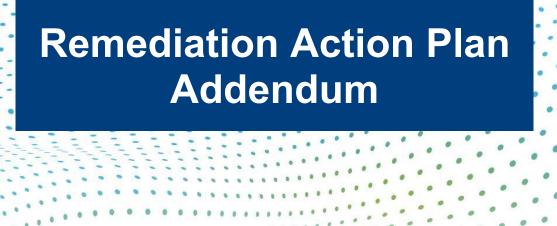


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7-9 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point, NSW 2127

RobertsCo 1 March 2022 21067 RAP Addendum



Quality Management

Document Distribution

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This report was prepared in accordance with the scope of services set out in the contract between Geosyntec Consultants Pty Ltd (ABN 23 154 745 525) and the client.

Geosyntec Consultants Pty Ltd ABN 23 154 745 525 www.geosyntec.com.au

Executive Summary

Geosyntec Consultants Pty Ltd (Geosyntec) was engaged by RobertsCo Pty Ltd (the Client), as the Environmental Consultant for the Sydney Olympic Park High School (SOPHS) redevelopment project, located on 7-9 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point, NSW (the project site). The main role of the Environmental Consultant is to facilitate the delivery of investigation, remediation and validation activities to render the site suitable for the proposed end use. A Remediation Action Plan (RAP) Addendum is required to document recent Data Gap Investigation (DGI) works and present any required amendments to the existing Parsons Brinckerhoff (PB) 2015 RAP based on the findings of the DGI, prior to commencement of the main remediation and development works. The site location is presented in Figure 1 and the site layout is presented in Figure 2, Appendix A.

The site is legally identified as part of Lots 202, 203 and 204, DP 1216628, and occupies an area of approximately 0.95 ha. The proposed redevelopment is understood to include school buildings and open space areas within the development footprint, and is consistent with the definition of 'HIL C' as presented in Schedule B1 of National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure (1999) as amended in 2013 (NEPM 2013), which includes public open space land use and secondary schools.

Mr Andrew Lau from JBS&G, an NSW EPA accredited Contaminated Land Auditor (the Auditor), has been appointed by Schools Infrastructure NSW to conduct an audit of the proposed school development with respect to land contamination. This is to ensure that the investigations and any remedial works are undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the NSW Contaminated Land Management Act (1997) so that the land is fit for purpose.

The site is impacted with contaminants associated with previous light industrial land use, filling, hazardous building materials, and suspected petroleum storage and infrastructure.

A Remediation Action Plan (RAP) was prepared by Parsons Brinckerhoff (PB) in 2015 for a portion of land identified as Area 1 (part of a wider area known as Stage 1), which included the site:

 Parsons Brinckerhoff (January 2015) Detailed Remediation Action Plan – Infrastructure Delivery Wentworth Point Development (Ref: 2207004B-RES-REP-001 RevC), referred to herein as the PB (2015) RAP.

The PB (2015) RAP specifically related to infrastructure delivery, including the construction of Ridge Road, which is located in the western portion of the site. The Auditor previously endorsed the PB (2015) RAP, with the endorsement relating to the intent of the RAP at that time i.e., Infrastructure Delivery, as the high school land use had not been determined at that time.

In 2019, Stage 1 remediation works were undertaken on the wider peninsula site which involved the placement of a cap on part of the area occupied by the proposed school site. The capping works were undertaken by Landcom with Zoic Environmental being the environmental consultant and Mr Andrew Lau appointed as the NSW EPA accredited Site Auditor for these works. Details of the capping works were presented in the following document:

• Zoic Environmental (March 2020) Interim Validation Report Early Works Package Headland Park Wentworth Point Development, 7, 9 and 11 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point, NSW 2127 (Ref: 18170 EW VAL).

The report confirms the placement of capping material in the same configuration that is presently located in this area with the completed works being endorsed by the Site Auditor pertaining to infrastructure delivery (Ridge Road), in accordance with the PB (2015) RAP. These works are referred to as the 'Zoic 2019-2020' remediation works'.

When the high school development was confirmed for the site, Geosyntec recommended that the PB (2015) RAP be used as the basis for any remediation works that are proposed to be undertaken



on the site in the future, given that the risk overall profile for the area had not changed and that under NEPM 2013 the site still falls into same land use category (HIL C as presented in Schedule B1). It is understood that rather than preparing an entirely new RAP for remediation of the site, it was requested that a RAP Addendum be prepared to document the site-specific remediation and validation requirements to be followed in conjunction with the PB (2015) RAP capping strategy during the main remediation works, to make the site suitable for the proposed High School use. It is understood that this approach has been endorsed by the Auditor.

Prior to the commencement of the early works, Geosyntec prepared a Sampling Analysis and Quality Plan (SAQP) (Geosyntec (19 November 2021) Sampling Analysis and Quality Plan – Sydney Olympic Park High School). The SAQP details the DGI works and validation works required to be undertaken in accordance with the Auditor endorsed RAP to ensure that the site is suitable to the proposed land use. The Geosyntec (2021) SAQP was endorsed by the Auditor.

This RAP Addendum Report documents the DGI works completed alongside the early works component of the proposed development, in accordance with the Auditor endorsed Geosyntec (2021) SAQP, and presents required amendments / additions to the PB (2015) RAP based on the DGI findings. The DGI included the following scope of work:

- Excavation of test pits in locations of former underground storage tanks (USTs) and other infrastructure, including two UST locations, former Mechanics Pit which was uncovered during excavation works and a former Wash Bay.
- Confirmation of groundwater conditions with sampling from existing wells at the site.
- Confirmation of landfill gas conditions with monitoring from existing wells at the site.
- Assessment of tidal influences on ground gas at the site through collection of continuous water level and ground gas data.

Key findings of the DGI are presented below:

- UST Location 1, UST Location 2 and the Former Mechanic Pit Location have been identified as areas requiring remediation due to the presence of remnant infrastructure, observations of hydrocarbon odour and sheen during test pitting, and several exceedances of adopted site suitability criteria for total recoverable hydrocarbons. Remediation requirements are outlined in Section 11.
- The Former Wash Bay Location was not identified as an area requiring remediation, with no
 observations of contamination made during investigation activities, and no exceedances of
 adopted HSL C criteria for secondary school grounds.
- Groundwater at the site does not require remediation, with chemical results considered to be representative of regional conditions given that much of the wider peninsula comprises former landfilled areas.
- The gas screening value (GSV) using data from the DGI was calculated to be 1.34 L/hr (Max. Methane (15.1%v/v) x Max. BH Flow (8.9 L/hr), which gives a characteristic situation (CS) of CS3 (moderate risk). This is within the historical range for the site (CS2 to CS4) and therefore the current design assumptions for the gas mitigation system detailed in the Draft Design and Verification Plan (DVP) for CS4 can be retained.
- Ground gas concentrations appeared to be primarily affected by diurnal effects, with no clear correlation between tidal cycles and standing water level or landfill gas. It is therefore concluded that tidal activity does not affect ground gas behaviour at the site.

Amendments / Additions to the PB (2015) RAP

Based on the findings of the DGI and the layout of the proposed development, Geosyntec presented RAP Amendments in Section 11 of this report, including the following:



- Validation Criteria Updates;
- Remediation Requirements of USTs and Other Infrastructure;
- A Validation Works Sampling and Analysis Plan;
- Requirements for the Reinstatement of Marker and Capping Layer Following Excavations;
- Management Measures for the Previously Placed Cap in the Western Portion of the Site; and
- Discussion of Ground Gas Protection System (GGPS)

Following remediation and validation activities, a long term environmental management plan (EMP) will be prepared for the site which will document ongoing management requirements for the entire site including the GGPS.

On the basis of the DGI results, the site can be made suitable for the proposed high school development, providing that the requirements of the 2015 PB (2015) RAP and this RAP Addendum are implemented.



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1 Introduction

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The site is legally identified as part of Lots 202, 203 and 204, DP 1216628, and occupies an area of approximately 0.95 ha. The proposed redevelopment is understood to include school buildings and open space areas within the development footprint, and is consistent with the definition of 'HIL C' as presented in Schedule B1 of National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure (1999) as amended in 2013 (NEPM 2013), which includes public open space land use and secondary schools.

Mr Andrew Lau from JBS&G, an NSW EPA accredited Contaminated Land Auditor (the Auditor), has been appointed by Schools Infrastructure NSW to conduct an audit of the proposed school development with respect to land contamination. This is to ensure that the investigations and any remedial works are undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the NSW Contaminated Land Management Act (1997) so that the land is fit for purpose.

1.1 Background

The site is impacted with contaminants associated with previous light industrial land use, filling, hazardous building materials, and petroleum storage and infrastructure.

A Remediation Action Plan (RAP) was prepared by Parsons Brinckerhoff (PB) in 2015 for a portion of land identified as Area 1 (part of a wider area known as Stage 1), which included the site:

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The PB (2015) RAP specifically related to infrastructure delivery, including the construction of Ridge Road, which is located in the western portion of the site. The Auditor previously endorsed the PB (2015) RAP, with the endorsement relating to the intent of the RAP at that time i.e., Infrastructure Delivery, as the high school land use had not been determined at that time.

In 2019, Stage 1 remediation works were undertaken on the wider peninsula site which involved the placement of a cap on part of the area occupied by the proposed school site. The capping works were undertaken by Landcom with Zoic Environmental being the environmental consultant and Mr Andrew Lau appointed as the NSW EPA accredited Site Auditor for these works. Details of the capping works were presented in the following document:

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infrastructure delivery (Ridge Road), in accordance with the PB (2015) RAP. These works are referred to as the 'Zoic 2019-2020' remediation works'.

When the high school development was confirmed for the site, Geosyntec recommended that the PB (2015) RAP be used as the basis for any remediation works that are proposed to be undertaken on the site in the future, given that the risk overall profile for the area had not changed and that under NEPM 2013 the site still falls into same land use category (HIL C as presented in Schedule B1). It is understood that rather than preparing an entirely new RAP for remediation of the site, it was requested that a RAP Addendum be prepared to document the site-specific remediation and validation requirements to be followed in conjunction with the PB (2015) RAP capping strategy during the main remediation works, to make the site suitable for the proposed High School use. It is understood that this approach has been endorsed by the Auditor.

Prior to the commencement of the early works, Geosyntec prepared a Sampling Analysis and Quality Plan (SAQP) (Geosyntec (19 November 2021) Sampling Analysis and Quality Plan – Sydney Olympic Park High School). The SAQP details the DGI works and validation works required to be undertaken in accordance with the Auditor endorsed RAP to ensure that the site is suitable to the proposed land use. The Geosyntec (2021) SAQP was endorsed by the Auditor.

This RAP Addendum Report documents the DGI works completed alongside the early works component of the proposed development, in accordance with the Auditor endorsed Geosyntec (2021) SAQP, and presents required amendments / additions to the PB (2015) RAP based on the DGI findings.

1.2 Proposed Development

The proposed redevelopment is understood to include school buildings and open space areas within the development footprint. The proposed building layout is presented in Figure 3, Appendix A.

The early works component of the proposed development, completed during November and December 2021, involved removal of the previous concrete slab to facilitate the DGI works and undertaking the investigative works, followed by placement of a high visibility marker layer and capping layer consisting of material previously placed on the west of the site (known as Ridge Road) as part of the Zoic 2019-2020 remediation works.

1.3 Objective

The objective of the DGI works were to close out previously identified data gaps relating to the contamination status of the site and inform any amendments to the PB (2015) RAP, to allow the site to be remediated and made suitable for the proposed intended use as a high school.

1.4 Scope of Work

To achieve the objective, the following has been completed in accordance with the (2021) SAQP:

- Excavation of test pits in locations of former underground storage tanks (USTs) and other infrastructure, including two UST locations and former Wash Bay. During these excavations, an unidentified Mechanics Pit was uncovered which was then also included in the DGI.
- An assessment of the presence of Asbestos Containing Material across the project site.
- Confirmation of groundwater conditions with sampling from existing wells at the site.
- Confirmation of landfill gas conditions with monitoring from existing wells at the site.



• Assessment of tidal influences on ground gas at the site through collection of continuous water level and ground gas data.

1.5 Regulatory Framework

Field activities and reporting were carried out in general accordance with the following guidelines and regulations:

- NEPC (1999) National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, Schedule A and Schedules B(1)-B(9). National Environment Protection Council, Adelaide, as amended in April 2013 [referred to herein as NEPM (2013)].
- NSW Department of Urban Affairs and Planning (1998) Managing Land Contamination: Planning Guidelines: SEPP 55 Remediation of Land, August 1998.
- NSW EPA (2020) Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Land Contaminated Land Guidelines.
- Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (EPA Act) 1979 / State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 (2020): Remediation of Land (SEPP 55).
- NSW EPA (1995) Contaminated Sites: Sampling Design Guidelines. NSW EPA, Sydney.
- NSW EPA (2014) Waste Classification Guidelines: Part A Classifying Waste.
- Safe Work Australia (2019a) How to Manage and Control Asbestos in the Workplace.
- Safe Work Australia (2019b) How to Safely Remove Asbestos Code of Practice.
- WA DoH (2009) Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia.
- Work Health and Safety Act (2011) and Regulations (2017).



2 Site Identification and Conditions

2.1 Site Identification

The site location is shown in Figure 1, with the site layout plan in Figure 2, Appendix A. Information in the following section was sourced from the Zoic Environmental Pty Ltd (Zoic) (2019) SAQP – Headland Park (File reference: 18170 SAQP Peninsula Park Landcom 19Feb19 Final) for 7, 9 and 11 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point, NSW 2127, which encompassed the site. The site identification and land use details include:

Title	Details
Street Address:	Part of 7-9 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point, NSW 2127
Property Description:	Part of Lots 202, 203 and 204, DP 1216628
Current Site Ownership:	NSW Department of Education
Geographical Coordinates:	Lat: -33.823734° Long: 151.080786°
Property Size:	Approximately 0.95 hectares
Local Government Area:	City of Parramatta Council (formerly Auburn City Council)
Zoning – Existing:	B1 Neighbourhood Centre, R4 High Density Residential and RE1 Public Recreation (Auburn Local Environmental Plan (ALEP) 2010 and Draft Parramatta Local Environmental Plan 2020)

Table 2.1: Site Identification

2.2 Surrounding Land Use

Land uses immediately adjoining the Site are described as follows:

Table 2.3: Immediate Site Surrounds

Title	Details	
North:	Vacant land comprising part of the proposed Wentworth Point Peninsula Park redevelopment area followed by Parramatta River.	
East:	Vacant land comprising part of the Wentworth Point Marina and Rowing Club redevelopment area followed by Homebush Bay.	
South:	Burroway Road followed by a construction site.	
West:	Wentworth Point Public School followed by Marina Square Shopping Mall.	

In addition to the above, it is noted that several former landfill areas are located around the Wentworth Point area in which the site is located. These were generally active between the 1950s and 1980s



3 Environmental Setting of the Site

3.1 Site Condition

The site condition is based on published information and a review of past reports and is presented in Table 3.1.

Table 3.1: General Site Conditions

Title	Details	
Topography and Drainage:	The site is less than 10m Australian Height Datum (AHD). In general, the site is relatively level and has been subjected to historical filling associated with land reclamation which has altered topography. Surface water is expected to infiltrate into unsealed areas or consist of overland flow and ultimately drain to the Parramatta River or Homebush Bay which are located to the north and east of the site respectively.	
Site Surface & Vegetation:	The site surface consists of concrete slabs in the centre and eastern portions, and previously placed VENM material in the western portion. Vegetation at the site comprises some trees and shrubs growing between the concrete slabs and some grasses growing on the VENM material.	
Condition of Buildings & Roads:	There are currently no buildings or roads onsite.	
Relevant Local Sensitive Environments:	Local sensitive receiving environments include Parramatta River and Homebush Bay, located away from the northern and eastern boundaries respectively.	
Condition of the site since issue of 2020 Interim Audit Advice	By the completion of the Zoic 2019-2020 Remediation and Validation works, the western portion of the site has been capped with a minimum thickness of 500mm VENM in accordance with the PB (2015) RAP. No changes occurred at the site, including the validated western portion and existing hardstand in the remainder of the site, between the completion of the Zoic 2019-2020 works and the commencement of early works in October 2021, other than the placement and removal of some construction offices on existing hardstand areas and the appearance of some weeds across the site surface (See Figure 6, Appendix A). The composition of the capping material imported as VENM has not changed since its placement in 2019.	

3.2 Geology, Hydrogeology and Hydrology

The geology, hydrogeology and hydrology is summarised in Table 3.2. This information has been extracted from PB (2015) RAP.

Title	Details
Geology Map Conditions:	Section 2.4.2 in the PB (2015) RAP states that the Sydney 1:100,000 scale Geological Series Sheet 9130 indicates that the site is underlain by fluvial soils of the Birrong Soil Landscape Group.
Soil Map Conditions:	Table 2.2 in the PB (2015) RAP provides a summary of the ground conditions at the site:
	• The site is underlain by a layer of fill at depths ranging between 0-2.4m below ground level (bgl). The composition of the fill is variable across the site comprising clay, gravelly sand, sand, clayey sand, sandy clay, gravels, and anthropogenic materials including crushed sandstone, shale, brick, concrete and terracotta.

Title	Details
	Varying amounts of slag, seashells, charcoal, and blue metal gravels were also observed.
	• Beneath the fill layer lies a layer of natural soils comprising grey, dark grey, and black clays, sand and sandy clay. The natural materials were reported as soft and wet and were representative of either dredged materials from adjacent Parramatta River, salt march or mangrove bed materials. The depths of this layer range between 1-4.8m deep.
	• The natural soils are underlain by a highly weathered, grey sandstone, which was encountered at 4.4-4.8mbgl.
Acid Sulfate Soils:	Section 2.4.2 in the PB (2015) RAP states that the Prospect/Parramatta River 1:25,000 Acid Sulfate Soils Risk Map indicates that the site is classified as 'Disturbed Terrain' that includes filled areas that occur during the reclamation of low lying swamps for urban development. Other activities that result in the classification of a disturbed terrain include dredging, heavy ground disturbance through urban development and/or construction of dams or levees.
Depth to Groundwater:	Standing water levels at the site as informed by the PB (2015) RAP which indicates groundwater is encountered between 0.6-3.7m bgl with an average of 1.7m bgl.
Direction and Rate of Groundwater Flow:	Table 2.4 in the PB (2015) RAP states that the direction of groundwater flow onsite was inferred to the northwest and northeast towards Parramatta River and Homebush Bay, respectively.
Summary of Monitoring Wells & Use of Water Abstraction:	Section 2.4.2.1 in the PB (2015) RAP provides a summary of the registered bore search results completed by GHD in 2009. The search of NSW Department of Primary Industries Office of Water All Groundwater Map identified six (6) licenced bores within 1km of the site boundaries.
	Four of the bores are located to the north of Parramatta River and are therefore not considered relevant to the site. Two wells were south of Parramatta River and are detailed below:
	 Registered bore GW067978 – located east of Homebush Bay and registered for irrigation purposes. The bore was installed in 1992, to a total depth of 180 m. Groundwater was encountered in the sandstone bedrock aquifer in multiple water bearing zones including: 65-65.1m (indicative of freshwater conditions); 71.4- 71.5m (indicative of saline conditions); 78.4-83m in the sandstone bedrock (indicative of highly saline conditions); and 91.2-102m (indicative of highly saline conditions).
	 Registered bore GW107955 – located at 1 Bennelong Road and registered for monitoring purposes. The bore was installed to a total depth of 5m. No further details regarding the depth to groundwater or the geology encountered was available for this bore.
Nearest Water Body:	The closest receiving water body from the site is the adjoining Parramatta River and Homebush Bay to the north and east of the site, respectively.

4 Data Quality Objectives

The data quality objective (DQO) process is a systematic planning tool based on the scientific method for establishing criteria for data quality and for developing data collection designs. The DQO defines the experimental process required to test a hypothesis.

The DQO process has been developed to ensure that efforts relating to data collection are cost effective, by eliminating unnecessary, duplicative or overly precise data whilst at the same time, ensuring the data collected is of sufficient quality and quantity to support defensible decision making.

It is recognised that the most efficient way to accomplish these goals is to establish criteria for defensible decision making before data collection begins and develop a data collection design based on these criteria. By using the DQO process to plan the investigation effort, the relevant parties can improve the effectiveness, efficiency and defensibility of a decision in a resource and cost effective manner.

4.1 Guidance Documents

DQOs have been developed to detail the type of data that is needed to meet the overall objectives of this project (refer to Section 1.2), including the Data Gap Investigation and Validation Strategy. The DQOs have been developed in general accordance with guidelines made or approved by NSW EPA.

4.2 Process for DQO Development

The DQO process consists of seven steps, which are designed to clarify the study objectives, define the appropriate type of data and specify tolerable levels of potential decision errors. The seven-step DQO process adopted for the works is as follows:

- Step 1 Defining the Problem. The first step in the DQO process is to 'define the problem' that has initiated the investigation;
- Step 2 Identify the Decision. The second step in the process is to define the decision statement that the study will attempt to resolve;
- Step 3 Identify Inputs to the Decision. In this step, the different types of information needed to resolve the decision statement are identified;
- Step 4 Define the Study Boundaries;
- Step 5 Develop a Decision Rule;
- Step 6 Specify Limits on Decision Errors; and
- Step 7 Optimise the Design for obtaining the Data.

4.3 Step 1 – Defining the Problem

4.3.1 Concise Description of the Problem

The site has been planned to be redeveloped into Sydney Olympic Park High School, including school buildings and a play area. Previous investigations have identified contaminated soil, potential petroleum (diesel) storage infrastructure and a wash down area, asbestos, and potential acid sulfate soils that require management.



Data Gap Investigation

The problem is previously identified data gaps require additional investigation in order to:

- Confirm hazardous ground gas ratings to inform the design of the gas mitigation system.
- Assess potential for tidal influences on ground gas at the site.
- Locate suspected underground storage tanks (USTs) and identify any associated contamination and whether any remedial works are required.
- Confirm groundwater conditions at the site and assess risk towards Parramatta River and Homebush Bay.

Validation Strategy

The problem is how the site will be remediated to address the identified potential health and environmental risks in relation to the identified contamination and if the remediation can be integrated into the proposed redevelopment works and construction methodologies to avoid large scale disturbance or generation of significant quantities of waste requiring offsite disposal.

The matters considered within the validation strategy are:

- What work is required (i.e., survey data) to validate the remediation strategy?
- How many soil samples should be collected to suitably validate any reuse of the cut-to-fill materials onsite?
- What sampling design (i.e. locations, layout, frequency) should be used to achieve the DQOs?

It is noted that Section 7.5.3 in the PB (2015) RAP states that 'cut-to-fill material' and/or spoil material for reuse (below the cap) will require to be validated in order to evaluate its suitability for reuse onsite. Section 6.4.7 in the PB (2015) RAP states that any fill material generated during piling works for the construction of retaining walls, service excavation or stormwater drains should be validated for reuse onsite, and if suitable, reused beneath the capping layer.

However, Section 4.1 in the PB (2015) RAP states that, 'based on the proposed remediation strategy that will provide a cap over the identified contaminated fill, exposure to the identified COPCs in the material below the cap is considered to be mitigated by the presence of the cap. Hence, separate remediation criteria for material below the cap was not presented'.

On this basis, any cut-to-fill material to be placed under the cap is not proposed to be validated as part of the validation works, with the exception of the following (if required as part of the development):

- Construction of earth retaining walls associated with the proposed new roads and pavements where the walls can be constructed using 'a profile of validated, clean onsite cut-to-fill material (compacted in controlled layers), and imported material to provide stability'. Any cut-to-fill materials to be used for the construction of earth retaining walls will be validated as per the requirements outlined in the PB (2015) RAP.
- Any other situations where reuse of cut-to-fill materials or spoil above the cap is proposed.

The above deviation from the PB (2015) RAP has been approved by the Site Auditor (email dated 29 October 2018) as part of the previous remediation works across the wider Stage 1 Area.

Section 6.6.2 in the PB (2015) RAP states that field pH measurements of excavated material will need to be undertaken to determine whether treatment / neutralisation is required prior to reuse or disposal. This will be conducted by the appointed Principal Contractor.



4.4 Step 2 – Identify the Decision

Based on the decision-making process for assessing urban redevelopment sites detailed in Appendix A of NSW EPA (2017) Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (3rd edition) and modified to relate to the specific redevelopment requirements for the proposed Data Gap Investigation, remediation and validation works, the following decisions are required to be made:

Data Gap Investigation

- Are hazardous ground gas ratings within the historical range between CS2 and CS4? Do landfill gas concentrations pose a risk to human health?
- Does tidal activity influence ground gas behaviour at the site?
- Are USTs or other infrastructure present? Do chemical concentrations in soil adjacent to these pose a risk to future site users/environment?
- Do chemical concentrations in site groundwater pose a risk to environmental receptors?

Validation Strategy

- Will chemical concentrations in excavated spoil and/or site soils intended to be reused as fill
 onsite pose a risk to future site users/environment following removal of infrastructure and
 impacted soils in the UST, wash bay and mechanical pit areas?
- Is the spoil/soil material (including material from removal of the USTs, Mechanics Pit and Wash bay) to be disposed offsite classified in accordance with waste classification guidelines?
- Does the imported material used for the capping layer comply with VENM/ENM criteria?
- Has the site been adequately capped?

4.5 Step 3 – Identification of Inputs into the Decision

4.5.1 List of Informational Inputs Needed to Resolve the Decision Statement

The information inputs required include:

Data Gap Investigation

- Relevant historical data from previous reports
- Conceptual site model presented in Section 4
- Observations made during the proposed field works
- Results from manual and continuous ground gas monitoring of existing wells at the site.
- Results from a level logger deployed at the site.
- The locations of USTs and the former infrastructure (i.e. the former wash bay) were
 determined by correlating known locations from a previous GHD investigation with historical
 aerial photographs which will be investigated using test pits / trenching. Visual inspection of
 trenching excavations in potential UST and wash bay locations, and results from soils collected
 from trenches if USTs are identified. Note that USTs are not permitted to be removed as part of
 the approved early works.
- Adopted site criteria being NEPM 2013 Health Investigation/Screening Levels for Secondary Schools Land Use (HIL/HSL-C (outdoor areas)/HSL-A/B (building footprints) for soils, Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality (ANZG) (2018) Default Guideline Values for Marine Waters with 95% protection level and PFAS National



Environmental Management Plan (2020) (NEMP 2020) Human Health (non-potable and recreational uses) and Ecological (slightly to moderately disturbed ecosystem) criteria.

Validation Strategy

- Results from the validation and waste classification works, including chemical results from samples collected from the UST, Mechanics Pit and Wash bay areas.
- Visual inspection of site areas, soils and ground works during remediation on a regular basis (including photographic records) (including the UST, Mechanics Pit and Wash bay areas).
- Adopted site criteria being NEPM 2013 Health Investigation/Screening Levels for Secondary Schools Land Use (HIL/HSL-C).
- Information obtained from VENM / ENM source sites (e.g., VENM certificates, ENM classification documentation), and results from the VENM / ENM sampling works.
- Pre-and post-survey data to confirm capping thickness.

4.5.2 List of Environmental Variables or Characteristics that will be Measured

Data Gap Investigation

The Data Gap Investigation will require the following parameters to be measured:

- Landfill gas concentrations (i.e. methane, carbon dioxide, oxygen, carbon monoxide and hydrogen sulfide) will be determined using an appropriately calibrated landfill gas analyser, and Biosystems Gas Flux (or similar) for one location, to be selected based on initial hand-held landfill gas monitoring results. Atmospheric pressure, flow rate and pressure differential will also be recorded.
- Groundwater level will be recorded continuously for a set period of time covering several tidal cycles using a level logger for in well location, to be selected based on initial results, representativeness of ground gas conditions at the site and proximity to Parramatta River.
- Soil samples from trenching excavations near any identified USTs or other infrastructure will be analysed for total recoverable hydrocarbons (TRH), benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylene (BTEX) and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). Selected soil samples may be analysed for PFAS as a screening measure.
- Groundwater samples from selected existing wells will be analysed for 8 heavy metals, ammonia, phenols and per-and-poly fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS).

Validation Strategy

The PB (2015) RAP has presented the following characteristics, which will be measured:

- Cut-to-fill material and other excavated materials generated from the site for onsite reuse: Representative soil samples will be analysed for: heavy metals (arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, iron, lead, nickel, zinc), total recoverable hydrocarbons (TRHs), benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene and naphthalene (BTEXN), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) and asbestos (ACM and 500ml). ASLP will be conducted for metals and PAHs where necessary. We note that the PB (2015) RAP has proposed the SPOCAS test for ASS analysis, however, Geosyntec considers the chromium reducible sulfur suite (CRS) test is a more reliable indicator for ASS presence.
- Material requiring offsite disposal: Representative soil samples will be analysed for: heavy metals, total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPHs), BTEX, PAHs, CRS test and asbestos (presence



/ absence only). The specific contaminant concentrations (SCCs) and toxicity characteristics leaching procedure (TCLP) data will determine waste classification.

- **Capping material**: The following information will be reviewed prior to material importation as we understand that there is a net deficit of soil available on the site to complete capping:
 - Relevant VENM certificate or ENM assessment provided by the source site/s
 - Published site history information such as historical aerial photography and NSW EPA records
 - Visual inspection at the source site/s to confirm the material meets the definition of VENM or ENM
 - Regular visual inspection of the material at arrival
 - Representative soil samples will be collected and confirmed as VENM/ENM by testing for: heavy metals, TPH, BTEX, PAHs, electrical conductivity (EC) and pH, in accordance with the requirements under the Excavated Natural Material Resource Recovery Order 2014.
 - The above findings will be presented to the Site Auditor. Material will not be imported onsite for use without prior approval by the Site Auditor.
- **Survey data** will be collected prior to, and post installation of the capping layer to confirm capping layer thickness.
- Regular site inspections during remediation works. **Photographic records** (e.g., during installation of marker layer) will be collected and included in the Validation Report.

4.5.3 Identification of Site Criteria for Each Medium of Concern

Data Gap Investigation

The criteria that will be adopted for the data gap investigation works are outlined below:

- NSW EPA (2020) Hazardous Ground Gas Guidelines will be adopted with respect to assessment of landfill gas. This will include consideration of gas concentration, flow rate, gas screening values, characteristic gas situation and prevailing atmospheric pressure.
- It is considered that use of SafeWork NSW (2018) Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants is appropriate for use in the Gas Monitoring Well Network beneath the site. It should be noted that the recorded concentrations are taken within the ground and the criteria are designed to be applied to the atmosphere thus adding a further layer of conservatism. Where site users and construction workers are present in these areas, it is considered unlikely that they would be exposed to concentrations in the ground or that their exposure time will be greater than 8hrs per day and consequently the adopted criteria would also be protective of their health.
 - SafeWork NSW (2018) TWA screening criteria for hydrogen sulfide: 10 ppm
 - SafeWork NSW (2018) TWA screening criteria for carbon monoxide: 30 ppm
 - Additionally, AS2865 1995 Safe Working in a Confined Space guidelines will used for oxygen (>19.5%v/v).
- Soil samples collected from UST / diesel infrastructure trenches will be compared to NEPM (2013) Health Investigation Levels (HIL) and Health Screening Levels (HSL) for C Secondary Schools for sandy soil (0 to <1m depths) given the proposed land use and NEPM (2013) Management Limits for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons for residential, parkland and public open space use for coarse soil.
- Groundwater samples will be compared to Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality (ANZG) (2018) Default Guideline Values for Marine Waters with 95%



protection level and PFAS National Environmental Management Plan (2020) (NEMP 2020) Human Health (non-potable and recreational uses) and Ecological (slightly to moderately disturbed ecosystem) criteria.

- Any contact with potential acid sulfate soils will be assessed in accordance with NSW Acid Sulfate Soils Management Advisory Committee (1998) Acid Sulfate Soil Assessment Guidelines (AASSMAC 1998) where required.
- Aesthetic considerations will also be taken into account during investigation activities, particularly the presence of hydrocarbon sheens and/or odours in groundwater.

Validation Strategy

The criteria that will be adopted for the validation works are outlined below:

- For spoil/soil intended for onsite reuse, the material will be compared to:
 - NEPM (2013) Health Investigation Levels (HIL) C.
 - Health Screening Levels (HSL) A/B as required by NEPM (2013) for assessment of secondary schools, for sand soil.
 - NEPM (2013) Management Limits for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons for residential, parkland and public open space use for coarse soil.
- Where soils are to be placed below the cap, an assessment of risk towards potential receptors will also be made in addition to comparison against the above criteria, given that the cap will act as a barrier to underlying fill soils.
- Any soils proposed to be used for tree planting, landscaping or garden bed areas will be assessed against NEPM (2013) Ecological Investigation and Screening Levels (EILs and ESLs). Ecological criteria will only be applicable to soils present within the top 2m of these locations.
- Material to be disposed offsite will be compared to NSW EPA (2014) Waste Classification Guidelines – Part 1, Classifying Waste and Part 4 Acid Sulfate Soils (where required) to determine the materials' waste classification and inform disposal options.
- Capping material will be assessed as described in Table 7.1 of the SAQP. Validation samples will be collected in general accordance with the NSW EPA (2014) The Excavated Natural Material Order. If ENM materials are used, the results will be compared to the criteria presented in the NSW EPA (2014) The Excavated Natural Material Order.
- Capping thickness will be determined from pre-and post-capping survey data to ensure compliance with the approved capping design requirements as described in Section 6 and the PB (2015) RAP. Any changes to the final capping design are required to be reviewed and endorsed by the appointed Site Auditor prior to implementation.

Ecological criteria are not considered relevant as the site is expected to be capped with concrete hardstand or clean topsoil. Given the presence of the marker layer, it is anticipated that only trees with shallow roots will be planted onsite. If large trees are required to be planted in any area of the site, modifications to the depth of the capping layer will need to be considered.

4.5.4 Identification of Analytical Methods that are required for Chemicals of Potential Concern so that Assessment can be made Relative to the Site Criteria

The table below outlines the analytical methods of the NATA accredited primary laboratory Eurofins.



Table 5.1 Summary of Soil Analytical Methods

Analyte	Soil	LOR (mg/kg)
Asbestos	AS4964-2004 (Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia May 2009)	0.001%w/w
Mercury	US EPA 7470/1	0.1 mg/kg
Other Metals	US EPA 6010, 6020	0.1-5 mg/kg
Acid Sulfate Soils	ASSL Methods Guidelines Version 2.1	Various
TRH	P&T GC/MS GC/FID (USEPA 8260/8000) NEPM 2013 Schedule B3	20-100 mg/kg
SVOC	GC/MS (USEPA 8270) NEPM 2013 Schedule B3	0.5-5 mg/kg
VOC	P&T GC/MS USEPA 8260 NEPM 2013 Schedule B3	0.5-1 mg/kg

Table 5.2: Groundwater Analytical Methods

Analyte	Analytical Method	LOR (µg/L)
TPH	P&T GC/MS GC/FID (USEPA 8260/8000)	10-100
PAH	Capillary GC/MS in SIM (USEPA SW 846 - 8270B)	1-2
Mercury	Cold Vapour AAS (USEPA 7471A)	0.05
Metals	ICP-OES (USEPA 200.7)	0.1-1.0
VOCs	P&T GC-MS (USEPA 8260B)	1-2
PFAS	LC-MS/MS (USEPA Method 537.1-169) NEMP (2020) 2.0	0.01-0.02

4.6 Step 4 – Defining the Study Boundaries

4.6.1 Detailed Description of the Spatial and Temporal Boundaries of the Problem

The lateral boundary of the remediation area is presented in Figure 2, Appendix A.

The vertical study boundary is nominated to extend to the required depth for the cut-to-fill program for the redevelopment, or by the maximum depth of UST trenching excavations (maximum target depth 4m below existing ground level (bgl) or at interception of groundwater which is anticipated to be at approximately 3m bgl or shallower, beyond which deeper excavation may not be possible due to test pit collapse).

4.7 Step 5 – Developing Decision Rules

The decision rules adopted to answer the decisions outlined in Section 5.4 are summarised in the following table:

Table 5.3 Summary of Decision Rules

No. Decision to be Made Decision Rule

Data Gap Investigation

1	ratings within the historical range between CS2 and CS4? Do landfill gas	If concentrations of landfill gas generate ratings are between CS2 and CS4 inclusive, then YES, ratings are within the historical range and the current design assumptions for the gas mitigation system will likely be retained. If ratings fall outside this range, then the answer is NO. If the rating is greater than CS4, then the current design assumptions must be reconsidered. Landfill gas will be assessed in accordance with NSW EPA (2020) Guidelines for the Assessment and Management of Sites Affected by Hazardous Ground Gases, including consideration of landfill gas concentrations, flow rates, gas screening values and characteristic gas situations. If results are less than the adopted site criteria then the decision is no, and landfill gas does not pose a risk.
2	Does tidal activity influence ground gas behaviour at the site?	If ground gas parameters are correlated with tidal movements, then the answer is YES, otherwise, the answer is NO.
3	Are USTs or other infrastructure present? Do chemical concentrations in soil adjacent to USTs or other infrastructure pose a risk to future site users/environment?	Observations during trenching will determine presence/absence of USTs and other infrastructure. If the soil analytical results are less than the adopted site criteria then the decision is no, and soil contaminant concentrations do not pose a risk. If results are above the adopted criteria, then the answer is YES.
4	Do chemical concentrations in site groundwater pose a risk to environmental receptors?	If the groundwater analytical results are less than the adopted site criteria then the decision is no, and groundwater contaminant concentrations do not pose a risk. If results are above the adopted criteria, then the answer is YES.
Valio	dation Strategy	
1	Will chemical concentrations in spoil/site	For the spoil/site soil, to determine suitability for secondary school use, the following criteria will be adopted with respect to the decision-making process:

	concentrations in spoil/site soil intended to be reused as fill pose a risk to future site users/environment following removal of infrastructure and impacted soils in the UST, wash bay and mechanical pit areas?	• If the soil results are less than the adopted site criteria (HL/HSL C / HSL A/B and TPH Management Limits for residential, parkland and public open space/secondary schools) then the decision is no and the remediation strategy is acceptable.
2	Does the imported material used for the capping layer comply with VENM/ENM criteria?	Where relevant documentation provided by the source site, site history review, visual observations from inspections and chemical analysis indicate compliance with VENM/ENM criteria then the decision is yes. Otherwise the decision is no. Where the decision is yes, the material is appropriate to be used on site. Where the decision is no, the material must not be used onsite. In addition to the above, no materials can be imported onsite for use with prior
3	Has the site been	approval by the Site Auditor. If the survey data indicates that there is a capping layer of minimum of 500mm then
	adequately capped?	the answer is yes. Otherwise the answer is no.

4.8 Step 6 – Specify the Limits on Decision Errors

4.8.1 Decision-maker's Tolerable Decision Error Rates Based on Consideration of the Consequences of Making an Incorrect Decision

The pre-determined data quality indicators (DQIs) established for the project, for both the Data Gap Investigation and Validation Strategy, are discussed below in relation to precision, accuracy, representativeness, comparability and completeness (PARCC parameters) as required by Step 6 of the DQO process.

DQO	Frequency	Data Quality Indicator
Precision		
Intra-laboratory field duplicates	1/20 samples soil;	30% RPD ¹
	1/20 samples groundwater.	
Inter-laboratory field duplicates	1/20 samples soil;	_
	1/20 samples groundwater.	
Laboratory duplicates	1/20 samples	30% RPD ¹
Laboratory method blanks	1/20 samples	< LOR
Accuracy		
Matrix spikes	1/20 samples	70 to 130%R for metals and –inorganics
Laboratory control spike	1/20 samples	60-140%R for organics
Surrogate spike	1/20 samples	[—] 10-140%R for sVOC and speciated phenols
Representativeness		
Sampling handling storage and transport appropriate for media and analytes	All samples	Yes
Rinsate Blanks	1 per equipment per day (if applicable)	<lor< td=""></lor<>
Trip Blank	1 per sample batch soil; 1 per sample batch groundwater.	<lor< td=""></lor<>
Trip Spike	1 per sample batch soil; 1 per sample batch groundwater.	60-140%R for organics
Samples extracted and analysed within	All samples	Hold Times:
holding times.		14 days - organics
		6 months – inorganics
Leak testing of ground gas wells	N/A	Leak testing of existing wells was conducted as part of previous investigations and is therefore not proposed for this data gap investigation.
Response zones of ground gas wells unflooded	All wells	All wells to be gauged as part of gas monitoring works to ensure response zone remains unflooded to allow for

Table 6.4 DQO and DQI



DQO	Frequency	Data Quality Indicator
		drawing of surrounding gases from the soil formation
Comparability		
Standard operating procedures used for sample collection and handling (including decontamination)	All samples	Yes
Standard analytical methods used for all analyses	All samples	Yes
Consistent field conditions, sampling staff and laboratory analysis	All samples	Yes
Limits of reporting appropriate and consistent	All samples	Yes
Completeness		
Soil description and COCs completed and appropriate	All samples	Yes
Appropriate documentation for testing	All samples	Yes
Data set to be 95% complete after validation	All samples	Yes

1 - If the RPD between duplicates is greater than the pre-determined data quality indicator, a judgment will be made as to whether the excess is critical in relation to the validation of the data set or unacceptable sampling error is occurring in the field.

4.9 Step 7 – Optimise the Design

4.9.1 The Optimum Manner in which to Collect the Data Required to meet the Objectives for the Assessment and which will meet the Project DQOs

With consideration to NSW EPA (1995) Sampling Design Guidelines; the review of existing environmental data; and, the evaluation of operational decision rules, a resource-effective sampling and analysis plan is presented in Section 7 of the report, for both the Data Gap Investigation and Validation Strategy.

5 Sampling and Analysis Plan

This section provides details of the proposed sampling and analysis plan from the Geosyntec (2021) SAQP, outlining methodologies to be adopted to ensure that the proposed Data Gap Investigation works meet the requirements of guidelines made or approved by NSW EPA. A sampling and analysis plan for remaining validation works is presented in Section 11 as part of the RAP Amendments.

