

WRAC Risk Assessment

Workplace Risk Assessment & Control

RA00290 – Miniwall S4 Extraction Plan Subsidence Management Risk Assessment

Site: Chain Valley Colliery

Date: 04/07/2019

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No:	RA 00290 - Miniwall S4 Extraction Plan Subsidence Management		
Topic	Miniwall S4 Extraction Plan Su	bsidence Management	
Venue	Chain Valley Colliery		
Requested by:	Chris Armit Environment and Community Coordinator	Date: 04/07/2019	Time allowed: 1.5 hours
Facilitator	Chris Armit Environment and Community Coordinator		

Relevant Risk Assessment Documents/Procedures/Safety Alerts/Safety Bulletins

- S4 Subsidence Predictions report
- S2/S3 Extraction Plan Risk Assessment

Persons participating in Risk Assessment

Name	Position	Years' Experience in Industry	Signature
Chris Armit.	Environment and bomm lood	19	att
DAVID HILL	GEOTECH/SUBS. GOSLOT	40	
Tim Chisholm	Registered Min Surveyor	13	Dr.
Chris Nicholas	Tech Services Manager	(4	Ch
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Purpose

This risk assessment has been conducted to assess and document potential surface and sub-surface subsidence risks associated with mining of Northern Mining Domains (NMD) Miniwall S4.

Objectives and Scope

The objectives of this risk assessment are to:

- Identify hazards and assess the risk associated with environmental, public safety and surface built feature impacts from extraction.
- Ensure compliance with the WHS (Mines) Regulation 2014 Clause 67 Subsidence:
 - (1) In complying with clause 9, the mine operator of an underground coal mine must manage risks to health and safety associated with subsidence at the mine.
 - (2) Without limiting subclause (1), the mine operator must ensure that:
 - (a) So far as is reasonably practicable, the rate, method, layout, schedule and sequence of mining operations do not put the health and safety of any person at risk from subsidence, and
 - (b) Monitoring of subsidence is conducted, including monitoring of its effects on relevant surface and subsurface features, and
 - (c) Any investigation of subsidence and any interpretation of subsidence information is carried out only by a competent person, and
 - (d) All subsidence monitoring data is provided to the regulator in the form and at the times required by the regulator, and
 - (e) So far as reasonably practicable, procedures are implemented for the effective consultation, co-operation and co-ordination of action with respect to subsidence between the mine operator and relevant persons conducting any business or undertaking that is, or is likely to be, affected by subsidence.
- Meet (where applicable) the standards for assessing and managing risks of subsidence as outlined in the "Managing Risks of Subsidence Guideline", February 2017.
- Place a particular focus on recently updated subsidence predictions and recommendations for the
 area including a review of factors behind the exceedance of subsidence predictions over the MW 1
 to 12 area.
- Identify the existing and potential controls to reduce the risk to a reasonable practicable level.

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The scope of the risk assessment focuses on the extraction area defined by a 35 degree angle of draw or to the predicted 20mm subsidence contour of S4 (see **Figure 1**). The level of monitoring strategy required will be commensurate with the assessed level of risk (i.e. after controls are put in place) or potential consequence. The corresponding residual risk will determine if these controls are sufficiently acceptable.

The list of surface and sub-surface features outlined in Appendix B of the 2003 NSW Department of Mineral Resources Guidelines for Application for Subsidence Management Approvals, along with items outlined in the 2017 Managing Risks of Subsidence Guideline, have been used as a starting reference list of features for assessment. All features on the list were assessed as to whether they exist within the defined extraction plan area. Where a feature is not noted in the WRAC assessment, it has not been identified within the area of interest.



Figure 1- NMD S2 to S4 Extraction Impact area due to Fassifern Miniwall Mining

Risk Assessment Process

- 1. Hazard identification
- 2. Identified hazards were evaluated with regard to consequence and then the Likelihood of that consequence outcome was assessed, assuming existing controls to be effectively implemented.
- 3. Risk rankings were derived.
- 4. Additional controls were proposed where possible for medium and high risks and the hazards were reevaluated to arrive at the residual risk.
- 5. Likelihood and consequence were assessed in accordance AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009 Risk Management Principles and guidelines.
- 6. This risk assessment was conducted in general compliance with MDG1010 and MDG1014.
- 7. As low as reasonably practicable (ALARP) is determined from WHS Act 2011, Section 18.



