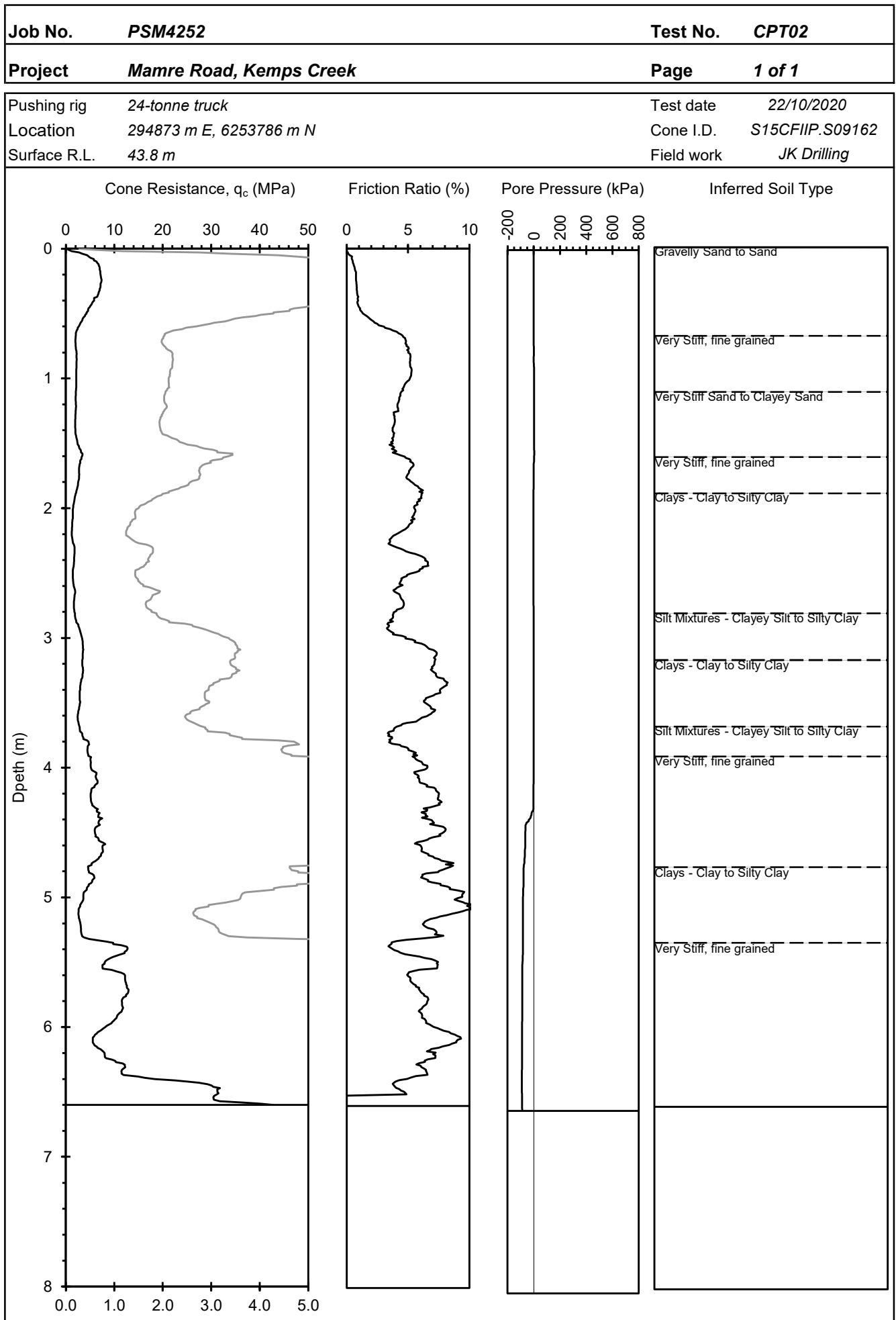


CONE PENETRATION TEST - INFERRED SOIL TYPE



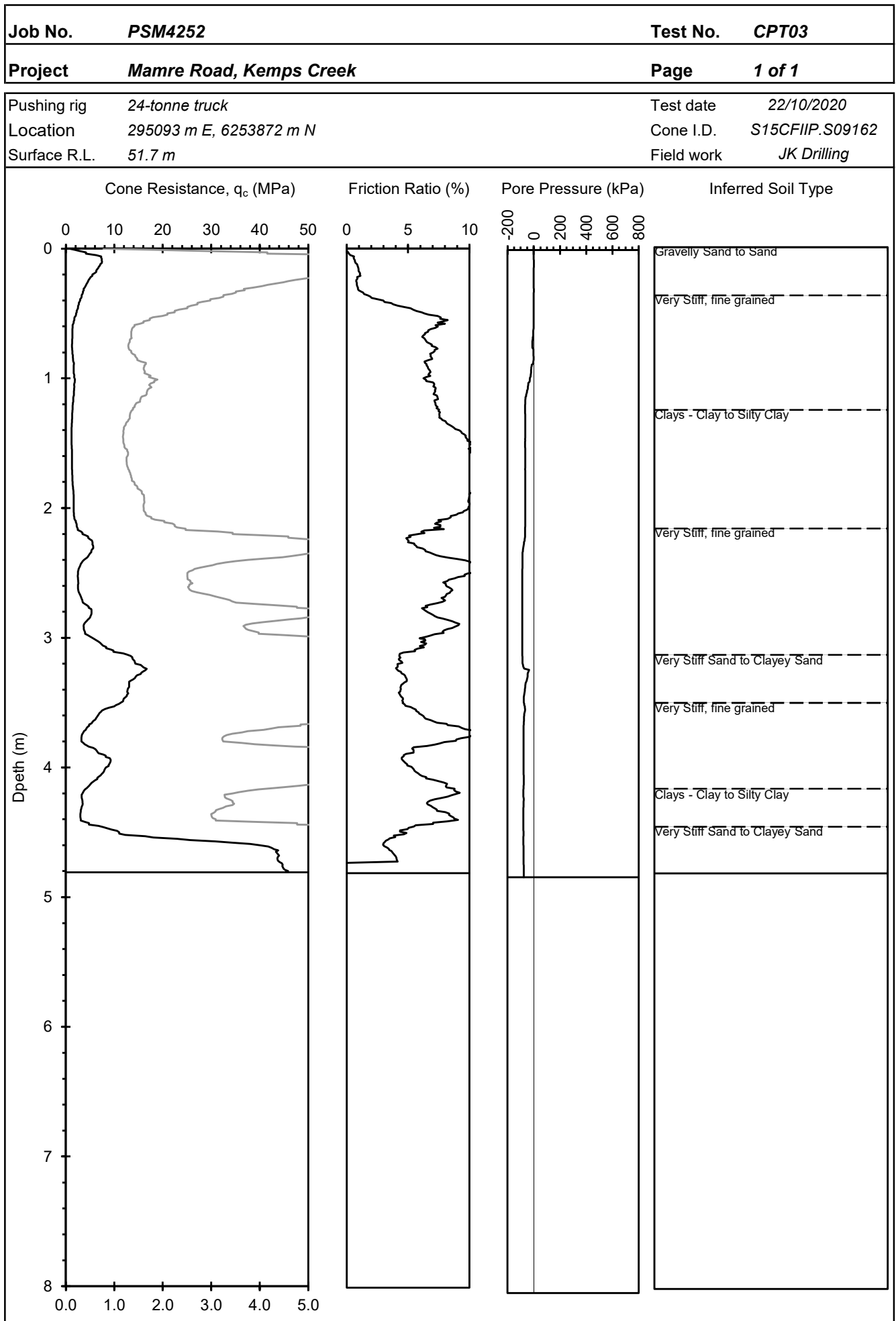


CONE PENETRATION TEST - INFERRED SOIL TYPE



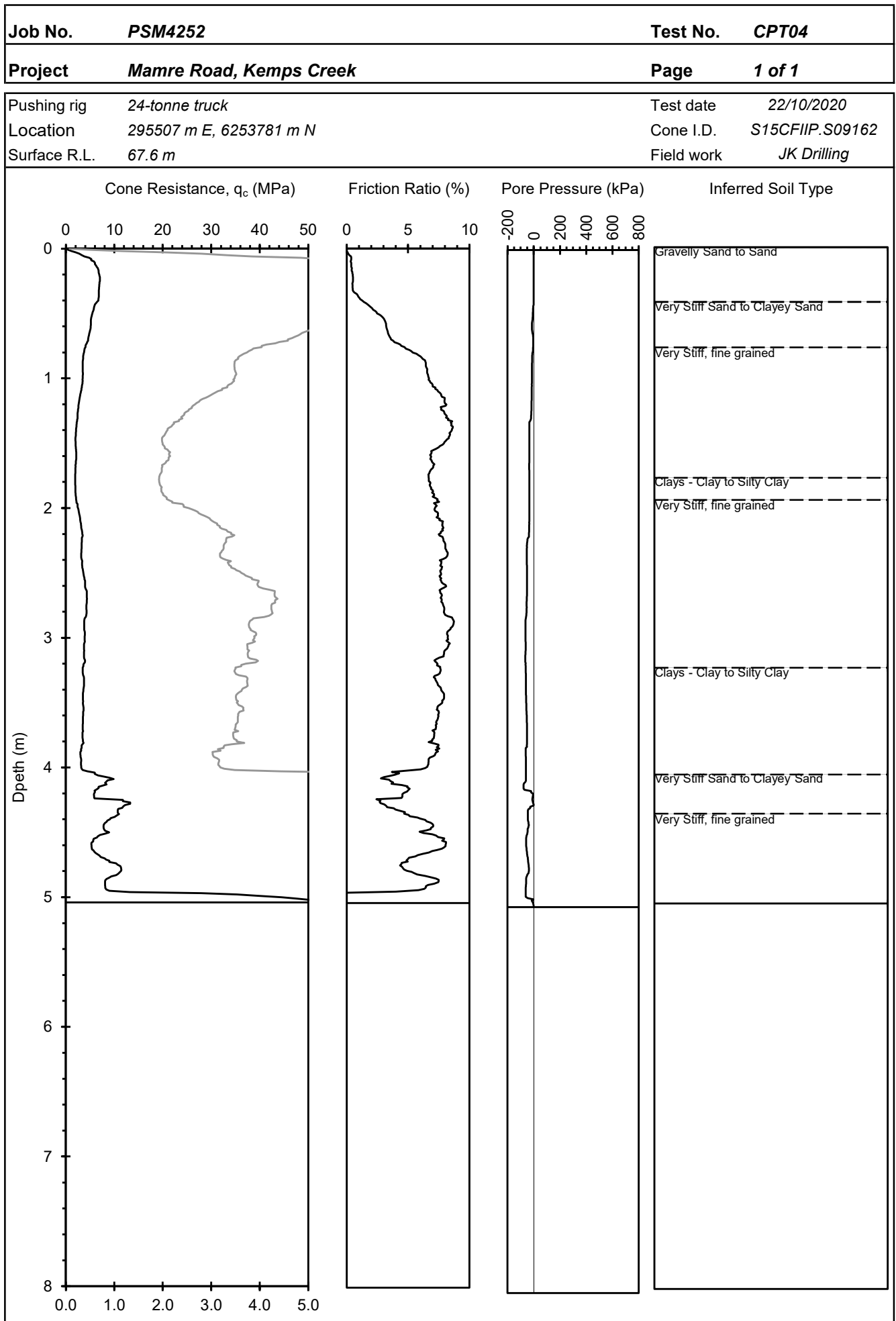


CONE PENETRATION TEST - INFERRED SOIL TYPE



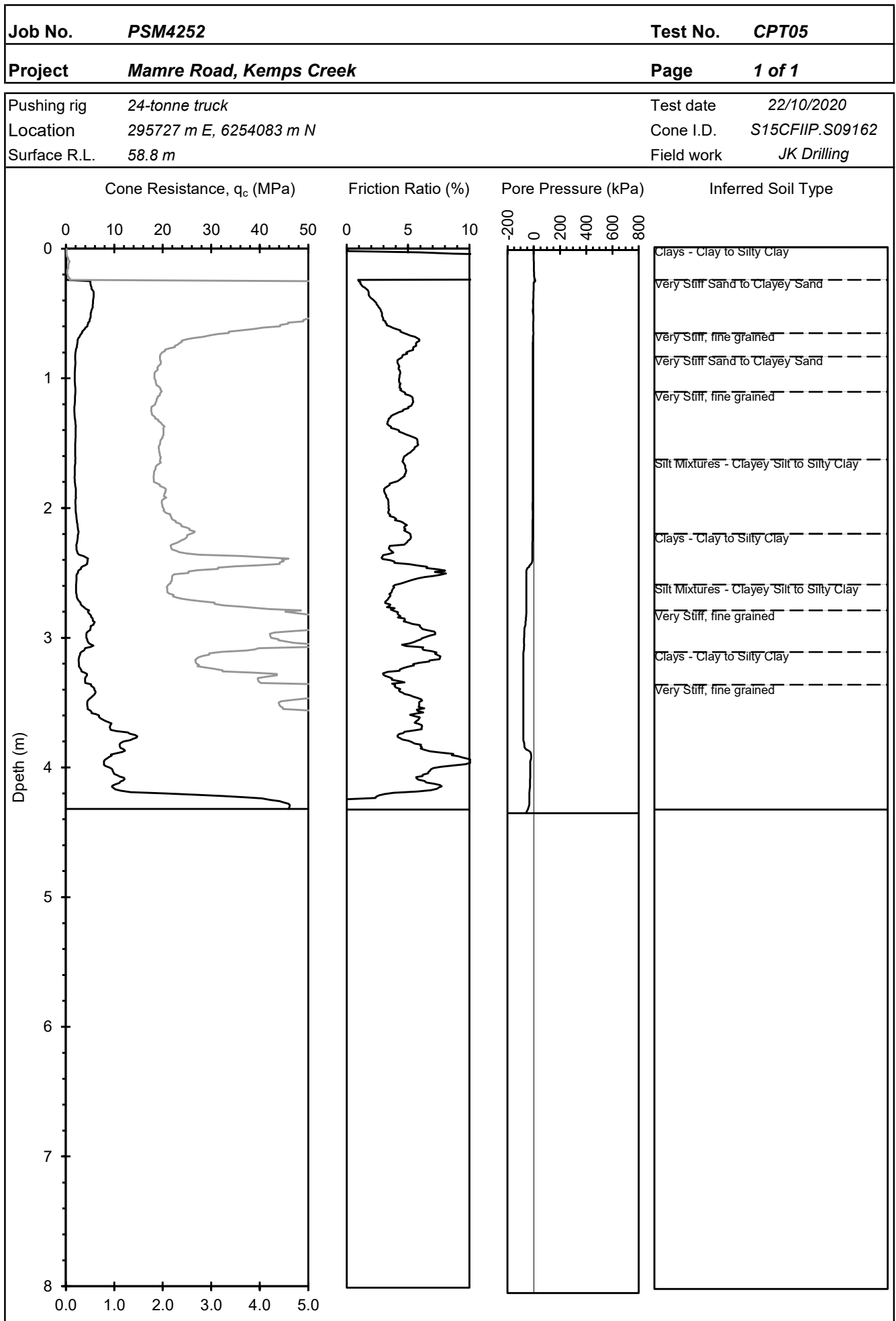


CONE PENETRATION TEST - INFERRED SOIL TYPE



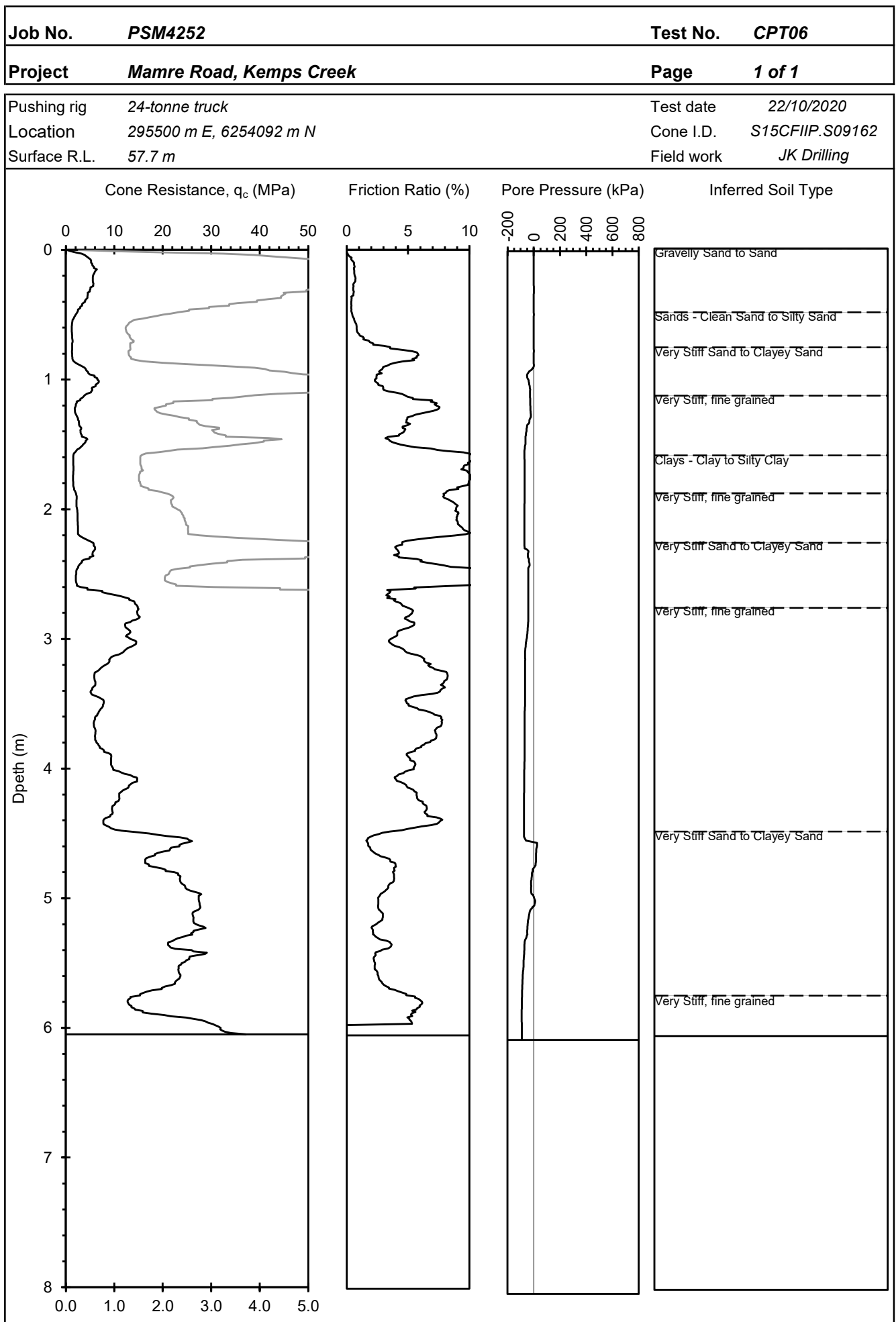


CONE PENETRATION TEST - INFERRED SOIL TYPE





CONE PENETRATION TEST - INFERRED SOIL TYPE