Table 6.1: Sampling and Analysis Plan

Sampling Item	Data Gap Investigation - Sampling and Analysis Plan
Sampling Pattern / Density Rationale:	The locations of USTs have been determined by correlating known locations from a previous GHD investigation with historical aerial photographs which will be investigated using test pits. Targeted soil samples are proposed to be collected from trenching excavations if USTs or other infrastructure are found. Four test pits will be dug around the perimeter of each UST if possible and the wash bay site to the depth of groundwater which is shallow (2-3m below ground level). Samples will be collected at a rate of 2 samples per test pit, or one sample per identified soil horizon including fill and natural soils. Samples will also be targeted towards identified potential contamination. These locations will be surveyed using a GPS coordinates to allow subsequent location following completion of the early works.
	Ground gas monitoring is proposed to be conducted from each of the previously installed Greencap (2021) wells (GG1 to GG9). From the perspective of the eventual gas design and technical specification, the proposed buildings have been divided into three parts, namely the sports hall which is covered by wells GG1 and GG2, the eastern school building which is covered by wells GG3 to GG7 inclusive and the southwestern school building which is covered by wells GG8 and GG9. The number of existing wells is considered sufficient to characterise the ground gas regime for each of these footprints when the historical ground gas results from GHD, those from Greencap and those proposed within the SAQP are considered as a whole. Section 3.4.2 of the NSW (2020) Hazardous Ground Gas Guidelines states that the number and density of boreholes required on a particular site will be a matter of professional judgement and that it should take into account the sensitivity of the land use (secondary school), the nature of the source (regional filling), heterogeneity of the ground conditions (at least 2 wells per building to account for heterogeneity) and robustness of the CSM (based on the previous investigation and to be confirmed by the Data Gap Investigation).
	Groundwater monitoring is proposed to be conducted from four of the previously installed Greencap (2021) wells with enough water column to facilitate low flow sampling methods (Hydrasleeves) (GG2, GG5, GG6 and GG8). Where groundwater is encountered in locations with identified USTs, and contamination is apparent (sheen, odour), grab samples of groundwater will also be taken directly from test pits for screening purposes.
Soil Sampling Devices / Techniques	Samples will be collected by appropriately trained and experienced Geosyntec Environmental Scientists in accordance with standard operating procedures based on NEPM (2013), AS4482.1-2005, AS4482.2-1999 and other relevant guidelines made or approved by NSW EPA as appropriate.
Sampling Depths	Soil samples from UST test pits will be taken from depths observed to be potentially contaminated (e.g. if odour or staining are observed), or in the absence of indicators of contamination they will be taken from depths which align with the sides and base of the UST.
Selection of Samples for Analysis:	Soil that is observed having visual or olfactory indicators of contamination and/or have PID screening values above background levels will be selected. In lieu of soil displaying the above characteristics, a representative sample will be obtained as outlined in the sampling density rationale above.

Sampling Item	Data Gap Investigation - Sampling and Analysis Plan
Sample Splitting Techniques	Soil samples will be split into two parts with minimal disturbance or mixing to reduce loss of volatiles. One part will form the primary sample and the second part will be placed into a zip lock bag for PID screening. Where a duplicate or triplicate sample is required, a similar procedure will be adopted but the sample will be split into three or four parts respectively.
Sample Container Selection:	Soil and groundwater sample containers will be supplied by the laboratory and generally comprise glass jars / bottles with integrated Teflon seals to prevent loss of volatiles. Approved containers will be used for collection of groundwater PFAS samples.
Decontamination Procedures:	Where possible disposable / dedicated sampling equipment will be used.
Sample Handling and Preservation Procedures:	Soil samples will be logged using the USCS and details of any discolouration, staining, odours or other indicators of contamination noted. Samples will be placed into laboratory supplied containers using a clean pair of nitrile gloves. Acid sulfate soil samples will be placed in snap lock bags and the air removed.
PFAS-specific Sampling and Analysis considerations	 Sampling and analysis will be conducted in accordance with NEMP (2018), with specific consideration given to the following elements: No Teflon coated products will be used during sampling. Eurofins is NATA accredited for the analysis of PFAS using an in house method based on USEPA 537 and ASTM D7359-D8.
Field Calibration and Screening Protocols	Calibrated field instruments will be supplied by an environmental equipment supplier. Measurement of background concentrations in ambient air will be conducted prior to each reading to account for sensor drift. The result will be record on a field data sheet along with date, location details (batch details) and depth. For PID sampling, a small hole will be punched into the zip lock bag sample. The tip of the PID will be inserted into the bag and the maximum concentration noted on the borehole record sheet. The Biosystems Gas Flux (or similar) will be pre-calibrated upon receipt from the supplier and will be checked to ensure it is functioning properly with a fully charged battery or reliable power source prior to deployment.
Groundwater Monitoring Well Sampling	Groundwater sampling of four existing Greencap (2021) wells will be conducted by an appropriately trained and experienced Geosyntec Environmental Scientist in accordance with a standard operating procedure based on EPA Victoria (2000) Water Sampling Guidelines. Standing water levels will be determined using an interface probe, which can also detect the thickness of any NAPL if present. Hydrasleeves suitable for PFAS sample collection will be installed in the wells to be within the water column for at least 48 hours. Field parameters including DO, temperature, pH, EC and ORP will be measured during sample collection after 48 hours of hydrasleeves being installed. Where hydrasleeve sampling is not possible, low flow sampling methods (i.e. peristaltic pump) will be used. Well Purge Data Record Sheets will be completed for each well, which detail the sampling date, project number, operator, well ID, weather, gauge data (including depth to water and depth to bottom and depth to product if present), water quality data and general comments. Relevant onsite and offsite wells will be gauged and surveyed to estimate the hydraulic gradient in the area.
Landfill Gas Monitoring	Monitoring will be conducted in accordance with NSW (2020) Hazardous Ground Gas Guidelines.



Sampling Item Data Gap Investigation - Sampling and Analysis Plan

Landfill gas detectors (e.g. GA5000 or similar) will be used to collect measurements of methane, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, hydrogen sulfide and oxygen in landfill gas wells.

An initial gas monitoring event will be completed from each of the Greencap wells.

A Biosystems Gas Flux (or similar) or similar will then be deployed in the location with the highest result based on historical results and the confirmatory first round of handheld ground gas monitoring for the continuous measurement of gas concentrations and borehole pressure.

An additional handheld gas monitoring event will be completed during continuous monitoring at the site (from all wells), during falling atmospheric pressure for reference purposes.

When the historical data and the data to be collected during the Data Gap Investigation are considered as a whole, the monitoring period is considered to be sufficient for characterisation of ground gas conditions at the site. Additionally, as per section 3.4.6 of the NSW EPA Hazardous Ground Gas guidelines, continuous monitoring equipment (CME) can reduce the number of monitoring events through the overall time period required. CME will allow the investigation obtain data from a variety of meteorological conditions, including capture of likely worst case meteorological scenarios as defined in the NSW (2020) Hazardous Ground Gas Guidelines.



6 Evaluation of QA/QC

6.1.1 Field QA/QC Sampling

The methodology for obtaining QA/QC samples was conducted as follows:

Duplicate Samples

In accordance with NEPM (2013), at least 5% of soil samples and groundwater samples were duplicates collected in the field for analysis at the primary laboratory. They were collected from the same sampling point and divided into two separate and unrelated sample containers for analysis at the same laboratory (intra-laboratory precision).

- Soil duplicate: DUP1 (soil) = TS2-1_0.4-0.6
- Groundwater duplicate: DUP1 (water) = GG01

Triplicate Split Samples

At least 5% of soil samples and groundwater samples were duplicates collected in the field for analysis at the secondary laboratory. They were collected from the same sampling point and divided into two separate and unrelated sample containers for analysis at the secondary laboratory (inter-laboratory precision).

- Soil triplicate = TRIP1 (soil) = TS2-1_0.4-0.6
- Groundwater triplicate = TRIP1 (water) = GG01

Trip Spike and Trip Blank

Trip spike samples are held during field sampling to assess loss of volatile from samples during transit, while trip blanks are collected to assess whether contamination may have been introduced to samples during shipping and field handling activities.

Trip spike and trip blank were not tested as part of the soil sampling event.

Given that soil sampling was conducted for screening purposes to assist with determining remediation requirements, the absence of trip spike and blank are not considered affect the outcome of the assessment, and the data is considered fit for purpose. Additionally, given that samples were collected based on standard procedures including zero headspace and tight seal of the sample jar lid, and that concentrations of volatile compounds were generally noted to be close to the laboratory detection limits, the loss of volatile compounds is considered unlikely.

One trip blank was tested during groundwater sampling activities:

• Groundwater trip blank = tripblank

No trip spike was tested as part of the groundwater sampling event. Given that all volatile results were reported below their respective laboratory limits of detection, it is considered that loss of volatile is unlikely to have occurred during laboratory transit.

6.1.2 QA/QC Results

Field QA/QC

Soil samples were taken with clean disposable nitrile gloves directly from the auger flights with care taken to collect soil that had not come in contact with the auger stem. Samples were then placed in laboratory-supplied sample containers with Teflon sealed lid, with zero headspace and tight seal.



Groundwater samples were collected using clean dedicated tubing at each well to prevent any potential cross contamination and were placed into laboratory supplied containers. Field filtering for metal analysis was not conducted in the field and was requested to be undertaken by the laboratory.

Groundwater trip blank results were below laboratory detection limits indicating low likelihood of cross contamination of samples.

The QA/QC results for soil and groundwater duplicate (intra-laboratory) and triplicate (interlaboratory) samples are summarised below with results presented in Appendix F.

Based on the information referenced above, it was concluded that the data is of an acceptable quality to achieve the objectives of this study, with the following comments:

- a. Relative Percent Differences (RPDs) calculated for inter-laboratory samples for TRH >C16-34 are indicative of heterogeneous composition within the fill material.
- b. Relative Percent Differences (RPDs) calculated for inter-laboratory and intra-laboratory samples for arsenic, copper and nickel are likely a result of concentrations being close to the laboratory detection limit.

Laboratory QA/QC

Samples were received and analysed by the primary and secondary laboratories with attempt to cool samples evident and within sample holding times. Soil samples were received by the laboratory on the same day as sampling, and as such there was insufficient time for temperatures lower than 10-14°C to be reached inside the eskies.

Laboratory limits of reporting (LOR) for PAHs were raised form <0.1mg/kg to <1mg/kg for soil samples TS2-1_1.0-1.2, TS2-2_1.0-1.2 and TS2-4_1.2-1.4 due to interferences from analytes other than those being tested. Raised LOR were below adopted criteria, and were relatively low in comparison to detections of some PAHs in the samples, and therefore, this is not considered to affect the outcome of the assessment.

Some matrix spikes were not able to be completed due to high concentrations of analytes in some samples causing interference. Those which were able to be completed without interference, however, reported percentage recoveries within the acceptable range.

Detailed QA/QC results are presented on the laboratory testing certificates presented in Appendix C and summarised in Table G-1 in Appendix G.



7 Site Assessment Criteria

The proposed redevelopment is understood to include school buildings and open space areas within the development footprint.

Therefore, the criteria adopted for the site comprised criteria for secondary school and open space land use as outlined below.

7.1 Assessment Criteria for Soil

Soil analytical results were assessed against the guidelines listed below, with the adopted soil criteria summarised in Table 7.1:

- NEPM (2013) Health Investigation Levels (HIL) C.
- Health Screening Levels (HSL) C and A/B as required by NEPM (2013) for assessment of secondary schools, for sandy soil. HSL C applies to secondary school grounds, and HSL A/B applies to secondary school buildings.
- NEPM (2013) Management Limits for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons for residential, parkland and public open space use for coarse soil.

Ecological criteria are not considered relevant as the site is expected to be capped with additional material followed by concrete hardstand or clean topsoil to facilitate construction of the school.

Table 7.1: Adopted Soil Site Suitability Criteria (mg/kg)

NEPM (2013) Soil Site Suitability Criteria	HIL C – Public Open Space / Recreational (mg/kg)	Soil HSL A/B Low – High Density Residential (Secondary School Buildings) for Sand Soil, 0 to <1m (mg/kg)	Recreational (Secondary School Grounds) for Sand	Hydrocarbon Management Limits for Residential, Parkland and Public Open Space, Coarse Soil Type
TRH				
F1	-	45	NL	700
F2	-	110	NL	1,000
F3 (>C16-C34)	-	-	-	2,500
F4 (>C34-C40)	-	-	-	10,000
BTEX				
Benzene	-	0.5	NL	-
Toluene	-	160	NL	-
Ethylbenzene	-	55	NL	-
Xylenes (Total)	-	40	NL	-
PAHs				
Naphthalene	-	3	NL	-
Benzo(a)pyrene	3	-	-	-
Total PAHs	300	-	-	-
Heavy Metals				
Arsenic	300	-	-	-
Cadmium	90	-	-	-



NEPM (2013) Soil Site Suitability Criteria	HIL C – Public Open Space / Recreational (mg/kg)	Soil HSL A/B Low – High Density Residential (Secondary School Buildings) for Sand Soil, 0 to <1m (mg/kg)	Recreational (Secondary School Grounds) for Sand	Hydrocarbon Management Limits for Residential, Parkland and Public Open Space, Coarse Soil Type
Chromium (VI)	300	-	-	-
Copper	17000	-	-	-
Lead	600	-	-	-
Mercury	80	-	-	-
Nickel	1200	-	-	-
Zinc	30000	-	-	-
OCPs				
DDT+DDE+DDD	400	-	-	-
DDT	-	-	-	-
Aldrin and dieldrin	10	-	-	-
Chlordane	70	-	-	-
Endosulfan	340	-	-	-
Endrin	20	-	-	-
Heptachlor	10	-	-	-
НСВ	10	-	-	-
PCBs				
PCBs	1	-	-	-
Asbestos				
Asbestos	Presence			

7.2 Waste Classification

Given that excavation and disposal of soils from identified UST and other infrastructure locations may be required as part of the main remediation works, soil results were also compared against NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) Waste Classification Criteria found in the NSW EPA (2014) Waste Classification Guidelines Part 1: Classifying Waste. Chemical assessment was required as the material included a mixture of soil and anthropogenic inclusions. Waste Classification CT1, SCC1 and TCLP1 criteria for General Solid Waste are displayed in Table 7.2. The relevant Waste Classification are listed below:

- NSW EPA Waste Classification CT1 Criteria for General Solid Waste
- NSW EPA Waste Classification TCLP1 and SCC1 Criteria for General Solid Waste

Table 6.2. Waste Classification Criteria for General Solid Waste.

NSW EPA (2014) General Solid Waste	CT1 (mg/kg)	CT2 (mg/kg)
ТРН		
TPH C ₆ – C ₉ Fraction	650	2,600
TPH C ₁₀ – C ₃₆ Fraction	10,000	40,000

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NSW EPA (2014) General Solid Waste	CT1 (mg/kg)	CT2 (mg/kg)
BTEX		
Benzene	10	40
Toluene	288	1,152
Ethylbenzene	600	2,400
Xylenes (Total)	1,000	40
PAHs		
Benzo (a) Pyrene	0.8	3.2
Total PAHs	200	800
Heavy Metals		
Arsenic	100	400
Cadmium	20	80
Chromium (VI)	100	400 (as CrVI)
Lead	100	400
Mercury	4	16
Nickel	40	160
PCBs		
Total PCBs	50	50
Pesticides		
Total Pesticides	250	1000

7.3 Assessment Criteria for Groundwater

Groundwater analytical results were assessed against the guidelines listed below, with adopted groundwater criteria summarised in Table 7.3:

- Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality (ANZG) (2018) Default Guideline Values for Marine Waters with 95% protection level, noted to be generally consistent with NEPM (2013) Groundwater Investigation Levels (GILs) for Marine Waters taken from Table 1C.
- NEPM (2013) Groundwater HSLs: HSL A/B Residential use (required for secondary school buildings) for sandy soil taken from Table 1A(4).
- PFAS National Environmental Management Plan (2020) (NEMP 2020) Human Health (nonpotable and recreational uses) and Ecological (slightly to moderately disturbed ecosystem) criteria.
- Consideration of aesthetic impacts to groundwater on site during sampling activities with respect to maintaining visual amenity.

NEPM (2013) Groundwater Site Suitability Criteria	ANZG 95% toxicant criteria for Marine Waters / NEPM (2013) GILs for Marine Waters (µg/L)	Groundwater HSL A&B for 2m to <4m Depth and Sand Soil Type (μg/L)
Benzene	700 (ANZG) / 500 (NEPM)	800
Toluene	180	NL

Table 6.3. Adopted Groundwater Site Suitability Criteria

NEPM (2013) Groundwater Site Suitability Criteria	ANZG 95% toxicant criteria for Marine Waters / NEPM (2013) GILs for Marine Waters (μg/L)	Groundwater HSL A&B for 2m to <4m Depth and Sand Soil Type (µg/L)
Ethylbenzene	80	NL
Xylenes (o)	75 (ANZG-unknown protection level) / 350 (NEPM)	NL
Xylenes (m+p)	200 (NEPM – as p-xylene only)	NL
Xylenes (Total)	-	NL
Naphthalene	70 (ANZG) / 50 (NEPM)	NL
F1	-	1000
F2	-	1000
Arsenic	13 / 24*	-
Cadmium	55 (ANZG) / 7 (NEPM)	-
Chromium	27 / 4.4**	-
Copper	1.3	-
Lead	4.4	-
Mercury	0.4 (ANZG) / 0.1 (NEPM)	-
Nickel	70 (ANZG) / 7 (ANZG)	-
Zinc	15	-
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.2	-
Naphthalene	16	-
Anthracene	0.4	-
Fluoranthene	1.4	-
Phenanthrene	2	-

*ANZG 0.013mg/L = AsV ; 0.024mg/L = AsIII

** ANZG/NEPM 27 μg/L = CrIII unknown protection level ; 4.4 μg/L = CrVI

Table 8.2 PFAS NEMP 2020 Criteria Values

Parameter	Health-based Guidance Values (Non- Potable and Recreational Use) (µg/L)	Aquatic Ecosystem: Freshwater/Marine Guideline Values 95% Species Protection* (μg/L)
PFOS	-	0.13
PFOA	10	220
PFOS + PFHxS	2	-

*Note 3 of Table 5 in NEMP (2020) states 'The WQG advise that the 99% level of protection be used for ...slightly to moderately disturbed systems. This approach is generally adopted for chemicals that bioaccumulate and biomagnify in wildlife.'

Given that NEMP (2020) criteria have been applied as a screening measure only, the 95% Species Protection Guideline Values have been adopted.

7.4 Assessment of Ground Gas

NSW EPA (2020) Hazardous Ground Gas Guidelines will be adopted with respect to assessment of landfill gas. This will include consideration of gas concentration, flow rate, gas screening values, characteristic gas situation and prevailing atmospheric pressure.

It is considered that use of SafeWork NSW (2018) Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants is appropriate for use in the Gas Monitoring Well Network beneath the site. It should be noted that the recorded concentrations are taken within the ground and the criteria are designed to be applied to the atmosphere thus adding a further layer of conservatism. Where site users and construction workers are present in these areas, it is considered unlikely that they would be exposed to concentrations in the ground or that their exposure time will be greater than 8hrs per day and consequently the adopted criteria would also be protective of their health.

- SafeWork NSW (2018) TWA screening criteria for hydrogen sulfide: 10 ppm
- SafeWork NSW (2018) TWA screening criteria for carbon monoxide: 30 ppm
- Additionally, AS2865 1995 Safe Working in a Confined Space guidelines will used for oxygen (>19.5%v/v).



8 Field Observations and Laboratory Results

8.1 Subsurface Observations & Soil Laboratory Results

The key observations made during the works conducted are summarised as follows:

- Surface conditions consisted of areas of exposed site soils where the concrete slab had been removed and areas of crushed sandstone where the capping layer had been placed.
- A summary of ground conditions from each of the investigation areas is presented below. Detailed ground conditions are documented in test pit logs presented in Appendix H and results summary tables are presented in Appendix B. A photographic log is presented in Appendix J.

Location	Field Observations	Laboratory	Notes
UST Location 1 30 November 2021	Three (3) test pits (TS1-1, TS1-2 and TS1-3) to the north, west and south of the UST location. A slab was located to the east on the adjoining property preventing construction of a test pit. Encountered soils comprised either sand or silty clay fill from surface to approx. 0.4-0.6 m below ground level (mbgl), underlain by fill sands to end depth (1 mbgl). Soil samples were collected from the first fill layer and the underlying sand fill layer for each test pit (TL 6 soil samples). Hydrocarbon odour was noted from approximately 0.4-0.6m below ground level (mbgl), with sheen noted in encountered water seepage. One grab sample of water was collected.	screening criteria are listed below: • TRH >C10-16 in TS1-3_0.2-0.4 (590mg/kg) and TS1-3_0.6-0.8 (120mg/kg) above adopted HSL criteria.	This has been identified as a location requiring remediation as part of the main works. Location has been recorded to allow tank removal during main remediation works. Temporarily left in situ beneath geotextile marker and capping material. Survey location shown in Figure 9, grid 7A.
UST Location 2 3 December 2021	Four (4) test pits (TS2-1, TS2-2, TS2-3 and TS2-4) to the north, west, south and east of the UST location. Encountered soils comprised either clayey sand or sandy clay fill from surface to approx 1.0 mbgl, underlain by fill sands to end depth (2.0 mbgl). Soil samples were collected from the first fill layer and the underlying sand fill layer for each test pit (TL 8 soil samples). Hydrocarbon odour was noted from approximately 0.4-0.6m below ground level (mbgl), with sheen noted in encountered water seepage. One grab sample of water was collected.	 (950mg/kg) above adopted HSL criteria, and management limit criteria for TS2-2_1.0-1.2. Exceedances of adopted preliminary waste classification criteria are listed below: BaP in TS2-2_0.4-0.6 (2.1mg/kg) and TS2-3_1.2-1.4 (2.2mg/kg) above CT1 criteria for GSW. 	This has been identified as a location requiring remediation as part of the main works. Location has been recorded to allow tank removal during main remediation works. Temporarily left in situ beneath geotextile marker and capping material. Survey location shown in Figure 9, grid 4G.
		The grab sample was analysed for BTEX. No exceedances of adopted criteria were recorded for the water grab sample.	
Location	Two test pits in this location, one in the north (WB1) and one in the south (WB2). Encountered soils comprised sandy clay fill from surface to end depth (1.0 mbgl).	Exceedances of adopted site screening criteria are listed below: • TRH >C10-16 in WB1_0-0.2 (600mg/kg) above adopted HSL A/B criteria. Given that the Wash Bay area is not located	This is not identified as a location requiring remediation. Location has been recorded. Location

Table 9.1: USTs and Former Infrastructure Preliminary Findings

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Location	Field Observations	Laboratory	Notes
	Soil samples were collected from near surface and at depth for each test pit (TL 4 samples).	in a proposed building footprint area, HSL A/B does not apply.	shown in Figure 9 in yellow.
		Exceedances of adopted preliminary waste classification criteria are listed below:	
		BaP in WB1_0-0.2 (0.84mg/kg) and WB2_0.8-1.0 (2.2mg/kg) above CT1 criteria for GSW.	I
Former Mechanic Pit Location	 Identified during concrete pull. One test pit in this location. 	Exceedances of adopted site screening criteria are listed below:	This has been identified as a location requiring remediation as part of the main works. Location has been recorded. Some soils removed from within the pit have been tested and confirmed as Restricted Solid Waste (RSW) and will be removed as part of remediation works. Survey location shown in Figure 8, as 'contaminated area'.
24 November 2021	gravel, sand, silt and clay fill with inclusions of demolition waste (incl. bricks and concrete) from surface to end depth (1.0 mbgl). Soil samples were collected form near surface and at depth (TL 3 samples). Hydrocarbon odour was noted from approximately 0.4-0.6m below ground level (mbgl), with sheen noted in encountered water seepage. One grab sample of water was collected.	 TRH >C6-10 in VEX1-3 (51mg/kg) above adopted HSL criteria. TRH >C10-16 in VEX1-2 (700mg/kg) and VEX1-3 (910mg/kg) above adopted HSL criteria. TRH >C16-34 in VEX1-2 (18000mg/kg) and VEX1-3 (4300mg/kg) above adopted management limit criteria. Exceedances of adopted preliminary waste classification criteria are listed below: TPH C10-C36 in VEX1-2 (20,000mg/kg) above CT1 criteria for GSW. 	
		The grab sample was analysed for BTEX, TRH and PAH. No exceedances of adopted criteria were recorded for the water grab sample, however concentrations of hydrocarbons indicated impacts from the former mechanics pit.	

8.1.1 Asbestos Observations During Marker Layer Inspections

During site surface inspections prior to placement of the marker layer and cap as part of the early works area, three asbestos-containing fibre cement fragments material (ACM) were observed on the surface in the northeast of the site on exposed fill soils. The fragments were confirmed to contain asbestos by a licenced asbestos assessor and were removed from the site with a surface clearance certificate issued by a Licensed Asbestos Assessor prior to placement of the marker layer. The locations of the observed fragments are shown in Figure 5, Appendix A.

It is noted that historical investigations also identified ACM in soils at the site, specifically the west and centre of the site. ACM will still be present in underlying soils beneath the marker layer across the site.

8.2 **Groundwater Observations & Laboratory Results**

Groundwater Observations 8.2.1

The following section presents an overview of field observations of groundwater encountered during groundwater sampling activities. Copies of field observations sheets are provided in Appendix I.

- Standing water levels were measured between 0.72m bgl in GG09 and 1.75 GG01.
- No phase separated hydrocarbon (PSH) or hydrocarbon sheen was observed during groundwater sampling.
- Groundwater quality field parameters are summarised below: in Table 8.2.

Well ID	Temp (°C)	рН	Redox (mV)	Dissolved Oxygen (ppm)	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Comments
GG01	22.6	9.42	-128.1	14.3	4.386	Clear to slightly turbid, no odour or sheen noted
GG05	21.9	9.77	-98.6	0.62	1.397	no odour or sheen noted
GG06	23.8	8.87	-71.2	0.08	1.255	Clear to slightly turbid, no odour or sheen noted
GG09	20.9	8.02	-119.4	0.34	0.869	Clear to turbid, no odour or sheen noted

Table 9.2 Groundwater Physiochemical Parameters

Groundwater conditions were slightly alkaline to alkaline (pH 8.02 to 9.77). Reducing conditions were recorded in all groundwater wells. Electrical conductivity ranged between 0.869 mS/cm and 4.386 mS/cm, indicating brackish groundwater conditions.

8.2.2 Groundwater Results

Groundwater results from sampled wells GG01, GG05, GG06 and GG09, were either below laboratory detection limits or adopted criteria, with the following exceptions:

- Copper in GG01, GG05 and GG06 at concentrations ranging between 0.002 mg/L and 0.008 mg/L, above the adopted ANZG (2018) marine 95% protection default guideline value of 0.0013 mg/L.
- Ammonia in GG01 and GG05 at concentrations of 5.3 mg/L and 2.3 mg/L, respectively, above the adopted ANZG (2018) marine 95% protection default guideline value of 0.91 mg/L.

Metals concentrations are considered to be representative of background concentrations for heavily urbanised areas of Sydney.

The presence of ammonia can be attributed to either landfill conditions in the wider area or from the degradation of buried vegetation as the area was formerly covered in mangroves. It is noted that higher pH levels result in higher ammonia concentrations, and lower pH levels result in higher ammonium concentrations, with the concentrations of ammonia and ammonium directly proportional to pH.. Above pH 9 most ammonium converts to ammonia. Stabilised pH in GG01 and GG05, wells with the highest ammonia concentrations, were pH 9.42 and 9.77 respectively. This suggests that the higher ammonia concentrations are attributable to the higher pH (>9) in these locations, with concentrations reflective of localised pH conditions rather than reflecting conditions throughout groundwater at the site.

Per-and-poly fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) were detected in all sampled wells. Concentrations were comparable between all tested locations (PFOS $0.13 - 0.51 \mu g/L$, PFOA $0.02 - 0.08 \mu g/L$, PFHxS $0.02 - 0.12 \mu g/L$), including upgradient (GG09) and downgradient (GG01) locations. This suggests that migration of PFAS onto the site from adjoining areas is likely and that the recorded PFAS concentrations in groundwater are likely representative of regional conditions given that much of the peninsula area is former landfill.



8.2.3 Groundwater Continuous SWL Results

A level logger and barometric pressure logger were deployed in well GG2 on 22 November 2021 at 10:00am and retrieved on 8 December 2021 at 1:30pm, with a total deployment period of two weeks and three days. Raw pressure data was converted to produce submergence levels, which were then adjusted to provide standing water level (SWL) values. SWL ranged between 1.87 mbgl (22.11.21, 10:00am) and 1.64 mbgl (30.11.21, 12:30pm). Groundwater sampling on 1 December 2021 required temporary removal of the level logger, which resulted in several non-representative readings, which were removed from the dataset for the purpose of chart generation.

Comparison of continuous SWL data from against tidal data for Wentworth Point (Transport for NSW Tides 2021-2022 chart, converted for location within Paramatta River) did not reveal any obvious tidal influence on groundwater at the site, however comparison against daily rainfall (BOM Sydney Olympic Park Weather Station) did identify that SWL decrease (i.e. water level rose) following rainfall events, and decrease (i.e. water level fell) during subsequent periods of now rainfall. Charts comparing SWL against tides for Wentworth Point are presented in Appendix B.

8.3 Ground Gas Observations and Results

The following section presents an overview of field observations and weather conditions encountered during the ground gas monitoring activities. Gas monitoring results are provided in Appendix B and calibration certificates are presented in Appendix D.

8.3.1 Atmospheric Conditions

Falling atmospheric pressure may be associated with movement/egress of gas from the ground surface. As recommended in NSW EPA (2020), a worst-case meteorological scenario is to be determined by a fifth percentile three-hour pressure decrease based on a two-year (April 2019 to March 2021) data set for Bureau of Meteorology (BOM) weather station at Sydney Airport (No.066037). The data identifies a pressure drop of 2.3mb in a 3-hour period.

Landfill gas monitoring using hand-held instruments was conducted on 16 November 2021. Daily weather observations are readily available online and are presented for 9am and 3pm (a 6-hour period) in Appendix E and thus monitoring for the worst-case scenario event was to be timed in an effort to achieve a 4.6mb or greater drop over a 6-hour period for hand-held monitoring. Atmospheric conditions during continuous monitoring were able to be assessed against a 2.3mb decrease over a 3-hour due to the availability of hourly data.

Hand-held Landfill Gas Monitoring:

12:00pm to 2:00pm on 16 November 2021: 9am (1015.9mb) and 3pm (1017.1mb) = 1.2 mb increase.

Worst-case scenario conditions did not eventuate during the hand-held monitoring round.

Continuous Monitoring:

A Gas Flux unit was deployed in well GG1 on 16 November 2021at 4:50pm and retrieved on 6 January 2022 at 1:15pm, with a total deployment period of seven weeks and two days. The Gas Flux unit collected continuous (hourly) data for methane, carbon dioxide, oxygen, carbon monoxide, hydrogen sulfide, borehole flow and barometric pressure. It is noted that during the deployment of the Gas Flux unit in well GG1, 'worst-case meteorological scenario' conditions eventuated on several occasions (based on site specific 3-hourly barometric pressure data collected by the Gas Flux unit). The greatest five pressure drops are summarised below:

• 18 November 2021 – 11:58pm (1020.79mb) and 15:03pm (1017.43) = 3.36 mb decrease.

- 19 November 2021 12:19am (1015.51 mb) and 3:23am (1011.67 mb) = 3.84 mb decrease.
- 25 November 2021 12:15pm (1012.15mb) and 3:20pm (1008.79mb) = 3.36 mb decrease.
- 7 December 2021 11:31am (1014.07mb) and 2:35pm (1010.71mb) = 3.36 mb decrease.
- 9 December 2021 12:27am (1015.51mb) and 3:32am (1011.19mb) = 4.32 mb decrease.

Pressure drops recorded by the Gas Flux unit were generally consistent with those reported by BOM weather station at Sydney Airport.

8.3.2 Ground Gas Results

A summary of landfill gas monitoring results collected as part of the DGI is presented in Appendix B. The results can be summarised as follows:

- Standing water levels were recorded between 0.49m bgl (GG10 and GG12) and 1.94m bgl (GG2). No full flooding of response zones was recorded, with unflooded response zones ranging between 0.14m (GG12) and 1.24m (GG2), enabling screening of ground gas conditions in the surrounding geology for all monitored wells.
- Methane concentrations above the adopted NSW (2020) criteria of 1% v/v were recorded in GG1 (4.2%v/v), GG4 (2.3%v/v) and GG10 (15.1%v/v). Methane concentrations are summarised below in Table 9.4.
- Borehole gas flow ranged between <0.1 and 0.3 L/hr (GG3 and GG10). A negative flow of -0.6 L/hr was also noted in GG1.
- Carbon concentrations above the adopted NSW (2020) criteria of 5%v/v were recorded in GG1 (6.0%v/v), GG3 (7.2%v/v), GG4 (6.0%v/v), GG5 (6.2%v/v) and GG6 (5.6%v/v). Carbon dioxide concentrations are summarised below in Table 9.4.
- Oxygen concentrations below the minimum 19.5%v/v guideline presented in AS2865 1995 Safe Working in a Confined Space were recorded in all wells. Oxygen concentrations are summarised below in Table 9.4.
- Hydrogen sulfide was recorded at concentrations ranging from <1 to 3 ppm, below the SafeWork NSW (2018) TWA screening criteria of 10 ppm.
- Carbon monoxide was recorded at concentrations ranging from <1 to 3 ppm below the SafeWork NSW (2018) TWA screening criteria of 30 ppm.
- The Gas Flux unit deployed in well GG1 successfully collected hourly ground gas data between 16 November 2021 and 6 January 2021. A graphical representation of the results is presented in Appendix B and the spreadsheet of downloaded data can be provided on request. Concentrations of methane ranged from below detection limits (<0.01%v/v) to 2.74%v/v. Methane concentrations peaked in the period immediately following deployment and gradually decreased over the following two days before stabilising at <0.01%v/v by 12:00pm on 18 November 2021. Between 18 November 2021 and the end of the deployment period (6 January 2021), concentrations fluctuated between <0.01%v/v and 0.05%v/v.
- Following the stabilisation period (2 days after deployment), carbon dioxide ranged between 7.39%v/v and 10.52%v/v, oxygen ranged between 0.60%v/v and 2.74%v/v, hydrogen sulfide ranged between <0.01 and 0.67ppm, and carbon monoxide ranged between 0.01 and 1.62ppm.
- Borehole flow in GG01 ranged between 0 L/hr and 8.9 L/hr, with the maximum flow recorded on 18 November 2021 at 3pm during a worst-case scenario pressure drop event (3.36mb decrease over 3 hours).
- No odour was noted during monitoring activities.

Table 9.4: Ground Gas Results Summary

Well ID	Methane (%v/v)	Carbon Dioxide (%v/v)	Oxygen (%v/v)	Borehole Flow (L/hr)
Adopted Criteria	1%v/v	5%v/v	<19.5%v/v	N/A
GG01	4.2	6	0.8	-0.6
GG01 (Continuous Max.)	2.7	10.5	0.6	8.9
GG02	0.8	4.7	0	0.1
GG03	0	7.2	6.2	0.3
GG04	2.3	6	0	0.1
GG05	0	6.2	0.1	0
GG06	0	5.6	0	0
GG07	0.5	5.6	0	0.2
GG08	0.1	2	0	0
GG09	0.3	2.7	0	0
GG10	15.1	0.1	0.1	0.3
GG11		No	t Monitored	
GG12	0	4.6	3.5	0.1



9 Conceptual Site Model

The conceptual site model (CSM) has been adapted from the PB (2015) RAP which pertains to the site exclusively, and has been updated based on the DGI findings. The CSM incorporates site setting details, measures contamination concentrations, the geology, hydrogeology and surrounding land use in order to identify potentially significant source-pathway-receptor (SPR) linkages in relation to potential risks to human health and the environment.

9.1 Sources

The primary sources of the contaminants of potential concern (COPCs) were identified as the following:

- Fill material contaminated with heavy metals, benzo(a)pyrene, total recoverable hydrocarbons (TRH), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) and asbestos (bonded and friable).
- Hazardous ground gases generated by underlying filled organic materials and decaying organic matter in underlying sediments, including bulk gases such as methane, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and hydrogen sulfide as well as volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in the form of soil vapour.
- Former petroleum / diesel storage infrastructure including Underground Storage Tanks (USTs), Mechanics Pit and Wash Bay, potentially containing or leaking total recoverable hydrocarbons (TRH), benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylene (BTEX) and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs).
- Soils comprising iron sulfides. The predominant ASS sulfidic mineral is pyrite (FeS2), an iron disulfide. The subsequent exposure of oxygen and water leads to the generation of sulfuric acid.

9.2 Pathways

For an exposure to occur, a complete pathway must exist between the source of contamination and the receptor. Where the exposure pathway is incomplete, there is no exposure, and hence no risk.

An exposure pathway consists of the following elements:

- Source (e.g. spills, leaks, etc.).
- Release mechanism (e.g. leaching, volatilisation).
- Transport media (e.g. soil, groundwater, sediment, surface water, air).
- Exposure point, where the receptor comes in contact with the contamination (e.g. groundwater from an extraction bore, vapours inside a building or in ambient air).
- Exposure route (e.g. inhalation, ingestion, dermal contact).

Where the pathway for chemical from the source to the receptor is incomplete, there is no incremental risk due to the presence of that contamination.

Preferential Pathways

Preferential migration pathways typically includes more permeable granular material around existing sub-surface utilities that allows greater migration of impacted groundwater or soil gas / vapour when compared to the site geology. Preferential migration pathways for hazardous ground gas ingress into proposed buildings may include areas around foundations or service entries. The



potential effects of preferential migration pathways will need to be considered in any subsequent stages of assessment as more site specific data becomes available.

A review of the possible exposure pathways was provided in the PB (2015) RAP and was based on the proposed future use as high density residential development. This has been adapted for the site which is proposed for secondary school and outdoor open space uses as defined in NEPM (2013).

The primary pathways by which future site users could be exposed to the source of contamination on the site are considered to be:

- Direct contact (including accidental ingestion) with contaminated soil
- Inhalation of dust derived from contaminated soil (including asbestos fibres)
- Inhalation or explosion of hazardous ground gas during earthworks or due to accumulation in enclosed spaces.
- Migration of hazardous ground gases through potential preferential pathways in the fill into future site buildings, and subsequent inhalation due to accumulation in enclosed spaces or potential ignition and explosion.

The potential pathway by which the environment could be exposed to contamination is via the lateral migration of dissolved contaminants in shallow groundwater and subsequent discharge to surface water environment. Excavation of soil comprising iron sulfides may lead to the generation of sulfuric acid and leaching of metals which may be released to the nearby waterbodies.

9.3 Receptors

Given the proposed high school land use, the receptors of interest (onsite) include:

- Site users including students, staff and visitors
- Site workers (during bulk earthworks phase)
- Intrusive maintenance workers (post development)
- Users of adjacent areas, including the existing school playing field to the west and future playing field proposed to be located to the north although this area will be entirely capped
- Eventual site vegetation / plants as part of landscaping at the site
- Groundwater below the site which is considered to flow towards Parramatta River (ecological receptors) which is located to the north of the site
- Homebush Bay which is located to the east of the site (ecological receptors)

With respect to human receptors, direct contact with site soils following completion and opening of the school is considered very unlikely for site users (students, staff and visitors) and users of adjacent areas under normal circumstances, and thus no complete SPR linkage is considered to exist.

Hazardous ground gas pathways, including preferential pathways, will be considered as part of the design and implementation of gas mitigation measures. In line with the NSW (2020) Hazardous Ground Gas Guidelines, such gas mitigation measures are required to include multiple lines of contingency to prevent ingress of gas into site buildings, with built-in conservatism proportionate to the risk-rating. The eventual gas mitigation system will also be subject to verification testing and third-party audit as part of the validation process.

Onsite ecological receptors (vegetation/plants forming part of eventual landscaping at the site) are considered unlikely to have direct contact with potential contamination in site soils or groundwater



given that they would be planted in imported growing medium underlain by up to 2m of VENM, both of which will be validated against ecological criteria prior to import to the site.

With respect to the surface water receptors, Parramatta River and Homebush Bay, the surface water assessment completed by GHD in 2013 titled 'Report for Homebush Bay West Surface Water Investigation' concluded that there was 'no evidence of a significant pollutant linkage in respect of petroleum hydrocarbons in groundwater between the Stage 1 area and surface water quality in the adjacent Parramatta River'. Given these previous findings, that no petroleum hydrocarbon groundwater contamination has been identified in any of the tested groundwater wells including downgradient locations and the distance of over 100m between the site and Parramatta River, surface water ecosystems are not considered to have a potentially complete SPR linkage.

9.4 Potentially Complete SPR Linkages

The following scenarios are considered to present potentially complete SPR linkages:

- Direct contact (including accidental ingestion) with contaminated soil for site workers (during bulk earthworks phase) and intrusive maintenance workers (post development)
- Inhalation of dust derived from contaminated soil (including asbestos fibres) and hazardous ground gas for site workers (during bulk earthworks phase) and intrusive maintenance workers (post development). Explosion risk is also presented by hazardous ground gases.
- Migration of hazardous ground gases through potential preferential pathways in the fill into future site buildings, and subsequent inhalation due to accumulation in enclosed spaces or potential ignition and explosion represents a potentially complete SPR linkage if left unmitigated, however it is noted that this pathway will be removed by the eventual landfill gas protection system required to be design for the site in accordance with NSW (2020) hazardous Ground Gas Guidelines.
- Disturbance of soil sufides with the subsequent release of acid and metals into the surface waterbodies during bulk excavation and piling works.



10 Discussion

Discussion of the Data Gap Investigation findings is presented below.

10.1 USTs and Other Infrastructure

UST Location 1, UST Location 2 and the Former Mechanic Pit Location have been identified as areas requiring remediation due to the presence of remnant infrastructure, observations of hydrocarbon odour and sheen during test pitting, and several exceedances of adopted site suitability criteria for total recoverable hydrocarbons. Remediation requirements are outlined below in Section 11.

Preliminary waste classification of soils from these locations finds that soils currently have a classification of special waste (asbestos) - restricted solid waste due to several exceedances of CT1 criteria for benzo (a) pyrene and total petroleum hydrocarbons, and due to previous asbestos finds in the subsurface of the site. Confirmatory chemical testing including toxicity characteristic leachate procedure (TCLP) and silica gel clean up testing may lower the current waste classification of the soils to special waste (asbestos) - general solid waste (GSW) if results are favourable.

The Former Wash Bay Location was not identified as an area requiring location, with no observations of contamination made during investigation activities, and no exceedances of adopted HSL C criteria for secondary school grounds, given the wash bay area is located in a proposed school outdoor area.

10.2 Groundwater

Groundwater at the site does not require remediation, with chemical results considered to be representative of regional conditions given that much of the wider peninsula comprises former landfilled areas.

10.3 Ground Gas

Gas Rating

The gas screening value (GSV) using data from the DGI was calculated to be 1.34 L/hr (Max. Methane $(15.1\% v/v) \times Max$. BH Flow (8.9 L/hr), which gives a characteristic situation (CS) of CS3 (moderate risk). This is within the historical range for the site (CS2 to CS4) and therefore the current design assumptions for the gas mitigation system detailed in the Draft Design and Verification Plan (DVP) for CS4 can be retained.

