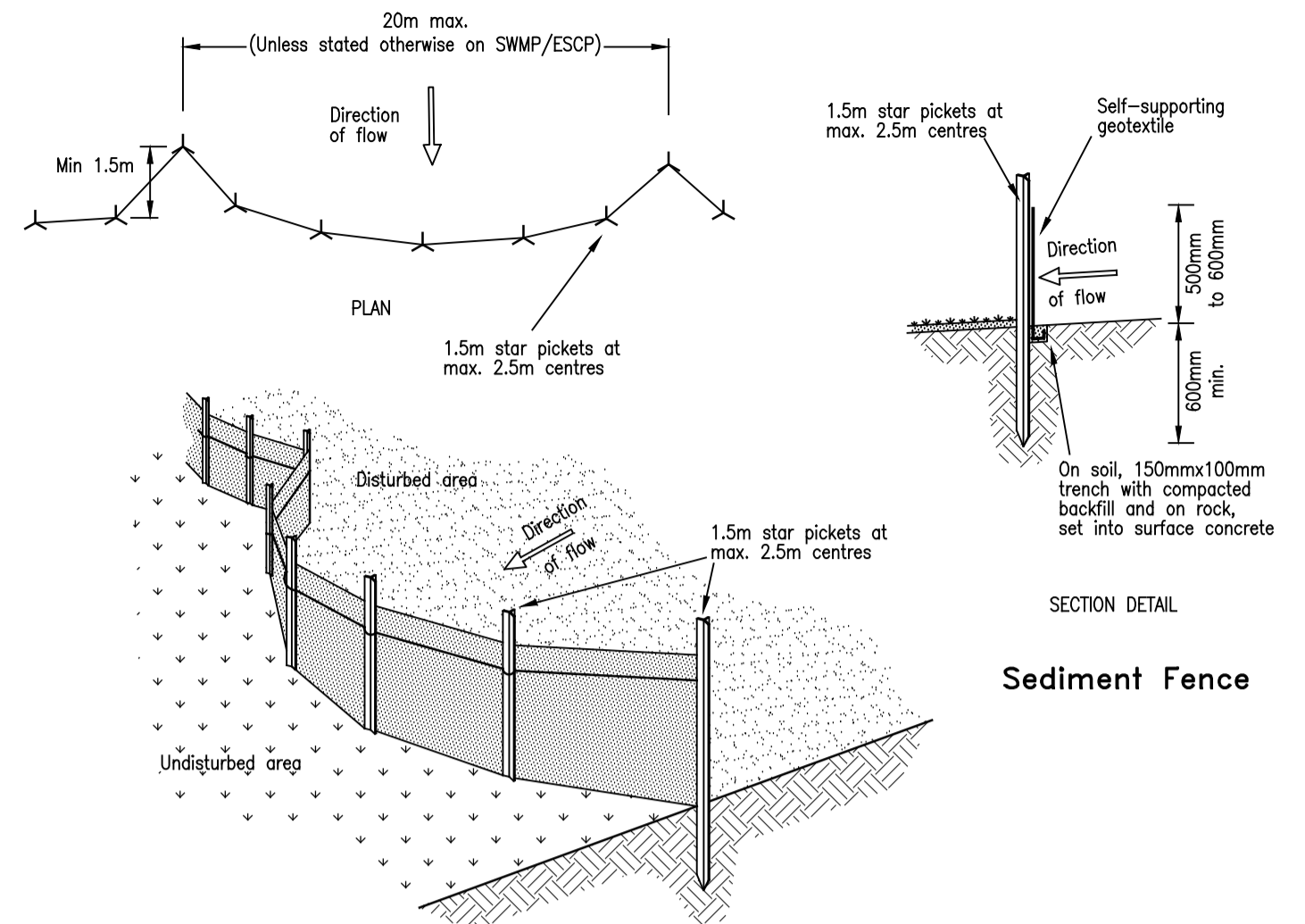


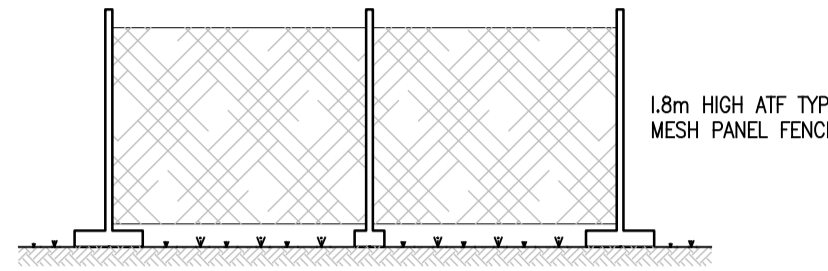
CONSTRUCTION NOTES
DROP INLET FILTERS
 1. FABRICATE A SEDIMENT BARRIER MADE FROM GEOTEXTILE OF STRAW BALES.
 2. FOLLOW STANDARD DRAWINGS OF STRAW BALE FILTERS AND SEDIMENT FENCES FOR INSTALLATION PROCEDURES FOR THE STRAW BALES OR GEOTEXTILE. REDUCE THE PICKET SPACING TO 1m CENTRES.
 3. IN WATERWAYS, ARTIFICIAL SAG POINTS CAN BE CREATED WITH SANDBAGS OR EARTH BANKS AS SHOWN IN THE DRAWING.
 4. DO NOT COVER THE INLET WITH GEOTEXTILE UNLESS THE DESIGN IS ADEQUATE TO ALLOW FOR ALL WATERS TO BYPASS IT.

Geotextile Inlet Filter