- 8. Hazardous Manual Tasks should be identified and controlled to a reasonable practicable level of risk using the Risk Assessment Worksheet for Hazardous Manual Tasks Form and actions recorded in this risk assessment.
- 9. Actions and outcomes from the risk assessment are recorded with a due date of action completion and responsible person.
- 10. Risk Assessments are monitored and reviewed as detailed by the Delta Coal Site Work Health and Safety Management System.



Risk Assessment Checklist based on Hazard / Energy Types

	POTENTIAL HAZARDS						
Energy Type	To People	To Equipment	To Production	To The Environment			
Electrical	Electric Shock Burns Smoke Inhalation	Unplanned movement Fire Circuit Damage	Supply fails causing shutdown Inadequate supply causing process slowdown	• Fire			
Mechanical	Crushed Struck by Moving or Flying Objects Caught Between Moving Objects	Collision Breakdown Unplanned Movement Breakages Vibration	 Fails & Causes Shutdown Slows Down Production 	Physical Damage Fire			
Chemical	Burns Skin Irritation Ingestion Inhalation (Toxic atmospheres) Explosion (Mixing incompatible)	Fire Internal Damage Corrosion	Causes Delays or Shutdowns (Not enough, wrong type to much)	Spillage (Water contamination, soil contamination, air pollution, vegetation destroyed)			
Pressure (Fluids/Gases)	Fluid Injection Crush Respiratory Problems	Unplanned Movement Poor Performance Breakdown	Equipment Failure Shutdown (No fluids or to much fluids, no gases or to much gases)	Contamination (Dust, fuel/oil, dirty water0			
Radiation	Burns Eye Damage (welding flash) Internal problems		Source fails (Causing delays or shutdown)	Contamination			
Thermal	Burns Heat Exhaustion Frostbite	Overheating Freezing	Shutdown (Overheating or freezing)				
Biochemical	SprainsStrains		Slowdown due to loss of staff				
Noise/Vibration	Hearing damage	Mechanical damage	Slowdown due to people not accessing area	Community complaints			
Biological	Illness Disease		Shutdown due to lack of people				
Gravitational	Falling from Heights Objects falling on Personnel	Rollover Collapse Failure Damage from fall Damage from objects falling	Objects falling causing slowdown or shutdown	Contamination			

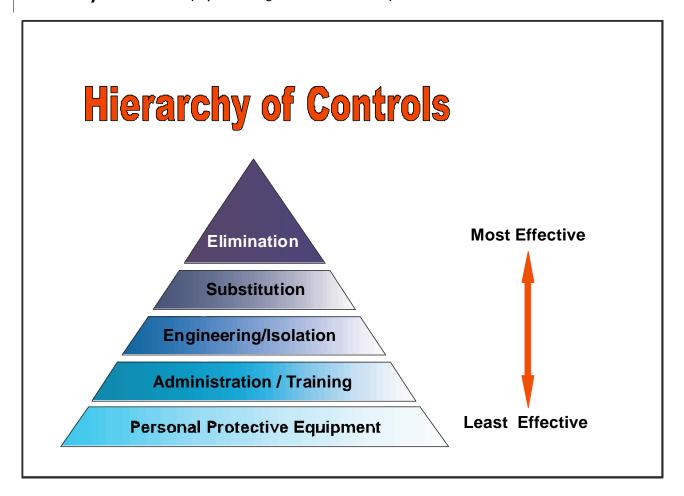
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						Risk N	Matrix							
		HIER	ARCHY OF C ONTROL							LIKELIHOOD				
Elimination		Do we still have to	do this?			А	Almost certain to happen				1 per week to 1 per month			
Substitution		Is there another wa	ay or product?			В	Likely to happer	at son	ne point		1 per mon	th to 1 per year		
Redesign/Engine	eer	Can the equipment	or process be modified?			С	Moderate, possi	ible; he	eard of so it might I	nappen	1 per year	to 1 per 10 years		
Isolation/Guardi	ing	Will guarding or so	me type of barrier help?			D	Unlikely, not like	ely to h	appen		1 per mon 1 per year 1 per 10 ye	ears to 1 per 100 y	/ears	
Administration		Will a written proce	edure and/or training help	?		E	Rare, practically	impos	sible			1 per 100 years		
PPE		Is personal protecti	ive equipment adequate?											
					Ma	XIMUM REASON	ABLE CONSEQUE	NCE						
Consequen	ICE	In.	JURY (I)			E	ENVIRONMENTAI	L (E)				Loss (L)		
1 - CRITICAL		Could kill, permane	ently disable	Regional environment release off site with			• .	using i	mine or business cl	osure. E.g. Major	Could caus	Could cause very major damage > \$3M		
2 - High		Could cause serious	s injury (major LTI)		Substantial environmental damage which could result in major financial loss and/or prosecution. E.g. Off-site release resulting in local ecosystem damage Could c						Could caus	Could cause major damage \$500K - \$3M		
3 - MEDIUM		Could cause typical	MTC/LTI		Substantial temporary or minor long term damage, release immediately contained with outside assistance eg. A minor water discharge or large hydrocarbon spill. Legal non-compliance.						e eg. Could caus	Could cause moderate damage \$100K - \$500K		
4 - Low		Could cause first aid	d injury	Temporary or minor spill	damag	ge, non-complianc	ce with internal er	nvironn	mental target, no le	egal breach, eg. Mi	nor Could caus	Could cause damage \$20K - \$100K		
5 - Insignifica	ANT	Couldn't cause inju	ry	No detrimental effec	ct, low	financial loss, negl	ligible environme	ntal im	npact		Couldn't cause damage, or <\$20K damage			
						Risk Scor	e Matrix							
RISK SCORE	Risk		WHAT SHOULD I DO						LIKELIHO	OD .				
1 to 3	Critica	al STOP WORK I management	mmediate action required	l, inform senior			A- Certa	ain	B - Likely	C - Moderate	D - Unlikely	E - Rare	Least Effective	
4 to 10	High	Risk Assessme	nt required. Action plan r	equired, senior	INCE	1 - Critical	1		2	4	7	11		
41010	IIIgii	management a	nent attention needed		EQUE	2 - High	3		5	8	12	16		
11 to 15	Mediu	Specific monitoring of procedures required management responsibility must be specified		CONSEQUENCE	3 - Medium	6		9	13	17	20			
		· · ·	<u> </u>		Ĭ	4 - Low	10		14	18	21	23		
16 to 25	Low		gh routine procedures			5 - Insignificant			19	22	24	25	Most Effective	
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Hierarchy of Controls (as per WHS Regulations 2011 Clause 36)