Tidal Influence

Several charts have been generated including comparison between tidal cycle, rainfall, standing water level and ground gas concentrations at the site, which are presented in Appendix B. Ground gas concentrations (based on carbon dioxide, given that other gases were not present at concentrations high enough to provide meaningful indication of conditions) appeared to be primarily affected by diurnal effects, with no clear correlation to tidal cycles or standing water level. It is therefore concluded that tidal activity does not affect ground gas behaviour at the site.



11 RAP Amendments

Based on the findings of the DGI and the layout of the proposed development, Geosyntec recommends the following updates to the PB (2015) RAP for implementation during the remaining remediation and validation activities in order to make the site suitable for the proposed high school use. Validation works will be conducted in consideration of the locations of landscaped areas, proposed service trenches and piling locations, design plans for which are presented as Figures 7-9, 10 and 11, respectively.

11.1 Validation Criteria Update

Given that the proposed layout of the proposed high school development has been finalised, validation criteria for BTEX and TRH (health screening levels (HSL)) specific to the location of buildings and outdoor areas can be adopted, given that NEPM (2013) allocates separate criteria for secondary school buildings as opposed to secondary school grounds (outdoor areas).

HSL validation criteria will be adopted as follows, in accordance with NEPM (2013):

- School Building Footprints: HSL A/B
- School Grounds (outdoor areas): HSL C

Proposed building footprints are shown in Figures 3, 7 and 8. All other validation criteria will remain the same as those presented in the PB (2015) RAP.

11.2 Remediation of USTs and Other Infrastructure

Given the identification of former USTs and other infrastructure, an update to the PB (2015) RAP detailing specific remediation requirements for these areas is needed.

Remediation of UST Location 1, UST Location 2 and the Former Mechanic Pit Location is required as part of the main remediation works for the site based on the findings of the DGI. Remediation of these areas will include:

- Excavation of remaining infrastructure and impacted soils
- Waste classification and offsite disposal of excavated soils if unsuitable to be placed under the cap
- Validation of the remaining in-situ soils from the walls and base of the excavation
- Back-filling of the resulting excavation with validated imported fill
- Inclusion of the backfilled excavations beneath the final caping layer

Specific remediation and validation activities relating to the above (e.g. waste classification, validation of imported soils, validation of capping layer) will be conducted in accordance with the PB (2015) RAP, noting that if site-won fill soils are to be used beneath the cap, an assessment of risk towards potential receptors will also be made in addition to comparison against adopted criteria, given that the cap will act as a barrier to underlying fill soils.

11.3 Validation Works Sampling and Analysis Plan

A sampling and analysis plan for these activities is presented below in Table 11.1, which has been adapted from the sampling and analysis plan for validation works presented in the Auditor Endorsed Geosyntec (2021) SAQP:

Sampling Item	Validation Works - Sampling and Analysis Plan
Sampling Pattern /	Spoil / cut-to-fill material for onsite reuse
Density Rationale:	A minimum of one sample per 100m ³ will be collected in order to evaluate its suitability for reuse onsite. The number of samples required are not known at this stage, as it is understood that the cut and fill plan is currently being reviewed.
	The number of samples required to be collected for spoil material generated via piling, trenching and/or excavation works for the retention basins cannot be determined at this stage, as the volumes of material are unknown. However, the proposed sampling frequency of 1:100m ³ is considered to be adequate to determine reuse suitability.
	VENM/ENM material
	A minimum frequency of three samples for volumes less than 500 tonnes to verify the quality of the material, which aligns with the NSW EPA (2014) Excavated Natural Material Order.
	Waste Classification
	Materials that require offsite disposal will have one sample collected per source type (if there are distinct sources), or one sample per 250m ³ subject to a minimum of three samples.
	For soil stockpiles with a volume less than 200m ³ , the sampling frequency will be one sample per 25m ³ in accordance with the NEPM (2013).
	USTs and Mechanics Pit
	As part of validation of the USTs and Mechanics Pit, samples will be collected from the walls and base of the excavation following removal works in accordance with NSW EPA technical guidelines.
Soil Sampling Devices / Techniques	Samples will be collected by appropriately trained and experienced Geosyntec Environmental Scientists in accordance with standard operating procedures based on NEPM (2013), AS4482.1-2005, AS4482.2-1999 and other relevant guidelines made or approved by NSW EPA as appropriate.
	Soil samples will be collected using clean nitrile gloves taken from material not in direct contact with the sampling equipment e.g. excavator bucket. Soil samples will be collected by gloved hand from stockpiled materials.
Sampling Depths	Given the proposed bulk excavation works, it is anticipated that soil samples will mostly collect from either site surface or from stockpiles. Excavated spoil generated from piling is also likely to be sampled on site surface.
Selection of Samples for Analysis:	Soil that is observed having visual or olfactory indicators of contamination and/or have PID screening values above background levels will be selected. In lieu of soil displaying the above characteristics, a representative sample will be obtained as outlined in the sampling density rationale above.
Sample Splitting Techniques	Soil samples will be split into two parts with minimal disturbance or mixing to reduce loss of volatiles. One part will form the primary sample and the second part will be placed into a zip lock bag for PID screening. Where a duplicate or triplicate sample is required, a similar procedure will be adopted but the sample will be split into three or four parts respectively.
Sample Container Selection:	Soil and groundwater sample containers will be supplied by the laboratory and generally comprise glass jars / bottles with integrated Teflon seals to prevent loss of volatiles. Approved containers will be used for collection of groundwater PFAS samples.
Decontamination	Where possible disposable / dedicated sampling equipment will be used.
Procedures:	Reusable sampling equipment will be decontaminated between sampling events. The decontamination procedure will comprise brushing off loose soil / debris; scrubbing using a Decon 90 solution; rinsing with water; and, drying.
Sample Handling and Preservation	Soil samples will be logged using the USCS and details of any discolouration, staining, odours or other indicators of contamination noted.
Procedures:	Samples will be placed into laboratory supplied containers using a clean pair of nitrile gloves.
	Acid sulfate soil samples will be placed in snap lock bags and the air removed.
	Asbestos samples will be placed in double snap lock bags provided by laboratory.
	All sampling containers will be labelled with the project number, date, sampler initials and sample depth.
	The containers will be placed into a chilled Esky and transported to the laboratory under chain of custody procedures to ensure that extraction can occur within holding times.

Table 11.1 Validation Works – Sampling and Analysis Plan



Sampling Item Validation Works - Sampling and Analysis Plan

Field Calibration and
Screening ProtocolsCalibrated field instruments will be supplied by an environmental equipment supplier.
Measurement of background concentrations in ambient air will be conducted prior to each reading to
account for sensor drift. The result will be record on a field data sheet along with date, location
details (batch details) and depth.For PID sampling, a small hole will be punched into the zip lock bag sample. The tip of the PID will
be inserted into the bag and the maximum concentration noted on the borehole record sheet.

11.4 Reinstatement of Marker and Capping Layer Following Excavations

There are numerous cases in which excavation through the temporary capping and marker layer placed as part of the early works may be required during the main remediation works, such as services installation, for piling and remediation of the USTs and Mechanics Pit. Such excavations through the capping and marker layer may cause underlying potentially contaminated soils to be exposed. The following management measures should be implemented where excavations breach the capping and marker layer:

- Soils will be managed in accordance with Geosyntec (2021) CEMP Environmental Controls (Section 4 of CEMP), including appropriate stockpiling and classification of soils to be disposed of offsite.
- When the purpose of the excavation is completed, and any associated validation sampling has been conducted the marker layer and cap must be reinstated to meet the requirements of the capping strategy presented in the PB (2015) RAP, including placement of new marker with overlapping to provide continuity with adjoining marker, and backfilling with VENM.
- Where piles are used, no reinstatement will be required as the pile will occupy the diameter of the hole drilled with direct connection to adjoining marker layer.
- At the completion of final capping works, a final site surface survey will be conducted which will enable verification that the cap meets the minimum required thickness.

11.5 Management of Previously Placed Cap in the Western Portion of the Site

The minimum capping thickness of 500mm was exceeded in the western portion of the site along the proposed roadway (Ridge Road) as part of the Zoic 2019-2020 remediation works. It was understood at that time that the surplus imported VENM would be used for capping across the remainder of the site. Given that material from Ridge Road will be moved to achieve this, it is essential that management measures are implemented to ensure the requirement of a 500mm cap is maintained within in this previously validated area.

11.5.1 Use of Surplus Material During Early Works

The use of this surplus material commenced with the early works, with spreading across the remainder of the site to form a temporary cap to facilitate the main remediation works (as documented in the Geosyntec (2022) Interim Validation Report). During the scraping of surplus material from Ridge Road and placement across other areas of the site as part of the recent early works, care was taken to ensure that sufficient cap remained in the previously validated Ridge Road portion, with the level of Ridge Road still notably higher than the surrounding areas of the site.



11.5.2 Management of Previously Placed Cap During Main Remediation Works

There is no intention to excavate through the existing cap in the previously validated western portion of the site and therefore the integrity of the previously placed is unlikely to be compromised as part of planned remediation activities. However, in the event that excavations are required in this area, the procedures outlined above in Section 11.3 must be implemented to ensure that the remedial requirements presented in the PB (2014) RAP are still met, and the cap in the western portion of the site is not compromised. At the completion of final capping works, final survey data from the western portion of the site will be compared to Zoic (2019-2020) marker layer survey data in this area to ensure that a minimum 500mm of cap remains at the completion of remedial works.

11.6 Ground Gas Mitigation

Ground gas risks at the site are to be managed by the ground gas protection measures proposed to be incorporated into the school development. The remediation strategy items in the PB (2015) RAP relating to the Stage 1 area which includes the site currently only refers to levelling and capping activities. Ground gas protection measures are discussed for buildings proposed for the Stage 2 area, but not Stage 1 where the site is located, given that the end use of the site had not yet been determined at that time. An update to the PB (2015) RAP discussing the proposed ground gas mitigation system for the development is therefore required.

Geosyntec has prepared a draft Ground Gas Protection System (GGPS) Design and Verification Plan (DVP) for the site which includes design assumptions in line with the characteristic situation CS4 which was previously generated for the site, and confirmed to be appropriate by the DGI findings. The DVP is currently undergoing review by the Auditor. Once Auditor endorsement has been obtained, the DVP will be finalised and implemented. GGPS measures will be incorporated into the construction of the school buildings and the system will be validated in accordance with the DVP. Validation of the system will be documented in a separate GGPS validation report. At completion of the school grounds excluding the building footprints and one for the GGPS.

Following remediation and validation activities, a long term environmental management plan (EMP) will be prepared for the site which will document ongoing management requirements for the entire site including the GGPS.

11.7 Management Plan

Once the entire site has been remediated in accordance with the PB (2015) RAP and this RAP Addendum and has achieved Auditor sign off, a Long-Term Environmental Management Plan (LTEMP) is required for the ongoing site management.

The LTEMP must include as a minimum, a background of site contamination history, outline of remediation works completed, provisions/protocols for excavation within the cap, provisions/protocol for excavation below the marker layer, and provisions/protocols for any environmental monitoring.

11.8 Conclusion

On the basis of the DGI results, the site can be made suitable for the proposed high school development, providing that the requirements of the 2015 PB (2015) RAP and this RAP Addendum are implemented.



12 References

ANZG (2018) Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality.

AS 4482 (1999) Guide to the sampling and investigation of potentially contaminated soil. Standards Australia, Sydney.

HEPA (2020) PFAS National Environmental Management Plan, Version 2.0, January 2020 [NEMP 2.0].

NEPM (2013) National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, Schedule A and Schedules B(1)-B(9). National Environment Protection Council, Adelaide.

NHMRC/NRMMC (2011) Australian Drinking Water Guidelines. National Health and Medical Research Council and National Resource Management Ministerial Council of Australia and New Zealand.

NSW EPA (1995) Contaminated Sites: Sampling Design Guidelines. NSW EPA, Sydney.

NSW EPA (2014) NSW EPA Waste Classification Guidelines, Part 1: Classifying Waste

NSW EPA (2015) Contaminated Sites: Guidelines on the Duty to Report Contamination under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997. NSW DECC, Sydney.

NSW EPA (2017) Contaminated Land Management: Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (3rd edition). NSW EPA, Sydney.

NSW EPA (2020) Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Land - Contaminated Land Guidelines.

WA DoH (2009) Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia.



13 Limitations

This report has been prepared by Geosyntec Consultants Pty Ltd ("Geosyntec") for use by the Client who commissioned the works in accordance with the project brief only, and has been based in part on information obtained from the Client and other parties. The findings of this report are based on the scope of work outlined in Section 1. The report has been prepared specifically for the Client for the purposes of the commission, and use by any explicitly nominated third party in the agreement between Geosyntec and the Client. No warranties, express or implied, are offered to any third parties and no liability will be accepted for use or interpretation of this report by any third party (other than where specifically nominated in an agreement with the Client).

This report relates to only this project and all results, conclusions and recommendations made should be reviewed by a competent person with experience in environmental investigations, before being used for any other purpose. This report should not be reproduced without prior approval by the Client, or amended in any way without prior written approval by Geosyntec.

Geosyntec's assessment was limited strictly to identifying environmental conditions associated with the subject property area as identified in the scope of work and does not include evaluation of any other issues.

Changes to the subsurface conditions may occur subsequent to the investigations described herein, through natural processes or through the intentional or accidental addition of contaminants. The conclusions and recommendations reached in this report are based on the information obtained at the time of the investigation.

This report does not comment on any regulatory obligations based on the findings. This report relates only to the objectives stated and does not relate to any other work conducted for the Client.

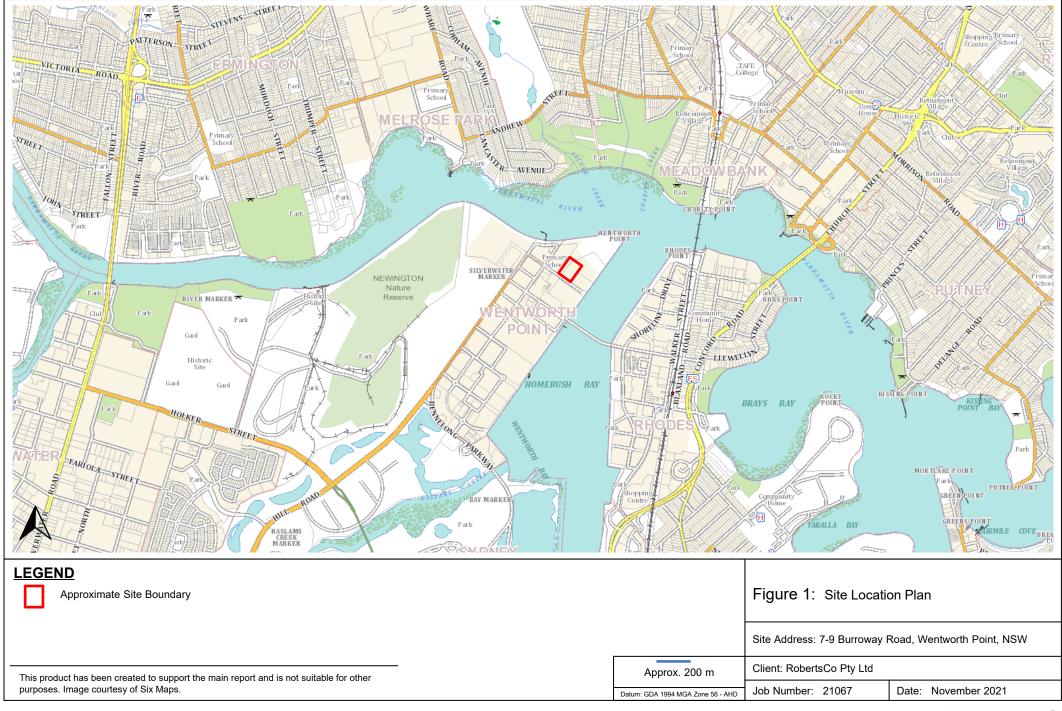
The absence of any identified hazardous or toxic materials on the site should not be interpreted as a guarantee that such materials do not exist on the site.

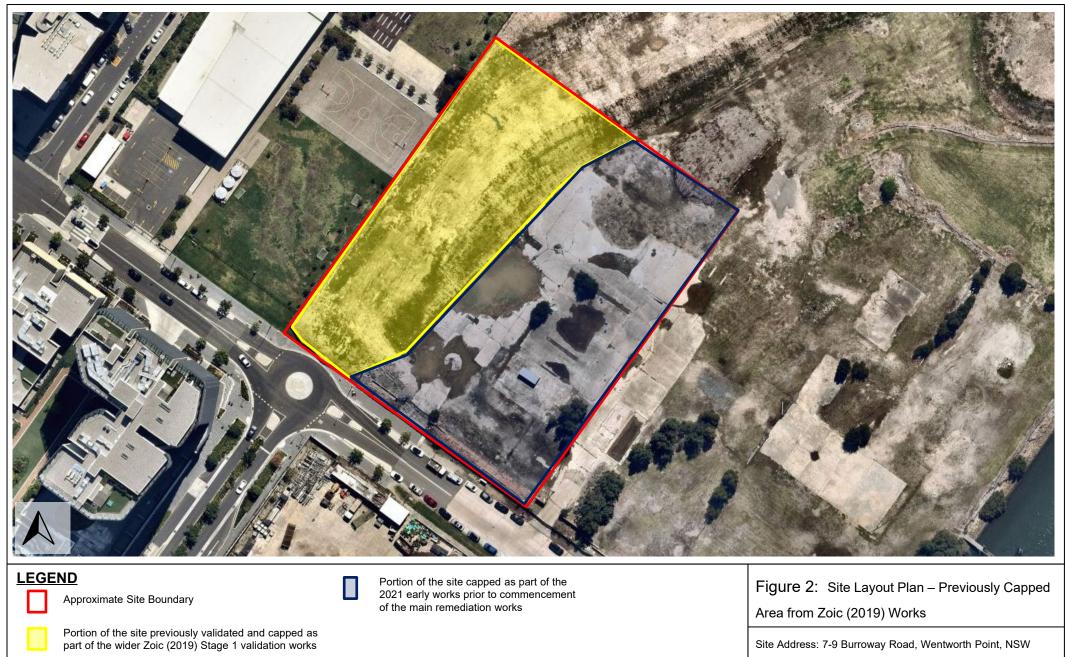
All conclusions regarding the site are the professional opinions of the Geosyntec personnel involved with the project, subject to the qualifications made above. While normal assessments of data reliability have been made, Geosyntec has not independently verified and assumes no responsibility or liability for errors in any data obtained from regulatory agencies, statements from sources outside of Geosyntec, or developments resulting from situations outside the scope of this project.

Geosyntec is not engaged in environmental assessment and reporting for the purpose of advertising sales promoting, or endorsement of any client interests, including raising investment capital, recommending investment decisions, or other publicity purposes. The Client acknowledges that this report is for its exclusive use.



Appendix A Figures



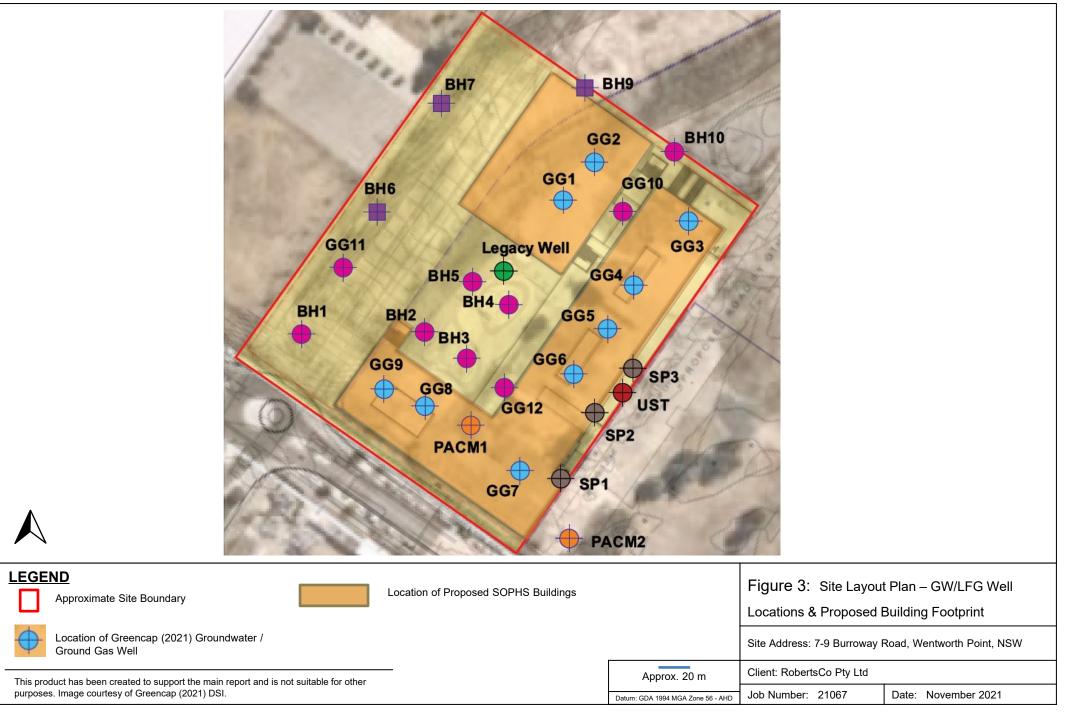


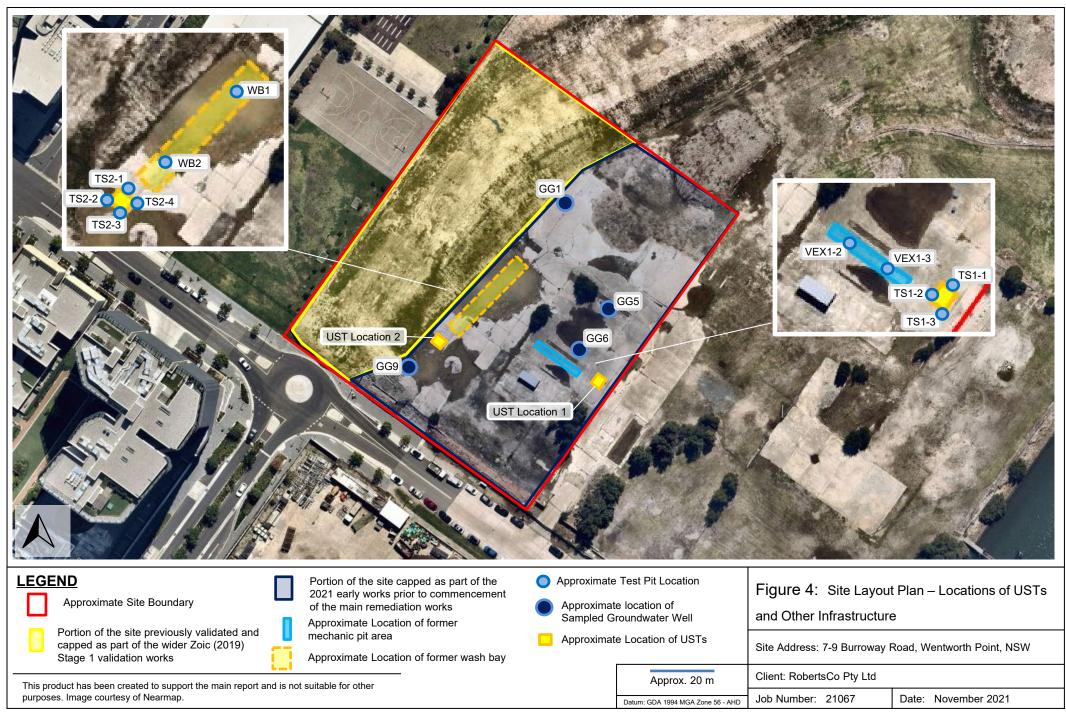
This product has been created to support the main report and is not suitable for other purposes. Image courtesy of Nearmap.

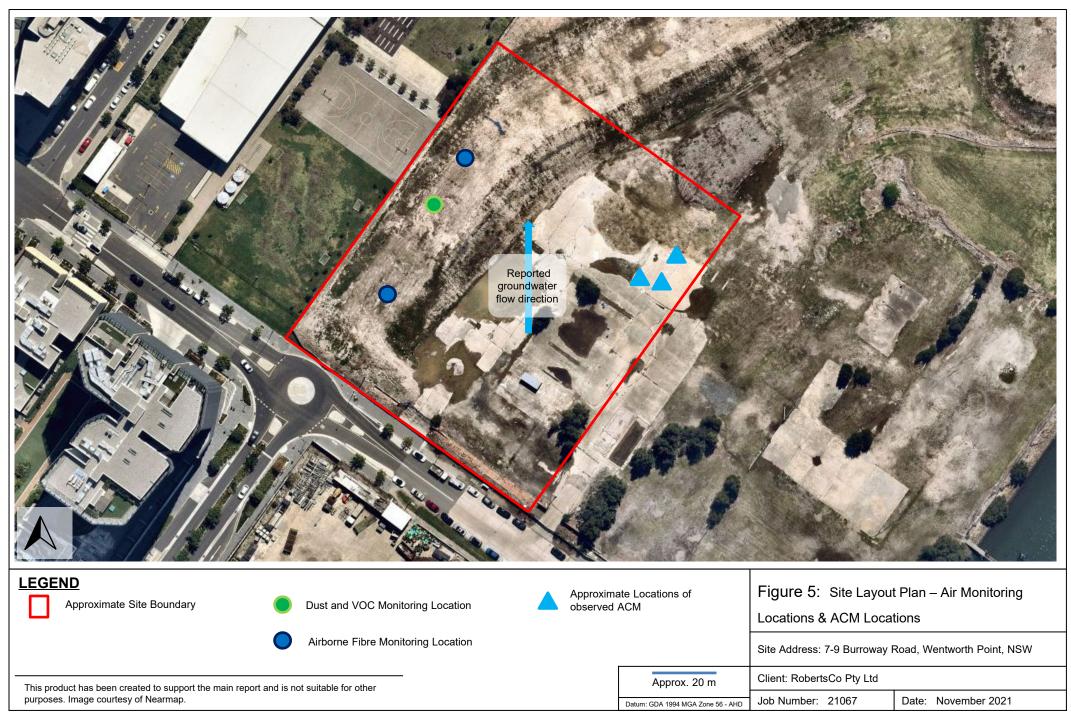
 Approx. 20 m
 Client: RobertsCo Pty Ltd

 Datum: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 56 - AHD
 Job Number: 21067
 Date: November 2021

Geosyntec^D









Site Address: 7-9 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point, NSW

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Approx. 20 m	Client: RobertsCo Pty Ltd	
Datum: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 56 - AHD	Job Number: 21067	Date: November 2021

Geosyntec[▷]





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SCALE

ISSUE DETAILED DESIGN

DRAWING TITLE

PROJECT DIRECTOR: MK

PROJECT NAME & ADDRESS SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK NEW HIGH SCHOOL

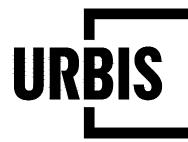
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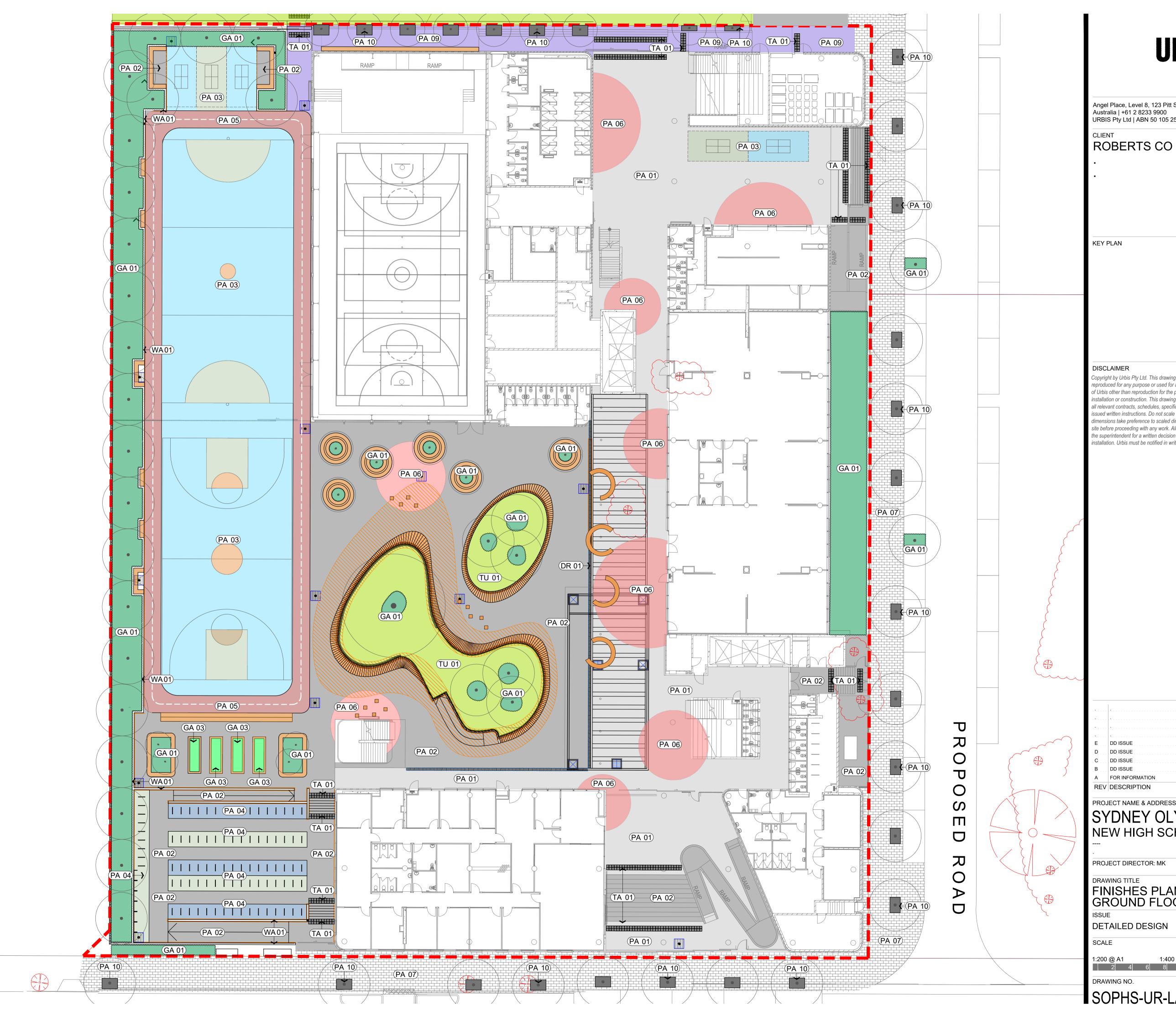
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KEY PLAN



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SCALE

DETAILED DESIGN

PROJECT NO. P0033179

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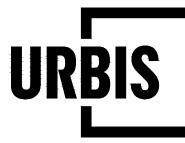
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PROJECT NAME & ADDRESS SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK NEW HIGH SCHOOL

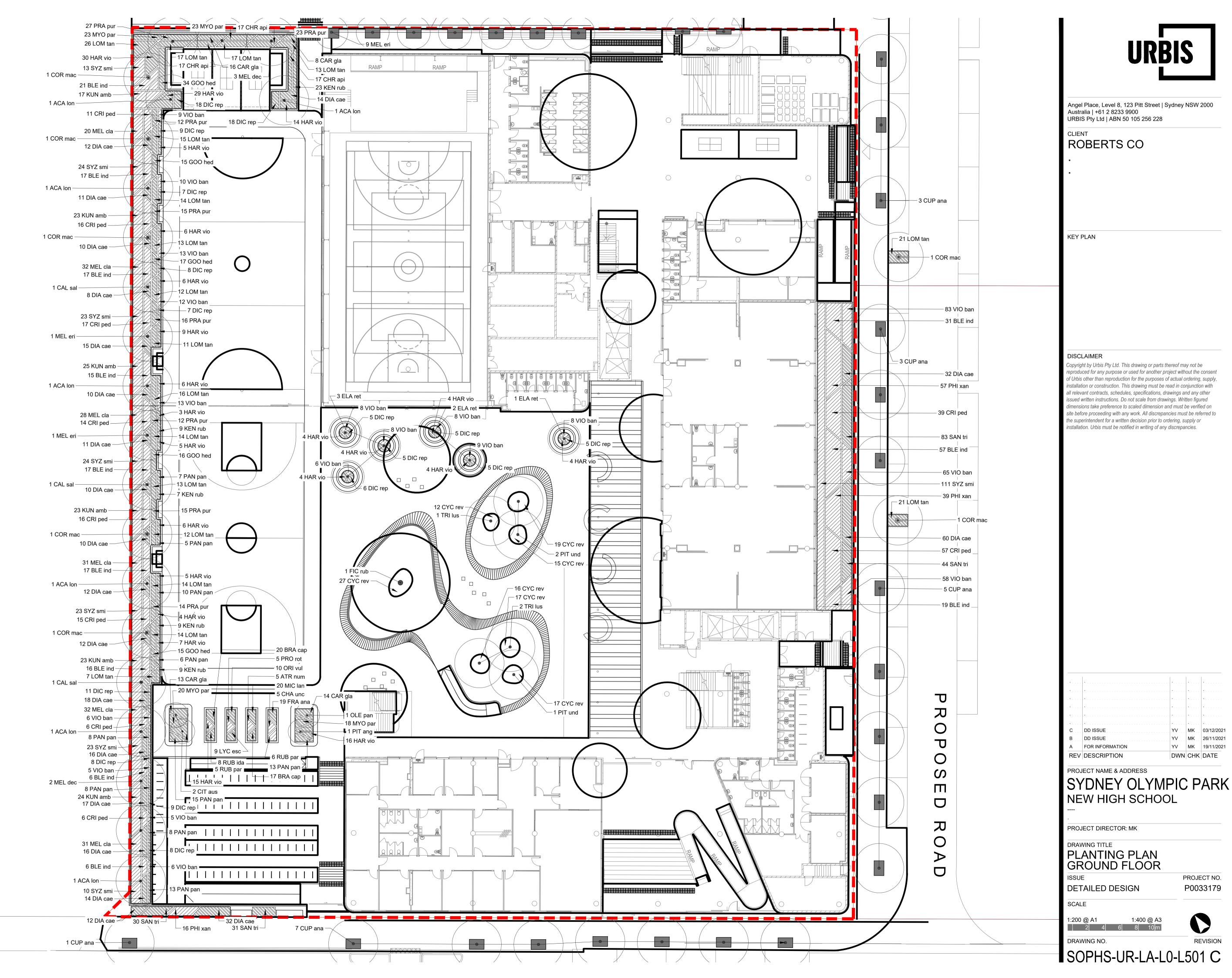
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MK 26/11/2021

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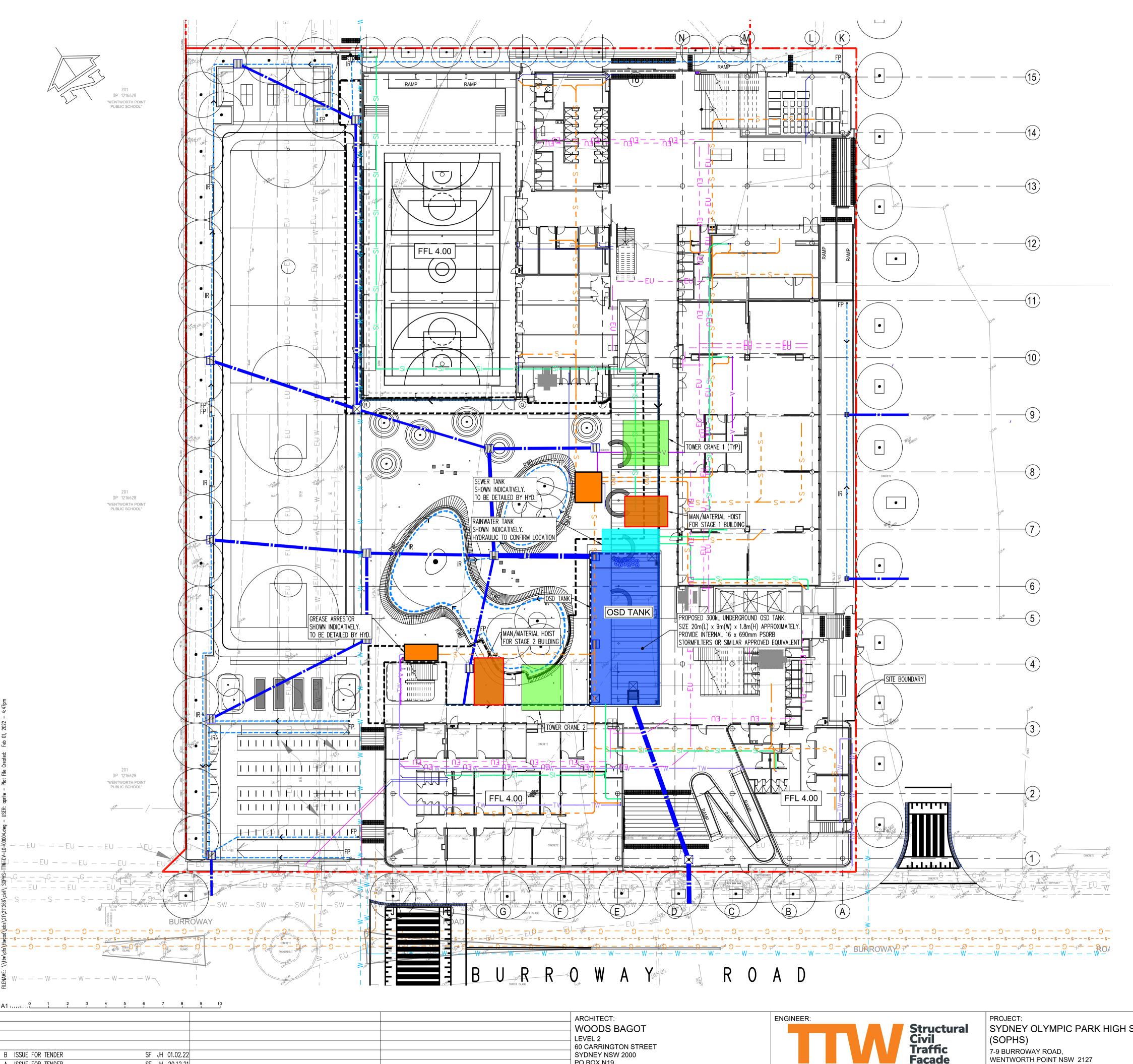
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D BOX N19 ROSVENOR PLACE NSW 1220 SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK HIGH SCHOOL IN-GROUND SERVICES PLAN WENTWORTH POINT NSW 2127

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EXISTING SERVICES LEGEND

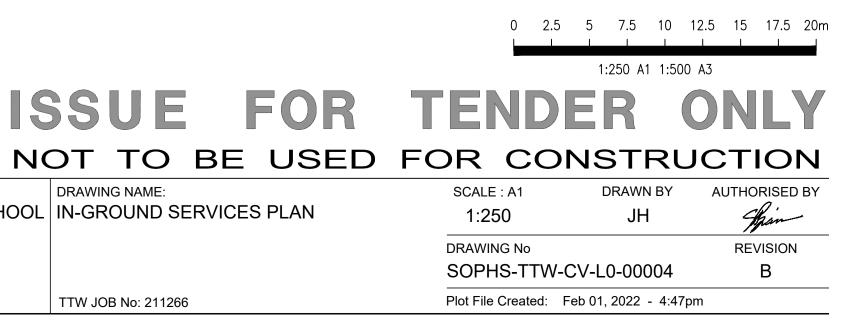
— S — — – S — — —	Existing sewer
- $ -$	Existing water
——————————————————————————————————————	Existing underground electrical
——————————————————————————————————————	Existing aerial electrical
$ \top$ $ \top$ $-$	Existing communications
— — — G — — — G —	Existing gas
SW	Existing stormwater

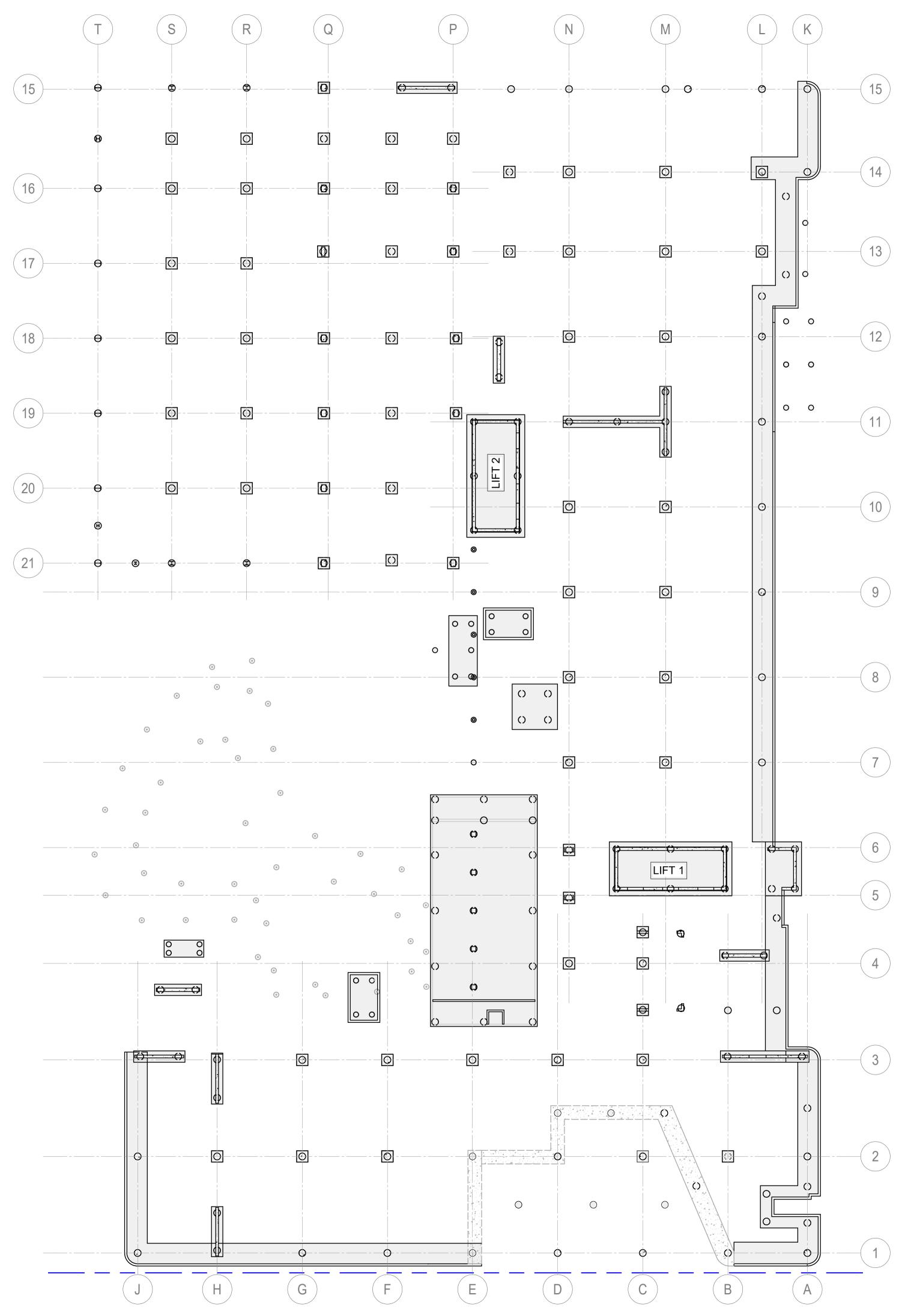
PROPOSED SERVICES LEGEND * Hydraulics Engineer (hyd.)