Appendix D

Laboratory Testing Results



SOIL TEST SERVICES

ABN 43 002 145 173

FOUR DAY SOAKED CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO TEST REPORT

Client: Pells Sullivan Meynink
PSM Job No.: PSM4252

Ref No: L4509E
Report: 1
Report Date: 3/11/2020
Page 1 of 1

SAMPLE NUMBER	CBR01 AH04	CBR02 CH03	CBR03 AH03
DEPTH (m)	0.50 - 1.00	0.50 - 1.00	0.50 - 1.00
Surcharge (kg)	4.5	4.5	4.5
Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³)	1.64 STD	1.63 STD	1.64 STD
Optimum Moisture Content (%)	20.5	22.1	21.1
Moulded Dry Density (t/m ³)	1.61	1.59	1.61
Sample Density Ratio (%)	99	98	98
Sample Moisture Ratio (%)	99	102	99
Moisture Contents			
Insitu (%)	21.4	21.7	17.6
Moulded (%)	20.3	22.6	20.8
After soaking and			
After Test, Top 30mm(%)	32.0	38.4	40.3
Remaining Depth (%)	24.9	26.7	28.0
Material Retained on 19mm Sieve (%)	0	0	0
Swell (%)	2.5	3.5	5.5
C.B.R. value: @2.5mm penetration	2.5	2.0	1.5

NOTES: Sampled and supplied by client. Samples tested as received.