HIERARCHY OF CONTROLS 2	1-6 Descending Order (as per WHS Regulations 2011 Clause 36)		
Elimination	Remove the hazard from the workplace (Re-Design)		
Substitution	Substituting (wholly or partly) the hazard giving rise to the risk with something that gives rise to a lesser risk. (Alternative product / plant)		
Isolation	Isolating the hazard from any person exposed to it. Use barriers to shield or isolate the hazard (Guards on machines, enclosures for noises)		
Engineering controls	Design & install equipment to counteract or lessen the hazard		
Administrative controls	change to a system of work, a process or a procedure to lessen the hazard		

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Personal Protective Equipment	ensuring the provision and use of suitable personal protective
	equipment



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Hazard Analysis and Risk Assessment

The risk management methodology as described in WHS Act 2011, WHS Regulations 2011, WHS Code of Practice WHS Act 2011, Section 274, Code of Practice —How to Manage Work, Health and Safety Risks 2011, MDG1010 and AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009 is used to identify the various processes and activities at Delta Coal sites.

Risk analyses shall be completed for each activity based on the following matrix. The subsequent risk ranking shall then determine the frequency of re-assessments.

Likelihood	Consequences
A. Almost certain to happen	Permanently disable.
B. Like to happen at some point	2. Could cause serious injury (Major LTI)
C. Moderate, possible, heard of soit might happen	3. Could cause Medical Treatment Case/LTI
D. Unlikely, not likely to happen	4. Could cause First Aid Treatment
E. Rare, practically Impossible	5. Could not cause injury

Likelihood and Consequences are applicable to Table 1 below.

	LIKELIHOOD											
		A – Certain	B – Likely	D – Unlikely	E - Rare							
ČE	1 - Critical	1	2	4	7	11						
QUE	2 - High	3	5	8	12	16						
CONSEQUENCE	3 - Medium	6	9	13	17	20						
8	4 - Low	10	14	18	21	23						
	5 - Insignificant	15	19	22	24	25						