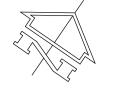
nyaraulies Engineer (nya.)	
* Electrical Engineer (elec.)	
- S	Proposed sewer (from hyd.)
- — — W —	Proposed water (from hyd.)
— — — G —	Proposed gas (from hyd.)
TW	Trade waste (from hyd.)
V	Vent (from hyd.)
- S	Sanitary Drainage (from hyd.)
SI	Siphonic Stormwater (from hyd.)
	Underground electrical (from elec.)
	Proposed stormwater pipe

NOTE:

- COORDINATION OF SERVICES UNDER BUILDINGS INCLUDING GROUND GAS REQUIREMENTS BY OTHERS.
- REFER TO SITE PLAN FOR RETAINING WALLS
- NO SERVICES CLASH DETECTION HAS BEEN UNDERTAKEN
- NO GROUND IMPROVEMENT (SETTLEMENT) SYSTEM IS SHOWN.









1. REFER TO 1:100 OUTLINE PLANS FOR DETAILED LAYOUTS

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Key Plan

Project SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK HIGH SCHOOL



NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



Appendix B Result Summary Tables and Charts

					BTEX							TRH						TPH			Metals
		m M/Maphthalene (VOC)	eu Beu Beu Mg/kg	au Toluene mg/kg	Ethy Ibenzene	Xylene (m & p) wg/kg	BA Kylene (o)	ax/84 Xylene Total	By/8 C6-C10 Fraction (F1)	but C6-C10 (F1 minus BarEX)	Bay >C10-C16 Fraction (F2)	3 >C10-C16 Fraction (F2 3 minus Naphthalene)	a sk/s S216-C34 Fraction (F3)	by by by Fraction (F4)	3 >C10-C40 Fraction 筋 (Sum)	mg/kg	gy/gg C10-C14 Fraction	mg/gg C15-C28 Fraction	ay C29-C36 Fraction	bad C10-C36 Fraction bay (Sum)	pea- mg/kg
EQL		1	0.2	0.5	1	2	1	3	25	25	50	50	100	100	50	25	50	100	100	50	1
	nt Limits in Res / Parkland, Coarse Soil				_	-	_	-	700		1.000		2.500	10.000							
NSW 2014 General Solid Waste CT1			10	288	600			1.000	,00		2,500		2,500	10,000		650				10,000	100
NSW 2014 Restricted Solid Waste C			40	1.152	2.400			4.000								2,600				40.000	400
	ISL for Vapour Intrusion, Sand, >=0m, <1m																				
	il HSL for Vapour Intrusion, Sand, >=0m, <1m	3	0.5	160	55			40		45		110									
NEPM 2013 Table 1A(1) HILs Rec C																					600
Field ID TS1-1 0.2-0.4	Date 30/11/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	<50	<50	<100	<100	<50	<25	<50	<100	<100	<50	2
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DUP1 (TS2-1_0.4-0.6)	30/11/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	<50	<50	<100	<100	<50	<25	<50	<100	<100	<50	14
TS2-1_1.0-1.2	30/11/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	30	30	530	530	620	<100	1,200	<25	200	960	<100	1,200	16
TS2-2_0.4-0.6	30/11/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	<50	<50	<100	<100	<50	<25	<50	<100	<100	<50	71
TS2-2_1.0-1.2	30/11/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	1,300	1,300	1,100	<100	2,400	<25	560	1,900	<100	2,400	2
TS2-3_0.4-0.6	30/11/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	<50	<50	<100	<100	<50	<25	<50	<100	<100	<50	12
TS2-3_1.2-1.4	30/11/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	61	61	140	<100	200	<25	<50	170	<100	170	34
TS2-4_0.4-0.6	30/11/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	<50	<50	<100	<100	<50	<25	<50	<100	<100	<50	10
TS2-4_1.2-1.4	30/11/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	950	950	1,200	<100	2,100	<25	410	1,700	<100	2,100	18
VEX1-2	25/11/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	31	31	700	700	18,000	4,400	23,000	<25	390	9,900	9,700	20,000	-
VEX1-3	25/11/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	51	51	910	910	4,300	990	6,200	<25	530	3,300	1,900	5,700	-
WB1_0-0.2	1/12/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	600	600	270	<100	870	<25	270	500	140	910	-
WB1_0.8-1.0	1/12/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	<50	<50	<100	<100	<50	<25	<50	<100	<100	<50	-
WB2_0.2-0.4	1/12/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	<50	<50	<100	<100	<50	<25	<50	<100	<100	<50	<u> </u>
WB2_0.8-1.0	1/12/2021	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	<50	<50	<100	<100	<50	<25	<50	<100	<100	<50	<u> </u>



											PAH									
		Benzo(b+j+k)fluoranth ax) ene	mg/gg	a Acenaphthylene	Anthracene My/8d	표 (a) anthracene a	Benzo(a) pyrene	Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ 청 calc (zero)	3 Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ S calc(half)	Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ a calc(PQL)	표 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	chrysene Bay/Ba	3 전 bibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/gg bg/gg	ana	Ball Indeno(1,2,3- a c,d)pyrene	mg/gg Maphthalene	Ba//Bhenanthrene	By/rene Ba/kg	Baths (Sum of Bay positives)
EQL		0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05
NEPM 2013 Table 1B(7) Management Limits i	n Res / Parkland, Coarse Soil	0.2	011	011	0.11	0.1	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.1	011	011	011	0.1	0.1	011	011	011	0.05
NSW 2014 General Solid Waste CT1 (No Leach							0.8													
NSW 2014 Restricted Solid Waste CT2 (No Leach							3.2													
NEPM 2013 Table 1A(3) Rec C Soil HSL for Var							- J.L													
NEPM 2013 Table 1A(3) Res A/B Soil HSL for V																	3			
NEPM 2013 Table 1A(1) HILs Rec C Soil								3	3	3										300
Field ID TS1-1 0.2-0.4	Date 30/11/2021	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05
TS1-1_0.2-0.4 TS1-1_0.6-0.8	30/11/2021	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	< 0.05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05
TS1-1_0.8-0.8 TS1-2 0.2-0.4	30/11/2021	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	< 0.05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05
TS1-2_0.2-0.4 TS1-2_0.8-1.0	30/11/2021	0.2	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	1.3	<0.05 6.6
TS1-3 0.2-0.4	30/11/2021	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.0
TS1-3_0.6-0.8	30/11/2021	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05
TS2-1 0.4-0.6	30/11/2021	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	< 0.05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05
DUP1 (TS2-1 0.4-0.6)	30/11/2021	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05
TS2-1_1.0-1.2	30/11/2021	0.3	<1	<1	<1	0.2	0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.1	0.2	<0.1	0.4	<1	<0.1	<1	<1	0.6	2.1
TS2-2 0.4-0.6	30/11/2021	2.1	<0.1	0.2	0.2	1.5	2.1	2.7	2.7	2.7	0.8	1.3	0.2	2.5	<0.1	0.6	<0.1	0.6	2.7	15
TS2-2 1.0-1.2	30/11/2021	<0.2	2.9	<1	3.7	0.1	0.08	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	0.4	4.2	<0.1	<1	3.9	0.6	16
TS2-3 0.4-0.6	30/11/2021	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	< 0.05
	30/11/2021	2.3	<0.1	0.4	1.0	1.9	2.2	2.8	2.8	2.8	0.8	1.6	0.1	3.6	0.3	0.6	0.1	1.9	3.5	20
 TS2-4_0.4-0.6	30/11/2021	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	0.67
	30/11/2021	0.6	<1	<1	<1	0.4	0.53	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.5	<0.1	1	<1	0.2	<1	<1	1.2	4.4
VEX1-2	25/11/2021	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	<0.05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.6	0.3	0.3	1.6
VEX1-3	25/11/2021	0.2	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.1	0.2	<0.1	0.4	0.3	<0.1	0.4	0.5	0.6	3.3
WB1_0-0.2	1/12/2021	1	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	0.7	0.84	1	1.1	1.1	0.3	0.6	<0.1	1.3	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	0.5	1.2	6.9
WB1_0.8-1.0	1/12/2021	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	< 0.05
WB2_0.2-0.4	1/12/2021	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.06	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.06
WB2_0.8-1.0	1/12/2021	2.0	<0.1	0.2	0.4	1.6	2.2	2.8	2.8	2.8	0.8	1.3	0.2	3.0	0.1	0.6	<0.1	1.0	2.9	16



				BTI	EX		BTEX TRH								
	-	3 Naphthalene (VOC)	Benzene M8/R	Toluene H8/r	T ^{da} T	전 지 Xylene (m & p)	Xylene (o) ۲	돈 C6-C10 Fraction (F1)	版 C6-C10 (F1 minus つ BTEX)	전 >C10-C16 Fraction (F2)	ස් >C16-C34 Fraction (F3)	西 万 万 (F4)			
EQL		0.001	1	1	1	2	1	10	10	50	100	100			
ANZG (2018) Marine Water 95% LOSP Toxicant DGVs		0.07	700	180	80										
NEPM(2013) Table 1C GILs, Marine Waters		0.05	500												
NEPM 2013 Table 1A(4) Res HSL A & B GW for Vapou	·Intrusion, Sand, >=2m, <4m		800						1,000						
NEPM 2013 Table 1A(4) Rec HSL C GW for Vapour Int	usion, Sand, >=2m, <4m														
Field ID Date	1														
GG01 1/12	/2021	< 0.001	<1	<1	<1	<2	<1	<10	<10	<50	<100	<100			
DUP 1 (GG01) 1/12	/2021	<0.001	<1	<1	<1	<2	<1	<10	<10	<50	<100	<100			
	/2021	<0.001	<1	<1	<1	<2	<1	<10	<10	<50	<100	<100			
	/2021	<0.001	<1	<1	<1	<2	<1	<10	<10	<50	<100	<100			
	/2021	<0.001	<1	<1	<1	<2	<1	<10	<10	<50	<100	<100			
Tripblank 1/12	/2021	<0.001	<1	<1	<1	<2	<1	<10	<10	-	-	-			



				Metals					Phenols	Inorganics
	Arsenic (filtered)	Cadmium (filtered)	Chromium (III+VI) (filtered)	Copper (filtered)	Lead (filtered)	Mercury (filtered)	Nickel (filtered)	Zinc (filtered)	Phenolics Total	Ammonia as N
	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	μg/L	mg/L
EQL	0.001	0.0001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.00005	0.001	0.001	50	0.005
ANZG (2018) Marine Water 95% LOSP Toxicant DGVs	0.013 / 0.024*	0.0055	0.0274 / 0.0044**	0.0013	0.0044	0.0004	0.07	0.015		0.91
NEPM(2013) Table 1C GILs, Marine Waters	0.013 / 0.024*	0.0007	0.027/ 0.0044**	0.0013	0.0044	0.0001	0.007	0.015		

Field ID	Date										
GG01	1/12/2021	0.002	<0.0001	<0.001	0.002	<0.001	<0.00005	0.001	<0.001	<50	5.3
DUP 1 (GG01)	1/12/2021	0.002	<0.0001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.00005	<0.001	<0.001	-	-
GG05	1/12/2021	0.004	<0.0001	<0.001	0.008	<0.001	<0.00005	<0.001	<0.001	<50	2.3
GG06	1/12/2021	0.002	<0.0001	<0.001	0.002	<0.001	< 0.00005	0.002	<0.001	<50	0.11
GG09	1/12/2021	0.003	<0.0001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.00005	<0.001	<0.001	<50	0.76
Tripblank	1/12/2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

*0.013mg/L = AsV ; 0.024mg/L = AsIII

** 0.0274 / 0.027mg/L = CrIII unknown protection level ; 0.0044mg/L = CrVI



			РАН															
		Benzo(b+j+k)fluoranth : ene	Acenaphthene	Acenaphthylene	Anthracene	Benz(a)anthracene	, Benzo(a) pyrene	, Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	Chrysene	, Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Fluoranthene	Fluorene	Indeno(1,2,3- c c,d)pyrene	Naphthalene	Phenanthrene	Pyrene	Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ	PAHs (Sum of positives)
		mg/L 0.002	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	mg/L	mg/L
EQL			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.005	0.001
ANZG (2018) Marine Water 95% LOSP Toxicant DGVs					0.4		0.2				1.4			70	2			
NEPM(2013) Table 1C GILs, Marine Waters														50				
NEPM 2013 Table 1A(4) Res HSL A & B GW for Vapour	Intrusion, Sand, >=2m, <4m																	
NEPM 2013 Table 1A(4) Rec HSL C GW for Vapour Intro	usion, Sand, >=2m, <4m																	
Field ID Date																		
GG01 1/12,	/2021	<0.002	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<0.005	0
DUP 1 (GG01) 1/12,	/2021	<0.002	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	< 0.005	0
GG05 1/12,	/2021	<0.002	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	< 0.005	0
GG06 1/12,	/2021	<0.002	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	< 0.005	0
GG09 1/12,	/2021	<0.002	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<0.005	0
Tripblank 1/12,	/2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



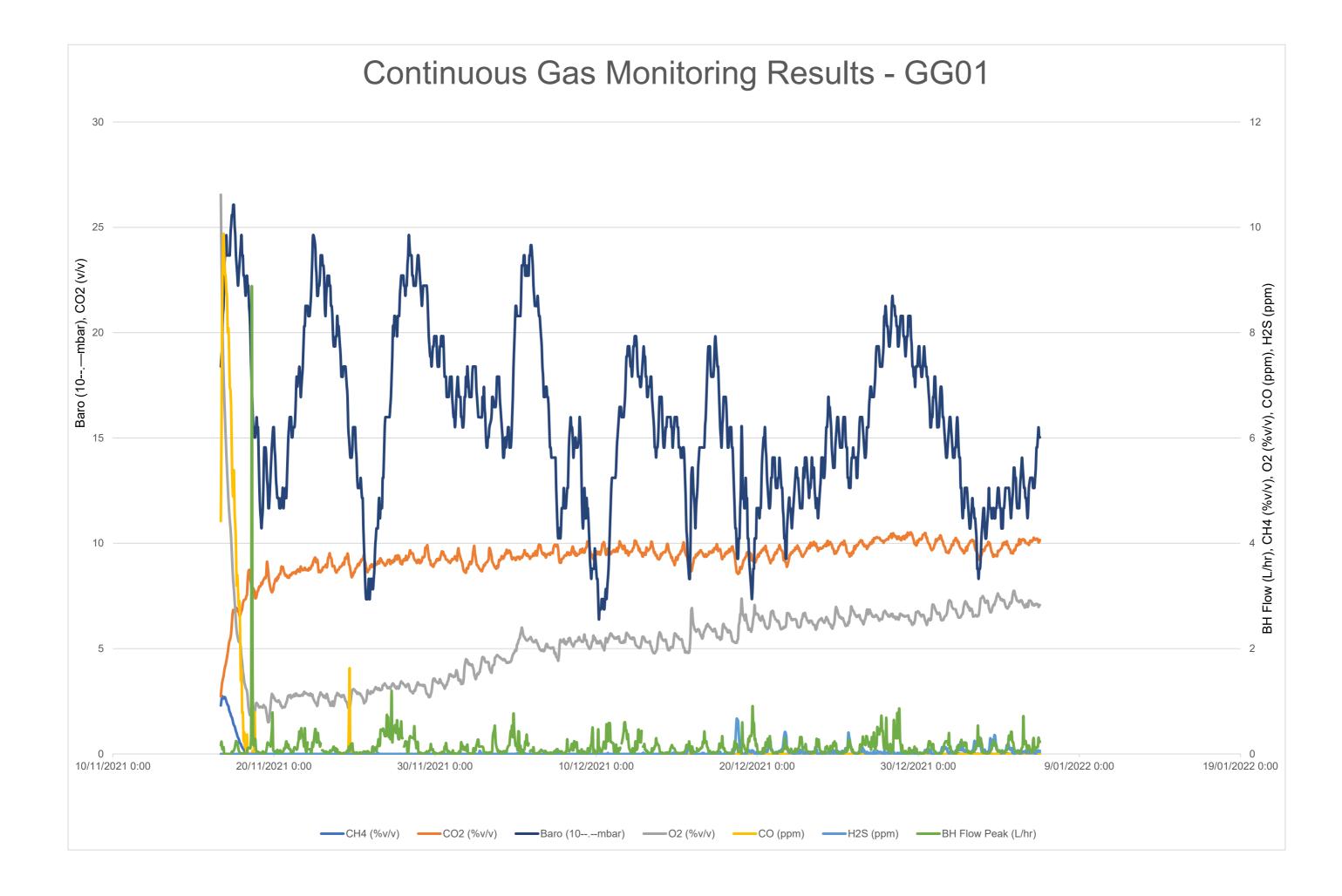
	Perfluoroalkane Carboxylic	(n:2) Fluorotelomer Sulfonic						
	Acids	Acid	ds	Perfluoroalkan	e Sulfonic Acids	PFAS		
	Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	6:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (6:2 FTS)	8:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (8:2 FTS)	Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS)	Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS)	Sum of PFHxS and PFOS	Sum of PFAS	Sum of PFAS (PFOS + PFOA)
	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L
EQL	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
PFAS NEMP 2020 Interim Marine 95%	220				0.13			
PFAS NEMP 2020 Interim Marine 99%	19				0.00023			
Field ID Date								

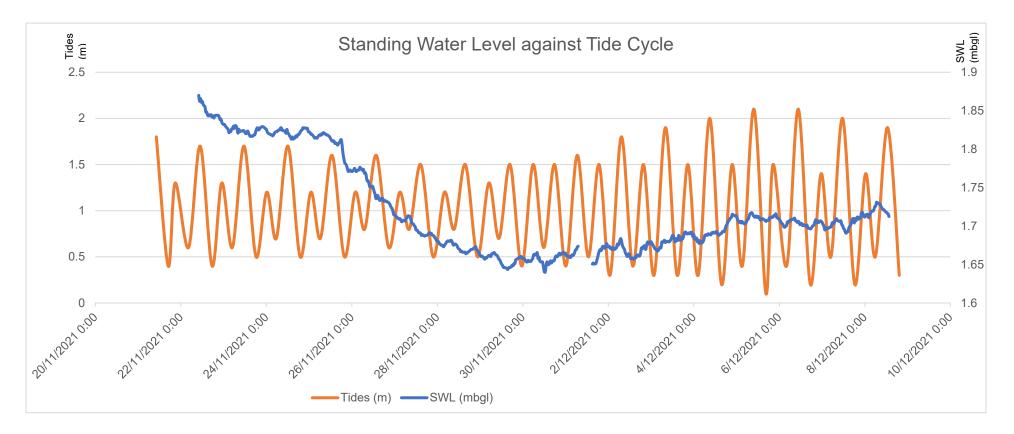
Field ID	Date								
GG01	1/12/2021	0.08	<0.01	<0.02	0.08	0.13	0.21	0.29	0.21
DUP 1 (GG01)	1/12/2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GG05	1/12/2021	0.02	<0.01	<0.02	0.07	0.51	0.59	0.61	0.54
GG06	1/12/2021	0.03	<0.01	<0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.07	0.05
GG09	1/12/2021	0.02	<0.01	<0.02	0.12	0.09	0.21	0.23	0.11
Tripblank	1/12/2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

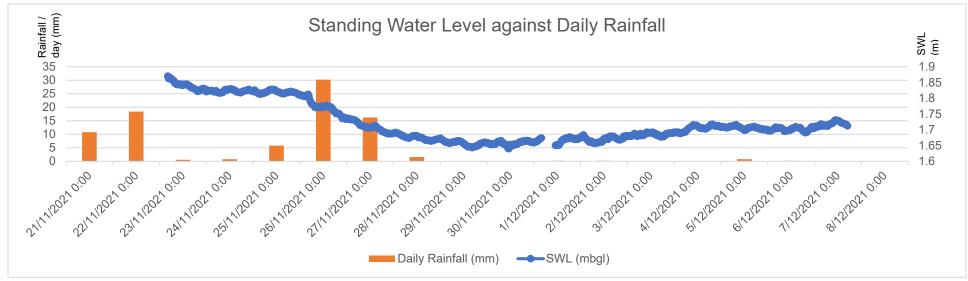


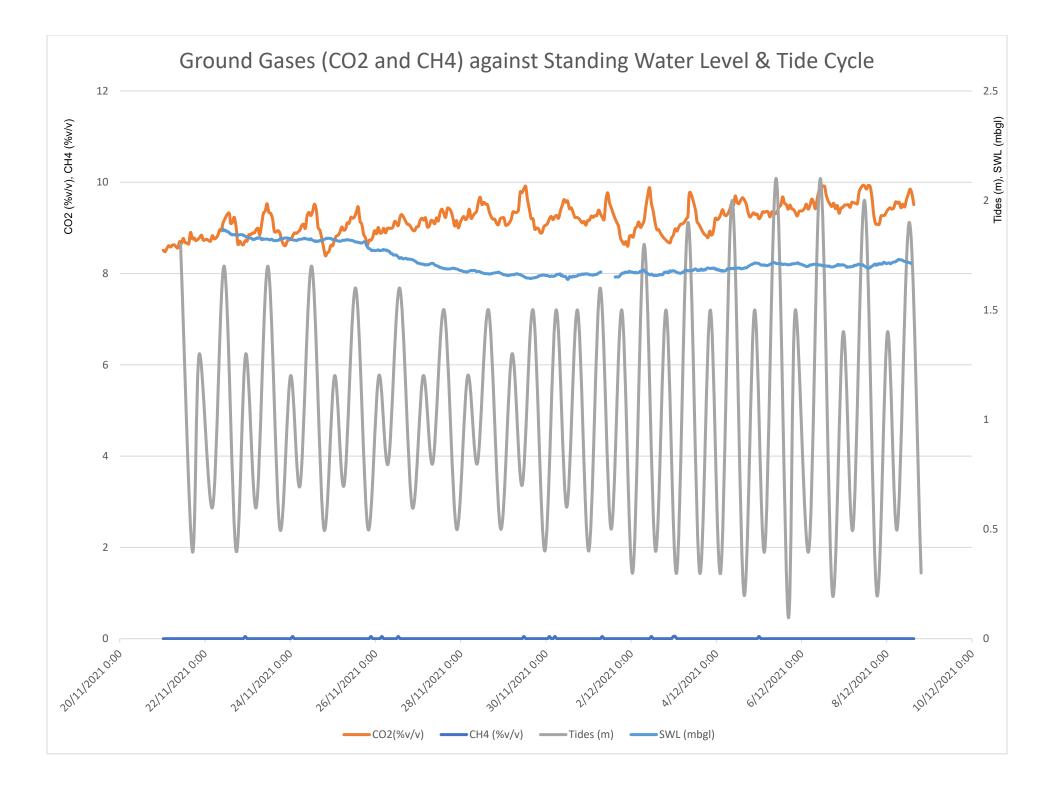
Date:	16.11.21				
Start time:	12:00pm	Start Pressure (GA5000):	1018mb	Sydney Airport Weather Station Pressure (BOM) 9am:	1015.9
End time:	2:00pm	End Pressure (GA5000):	1018mb	Sydney Airport Weather Station Pressure (BOM) 3pm:	1017.1
		Pressure Change:	0mb (neutral)	Pressure Change (6 hrs):	+1.2mb

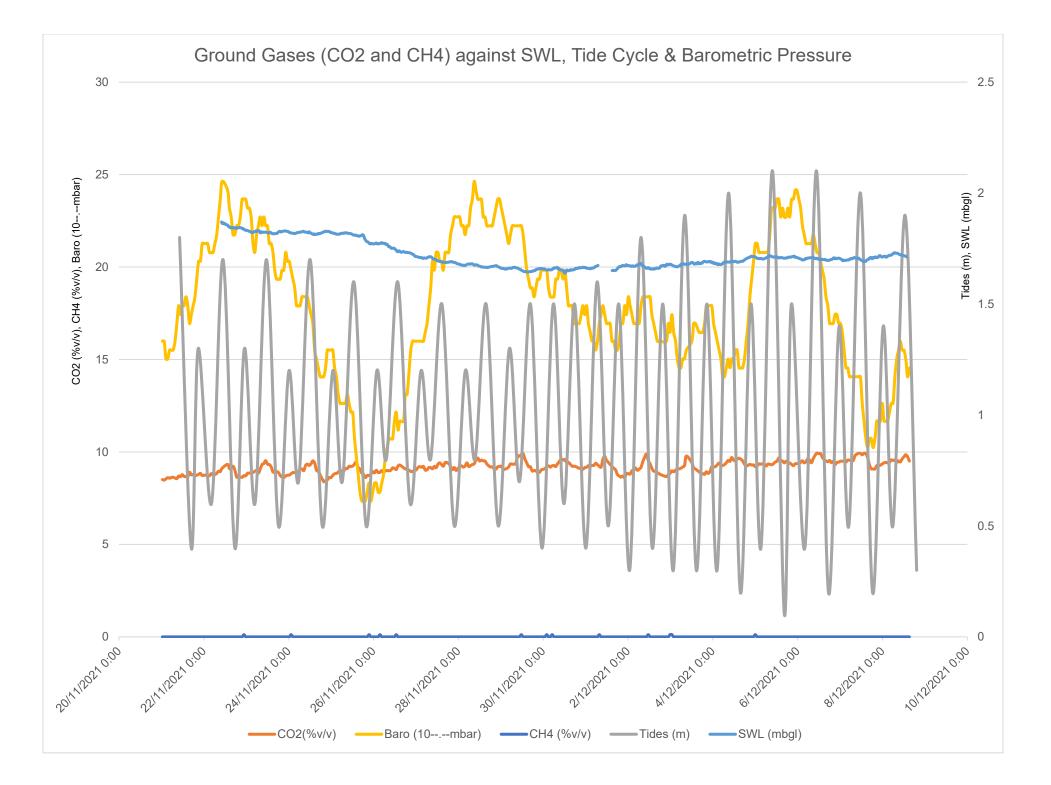
Parameter	Accuracy												
Well #		GG1	GG2	GG3	GG4	GG5	GG6	GG7	GG8	GG9	GG10	GG11	GG12
Date		16.11.21	16.11.21	16.11.21	16.11.21	16.11.21	16.11.21	16.11.21	16.11.21	16.11.21	16.11.21	16.11.21	16.11.21
Round #		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Methane (%v/v)	GA5000: +/- 3%@60% GFM: 0.2%@5%, 1.0%@30%, 3.0%@100%	4.2	0.8	0	2.3	0	0	0.5	0.1	0.3	15.1	-	0
Carbon Dioxide (%v/v)	GA5000: +/- 3%@40% GFM: 0.1%@10%, 3.0%@50%	6	4.7	7.2	6	6.2	5.6	5.6	2	2.7	0.1	-	4.6
Oxygen (%v/v)	GA5000: 0.2% GFM: 0.5%	0.8	0	6.2	0	0.1	0	0	0	0	0.1	-	3.5
Hydrogen Sulphide (ppm)	GA5000: 20 GFM: 5% of fs	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	3	-	3
Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	GA5000: 20 GFM: 5% of fs	0	1	2	1	3	2	1	1	2	2	-	3
Borehole Flow (L/hr)	GA5000: 0.5-3 GFM: 0.1 L/hr	-0.6	0.1	0.3	0.1	0	0	0.2	0	0	0.3	-	0.1
Borehole Pressure (Pa)	GA5000: 3 GFM: +300/-100Pa	-4	-0.03	0.1	0.1	-0.07	-0.07	0.02	0	0	0.15	-	-0.03
Slotted Section (m bgl) (Greencap (2021) DSI)	Not applicable	0.7 - 1.5	0.7 - 3.5	0.5 - 1.0	0.7 - 1.5	0.7 - 6.0	0.7 - 2.0	0.7 - 1.5	0.7 - 2.5	0.7 - 1.2	0.3 - 0.5	0.3 - 0.5	0.35 - 0.55
TL Well Depth (m bgl) (Greencap (2021) DSI)	Not applicable	1.5	3.5	1	1.5	6	2	1.5	2.5	1.2	0.5	0.5	0.55
TL Depth of Drilled Borehole (m bgl) (Greencap (2021) DSI)	Top of casing	2.5	3.5	3.9	1.7	8	2.3	1.6	3	1.2	3	0.5	3
Screened Soil Horizon (Greencap (2021) DSI)	Not applicable	Fill: 0.2 - 1.2 Fill?/Natural?: 1.2 - 2.6	Fill: 0.2 - 1.2 Fill?/Natural?: 1.2 - 2.6	Fill: 0 - 1.5 Fill?/Natural?: 1.5 - 2.7	Fill: 0.2 - 1.0 Fill?/Natural?: 1.0 - 1.5	Fill: 0.15 - 3.0 Fill?/Natural?: 3.0 - 6.0	Fill: 0.15 - 0.9 Fill?/Natural?: 0.9 - 2.3	Fill: 0 - 0.9 Fill?/Natural?: 0.9 - 1.6	Fill: 0 - 0.5 Fill?/Natural?: 0.5 - 2.6	Fill: 0 - 0.8 Fill?/Natural?: 0.8 - 1.2	Fill: 0.2 - 1.8 Fill?/Natural?: 1.8 - 2.5	Fill: 0 - 0.3 Fill?/Natural?: 0.3 - 0.5	Fill: 0.25 - 1.5 Fill?/Natural?: 1.5 - 2.3
Stickup (m)	Not applicable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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Appendix C Laboratory Certificates

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Contact Person: Hayden Davies 21067 - Wentworth Point Melbaurn Educ Fundalb Strides Protect Mar: Peter Moore PO No. Banger: Hayden Davies Date results required: Standard Address: Suite 1, level 9, 189 Kent street, Sydney 2000 Or choose standard Standard Melbaurn Educ Fundabbane Educines Phone: 92518070 Mob: 0451021512 Additional report format: esdat / equils / Melbaurn Educ Fundabbane Educines Individend advies@Geosyntlec.com additional report format: esdat / equils / Bate Status / Bate Status / Individend multipact multipact multipact formation Tests Required Commonstat Commonstat Madden davies@Geosyntlec.com additional report format: esdat / equils / Bate Status / Bate Status / Sample Information Tests Required Commonstat Commonstat Commonstat 1 TS1-1, 0,2-0,4 30/11/2021 x Image: status / Image: status / Image: status / 2 TS1-2, 0,2-0,4 30/11/2021 x Image: status / Image: status / Image: status / 3 TS1-2, 0,2-0,4 30/11/2021 X Image:	ite etc (ie report title):	ame / I	oiect N	Proj	Client I		Client:Geosyntec						Clie		
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Envirolab Services Pty Ltd ABN 37 112 535 645 12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067 ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201 customerservice@envirolab.com.au www.envirolab.com.au

SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE

Client Details	
Client	Geosyntec
Attention	Hayden Davies, Peter Moore, Edward Munnings

Sample Login Details	
Your reference	2107 - Wentworth Point
Envirolab Reference	284290
Date Sample Received	01/12/2021
Date Instructions Received	01/12/2021
Date Results Expected to be Reported	08/12/2021

Sample Condition	
Samples received in appropriate condition for analysis	Yes
No. of Samples Provided	19 Soil, 2 Water
Turnaround Time Requested	Standard
Temperature on Receipt (°C)	14
Cooling Method	Ice
Sampling Date Provided	YES

Comments
Nil

Please direct any queries to:

Aileen Hie	Jacinta Hurst
Phone: 02 9910 6200	Phone: 02 9910 6200
Fax: 02 9910 6201	Fax: 02 9910 6201
Email: ahie@envirolab.com.au	Email: jhurst@envirolab.com.au

Analysis Underway, details on the following page:



Envirolab Services Pty Ltd ABN 37 112 535 645 12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067 ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201 customerservice@envirolab.com.au www.envirolab.com.au

Sample ID	VTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Soil	svTRH (C10-C40) in Soil	PAHs in Soil	Acid Extractable metalsin soil	BTEX in Water
TS1-1_0.2-0.4	✓	✓	✓	✓	
TS1-1_0.6-0.8	✓	✓	✓		
TS1-20.2-0.4	✓	✓			
TS1-2_0.8-1.0	✓	✓			
TS1-30.2-0.4	✓	✓			
TS1-3_0.6-0.8	✓	✓			
TS2-1_0.4-0.6	✓	✓			
TS2-1_1.0-1.2	✓	✓			
TS2-2_0.4-0.6	✓	✓	✓	✓	
TS2-2_1.0-1.2	✓				
TS2-3_0.4-0.6	\checkmark	✓			
TS2-3_1.2-1.4	✓	✓	✓		
TS2-4_0.4-0.6	✓	✓			
TS2-4_1.2-1.4	\checkmark	✓	✓	\checkmark	
DUP1	✓	✓	✓	✓	
WB1_0-0.2	✓	\checkmark			
WB1_0.8-1.0	\checkmark	✓			
WB2_0.2-0.4	✓	✓	✓		
WB2_0.8-1.0	✓	✓	✓		
TS1-GW					\checkmark
TS2-GW					\checkmark

The ' \checkmark ' indicates the testing you have requested. THIS IS NOT A REPORT OF THE RESULTS.

Additional Info

Sample storage - Waters are routinely disposed of approximately 1 month and soils approximately 2 months from receipt.

Requests for longer term sample storage must be received in writing.

Please contact the laboratory immediately if observed settled sediment present in water samples is to be included in the extraction and/or analysis (exceptions include certain Physical Tests (pH/EC/BOD/COD/Apparent Colour etc.), Solids testing, Total Recoverable metals and PFAS analysis where solids are included by default.

TAT for Micro is dependent on incubation. This varies from 3 to 6 days.



Envirolab Services Pty Ltd ABN 37 112 535 645 12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067 ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201 customerservice@envirolab.com.au www.envirolab.com.au

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS 284290

Client Details	
Client	Geosyntec
Attention	Hayden Davies, Peter Moore, Edward Munnings
Address	Suite 1, Level 9, 189 Kent Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000

Sample Details	
Your Reference	2107 - Wentworth Point
Number of Samples	19 Soil, 2 Water
Date samples received	01/12/2021
Date completed instructions received	01/12/2021

Analysis Details

Please refer to the following pages for results, methodology summary and quality control data.

Samples were analysed as received from the client. Results relate specifically to the samples as received.

Results are reported on a dry weight basis for solids and on an as received basis for other matrices.

Please refer to the last page of this report for any comments relating to the results.

Report Details	
Date results requested by	08/12/2021
Date of Issue	06/12/2021
NATA Accreditation Number 29	1. This document shall not be reproduced except in full.
Accredited for compliance with	SO/IEC 17025 - Testing. Tests not covered by NATA are denoted with *

Results Approved By Dragana Tomas, Senior Chemist Liam Timmins, Chemist Manju Dewendrage, Prep Team Leader Thomas Lovatt, Chemist

Authorised By

Nancy Zhang, Laboratory Manager

Envirolab Reference: 284290 Revision No: R00



Page | 1 of 21

vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Soil						
Our Reference		284290-1	284290-2	284290-3	284290-4	284290-5
Your Reference	UNITS	TS1-1_0.2-0.4	TS1-1_0.6-0.8	TS1-2_0.2-0.4	TS1-2_0.8-1.0	TS1-3_0.2-0.4
Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
TRH C6 - C9	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25
vTPH C_6 - C_{10} less BTEX (F1)	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25
Benzene	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Toluene	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
m+p-xylene	mg/kg	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
o-Xylene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Naphthalene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Total +ve Xylenes	mg/kg	<3	<3	<3	<3	<3
Surrogate aaa-Trifluorotoluene	%	95	99	115	100	105

vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Soil						
Our Reference		284290-6	284290-7	284290-8	284290-9	284290-10
Your Reference	UNITS	TS1-3_0.6-0.8	TS2-1_0.4-0.6	TS2-1_1.0-1.2	TS2-2_0.4-0.6	TS2-2_1.0-1.2
Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	mg/kg	<25	<25	30	<25	<25
vTPH C ₆ - C ₁₀ less BTEX (F1)	mg/kg	<25	<25	30	<25	<25
Benzene	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Toluene	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
m+p-xylene	mg/kg	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
o-Xylene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Naphthalene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Total +ve Xylenes	mg/kg	<3	<3	<3	<3	<3
Surrogate aaa-Trifluorotoluene	%	107	106	101	106	104

vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Soil						
Our Reference		284290-11	284290-12	284290-13	284290-14	284290-15
Your Reference	UNITS	TS2-3_0.4-0.6	TS2-3_1.2-1.4	TS2-4_0.4-0.6	TS2-4_1.2-1.4	DUP1
Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25
vTPH C ₆ - C ₁₀ less BTEX (F1)	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25
Benzene	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Toluene	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
m+p-xylene	mg/kg	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
o-Xylene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Naphthalene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Total +ve Xylenes	mg/kg	<3	<3	<3	<3	<3
Surrogate aaa-Trifluorotoluene	%	95	97	101	102	96
vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Soil						
Our Reference		284290-16	284290-17	284290-18	284290-19	
Your Reference	UNITS	WB1_0-0.2	WB1_0.8-1.0	WB2_0.2-0.4	WB2_0.8-1.0	

Our Reference		284290-16	284290-17	284290-18	284290-19
Your Reference	UNITS	WB1_0-0.2	WB1_0.8-1.0	WB2_0.2-0.4	WB2_0.8-1.0
Date Sampled		1/12/2021	1/12/2021	1/12/2021	1/12/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25	<25
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25	<25
vTPH C ₆ - C ₁₀ less BTEX (F1)	mg/kg	<25	<25	<25	<25
Benzene	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Toluene	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1
m+p-xylene	mg/kg	<2	<2	<2	<2
o-Xylene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1
Naphthalene	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	<1
Total +ve Xylenes	mg/kg	<3	<3	<3	<3
Surrogate aaa-Trifluorotoluene	%	103	110	103	106

svTRH (C10-C40) in Soil						
Our Reference		284290-1	284290-2	284290-3	284290-4	284290-5
Your Reference	UNITS	TS1-1_0.2-0.4	TS1-1_0.6-0.8	TS1-2_0.2-0.4	TS1-2_0.8-1.0	TS1-3_0.2-0.4
Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
TRH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	450
TRH C15 - C28	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	260
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
Total +ve TRH (C10-C36)	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	710
TRH >C10 -C16	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	590
TRH >C ₁₀ - C ₁₆ less Naphthalene (F2)	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	590
TRH >C ₁₆ -C ₃₄	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	150
TRH >C34 -C40	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
Total +ve TRH (>C10-C40)	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	<50	740
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%	90	94	87	84	98

svTRH (C10-C40) in Soil						
Our Reference		284290-6	284290-7	284290-8	284290-9	284290-10
Your Reference	UNITS	TS1-3_0.6-0.8	TS2-1_0.4-0.6	TS2-1_1.0-1.2	TS2-2_0.4-0.6	TS2-2_1.0-1.2
Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
TRH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	mg/kg	87	<50	200	<50	560
TRH C15 - C28	mg/kg	<100	<100	960	<100	1,900
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
Total +ve TRH (C10-C36)	mg/kg	90	<50	1,200	<50	2,400
TRH >C ₁₀ -C ₁₆	mg/kg	120	<50	530	<50	1,300
TRH >C10 - C16 less Naphthalene (F2)	mg/kg	120	<50	530	<50	1,300
TRH >C16 -C34	mg/kg	<100	<100	620	<100	1,100
TRH >C34 -C40	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
Total +ve TRH (>C10-C40)	mg/kg	120	<50	1,200	<50	2,400
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%	95	89	#	81	#

svTRH (C10-C40) in Soil						
Our Reference		284290-11	284290-12	284290-13	284290-14	284290-15
Your Reference	UNITS	TS2-3_0.4-0.6	TS2-3_1.2-1.4	TS2-4_0.4-0.6	TS2-4_1.2-1.4	DUP1
Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
TRH C10 - C14	mg/kg	<50	<50	<50	410	<50
TRH C ₁₅ - C ₂₈	mg/kg	<100	170	<100	1,700	<100
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
Total +ve TRH (C10-C36)	mg/kg	<50	170	<50	2,100	<50
TRH >C ₁₀ -C ₁₆	mg/kg	<50	61	<50	950	<50
TRH >C10 - C16 less Naphthalene (F2)	mg/kg	<50	61	<50	950	<50
TRH >C16 -C34	mg/kg	<100	140	<100	1,200	<100
TRH >C ₃₄ -C ₄₀	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
Total +ve TRH (>C10-C40)	mg/kg	<50	200	<50	2,100	<50
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%	83	100	77	#	79

svTRH (C10-C40) in Soil					
Our Reference		284290-16	284290-17	284290-18	284290-19
Your Reference	UNITS	WB1_0-0.2	WB1_0.8-1.0	WB2_0.2-0.4	WB2_0.8-1.0
Date Sampled		1/12/2021	1/12/2021	1/12/2021	1/12/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
TRH C10 - C14	mg/kg	270	<50	<50	<50
TRH C15 - C28	mg/kg	500	<100	<100	<100
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	mg/kg	140	<100	<100	<100
Total +ve TRH (C10-C36)	mg/kg	910	<50	<50	<50
TRH >C ₁₀ -C ₁₆	mg/kg	600	<50	<50	<50
TRH >C ₁₀ - C ₁₆ less Naphthalene (F2)	mg/kg	600	<50	<50	<50
TRH >C16 -C34	mg/kg	270	<100	<100	<100
TRH >C34 -C40	mg/kg	<100	<100	<100	<100
Total +ve TRH (>C10-C40)	mg/kg	870	<50	<50	<50
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%	93	87	80	85

PAHs in Soil						
Our Reference		284290-1	284290-2	284290-3	284290-4	284290-5
Your Reference	UNITS	TS1-1_0.2-0.4	TS1-1_0.6-0.8	TS1-2_0.2-0.4	TS1-2_0.8-1.0	TS1-3_0.2-0.4
Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Naphthalene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Fluorene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.5	<0.1
Anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	<0.1
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	1.1	<0.1
Pyrene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	1.3	<0.1
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.6	<0.1
Chrysene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.7	<0.1
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	0.9	<0.2
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	0.84	<0.05
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	<0.1
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.4	<0.1
Total +ve PAH's	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	6.6	0.2
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc (zero)	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	1.0	<0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc(half)	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	1.1	<0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc(PQL)	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	1.1	<0.5
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%	94	93	88	86	87