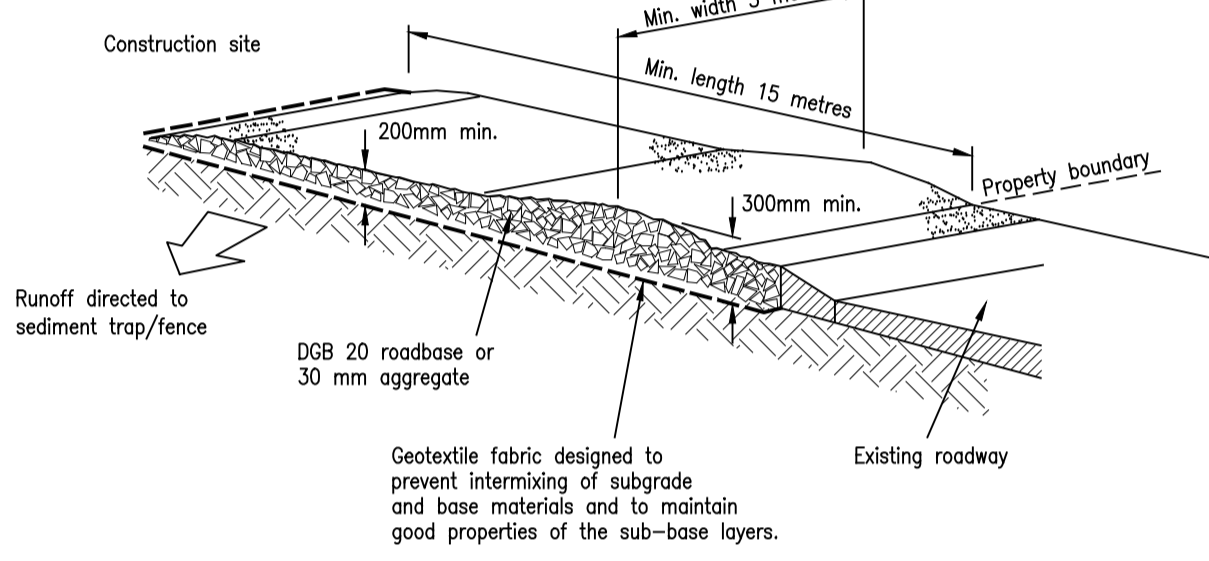
CONSTRUCTION NOTES
SEDIMENT FENCE
 1. CONSTRUCT SEDIMENT FENCES AS CLOSE AS POSSIBLE TO BE PARALLEL TO THE CONTOURS OF THE SITE, BUT WITH SMALL RETURNS AS SHOWN IN THE DRAWING, TO LIMIT THE CATCHMENT AREA OF ANY ONE SECTION. THE CATCHMENT AREA SHOULD BE SMALL ENOUGH TO LIMIT WATER FLOW IF CONCENTRATED AT ONE POINT TO 50 litres/sec IN THE DESIGN STORM EVENT, USUALLY THE 10 YEAR EVENT.
 2. CUT A 150mm DEEP TRENCH ALONG THE UPSLOPE LINE OF THE FENCE FOR THE BOTTOM OF THE FABRIC TO BE ENTRENCHED.
 3. DRIVE 1.5 METRE LONG STAR PICKETS INTO GROUND AT 2.5 METRE INTERVALS (MAX.) AT THE DOWNSLOPE EDGE OF THE TRENCH. ENSURE ANY STAR PICKETS ARE FITTED WITH SAFETY CAPS.
 4. FIX SELF-SUPPORTING GEOTEXTILE TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF THE POSTS, ENSURING IT GOES TO THE BASE OF THE TRENCH. FIX THE GEOTEXTILE WITH WIRE TIES, OR AS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. ONLY USE GEOTEXTILE SPECIFICALLY PRODUCED FOR SEDIMENT FENCING. THE USE OF SHADE CLOTH FOR THIS PURPOSE IS NOT SATISFACTORY.
 5. JOIN SECTIONS OF FABRIC AT A SUPPORT POST WITH A 150mm OVERLAP.
 6. BACKFILL THE TRENCH OVER THE BASE OF THE FABRIC AND COMPACT IT THOROUGHLY OVER THE GEOTEXTILE.