- Refer to appropriate notes for soil descriptions
- Test Methods : AS 1289 6.1.1, 5.1.1 & 2.1.1.



NATA Accredited Laboratory
Number:1327

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing.
This document shall not be reproduced except
in full without approval of the laboratory. Results relate only to
the items tested or sampled.

3/11/20
Authorised Signature / Date
(T. Phinnegan)

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	: ES2037509	Page	: 1 of 4
Amendment	: 1		
Client	: PELLIS SULLIVAN MEYNINK T/A PSM Admin PTY LTD	Laboratory	: Environmental Division Sydney
Contact	: DANIEL TAN	Contact	: Customer Services ES
Address	: G3, 56 DELHI ROAD NORTH RYDE NSW, AUSTRALIA 2113	Address	: 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164
Telephone	: ----	Telephone	: +61-2-8784 8555
Project	: PSM4252	Date Samples Received	: 26-Oct-2020 13:30
Order number	: ----	Date Analysis Commenced	: 29-Oct-2020
C-O-C number	: ----	Issue Date	: 06-Nov-2020 11:28
Sampler	: Daniel Tan		
Site	: ----		
Quote number	: EN/333		
No. of samples received	: 6		
No. of samples analysed	: 6		



Accreditation No. 825
Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

<i>Signatories</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Accreditation Category</i>
Ankit Joshi	Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Dian Dao	Senior Chemist - Inorganics	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Wisam Marassa	Inorganics Coordinator	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by ALS have been developed from established internationally recognised procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are fully validated and are often at the client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key : CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

Ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.

~ = Indicates an estimated value.

- ALS is not NATA accredited for the analysis of Exchangeable Cations on Alkaline Soils when performed under ALS Method ED006.
- Amendment (06/11/2020): This report has been amended and re-released to allow the reporting of additional analytical data.
- ED007 and ED008: When Exchangeable Al is reported from these methods, it should be noted that Rayment & Lyons (2011) suggests Exchange Acidity by 1M KCl - Method 15G1 (ED005) is a more suitable method for the determination of exchange acidity (H⁺ + Al³⁺).



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)				Client sample ID	CH01	CH02	CH03	AH06	AH04
Client sampling date / time					22-Oct-2020 00:00	22-Oct-2020 00:00	23-Oct-2020 00:00	23-Oct-2020 00:00	23-Oct-2020 00:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit		ES2037509-001	ES2037509-002	ES2037509-003	ES2037509-004	ES2037509-005
					Result	Result	Result	Result	Result
EA002: pH 1:5 (Soils)									
pH Value	----	0.1	pH Unit		8.4	8.9	7.7	5.8	5.1
EA010: Conductivity (1:5)									
Electrical Conductivity @ 25°C	----	1	µS/cm		139	400	110	99	345
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)									
Moisture Content	----	1.0	%		9.1	14.7	15.7	13.7	19.3
EA080: Resistivity									
Resistivity at 25°C	----	1	ohm cm		7190	2500	9090	10100	2900
ED006: Exchangeable Cations on Alkaline Soils									
Exchangeable Calcium	----	0.2	meq/100g		17.0	9.7	10.6	----	----
Exchangeable Magnesium	----	0.2	meq/100g		3.2	8.0	8.1	----	----
Exchangeable Potassium	----	0.2	meq/100g		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	----	----
Exchangeable Sodium	----	0.2	meq/100g		0.6	3.7	2.6	----	----
Cation Exchange Capacity	----	0.2	meq/100g		20.9	21.3	21.4	----	----
Exchangeable Sodium Percent	----	0.2	%		3.1	17.2	12.2	----	----
ED007: Exchangeable Cations									
Exchangeable Calcium	----	0.1	meq/100g		----	----	----	3.7	----
Exchangeable Magnesium	----	0.1	meq/100g		----	----	----	7.4	----
Exchangeable Potassium	----	0.1	meq/100g		----	----	----	0.2	----
Exchangeable Sodium	----	0.1	meq/100g		----	----	----	1.9	----
Cation Exchange Capacity	----	0.1	meq/100g		----	----	----	15.6	----
Exchangeable Sodium Percent	----	0.1	%		----	----	----	14.2	----
ED008: Exchangeable Cations									
Exchangeable Calcium	----	0.1	meq/100g		----	----	----	----	0.7
Exchangeable Magnesium	----	0.1	meq/100g		----	----	----	----	9.1
Exchangeable Potassium	----	0.1	meq/100g		----	----	----	----	0.2
Exchangeable Sodium	----	0.1	meq/100g		----	----	----	----	2.3
Cation Exchange Capacity	----	0.1	meq/100g		----	----	----	----	12.4
Exchangeable Sodium Percent	----	0.1	%		----	----	----	----	18.8
ED040S : Soluble Sulfate by ICPAES									
Sulfate as SO4 2-	14808-79-8	10	mg/kg		10	90	10	90	190
ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser									
Chloride	16887-00-6	10	mg/kg		<10	280	120	50	390



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)		Client sample ID		AH02	----	----	----	----
		Client sampling date / time		23-Oct-2020 00:00	----	----	----	----
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES2037509-006	-----	-----	-----	-----
Result				----	----	----	----	----
EA002: pH 1:5 (Soils)								
pH Value	----	0.1	pH Unit	6.5	----	----	----	----
EA010: Conductivity (1:5)								
Electrical Conductivity @ 25°C	----	1	µS/cm	78	----	----	----	----
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)								
Moisture Content	----	1.0	%	16.1	----	----	----	----
EA080: Resistivity								
Resistivity at 25°C	----	1	ohm cm	12800	----	----	----	----
ED007: Exchangeable Cations								
Exchangeable Calcium	----	0.1	meq/100g	<0.1	----	----	----	----
Exchangeable Magnesium	----	0.1	meq/100g	<0.1	----	----	----	----
Exchangeable Potassium	----	0.1	meq/100g	<0.1	----	----	----	----
Exchangeable Sodium	----	0.1	meq/100g	<0.1	----	----	----	----
Cation Exchange Capacity	----	0.1	meq/100g	<0.1	----	----	----	----
Exchangeable Sodium Percent	----	0.1	%	<0.1	----	----	----	----
ED040S : Soluble Sulfate by ICPAES								
Sulfate as SO4 2-	14808-79-8	10	mg/kg	10	----	----	----	----
ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	10	mg/kg	90	----	----	----	----

Appendix E

PSM4252-003S Rev 1 - Bulk Earthworks Specification

Mamre Road, Kemps Creek

Bulk Earthworks Specification Filling, Cutting and Testing

PSM4252-003S Rev1

22 July 2022

Aliro

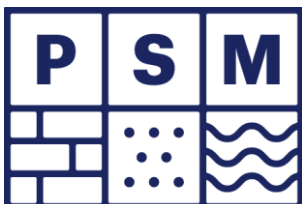


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Appendix E Certification Letter (Sample Only)



1. Scope

This specification details the requirements for the bulk earthworks to be undertaken at Mamre Road, Kemps Creek. The area where this specification is applicable is shown in Figure 1. This includes areas where material is filled to bulk earthworks level (BEL) within the site.