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Delta

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Facts

- Extraction is to occur in the Fassifern seam utilising minimal extraction methods and solely beneath Lake Macquarie (ie outside the High Water Mark Subsidence Barrier and Seagrass Protection Barrier).
- S4 extraction depth of cover ranges between an effective depth of 160 to 171m. The panels are at >35° angle of draw to the foreshore.
- The S4 miniwall has a void width of 97m and an interpanel pillar width of 40m.
- No extraction is planned within the High Water Mark Subsidence Barrier (HWMSB) and Seagrass Protection Barrier (SPB)
- Updated predictions for subsidence over the MW1 to 12 area of 720mm were exceeded in the MW7 to 10 area with up to 1100mm recorded (a further 150mm of creep movement could be expected). The subsidence model has since been reviewed and amended to align with this increase, and to gain an understanding of the potential mechanisms behind the increase. This model and information has been utilised to develop a mine plan and updated predictions for the NMD such that predicted subsidence is planned to remain within the approved 780mm for the domain allowing for anticipated longer term creep.
- A detailed subsidence assessment has been undertaken for miniwalls S2 and S3 by Mine Subsidence Engineering Consultants (MSEC). The assessment has indicated that the subsidence results over the miniwalls will result in approximately 290mm of vertical subsidence and 6mm/m tilt. Predicted vertical subsidence at the sea grass beds/moorings and jetties are predicted to be less than 20mm. The expected subsidence at Pelican rock is expected to be in the order of 90mm.
- Strata2 Consulting has undertaken a detailed subsidence assessment for miniwall S4. The assessment has indicated that the subsidence result over the miniwall S4 will result in approximately 296mm of vertical subsidence and 4 mm/m tilt. Predicted vertical subsidence at the sea grass beds/moorings and jetties are predicted to be less than 20mm. The expected subsidence at Pelican Rock is expected to be in the order of 130mm.
- Strata2 Consulting has undertaken a detailed geotechnical design report for the miniwall layout which has formed the basis for the mine design used in the subsidence assessment.
- Delta Coal has successfully mined Miniwall S1 in the NMD with subsidence monitoring results at the foreshore well within predictions.
- Delta Coal has completed a rock head survey of the NMD which has formed the basis for the key assumptions used in the technical reports.
- The location of the maximum predicted subsidence is located beneath Lake Macquarie within the FAS working footprint (ie outside the foreshore and mapped seagrass areas) **Figure 1**.

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Assumptions

- Employees are trained and assessed in relevant contents of the Delta Coal site WHSMS as a minimum.
- Compliance with the Environmental Protection Act 1994, Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011, Code of Practice – How to Manage Work, Health and Safety Risks 2011, AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009 Risk Management – Principles and Guidelines.
- Compliance with the Delta Coal Environmental Management System
- Compliance with the Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011, Code of Practice – How to Manage Work, Health and Safety Risks 2011, AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009 Risk Management – Principles and Guidelines.

Monitoring and Review

Delta Coal site monitoring and review processes should encompass all aspects of the risk management process for the purposes of:

- ensuring that controls are effective and efficient in both design and operation;
- obtaining further information to improve risk assessment;
- analyzing and learning lessons from events (including near-misses), changes, trends, successes and failures;
- Identifying emerging risks.

References

- AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009 Risk Management Principles and Guidelines
- MDG1010 Risk Management Handbook for the Mining Industry
- MDG1014 Guideline to reviewing a risk assessment of mine equipment and operations
- Work Health and Safety Act 2011
- Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011
- Codes of Practice WHS Act 2011, Section 274.
- Work Health and Safety Mines Act 2013
- Work Health and Safety Mines Regulations 2014

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- AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009 Risk Management Principles and Guidelines
- MDG1010 Risk Management Handbook for the Mining Industry
- MDG1014 Guideline to reviewing a risk assessment of mine equipment and operations
- Environmental Protection Act 1994
- Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
- DGS, 2017. Multi-Seam Mining Feasibility Study for the Proposed Miniwalls CVB to CVB4 at Chain Valley Colliery
- EMM, 2015. Chain Valley Colliery- Modification 2-SoEE
- EMM, 2019. Chain Valley Colliery- Modification 3 SoEE
- EMM, 2013. Chain Valley Colliery Mining Extension project 1- EIS
- Lake Coal, 2013. Chain Valley Colliery Extraction Plan MW7 to MW12
- NSW DMR, 2003. Guideline for Applications for Subsidence Management Approvals
- NSW DRE Mine Safety, 2017. Guideline Managing Risk of Subsidence
- PHMP 00021- Mannering and Chain Valley Collieries Principal Hazard Management Plans
- Subsidence PHMP Risk Assessment Dated 15/12/16
- Miniwall S1/N1 Extraction Plan and associated Risk Assessment

Definitions

Hazard

Means a situation or thing that has the potential to harm a person. Hazards at work may include: noisy machinery, a moving forklift, chemicals, electricity, working at heights, a repetitive job, bullying and violence at the workplace. (reference Code of Practice – How to Manage Work, Health and Safety Risks 2011)

Hazardous Manual Task

Defined in the WHS Regulations 2011, means a task that requires a person to lift, lower, push, pull, carry or otherwise move, hold or restrain any person, animal or thing involving one or more of the following:

- repetitive or sustained force
- high or sudden force
- repetitive movement

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- sustained or awkward posture
- exposure to vibration.