Sediment Fence



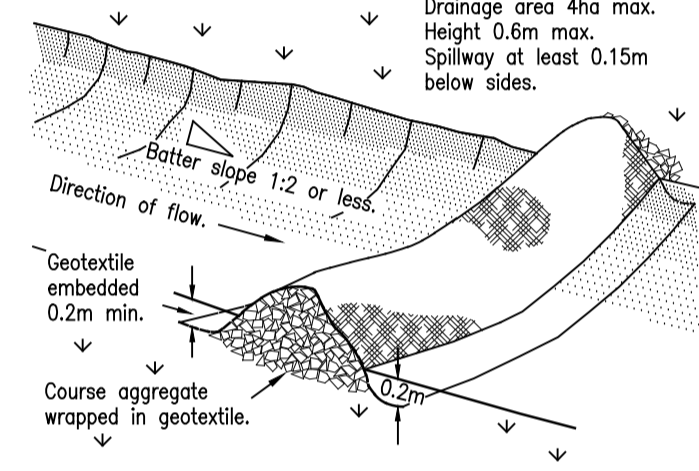
Temporary Construction / Barrier Fence
 NOT TO SCALE

Stabilised Site Access

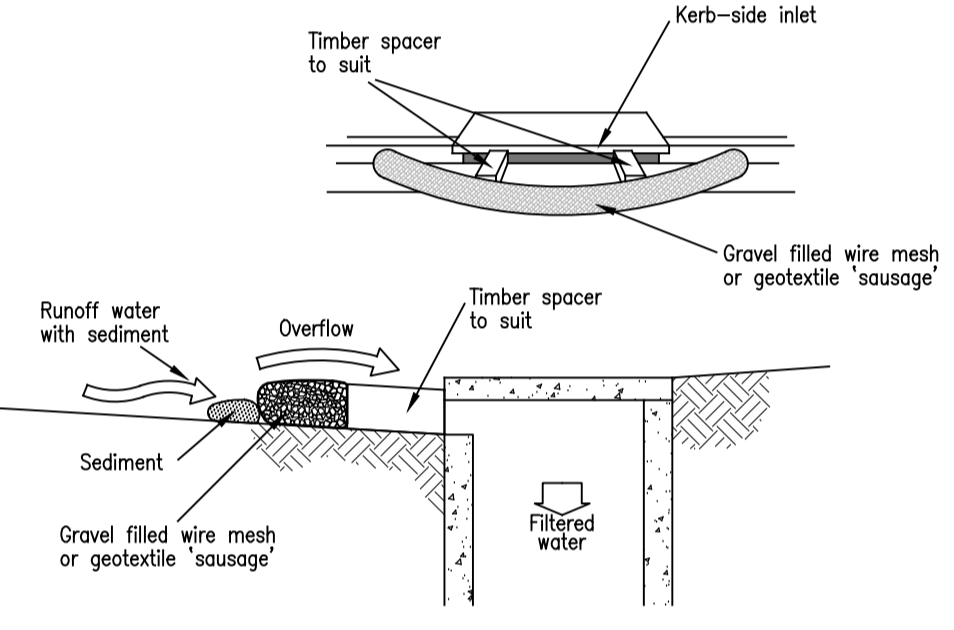


CONSTRUCTION NOTES
STABILISED SITE ACCESS
 1. STRIP THE TOPSOIL, LEVEL THE SITE & COMPACT THE SUBGRADE.
 2. COVER THE AREA WITH NEEDLE-PUNCHED GEOTEXTILE.
 3. CONSTRUCT A 200mm THICK PAD OVER THE GEOTEXTILE USING ROAD BASE OR 30mm AGGREGATE.
 4. ENSURE THE STRUCTURE IS AT LEAST 15 METRES LONG OR TO BUILDING ALIGNMENT AND AT LEAST 3 METRES WIDE.
 5. WHERE A SEDIMENT FENCE JOINS ONTO THE STABILISED ACCESS, CONSTRUCT A HUMP IN THE STABILISED ACCESS TO DIVERT WATER TO THE SEDIMENT FENCE.

Rock Check Dam



CONSTRUCTION NOTES
CHECK DAMS
 1. CHECK DAMS CAN BE BUILT WITH VARIOUS MATERIALS, INCLUDING ROCKS, LOGS, SANDBAGS AND STRAW BALES. THE MAINTENANCE PROGRAM SHOULD ENSURE THEIR INTEGRITY IS RETAINED, ESPECIALLY WHERE CONSTRUCTED WITH STRAW BALES. IN THE CASE OF BALES, THIS MIGHT REQUIRE THEIR REPLACEMENT EACH TWO TO FOUR MONTHS.
 2. TRENCH THE CHECK DAM 200mm INTO THE GROUND ACROSS ITS WHOLE WIDTH. WHERE ROCK IS USED, FILL THE TRENCHES TO AT LEAST 100mm ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE TO REDUCE THE RISK OF UNDERCUTTING.
 3. NORMALLY, THEIR MAXIMUM HEIGHT SHOULD NOT EXCEED 600mm ABOVE THE GULLY FLOOR. THE CENTRE SHOULD ACT AS A SPILLWAY, BEING AT LEAST 150mm LOWER THAN THE OUTER EDGES.
 4. SPACE THE DAMS SO THE TOE OF THE UPSTREAM DAM IS LEVEL WITH THE SPILLWAY OF THE NEXT DOWNSTREAM DAM.