PAHs in Soil						
Our Reference		284290-6	284290-7	284290-8	284290-9	284290-10
Your Reference	UNITS	TS1-3_0.6-0.8	TS2-1_0.4-0.6	TS2-1_1.0-1.2	TS2-2_0.4-0.6	TS2-2_1.0-1.2
Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Naphthalene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<1	<0.1	<1
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<1	0.2	<1
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<1	<0.1	2.9
Fluorene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<1	<0.1	4.2
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<1	0.6	3.9
Anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<1	0.2	3.7
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	0.4	2.5	0.4
Pyrene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	0.6	2.7	0.6
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	1.5	0.1
Chrysene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	1.3	0.2
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.3	2.1	<0.2
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	0.2	2.1	0.08
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.6	<0.1
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	<0.1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	0.8	<0.1
Total +ve PAH's	mg/kg	<0.05	<0.05	2.1	15	16
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc (zero)	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	2.7	<0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc(half)	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	2.7	<0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc(PQL)	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	2.7	<0.5
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%	91	89	85	87	90

PAHs in Soil						
Our Reference		284290-11	284290-12	284290-13	284290-14	284290-15
Your Reference	UNITS	TS2-3_0.4-0.6	TS2-3_1.2-1.4	TS2-4_0.4-0.6	TS2-4_1.2-1.4	DUP1
Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Naphthalene	mg/kg	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	<1	<0.1
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	<0.1	0.4	<0.1	<1	<0.1
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<1	<0.1
Fluorene	mg/kg	<0.1	0.3	<0.1	<1	<0.1
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	<0.1	1.9	<0.1	<1	<0.1
Anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	1.0	<0.1	<1	<0.1
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.1	3.6	0.2	1	<0.1
Pyrene	mg/kg	<0.1	3.5	0.2	1.2	<0.1
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	1.9	<0.1	0.4	<0.1
Chrysene	mg/kg	<0.1	1.6	0.1	0.5	<0.1
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.2	2.3	<0.2	0.6	<0.2
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	<0.05	2.2	0.1	0.53	<0.05
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	<0.1	0.6	<0.1	0.2	<0.1
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	<0.1	0.8	<0.1	0.2	<0.1
Total +ve PAH's	mg/kg	<0.05	20	0.67	4.4	<0.05
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc (zero)	mg/kg	<0.5	2.8	<0.5	0.6	<0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc(half)	mg/kg	<0.5	2.8	<0.5	0.7	<0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc(PQL)	mg/kg	<0.5	2.8	<0.5	0.7	<0.5
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%	90	88	85	87	87

PAHs in Soil					
Our Reference		284290-16	284290-17	284290-18	284290-19
Your Reference	UNITS	WB1_0-0.2	WB1_0.8-1.0	WB2_0.2-0.4	WB2_0.8-1.0
Date Sampled		1/12/2021	1/12/2021	1/12/2021	1/12/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Naphthalene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.2
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Fluorene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.5	<0.1	<0.1	1.0
Anthracene	mg/kg	0.2	<0.1	<0.1	0.4
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	1.3	<0.1	<0.1	3.0
Pyrene	mg/kg	1.2	<0.1	<0.1	2.9
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	0.7	<0.1	<0.1	1.6
Chrysene	mg/kg	0.6	<0.1	<0.1	1.3
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	1	<0.2	<0.2	2.0
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	0.84	<0.05	0.06	2.2
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	0.2	<0.1	<0.1	0.6
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.2
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	0.3	<0.1	<0.1	0.8
Total +ve PAH's	mg/kg	6.9	<0.05	0.06	16
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc (zero)	mg/kg	1.0	<0.5	<0.5	2.8
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc(half)	mg/kg	1.1	<0.5	<0.5	2.8
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc(PQL)	mg/kg	1.1	<0.5	<0.5	2.8
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%	84	86	86	86

Acid Extractable metals in soil						
Our Reference		284290-1	284290-2	284290-3	284290-4	284290-5
Your Reference	UNITS	TS1-1_0.2-0.4	TS1-1_0.6-0.8	TS1-2_0.2-0.4	TS1-2_0.8-1.0	TS1-3_0.2-0.4
Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Lead	mg/kg	2	1	6	25	8
Acid Extractable metals in soil						_
Our Reference		284290-6	284290-7	284290-8	284290-9	284290-10
Your Reference	UNITS	TS1-3_0.6-0.8	TS2-1_0.4-0.6	TS2-1_1.0-1.2	TS2-2_0.4-0.6	TS2-2_1.0-1.2

Your Reference	UNITS	TS1-3_0.6-0.8	TS2-1_0.4-0.6	TS2-1_1.0-1.2	TS2-2_0.4-0.6	TS2-2_1.0-1.2
Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Lead	mg/kg	1	17	16	71	2

Acid Extractable metals in soil						
Our Reference		284290-11	284290-12	284290-13	284290-14	284290-15
Your Reference	UNITS	TS2-3_0.4-0.6	TS2-3_1.2-1.4	TS2-4_0.4-0.6	TS2-4_1.2-1.4	DUP1
Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Lead	mg/kg	12	34	10	18	14

Dur Reference284290-1284290-2284290-2284290-3284290-3284290-3284290-3Your ReferenceUNITSTS1-1_0.2-0.4TS1-1_0.6-0.8TS1-2_0.2-0.4TS1-2_0.8-1.0TS1-3_0.2-0.4Date Sampled30/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/2021Date prepared-2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/2021Date prepared-2/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Date analysed-81015131015Obsture284290-6284290-7284290-8284290-7284290-8284290-7Out ReferenceUNITSTS1-3_0.6-0.8TS2-1_0.4-0TS2-1_1-0.1TS2-2_0.4-0.6TS2-2_1.0-1.2Out ReferenceUNITSTS1-3_0.6-0.8TS2-1_0.4-0TS2-1_1-0.1TS2-2_0.4-0.6TS2-2_1.0-1.2Date sampledUNITSTS1-3_0.6-0.8TS2-1_0.4-0TS2-1_0.1-130/11/202130/11/2021Date sampled-3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20212/12/2021Date prepared-2/12/20213/12/20213/12/20212/12/20212/12/2021Date sampled-3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Date sampled-SoilTS2-3_0.4-0.6TS2-4_1.2-1.4DUP1Date sampledUNITSTS2-3_0.4-0.6TS2-3_1.2-1.1TS2	Maintune						
Normal UNITS TS1-1_02-0.4 TS1-1_0.8-0.8 TS1-2_0.2-0.4	Moisture		284200 1	284200.2	284200.2	284200 4	284200 5
CanadianCanadi							
Type of sampleSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilDate prepared-2/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Date analysed-3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Molsure%1015131015Dur ReferenceUNITS284290-60284290-70284290-80284290-60284290-60Cour ReferenceUNITSTS1-3.0-6.8TS2-1.0-1.0TS2-2.0-4.00TS2-2.0-1.030/11/2021Date preparedUNITS30/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/2021Date prepared-13/12/20203/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/2021Date analysed-3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Date repared284290-11284290-1312/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20213/12/2021Date repared3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/11/20213/11/2021Date reparedSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilDate prepared21/2/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Date prepared<	Your Reference	UNITS	151-1_0.2-0.4	151-1_0.6-0.8	151-2_0.2-0.4	151-2_0.8-1.0	151-3_0.2-0.4
Add prepared 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 Date analysed 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 Molsture % 10 15 13 10 15 Adjetare 284290-6 284290-7 284290-8 284290-9 284290-10 Adjetare UNITS TS1-3_0.6-0.8 TS2-1_0.4-0.6 TS2-1_0.1-1.2 TS2-2_0.4-0.6 TS2-4_0.4-0.6 TS2-4_0.4-0.6 TS2-4_0.4-0.6 TS2-4_0.4-0.6 TS2-4_0.4-0.6 TS2-4_0.4-0.6 TS2-4_0.4-0.6 TS2-4_0.4-0.6 TS2-4_0.4-0.6 TS2-4_0.4-0.6<	Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Date analysed-3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Moisture%1015131015Moisture2284290-6284290-7284290-8284290-8284290-10Cour ReferenceUNITSTS1-3_0.6-0.8TS2-1_0.4-06TS2-1_1.0-1.2TS2-2_0.4-0.6TS2-2_1.0-1.2Cour ReferenceUNITS30/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/2021Date Sampled-SoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilDate prepared-2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/2021Date analysed-2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Our Reference2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20213/11/2021Out Reference2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20213/11/20213/11/20213/11/20213/11/20213/11/2021Out Reference2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Out Reference2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Out Reference2/12/20212/12/20212/12/202	Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Moisture%1015131015Adisture284290-10284290-70284290-80284290-90284290-90284290-10Your ReferenceUNITSTS1-3_0.6-0.8TS2-1_0.4-0.6TS2-1_1.0-1.2TS2-2_0.4-0.6TS2-2_1.0-1.2Date Sampled030/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/2021Date prepared-2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/2021Date analysed-3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Adistare%1716121712Dur ReferenceUNITSTS2-3_0.4-0.6TS2-3_1.2-1.4TS2-4_0.4-0.6TS2-4_1.2-1.4Dur ReferenceUNITSTS2-3_0.4-0.6TS2-3_1.2-1.4TS2-4_0.4-0.6TS2-4_1.2-1.4Dur ReferenceUNITSTS2-3_0.4-0.6TS2-4_1.2-1.4DUP1Dur ReferenceUNITSTS2-3_0.4-0.6TS2-4_1.2-1.4DUP1Date analysed-3/12/20213/11/20213/0/11/20213/0/11/2021Ade sampled-2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/2021Date analysed2/12/20212/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Ade sampled-2/12/20212/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Ade sampled-2/12/20212/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Date analysed2/12/20211/12	Date prepared	-	2/12/2021	2/12/2021	2/12/2021	2/12/2021	2/12/2021
Addisture Each Face Face Face Face Addisture 284290-6 284290-6 284290-7 284290-8 284290-9 284290-10 Our Reference UNITS TS1-3_0.6-0.8 TS2-1_0.4-0.6 TS2-1_1.0-1.2 TS2-2_0.4-0.6 TS2-2_1.0-1.2 Date Sampled 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 2/12/2021 <	Date analysed	-	3/12/2021	3/12/2021	3/12/2021	3/12/2021	3/12/2021
Dur Reference284290-6284290-7284290-8284290-9284290-9284290-10Your ReferenceUNITSTS1-3_0.6-0.8TS2-1_0.4-0.6TS2-1_1.0-1.2TS2-2_0.4-0.6TS2-1_0.1-230/11/202130/11/202130/11/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/11/2021<	Moisture	%	10	15	13	10	15
Dur Reference284290-6284290-7284290-8284290-9284290-9284290-10Your ReferenceUNITSTS1-3_0.6-0.8TS2-1_0.4-0.6TS2-1_1.0-1.2TS2-2_0.4-0.6TS2-1_0.1-230/11/202130/11/202130/11/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/11/2021<	Moisture	'	'	'			
Date sampledImage: Constraint of the sampled <th< td=""><td>Our Reference</td><td></td><td>284290-6</td><td>284290-7</td><td>284290-8</td><td>284290-9</td><td>284290-10</td></th<>	Our Reference		284290-6	284290-7	284290-8	284290-9	284290-10
Type of sampleSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilDate prepared-2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/2021Date analysed-3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Moisture%1716121712Moisture284290-11284290-12284290-13284290-14284290-14284290-15Dur ReferenceUNITS752-3_0.40.6752-3_1.2-1.4752-4_0.40.6752-4_1.2-1.4DUP1Date sampled0.0111/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/2021Date sampled.SoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilDate prepared.2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/2021Date prepared.3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Dur Reference.3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20215/01Cour ReferenceCour ReferenceCour ReferenceCour ReferenceCour ReferenceCour Referen	Your Reference	UNITS	TS1-3_0.6-0.8	TS2-1_0.4-0.6	TS2-1_1.0-1.2	TS2-2_0.4-0.6	TS2-2_1.0-1.2
Date prepared $ 2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $2/84290-13$ $2/84290-13$ $2/84290-14$ $2/84290-15$ $2/84290-15$ $2/84290-15$ $2/84290-16$ $2/84290-13$ $2/84290-14$ $2/84290-15$ $2/12/2021$ $3/01/12021$ $3/01/12021$ $3/01/12021$ $3/01/12021$ $3/01/12021$ $3/01/12021$ $3/01/12021$ $3/01/12021$ $3/01/12021$ $3/01/12021$ $3/12/2021$ <td>Date Sampled</td> <td></td> <td>30/11/2021</td> <td>30/11/2021</td> <td>30/11/2021</td> <td>30/11/2021</td> <td>30/11/2021</td>	Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Date analysed-3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Moisture%1716121712Moisture22210<	Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Moisture%1716121712Moisture284290-11284290-12284290-13284290-14284290-14284290-15Our ReferenceUNITS7S2-3,0.4.067S2-3,1.2.1.47S2-4,0.4.067S2-4,1.2.1.4DUP1Date Sampled030/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/2021Date prepared02/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/2021Date analysed0%8.41115245.0Moisture0284290-16284290-17284290-18284290-18284290-19Our ReferenceUNITS284290-16284290-17284290-18284290-18284290-19Moisture00284290-171/12/20211/12/20211/12/2021Moisture00284290-16284290-17284290-18284290-18Our ReferenceUNITS0284290-121/12/20211/12/20211/12/2021Moisture001/12/20211/12/20211/12/20211/12/2021Our ReferenceUNITS00000Out ReferenceUNITS00000Out ReferenceUNITS00000Out ReferenceUNITS000000Out ReferenceUNITS000000Out Reference	Date prepared	-	2/12/2021	2/12/2021	2/12/2021	2/12/2021	2/12/2021
Moisture 284290-11 284290-12 284290-13 284290-14 284290-15 Your Reference UNITS TS2-3_0.4.0.6 TS2-3_1.2.1.4 TS2-4_0.4.0.6 TS2-4_1.2.1.4 DUP1 Date Sampled 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 30/11/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 3/12/2021 5.0 Moisture	Date analysed	-	3/12/2021	3/12/2021	3/12/2021	3/12/2021	3/12/2021
Dur Reference284290-11284290-12284290-13284290-14284290-14284290-15Your ReferenceUNITSTS2-3_0.4.06TS2-3_1.2.1.4TS2-4_0.4.06TS2-4_1.2.1.4DUP1Date Sampled30/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/2021Type of sample-SoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilDate prepared-2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/2021Date analysed-3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Moisture284290-16284290-17284290-18284290-19Your Reference284290-16284290-17284290-18284290-19Your Reference881_0-0.2WB1_0.8.1.0WB2_0.2.0.4WB2_0.8.1.0Your Reference1/12/20211/12/20211/12/20211/12/2021Your Reference-SoilSoilSoilSoilYour ReferenceSoilSoilSoilYour ReferenceSoilSoilSoilYour ReferenceSoilSoilSoilYour ReferenceSoilSoilSoilYour ReferenceSoilSoilSoilYour ReferenceSoilSoilSoilYour ReferenceSoilSoilSoil<	Moisture	%	17	16	12	17	12
Your ReferenceUNITSTS2-3_0.4.06TS2-3_1.2.1.4TS2-4_0.4.06TS2-4_1.2.1.4DUP1Date Sampled30/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/202130/11/2021Type of sampleSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilDate prepared2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/2021Date analysed3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Moisture284290-16284290-17284290-18284290-19Our ReferenceWB1_0.0.2WB1_0.8.1.0WB2_0.2.0.4WB2_0.8.1.0Our Reference1/12/20211/12/20211/12/2021Our ReferenceSoilSoilSoilSoilDate sampled1/12/20211/12/20211/12/2021Type of sampleSoilSoilSoilSoilDate prepared2/12/20212/12/20211/30/11900Date analysed3/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021	Moisture						
Date Sampled Sol/11/2021	Our Reference		284290-11	284290-12	284290-13	284290-14	284290-15
Type of sampleSoilSoilSoilSoilSoilDate prepared2/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/20212/12/2021Date analysed3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021Moisture%8.41115245.0Moisture284290-16284290-17284290-18284290-19Our ReferenceUNITSVB1_0-0.2VB1_0.8-1.0VB2_0.2-0.4VB2_0.8-1.0Our Reference1/12/20211/12/20211/12/20211/12/20211/12/2021Out a ference	Your Reference	UNITS	TS2-3_0.4-0.6	TS2-3_1.2-1.4	TS2-4_0.4-0.6	TS2-4_1.2-1.4	DUP1
Date prepared $ 2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ Date analysed $ 3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ Moisture $ -$ Moisture $ -$	Date Sampled		30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	30/11/2021
Date analysed \cdot $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ $3/12/2021$ Moisture \cdot Dur ReferenceUNITS $284290-16$ $284290-17$ $284290-18$ $284290-19$ $284290-19$ \cdot	Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Moisture%8.41115245.0Moisture 201 Reference 284290.16 284290.17 284290.18 284290.19 Our ReferenceUNITS $VB1_0.02$ $VB1_0.8.10$ $VB2_0.2.04$ $VB2_0.8.10$ Oute SampledUNITS $Soil$ $Soil$ $Soil$ $Soil$ $Soil$ Opte of sample $ 2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $2/12/2021$ $1/301/1900$ $12:43:12 PMOute analysed 3/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/20213/12/2021$	Date prepared	-	2/12/2021	2/12/2021	2/12/2021	2/12/2021	2/12/2021
Moisture 284290-16 284290-17 284290-18 284290-19 Your Reference UNITS WB1_0-0.2 WB1_0.8-1.0 WB2_0.2-0.4 WB2_0.8-1.0 Date Sampled 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 Type of sample - 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 1/3/01/1900 Date prepared - 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021	Date analysed	-	3/12/2021	3/12/2021	3/12/2021	3/12/2021	3/12/2021
Dur Reference 284290-16 284290-17 284290-18 284290-19 Your Reference UNITS WB1_0-0.2 WB1_0.8-1.0 WB2_0.2-0.4 WB2_0.8-1.0 Date Sampled 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 Type of sample Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Date prepared - 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 13/01/1900 Date analysed - 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021	Moisture	%	8.4	11	15	24	5.0
Your Reference UNITS WB1_0-0.2 WB1_0.8-1.0 WB2_0.2-0.4 WB2_0.8-1.0 Date Sampled 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 Type of sample Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Date prepared - 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 13/01/1900 12:43:12 PM Date analysed - 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021	Moisture						-
Date Sampled 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 1/12/2021 Type of sample Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Date prepared - 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 1/12/2021 13/01/1900 Date analysed - 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021	Our Reference		284290-16	284290-17	284290-18	284290-19	
Type of sample Soil Soil Soil Soil Date prepared - 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 13/01/1900 12:43:12 PM Date analysed - 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021	Your Reference	UNITS	WB1_0-0.2	WB1_0.8-1.0	WB2_0.2-0.4	WB2_0.8-1.0	
Date prepared - 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 2/12/2021 13/01/1900 12:43:12 PM Date analysed - 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021	Date Sampled		1/12/2021	1/12/2021	1/12/2021	1/12/2021	
Date analysed - 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021	Type of sample		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	
Date analysed - 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021 3/12/2021	Date prepared	-	2/12/2021	2/12/2021	2/12/2021		
Moisture % 18 16 10 20	Date analysed	-	3/12/2021	3/12/2021	3/12/2021		
	Moisture	%	18	16	10	20	

BTEX in Water			
Our Reference		284290-20	284290-21
Your Reference	UNITS	TS1-GW	TS2-GW
Date Sampled		1/12/2021	1/12/2021
Type of sample		Water	Water
Date extracted	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
Benzene	µg/L	<1	<1
Toluene	µg/L	<1	<1
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	<1	<1
m+p-xylene	µg/L	3	<2
o-xylene	µg/L	2	<1
Surrogate Dibromofluoromethane	%	100	100
Surrogate toluene-d8	%	99	99
Surrogate 4-BFB	%	106	106

Method ID	Methodology Summary
Inorg-008	Moisture content determined by heating at 105+/-5 °C for a minimum of 12 hours.
Metals-020	Determination of various metals by ICP-AES.
Org-020	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-FID. F2 = (>C10-C16)-Naphthalene as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater (HSLs Tables 1A (3, 4)). Note Naphthalene is determined from the VOC analysis.
Org-020	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-FID.
	F2 = (>C10-C16)-Naphthalene as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater (HSLs Tables 1A (3, 4)). Note Naphthalene is determined from the VOC analysis.
	Note, the Total +ve TRH PQL is reflective of the lowest individual PQL and is therefore "Total +ve TRH" is simply a sum of the positive individual TRH fractions (>C10-C40).
Org-022/025	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-MS and/or GC-MS/MS. Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater - 2013. For soil results:-
	 'EQ PQL'values are assuming all contributing PAHs reported as <pql actually="" and="" approach="" are="" at="" be="" calculation="" can="" conservative="" contribute="" false="" give="" given="" is="" li="" may="" most="" not="" pahs="" positive="" pql.="" present.<="" teq="" teqs="" that="" the="" this="" to=""> 'EQ zero'values are assuming all contributing PAHs reported as <pql and="" approach="" are="" below="" but="" calculation="" conservative="" contribute="" false="" is="" least="" li="" more="" negative="" pahs="" pql.<="" present="" susceptible="" teq="" teqs="" that="" the="" this="" to="" when="" zero.=""> 'EQ half PQL'values are assuming all contributing PAHs reported as <pql "total="" +ve="" a="" above.="" and="" approaches="" are="" between="" conservative="" half="" hence="" individual="" is="" least="" li="" lowest="" mid-point="" most="" note,="" of="" pahs="" pahs"="" pahs.<="" positive="" pql="" pql.="" reflective="" simply="" stipulated="" sum="" the="" therefore="" total=""> </pql></pql></pql>
Org-023	Soil samples are extracted with methanol and spiked into water prior to analysing by purge and trap GC-MS.
Org-023	Soil samples are extracted with methanol and spiked into water prior to analysing by purge and trap GC-MS. Water samples are analysed directly by purge and trap GC-MS. F1 = (C6-C10)-BTEX as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater.
Org-023	Soil samples are extracted with methanol and spiked into water prior to analysing by purge and trap GC-MS. Water samples are analysed directly by purge and trap GC-MS. F1 = (C6-C10)-BTEX as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater. Note, the Total +ve Xylene PQL is reflective of the lowest individual PQL and is therefore "Total +ve Xylenes" is simply a sum of the positive individual Xylenes.
	1

QUALITY CONT	ROL: vTRH	(C6-C10)	/BTEXN in Soil			Du	plicate		Spike Re	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-7	284290-2
Date extracted	-			02/12/2021	1	02/12/2021	02/12/2021		02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-			03/12/2021	1	03/12/2021	03/12/2021		03/12/2021	03/12/2021
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	mg/kg	25	Org-023	<25	1	<25	<25	0	106	94
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	mg/kg	25	Org-023	<25	1	<25	<25	0	106	94
Benzene	mg/kg	0.2	Org-023	<0.2	1	<0.2	<0.2	0	94	83
Toluene	mg/kg	0.5	Org-023	<0.5	1	<0.5	<0.5	0	98	87
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	1	Org-023	<1	1	<1	<1	0	111	98
m+p-xylene	mg/kg	2	Org-023	<2	1	<2	<2	0	114	102
o-Xylene	mg/kg	1	Org-023	<1	1	<1	<1	0	103	92
Naphthalene	mg/kg	1	Org-023	<1	1	<1	<1	0	[NT]	[NT]
Surrogate aaa-Trifluorotoluene	%		Org-023	109	1	95	96	1	110	95

QUALITY CONT	QUALITY CONTROL: vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Soil								Spike Recovery %	
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	[NT]	[NT]
Date extracted	-			[NT]	11	02/12/2021	02/12/2021			[NT]
Date analysed	-			[NT]	11	03/12/2021	03/12/2021			[NT]
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	mg/kg	25	Org-023	[NT]	11	<25	<25	0		[NT]
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	mg/kg	25	Org-023	[NT]	11	<25	<25	0		[NT]
Benzene	mg/kg	0.2	Org-023	[NT]	11	<0.2	<0.2	0		[NT]
Toluene	mg/kg	0.5	Org-023	[NT]	11	<0.5	<0.5	0		[NT]
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	1	Org-023	[NT]	11	<1	<1	0		[NT]
m+p-xylene	mg/kg	2	Org-023	[NT]	11	<2	<2	0		[NT]
o-Xylene	mg/kg	1	Org-023	[NT]	11	<1	<1	0		[NT]
Naphthalene	mg/kg	1	Org-023	[NT]	11	<1	<1	0		[NT]
Surrogate aaa-Trifluorotoluene	%		Org-023	[NT]	11	95	107	12		[NT]

QUALITY CO	NTROL: svT	RH (C10-	-C40) in Soil		Duplicate				Spike Recovery %	
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-7	284290-2
Date extracted	-			03/12/2021	1	02/12/2021	02/12/2021		03/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-			03/12/2021	1	03/12/2021	03/12/2021		03/12/2021	03/12/2021
TRH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	mg/kg	50	Org-020	<50	1	<50	<50	0	99	71
TRH C ₁₅ - C ₂₈	mg/kg	100	Org-020	<100	1	<100	<100	0	96	84
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	mg/kg	100	Org-020	<100	1	<100	<100	0	73	107
TRH >C ₁₀ -C ₁₆	mg/kg	50	Org-020	<50	1	<50	<50	0	99	71
TRH >C ₁₆ -C ₃₄	mg/kg	100	Org-020	<100	1	<100	<100	0	96	84
TRH >C ₃₄ -C ₄₀	mg/kg	100	Org-020	<100	1	<100	<100	0	73	107
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%		Org-020	85	1	90	81	11	100	94

QUALITY CO	NTROL: svT	RH (C10	-C40) in Soil			Du	plicate		Spike Re	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	[NT]	[NT]
Date extracted	-				11	02/12/2021	02/12/2021			[NT]
Date analysed	-				11	03/12/2021	03/12/2021			[NT]
TRH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	mg/kg	50	Org-020		11	<50	<50	0		[NT]
TRH C ₁₅ - C ₂₈	mg/kg	100	Org-020		11	<100	<100	0		[NT]
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	mg/kg	100	Org-020		11	<100	<100	0		[NT]
TRH >C ₁₀ -C ₁₆	mg/kg	50	Org-020		11	<50	<50	0		[NT]
TRH >C ₁₆ -C ₃₄	mg/kg	100	Org-020		11	<100	<100	0		[NT]
TRH >C ₃₄ -C ₄₀	mg/kg	100	Org-020		11	<100	<100	0		[NT]
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%		Org-020	[NT]	11	83	84	1	[NT]	[NT]

QUAL	ITY CONTRC	L: PAHs	in Soil			Spike Re	Spike Recovery %			
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-7	284290-2
Date extracted	-			02/12/2021	1	02/12/2021	02/12/2021		02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-			02/12/2021	1	02/12/2021	02/12/2021		02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	103	92
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	[NT]	[NT]
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	91	93
Fluorene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	107	109
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	104	102
Anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	[NT]	[NT]
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	90	90
Pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	99	97
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	[NT]	[NT]
Chrysene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	95	91
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.2	Org-022/025	<0.2	1	<0.2	<0.2	0	[NT]	[NT]
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	0.05	Org-022/025	<0.05	1	<0.05	<0.05	0	108	106
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	[NT]	[NT]
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	[NT]	[NT]
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	[NT]	[NT]
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%		Org-022/025	91	1	94	96	2	92	91

QUALIT	Y CONTRO	L: PAHs	in Soil			Du	plicate		Spike Recovery %	
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	[NT]	[NT]
Date extracted	-			[NT]	11	02/12/2021	02/12/2021			[NT]
Date analysed	-			[NT]	11	02/12/2021	02/12/2021			[NT]
Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Fluorene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Chrysene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.2	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.2	<0.2	0		[NT]
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	0.05	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.05	<0.05	0		[NT]
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	[NT]	11	<0.1	<0.1	0		[NT]
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%		Org-022/025	[NT]	11	90	89	1		[NT]

QUALITY CONT	ROL: Acid E	Extractabl	e metals in soil			Du	plicate		Spike Re	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-7	284290-2
Date prepared	-			02/12/2021	1	02/12/2021	02/12/2021		02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-			02/12/2021	1	02/12/2021	02/12/2021		02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Lead	mg/kg	1	Metals-020	<1	1	2	1	67	96	100
		ytractabl	o motals in soil			Du	nlicato		Spiko Po	
QUALITY CONT				Disala			plicate	DDD	·	covery %
QUALITY CONT Test Description	ROL: Acid E Units	Extractabl	e metals in soil Method	Blank	#	Du Base	plicate Dup.	RPD	Spike Re [NT]	covery % [NT]
				Blank [NT]	# 11			RPD	·	
Test Description	Units					Base	Dup.	RPD	[NT]	[NT]

QUALIT	Y CONTROL	: BTEX ir	n Water			Du	plicate		Spike Re	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W3	[NT]
Date extracted	-			02/12/2021	20	02/12/2021	02/12/2021		02/12/2021	
Date analysed	-			03/12/2021	20	03/12/2021	03/12/2021		03/12/2021	
Benzene	µg/L	1	Org-023	<1	20	<1	<1	0	122	
Toluene	µg/L	1	Org-023	<1	20	<1	<1	0	124	
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	1	Org-023	<1	20	<1	<1	0	120	
m+p-xylene	µg/L	2	Org-023	<2	20	3	3	0	120	
o-xylene	µg/L	1	Org-023	<1	20	2	2	0	116	
Surrogate Dibromofluoromethane	%		Org-023	106	20	100	101	1	100	
Surrogate toluene-d8	%		Org-023	99	20	99	100	1	100	
Surrogate 4-BFB	%		Org-023	106	20	106	105	1	104	[NT]

Result Definiti	ons
NT	Not tested
NA	Test not required
INS	Insufficient sample for this test
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
<	Less than
>	Greater than
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample
NS	Not specified
NEPM	National Environmental Protection Measure
NR	Not Reported

Quality Contro	ol Definitions
Blank	This is the component of the analytical signal which is not derived from the sample but from reagents, glassware etc, can be determined by processing solvents and reagents in exactly the same manner as for samples.
Duplicate	This is the complete duplicate analysis of a sample from the process batch. If possible, the sample selected should be one where the analyte concentration is easily measurable.
Matrix Spike	A portion of the sample is spiked with a known concentration of target analyte. The purpose of the matrix spike is to monitor the performance of the analytical method used and to determine whether matrix interferences exist.
LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)	This comprises either a standard reference material or a control matrix (such as a blank sand or water) fortified with analytes representative of the analyte class. It is simply a check sample.
Surrogate Spike	Surrogates are known additions to each sample, blank, matrix spike and LCS in a batch, of compounds which are similar to the analyte of interest, however are not expected to be found in real samples.

Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommend that Thermotolerant Coliform, Faecal Enterococci, & E.Coli levels are less than 1cfu/100mL. The recommended maximums are taken from "Australian Drinking Water Guidelines", published by NHMRC & ARMC 2011.

The recommended maximums for analytes in urine are taken from "2018 TLVs and BEIs", as published by ACGIH (where available). Limit provided for Nickel is a precautionary guideline as per Position Paper prepared by AIOH Exposure Standards Committee, 2016.

Guideline limits for Rinse Water Quality reported as per analytical requirements and specifications of AS 4187, Amdt 2 2019, Table 7.2

Laboratory Acceptance Criteria

Duplicate sample and matrix spike recoveries may not be reported on smaller jobs, however, were analysed at a frequency to meet or exceed NEPM requirements. All samples are tested in batches of 20. The duplicate sample RPD and matrix spike recoveries for the batch were within the laboratory acceptance criteria.

Filters, swabs, wipes, tubes and badges will not have duplicate data as the whole sample is generally extracted during sample extraction.

Spikes for Physical and Aggregate Tests are not applicable.

For VOCs in water samples, three vials are required for duplicate or spike analysis.

Duplicates: >10xPQL - RPD acceptance criteria will vary depending on the analytes and the analytical techniques but is typically in the range 20%-50% – see ELN-P05 QA/QC tables for details; <10xPQL - RPD are higher as the results approach PQL and the estimated measurement uncertainty will statistically increase.

Matrix Spikes, LCS and Surrogate recoveries: Generally 70-130% for inorganics/metals (not SPOCAS); 60-140% for organics/SPOCAS (+/-50% surrogates) and 10-140% for labile SVOCs (including labile surrogates), ultra trace organics and speciated phenols is acceptable.

In circumstances where no duplicate and/or sample spike has been reported at 1 in 10 and/or 1 in 20 samples respectively, the sample volume submitted was insufficient in order to satisfy laboratory QA/QC protocols.

When samples are received where certain analytes are outside of recommended technical holding times (THTs), the analysis has proceeded. Where analytes are on the verge of breaching THTs, every effort will be made to analyse within the THT or as soon as practicable.

Where sampling dates are not provided, Envirolab are not in a position to comment on the validity of the analysis where recommended technical holding times may have been breached.

Measurement Uncertainty estimates are available for most tests upon request.

Analysis of aqueous samples typically involves the extraction/digestion and/or analysis of the liquid phase only (i.e. NOT any settled sediment phase but inclusive of suspended particles if present), unless stipulated on the Envirolab COC and/or by correspondence. Notable exceptions include certain Physical Tests (pH/EC/BOD/COD/Apparent Colour etc.), Solids testing, total recoverable metals and PFAS where solids are included by default.

Samples for Microbiological analysis (not Amoeba forms) received outside of the 2-8°C temperature range do not meet the ideal cooling conditions as stated in AS2031-2012.

Report Comments

TRH Soil C10-C40 NEPM - # Percent recovery for the surrogate/matrix spike is not possible to report as the high concentration of analytes in samples 284290-8,10 and 14 have caused interference.

PAHs in Soil - The PQL has been raised due to interferences from analytes (other than those being tested) in samples 284290-8,10,14.

199	TAT Req - SAME day	ľ	>					1
ion and/or analysis 	TAT Req - SAME da				30/11		TSI_ GW	5
ion and/or analysis Cooling:(Ice / Ice pack / None Security seal: Intact / Broken / Nó	1 STINGARDING	Les last	(101	Signature:	CAND	144		Signature:
ion and/or analysis		N. 1. 19 - 2014		Print Name:	Mahn.	1,44	Hayden Davies	Print Name:
ion and/or analysis	2	2	ompany):	Received by (Company):	di interiore	THE ST	Relinquished by (Company): Geosyntec	Relinquished by
	uded in the extract	l mai	ater san	present in w	d sediment	ed settle	Please tick the box if observed settled sediment present in water samples is to be	PIC
		×	×		1/12/2021		WB2_0.8-1.0	14
		×	×		1/12/2021		WB2_0.2-0.4	\$1
		×	×		1/12/2021		WB1_0.8-1.0	[7]
		×	×		1/12/2021		WB1_0-0.2	i,
Please forward to eurofins (TRH/BTEX/PAHs/Lead			×		30/11/2021		TRIP1	i
			×		30/11/2021		DUP1	15
			×		30/11/2021		TS2-4_1.2-1.4	15
			×		30/11/2021		TS2-4_0.4-0.6	13
			×		30/11/2021		TS2-3_1.2-1.4	21
			Ê	×	30/11/2021		TS2-3_0.4-0.6	11
			Ê	×	30/11/2021		TS2-2_1.0-1.2	10
			×		30/11/2021		TS2-2_0.4-0.6	2
			×		30/11/2021		TS2-1_1.0-1.2	3
			×		30/11/2021		TS2-1_0.4-0.6	4
			×		30/11/2021		TS1-3_0.6-0.8	5
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			: ×		30/11/2021		TS1-1_0.6_0.8	N
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					20/11/02	T	7000 1 12T	
Provide as much information about the sample as you can		PAHs	Combo 2 TRH/BTEX		Date sampled	Depth	Client Sample ID or Information	Envirolab Sample ID
Comments	Tests Required					ition	Sample information	
		+847105	412 t		bore@geosynte tec.com	n Peter.mo @geosynt	hayden.davies@geosyntec.com Peter.moore@geosyntec.com edward.munnings@geosyntec.com	
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Brisbane Office Envirolab Services 20a, 10-20 Depot St, Banyo, QLD 4014 	und is required - surcharges	Or choose: standard Note: Inform lab in advance if urgent turnaround is required - surcharge apply	Or choose: standard Note: Inform lab in adv apply	Or app	2000	eet, Sydney	Suite 1, level 9, 189 Kent street, Sydney 2000	
7a The Parade, Norwood, SA 5067 Ph: 08 7087 6800 / adelaide@envirolab.com.au	Standard	quired:	Date results required:	Dat				Address:
Adelaide Office - Envirolab Services		e No, :	irolab Quot	Env			n Davies	Sampler: Havden Davies
ph: 03 9763 2500 / melbourne@envirolab.com.au			PO No.:	РО			ter Moore	Project Mgr: Peter Moore
Melbourne Lab - Envirolab Services	h Point	Client Project Name / Number / Site etc. (re report nue): 21067 - Wentworth Point	int Project n	Clie			c Havden Davies	Client:Geosyntec
16-18 Hayden Crt, Myaree, WA 6154 Ph: 08 9317 2505 / lab@mpl.com.au	424 344	ENVIROLAB GROUP - National phone number 1300 424	onal phon	ROUP - Nati	ROLAB GR	ENVI	" CHB	
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Sample Receipt Advice

Company name:	Geosyntec Consultants Pty Ltd
Contact name:	Peter Moore
Project name:	WENTWORTH POINT
Project ID:	21067
Turnaround time:	5 Day
Date/Time received	Dec 2, 2021 2:34 PM
Eurofins reference	847105

Sample Information

- A detailed list of analytes logged into our LIMS, is included in the attached summary table. 1
- All samples have been received as described on the above COC.
- COC has been completed correctly.
- Attempt to chill was evident.
- Appropriately preserved sample containers have been used.
- All samples were received in good condition.
- Samples have been provided with adequate time to commence analysis in accordance with the relevant holding times.
- Appropriate sample containers have been used.
- Sample containers for volatile analysis received with zero headspace. /
- X Split sample sent to requested external lab.
- X Some samples have been subcontracted.
- N/A Custody Seals intact (if used).

Notes

Contact

If you have any questions with respect to these samples, please contact your Analytical Services Manager: Asim Khan on phone : or by email: AsimKhan@eurofins.com

Results will be delivered electronically via email to Peter Moore - Peter.Moore@geosyntec.com.

Global Leader - Results you can trust

🔅 eurof	ins			Eurofins Environme ABN: 50 005 085 521	ent Te	sting /	Austra	Ltd	Eurofins ARL Pty Ltd ABN: 91 05 0159 898	Eurofins Environment NZBN: 9429046024954	Testing NZ Limited
web: www.eurofins.com.a email: EnviroSales@euro	J. Env	ironment	Testing	Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3 Phone : +61 3 8564 500 NATA # 1261 Site # 125	U 175 1 0 L 4 P		Building Road ve Wes +61 2 9		NATA # 2377 Site # 2370	Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Phone : +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ # 1327	Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston, Christchurch 7675 Phone : 0800 856 450 IANZ # 1290
Company Name Address:		Consultants Pt el 9, 189 Kent				R P	rder eport hone ax:	847105 02 9251 8070	Received: Due: Priority: Contact Name:	Dec 2, 2021 2:34 P Dec 9, 2021 5 Day Peter Moore	м
Project Name: Project ID:	WENTWOR 21067	TH POINT							Eurofins Analytica	al Services Manager :	Asim Khan
		Imple Detail			Lead	Moisture Set	Eurofins Suite B4				
Melbourne Laborato			4		x	x	x				
Brisbane Laborat			4								
Mayfield Laborato											
Perth Laboratory	-										
External Laborato	ry	1	1								
No Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID							
1 TRIP1	Nov 30, 2021		Soil	S21-De11001	X	X	X				
Test Counts					1	1	1				



Geosyntec Consultants Pty Ltd Suite 1, Level 9, 189 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000





NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261 Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 – Testing NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration, inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention:

Peter Moore

Report Project name Project ID Received Date 847105-S WENTWORTH POINT 21067 Dec 02, 2021

Client Sample ID			TRIP1
Sample Matrix			Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S21-De11001
Date Sampled			Nov 30, 2021
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons		0	
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	110
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	< 50
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	110
Naphthalene ^{N02}	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1) ^{N04}	20	mg/kg	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) ^{N01}	50	mg/kg	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	100
BTEX			
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total*	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	111
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons		_	
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{N07}	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5



Client Sample ID Sample Matrix			TRIP1 Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S21-De11001
Date Sampled			Nov 30, 2021
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons			
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	115
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	147
Heavy Metals			
Lead	5	mg/kg	16
% Moisture	1	%	12



Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Eurofins Suite B4			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions	Sydney	Dec 07, 2021	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	Sydney	Dec 07, 2021	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	Sydney	Dec 07, 2021	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
BTEX	Sydney	Dec 07, 2021	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Sydney	Dec 07, 2021	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
Heavy Metals	Sydney	Dec 07, 2021	28 Days
- Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters, Soils & Sediments by ICP-MS			
% Moisture	Sydney	Dec 06, 2021	14 Days
- Method: LTM-GEN-7080 Moisture			

	eurofi	ns			Eurofins Environme ABN: 50 005 085 521			Austra	ia Pty Lt			ABN: 91 05 0159 898	Eurofins Environment Testing NZ Limited NZBN: 9429046024954		
web: www	w.eurofins.com.au viroSales@eurofins	Envi	ironment	Testing	Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3 Phone : +61 3 8564 500 NATA # 1261 Site # 125	U 175 1 0 L 4 P	ane Cov hone : +	Road /e West +61 2 9		Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone : +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794	Newcastle 4/52 Industrial Drive Mayfield East NSW 2304 PO Box 60 Wickham 2293 Phone : +61 2 4968 8448 NATA # 1261 Site # 25079	Perth 46-48 Banksia Road Welshpool WA 6106 Phone : +61 8 6253 4444 NATA # 2377 Site # 2370	Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Phone : +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ # 1327	Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston, Christchurch 7675 Phone : 0800 856 450 IANZ # 1290	
	ipany Name: ress:		Consultants Pf el 9, 189 Kent				Re Pl	rder I eport hone: ax:		847105 02 9251 8070		Received: Due: Priority: Contact Name:	Dec 2, 2021 2:34 P Dec 9, 2021 5 Day Peter Moore	М	
-	ect Name: ect ID:	WENTWOR 21067	TH POINT									Eurofins Analytica	l Services Manager :	Asim Khan	
			mple Detail			Lead	Moisture Set	Eurofins Suite B4							
		ory - NATA # 12		54		x	x	x							
		<u>- NATA # 1261 :</u> y - NATA # 126 ²		4				<u>^</u>							
		- NATA # 1261						1							
		IATA # 2377 Sit													
Extern	nal Laboratory														
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID										
1 T	rrip1	Nov 30, 2021		Soil	S21-De11001	Х	Х	Х							
Test C	Counts					1	1	1							



Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary

General

- 1. Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples follows guidelines delineated in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999, as amended May 2013 and are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil/sediment/solid results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. All biota/food results are reported on a wet weight basis on the edible portion, unless otherwise stated.
- 4. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
- 5. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries except for PFAS compounds.
- 6. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 8. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer, that may have an impact on the results.
- 9. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the SRA.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

For VOCs containing vinyl chloride, styrene and 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether the holding time is 7 days however for all other VOCs such as BTEX or C6-10 TRH then the holding time is 14 days.