Fill placed in accordance with this specification is denoted as Engineered Fill.

This specification does not address any environmental, contamination or erosion issues with respect to the fill material.

There is a HOLD POINT on placing fill in Section 2.4 of this specification.

2. Filling Works

2.1 Subgrade Preparation

The condition of the subgrade should be assessed immediately prior to the commencement of filling.

All Engineered Fill is to be placed on one of the following materials:

1. Bedrock.
2. Natural insitu material of at least stiff consistency.
3. Engineered compacted fill placed in accordance with this or other approved specifications for which the Geotechnical Inspection and Testing Authority (GITA) has a Level 1 certificate certifying compliance with that approved specification AND of at least stiff consistency.
4. Existing fill and other materials as approved by PSM.

Proof rolling shall only be undertaken under the direction of PSM. PSM may also direct a bridging layer of Engineered Fill be placed and compacted to a Dry or Hilt Density Ratio (Standard Compaction) of between 95% and 102%. Any such layer shall be a Lot under Clause 5.3.

The GITA should satisfy itself that the subgrade has not been desiccated, affected by rain or disturbed. If the GITA cannot so satisfy itself, then the subgrade should be moisture conditioned and compacted to be in accordance with Clauses 2.5 and 2.6 of this specification.

Engineered Fill shall be placed only on subgrade approved by the GITA as being in accordance with this specification.

2.2 Base Geometry and Permanent Batters

The slope of any buried batter shall be less than 2H:1V unless otherwise directed by PSM.

The contractor shall remove or flatten any geometrical obstructions (e.g. protrusions or holes) such that subsequent Engineered Fill can be placed to achieve the requirements of this specification.

Engineered Fill shall be placed only on areas where the base geometry has been approved by the GITA.

Permanent batters in fill shall be built by overfilling then cut back to the final slopes as shown in the bulk earthworks drawings, e.g. 2H:1V, or other method as approved by PSM.

2.3 Material

2.3.1 Imported Fill

Imported Engineered Fill is to conform to one of the following definitions:

1. "Virgin excavated natural material" (**VENM**) as defined by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 No 156, Schedule 1, on Page 209:
"Virgin excavated natural material (e.g. clay, gravel, sand, soil and rock) that is not mixed with any other waste and that:

- a. *has been excavated from areas that are not contaminated, as a result of industrial, commercial, mining or agricultural activities, with manufactured chemicals and that does not contain sulphide ores or soils, or.*
 - b. *consists of excavated natural materials that meet such criteria as may be approved by the EPA”.*
2. “Excavated natural material” (**ENM**) as defined under Clause 93 of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2014:

“Excavated natural material is naturally occurring rock and soil (including but not limited to materials such as sandstone, shale, clay and soil) that has:

- a. *been excavated from the ground, and*
 - b. *contains at least 98% (by weight) natural material, and*
 - c. *does not meet the definition of Virgin Excavated Natural Material in the Act.*

Excavated Natural Material does not include material that has been located in a hotspot; that has been processed; or that contains asbestos, Acid Sulphate Soils (ASS), Potential Acid Sulphate soils (PASS) or sulfidic ores.”

2.3.2 Site Won Material

Site won material shall comprise material won from excavations on site including natural and existing fill. Material needs to satisfy Clause 2.3.3.

2.3.3 All Fill

The Engineered Fill shall be approved by the GITA as suitable for use in a structural fill.

Engineered Fill shall not comprise unsuitable material as defined by Clause 4.3 of AS3798-2007 “Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments” as:

- a. *“organic soils, such as many topsoils, severely root-affected subsoils and peat.*
 - b. *materials contaminated through past site usage which may contain toxic substances or soluble compounds harmful to water supply or agriculture.*
 - c. *materials containing substances which can be dissolved or leached out in the presence of moisture (e.g.: gypsum), or which undergo volume change or loss of strength when disturbed and exposed to moisture (e.g.: some shales and sandstones), unless these matters are specifically addressed in the design.*
 - d. *silts, or materials that have the deleterious engineering properties of silt.*
 - e. *other materials with properties that are unsuitable for the forming of structural fill; and.*
 - f. *fill that contains wood, metal, plastic, boulders or other deleterious material, in sufficient proportions to affect the required performance of the fill.”*

The GITA shall assess that the proportion of deleterious material in each Lot is not greater than 1% by weight. Deleterious material is defined by Table 3015.3 of the RTA QA Specification 3051 (Edition 5 June 1998) as:

“Type III: Rubber, Plastic, Bitumen, Paper, Cloth, Paint, Wood and Other Vegetable Matter”.

If the GITA is not able to visually assess the above criterion, the GITA shall arrange appropriate testing.

All Engineered Fill particles shall be able to be incorporated within a single layer. Further, less than 30% of particles shall be retained on the 37.5 mm sieve.

Engineered Fill shall be able to be tested in accordance with the Standard Compaction method (AS1289.5.4.1) or Hilf test method (AS1289.5.7.1). These methods require less than 20% retained on the 37.5 mm sieve. Where between 20% and 30% of particles are retained on the 37.5 mm sieve the above test methods shall still be adopted and test reports annotated appropriately.

These requirements should be met by the material after placement and compaction.

Only material approved by the GITA shall be placed as Engineered Fill.



2.4 Fill Zonation and Placement

HOLD POINT

Process Held	Placing of Fill
Submission detail	The Contractor / GITA submit to PSM a Weekly Certificate as defined in Clause 6.2.1 of this specification for the earthworks completed to the previous Saturday no later than 5 pm of the subsequent Wednesday.
Release of Hold Point	PSM to confirm receipt of Weekly Certificate and recommend release of Hold Point if initial assessment of the Weekly Certificate indicates it complies with requirements of this specification. The contract superintendent should then release the Hold Point if it considers appropriate.

2.5 Compaction

Engineered Fill shall be placed and compacted to a Dry or Hilt Density Ratios (Standard Compaction) of between 98% and 102%.

The insitu density shall be measured over the full depth of each layer placed.

2.6 Moisture Control

The placement moisture variation or Hilt moisture variation shall be controlled to be between 2% dry of optimum and 2% wet of optimum.

Placement moisture content of the Engineered Fill shall be measured.

3. Cutting

3.1 Subgrade Condition

The subgrade is to comprise one of the following materials:

1. Bedrock.
2. Natural insitu material of at least stiff consistency.
3. Existing fill and other materials as approved by PSM.

Proof rolling shall only be undertaken under the direction of PSM.

The GITA should satisfy itself that the subgrade has not been desiccated, affected by rain or disturbed. If the GITA cannot so satisfy itself, then the subgrade should be excavated and filled to the BEL in accordance with this specification.