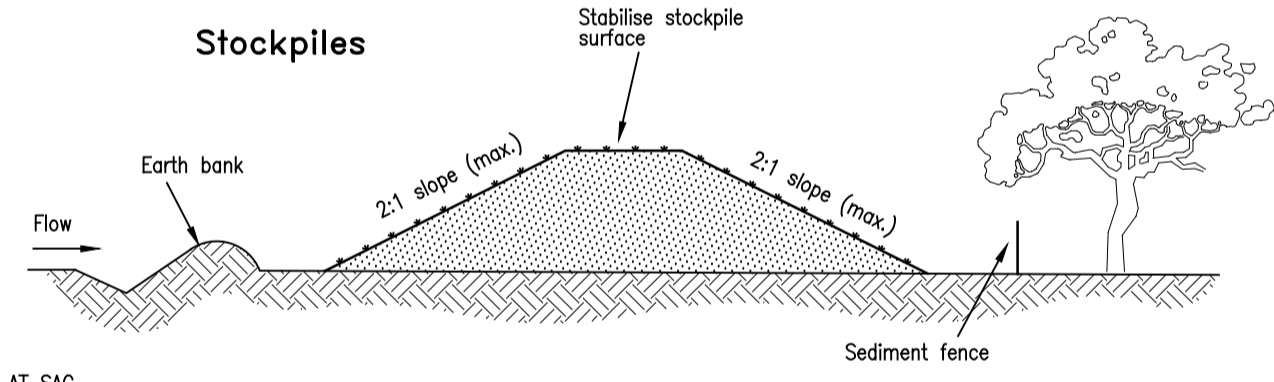


CONSTRUCTION NOTES
KERB INLET FILTERS
 1. INSTALL FILTERS TO ALL KERB INLETS.
 2. FABRICATE A SLEEVE MADE FROM GEOTEXTILE OR WIRE MESH LONGER THAN THE LENGTH OF THE INLET PIT AND FILL IT WITH 25mm TO 50mm GRAVEL.
 3. FORM AN ELLIPTICAL CROSS-SECTION ABOUT 150mm HIGH BY 400mm WIDE.
 4. PLACE THE FILTER AT THE OPENING LEAVING AT LEAST A 100mm SPACE BETWEEN IT AND THE KERB INLET. MAINTAIN THE OPENING WITH SPACER BLOCKS.
 5. FORM A SEAL WITH THE KERB TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BYPASSING THE FILTER.
 6. SANDBAGS FILLED WITH GRAVEL CAN SUBSTITUTE FOR THE MESH OF GEOTEXTILE PROVIDING THEY ARE PLACED SO THAT THEY FIRMLY ABUT EACH OTHER AND SEDIMENT-LADEN WATERS CANNOT PASS BETWEEN THEM.

Mesh and Gravel Inlet Filter

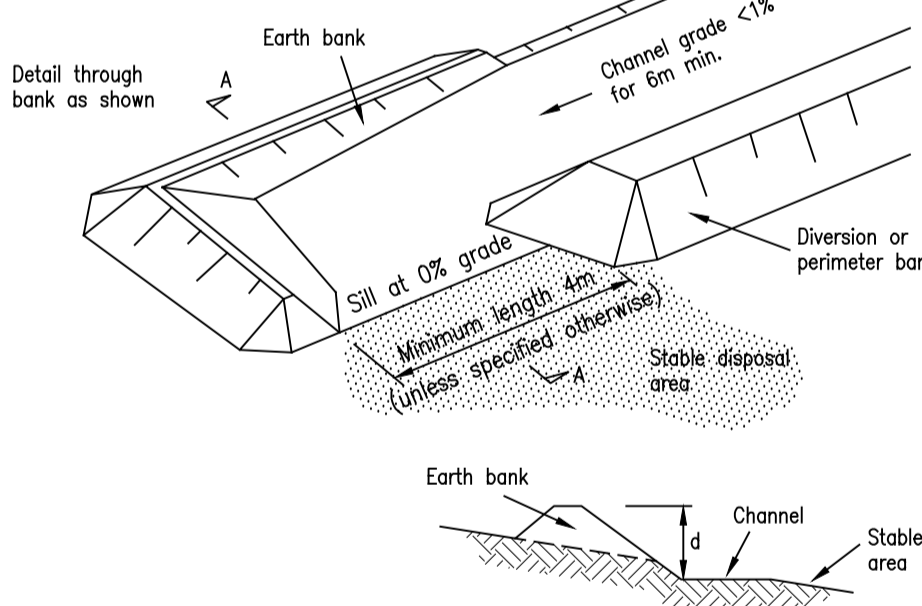
Note: This practice only to be used where specified in an approved SWMP/ESCP