Musculoskeletal disorder

Defined in the WHS Regulations 2011, means an injury to, or a disease of, the musculoskeletal system, whether occurring suddenly or over time. It does not include an injury caused by crushing, entrapment (such as fractures and dislocations) or cutting resulting from the mechanical operation of plant.

Risk Assessment

Risk management process applied to a scope of work, overall activities, equipment and machinery to determine how often specified events may occur and the magnitude of their consequence. When applied to a specific and sequential set of job steps/activities this may be referred to as a Job Safety Analysis.

Risk

Is the possibility that harm (death, injury or illness) might occur when exposed to a hazard. (Reference Code of Practice –How to Manage Work, Health and Safety Risks 2011)

Risk control

Means taking action to eliminate health and safety risks so far as is reasonably practicable, and if that is not possible, minimising the risks so far as is reasonably practicable. Eliminating a hazard will also eliminate any risks associated with that hazard. (reference Code of Practice – How to Manage Work, Health and Safety Risks 2011)

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Subsidence

Movement of the ground surface as a result of readjustments of the overburden due to collapse or failure of underground mine workings and/or compression of remnant pillars

Subsidence Effects

The term used to define the subsidence and differential subsidence parameters (i.e. subsidence, tilt, strain and horizontal displacement) that may or may not have an impact on natural or man-made surface and sub-surface features above a mining area

Subsidence Impacts

The impact that a subsidence effect has on natural or man-made surface and sub-surface features above a mining area

Tilt

The rate of change of subsidence between two points (A and B), measured at set distances apart (usually 10 m).

Strain

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The change in horizontal distance between two points at the surface after mining, divided by the premining distance between the points, may be tensile, compressive or shear.

Rock Head

The geological boundary in the overburden between competent rock and unconsolidated sediments and weathered rock

Abbreviations

ALARP As low as reasonably practicable (ALARP) - determined from WHS Act 2011, Section 18.

CVC Chain Valley Colliery

DISRD Department of Industry, Skills and Regional Development

EMP Environmental Management Plan

FOS Factor of Safety

JSA Job Safety Analysis

LTA less than adequate

LAK Delta Coal

MC Mannering Colliery

MSD Musculoskeletal Disorder

MSMFI Multi-seam Mining Feasibility Investigation

PCP Principle Control Plans

PMHMP Principle Mining Hazard Management Plans

PPE Personal protective Equipment

STD Standard

STF Slip/Trips/Falls

SMP Safety Management Plan

SWP Standard Work Procedure

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CVC Chain Valley Colliery

DISRD Department of Industry, Skills and Regional Development

EMP Environmental Management Plan

JSA Job Safety Analysis

LTA less than adequate

LAK Delta Coal

MC Mannering Colliery

MSD Musculoskeletal Disorder

PCP Principle Control Plans

PMHMP Principle Mining Hazard Management Plans

PPE Personal protective Equipment

STD Standard

STF Slip/Trips/Falls

SMP Safety Management Plan

SWP Standard Work Procedure

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Risk Table

The hazards were analysed and risks derived. The existing control mechanisms were identified prior to establishment of risk. Proposed risk reductions were discussed and a greed and a residual risk determined based on implementation of existing and propose drisk reductions. Consequences assessed through this risk assessment were taken as the reasonable practicable level of risk considering Injury to Personnel as a primary consideration and Environmental Impact and Financial Loss as a secondary consideration as defined in the Risk Assessment Matrix.