Units

onits		
mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram	mg/L: milligrams per litre	ug/L: micrograms per litre
ppm: Parts per million	ppb: Parts per billion	%: Percentage
org/100mL: Organisms per 100 millilitres	NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units	MPN/100mL: Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

Terms

Terma	
Dry	Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
SPIKE	Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.
RPD	Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery.
CRM	Certified Reference Material - reported as percent recovery.
Method Blank	In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands and in the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.
Surr - Surrogate	The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.
Duplicate	A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
APHA	American Public Health Association
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
COC	Chain of Custody
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice
QSM	US Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual Version
CP	Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report
NCP	Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within.
TEQ	Toxic Equivalency Quotient
WA DWER	Sum of PFBA, PFPeA, PFHxA, PFHpA, PFOA, PFBS, PFHxS, PFOS, 6:2 FTSA, 8:2 FTSA

QC - Acceptance Criteria

The acceptance criteria should be used as a guide only and may be different when site specific Sampling Analysis and Quality Plan (SAQP) have been implemented

RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR : No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-50%

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

NOTE: pH duplicates are reported as a range not as RPD

Surrogate Recoveries: Recoveries must lie between 20-130% Phenols & 50-150% PFASs..

PFAS field samples that contain surrogate recoveries in excess of the QC limit designated in QSM where no positive PFAS results have been reported have been reviewed and no data was affected.

QC Data General Comments

- 1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
- 2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
- 3. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore, laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time. Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
- 4. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
- 5. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash "-" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
- 6. Duplicate RPDs are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data.



Quality Control Results

Test	Units	Result 1	Accept	tance Pass its Limits	Qualifying Code
Method Blank					
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons					
TRH C6-C9	mg/kg	< 20	20) Pass	
TRH C10-C14	mg/kg	< 20	20) Pass	
TRH C15-C28	mg/kg	< 50	50) Pass	
TRH C29-C36	mg/kg	< 50	50) Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	5 Pass	
TRH C6-C10	mg/kg	< 20	20) Pass	
TRH >C10-C16	mg/kg	< 50	50) Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	mg/kg	< 100	10	0 Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	mg/kg	< 100	10	0 Pass	
Method Blank					
BTEX					
Benzene	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	1 Pass	
Toluene	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	1 Pass	
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.4		
m&p-Xylenes	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2		
o-Xylene	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1		
Xylenes - Total*	mg/kg	< 0.3	0.3		
Method Blank	1 3 3				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons					
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	5 Pass	
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Chrysene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Fluorene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5		
Method Blank	Ing/kg	< 0.0			
Heavy Metals					
Lead	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery	ing/kg			1 435	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons					
TRH C6-C9	%	101	70-1	30 Pass	
TRH C10-C14	%	70	70-1		
Naphthalene	%	111	70-1		
TRH C6-C10	%	98	70-1		
TRH >C10-C16	%	85	70-1		
LCS - % Recovery	/0				
BTEX					
Benzene	%	106	70-1	30 Pass	
Toluene	%	99	70-1		
Ethylbenzene	%	99 97	70-1		



Test			Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
m&p-Xylenes			%	100	70-130	Pass	
o-Xylene			%	99	70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total*			%	99	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery							
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon	s						
Acenaphthene			%	112	70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene			%	111	70-130	Pass	
Anthracene			%	113	70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene			%	121	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene			%	100	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene			%	99	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene			%	123	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene			%	103	70-130	Pass	
Chrysene			%	117	70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene			%	112	70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene			%	105	70-130	Pass	
Fluorene			%	119	70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene			%	129	70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene			%	109	70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene			%	109	70-130	Pass	
Pyrene			%	106	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery			/0	100	70-130	газэ	
						[
Heavy Metals			0/	400	00.400	Dees	
Lead		.	%	106	80-120	Pass	O
	Lab Camula ID	QA	11	Result 1	Acceptance	Pass	Qualifying
Test	Lab Sample ID	Source	Units	Result 1	Limits	Limits	Code
Spike - % Recovery			Units			Limits	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons		Source		Result 1	Limits		Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9	S21-De11005	Source NCP	%	Result 1 82	Limits 70-130	Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene	S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP	%	Result 1 82 108	Limits 70-130 70-130		Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP NCP	% % %	Result 1 82 108 82	Limits 70-130	Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene	S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP	%	Result 1 82 108	Limits 70-130 70-130	Pass Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP NCP	% % %	Result 1 82 108 82	Limits 70-130 70-130 70-130	Pass Pass Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10 TRH >C10-C16	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP NCP	% % %	Result 1 82 108 82	Limits 70-130 70-130 70-130	Pass Pass Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10 TRH >C10-C16 Spike - % Recovery BTEX Benzene	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP NCP NCP	% % %	Result 1 82 108 82 71 Result 1 81	Limits 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130	Pass Pass Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10 TRH >C10-C16 Spike - % Recovery BTEX	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP NCP NCP	% % %	Result 1 82 108 82 71 Result 1	Limits 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130	Pass Pass Pass Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10 TRH >C10-C16 Spike - % Recovery BTEX Benzene	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP NCP NCP	% % % %	Result 1 82 108 82 71 Result 1 81	Limits 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10 TRH >C10-C16 Spike - % Recovery BTEX Benzene Toluene	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	% % % %	Result 1 82 108 82 71 Result 1 81 74	Limits 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10 TRH >C10-C16 Spike - % Recovery BTEX Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	% % % % %	Result 1 82 108 82 71 Result 1 81 74 71	Limits 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10 TRH >C10-C16 Spike - % Recovery BTEX Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene m&p-Xylenes	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	% % % % % %	Result 1 82 108 82 71 Result 1 81 74 71 73	Limits 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10 TRH >C10-C16 Spike - % Recovery BTEX Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene m&p-Xylenes o-Xylene	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	% % % % % % %	Result 1 82 108 82 71 Result 1 81 74 71 73 72	Limits 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10 TRH >C10-C16 Spike - % Recovery BTEX Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene m&p-Xylenes o-Xylene Xylenes - Total*	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	% % % % % % %	Result 1 82 108 82 71 Result 1 81 74 71 73 72	Limits 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10 TRH >C10-C16 Spike - % Recovery BTEX Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene m&p-Xylenes o-Xylene Xylenes - Total* Spike - % Recovery	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	% % % % % % %	Result 1 82 108 82 71 Result 1 81 74 71 73 72 73	Limits 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130 70-130	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	Code
Spike - % Recovery Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons TRH C6-C9 Naphthalene TRH C6-C10 TRH >C10-C16 Spike - % Recovery BTEX Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene m&p-Xylenes o-Xylene Xylenes - Total* Spike - % Recovery Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon	S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005 S21-De11005	Source NCP	% % % % % % % %	Result 1 82 108 82 71 Result 1 81 74 71 73 72 73 Result 1	Limits 70-130 70-10 70-10 70-10 70-10 70-10 70-10 70-10 70-10 70	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	Code
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Environment Testing

Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Phenanthrene	S21-No69684	NCP	%	82			70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	S21-No69684	NCP	%	83			70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery									
Heavy Metals				Result 1					
Lead	S21-De11005	NCP	%	92			75-125	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Duplicate				1	i		1	r	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	S21-De07281	NCP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	110	190	53	30%	Fail	Q15
TRH C29-C36	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	<1	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	S21-De07281	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	S21-De07281	NCP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C10-C16	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 50	54	47	30%	Fail	Q15
TRH >C16-C34	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	100	170	48	30%	Fail	Q15
TRH >C34-C40	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate							•		
BTEX				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	S21-De07281	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	S21-De07281	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S21-De07281	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	S21-De07281	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	S21-De07281	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total*	S21-De07281	NCP	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Acenaphthene	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Chrysene	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluorene	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	S21-De11001	CP					30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	S21-De11001 S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg mg/kg	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	<1 <1	30%	Pass	
Phenanthrene	S21-De11001	CP					30%	Pass	
		CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1			
Pyrene	S21-De11001		mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				Beault 4	Beaut 0	000			
Heavy Metals	004 De 11001	0.5		Result 1	Result 2	RPD	2001	F -1	015
Lead	S21-De11001	CP	mg/kg	16	24	37	30%	Fail	Q15
Duplicate						000			
	004 D	0-		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
% Moisture	S21-De11001	CP	%	12	11	1.0	30%	Pass	



Environment Testing

Comments

Sample Integrity	
Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	Yes
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Qualifier Codes/Comments

Code Description

N01	F2 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "naphthalene" value from the ">C10-C16" value. The naphthalene value used in this calculation is obtained from volatiles (Purge & Trap analysis).
N02	Where we have reported both volatile (P&T GCMS) and semivolatile (GCMS) naphthalene data, results may not be identical. Provided correct sample handling protocols have been followed, any observed differences in results are likely to be due to procedural differences within each methodology. Results determined by both techniques have passed all QAQC acceptance criteria, and are entirely technically valid.
N04	F1 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "Total BTEX" value from the "C6-C10" value. The "Total BTEX" value is obtained by summing the concentrations of BTEX analytes. The "C6-C10" value is obtained by quantitating against a standard of mixed aromatic/aliphatic analytes.
N07	Please note:- These two PAH isomers closely co-elute using the most contemporary analytical methods and both the reported concentration (and the TEQ) apply specifically to the total of the two co-eluting PAHs
Q15	The RPD reported passes Eurofins Environment Testing's QC - Acceptance Criteria as defined in the Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary page of this report.

Authorised by:

Asim Khan Andrew Sullivan John Nguyen Roopesh Rangarajan

Glenn Jackson General Manager

Final Report - this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

Analytical Services Manager

Senior Analyst-Metal (NSW)

Senior Analyst-Volatile (NSW)

Senior Analyst-Organic (NSW)

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Contact Pers	son: Hayden D	avies							21067	Wentv	worth	Point							<u>b</u> - Enviro		rvices outh, VIC 3136
Project Mgr:	Peter Moore					PO No.:															e@envirolab.com.au
Sampler: Ha	yden Davies					Envirol	ab Quo	te No.	:								Adelaide	e Offic	e Envir	olab Se	rvices
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Envirolab Sample ID	Client Sa	mple ID or information	Depth	Date sampled		I'RH /BTEX	PAH S	Hold													Provide as much information about the sample as you can
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Envirolab Services Pty Ltd ABN 37 112 535 645 12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067 ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201 customerservice@envirolab.com.au www.envirolab.com.au

SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE

Client Details	
Client	Geosyntec
Attention	Peter Moore

Sample Login Details	
Your reference	21067 - Wentworth Point
Envirolab Reference	283836
Date Sample Received	25/11/2021
Date Instructions Received	25/11/2021
Date Results Expected to be Reported	02/12/2021

Sample Condition	
Samples received in appropriate condition for analysis	Yes
No. of Samples Provided	3 Soil, 1 Water
Turnaround Time Requested	Standard
Temperature on Receipt (°C)	10
Cooling Method	Ice
Sampling Date Provided	YES

Comments Nil

Please direct any queries to:

Aileen Hie	Jacinta Hurst
Phone: 02 9910 6200	Phone: 02 9910 6200
Fax: 02 9910 6201	Fax: 02 9910 6201
Email: ahie@envirolab.com.au	Email: jhurst@envirolab.com.au

Analysis Underway, details on the following page:



Envirolab Services Pty Ltd ABN 37 112 535 645 12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067 ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201 customerservice@envirolab.com.au www.envirolab.com.au

Sample ID	VTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Soil	svTRH (C10-C40) in Soil	PAHs in Soil	vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Water	svTRH (C10-C40) in Water	PAHsin Water	On Hold
VEX1-1							\checkmark
VEX1-2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
VEXW1-1				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
VEX1-3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				

The ' \checkmark ' indicates the testing you have requested. THIS IS NOT A REPORT OF THE RESULTS.

Additional Info

Sample storage - Waters are routinely disposed of approximately 1 month and soils approximately 2 months from receipt.

Requests for longer term sample storage must be received in writing.

Please contact the laboratory immediately if observed settled sediment present in water samples is to be included in the extraction and/or analysis (exceptions include certain Physical Tests (pH/EC/BOD/COD/Apparent Colour etc.), Solids testing, Total Recoverable metals and PFAS analysis where solids are included by default.

TAT for Micro is dependent on incubation. This varies from 3 to 6 days.



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS 283836

Client Details	
Client	Geosyntec
Attention	Peter Moore
Address	Suite 1, Level 9, 189 Kent Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000

Sample Details	
Your Reference	21067 - Wentworth Point
Number of Samples	3 Soil, 1 Water
Date samples received	25/11/2021
Date completed instructions received	25/11/2021

Analysis Details

Please refer to the following pages for results, methodology summary and quality control data.

Samples were analysed as received from the client. Results relate specifically to the samples as received.

Results are reported on a dry weight basis for solids and on an as received basis for other matrices.

Please refer to the last page of this report for any comments relating to the results.

Report Details					
Date results requested by	02/12/2021				
Date of Issue	01/12/2021				
NATA Accreditation Number 2901. This document shall not be reproduced except in full.					
Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing. Tests not covered by NATA are denoted with *					

Results Approved By Dragana Tomas, Senior Chemist Manju Dewendrage, Prep Team Leader Authorised By

Nancy Zhang, Laboratory Manager

Envirolab Reference: 283836 Revision No: R00



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vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Soil			
Our Reference		283836-2	283836-4
Your Reference	UNITS	VEX1-2	VEX1-3
Date Sampled		25/11/2021	25/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	26/11/2021	26/11/2021
Date analysed	-	29/11/2021	29/11/2021
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	mg/kg	<25	<25
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	mg/kg	31	51
vTPH C ₆ - C ₁₀ less BTEX (F1)	mg/kg	31	51
Benzene	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2
Toluene	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	<1	<1
m+p-xylene	mg/kg	<2	<2
o-Xylene	mg/kg	<1	<1
Naphthalene	mg/kg	<1	<1
Total +ve Xylenes	mg/kg	<3	<3
Surrogate aaa-Trifluorotoluene	%	90	93

svTRH (C10-C40) in Soil			
Our Reference		283836-2	283836-4
Your Reference	UNITS	VEX1-2	VEX1-3
Date Sampled		25/11/2021	25/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	26/11/2021	26/11/2021
Date analysed	-	28/11/2021	28/11/2021
TRH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	mg/kg	390	530
TRH C ₁₅ - C ₂₈	mg/kg	9,900	3,300
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	mg/kg	9,700	1,900
Total +ve TRH (C10-C36)	mg/kg	20,000	5,700
TRH >C10 -C16	mg/kg	700	910
TRH >C10 - C16 less Naphthalene (F2)	mg/kg	700	910
TRH >C ₁₆ -C ₃₄	mg/kg	18,000	4,300
TRH >C ₃₄ -C ₄₀	mg/kg	4,400	990
Total +ve TRH (>C10-C40)	mg/kg	23,000	6,200
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%	#	#

PAHs in Soil			
Our Reference		283836-2	283836-4
Your Reference	UNITS	VEX1-2	VEX1-3
Date Sampled		25/11/2021	25/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil
Date extracted	-	26/11/2021	26/11/2021
Date analysed	-	26/11/2021	26/11/2021
Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.6	0.4
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1
Fluorene	mg/kg	<0.1	0.3
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.3	0.5
Anthracene	mg/kg	0.2	0.2
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.1	0.4
Pyrene	mg/kg	0.3	0.6
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	0.2
Chrysene	mg/kg	<0.1	0.2
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	<0.2	0.2
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	<0.05	0.2
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	<0.1	0.1
Total +ve PAH's	mg/kg	1.6	3.3
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc (zero)	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc(half)	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ calc(PQL)	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%	80	82

Moisture			
Our Reference		283836-2	283836-4
Your Reference	UNITS	VEX1-2	VEX1-3
Date Sampled		25/11/2021	25/11/2021
Type of sample		Soil	Soil
Date prepared	-	26/11/2021	26/11/2021
Date analysed	-	29/11/2021	29/11/2021
Moisture	%	20	19

vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Water		
Our Reference		283836-3
Your Reference	UNITS	VEXW1-1
Date Sampled		25/11/2021
Type of sample		Water
Date extracted	-	25/11/2021
Date analysed	-	26/11/2021
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	µg/L	29
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	µg/L	52
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀ less BTEX (F1)	µg/L	47
Benzene	µg/L	2
Toluene	µg/L	1
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	2
m+p-xylene	µg/L	<2
o-xylene	µg/L	<1
Naphthalene	µg/L	3
Surrogate Dibromofluoromethane	%	107
Surrogate toluene-d8	%	99
Surrogate 4-BFB	%	100

svTRH (C10-C40) in Water		
Our Reference		283836-3
Your Reference	UNITS	VEXW1-1
Date Sampled		25/11/2021
Type of sample		Water
Date extracted	-	26/11/2021
Date analysed	-	27/11/2021
TRH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	µg/L	2,400
TRH C ₁₅ - C ₂₈	µg/L	28,000
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	µg/L	20,000
Total +ve TRH (C10-C36)	µg/L	50,000
TRH >C10 - C16	µg/L	4,600
TRH >C ₁₀ - C ₁₆ less Naphthalene (F2)	µg/L	4,600
TRH >C ₁₆ - C ₃₄	μg/L	41,000
TRH >C ₃₄ - C ₄₀	µg/L	9,500
Total +ve TRH (>C10-C40)	μg/L	55,000
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%	#

PAHs in Water		
Our Reference		283836-3
Your Reference	UNITS	VEXW1-1
Date Sampled		25/11/2021
Type of sample		Water
Date extracted	-	26/11/2021
Date analysed	-	29/11/2021
Naphthalene	µg/L	2
Acenaphthylene	µg/L	<1
Acenaphthene	µg/L	<1
Fluorene	µg/L	<1
Phenanthrene	µg/L	1
Anthracene	µg/L	<1
Fluoranthene	µg/L	<1
Pyrene	µg/L	1
Benzo(a)anthracene	µg/L	<1
Chrysene	µg/L	<1
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	µg/L	<2
Benzo(a)pyrene	µg/L	<1
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	µg/L	<1
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	µg/L	<1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	µg/L	<1
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ	µg/L	<5
Total +ve PAH's	µg/L	4.3
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%	78

Method ID	Methodology Summary
Inorg-008	Moisture content determined by heating at 105+/-5 °C for a minimum of 12 hours.
Org-020	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-FID. F2 = (>C10-C16)-Naphthalene as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater (HSLs Tables 1A (3, 4)). Note Naphthalene is determined from the VOC analysis.
Org-020	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-FID.
	F2 = (>C10-C16)-Naphthalene as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater (HSLs Tables 1A (3, 4)). Note Naphthalene is determined from the VOC analysis.
	Note, the Total +ve TRH PQL is reflective of the lowest individual PQL and is therefore "Total +ve TRH" is simply a sum of the positive individual TRH fractions (>C10-C40).
Org-022/025	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-MS/GC-MSMS. Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater - 2013.
Org-022/025	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-MS and/or GC-MS/MS. Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater - 2013. For soil results:- 1. 'EQ PQL'values are assuming all contributing PAHs reported as <pql actually="" and="" approach="" are="" at="" be="" calculation="" can="" conservative="" contribute="" false="" give="" given="" is="" may="" most="" not="" pahs="" positive="" pql.="" present.<br="" teq="" teqs="" that="" the="" this="" to="">2. 'EQ zero'values are assuming all contributing PAHs reported as <pql and="" approach="" are="" below="" but="" calculation="" conservative="" contribute="" false="" is="" least="" more="" negative="" pahs="" pql.<br="" present="" susceptible="" teq="" teqs="" that="" the="" this="" to="" when="" zero.="">3. 'EQ half PQL'values are assuming all contributing PAHs reported as <pql a="" above.<br="" and="" approaches="" are="" between="" conservative="" half="" hence="" least="" mid-point="" most="" pql.="" stipulated="" the="">Note, the Total +ve PAHs PQL is reflective of the lowest individual PQL and is therefore "Total +ve PAHs" is simply a sum of the positive individual PAHs.</pql></pql></pql>
Org-023	Water samples are analysed directly by purge and trap GC-MS.
Org-023	Soil samples are extracted with methanol and spiked into water prior to analysing by purge and trap GC-MS.
Org-023	Soil samples are extracted with methanol and spiked into water prior to analysing by purge and trap GC-MS. Water samples are analysed directly by purge and trap GC-MS. F1 = (C6-C10)-BTEX as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater.

Method ID	Methodology Summary
Org-023	Soil samples are extracted with methanol and spiked into water prior to analysing by purge and trap GC-MS. Water samples are analysed directly by purge and trap GC-MS. F1 = (C6-C10)-BTEX as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater. Note, the Total +ve Xylene PQL is reflective of the lowest individual PQL and is therefore "Total +ve Xylenes" is simply a sum of the positive individual Xylenes.

QUALITY CONT	QUALITY CONTROL: vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Soil						Duplicate Spike			covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-12	[NT]
Date extracted	-			26/11/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	26/11/2021	
Date analysed	-			29/11/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	29/11/2021	
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	mg/kg	25	Org-023	<25	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	85	
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	mg/kg	25	Org-023	<25	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	85	
Benzene	mg/kg	0.2	Org-023	<0.2	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	84	
Toluene	mg/kg	0.5	Org-023	<0.5	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	79	
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	1	Org-023	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	87	
m+p-xylene	mg/kg	2	Org-023	<2	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	87	
o-Xylene	mg/kg	1	Org-023	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	80	
Naphthalene	mg/kg	1	Org-023	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Surrogate aaa-Trifluorotoluene	%		Org-023	93	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	87	

QUALITY CO	QUALITY CONTROL: svTRH (C10-C40) in Soil								Spike Re	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-12	[NT]
Date extracted	-			26/11/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	26/11/2021	
Date analysed	-			28/11/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	28/11/2021	
TRH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	mg/kg	50	Org-020	<50	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	101	
TRH C ₁₅ - C ₂₈	mg/kg	100	Org-020	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	112	
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	mg/kg	100	Org-020	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	109	
TRH >C ₁₀ -C ₁₆	mg/kg	50	Org-020	<50	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	101	
TRH >C ₁₆ -C ₃₄	mg/kg	100	Org-020	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	112	
TRH >C ₃₄ -C ₄₀	mg/kg	100	Org-020	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	109	
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%		Org-020	72	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	79	[NT]

QUALI	QUALITY CONTROL: PAHs in Soil						Duplicate			Spike Recovery %		
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-12	[NT]		
Date extracted	-			26/11/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	26/11/2021			
Date analysed	-			26/11/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	26/11/2021			
Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	88			
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	81			
Fluorene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	82			
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	96			
Anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	84			
Pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	91			
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Chrysene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	87			
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.2	Org-022/025	<0.2	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	0.05	Org-022/025	<0.05	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	96			
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	0.1	Org-022/025	<0.1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%		Org-022/025	88	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	88			

QUALITY CONTI	ROL: vTRH(C6-C10)/E	BTEXN in Water			Du	plicate	Spike Recovery %		
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W2	[NT]
Date extracted	-			25/11/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	25/11/2021	
Date analysed	-			26/11/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	26/11/2021	
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	μg/L	10	Org-023	<10	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	83	
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	μg/L	10	Org-023	<10	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	83	
Benzene	μg/L	1	Org-023	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	86	
Toluene	μg/L	1	Org-023	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	83	
Ethylbenzene	μg/L	1	Org-023	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	82	
m+p-xylene	μg/L	2	Org-023	<2	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	82	
o-xylene	μg/L	1	Org-023	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	78	
Naphthalene	μg/L	1	Org-023	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Surrogate Dibromofluoromethane	%		Org-023	100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	103	
Surrogate toluene-d8	%		Org-023	97	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	105	
Surrogate 4-BFB	%		Org-023	92	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	112	

QUALITY CON	TROL: svTF	RH (C10-0	C40) in Water			Du	plicate		Spike Re	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W2	[NT]
Date extracted	-			26/11/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	26/11/2021	
Date analysed	-			27/11/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	27/11/2021	
TRH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	µg/L	50	Org-020	<50	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	120	
TRH C ₁₅ - C ₂₈	µg/L	100	Org-020	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	120	
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	µg/L	100	Org-020	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	109	
TRH >C ₁₀ - C ₁₆	µg/L	50	Org-020	<50	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	120	
TRH >C ₁₆ - C ₃₄	µg/L	100	Org-020	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	120	
TRH >C ₃₄ - C ₄₀	µg/L	100	Org-020	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	109	
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%		Org-020	87	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	104	

QUALIT	QUALITY CONTROL: PAHs in Water								Spike Recovery %			
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W2	[NT]		
Date extracted	-			26/11/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	26/11/2021			
Date analysed	-			29/11/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	29/11/2021			
Naphthalene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	98			
Acenaphthylene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Acenaphthene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	98			
Fluorene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	110			
Phenanthrene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	110			
Anthracene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Fluoranthene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	112			
Pyrene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	110			
Benzo(a)anthracene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Chrysene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	86			
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	μg/L	2	Org-022/025	<2	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Benzo(a)pyrene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	110			
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]			
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%		Org-022/025	85	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	85			

Result Definiti	ons
NT	Not tested
NA	Test not required
INS	Insufficient sample for this test
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
<	Less than
>	Greater than
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample
NS	Not specified
NEPM	National Environmental Protection Measure
NR	Not Reported

Quality Contro	ol Definitions
Blank	This is the component of the analytical signal which is not derived from the sample but from reagents, glassware etc, can be determined by processing solvents and reagents in exactly the same manner as for samples.
Duplicate	This is the complete duplicate analysis of a sample from the process batch. If possible, the sample selected should be one where the analyte concentration is easily measurable.
Matrix Spike	A portion of the sample is spiked with a known concentration of target analyte. The purpose of the matrix spike is to monitor the performance of the analytical method used and to determine whether matrix interferences exist.
LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)	This comprises either a standard reference material or a control matrix (such as a blank sand or water) fortified with analytes representative of the analyte class. It is simply a check sample.
Surrogate Spike	Surrogates are known additions to each sample, blank, matrix spike and LCS in a batch, of compounds which are similar to the analyte of interest, however are not expected to be found in real samples.

Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommend that Thermotolerant Coliform, Faecal Enterococci, & E.Coli levels are less than 1cfu/100mL. The recommended maximums are taken from "Australian Drinking Water Guidelines", published by NHMRC & ARMC 2011.

The recommended maximums for analytes in urine are taken from "2018 TLVs and BEIs", as published by ACGIH (where available). Limit provided for Nickel is a precautionary guideline as per Position Paper prepared by AIOH Exposure Standards Committee, 2016.

Guideline limits for Rinse Water Quality reported as per analytical requirements and specifications of AS 4187, Amdt 2 2019, Table 7.2

Laboratory Acceptance Criteria

Duplicate sample and matrix spike recoveries may not be reported on smaller jobs, however, were analysed at a frequency to meet or exceed NEPM requirements. All samples are tested in batches of 20. The duplicate sample RPD and matrix spike recoveries for the batch were within the laboratory acceptance criteria.

Filters, swabs, wipes, tubes and badges will not have duplicate data as the whole sample is generally extracted during sample extraction.

Spikes for Physical and Aggregate Tests are not applicable.

For VOCs in water samples, three vials are required for duplicate or spike analysis.

Duplicates: >10xPQL - RPD acceptance criteria will vary depending on the analytes and the analytical techniques but is typically in the range 20%-50% – see ELN-P05 QA/QC tables for details; <10xPQL - RPD are higher as the results approach PQL and the estimated measurement uncertainty will statistically increase.

Matrix Spikes, LCS and Surrogate recoveries: Generally 70-130% for inorganics/metals (not SPOCAS); 60-140% for organics/SPOCAS (+/-50% surrogates) and 10-140% for labile SVOCs (including labile surrogates), ultra trace organics and speciated phenols is acceptable.

In circumstances where no duplicate and/or sample spike has been reported at 1 in 10 and/or 1 in 20 samples respectively, the sample volume submitted was insufficient in order to satisfy laboratory QA/QC protocols.

When samples are received where certain analytes are outside of recommended technical holding times (THTs), the analysis has proceeded. Where analytes are on the verge of breaching THTs, every effort will be made to analyse within the THT or as soon as practicable.

Where sampling dates are not provided, Envirolab are not in a position to comment on the validity of the analysis where recommended technical holding times may have been breached.

Measurement Uncertainty estimates are available for most tests upon request.

Analysis of aqueous samples typically involves the extraction/digestion and/or analysis of the liquid phase only (i.e. NOT any settled sediment phase but inclusive of suspended particles if present), unless stipulated on the Envirolab COC and/or by correspondence. Notable exceptions include certain Physical Tests (pH/EC/BOD/COD/Apparent Colour etc.), Solids testing, total recoverable metals and PFAS where solids are included by default.

Samples for Microbiological analysis (not Amoeba forms) received outside of the 2-8°C temperature range do not meet the ideal cooling conditions as stated in AS2031-2012.

Report Comments

TRH Water(C10-C40) NEPM - # Percent recovery for the surrogate/matrix spike is not possible to report as the high concentration of analytes in sample #3 have caused interference.

TRH Soil C10-C40 NEPM - # Percent recovery for the surrogate/matrix spike is not possible to report as the high concentration of analytes in sample #2 and 4 have caused interference.

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Project Mgr:	Peter Moore				PO No.:		_				_									outh, VIC 3136 @envirolab.com.a	3U
Sampler: Ha	yden Davies	· · · ·			Envirola	ab Quo	te No.	;			-					Adelai	de Offic	e - Envi	rolab Se	rvices	
Address:	Suite 1, level 9, 189 Kent stre	et, Sydney	2000		Date rea Or choo <i>Note: In</i> <i>apply</i> ::	se: st	andard		rgent tur	naroun	Stan d is requ		- urcharg	ges	<u>Adelaide Office</u> - Envirolab Services 7a The Parade, Norwood, SA 5067 Ph: 08 7087 6800 / adelaide@envirolab.com.au <u>Brisbane Office</u> - Envirolab Services 20a, 10-20 Depot St, Banyo, QLD 4014						
Phone:	92518070	Mob: 045	1021512			nal rep	ort for	mat: esc	lat / eq	juis /				-				•	-	Denvirolab.com.au	
Email:	hayden.davies@geosyntec.com edward.munnings			.com	Lab Cor	nment	S									Unit 7,	17 Will	es Rd, E		vices h, NT 0820 nvirolab.com.au	
	Sample informat	ion	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						· ·		Tests I	Require	d						<i>.</i>	Comme	ents 🦾
Envirolab Sample ID	Client Sample ID or information	Depth	Date sampled		Combo 4	Ammonia	PFAS (short)	Heavy metals	TRH/BTEX	PAHs					,	-	1.0			Provide as information sample as y	about the
1	GG01		1/12/2021		: x :	x	x				<u> </u>									[,
2	GG05	••• ;	1/12/2021		X	X	x			<u> </u>			-		· •	•					
3	GG06	- ÷ •	1/12/2021		X	x	X		•					3							
4	GG09	· ·	1/12/2021		X	x	x							-			,	<u> </u>		1	
S	DUP1		1/12/2021					х	x	X			[
6-	TRIP1		1/12/2021					х	x	x					-				Ple	ase sand to	Eurofins
X6	Tripblank		1/12/2021						X												
		•																		•	
	Please tick the box if observe	ed settle	d sediment p														anal	ysis			
	by (Company): Geosyntec	<u> </u>	· · · ·	Received					DN	<u>EyLab</u>	Use (Only		<u> </u>			<u>:</u>	-			Q.
Print Name: Date & Time	Hayden Davies			Print Nam Date & Tin		戸井	AN		1515			umber eratur			240					ce pack / None tact / Broken	
Date of think		·		Signature		116	12		117	2	TAT					_	/ 3		/ S1		/ 140116

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Envirolab Services Pty Ltd ABN 37 112 535 645 12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067 ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201 customerservice@envirolab.com.au www.envirolab.com.au

SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE

Client Details	
Client	Geosyntec
Attention	Hayden Davies

Sample Login Details	
Your reference	21067 - Wentworth Point
Envirolab Reference	284396
Date Sample Received	02/12/2021
Date Instructions Received	02/12/2021
Date Results Expected to be Reported	09/12/2021

Sample Condition	
Samples received in appropriate condition for analysis	Yes
No. of Samples Provided	6 Water
Turnaround Time Requested	Standard
Temperature on Receipt (°C)	5
Cooling Method	Ice
Sampling Date Provided	YES

Comments Nil

Please direct any queries to:

Aileen Hie	Jacinta Hurst								
Phone: 02 9910 6200	Phone: 02 9910 6200								
Fax: 02 9910 6201	Fax: 02 9910 6201								
Email: ahie@envirolab.com.au	Email: jhurst@envirolab.com.au								

Analysis Underway, details on the following page:



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Sample ID	vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Water	svTRH (C10-C40) in Water	PAHsin Water	Total Phenolicsin Water	HM in water - dissolved	Ammonia as N in water	PFAS in Waters Short
GG01	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark
GG05	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
GG06	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark
GG09	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark
DUP	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Tripblank	\checkmark						

The '\screw' indicates the testing you have requested. THIS IS NOT A REPORT OF THE RESULTS.

Additional Info

Sample storage - Waters are routinely disposed of approximately 1 month and soils approximately 2 months from receipt.

Requests for longer term sample storage must be received in writing.

Please contact the laboratory immediately if observed settled sediment present in water samples is to be included in the extraction and/or analysis (exceptions include certain Physical Tests (pH/EC/BOD/COD/Apparent Colour etc.), Solids testing, Total Recoverable metals and PFAS analysis where solids are included by default.

TAT for Micro is dependent on incubation. This varies from 3 to 6 days.



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS 284396

Client Details	
Client	Geosyntec
Attention	Hayden Davies
Address	Suite 1, Level 9, 189 Kent Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000

Sample Details	
Your Reference	21067 - Wentworth Point
Number of Samples	6 Water
Date samples received	02/12/2021
Date completed instructions received	02/12/2021

Analysis Details

Please refer to the following pages for results, methodology summary and quality control data.

Samples were analysed as received from the client. Results relate specifically to the samples as received.

Results are reported on a dry weight basis for solids and on an as received basis for other matrices.

Please refer to the last page of this report for any comments relating to the results.

Report Details				
Date results requested by	09/12/2021			
Date of Issue	09/12/2021			
NATA Accreditation Number 2901. This document shall not be reproduced except in full.				
Accredited for compliance with ISC	/IEC 17025 - Testing. Tests not covered by NATA are denoted with *			

Results Approved By

Alexander Mitchell Maclean, Senior Chemist Diego Bigolin, Inorganics Supervisor Dragana Tomas, Senior Chemist Hannah Nguyen, Metals Supervisor Liam Timmins, Chemist Priya Samarawickrama, Senior Chemist Authorised By

Nancy Zhang, Laboratory Manager



vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Water						
Our Reference		284396-1	284396-2	284396-3	284396-4	284396-5
Your Reference	UNITS	GG01	GG05	GG06	GG09	DUP 1
Date Sampled		01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021
Type of sample		Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Date extracted	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
Date analysed	-	06/12/2021	06/12/2021	06/12/2021	06/12/2021	06/12/2021
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	µg/L	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	µg/L	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀ less BTEX (F1)	µg/L	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Toluene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
m+p-xylene	μg/L	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
o-xylene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Naphthalene	μg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Surrogate Dibromofluoromethane	%	106	106	105	105	107
Surrogate toluene-d8	%	100	98	99	100	99
Surrogate 4-BFB	%	105	105	105	104	106

vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Water		
Our Reference		284396-6
Your Reference	UNITS	Tripblank
Date Sampled		01/12/2021
Type of sample		Water
Date extracted	-	03/12/2021
Date analysed	-	06/12/2021
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	μg/L	<10
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	μg/L	<10
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀ less BTEX (F1)	μg/L	<10
Benzene	µg/L	<1
Toluene	µg/L	<1
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	<1
m+p-xylene	μg/L	<2
o-xylene	μg/L	<1
Naphthalene	μg/L	<1
Surrogate Dibromofluoromethane	%	103
Surrogate toluene-d8	%	99
Surrogate 4-BFB	%	103

svTRH (C10-C40) in Water						
Our Reference		284396-1	284396-2	284396-3	284396-4	284396-5
Your Reference	UNITS	GG01	GG05	GG06	GG09	DUP 1
Date Sampled		01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021
Type of sample		Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Date extracted	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
Date analysed	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
TRH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	µg/L	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
TRH C ₁₅ - C ₂₈	µg/L	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	μg/L	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
TRH >C ₁₀ - C ₁₆	µg/L	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
TRH >C16 - C34	µg/L	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
TRH >C ₃₄ - C ₄₀	µg/L	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%	88	91	87	80	81

PAHs in Water						
Our Reference		284396-1	284396-2	284396-3	284396-4	284396-5
Your Reference	UNITS	GG01	GG05	GG06	GG09	DUP 1
Date Sampled		01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021
Type of sample		Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Date extracted	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
Date analysed	-	06/12/2021	06/12/2021	06/12/2021	06/12/2021	06/12/2021
Naphthalene	μg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Acenaphthylene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Acenaphthene	μg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Fluorene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Phenanthrene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Anthracene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Fluoranthene	μg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Pyrene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Benzo(a)anthracene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Chrysene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	μg/L	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
Benzo(a)pyrene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	μg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	μg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ	µg/L	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Total +ve PAH's	µg/L	NIL (+)VE				
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%	90	86	82	88	84

Total Phenolics in Water					
Our Reference		284396-1	284396-2	284396-3	284396-4
Your Reference	UNITS	GG01	GG05	GG06	GG09
Date Sampled		01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021
Type of sample		Water	Water	Water	Water
Date extracted	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
Date analysed	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
Total Phenolics (as Phenol)	mg/L	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05

HM in water - dissolved						
Our Reference		284396-1	284396-2	284396-3	284396-4	284396-5
Your Reference	UNITS	GG01	GG05	GG06	GG09	DUP 1
Date Sampled		01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021
Type of sample		Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Date prepared	-	08/12/2021	08/12/2021	08/12/2021	08/12/2021	08/12/2021
Date analysed	-	08/12/2021	08/12/2021	08/12/2021	08/12/2021	08/12/2021
Arsenic-Dissolved	μg/L	2	4	2	3	2
Cadmium-Dissolved	µg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Chromium-Dissolved	μg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Copper-Dissolved	µg/L	2	8	2	<1	<1
Lead-Dissolved	μg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Mercury-Dissolved	µg/L	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Nickel-Dissolved	μg/L	1	<1	2	<1	<1
Zinc-Dissolved	μg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1

Miscellaneous Inorganics					
Our Reference		284396-1	284396-2	284396-3	284396-4
Your Reference	UNITS	GG01	GG05	GG06	GG09
Date Sampled		01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021
Type of sample		Water	Water	Water	Water
Date prepared	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Date analysed	-	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021	02/12/2021
Ammonia as N in water	mg/L	5.3	2.3	0.11	0.76

PFAS in Waters Short					
Our Reference		284396-1	284396-2	284396-3	284396-4
Your Reference	UNITS	GG01	GG05	GG06	GG09
Date Sampled		01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021	01/12/2021
Type of sample		Water	Water	Water	Water
Date prepared	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
Date analysed	-	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021	03/12/2021
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid - PFHxS	µg/L	0.08	0.07	0.02	0.12
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid PFOS	µg/L	0.13	0.51	0.02	0.09
Perfluorooctanoic acid PFOA	μg/L	0.08	0.02	0.03	0.02
6:2 FTS	μg/L	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
8:2 FTS	μg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Surrogate ¹³ C ₈ PFOS	%	99	98	97	101
Surrogate ¹³ C ₂ PFOA	%	91	92	93	96
Extracted ISTD ¹⁸ O ₂ PFHxS	%	95	97	96	96
Extracted ISTD ¹³ C ₄ PFOS	%	97	97	98	98
Extracted ISTD ¹³ C ₄ PFOA	%	111	113	114	107
Extracted ISTD ¹³ C ₂ 6:2FTS	%	99	106	132	114
Extracted ISTD ¹³ C ₂ 8:2FTS	%	106	108	127	108
Total Positive PFHxS & PFOS	µg/L	0.21	0.59	0.04	0.21
Total Positive PFOA & PFOS	µg/L	0.21	0.54	0.05	0.11
Total Positive PFAS	µg/L	0.29	0.61	0.07	0.23

Method ID	Methodology Summary
Inorg-031	Total Phenolics by segmented flow analyser (in line distillation with colourimetric finish). Solids are extracted in a caustic media prior to analysis.
Inorg-057	Ammonia - determined colourimetrically, based on APHA latest edition 4500-NH3 F. Waters samples are filtered on receipt prior to analysis. Soils are analysed following a KCI extraction.
Metals-021	Determination of Mercury by Cold Vapour AAS.
Metals-022	Determination of various metals by ICP-MS.
Org-020	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-FID. F2 = (>C10-C16)-Naphthalene as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater (HSLs Tables 1A (3, 4)). Note Naphthalene is determined from the VOC analysis.
Org-022/025	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-MS/GC-MS/MS/S. Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater - 2013.
Org-023	Water samples are analysed directly by purge and trap GC-MS.
Org-023	Soil samples are extracted with methanol and spiked into water prior to analysing by purge and trap GC-MS. Water samples are analysed directly by purge and trap GC-MS. F1 = (C6-C10)-BTEX as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater.
Org-029	Soil samples are extracted with basified Methanol. Waters and soil extracts are directly injected and/or concentrated/extracted using SPE. TCLPs/ASLP leachates are centrifuged, the supernatant is then analysed (including amendment with solvent) - as per the option in AS4439.3.
	Analysis is undertaken with LC-MS/MS.
	PFAS results include the sum of branched and linear isomers where applicable.
	Please note that PFAS results are corrected for Extracted Internal Standards (QSM 5.3 Table B-15 terminology), which are mass labelled analytes added prior to sample preparation to assess matrix effects and verify processing of the sample. PFAS analytes without a commercially available mass labelled analogue are corrected vs a closely eluting mass labelled PFAS compound. Surrogates are also reported, in this context they are mass labelled PFAS compounds added prior to extraction but are used as monitoring compounds only (not used for result correction). Envicarb (or similar) is used discretionally to remove interfering matrix components.
	Please contact the laboratory if estimates of Measurement Uncertainty are required as per WA DER.