Stockpiles

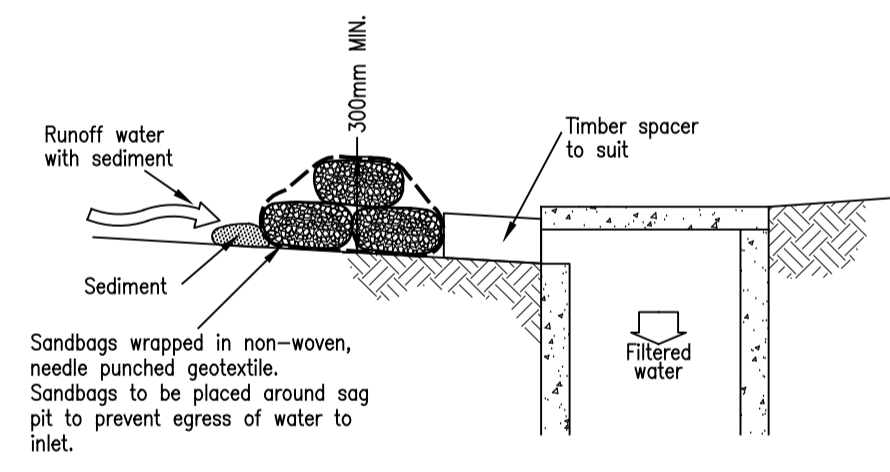


CONSTRUCTION NOTES
STOCKPILES
 1. PLACE STOCKPILES MORE THAN 2 (PREFERABLY 5) METRES FROM EXISTING VEGETATION, CONCENTRATED WATER FLOW, ROADS AND HAZARD AREAS.
 2. CONSTRUCT THE CONTOUR AS LOW, FLAT, ELONGATED MOUNDS.
 3. WHERE THERE IS SUFFICIENT AREA, TOPSOIL STOCKPILES SHALL BE LESS THAN 2 METRES IN HEIGHT.
 4. WHERE THEY ARE TO BE IN PLACE FOR MORE THAN 10 DAYS, STABILISE FOLLOWING THE APPROVED ESCP OR SWMP TO REDUCE THE C-FACTOR TO LESS THAN 0.10.
 5. CONSTRUCT EARTH BANKS ON THE UPSLOPE SIDE TO DIVERT WATER AROUND STOCKPILES AND SEDIMENT FENCES 1 TO 2 METRES DOWNSLOPE.

Level Spreaders

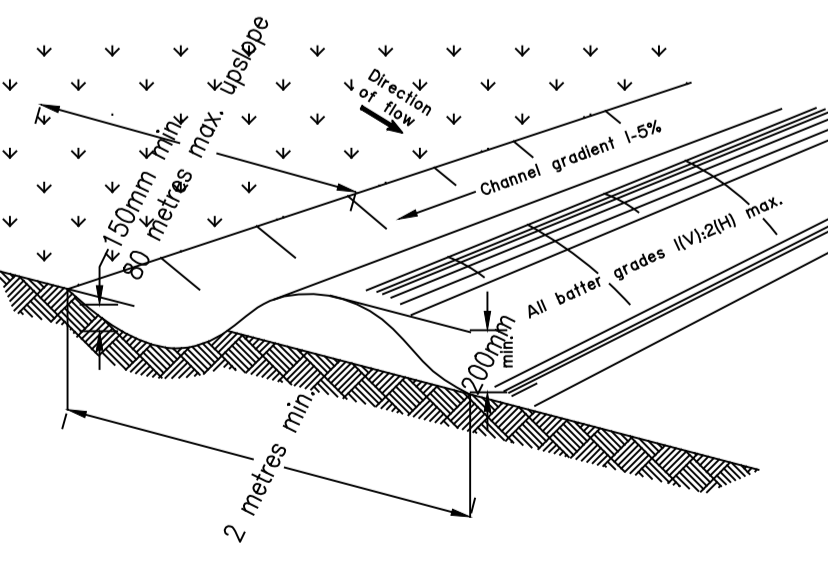


CONSTRUCTION NOTES
LEVEL SPREADERS
 1. CONSTRUCT AT THE GRADIENT SPECIFIED ON THE ESCP OR SWMP, NORMALLY LESS THAN 1% OR LEVEL.
 2. AVOID REMOVING TREES AND SHRUBS IF POSSIBLE - WORK AROUND THEM.
 3. ENSURE THE STRUCTURES ARE FREE OF PROJECTIONS OR OTHER IRREGULARITIES THAT COULD IMPEDE WATER FLOW.
 4. ENSURE THE STRUCTURES ARE PROPERLY COMPACTED TO PREVENT FAILURE.
 5. COMPLETE PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILISATION WITHIN 10 DAYS OF CONSTRUCTION.
 6. WHERE POSSIBLE, ENSURE THEY DISCHARGE WATERS ONTO EITHER STABILISED OR UNDISTURBED DISPOSAL SITES WITHIN THE SAME SUBCATCHMENT AREA FROM WHICH THE WATER ORIGINATED. APPROVAL MIGHT BE REQUIRED TO DISCHARGE INTO OTHER SUBCATCHMENTS.