4. Survey

4.1 Filling Areas

The survey requirements are as follows:

1. Any approved subgrade shall be surveyed prior to first filling such that subgrade levels are established to within ± 0.1 m. The area subject to approval shall be assessed and shown on a plan drawing to an accuracy of at least ± 5 m in plan.
2. The Lot boundaries shall be assessed and shown on a plan drawing to an accuracy of at least ± 5 m in plan.
3. The location of the field density tests shall be assessed and shown on the Lot boundary plan drawing to an accuracy of at least ± 5 m in plan.

4. The elevation of the field density tests shall be surveyed to an accuracy of ± 0.05 m.

The plan drawing shall show at the boundaries of the site and other identifiable site features, so as to allow the location of the lots and the test to be recoverable.

4.2 Cutting Areas

Any approved subgrade for cut areas shall be surveyed such that subgrade levels are established to within ± 0.1 m.

5. Inspection and Testing

5.1 Role of the GITA

The Geotechnical Inspection and Testing Authority (GITA) shall be contracted to document and certify that the works undertaken by the contractor has been completed in accordance with the relevant design and specifications.

5.2 Level 1 Control

The GITA shall adopt Level 1 responsibility as described in Section 8.2 of AS 3798-2007 "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments":

"The primary objective of Level 1 Inspection and Testing is for the geotechnical inspection and testing authority (GITA) to be able to express an opinion on the compliance of the work. The GITA is responsible for ensuring that the inspection and testing are sufficient for this purpose.

The geotechnical inspection and testing authority need to have competent personnel on site at all times while earthwork operations are undertaken. Such operations include:

- Completion of removal of topsoil
- Placing of imported or cut material
- Compaction and adding/removal of moisture
- Trenching and backfilling
- Test rolling
- Testing.

The superintendent should agree a suitable inspection and testing plan prior to commencement of the works.

On completion of the earthworks, the GITA will usually be required to provide a report setting out the inspections, sampling and testing it has carried out, and the locations and results thereof. Unless very unusual conditions apply, the GITA should also be able to express an opinion that the works (as far as it has been able to determine) comply with the requirements of the specification and drawings."

For this particular contract, Level 1 responsibility includes:

1. Lot testing as per Clause 5.3 of this specification.
2. A frequency of compaction testing not less than that specified in Clause 5.4 of this specification.
3. The GITA documenting and reporting its activity in the terms required by Clause 6 of this specification.
4. The GITA undertaking adequate inspections and testing to comply with the above requirements and to be able to certify the fill in the terms required by Clause 6 of this specification.

5.3 Lot Testing

This specification requires lot testing to be undertaken.

A Lot is defined as a single layer of Engineered Fill consisting of uniform material which has undergone similar treatment.

Lot testing comprises the following:

1. A Lot shall be identified by the Contractor or the GITA with a Lot Number and presented for testing.

2. A Lot shall be deemed to be in accordance with the specification if all the tests undertaken within the Lot are in accordance with the specification, i.e. "a none to fail basis".
3. If any one test undertaken within a Lot fails, the whole of the Lot shall be reworked and retested.

Any portion of the placed Engineered Fill must be part of a single lot and all Lots will require approval by the GITA.

5.4 Testing Frequency (Compaction Testing)

The frequency of compaction testing for each lot shall not be less than the greater of:

1. For lot less than 50 m³
 - a. 1 test per lot.
2. For lot between 50 m³ and 100 m³
 - a. 2 tests per lot.
3. For lot greater than 100 m³
 - a. 1 test per 500 m³ of material placed.
 - b. 3 tests per lot.

A laboratory moisture content test shall be undertaken for each field density test.

5.5 Proof Rolling and Plate Load Testing

Proof rolling, together with minor boxing out and refilling, of the upper surface of the bulk earthworks will be undertaken as directed by PSM. The plant to be adopted depends upon the design loads adopted by the structural engineers for each section of the site. Any remediation of soft spots identified during proof rolling shall be undertaken in accordance with this Specification (CI 2.5 and 2.6).

Plate load testing shall be undertaken at the direction of PSM at the following stages:

1. At final bulk earthworks level (BEL). Expected test frequency is approximately a day of testing for each building pad.

The contractor is to make a suitable reaction (e.g. 20 tonne excavator) available for the tests.

5.6 Inspection and Testing

The GITA shall at least undertake the following tasks:

Cut areas

1. Identify the subgrade as one of the three (3) subgrade types listed in Clause 3.1 of this specification and assess that the subgrade condition of cut areas is in accordance with the subgrade condition requirements of Clause 3.1 of this specification. If the cut subgrade has been approved by PSM, the GITA will be required to reference the approval in its weekly report.
2. Should Engineered Fill be required to fill overcut areas, assess that filling has been placed in accordance with this specification.

Fill areas

1. For fill areas, identify the subgrade as one of the four (4) subgrade types listed in Clause 2.1 of this specification and assess that the subgrade condition of any area prior to placement of fill material is in accordance with the subgrade preparation requirements of Clause 2.1 of this specification. For the following subgrade types, GITA needs to include / refer to PSM approval in its weekly report:
 - a. Existing fill and other materials as approved by PSM.
2. Assess that the base geometry of any area prior to placement of fill material is in accordance with the base geometry requirements of Clause 2.2 of this specification.
3. For each Lot, identify the material as either Site Won or Imported fill as defined in Clause 2.3 of this specification and assess that the material placed is in accordance with the fill material requirements of Clause 2.3 of this Specification.

4. Assess the proportion of deleterious material is in accordance with the requirements of Clause 2.3.3 of this Specification.
5. Assess that the Engineered Fill has been placed in accordance with the requirements for fill zonation and placement of Clause 2.4 of this specification.
6. Assess that each Lot as presented for approval by the contractor is in accordance with the requirements for Lot definition of Clause 5.3 of this specification.
7. Ensure that the survey requirements in Clause 5 of this specification have been completed.
8. Estimate the approximate volume of Engineered Fill placed in each Lot presented for approval.
9. Conduct Lot testing in accordance with the construction control testing requirements of Clauses 5.3 and 5.4 of this specification.
10. Assess that the compaction of each Lot is in accordance with the requirements of Clause 2.5 of this specification. The GITA shall select a depth of insitu density tests that allows the density of the full layer to be assessed.
11. Assess that the moisture variation of each Lot is in accordance with the requirements for moisture control in Clause 2.6 of this specification.
12. Conduct material property testing in accordance with the material testing requirements in this specification.