QUALITY CONTR	ROL: vTRH((C6-C10)/E	BTEXN in Water			Du	plicate		Spike Re	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W1	[NT]
Date extracted	-			03/12/2021	1	03/12/2021	06/12/2021		03/12/2021	
Date analysed	-			06/12/2021	1	06/12/2021	07/12/2021		06/12/2021	
TRH C ₆ - C ₉	µg/L	10	Org-023	<10	1	<10	<10	0	120	
TRH C ₆ - C ₁₀	µg/L	10	Org-023	<10	1	<10	<10	0	120	
Benzene	µg/L	1	Org-023	<1	1	<1	<1	0	120	
Toluene	µg/L	1	Org-023	<1	1	<1	<1	0	122	
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	1	Org-023	<1	1	<1	<1	0	119	
m+p-xylene	µg/L	2	Org-023	<2	1	<2	<2	0	119	
o-xylene	µg/L	1	Org-023	<1	1	<1	<1	0	114	
Naphthalene	µg/L	1	Org-023	<1	1	<1	<1	0	[NT]	
Surrogate Dibromofluoromethane	%		Org-023	101	1	106	104	2	98	
Surrogate toluene-d8	%		Org-023	98	1	100	100	0	100	
Surrogate 4-BFB	%		Org-023	104	1	105	99	6	107	

QUALITY CON	TROL: svTF	RH (C10-0	C40) in Water			Du	plicate		Spike Re	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W1	[NT]
Date extracted	-			03/12/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	03/12/2021	
Date analysed	-			03/12/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	03/12/2021	
TRH C ₁₀ - C ₁₄	µg/L	50	Org-020	<50	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	107	
TRH C ₁₅ - C ₂₈	µg/L	100	Org-020	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	113	
TRH C ₂₉ - C ₃₆	µg/L	100	Org-020	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	109	
TRH >C ₁₀ - C ₁₆	µg/L	50	Org-020	<50	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	107	
TRH >C ₁₆ - C ₃₄	µg/L	100	Org-020	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	113	
TRH >C ₃₄ - C ₄₀	µg/L	100	Org-020	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	109	
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%		Org-020	77	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	89	

QUALIT	Y CONTROL	.: PAHs in	n Water			Du	plicate		Spike Rec	overy %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W2	[NT]
Date extracted	-			03/12/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	03/12/2021	
Date analysed	-			06/12/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	06/12/2021	
Naphthalene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	92	
Acenaphthylene	µg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Acenaphthene	µg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	89	
Fluorene	µg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	109	
Phenanthrene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	104	
Anthracene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Fluoranthene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	90	
Pyrene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	95	
Benzo(a)anthracene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Chrysene	µg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	83	
Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	μg/L	2	Org-022/025	<2	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Benzo(a)pyrene	µg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	110	
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	μg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	µg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	µg/L	1	Org-022/025	<1	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	
Surrogate p-Terphenyl-d14	%		Org-022/025	92	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	88	

QUALITY CO	QUALITY CONTROL: Total Phenolics in Water								Spike Recovery %		
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W2	[NT]	
Date extracted	-			03/12/2021	1	03/12/2021	03/12/2021		03/12/2021	[NT]	
Date analysed	-			03/12/2021	1	03/12/2021	03/12/2021		03/12/2021	[NT]	
Total Phenolics (as Phenol)	mg/L	0.05	Inorg-031	<0.05	1	<0.05	<0.05	0	102	[NT]	

QUALITY CC	NTROL: HN	1 in water	- dissolved			Duj	plicate		Spike Re	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W1	284396-1
Date prepared	-			08/12/2021	1	08/12/2021	08/12/2021		08/12/2021	08/12/2021
Date analysed	-			08/12/2021	1	08/12/2021	08/12/2021		08/12/2021	08/12/2021
Arsenic-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	<1	1	2	1	67	97	[NT]
Cadmium-Dissolved	µg/L	0.1	Metals-022	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	96	[NT]
Chromium-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	<1	1	<1	<1	0	95	[NT]
Copper-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	<1	1	2	1	67	95	[NT]
Lead-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	<1	1	<1	<1	0	94	[NT]
Mercury-Dissolved	µg/L	0.05	Metals-021	<0.05	1	<0.05	[NT]		108	84
Nickel-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	<1	1	1	1	0	97	[NT]
Zinc-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	<1	1	<1	<1	0	95	[NT]

QUALITY CC	NTROL: HM	1 in water	- dissolved			Du	plicate		Spike Re	ecovery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	[NT]	284396-2
Date prepared	-			[NT]	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]		08/12/2021
Date analysed	-			[NT]	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]		08/12/2021
Arsenic-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	[NT]	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]		95
Cadmium-Dissolved	µg/L	0.1	Metals-022	[NT]	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]		96
Chromium-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	[NT]	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]		93
Copper-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	[NT]	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]		88
Lead-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	[NT]	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]		88
Nickel-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	[NT]	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]		90
Zinc-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	100

QUALITY COI	QUALITY CONTROL: Miscellaneous Inorganics								Spike Recovery %		
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank # Base Dup.				RPD	[NT]		
Date prepared	-			02/12/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	02/12/2021	[NT]	
Date analysed	-			02/01/2021	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	02/01/2021	[NT]	
Ammonia as N in water	mg/L	0.005	Inorg-057	<0.005	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	91	[NT]	

QUALITY CO	ONTROL: PI	AS in W	aters Short			Du	plicate		Spike Re	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W2	[NT]
Date prepared	-			03/12/2021	1	03/12/2021	03/12/2021		03/12/2021	
Date analysed	-			03/12/2021	1	03/12/2021	03/12/2021		03/12/2021	
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid - PFHxS	µg/L	0.01	Org-029	<0.01	1	0.08	0.07	13	101	
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid PFOS	µg/L	0.01	Org-029	<0.01	1	0.13	0.13	0	105	
Perfluorooctanoic acid PFOA	µg/L	0.01	Org-029	<0.01	1	0.08	0.07	13	103	
6:2 FTS	µg/L	0.01	Org-029	<0.01	1	<0.01	<0.01	0	105	
8:2 FTS	µg/L	0.02	Org-029	<0.02	1	<0.02	<0.02	0	113	
Surrogate ¹³ C ₈ PFOS	%		Org-029	101	1	99	99	0	102	
Surrogate ¹³ C ₂ PFOA	%		Org-029	97	1	91	88	3	98	
Extracted ISTD ¹⁸ O ₂ PFHxS	%		Org-029	98	1	95	99	4	99	
Extracted ISTD ¹³ C ₄ PFOS	%		Org-029	98	1	97	97	0	96	
Extracted ISTD ¹³ C ₄ PFOA	%		Org-029	111	1	111	114	3	105	
Extracted ISTD ¹³ C ₂ 6:2FTS	%		Org-029	113	1	99	91	8	110	
Extracted ISTD ¹³ C ₂ 8:2FTS	%		Org-029	121	1	106	114	7	115	

Result Definiti	ons
NT	Not tested
NA	Test not required
INS	Insufficient sample for this test
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
<	Less than
>	Greater than
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample
NS	Not specified
NEPM	National Environmental Protection Measure
NR	Not Reported

Quality Contro	ol Definitions
Blank	This is the component of the analytical signal which is not derived from the sample but from reagents, glassware etc, can be determined by processing solvents and reagents in exactly the same manner as for samples.
Duplicate	This is the complete duplicate analysis of a sample from the process batch. If possible, the sample selected should be one where the analyte concentration is easily measurable.
Matrix Spike	A portion of the sample is spiked with a known concentration of target analyte. The purpose of the matrix spike is to monitor the performance of the analytical method used and to determine whether matrix interferences exist.
LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)	This comprises either a standard reference material or a control matrix (such as a blank sand or water) fortified with analytes representative of the analyte class. It is simply a check sample.
Surrogate Spike	Surrogates are known additions to each sample, blank, matrix spike and LCS in a batch, of compounds which are similar to the analyte of interest, however are not expected to be found in real samples.

Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommend that Thermotolerant Coliform, Faecal Enterococci, & E.Coli levels are less than 1cfu/100mL. The recommended maximums are taken from "Australian Drinking Water Guidelines", published by NHMRC & ARMC 2011.

The recommended maximums for analytes in urine are taken from "2018 TLVs and BEIs", as published by ACGIH (where available). Limit provided for Nickel is a precautionary guideline as per Position Paper prepared by AIOH Exposure Standards Committee, 2016.

Guideline limits for Rinse Water Quality reported as per analytical requirements and specifications of AS 4187, Amdt 2 2019, Table 7.2

Laboratory Acceptance Criteria

Duplicate sample and matrix spike recoveries may not be reported on smaller jobs, however, were analysed at a frequency to meet or exceed NEPM requirements. All samples are tested in batches of 20. The duplicate sample RPD and matrix spike recoveries for the batch were within the laboratory acceptance criteria.

Filters, swabs, wipes, tubes and badges will not have duplicate data as the whole sample is generally extracted during sample extraction.

Spikes for Physical and Aggregate Tests are not applicable.

For VOCs in water samples, three vials are required for duplicate or spike analysis.

Duplicates: >10xPQL - RPD acceptance criteria will vary depending on the analytes and the analytical techniques but is typically in the range 20%-50% – see ELN-P05 QA/QC tables for details; <10xPQL - RPD are higher as the results approach PQL and the estimated measurement uncertainty will statistically increase.

Matrix Spikes, LCS and Surrogate recoveries: Generally 70-130% for inorganics/metals (not SPOCAS); 60-140% for organics/SPOCAS (+/-50% surrogates) and 10-140% for labile SVOCs (including labile surrogates), ultra trace organics and speciated phenols is acceptable.

In circumstances where no duplicate and/or sample spike has been reported at 1 in 10 and/or 1 in 20 samples respectively, the sample volume submitted was insufficient in order to satisfy laboratory QA/QC protocols.

When samples are received where certain analytes are outside of recommended technical holding times (THTs), the analysis has proceeded. Where analytes are on the verge of breaching THTs, every effort will be made to analyse within the THT or as soon as practicable.

Where sampling dates are not provided, Envirolab are not in a position to comment on the validity of the analysis where recommended technical holding times may have been breached.

Measurement Uncertainty estimates are available for most tests upon request.

Analysis of aqueous samples typically involves the extraction/digestion and/or analysis of the liquid phase only (i.e. NOT any settled sediment phase but inclusive of suspended particles if present), unless stipulated on the Envirolab COC and/or by correspondence. Notable exceptions include certain Physical Tests (pH/EC/BOD/COD/Apparent Colour etc.), Solids testing, total recoverable metals and PFAS where solids are included by default.

Samples for Microbiological analysis (not Amoeba forms) received outside of the 2-8°C temperature range do not meet the ideal cooling conditions as stated in AS2031-2012.

Report Comments

Dissolved Metals: no filtered, preserved sample was received, therefore the unpreserved sample was filtered through 0.45µm filter at the lab.

Note: there is a possibility some elements may be underestimated.

Suite 1, level 9, 189 Kent street, Sydney 2000 Or choose: standard Or choose: standard Note: Inform lab in advance if urgent turnaround is required - surcharges apply 92518070 Mob: 0451021512 Additional report format: esdat / equis / barden deviae 0151021512 Lab Comments:	Suite 1, level 9, 189 Kent street, Sydney 2000 92518070 Mob: 0451021512	Suite 1, level 9, 189 Kent street, Sydney 2000 92518070 Mob: 0451021512	Suite 1, level 9, 189 Kent street, Sydney 2000 92518070 Mob: 0451021512	e Suite 1, level 9, 189 Kent street, Sydney 2000 92518070 Mob: 0451021512	Davies e Suite 1, level 9, 189 Kent street, Sydney 2000 92518070 Mob: 0451021512	t Person: Hayden Davies :Mgr: Peter Moore rr: Hayden Davies :: Suite 1, level 9, 189 Kent street, Sydney 2000 92518070 Mob: 0451021512	Geosyntec t Person: Hayden Davies : Mgr: Peter Moore r: Hayden Davies s: Suite 1, level 9, 189 Kent street, Sydney 2000 92518070 Mob: 0451021512 bayden davies Geospie Davies December 2000	Geosyntec t Person: Hayden Davies : Mgr: Peter Moore r: Hayden Davies s: Suite 1, level 9, 189 Kent street, Sydney 2000 92518070 Mob: 0451021512	Bavies Bavies B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	Envire Envire Envirence Envirence Envirence Envire
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Issue date: 21 May 2019

Page 1 of 1

4



Eurofins Environment Testing Australia Pty Ltd

Sydney

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 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Newcastle 4/52 Industrial Drive Mayfield East NSW 2304 PO Box 60 Wickham 2293 Phone : +61 2 4968 8448 NATA # 1261 Site # 25079 www.eurofins.com.au

Eurofins ARL Pty Ltd Eurofins Environment Testing NZ Limited ABN: 91 05 0159 898

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NZBN: 9429046024954 Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Phone : +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ # 1327

EnviroSales@eurofins.com

Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston, Christchurch 7675 Phone : 0800 856 450 IANZ # 1290

Sample Receipt Advice

Company name:	Geosyntec Consultants Pty Ltd
Contact name:	Peter Moore
Project name:	WENTWORTH POINT
Project ID:	21067
Turnaround time:	5 Day
Date/Time received	Dec 3, 2021 2:30 PM
Eurofins reference	847951

Sample Information

- A detailed list of analytes logged into our LIMS, is included in the attached summary table. 1
- All samples have been received as described on the above COC.
- COC has been completed correctly.
- Attempt to chill was evident.
- Appropriately preserved sample containers have been used.
- All samples were received in good condition.
- Samples have been provided with adequate time to commence analysis in accordance with the relevant holding times.
- Appropriate sample containers have been used.
- Sample containers for volatile analysis received with zero headspace. /
- X Split sample sent to requested external lab.
- X Some samples have been subcontracted.
- N/A Custody Seals intact (if used).

Notes

Contact

If you have any questions with respect to these samples, please contact your Analytical Services Manager: Asim Khan on phone : or by email: AsimKhan@eurofins.com

Results will be delivered electronically via email to Peter Moore - Peter.Moore@geosyntec.com.

Global Leader - Results you can trust

🔅 eurofin				Eurofins Environme ABN: 50 005 085 521	ent Te	sting Australia Pty Lto	ł		Eurofins ARL Pty Ltd ABN: 91 05 0159 898	ns ARL Pty Ltd Eurofins Environment Testing NZ Limited 05 0159 898 NZBN: 9429046024954				
web: www.eurofins.com.au email: EnviroSales@eurofins.com		Testing	Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 31 Phone : +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254			Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone : +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794	Newcastle 4/52 Industrial Drive Mayfield East NSW 2304 PO Box 60 Wickham 2293 Phone : +61 2 4968 8448 NATA # 1261 Site # 25079	Perth 46-48 Banksia Road Welshpool WA 6106 Phone : +61 8 6253 4444 NATA # 2377 Site # 2370	Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Phone : +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ # 1327	Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston, Christchurch 7675 Phone : 0800 856 450 IANZ # 1290				
Company Name: Address:	Geosyntec C Suite 1, Leve Sydney NSW 2000					Order No.: Report #: Phone: Fax:	847951 02 9251 8070		Received: Due: Priority: Contact Name:	Dec 3, 2021 2:30 F Dec 10, 2021 5 Day Peter Moore	М			
Project Name:	WENTWORT	TH POINT												
Project ID:	21067					1			Eurofins Analytica	Il Services Manager :	Asim Khan			
	Sar	mple Detail			Eurofins Suite B7									
Melbourne Laboratory	•		4											
Sydney Laboratory - I Brisbane Laboratory			4		X	-								
Mayfield Laboratory -					-	1								
Perth Laboratory - NA						1								
External Laboratory]								
	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID										
1 TRIP1 D	Dec 01, 2021		Water	S21-De17103	Х	1								
			Water	021 0011100		-								



Geosyntec Consultants Pty Ltd Suite 1, Level 9, 189 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000





NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261 Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 – Testing NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration, inspection, proficiency testing scheme providers and reference materials producers reports and certificates.

Attention:

Peter Moore

Report Project name Project ID Received Date 847951-W WENTWORTH POINT 21067 Dec 03, 2021

Client Sample ID			TRIP1
Sample Matrix			Water
Eurofins Sample No.			S21-De17103
Date Sampled			Dec 01, 2021
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons			
TRH C6-C9	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02
TRH C10-C14	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05
TRH C15-C28	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1
TRH C29-C36	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1
Naphthalene ^{N02}	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01
TRH C6-C10	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1) ^{N04}	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02
TRH >C10-C16	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) ^{N01}	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05
TRH >C16-C34	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1
TRH >C34-C40	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1
BTEX			
Benzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Toluene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Ethylbenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
m&p-Xylenes	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002
o-Xylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Xylenes - Total*	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	102
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons			
Acenaphthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Acenaphthylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Benz(a)anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{N07}	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Chrysene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Fluorene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001



Client Sample ID Sample Matrix Eurofins Sample No.			TRIP1 Water S21-De17103
Date Sampled			Dec 01, 2021
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons			
Naphthalene	 0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Phenanthrene	 0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Total PAH*	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	51
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	88
Heavy Metals			
Arsenic	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Cadmium	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002
Chromium	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Copper	0.001	mg/L	0.001
Lead	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001
Mercury	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001
Nickel	0.001	mg/L	0.002
Zinc	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005



Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction is reported.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions	Sydney	Dec 10, 2021	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	Sydney	Dec 08, 2021	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	Sydney	Dec 10, 2021	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
BTEX	Sydney	Dec 08, 2021	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Sydney	Dec 10, 2021	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
Metals M8	Sydney	Dec 10, 2021	28 Days
- Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters, Soils & Sediments by ICP-MS			

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web: www.eurofins.com.au email: EnviroSales@eurofins.com		Testing	Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 31 Phone : +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254			Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone : +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794	Newcastle 4/52 Industrial Drive Mayfield East NSW 2304 PO Box 60 Wickham 2293 Phone : +61 2 4968 8448 NATA # 1261 Site # 25079	Perth 46-48 Banksia Road Welshpool WA 6106 Phone : +61 8 6253 4444 NATA # 2377 Site # 2370	Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Phone : +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ # 1327	Christchurch 43 Detroit Drive Rolleston, Christchurch 7675 Phone : 0800 856 450 IANZ # 1290			
Company N Address:	Name:	Geosyntec C Suite 1, Leve Sydney NSW 2000					Order No.: Report #: Phone: Fax:	847951 02 9251 8070		Received: Due: Priority: Contact Name:	Dec 3, 2021 2:30 F Dec 10, 2021 5 Day Peter Moore	м	
Project Nar		WENTWORT	TH POINT										
Project ID:		21067								Eurofins Analytica	I Services Manager :	Asim Khan	
		Sa	mple Detail			Eurofins Suite B7							
		y - NATA # 120		54			-						
		NATA # 1261 \$		4		X	4						
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		TA # 2377 Sit					1						
External Lab													
No Samp	ple ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID								
1 TRIP1	C	Dec 01, 2021		Water	S21-De17103	Х							
Test Counts						1							



Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary

General

- 1. Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples follows guidelines delineated in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999, as amended May 2013 and are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil/sediment/solid results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. All biota/food results are reported on a wet weight basis on the edible portion, unless otherwise stated.
- 4. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
- 5. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries except for PFAS compounds.
- 6. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 8. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer, that may have an impact on the results.
- 9. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the SRA.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

For VOCs containing vinyl chloride, styrene and 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether the holding time is 7 days however for all other VOCs such as BTEX or C6-10 TRH then the holding time is 14 days.

Units

onits		
mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram	mg/L: milligrams per litre	ug/L: micrograms per litre
ppm: Parts per million	ppb: Parts per billion	%: Percentage
org/100mL: Organisms per 100 millilitres	NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units	MPN/100mL: Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

Terms

Terms	
Dry	Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.
LOR	Limit of Reporting.
SPIKE	Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.
RPD	Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery.
CRM	Certified Reference Material - reported as percent recovery.
Method Blank	In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands and in the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.
Surr - Surrogate	The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.
Duplicate	A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
APHA	American Public Health Association
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
COC	Chain of Custody
SRA	Sample Receipt Advice
QSM	US Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual Version
СР	Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report
NCP	Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within.
TEQ	Toxic Equivalency Quotient
WA DWER	Sum of PFBA, PFPeA, PFHxA, PFHpA, PFOA, PFBS, PFHxS, PFOS, 6:2 FTSA, 8:2 FTSA

QC - Acceptance Criteria

The acceptance criteria should be used as a guide only and may be different when site specific Sampling Analysis and Quality Plan (SAQP) have been implemented

RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR : No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-50%

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

NOTE: pH duplicates are reported as a range not as RPD

Surrogate Recoveries: Recoveries must lie between 20-130% Phenols & 50-150% PFASs..

PFAS field samples that contain surrogate recoveries in excess of the QC limit designated in QSM where no positive PFAS results have been reported have been reviewed and no data was affected.

QC Data General Comments

- 1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
- 2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
- 3. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore, laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time. Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
- 4. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
- 5. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash "-" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
- 6. Duplicate RPDs are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data.



Quality Control Results

Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Method Blank					
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons					
TRH C6-C9	mg/L	< 0.02	0.02	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	mg/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	mg/L	< 0.02	0.02	Pass	
TRH >C10-C16	mg/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Method Blank					
BTEX					
Benzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Toluene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
o-Xylene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Xylenes - Total*	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
Method Blank					
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons					
Acenaphthene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Anthracene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzo(b&i)fluoranthene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Chrysene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Fluoranthene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Fluorene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Phenanthrene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Pyrene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Method Blank		101001	0.001	1 400	
Heavy Metals					
Arsenic	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Cadmium	mg/L	< 0.0002	0.0002	Pass	
Chromium	mg/L	< 0.001	0.0002	Pass	
Copper	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Lead	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Mercury	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Nickel	mg/L	< 0.001	0.0001	Pass	
Zinc	mg/L	< 0.005	0.001	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery			0.000	1 000	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons					
TRH C6-C9	%	96	70-130	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	%	97	70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	%	108	70-130	Pass	



Test			Units	Result 1		Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
TRH C6-C10			%	97		70-130	Pass	
TRH >C10-C16			%	121		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery								
втех								
Benzene			%	105		70-130	Pass	
Toluene			%	104		70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene			%	102		70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes			%	102		70-130	Pass	
o-Xylene			%	103		70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total*			%	103		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery				·				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbo	ns							
Acenaphthene			%	71		70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene			%	74		70-130	Pass	
Anthracene			%	92		70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene			%	87		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene			%	106		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene			%	101		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene			%	92		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene			%	125		70-130	Pass	
Chrysene			%	90		70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene			%	95		70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene			%	96		70-130	Pass	
Fluorene			%	93		70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene			%	98		70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene			%	92		70-130	Pass	
Pyrene			%	98		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery			70	00		10130	1 433	
Heavy Metals						T		
Arsenic			%	105		80-120	Pass	
Cadmium			%	94		80-120	Pass	
Chromium			%	89		80-120	Pass	
Copper			%	83		80-120	Pass	
Lead			%	94		80-120	Pass	
			%	94				
Mercury						80-120	Pass	
Nickel			% %	85 87		80-120	Pass Pass	
Zinc Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1		80-120 Acceptance Limits	Pass Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Spike - % Recovery								
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons				Result 1				
TRH C10-C14	S21-De17792	NCP	%	96		70-130	Pass	
TRH >C10-C16	S21-De17792	NCP	%	119		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery			70					
Heavy Metals				Result 1				
Cadmium	S21-De04872	NCP	%	102		75-125	Pass	
Chromium	S21-De04872	NCP	%	102		75-125	Pass	
Copper	S21-De04872	NCP	%	89		75-125	Pass	
Lead	S21-De04872	NCP	%	97	<u> </u>	75-125	Pass	<u> </u>
Mercury	S21-De04872	NCP	%	93	<u> </u>	75-125	Pass	
			/0	30		10 120	1 435	L
Nickel	S21-De04872	NCP	%	92		75-125	Pass	



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	S21-De09411	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	S21-De15740	NCP	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	S21-De15740	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	S21-De15740	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	S21-De09411	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	S21-De09411	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C10-C16	S21-De15740	NCP	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	S21-De15740	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	S21-De15740	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
BTEX				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	S21-De09411	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	S21-De09411	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S21-De09411	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	S21-De09411	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	S21-De09411	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total*	S21-De09411	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate			<u>J</u>						
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	5			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Acenaphthene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Chrysene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluorene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenanthrene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrene	S21-De20090	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	321-De20030		mg/∟	< 0.001	< 0.001		5078	1 855	
Heavy Metals				Pocult 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	S21-De15675	NCP	mg/L	Result 1 0.005	0.005	4.0	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	S21-De15675 S21-De15675	NCP	mg/L	0.005	0.005	2.0	30%	Pass	
Chromium	S21-De15675	NCP			0.0046	3.0	30%	Pass	
			mg/L	0.013					
Copper	S21-De15675	NCP	mg/L	1.2	1.2	4.0	30%	Pass	
Lead	S21-De15675	NCP	mg/L	0.028	0.029	5.0	30%	Pass	
Mercury	S21-De15675	NCP	mg/L	0.0003	0.0004	6.0	30%	Pass	
Nickel	S21-De15675	NCP	mg/L	0.020	0.021	4.0	30%	Pass	
Zinc	S21-De15675	NCP	mg/L	1.3	1.3	2.0	30%	Pass	



Comments

Sample Integrity	
Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	Yes
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

Qualifier Codes/Comments

Code Description

N01	F2 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "naphthalene" value from the ">C10-C16" value. The naphthalene value used in this calculation is obtained from volatiles (Purge & Trap analysis).
N02	Where we have reported both volatile (P&T GCMS) and semivolatile (GCMS) naphthalene data, results may not be identical. Provided correct sample handling protocols have been followed, any observed differences in results are likely to be due to procedural differences within each methodology. Results determined by both techniques have passed all QAQC acceptance criteria, and are entirely technically valid.
N04	F1 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "Total BTEX" value from the "C6-C10" value. The "Total BTEX" value is obtained by summing the concentrations of BTEX analytes. The "C6-C10" value is obtained by quantitating against a standard of mixed aromatic/aliphatic analytes.
N07	Please note:- These two PAH isomers closely co-elute using the most contemporary analytical methods and both the reported concentration (and the TEQ) apply specifically to the total of the two co-eluting PAHs

Authorised by:

Asim Khan Andrew Sullivan John Nguyen Roopesh Rangarajan Analytical Services Manager Senior Analyst-Organic (NSW) Senior Analyst-Metal (NSW) Senior Analyst-Volatile (NSW)

Glenn Jackson General Manager

Final Report - this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested

* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

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Appendix D Calibration Certificates

Multi Parameter Water Meter

Instrument Serial No. YSI Quatro Pro Plus 13D100012



1300 137 067

Item	Test	Pass	Comments
Battery	Charge Condition	1	
	Fuses	\checkmark	
	Capacity	1	
Switch/keypad	Operation	1	
Display	Intensity	1	
	Operation (segments)	√	
Grill Filter	Condition	1	
	Seal	1	
PCB	Condition	1	
Connectors	Condition	\checkmark	
Sensor	1. pH	1	
	2. mV	1	
	3. EC	1	
	4. D.O	1	
	5. Temp	✓	
Alarms	Beeper	✓	
	Settings	1	
Software	Version	1	
Data logger	Operation	✓	
Download	Operation	1	
Other tests:			and a start from the second day of the

Certificate of Calibration

This is to certify that the above instrument has been calibrated to the following specifications:

Sensor	Serial no	Standard Solutions	Certified		Instrument Reading
				Number	
1. pH 10.00		pH 10.00		364961	pH 10.01
2. pH 7.00		pH 7.00		368081	pH 7.00
3. pH 4.00		pH 4.00		367234	pH 4.10
4. mV		231.8mV		365451/370891	227.4mV
5. EC		2.76mS		362912	2.74mS
6. D.O		0.00ppm		371864	0.00ppm
7. Temp		21.4°C		MultiTherm	21.1°C

Calibrated by:

Michelle Wagner

Calibration date:

Next calibration due:

31/12/2021

30/11/2021

PID Calibration Certificate

Instrument PhoCheck Tiger Serial No. T-114170



Air-Met Scientific Pty Ltd 1300 137 067

ltem	Test	Pass			Comments	3
Battery	Charge Condition	\checkmark				
	Fuses	\checkmark				
	Capacity	\checkmark				
	Recharge OK?	\checkmark				
Switch/keypad	Operation	✓ .				
Display	Intensity	\checkmark				
	Operation (segments)	\checkmark				
Grill Filter	Condition	✓				
	Seal	\checkmark				
oump	Operation	\checkmark				
	Filter	1				
	Flow	\checkmark				
	Valves, Diaphragm	\checkmark				
PCB	Condition	\checkmark				
Connectors	Condition	\checkmark				
Sensor	PID	\checkmark	10.6ev			
Alarms	Beeper	1	Low	High	TWA	STEL
Aldinis	Settings	1	50ppm	100ppm	N/A	N/A
Software	Version	1	Looppin .	1.0000	- Line in the second	
Data logger	Operation	1				
Download	Operation	1				
Other tests:	- Paration					

Certificate of Calibration

This is to certify that the above instrument has been calibrated to the following specifications:

Sensor	Serial no	Calibration gas and	Certified	Gas bottle	Instrument Reading
		concentration		No	
PID Lamp		93ppm Isobutylene	NATA	SY361	92.8ppm

Calibrated by: Kylie Rawlings

Calibration date:

Next calibration due:

16/05/2022

17/11/2021

Oil / Water Interface Meter

Instrument Interface Meter (30M) Serial No. 348884



Comments Pass Item Test Compartment Battery \checkmark Capacity Cleaned/Decon. \checkmark Probe \checkmark Operation Connectors Condition 1 1 ~ Cleaned Tape Check 1 Checked for cuts At surface level \checkmark Instrument Test

Certificate of Calibration

This is to certify that the above instrument has been cleaned and tested.

Calibrated by:Gary NeedsCalibration date:19/11/2021Next calibration due:18/01/2022

Document

Revision

KF501 D

kenelec TSI Dusttrak scientific Calibration Certificate

Report Number: DT219035

Page 1 of 2

	Air-Met Scientifi		
ustomer	7-11 Ceylon Str	eet	
ddress	Nunawading, V	ic 3131	
	Mee Lan		
Contact	TSI Dusttrak		
quipment	8533		
Nodel	8533174311		
Serial Number	December 17,	2020	
Calibration Date	As Found Fail	ed	
Condition as Received			Calibration Due
		Instruments Serial No.	8/01/2021
	Model No.	71002264	15/01/2021
Measurement Variable	8587A	1260416	15/01/2021
Photometer	2700	4146296	20/12/2020
DC Voltage (Keithley)	276140-SP	41401016005	20/12/2020 Mar-21
Pressure	4140	698880	Mar-21
Flow and Temperature	19518	702200	Jul-23
1 um PSL	19520	187001	Jul-25
2.8 um PSL	DC-10		
10 um PSL		NTAL CONDITIONS	
	Ambient Temp	52%RH	
	Humidity	990hPa	
Barc	metric Pressure		
Baro			
			in tions A
Kenelec Scientific Pty L All performance and acce test and calibration data adjusted to respirable ma particles and verified on	td Certifies That :- eptance tests required were supplied by Kenelec Scientif ass standard ISO 12103-1 A the TSI calibration bench.	successfully conducted accordi ic has been obtained using Emo I Test Dust. Calibration of sizing	ng to required open ery Oil and has been nominally g is performed using the above
	ocedures Followed: LABP1	In the second	
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	opproved Signatory:	And the second	
A	Date: 18/12	0000	

This Calibration Certificate shall not be reproduced



Appendix E BOM Barometric Pressure Data

Sydney Airport, New South Wales November 2021 Daily Weather Observations



Australian Government

Bureau of Meteorology

		Ten	nps	Bain	Evan	Sun	Max	wind g	ust			9a	m					3р	m		
Date	Day	Min	Мах	Rain	Evap	Sun	Dirn	Spd	Time	Temp	RH	Cld	Dirn	Spd	MSLP	Temp	RH	Cld	Dirn	Spd	MSLP
		°C	°C	mm	mm	hours		km/h	local	°C	%	eighths		km/h	hPa	°C	%	eighths		km/h	hPa
1	Мо	13.4	23.4	0	5.2	4.3	NNE	41	11:23	18.9	57	7	W	11	1026.5	21.6	51	7	NE	24	1024.0
2	Tu	16.0	25.4	0	6.6	11.1	E	50	12:34	20.5	70	3	ENE	24	1027.7	23.7	45	5	ENE	31	1026.4
3	We	17.9	25.3	0	7.4	10.9	NE	54	13:04	21.9	49	3	N	24	1026.9	23.4	46	7	NE	41	1022.9
4	Th	18.4	22.1	0	10.0	0.0	N	31	08:46	20.5	67	8	NE	20	1021.5	19.5	77	8	NE	17	1020.6
5	Fr	16.7	23.2	12.4	1.4	1.6	NE	41	15:12	18.8	91	8	ESE	7	1021.5	21.7	64	7	ENE	31	1018.9
6	Sa	17.3	25.6	0.2	4.6	11.6	NNE	56	17:53	21.1	61	2	WNW	9	1015.9	24.8	52	1	NE	33	1010.7
7	Su	17.9	25.7	0	7.6	0.5	W	35	12:06	19.8	84	8	W	13	1009.8	20.9	82	8	NNW	13	1006.8
8	Мо	17.4	23.5	11.0	1.0	7.2	S	33	22:35	19.3	90	7	SSE	11	1008.2	21.1	73	6	SE	19	1007.7
9	Tu	16.6	23.5	0.8	6.8	8.2	SSW	31	04:33	18.7	84	7	S	19	1013.0	21.6	67	6	E	17	1010.7
10	We	17.7	22.1	0	4.4	0.4	NE	37	20:51	22.1	75	7	WNW	13	1009.1	19.8	94	8	ENE	9	1006.9
11	Th	17.1	18.8	11.8	1.2	0.0	S	54	05:20	17.7	86	8	S	35	1006.5	17.0	79	8	SE	26	1005.9
12	Fr	13.1	19.1	18.8	5.2	4.0	SSE	41	23:04	14.8	96	8	WSW	19	998.1	18.3	81	6	SSE	26	994.5
13	Sa	14.7	22.4	0.2	4.4	7.5	WNW	78	08:33	18.3	41	3	WNW	48	998.2	21.4	34	7	WNW	44	997.4
14	Su	13.0	23.6	0.2	10.2	10.7	NW	70	16:54	17.2	39	7	WNW	31	1007.7	21.5	26	5	W	44	1003.9
15	Мо	12.4	23.3	0	6.4	11.8	WSW	65	15:06	17.0	37	1	W	24	1007.5	21.5	27	3	WSW	39	1007.0
16	Tu	13.7	19.6	0	8.8	13.0	SW	48	07:54	16.2	40	1	SW	33	1015.9	18.0	42	1	SE	28	1017.1
17	We	13.6	21.4	0	8.0	10.1	ENE	39	15:24	16.6	72	5	S	20	1024.6	20.3	53	2	E	24	1022.6
18	Th	15.8	25.1	0	8.0	11.3	NNE	54	17:04	21.1	59	3	N	15	1021.2	23.6	54	1	NE	33	1015.5
19	Fr	18.9	29.7	0	7.6	3.4	SSW	63	17:00	20.0	80	8	NE	9	1013.4	28.8	37	8	NE	30	1010.0
20	Sa	16.7	19.6	0.2	4.2	0.2	S	48	15:43	18.1	85	8	SSE	17	1010.7	17.7	87	8	SSE	30	1010.8
21	Su	14.9	18.6	12.0	3.6	0.0	S	54	11:37	16.2	95	8	SSE	30	1016.3	15.5	98	8	SSE	43	1015.8
22	Мо	15.0	20.3	14.4	2.0	4.0	SSE	46	23:24	18.0	79	7	S	35	1022.4	19.2	73	5	S	30	1021.1
23	Tu	16.1	22.1	2.6	4.8	2.6	ESE	31	23:06	19.8	77	7	E	24	1021.2	19.8	86	7	S	24	1019.1
24	We	17.9	26.8	0.2	2.2	3.8	NNE	56	16:18	21.8	80	8	ENE	7	1017.3	26.1	61	7	NE	28	1014.0
25	Th		25.4	4.0	5.0	0.2	NE	37	17:42	22.0	85	8	NNE	13	1011.7	23.4	84	7	NE	17	1007.2
26	Fr	16.4	18.7	35.6	8.8	0.0	S	74	13:01	17.4	93	8	S	41	1009.0	18.1	87	8	S	52	1009.9
27	Sa	15.5	18.5	8.0	2.6	0.7	SSE	67	23:06	16.4	90	8	SSE	46	1018.1	17.8	73	7	S	48	1018.7
28	Su	15.2	19.1	1.0	4.6	4.1	SSE	54	08:33	16.8	76	5	S	33	1022.4	18.7	65	7	SSE	33	1021.1
29	Мо	14.2	21.7	0	4.0	3.2	SE	28	13:14	17.9	66	7	SSE	19	1021.1	20.0	55	6	E	17	1018.5
30	Tu	17.6	23.6	0.2	5.8	0.0	NE	26	16:39	19.3	79	8	S	11	1018.7	19.0	95	8	SE	15	1016.5
Statistic	s for No																				
	Mean	15.9	22.6		5.4	4.9				18.8	72	6		22	1015.4	20.8	64	6		28	1013.4
	Lowest	12.4	18.5		1.0	0.0				14.8	37	1	#	7	998.1	15.5	26	1	ENE	9	994.5
	Highest	18.9	29.7	35.6	10.2	13.0	WNW	78		22.1	96	8	WNW	48	1027.7	28.8	98	8	S	52	1026.4
	Total			133.6	162.4	146.4															

Observations were drawn from Sydney Airport AMO {station 066037}

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Sydney Airport, New South Wales December 2021 Daily Weather Observations



Australian Government

** Bureau of Meteorology

		Ten	nps	Pain	Even	Sum	Max	wind g	ust			9	am					3µ	m		
Date	Day	Min	Мах	Rain	Evap	Sun	Dirn	Spd	Time	Temp	RH	Cld	Dirn	Spd	MSLP	Temp	RH	Cld	Dirn	Spd	MSLP
		°C	°C	mm	mm	hours		km/h	local	°C	%	eighths		km/h	hPa	°C	%	eighths		km/h	hPa
1	We	18.6	27.3	1.2	2.0	6.9	ENE	39	11:43	22.9	75	7		11	1016.3	25.7	54	5	NNE	30	1014.6
2	Th	19.0	27.3	0.2	6.4	10.9	NE	48	18:18	24.6	61	3		13	1017.2	26.7	55	1	ENE	31	1015.2
3	Fr	19.1	28.0	0	8.8	8.0	S	63	12:45	25.0	62	0		13	1014.2	20.2	86	8	S	46	1015.3
4	Sa	17.5	21.0	0	5.6	0.2	S	54	15:59	18.9	86	8	S	28	1013.8	20.0	71	7	S	39	1013.5
5	Su	16.4	20.5	0.8	8.0	0.0	SSE	52	01:42	17.1	82	8		30	1021.7	18.9	57	8	SE	28	1022.2
6	Мо	16.2	23.4	0.6	5.0	0.0	ENE	37	10:52	19.4	60	8		7	1020.4	20.7	52	8	NE	22	1017.6
7	Tu	17.9	28.7	0	3.0	6.6	ENE	37	13:52	22.7	61	7		13	1012.7	25.5	60	3	ENE	31	1008.9
8	We	17.0	19.2	1.4	5.4	0.0	S	61	03:11	17.4	87	8		35	1014.5	17.9	85	8	S	31	1013.0
9	Th	16.0	22.3	2.6	1.8	8.0	S	43	14:47	18.9	89	6		17	1010.7	21.9	75	5	SSE	26	1007.6
10	Fr	14.3	22.1	17.2	6.4	4.7	SW	57	22:24	19.1	55	1	WNW	22	1005.7	15.3	92	8	WSW	30	1006.4
11	Sa	14.4	20.2	10.8	5.2	8.0	S	65	11:26	17.0	68	7		41	1014.9	19.6	62	3	S	46	1014.8
12	Su	15.5	20.8	0	7.4	10.5	S	48	13:34	18.0	73	6		30	1018.5	19.5	70	2	S	33	1016.6
13	Мо	15.9	22.1	0	7.8	11.6	SSW	31	23:09	19.6	59	3	1	15	1016.5	20.8	64	1	SSE	24	1014.0
14	Tu	15.7	24.3	0	8.0	11.6	SE	30	11:14	19.9	68	7		9	1015.0	23.0	59	7	ESE	20	1014.6
15	We	17.2	29.9	0	5.0	12.1	SSW	57	19:01	22.7	62	0		11	1013.7	29.2	39	1	NE	28	1008.8
16	Th	19.7	24.7	4.0	11.6	6.3	SSE	43	13:34	21.9	81	7	S	26	1013.1	20.8	71	7	SE	30	1013.6
17	Fr	17.6	26.2	0.6	6.2	6.3	NE	44	17:57	20.5	74	7	SE	13	1018.4	23.9	54	3	ENE	28	1015.3
18	Sa	19.5	31.9	0	5.2	10.8	SW	59	22:21	25.0	62	7		15	1013.9	29.2	54	5	NNE	37	1009.5
19	Su	21.3	35.8	3.4	11.4	4.4	WNW	83	17:47	27.5	57	7		24	1009.3	33.6	28	7	W	41	1006.0
20	Мо	20.3	29.2	0.2	8.0	10.4	ENE	39	15:07	22.8	77	7	1	20	1014.1	28.3	60	1	NE	30	1011.2
21	Tu	21.0	29.2	0.2	7.2	13.4	SSW	35	21:38	25.3	54	1	S	15	1012.5	28.0	44	1	SE	20	1009.9
22	We	21.2	26.6	0	12.2	2.5	S	35	23:11	21.9	78	8	S	24	1012.6	25.1	62	7	SE	26	1010.9
23	Th		27.4	5.0	6.2	1.3	NE	39	14:43	22.1	90	8	SSE	13	1012.5	24.2	80	7	ENE	26	1010.8
24	Fr	19.4	26.4	3.2	1.6	9.8	S	50	02:20	21.3	84	4	S	35	1015.3	23.3	76	1	SSE	24	1013.2
25	Sa	20.5	30.3	0.2	5.0	10.6	NNE	54	16:15	25.6	67	3		13	1014.9	29.4	55	1	NE	33	1012.0
26	Su	20.3	24.5	0	12.8	4.0	S	70	17:46	22.5	82	7	_	28	1015.0	23.8	81	7	S	33	1013.1
27	Мо		21.7	2.6	6.4	1.6	S	59	02:00	19.5	81	7	1	44	1017.8	20.9	75	7	S	43	1017.3
28	Tu	16.1	21.3	15.4	6.4	3.5	S	52	17:08	19.7	60	7		31	1020.0	18.0	80	7	S	24	1019.2
29	We	14.8	23.9	7.6	5.4	7.8	SW	37	04:03	18.3	76	6	WNW	11	1019.3	22.6	60	7	SE	19	1017.4
30	Th	16.1	26.8	4.0	5.0	12.9	NE	41	14:59	22.3	57	1	W	11	1017.7	25.7	50	1	ENE	26	1015.9
31	Fr	18.7	29.4	0	11.2	12.6	NNE	56	17:04	23.1	57	1	NNW	13	1016.4	27.2	52	1	NE	31	1013.9
Statistic	s for De													· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	Mean	17.8	25.6		6.7	7.0				21.4	70	5		20	1015.1	23.5	63			30	1013.3
	Lowest	14.3	19.2		1.6	0.0				17.0	54	0		7	1005.7	15.3	28	1	SE	19	1006.0
	Highest	21.3	35.8	17.2	12.8	13.4	WNW	83		27.5	90	8	S	44	1021.7	33.6	92	8	S	46	1022.2
Chaarvation	Total	un from Ci	(dray Airpa	81.2	207.6	217.3										CJDW2125.3	202112)repared at	12:00 LITC (n 7 lon 20	