No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
1.	Natural Features													
1.1a	Groundwater	Loss of groundwater from a quifers due to subsidence i nduced fracturing impacts users or dependant ecosystems	 Sub-critical Mine design (panel width, chain pillar width and extraction height to limit heigh of hydra ulic fracturing) Strata 2 Mine Design Report Existing extraction has already influenced groundwater levels (minimal further impact predicted) Avg dewatering volume is with predictions. Ground water assessment (SEE GWMP Operational water management TARP and underground water make monitoring. 	E n	D	3	17	Update the GWMP for S4 Extraction Plan application Implement recommendations				ALARP	E&C Coordinator	30/09/19
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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
1.1b		Abnormal groundwater loss due to extraction of miniwall panel	 Strata 2 Mine Design Report Documented experience indicates that dykes and normal faults with throws of up to 3m have no appreciable impact on subsidence development or overburden hydraulic conductivity Sub-critical Mine design (panel width, chain pillar width and extraction height to limit height of hydraulic fracturing) Existing extraction has already influenced groundwater levels (minimal further impact predicted) Avg dewatering volume is within predictions Subsidence and Water Management TARP Ground water assessment (SEE) GWMP 	Е	D	Э	17					ALARP		

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
1.1c		Impact on registered groundwater bores in proximity to extraction effects their ongoing use (GW24575)	•	Е	D	4	18	Monitor yields, saturated thickness and quality where access granted Check groundwater bores register Provide alternative water supply until impacted bore recovers where proven to be related to mining impact or as required by the secretary	D	5	22	ПОМ	E&C Coordinator	If triggered

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
1.2a		Increased lakebed cracking resulting in impacts outside predictions	 Sub-critical Mine design (panel width, chain pillar width and extraction height to limit height of hydra ulic fracturing) Geological mapping of known structures incorporated into the mine design and assessed. Detailed subsidence assessment by Strata 2. Predictions are significantly less than the EA approved limits. Thickening of Teralba Conglomerate reduces fracture heights Extensives ubsidence model including bathymetrics urvey Subsidence monitoring program No previous evidence of significant irregularities a round geological structures in previous MW areas 	Е	D	3	17					ALARP		

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
1.3a	Shoreline	Increased flooding risk due to subsidence	 HWMSB/Mine Design Report Subsidence assessment (<20mm predicted) Subsidence monitoring program Contingency Plan 	E	Е	2	16					ALARP		
1.3b		Foreshore ecology impacted by increased flooding or erosion	HWMSB/Seagrass Protection Barrier Mine Design	E	E	3	20	Undertake remediation of any mining affected sections of fores hore in consultation with relevant a uthorities/landowners.				ALARP	E&C Coordinator	If triggered
1.3c		Changes in lakebed depth and wave climate result in increased erosion	 HWMSB/Mine Design Low wave height environment (SEE) Subsidence assessment (<300mm vertical subsidence predicted) monitoring program 	E	E	4	23					ALARP		

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
	Ecosystems (Seagrass)	Increased depth from subsidence reduces presence/health of seagrass beds	 Sub-critical Mine design (panel width, chain pillar width and extraction height to limit height of hydra ulic fracturing) Seagrass mapping (no threatened species i dentified in extraction planarea) Seagrass Management Planand monitoring program SPB/Mine design report Subsidence assessment (<20mm predicted) Subsidence monitoring program 	Е	D	4	21					ALARP		
	Ecosystems (Benthic Communities)	s u b s i dence re duces	 Benthic surveys (6 monthly) Benthic Communities Management Plan Subsidence assessment (<300mm predicted) Subsidence monitoring program Predictive modelling and assessment 	E	D	4	21					ALARP		

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
	Threatened and Protected Species (Loggerhead and Green Turtles)	Increased depth from subsidence results in reduction in food source (seagrass)	 Annual Seagrass mapping SPB/Mine Design Report Subsidence Assessment (<20mm Predicted) Mobile and no impact predicted to food source 	E	E	5	25					ALARP		
	' '	Horizontal movements of cliff face results in rock failure	 Sub-critical Mine design (panel width, chain pillar width and extraction height to limit height of hydra ulic fracturing) Subsidence assessment (Strata2) Subsidence monitoring program HWMSB/Mine Design 	E	E	5	25					ALARP		

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
	Rock outcrops within lake (adjacent S2)	Change in depth results in public s a fety risk	 Subsidence assessment (<130mm predicted) No direct undermining of the outcrop or marker Subsidence monitoring program updated to include Pelican Rock Navigational Marker Built Features Management and RMS Consultation 	ı	Е	2	16					ALARP		
2.	Public Utilities				Į								,	
	Telecommunication line	Nil. Outside extraction area	•											
2.2	Services	Services not identified within impact a rea during original SEE impacted by subsidence	 Dial before you dig has confirmed no services located within subsidence affectation area (>20mm). All services located landward from high water mark. 	L	Е	3	20					ALARP		

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person Due Date
3. Publi	. Public Amenities												
	Nil		•										
4. Farm	Land and Facilities												
	Nil		•										
5. Indus	trial, Commercial and	Business Establishme	nts										
	Nil												