6. Reporting and Certification

6.1 Reporting

The GITA shall produce at least the following reports:

1. *VENM / ENM Validation Reports*. Such a report shall transmit the VENM or ENM validation certificates for the fill imported to site.
2. *Subgrade Approval Reports* (a sample is attached). Such a report shall:
 - Document assessments undertaken for tasks 1 and task 3 of Clause 5.6 including reporting the subgrade type
 - Document the subgrade survey that has been undertaken
 - Approve or reject the subgrade condition and base geometry for filling, based on tasks 3 and 4 of Clause 5.6
 - Approve or reject the subgrade condition for cut areas based on task 1.
3. *Lot Approval Reports* (a sample is attached). Such a report shall:
 - Document assessments, testing and survey undertaken for tasks 3 to 14 of Clause 5.6
 - Report material identification undertaken for task 5 of Clause 5.6
 - Report the assessed proportion of deleterious material for task 6 of Clause 5.6
 - Report the results of testing undertaken for task 11 of Clause 5.6
 - Approve or reject lots based on tasks 12 and 13 of Clause 5.6.
4. *Material Testing Reports*. Such a report shall:
 - Report the results of material property testing undertaken for task 14 of Clause 5.6.
5. *Daily Reports* (a sample is attached). Such a report shall be completed daily and shall:
 - Document time spent on site by the GITA personnel
 - List subgrade assessments and approvals undertaken each day with reference to relevant Subgrade Approval Report(s)
 - List Lots presented, accepted and approved or rejected each day, with reference to relevant Lot Approval Report(s)
 - List survey undertaken each day as for task 9 of Clause 5.6 and not already documented in the Subgrade or Lot Approval Reports

- Document other relevant activities undertaken on site that day (site instructions, breakdowns, compaction equipment used, etc.).

6.2 Certification

6.2.1 Weekly Certificate

The GITA shall produce a Weekly Certificate for any week in which earthworks are undertaken in accordance with this specification. The Weekly Certificate will cover all works from the previous Weekly Certificate until the end of work on a Saturday.

The Weekly Certificate shall transmit the following:

- Copy or reference to the complete specification document(s)
- Subgrade Approval Reports
- Lot Approval Reports
- Material property testing reports
- Daily Reports
- Survey of subgrade geometry prior to filling or in cut areas
- Plan survey drawing showing lot boundaries and location of density tests
- Survey documenting filling undertaken to date and showing location of testing
- Provide an Excel spreadsheet presenting the results of the week's acceptance testing completed by the GITA.

And certify that:

"All the earthworks undertaken and the subgrade condition in the cut areas [in the stated period] are documented in the above reports and have been undertaken in accordance with the Specification (Ref. PSM4252-003S Rev XX dated XXX)."

6.2.2 Interim or Final Filling Certificate

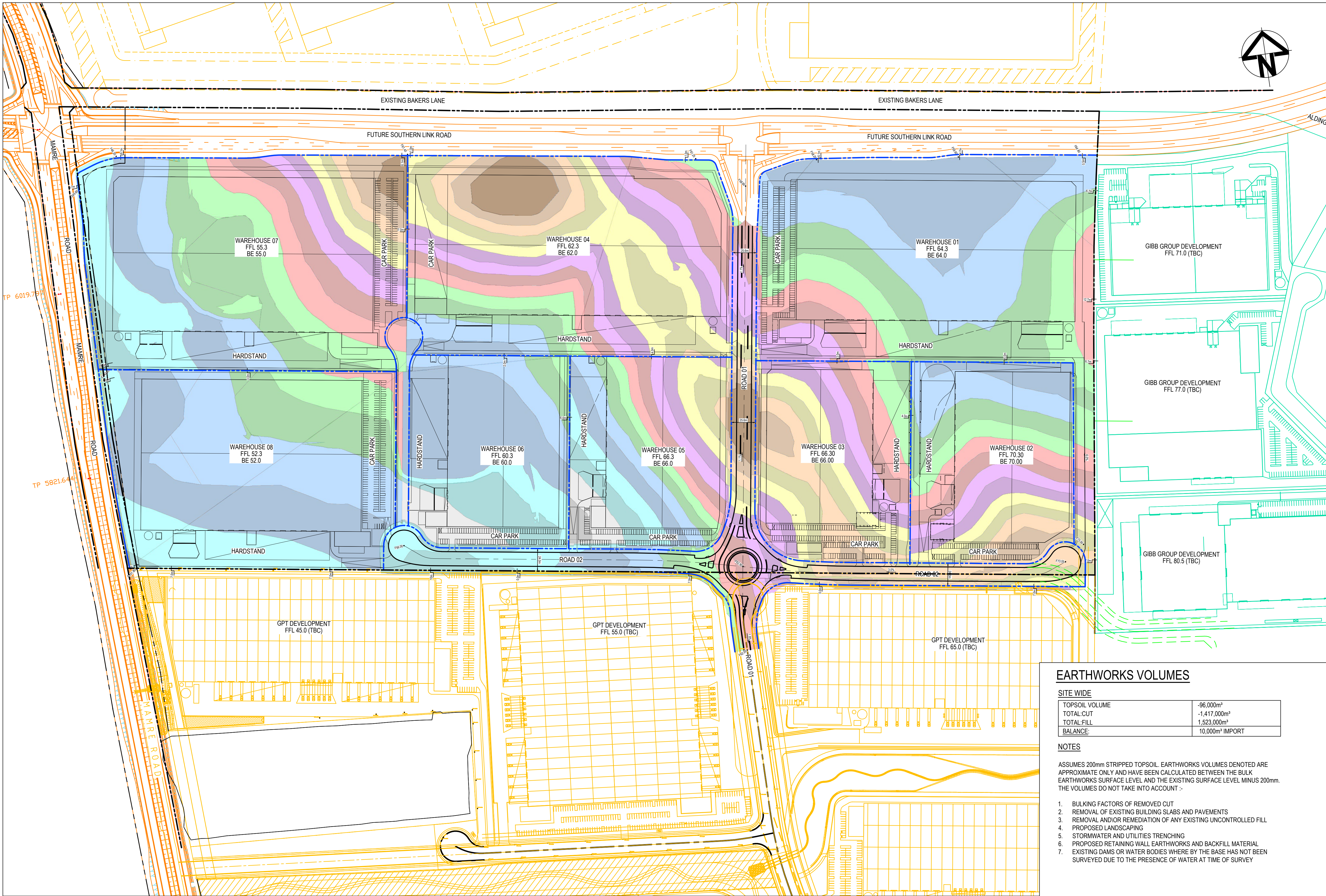
At the completion of the bulk earthworks, or as requested by the Client, the GITA shall provide an Interim or Final Filling Certificate which shall:

1. Transmit a reference list of the Weekly Certificates.
2. Provide an Excel spreadsheet presenting the results of all the acceptance testing completed by the GITA.
3. Certify that *"All the earthworks undertaken and the subgrade condition in the cut areas [in the stated period] are documented in the above reports and have been undertaken in accordance with the Specification (Ref. PSM4252-003S Rev XX dated XXX)."*