Sandbag Protection to Inlet Pits at Sag points

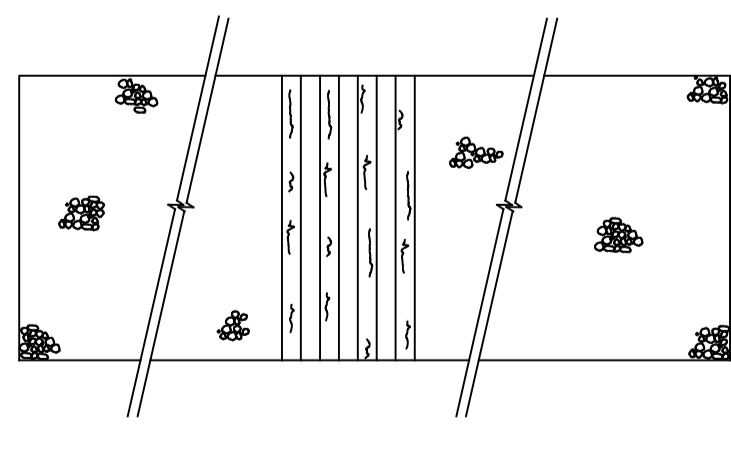
CONSTRUCTION NOTES
KERB INLET FILTERS
 1. INSTALL FILTERS TO KERB INLETS ONLY AT SAG POINTS.
 2. FORM AN ELLIPTICAL CROSS-SECTION WITH A MINIMUM HEIGHT OF 300mm.
 3. PLACE THE FILTER AT THE OPENING LEAVING AT LEAST A 100mm SPACE BETWEEN IT AND THE KERB INLET. MAINTAIN THE OPENING WITH SPACER BLOCKS.
 4. FORM A SEAL WITH THE KERB TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BYPASSING THE FILTER.
 5. ENSURE SANDBAGS WITHIN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC ARE PLACED SO THAT THEY FIRMLY ABUT EACH OTHER AND SEDIMENT-LADEN WATERS CANNOT PASS BETWEEN THEM.



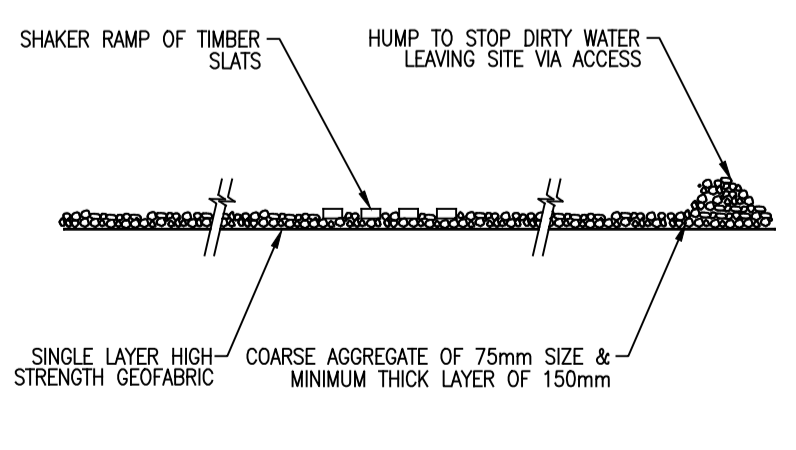
NOTE: Only to be used as temporary bank where max. upslope length is 80 metres.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES
CATCH DRAINS
 1. CONSTRUCT ALONG GRADIENT AS SPECIFIED.
 2. MAXIMUM SPACING BETWEEN BANKS SHALL BE 80 METRES.
 3. DRAINS TO BE OF PARABOLIC OR TRAPEZOIDAL CROSS SECTION NOT V-SHAPED.
 4. EARTH BANKS TO BE ADEQUATELY COMPACTED IN ORDER TO PREVENT FAILURE.
 5. CONSTRUCTION IS OF A TEMPORARY NATURE AND SHALL BE COMPLETED AT THE END OF
 6. ALL OUTLETS FROM DISTURBED AREAS ARE TO FEED INTO A SEDIMENT BASIN OR SIMILAR. A DAYS WORK OR IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO RAIN.
 7. DISCHARGE RUNOFF COLLECTED FROM UNDISTURBED LANDS ONTO EITHER A STABILISED OR
 8. COMPACT BANK WITH A SUITABLE IMPLEMENT IN SITUATIONS WHERE THEY ARE REQUIRED AN UNDISTURBED DISPOSAL SIGHT WITHIN THE SAME SUBCATCHMENT AREA FROM WHICH THE WATER ORIGINATED.
 9. EARTH BANKS TO BE FREE OF PROJECTIONS OR OTHER IRREGULARITIES THAT WILL IMPEDE TO FUNCTION FOR MORE THAN 5 DAYS, NORMAL FLOW.

Catch Drains



PLAN
Traffic Cleaning Facility



SECTION