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
6. Areas	. Areas of Archaeological and/or Heritage Significance													
(a djacent extraction blanarea)	Arch sites near fores hore impacted by flooding or erosion increases due to subsidence	 Locations identified (approx.) via AHIMS register No sites located adjacent to mining footprint on AHIMS register Heritage Management Plan (EMP-D-16371) HWMSB (no impact predicted) Subsidence assessment (<20mm) Subsidence monitoring program 	E	Е	4	23	Review previous Archaeological surveys and requirement for further surveys for subsidence monitoring				ALARP	EC Coordinator	

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
& Darm	Nil	Marks												
8.1	State Survey Marks/Permanent Survey Marks	Survey marks near fores hore effected by horizontal/vertical move ment	 HWMSB/Mine Design Subsidence assessment Subsidence monitoring program Built Features Management Plan 	E	D	4	21	Reviews ubsidence monitoring program for horizontal and vertical monitoring of state survey marks.				ALARP		31/12/19

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
	Nil		•											

10.	Other	identified	items	requiring	particular	assessment	
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RISK ASSESSMENT

Miniwall S4 Extraction Plan Subsidence Management

No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
10.1a	Public Safety	Shallow water buoy (or other markers including sailing markers) within extraction plan a rea impacted due to subsidence resulting publics afety risk	 Strata 2 Mine Design Report. Marker Locations visually assessed and mapped and within seagrassarea 	-	D	3	17					ALARP		
10.1b		Jetties within extraction plan a rea impacted due to s ubsidence	 Subsidence assessment (<20mm predicted) due to mine design principles Consultation program / community notifications Visual assessment undertaken Subsidence monitoring program 	E	D	4	21	Consultation with a ffected landholders - send out notification letters Keep CCC informed of actions taken and progress.				ALARP	·	31/12/19 Quarterly

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
		Moorings within extraction plan a rea impacted due to subsidence	 Limited moorings adjacent the EP area Strata 2 S4 Subsidence as sessment Majority of moorings within seagrass boundary (<20mm subsidence). Negligible change Subsidence monitoring program 	E	D	4	21					ALARP		
10.2		LTA community, stakeholder or agency consultation results in concerns over impact	 CCC Website Newsletter Regular meetings with relevant authorities Extraction Plan Guidelines Landowner notifications to be sent out. 	Е	С	4	18	Review notification requirements for secondary extraction for a ffected stakeholders					Mine Surveyor/EC Coordinator	31/12/19

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
	(general)	Subsidence predictions exceeded results in increased impact/community concern/ breach of conditions	 Sub-critical Mine design (panel width, chain pillar width and extraction height to limit height of hydra ulic fracturing) Strata 2 Subsidence Assessment Extensive subsidence model including bathymetric survey Subsidence monitoring program 	E	D	3	17	Extend foreshore monitoring where access is granted Organise appropriate land access to conduct monitoring Investigate potential for additional floor and roof cores to be undertaken in the NMD to improve understanding of geological conditions Review mine design and contingency plans/adaptive management measures in each management plan/TARP are adequate	E	3	20	Low	Mine Surveyor Technical Services Manager Technical Services	31/03/20 31/12/19 31/3/20

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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
10.3b	(general)	Known or unknown geological structures in the workings increases subsidence impact	6 2.4. 5 . 5		D	3	17					ALARP		

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10.3c	(Height of Fracturing)	leading to impacts on groundwater/ingress into mine workings	width, chain pillar width and extraction height to limit height of hydraulic fracturing) Lake Bed rock head survey undertaken and used to inform	E	D	3	17	Bathymetric survey to be undertaken at the end of S2 and end of S3 panel.		Alarp Alarb	28/02/20
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No	Activity	Potential Hazard	Existing Controls	Cons I,E,L	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Proposed Controls	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rank	Risk Level	Responsible Person	Due Date
			 GWMP Operational water management TARP 											
	Subsidence Risk (consideration of all risks and required controls)	Irregular subsidence due to Failure/yield of pillars or floor resulting in subsidence exceedance/impacts	pillar width and extraction height results in limited subsidence of <300mm)	E L	D D	3 3 3	17 17 17	Consider taking floor cores along the north mains to determine claystone thickness/properties to confirm consistency with design assumptions. Review Subsidence Management TARP after S2 panel, if greater than normal triggered. Revise predictions and management strategies as required Bathymetric survey to be undertaken at the end of S2 and end of S3 panel.				ALARP	Technical Services Manager Technical Services Manager Mine Surveyor	28/02/20 Post S2 (indicative 28/2/20) 28/02/20