Observations were drawn from Sydney Airport AMO {station 066037}

IDCJDW2125.202112 Prepared at 13:00 UTC on 7 Jan 2022 Copyright © 2022 Bureau of Meteorology

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Sydney Airport, New South Wales January 2022 Daily Weather Observations



Australian Government

Bureau of Meteorology

		Terr	nps	Rain	Evap	Sun	Max	wind g	ust			9a	m					3р	m		
Date	Day	Min	Max	Kalli	⊏∨ар	Sun	Dirn	Spd	Time	Temp	RH	Cld	Dirn	Spd	MSLP	Temp	RH	Cld	Dirn	Spd	MSLP
		°C	°C	mm	mm	hours		km/h	local	°C	%	eighths		km/h	hPa	°C	%	eighths		km/h	hPa
1	Sa	21.1	28.5	0	10.6	9.3	NE	52	14:38	24.0	59	7	NNE	31	1014.5	26.8	52	7	NE	35	1011.2
2	Su	21.2	29.9	0	7.6	12.8	NNE	54	16:58	25.3	63	1	NNE	17	1011.1	28.7	53	1	NE	33	1007.9
3	Мо	21.3	27.9	0	11.4	11.7	NNE	31	23:05	25.2	58	2	WSW	9	1010.8	26.6	58	2	SE	19	1010.4
4	Tu	21.0	28.1	0	8.0	12.0	SE	33	04:59	24.0	74	5	S	19	1011.6	27.0	57	3	SE	28	1011.2
5	We	20.7	26.7	2.6	9.4	1.1	NNE	46	22:00	21.8	94	7	SE	19	1012.8	22.6	90	7	ESE	28	1011.3
6	Th	21.0	28.1	13.2	2.8	8.1	NE	61	13:56	24.9	74	6	ENE	30	1014.2	27.1	62	7	NE	43	1013.4
7	Fr	22.5	27.5	1.4	5.8	1.2	NE	67	15:23	23.2	92	8	NE	31	1014.1	26.6	72	7	NNE	41	1011.4
8	Sa	19.6	31.3	24.4	2.2	9.1	WNW	54	23:18	23.6	79	7	NNW	19	1009.5	29.8	52	4	ESE	24	1009.0
9	Su		26.2	0.2	8.0	1.0	S	37	23:26	21.6	86	5	S	30	1016.1	22.7	85	8	S	22	1016.1
10	Мо	21.2	28.9	0.2	4.0	5.1	NE	39	15:01	25.4	77	7	NE	19	1019.0	27.3	66	7	ENE	28	1018.0
11	Tu	22.6	28.8	0	5.6	4.3	ENE	43	12:52	26.1	73	7	NNE	22	1020.0	26.1	70	8	NE	28	1018.4
12	We	21.2	25.0	0	6.2	4.3	s	44	15:24	22.4	85	6	S	22	1020.1	23.8	75	7	SSE	26	1018.6
13	Th	18.8		13.4	5.2					22.0	84	7	S	9	1018.8						
Statistic	cs for the	first 13	days of	Januar	y 2022																
	Mean	21.0	28.1		6.7	6.7				23.8	76	5		21	1014.8	26.3	66	5		29	1013.1
	Lowest	18.8	25.0		2.2	1.0				21.6	58	1	#	9	1009.5	22.6	52	1	SE	19	1007.9
	Highest	22.6	31.3	24.4	11.4	12.8	NE	67		26.1	94	8	#	31	1020.1	29.8	90	8	NE	43	1018.6
	Total			55.4	86.8	80.0															

http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/dwo/IDCJDW0000.pdf



Appendix F RPD Tables

											1							. <u> </u>
							BTEX							TRH				Metals
				Naphthalene (VOC)	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylene (m & p)	Xylene (o)	Xylene Total	C6-C10 Fraction (F1)	C6-C10 (F1 minus BTEX)	>C10-C16 Fraction (F2)	>C10-C16 Fraction (F2 minus Naphthalene)	>C16-C34 Fraction (F3)	>C34-C40 Fraction (F4)	>C10-C40 Fraction (Sum)	Lead
				mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
EQL				1	0.2	0.5	1	2	1	3	25	25	50	50	100	100	50	1
Lab Report Number	Field ID	Date	Matrix Type															
284290	TS2-1_0.4-0.6	30/11/2021	Soil	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	<50	<50	<100	<100	<50	17
284290	DUP1 (soil)	30/11/2021	Soil	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	<50	<50	<100	<100	<50	14
RPD	•	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
284290	TS2-1_0.4-0.6	30/11/2021	Soil	<1	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<2	<1	<3	<25	<25	<50	<50	<100	<100	<50	17
284290	TRIP1 (soil)	30/11/2021	Soil	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.2	<0.1	<0.3	<20	<20	<50	<50	100	<100	100	16
RPD				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	67	0	120	6

							PA	AH							
Benzo(b+j+k)fluoranth ene	Acenaphthene	Acenaphthylene	Anthracene	Benz(a) anthracene	Benzo(a) pyrene	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	Chrysene	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Fluoranthene	Fluorene	Indeno(1,2,3- c,d)pyrene	Naphthalene	Phenanthrene	Pyrene	PAHs (Sum of positives)
mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05

			Matrix																
Lab Report Nu	ım Field ID	Date	Туре																
284290	TS2-1_0.4-0.6	30/11/2021	Soil	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05
284290	DUP1 (soil)	30/11/2021	Soil	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05
RPD				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
284290	TS2-1_0.4-0.6	30/11/2021	Soil	<0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.05
284290	TRIP1 (soil)	30/11/2021	Soil	-	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
RPD				-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

*RPDs of 30% or higher are highlighted

EQL

**Interlab Duplicates are matched on a per compound basis as methods vary between laboratories. Any methods in the row header relate to those used in the primary laboratory

***Where one result is recorded as non-detect and the other is detected, the RPD is calculated using the LOR x0.5



						RT	EX					TRH						Me	etals			
										1		(F2)	(F3)	(F4)		_						
				Vaphthalene (VOC)	3enzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	(ylene (m & p)	Xylene (o)	C6-C10 Fraction (F1)	C6-C10 (F1 minus BTEX)	>C10-C16 Fraction	>C16-C34 Fraction	C34-C40 Fraction	Arsenic (filtered)	Cadmium (filtered)	Chromium (III+VI) (filtered)	Copper (filtered)	.ead (filtered)	Mercury (filtered)	Vickel (filtered)	Zinc (filtered)
				mg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
EQL				0.001	1	1	1	2	1	10	10	50	100	100	0.001	0.0001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.00005	0.001	0.001
Lab Report Number	Field ID	Date	Matrix Type																			
284396	GG01	1/12/2021	Water	< 0.001	<1	<1	<1	<2	<1	<10	<10	<50	<100	<100	0.002	< 0.0001	<0.001	0.002	<0.001	< 0.00005	0.001	<0.001
284396	DUP 1 (water)	1/12/2021	Water	< 0.001	<1	<1	<1	<2	<1	<10	<10	<50	<100	<100	0.002	< 0.0001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.00005	<0.001	<0.001
RPD				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	67	0	0	0	0
284396	GG01	1/12/2021	Water	<0.001	<1	<1	<1	<2	<1	<10	<10	<50	<100	<100	0.002	<0.0001	<0.001	0.002	<0.001	<0.00005	0.001	<0.001
284396 RPD	TRIP 1 (water)	1/12/2021	Water	<0.01 0	<1 0	<1 0	<1 0	<2 0	<1 0	<20 0	<20 0	<50 0	<100 0	<100 0	< 0.001 120	< 0.0002 0	< 0.001 0	0.001	< 0.001 0	< 0.0001 0	0.002 67	< 0.005 0
												PAH						1				
				Benzo(b+j+k)fluoranth ene	Acenaphthene	Acenaphthylene	Anthracene	Benz(a)anthracene	Benzo(a) pyrene	Benzo(g, h, i) perylene	Chrysene	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Fluoranthene	Fluorene	Indeno(1,2,3- c,d)pyrene	Naphthalene	Phenanthrene	Pyrene	Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ	PAHs (Sum of positives)		
				점 Benzo(b+j+k)fluoranth 거 ene	μg/L	Ϋ́ μg/L	μg/L	 _µg/L	Benzo(a) ۳	 μg/L	Chrysene 	떤 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Huora Hg/T	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μ _g /L	μg/L	ଞ୍ଚ ଅଷ୍ଟ୍ର T	a PAHs (Sum 7/ positives)		
EQL				Benzo(b+j+k)fluoranth Ma Benzo C0000	1	Ac		Be	Benzo(a)	Be	eue CPL/Seu Hg/L	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Fluora	<u> </u>			Phena	_	Benzo(a)pyrene T	PAHs (Sum positives)		
EQL Lab Report Number	Field ID	Date	Matrix Type	mg/L	μg/L	Ϋ́ μg/L	μg/L	 _µg/L	Benzo(a) ۳	 μg/L		떤 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Huora Hg/T	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μ _g /L	μg/L	ଞ୍ଚ ଅଷ୍ଟ୍ର T	a PAHs (Sum 7/ positives)		
Lab Report Number	Field ID	Date	Туре	mg/L 0.002	μg/L 1	Ϋ́Υ	μg/L 1	<u></u> μg/L 1	(a) μg/L 1	<u></u> μg/L 1	1	기 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ε οημ μg/L 1	μg/L 1	μg/L 1	μg/L 1	eu eu eu eu eu eu eu eu eu eu eu eu eu e	μg/L 1	T Benzo(a) mg/L 0.005	Positives)		
Lab Report	Field ID GG01 DUP 1 (water)	Date 1/12/2021 1/12/2021		mg/L	μg/L	Ϋ́ μg/L	μg/L	 _µg/L	Benzo(a) ۳	 μg/L		떤 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Huora Hg/T	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μ _g /L	μg/L	ଞ୍ଚ ଅଷ୍ଟ୍ର T	a PAHs (Sum 7/ positives)		
Lab Report Number 284396	GG01	1/12/2021	Type Water	mg/L 0.002 <0.002	μg/L 1	Ϋ́ μg/L 1	μ g/L 1 </th <th><u>₩</u> μg/L 1</th> <th>μg/L 1 <1</th> <th><u> <u> </u> <u>μg/L</u> <u> 1</u></u></th> <th>1</th> <th>1</th> <th>εο ημ μg/L 1 <1</th> <th>μg/L 1</th> <th>μg/L 1 <1</th> <th>μg/L 1</th> <th>ευ μg/L 1 <1</th> <th>μg/L 1</th> <th>L august (a) b/itene (b) (b) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c</th> <th>Positives)</th> <th></th> <th></th>	<u>₩</u> μg/L 1	μg/L 1 <1	<u> <u> </u> <u>μg/L</u> <u> 1</u></u>	1	1	εο ημ μg/L 1 <1	μg/L 1	μg/L 1 <1	μg/L 1	ευ μg/L 1 <1	μg/L 1	L august (a) b/itene (b) (b) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	Positives)		
Lab Report Number 284396 284396	GG01	1/12/2021	Type Water	mg/L 0.002 <0.002 <0.002	μg/L 1 <1 <1	Υ μg/L 1 <1 <1	μ g/L 1 1 </1</th <th>₩ µg/L 1 <1 <1</th> <th>е) одина (а) нду. 1 <1 <1 <1</th> <th>Ξ μg/L 1 <1 <1</th> <th>1 <1 <1</th> <th>I I I I I I</th> <th>елоника иву/L 1 <1 <1</th> <th>μg/L 1 <1 <1</th> <th>μg/L 1 <1 <1</th> <th>μg/L 1 <1 <1</th> <th>ечания ну и и и и и и и и и и и и и и и и и и и</th> <th>μg/L 1 <1 <1</th> <th>н тана страна с</th> <th>Dositives)</th> <th></th> <th></th>	₩ µg/L 1 <1 <1	е) одина (а) нду. 1 <1 <1 <1	Ξ μg/L 1 <1 <1	1 <1 <1	I I I I I I	елоника иву/L 1 <1 <1	μg/L 1 <1 <1	μ g/L 1 <1 <1	μg/L 1 <1 <1	ечания ну и и и и и и и и и и и и и и и и и и и	μg/L 1 <1 <1	н тана страна с	Dositives)		
Lab Report Number 284396 284396 RPD	GG01 DUP 1 (water)	1/12/2021 1/12/2021	Type Water Water	0.002	μg/L 1 <1 <1 0	ğ μg/L 1 <1 <1 <1 0	μg/L 1 <1 <1 0	<u></u> μg/L 1 <1 <1 <1 0	(e) grad (grad (g	χ μg/L 1 <1 <1 <1 0	1 <1 <1 0	J Dipenz(a,h)anthracene 1 1 1 1 1 1	<mark>ир/L</mark> 1 <1 <1 0	μg/L 1 <1 <1 <1 0	μ g/L 1 <1 <1 0	μg/L 1 <1 <1 <1 0	μεγμ μεγμ 1 <1 <1 0	μg/L 1 <1 <1 <1 0	н тана страна с	bositives)		

*RPDs of 30% or higher are highlighted

**Interlab Duplicates are matched on a per compound basis as methods vary between laboratories. Any methods in the row header relate to those used in the primary laboratory

***Where one result is recorded as non-detect and the other is detected, the RPD is calculated using the LOR x0.5





Appendix G QA/QC Assessment

Geosyntec^D consultants

Data Quality Objective	Sampling Frequency	Frequency Achieved?	DQI	DQI Met?
Precision				
Intra-Laboratory Field Duplicates	1/20 samples	Partial. 1 intra-laboratory duplicates for 22 primary soil samples and 1 intra-laboratory duplicate for 4 primary groundwater samples. Frequency exceedance by 2 samples for soil is not considered to affect the outcome of the assessment.	>5xLOR: 50% RPD	Yes, noting soil TRH >C16- 34 result of 67% RPD likely due to sample heterogeneity, and groundwater copper result of 67% due to concentrations being close to the laboratory detection limits.
Inter-Laboratory Field Duplicates	1/20 samples	Partial. 1 inter-laboratory duplicate for 22 primary soil samples and 1 intra-laboratory duplicate for 4 primary groundwater samples. Frequency exceedance by 2 samples for soil is not considered to affect the outcome of the assessment.	>5xLOR: 50% RPD	Yes, noting groundwater arsenic, copper and nickel result of 67% due to concentrations being close to the laboratory detection limits.
Laboratory duplicates	1/20 samples	Yes	>5xLOR: 50% RPD	Yes
Laboratory method blanks	1/10 samples	Yes	< LOR Not required for asbestos	Yes
Accuracy				
Matrix spikes	1/10 samples	Yes	Acceptable recoveries: 70 to 130% for metals and inorganics 60-140% for organics 10-140% for sVOC and speciated phenols Not required for asbestos	Yes, noting that some matrix spikes were not able to be completed due to high concentrations of analytes in some samples causing interference. Those which were able to be completed without interference, however, reported percentage recoveries within the acceptable range, therefore this is not considered to affect the outcome of the assessment.
Laboratory control spike	1/10 samples	Yes	As Matrix spikes Not required for asbestos	Yes.
Surrogate spike	1/10 samples	Yes	As Matrix spikes Not required for asbestos	Yes.
Representativeness				
Sampling handling storage and transport appropriate for media and analytes	All	Yes	Received by laboratory cooled and with container in good condition	Yes
Rinsate blanks	NA	NA	<lor< td=""><td>NA</td></lor<>	NA
Trip Spike and Trip Blank	(1 per media	Yes	<lor as="" by<br="" specified="">laboratory</lor>	Partial: Trip blank < LOR for groundwater, no trip blank for groundwater and no trip spike taken for either soil or groundwater.

Table G-1 QA/QC Assessment

Geosyntec^D consultants

Data Quality Objective	Sampling Frequency	Frequency Achieved?	DQI	DQI Met?
				Given that soil sampling was conducted for screening purposes to assist with determining remediation requirements, the absence of trip spike and blank are not considered affect the outcome of the assessment, and the data is considered fit for purpose. Additionally, given that samples were collected based on standard procedures including zero headspace and tight seal of the sample jar lid, and that concentrations of volatile compounds were generally noted to be close to the laboratory detection limits, the loss of volatile compounds is considered unlikely.
Samples extracted and	All	Yes	Hold Times:	Yes
analysed within holding			7 days - organics	
imes.			6 months – inorganics	
Comparability				
Standard operating procedures used for sample collection and handling (including decontamination)	All Samples	Yes	Yes	Yes, noting that field filters were not available and unpreserved groundwater samples were sent to the laboratory for filtering and preservation prior to testing. The dissolved metal content of the submitted samples is unlikely to have changed between sample collection in the field and filtering at the laboratory, and therefore this is not considered to affect the outcome of the assessment.
Standard analytical methods used for all analyses	All Samples	Yes	Yes	Yes
Consistent field conditions, sampling staff and laboratory analysis	All Samples	Yes	Yes	Yes
Limits of reporting appropriate and consistent	All Samples	Yes	Yes	Yes, noting that LOR for PAHs were raised form <0.1mg/kg to <1mg/kg for soil samples TS2-1_1.0- 1.2, TS2-2_1.0-1.2 and TS2-4_1.2-1.4 due to interferences from analytes other than those being tested. Raised LOR were below adopted criteria, and were relatively low in comparison to detections of some PAHs in the samples,



Data Quality Objective	Sampling Frequency	Frequency Achieved?	DQI	DQI Met?
				and therefore, this is not considered to affect the outcome of the assessment.
Completeness				
Soil description and COCs completed and appropriate	All Samples	Yes	Yes	Yes, borehole logs and laboratory certificates are presented in Appendices H and C, respectively.
Appropriate documentation for testing	All Samples	Yes	Yes	Yes
Data set to be 95% complete after validation	All Samples	Yes	Yes	Yes



Appendix H Test Pit Logs



DRILLING COMPANY N/A DRILLING METHOD Excavator TOTAL DEPTH 1.0

COORDINATES -COORD SYS -SURFACE ELEVATION -LOGGED BY HD CHECKED BY EM

Depth (m)	PID (ppm)	ples		Graphic Log	Material Description	ture	Additional Observations
Deptl) (I	Samples	Water	Grap		Moisture	
-	-	•	-	Ŵ	FILL: Sand, coarse grained, grey, loose	-	NO, NS, NFC, NI. UST visible.
				\otimes			
0.1				\otimes			
				\otimes			
0.2		TS1-1_0.2-0.4	_	\otimes			
		_		\bigotimes			
0.3	0.6			\bigotimes			
				\otimes			
0.4				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
0.5				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
0.6				\bigotimes			
		TS1-1_0.6-0.8		\otimes	FILL: Coarse grained, cream, loose		Hydrocarbon odour and sheen noted, NFC NI. UST visible.
0.7	8.1			\otimes			
	0.1			\otimes			
0.8				\otimes			
0.0				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
0.9				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
1				***	End of Test Pit at 1.0m at target depth		
1.1							
1.2							
1.3							
1.4							



DRILLING COMPANY N/A DRILLING METHOD Excavator TOTAL DEPTH 1.0

COORDINATES -COORD SYS -SURFACE ELEVATION -LOGGED BY HD CHECKED BY EM

Depth (m)	PID (ppm)	Samples	Water	Graphic Log	Material Description	Moisture	Additional Observations
					FILL: Silty clay, red/grey mixture, firm, med-high plasticity		NO, NS, NFC, NI. UST visible.
.1							
.2		TS1-2_0.2-0.4	-	\bigotimes			
.3	0.8						
.4							
.5				XX	FILL: Coarse grained, grey/cream, loose		Hydrocarbon odour and sheen noted, NF NI. UST visible.
.6							
.7							
.8		TS1-2_0.8-1.0					
.9	14	_					
				×××	End of Test Pit at 1.0m at target depth		
.1							
.2							
.3							
.4							



DRILLING COMPANY N/A DRILLING METHOD Excavator TOTAL DEPTH 1.0

COORDINATES -COORD SYS -SURFACE ELEVATION -LOGGED BY HD CHECKED BY EM

СОММ	IENTS	NO = No Odour, N	NS = No	o Stainin	g, NFC = No Potential Asbestos Containing Fibre (Cement F	ragments, NI = No Observed Inclusions
Depth (m)	PID (ppm)	Samples	Water	Graphic Log	Material Description	Moisture	Additional Observations
					FILL: Sandy clay, coarse grained, grey, low plasticity		Hydrocarbon odour noted, NS, NFC, NI. UST visible.
0.1							
				\bigotimes			
0.2		TS1-3_0.2-0.4					
0.3	1.4			\bigotimes			
0.4				XX	FILL: Coarse grained, grey, loose		Hydrocarbon odour and sheen noted, NFC, NI. UST visible.
0.5							
				\bigotimes			
0.6		TS1-3_0.6-0.8		\bigotimes			
0.7	12						
				\bigotimes			
0.8				XX			
0.9							
				\bigotimes			
-1				×××	End of Test Pit at 1.0m at target depth		
- 1.1							
1.2							
1.3							
1.4							



DRILLING COMPANY N/A DRILLING METHOD Excavator TOTAL DEPTH 1.0

COORDINATES -COORD SYS -SURFACE ELEVATION -LOGGED BY HD CHECKED BY EM

Depth (m)	PID (ppm)	Samples	Water	Graphic Log	Material Description	Moisture	Additional Observations
.1					FILL: Sandy clay, brown, medium plasticity, firm		NO, NS, NFC, NI.
2							
3 4				\bigotimes			
5	0.1	TS2-1_0.4-0.6, DUP1, TRIP1					
.6			1				
0.7 0.8							
).9				\bigotimes			
		TS2-1_1.0-1.2	-	\bigotimes	FILL: Sandy clay, grey/dark grey, firm, low plasticity		Hydrocarbon odour, NS, NFC, NI.
1.1	0.8	102-1_1.0-1.2			THEL. Sandy Slay, grey/dark grey, inth, low plasticity		
.2			-	\bigotimes			
1.3							
1.4				\bigotimes			
.5							
l.6 I.7							
.8							
.9							
•					End of Test Pit at 2.0m at target depth		
.1							
.2							
2.3 2.4							



DRILLING COMPANY N/A DRILLING METHOD Excavator TOTAL DEPTH 1.0

COORDINATES -COORD SYS -SURFACE ELEVATION -LOGGED BY HD CHECKED BY EM

Depth (m)	PID (ppm)	Samples	Water	Graphic Log	Material Description	Moisture	Additional Observations
-	_		-	\sim	FILL: Sandy clay, coarse grained, brown, loose,		NO, NS, NFC, Shell inclusions
1				\bigotimes	low plasticity		
.2				\bigotimes			
.3				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
.4		TS2-2_0.4-0.6		\bigotimes			
.5	0.3			\bigotimes			
.6				\bigotimes			
.7				žžž			
.8				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
.9				\bigotimes			
		TS2-2_1.0-1.2	-	XXX	FILL: Sand, coarse grained, grey/dark grey, loose	-	Hydrocarbon odour, NS, NFC, NI.
.1	108			\bigotimes			
.2			_	\bigotimes			
.3				\bigotimes			
.4				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
.5				\bigotimes			
.6				\bigotimes			
.7				<u>ڳڳ</u>			
.8				\bigotimes			
.9				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
					End of Test Pit at 2.0m at target depth		
.1							
.2							
.3							



DRILLING COMPANY N/A DRILLING METHOD Excavator TOTAL DEPTH 1.0

COORDINATES -COORD SYS -SURFACE ELEVATION -LOGGED BY HD CHECKED BY EM

Depth (m)	PID (ppm)	Samples	Water	Graphic Log	Material Description	Moisture	Additional Observations
_	-	0,	-	\sim	FILL: Clayey sand, coarse grained, yellow / cream,	-	NO, NS, NFC, NI.
.1				\bigotimes	loose		
).2				\bigotimes			
.3				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
.4		TS2-3_0.4-0.6		\bigotimes			
5	2			\bigotimes			
.6			-	\bigotimes			
.7				XXX			
.8				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
.9				\bigotimes			
				XX	FILL: Sand, coarse grained, grey/dark grey, loose		Hydrocarbon odour, NS, NFC, NI.
.1				\bigotimes			
.2		TS2-3_1.2-1.4		\bigotimes			
.3	16			\bigotimes			
.4				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
.5				\bigotimes			
.6				\bigotimes			
.7				\bigotimes			
.8				\bigotimes			
.9				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
					End of Test Pit at 2.0m at target depth		
.1							
.2							
.3							



DRILLING COMPANY N/A DRILLING METHOD Excavator TOTAL DEPTH 1.0

COORDINATES -COORD SYS -SURFACE ELEVATION -LOGGED BY HD CHECKED BY EM

Depth (m)	PID (ppm)	Samples	Water	Graphic Log	Material Description	Moisture	Additional Observations
ž	P	ő	>	Ū XXX	FILL: Sandy clay, yellow / cream, loose, low	ž	NO, NS, NFC, Shell inclusions.
.1				\bigotimes	plasticty		
				\bigotimes			
.2				\bigotimes			
).3				\bigotimes			
).4				\bigotimes			
	_	TS2-4_0.4-0.6		\bigotimes			
).5	3			\bigotimes			
).6			-	\bigotimes			
0.7				XXX			
D.8				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
).9				\bigotimes			
1				\bigotimes	FILL: Sand, coarse grained, grey/dark grey, loose		Hydrocarbon odour, NS, NFC, NI.
1.1				\bigotimes	FILL. Sand, coarse grained, grey/dark grey, loose		
				\bigotimes			
1.2		TS2-4_1.2-1.4		\bigotimes			
1.3	18			\otimes			
1.4				\bigotimes			
				\bigotimes			
1.5				\bigotimes			
1.6				\bigotimes			
1.7				XXX			
1.8				\bigotimes			
1.0				\bigotimes			
1.9				\bigotimes			
2				\bigotimes	End of Toot Dit at 2 0m at target death		
2.1					End of Test Pit at 2.0m at target depth		
2.2							
2.3							



DRILLING COMPANY N/A DRILLING METHOD Excavator TOTAL DEPTH 1.0

COORDINATES -COORD SYS -SURFACE ELEVATION -LOGGED BY HD CHECKED BY EM

сомм	IENTS	NO = No Odour, I	NS = N	o Stainin	g, NFC = No Potential Asbestos Containing Fibre Cen	nent Fi	ragments, NI = No Observed Inclusions
Depth (m)	PID (ppm)	Samples	Water	Graphic Log	Material Description	Moisture	Additional Observations
0.1		UEX1-1 (top material), UEX1-3 (stockpiled beside excavation)			FILL: Clayey sand / sandy clay, coarse grained, yellow to grey, low plasticity		NO, NS, NFC, NI.
- 0.2							
0.3							
0.4							
0.5		UEX1-2	-		FILL: Mixture of demolition waste and gravels in sandy silty clay matrix, dark grey to black		Hydrocarbon odour, NFC, Inclusions of gravels and demolition waste (bricks,
0.6							concrete general demoliton waste)
0.7							
0.8							
0.9							
-1					End of Excavation at 1.0m at target depth		
- 1.1							
1.2							
1.3							
1.4							
_							



Appendix I GME Field Logs



1.54						Job In	formatio	n			
Date:	12/21										
	ame: RE	Me	oberts	6	wwp			Project N	Number: 2	1067	
Site Locat	tion: 3	Burrow					Point	Operator	C H 0		
Well ID:	GGO		9.					Weather	fine		
		-				Equ	ipment	1244		2	
Water qua	ality equipm	ent descript	tion:		and areas	and the second second	a Strangerster				
Interface p	probe descr	iption:									
Purging e	quipment:		Bailer	type:	Plastic	Т	eflon				
(please ci			2	type:	Peristalti	Su Su	bmersible	Micro	o-purge	Amazon	Other:
Depth of i	nstalled tub	ing (mTOC)): O. 8	5							
		34124	1.1.1	We	ell Gaugir	ig and Pu	rge Volu	me Calo	culations		
Casing Di	ameter		25mn	n 50m	im 100r	mm 12	5mm 1	50mm	200mm	250mm	300mm
Conversio			0.98	1.96	7.85	31	4 4	9.1	70.7	125.7	196.3
(volume in fa Total Well	Depth (-)						Depti	n to Produ	uct (if preser	1.1.1	r = radius in cm
	m (-) _ lumn (x) C m(x)		actor (=) L	itres per 1		le		r	n	h	= height of water column in cm
					W	ater Qua	lity Parar	neters			
Beginning	purge time	16:45	5					Ending p	ourge time:	17:20	
Litres	Time	рН	Temp °C	Cond mS/cm	DO ppm	Redox mV	SWL mTOC			Commen	ts / observations
0	16:45	8:25	21.2	903	1.65	45.3	0.72	Clean	r, turk	sid A	Jo , NS
١	16:50	8:19	21.0	897	1.23	-9.7	0.73		/	in .	
2	16:55	8:14	21.0	882	0.94	-54.3					
3	17:00	8.69	21.0	879	0.54	-104.3	0.73				
4	17:05	and the second second	21.0	872	0.39	-1124				31	
5	17:10	8.01	20.9	863		-118.4			12 (Jan 2000)	N	
b	17:15	8.03	20.9	867	0.32					N	
1	17:20	8.02	20.9	869		-119-4	0.73			XC	
0000000000000	lisation iteria	+/- 0.05	+/- 10%	+/- 3%	+/- 10%	+/- 10%			-		/ turbid / very turbid / no odour / our, and changes in pumping rate
	arameters]	Volume unt of water p		ling the well dry	purged?	YN		*pH, temp, o	cond reading	is not necessary if well is purged dry
			<u> </u>				C Checl	s			
Was pre-c	cleaning sar cleaning sar umentation	mpling equi	pment prop	erly protec				(A	
Were air t	pubbles pres	sent in vials	at time of	collection?					Y N N	A	filtered



						Job I	nformatio	on			
Date: 1/	12/21										
Project Na	ame: RE	MG	Lobert	5 (0	ww	ρ		Project N	lumber:	21067	
Site Locat	tion: 2	Burro		0 1			n Point	Operator	· H · O		
Well ID:	GG06	00110	5			VOIT		Weather	fire	1	
	4 100				1940	Ea	uipment	-	Contraction of the		
Mater qua	ality equipm	ent descript	ion:			-9					
	probe descr										
Purging ed		• # 1000 48.00	Bailer	type:	Plastic	1	Feflon				
(please cir	rlce)		Pump	type:	Peristalti) s	ubmersible	Micro	o-purge	Amazon	Other:
Depth of ir	nstalled tubi	ing (mTOC)	: 1.45	in							
			162.6	We	Il Gaugir	g and P	urge Volu	ume Calo	ulations	1.1.25	
Casing Dia	ameter		25mm	n 50m	m 100r	nm 12	25mm	150mm	200mm	250mm	300mm
Conversio	on Factor		0.98	1.96	7.85	3	1.4	49.1	70.7	125.7	196.3
volume in fa	ctor L/m) Depth (-)	Water level	(=) Water	Column			Dept	h to Produ	Ict (if prese	nt)	r = radius in cm
Water Col	lumn (x) C	m onversion F	actor (=) Li	itres per 1	L			n	n	h	= height of water column in cm
	a service se		number of	319731	W	ater Qua	ality Para				
	purge time		•		100	I	1011	Ending p	ourge time:		
Litres	Time	pН	Temp °C	Cond mS/cm	DO ppm	Redox mV	SWL mTOC			Commen	ts / observations
0	16.05	8.60	23.4	1262	0.06	-43.5	1-07	CI	eur	Slight	ly turbid, No, NS.
1	16:10	8.14	23.4	1257	0.04	-60.1	1-07		/	"	
2	16:15	8.09	23.4	1259	0.04	- 57.0	11-07			v	
3	16:21	\$.03	23.8	1255	0.08	-67.5				4	
4	16:26		23.8	1251	0.08						
5	16:31	1.00	23.8		0.08		1			5	
6	16:36	8.87	238			-71.2	1.01			~	
	10.50	0.01	620	1655	0.00		(1	
	lisation	+/- 0.05	+/- 10%	+/- 3%	+/- 10%	+/- 10%			-		/ turbid / very turbid / no odour / our, and changes in pumping rate
	teria	Total Well	Volume				1	Signtou	1997 - AM 1990		is not necessary if well is purged dry
WD: 1 Did field p	arameters	Actual amou	Y N NA		ling the well dry	purged?	YN				
	(In starty)	12.14.20				Field	QC Chec	ks			
Nas pre-c	leaning sar	npling equip	oment used	for these	samples?						
		npling equip				ntaminatio	on?	F	0N		
		of equipme						F	M N N	IA	
		sent in vials						F	-	IA	
		ls field filter						F		Alab	filtered.
Nas samr											



	132.4					Job Ir	offormation	n				
Date:	12/21											
Project Na	ame: DE	M Rol	berts	CO V	JWP			Project	Number:	21067		
Site Locat	tion: 3 B	uccous	an Ro	ad W	leature	oth F	(ain)	Operato				
Well ID:	GGO		Sre		41.000		0	Weathe	r fine			
100	1.1-		-		101 21 1	Equ	uipment		0.1775			0
Water qua	ality equipme	ent descript	ion:									
	probe descr											
Purging e	quipment:		Bailer	type:	Plastic	т	eflon					
(please ci	rlce)		Pump	type:	Peristalti	SI SI	ubmersible	Micr	o-purge	Amazon	Other	r:
Depth of i	nstalled tubi	ing (mTOC)	2.50	n								
		3115.22		We	II Gaugir	ng and Pu	urge Volu	ume Cal	culations	Sec. Sec.	THE COL	
Casing Di	ameter		25mm	n 50m	m 100r	mm 12	5mm	150mm	200mm	250mm	300mm	
Conversio	on Factor		0.98	1.96	7.85	31	.4	49.1	70.7	125.7	196.3	
(volume in fa Total Wel	I Depth (-)	Water level	(=) Water	Column			Dept	h to Prod	uct (if prese	nt)	r = radius in c	m
Water Co	m (-) _ lumn (x) C m (x)	m onversion F	(=) actor (=) L	m itres per 1 \	Well Volum	ne		1	m	h	= height of wa	ater column in cm
	m (x)		(-)									
	5-1-1-1-		-	2	N	/ater Qua	lity Para					
Beginning	purge time					1	10111	Ending	purge time:	17.00		
Litres	Time	pН	Temp °C	Cond mS/cm	DO ppm	Redox mV	SWL mTOC			Comment	ts / observatio	ons
0	13:56	8.72	23.7	4959	3.6	-95.2	1.75	Cle	ar, s	lightly	turbid	1, NO, NS
١	14:02	9.20	23.2	4490	4.6	-119.1	1.75			11		
2	14:10	G.70	23.8	4430	7.6	126.4	1.75			11		
3	14:14	9.88	22.8	4388	8.2	- 127.2	1.75			11		
4	14:19	9.39	22.5	4373	14.9	- 127.0	1.75			15		
5	14:23	9.39	22.7	4393	14.6	- 127.0	1.75			11		
6	14:23	9.42	22.6	4386	14.3	- 128.1	1.75	5				
11624334934	lisation iteria	+/- 0.05	+/- 10%	+/- 3%	+/- 10%	+/- 10%						turbid / no odour / ges in pumping rate
WD' 3	31.	Total Well		1	I				*pH, temp,	cond reading	s not necessary	r if well is purged dry
and the second se	parameters s		N NA			y purged?	Y Ŋ					
							QC Chec	ks			164743	
Was pre-	cleaning sar	mpling equir	oment user	d for these	samples?			-	(Y) N			
	cleaning sar					ontaminatio	on?	ŀ	1 N			
						o num nati		ŀ	-	A		
	umentation							-	-	IA		
	bubbles pres							ŀ			011-1	
	ple for meta		eu prior to	preservatio	511 5 (L		Lab.	filtered	
DUP	1/Trip											



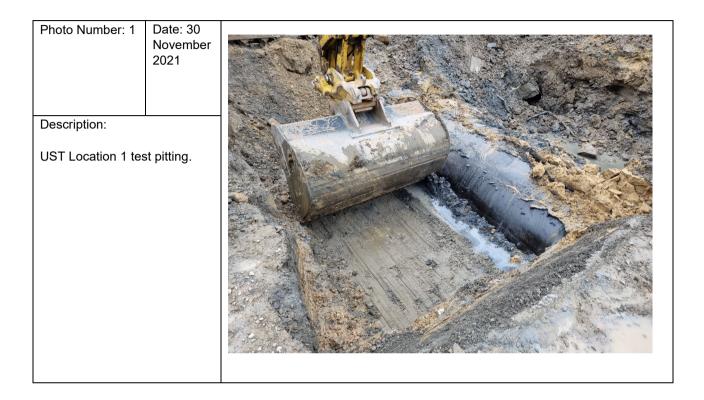
	a line de la		Berge II			Job In	formatio	n	a dille		and the sector with a
Date: 1	112										
Project Na		MRC	herts	Col	UNP			Project N	Number: 2	1067	
Site Locat	0	Burr	nuch	locul	l, wer	twork	- Point	Operator: H -D			
Well ID:	GGO		J	. 0120				Weather	fine		
						Equ	uipment	6		-	22122222
Water qua	ality equipm	ent descript	ion:								
Interface p	probe descr	iption:									
Purging e	quipment:		Bailer	type:	Plastic	т	eflon				
(please ci			Pump		Peristalti	Su Su	Ibmersible	Micro	o-purge	Amazon	Other:
Depth of in	nstalled tub	ing (mTOC)	5.5n	n							
n <u>e</u> sta		11.00		We	ell Gaugir	ig and Pu	irge Volu	me Calo	culations		
Casing Dia	ameter		25mm	n 50m	m 100r	mm 12	5mm 1	50mm	200mm	250mm	300mm
Conversio			0.98	1.96	7.85	31	.4 4	9.1	70.7	125.7	196.3
(volume in fa Total Well	Depth (-)	Water level					Depti		uct (if preser		r = radius in cm
	umn (x) C	onversion F	actor (=) L	itres per 1		le		r	n	h	 height of water column in cm
					W	ater Qua	lity Parar	neters			the second second second
Beginning	purge time	15:15						Ending p	ourge time:	15:48	
Litres	Time	рН	Temp °C	Cond mS/cm	DO ppm	Redox mV	SWL mTOC			Commen	ts / observations
0	15:15	8.98	97.7	1559	0.21	-51.4	1.08	Clea	ur, No	NS	
1	15:21	9.32	22.0	1506	0.20	-55.5		0.0	N	1 10-5	
2	15.26	9.29	22.0	1490	0.19	-68.2	1.06		N		
3	15:30	9.53	22.0	1384	6.25				M		
4	15:35	9.79	21.9	1381	0.62	-90.3	1.06		16		
5	15:38	9.74	21.9	1370	0.61	- 92.5	1.00		X _X		
6	15:43	9.73	21.9	1401	0.62		1.00		n		
7	15:48	9.77	21.9	1397	0.62		1-00		4		
La Persona de	l lisation teria	+/- 0.05	+/- 10%	+/- 3%	+/- 10%	+/- 10%					/ turbid / very turbid / no odour / our, and changes in pumping rate
WO: S Did field p	·86m		Volume int of water p		ling the well dry	purged?	Y (N)		*pH, temp, e	cond reading	is not necessary if well is purged dry
P			<u> </u>			-	QC Checl	(S			
Was pre-c Was docu Were air b	leaning sar umentation pubbles pres	npling equip npling equip of equipment sent in vials	oment prop nt conducte at time of	erly protec ed? collection?	ted from co				Y N Y N Y N Y Q Y Q Y Q	A	filtered.
vvas samp	ble for meta	Is field filter		preservatio				L		. las	tinerea.



Appendix J Photographic Log



Client Name:	Site Location:	Project Number:
RobertsCo	7-9 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point, NSW	21067







Client Name:	Site Location:	Project Number:
RobertsCo	7-9 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point, NSW	21067

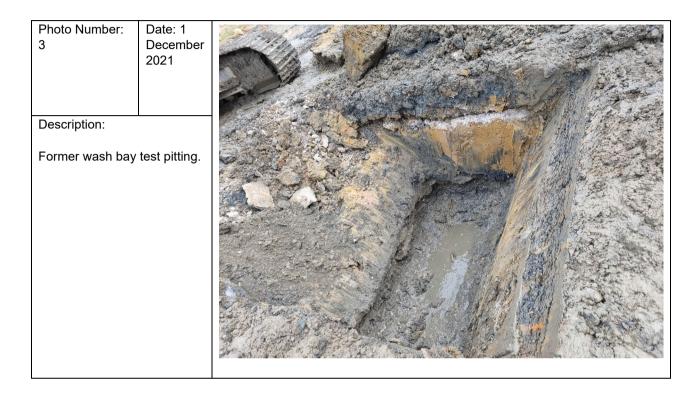


Photo Number: 4	Date: 30 November 2021	
Description:		
Marker layer place northern portion of noting geofabric ov approx. 500mm.	the site,	



Client Name:

Site Location:

Project Number:

RobertsCo

7-9 Burroway Road, Wentworth 2 Point, NSW

21067



Photo Number: 6	Date: 1 December 2021	
Description: Marke	er layer	
placement in the c	entral	
portion of the site.		Martin and and and and and and and and and an



Client Name:	Site Location:	Project Number:
RobertsCo	7-9 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point, NSW	21067



Photo Number: 8	Date: 1 December 2021	
Description:		
Capping placemen	it in the	A
central portion of th	ne site.	and the second s
		and a start and a start and a start and a start
		The set of the set of the set
		and the second second



Client Name:	Site Location:	Project Number:
RobertsCo	7-9 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point, NSW	21067







Client Name:	Site Location:	Project Number:
RobertsCo	7-9 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point, NSW	21067

Photo Number: 11	Date: 8 December 2021	
Description: View across the si southeast showing capping using mat the western portion noting final level di between Ridges R rest of the site.	completed erial from of the site, fference	

Photo Number: 12	Date: 8 December 2021	
Description:		
View across the sit southwest showing capping using mate the western portion noting final level di between Ridges R rest of the site. Ca former mechanics being conducted (or	completed erial from of the site, fference oad and the oping of the pit area	



Client Name:	Site Location:	Project Number:
RobertsCo	7-9 Burroway Road, Wentworth Point, NSW	21067



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