Appendix A

Figure 1





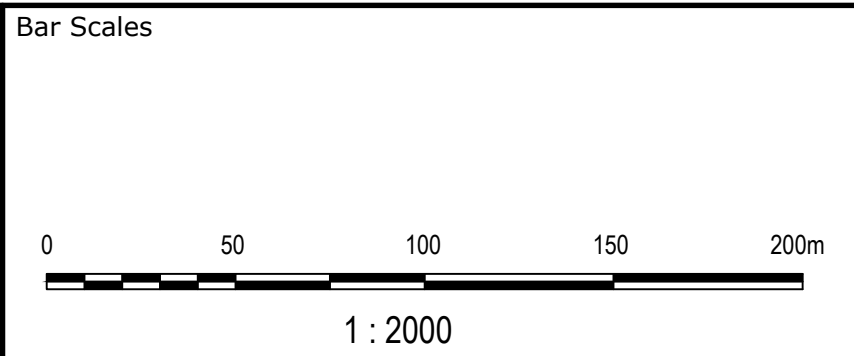
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-16.0	to -14.0 m	
-14.0	to -12.0 m	
-12.0	to -10.0 m	
-10.0	to -8.0 m	
-8.0	to -6.0 m	
-6.0	to -4.0 m	
-4.0	to -2.0 m	
-2.0	to 0.0 m	
0.0	to 2.0 m	
2.0	to 4.0 m	
4.0	to 6.0 m	
6.0	to 8.0 m	
8.0	to 10.0 m	
10.0	to 12.0 m	
12.0	to 14.0 m	
14.0	to 16.0 m	

EARTHWORKS VOLUMES

SITE WIDE	
TOPSOIL VOLUME	-96,000m³
TOTAL CUT	-1,417,000m³
TOTAL FILL	1,523,000m³
BALANCE:	10,000m³ IMPORT

- NOTES
- ASSUMES 200mm STRIPPED TOPSOIL. EARTHWORKS VOLUMES DENOTED ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY AND HAVE BEEN CALCULATED BETWEEN THE BULK EARTHWORKS SURFACE LEVEL AND THE EXISTING SURFACE LEVEL MINUS 200mm. THE VOLUMES DO NOT TAKE INTO ACCOUNT :-
- BULKING FACTORS OF REMOVED CUT
 - REMOVAL OF EXISTING BUILDING SLABS AND PAVEMENTS
 - REMOVAL AND/OR REMEDIATION OF ANY EXISTING UNCONTROLLED FILL
 - PROPOSED LANDSCAPING
 - STORMWATER AND UTILITIES TRENCHING
 - PROPOSED RETAINING WALL EARTHWORKS AND BACKFILL MATERIAL
 - EXISTING DAMS OR WATER BODIES WHERE BY THE BASE HAS NOT BEEN SURVEYED DUE TO THE PRESENCE OF WATER AT TIME OF SURVEY

Issue	Description	Date
P4	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION	04-05-22
P3	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION	21-04-22
P2	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION	25-09-21
P1	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION	28-04-21



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Scale	Drawn
1 : 2000 @ A1	GB
	Designed
Grid GDA2020	Checked
Height Datum AHD	Approved

Project	Title
ALIRO DEVELOPMENTS BAKERS LANE	CONCEPT EARTHWORKS

Civil Engineers and Project Managers	
Level 7, 153 Walker Street North Sydney NSW 2060 ABN 96 130 882 405 Tel: 02 9439 1777 Fax: 02 9923 1055 www.atl.net.au info@atl.net.au	
Status FOR INFORMATION NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION	A1
Project - Drawing No. 21-855-SKC001	Issue P4

Appendix B

Subgrade Approval Report



GEOTECHNICAL INSPECTION AND TESTING AUTHORITY
NATA accreditation number



SUBGRADE APPROVAL REPORT

Client:	Contractor:
Job number:	Report number:
Project:	Technician:

Subgrade areas assessed:

Area ID	Date	Approximate extent	Subgrade description	Geometry summary	Specification reference	Compliance (Pass/Fail)	Survey reference	Approved (Yes/No)

COMMENTS:

Signed:	Date:
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Appendix C

Lot Approval Report





GEOTECHNICAL INSPECTION AND TESTING AUTHORITY
NATA accreditation number

LOT APPROVAL REPORT

Client:	Report number:
Job number:	Report date:
Project:	Technician:
Contractor:	Test methods:

LOT ID:	Sheet	of
Retest (Yes/No)	Original test report number:	
Specification reference		
Location:		
Lot boundary survey reference/location:		
Materials description:	(MATERIAL TYPE, colour, minor components, maximum particle size)	
Material identification:	(Identify the material as defined in Clause 2.3.1, Clause 2.3.2 or Clause 2.3.3 of the Specification)	
Deleterious material assessment:	(Report proportion of deleterious material)	
Layer thickness:		
Accepted as Lot: (Yes/No)	Date:	
Approximate volume (m3)	Number of tests required:	

Test ID No.				
Test soil description				
Date tested:				
Grid reference				
Surveyed test locations (RL,E,N)				
Test depth (mm)				
Max size (mm)				
% Oversize material (wet)				
Field wet density (t/m ³)				
Field moisture content (%)				
PWCD (t/m ³)				
Compactive effort				
Moisture variation (%)				
HILF density ratio (%)				
TEST (Pass/Fail)				

LOT APPROVAL	(Pass/Fail)	Signed:	Date:
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Appendix D

Daily Report





GEOTECHNICAL INSPECTION AND TESTING AUTHORITY

NATA accreditation number

DAILY REPORT

Client:		Report number:
Job number:		Report date:
Project:		Level of testing: Level 1
Location:		Technician:
Contractor		
Time on site:		
Time off site:		
1. Subgrade Approval		
Areas ID	Subgrade Approval Report No:	Comments
2. Lot Approval		
Lot ID	Lot Approval Report No:	Comments
3. Survey		
Type of survey	Survey undertaken by:	Reference
4. Instructions received on site		
5. Instructions given on site		
COMMENTS:		
Signed:		Date:

Appendix E

Certification Letter (Sample Only)



Our Ref:

Date:

Addressed to: Earthwork Contractor

Attention: Earthwork Contractor Representative

Dear

**RE: SAMPLE INTERIM (OR FINAL) FILLING CERTIFICATE
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT, BULK EARTHWORKS
CERTIFICATION OF EARTHWORKS
BETWEEN [DATE OF COMMENCEMENT] AND [DATE OF COMPLETION]**

In the period between [date start] and [date finish] the contractor has undertaken earthworks in areas XXX and XXX.

During the above period:

- The GITA has prepared the following Subgrade Approval Reports:

1. Subgrade Approval Report No 1
2.

- The GITA has prepared the following Lot Approval Reports:

1. Lot Approval Report No 1
2.

- The GITA has prepared the following Daily Reports:

1. Daily Report No 1.....
2.

- The following subgrade survey was undertaken:

1. Subgrade Survey reference.....
2.

- The following weekly survey was undertaken:

1. Weekly survey of week endingreference.....
2.

Copies of all the above documents are attached.

The GITA certifies that all the earthworks undertaken in the above stated period are documented in the above reports and have been undertaken in accordance with the Specifications (ref. PSM4252-003S Rev 1, dated XXX) a copy of which is attached, with the exception of:

1. List outstanding issues (not approved subgrade, lots, unsuitable material, failed tests etc.)
2.

Signed

GITA