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Actions

No	Clause(s) No from RA Tables	Action	Person responsible for Action	Action timeframe	Comments	Database Action No	Responsible Person signature
1.	1.1.a	Update the GWMP for S4 Extraction Plan application	C Armit	30.09.2019	Has been completed.		Chilat
2		Monitor yields, saturated thickness and quality where access granted Check groundwater bores register Provide alternative water supply until impacted bore recovers where proven to be related to mining impact or as required by the secretary	C Armit	31.03.2020			Chilat
3		Undertake remediation of any mining affected sections of foreshore in consultation with relevant a uthorities/landowners.	C Armit	Iftriggered			Chilit
4		Review previous Archaeological surveys and requirement for further surveys for subsidence monitoring	C Armit	30.09.2019	Has been completed. CRA approved by NPWS for MWS4 subsidence line.		Chilat
5		Reviews ubsidence monitoring program for horizontal and vertical monitoring of state survey marks.	T Chisholm	31.03.2020			
6	10.1.b	Consultation with a ffected landholders - send out notification letters	T Chisholm	31.03.2020			
7	10.1.b	Keep CCC informed of actions taken and progress.	C Armit	31.12.2019	Has been completed. CCC was notified in Nov 2019.		Chilat

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8	10.2	Review notification requirements for secondary extraction for affected stakeholders	C Armit	31.03.2020	Chilat
9	10.3.a	Extend foreshore monitoring where access is granted Organise a ppropriate land access to conduct monitoring	T Chisholm	30.04.2020	
10	10.3.a 10.3.d	Investigate potential for a dditional floor and roof cores to be undertaken in the NMD to improve understanding of geological conditions Consider taking floor cores along the north mains to determine claystone thickness/properties to confirm consistency with design assumptions.	C Nicholas	31.03.2020	
11	10.3.a	Review mine design and contingency plans/adaptive management measures in each management plan/TARP are adequate	C Nicholas	31.03.2020	
12	10.3.c and 10.3d	Bathymetric survey to be undertaken at the end of S2 and end of S3 panel.	T Chisholm	28.02.2020	
13	10.3.d	Review Subsidence Management TARP after S2 panel, if greater than normal triggered. Revise predictions and management strategies as required	C Nicholas	31.03.2020	

[Chris Armit] [Signature]

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MDG 1014 Review Checklist

RISK ASSESSMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

Risk Assessment Title: MINIWALL S4 EXTRACTION PLAN SUBSIDENCE MGMT Date: 17/7/19

Site: CHAIN VALLEY COLLIERY

1. Report

[Circle or Highlight Yes or No for the following]

•	0.0	
1.1	Is there a description of the operation or equipment being assessed?	Yes / No
1.2	Is there a summary of the strategic, corporate and risk management context?	Yes / No
1.3	Is there a list of the people involved in the risk identification step, together with their organizational roles and experience relevant to the risk assessment topic?	Yes / No
1.4	Is there an adequately detailed outline of the approach used to identify the risks?	Yes / No
1.5	Is there an outline of the method used for assessing the likelihood and consequences of the risks?	Yes / No
1.6	Is there, discussion of the basis for defining either the safety standard to be achieved, or the level of risk management expenditure?	Yes / No
1.7	Is there a list of the main actions to be taken to reduce risks and to manage risks?	Yes / No
1.8	Is there a timetable for implementing the main actions?	Yes / No
1.9	Does the report specify a requirement for a working audit requirement after completion of all stages?	Yes / No

2. Process

How	Poor/Very Good	
2.1	The range of expertise of team which did the study.	1 2 3 4 5
2.2	The appropriateness of the degree of detail of the study.	1 2 3 4 5
2.3	The comprehensiveness of the systematic approach.	1 2 3 4 5
2.4	The identification of the key risk scenarios to be addressed.	1 2 3 4 5
2.5	The basis for deciding the required safety level or effort.	1 2 3 4 5
2.6	The method for assessing likelihood and consequences.	1 2 3 4 5
2.7	The thoroughness of consideration of planned risk reduction actions.	1 2 3 4 5
2.8	The thoroughness of consideration of existing or planned risk controls.	1 2 3 4 5
2.9	The objectivity and balance of the study (ie not unduly optimistic or pessimistic)	1 2 3 4 5

Signed:

Position: Environment and Community Coordinator Date: 17/07/19

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