

31st August 2018

Department of Planning & Environment Att: Melissa Prochazka Level 29 | 320 Pitt Street | SYDNEY NSW 2001

## Sent by Email:

melissa.prochazka@planning.nsw.gov.au

Copy: pamela.morales@planning.nsw.gov.au;

Dear Melissa,

## DA 35/98 MOD 5 - Ixom Chlor-Alkali Plant, Botany Industrial Park - Response to Submissions

We have received responses from the following stakeholders via the Department of Planning and Environment listed in Table 1. Table 1 identifies where individual stakeholder statements have been addressed. A response to each of the stakeholder statements is contained in the corresponding tables.

Table 1 Index of Stakeholders Statements & Ixom Response

Stakeholder	Stakeholder Statements & Ixom Response
Department of Planning and Environment (DP&E)	See Table 2
Bayside Council	See Table 3
NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA)	See Table 4
Roads and Maritime Services	See Table 5
SafeWork NSW	See Table 6

Table 2 DP&E Stakeholder Statements & Ixom Response

DP&E Stakeholder Statements	Ixom Response
The Department has reviewed the modification request and supporting documentation for the Chlor-Alkali Plant, Botany Industrial Park (DA 35/98 MOD 5) and requests further information on the following:  • Section 7 – clarification on the correct reference for 'Section 0' on Page 40 (section 7.1) and Page 52 (section 7.9).	'Section 0' should be Section 3.5' on Page 40 'Section 0' should be Section 7.14 on Page 52
Section 7.2 – further information on the proposed construction and operational truck haul routes to and from the Site.	It's difficult to predict exactly where the demand and market will be coming from. However, we can advise on possible truck routes to get from and to the arterial road from the Site. This is

Ilustrated AUS16-23-PM-102_r0 Appendix A attached.
102_r0 Appendix A attached.
See attached "Simplified Site
_ayout Plan.pdf"
The reason the layout has
changed is to improve traffic
low. See attached
Simplified Site Layout
Plan.pdf".
Chlor-Alkali Plant including
he Repackage Facility
occupies Lot 110 DP
1204999.

Table 3 Bayside Council Stakeholder Statements & Ixom Response

Table 3 Bayside Council Stakeholder Statements & Ixom Response	
Bayside Council Stakeholder Statements	Ixom Response
Council considers that the Modification should be assessed stringently against the SEARS, particularly in so far as the QRA is concerned, and ensuring that vehicle movements/increased risk resulting from the Modification has been adequately addressed. Of particular note is the more frequent vehicle movements, despite their reduced size under this Modification, which results in a net increase in chemicals being moved from the site.	We have complied with the requirements of SEARS. As outlined in Section 7.2, "there will be negligible net change in Class 8 vehicle movements on Denison Street compared to the current CAP Class 8 transport."
The impacts of more frequent vehicle movements and the cumulative risk generated from this Modification needs to be considered and assessed, along with cumulative air quality risk.	As outlined in Section 7.2, the Botany Repack Facility would eliminate one off-site truck movement for each unit of chemical repacked, by removing one destination (i.e. the incumbent repackers) from the supply chain. This significantly reduces the overall operational impact and risk on the wider NSW roads." This will not have a negative impact on the cumulative air quality.
If you seek clarification over any of the comments provided,	Noted
please do not hesitate to contact me.	

Table 4 NSW EPA Stakeholder Statements & Ixom Response

Table 4 NSW EPA Stakeholder Statements & Ixom Response	T
NSW EPA Stakeholder Statements	Ixom Response
The NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) refers to your letter dated 28 June 2018, regarding the section 75W modification application submitted by Ixom Pty Ltd (Ixom) for the Chlor-Alkali Plant at Botany Industrial Park (DA 35/98 MOD 5).	Noted
The EPA understands Ixom proposes to construct a facility to enable the site to package selected chemicals, namely hydrochloric acid (HCI), liquid caustic soda (caustic, sodium hydroxide, NaOH) and sodium hypochlorite (hypo, NaOCI) into 200 litre drums and 1000 litre Intermediate Bulk Containers (IBCs) for dispatch.	Noted
The EPA has reviewed Ixom's Environmental Assessment available on the Department of Planning and Environment's (DPE) website titled "Botany Repack Facility Environmental Assessment DA 35/98 Modification 5" and provides the following comments below.	As outlined in Section 6.6, "Good ventilation would be provided using louver vents, open walls, roller door, whirly birds and large industrial pedestal fans"
Contaminated Soil / Material / Land Management  Section 3.5 of the Environmental Assessment report states that an investigation for Block A has been completed to satisfy the requirements under State Environmental Planning Policy No.55 – Remediation of Land (SEPP55), and that the proposed area of development "has already been remediated to address contamination from previous site operations". Appendix 6 of the Environmental Assessment Report contains a risk assessment review ("the review", dated 29 May 2018, prepared by Environmental Risk Sciences Pty Ltd) which states the following:  "The Site Audit Statement completed for Block A concluded that the site was suitable as an open area on an industrial site. The long-term site environmental management plan states that no enclosed buildings can be erected on Block A without a human health and environmental risk assessment."	As outlined in Section 3.5, "a human health and environmental risk assessment was completed by Environmental Risk Sciences Pty Ltd (enRiskS)".  As outlined in Section 9.6, Environmental Risk Sciences Pty Ltd (enRiskS) concluded that "based on the available information on the proposed development, and information on the residual levels of mercury that remain in soil in the areas where the building is proposed, no risk issues of concern have been identified for human health for future workers in the buildings".
The review specifically addresses the risk associated with impacts from residual mercury in soils relevant to the proposed construction of industrial buildings on part of Block A. EPA notes that there will be minimised soil disturbance during construction activities (i.e. limited by the proposed	Noted

NSW EPA Stakeholder Statements	Ixom Response
construction of a suspended slab where footings will be	
installed using screw piles), and that the review concludes that	
there is no human health risk issue of concern for construction	
workers and future workers in the proposed Block A buildings,	
alike.	
Section 6(2) of the CLM Act states that 'a person is also	Noted
responsible for significant contamination of land if the	
significant contamination occurred because an act or activity of	
the person resulted in a	
change in some pre-existing contamination of the land so that	
the contamination of the land became significant	
contamination'. Should the proposed development result in a	
change of risk in relation to	
any pre-existing contamination on the site to result in significant	
contamination, Ixom may be held responsible for the	
contamination under the CLM Act.	
EPA notes that section 7.8 of the Environmental Assessment	Noted
report provides details regarding the preparation and	
implementation of a Construction Environmental Management	
Plan (CEMP), which will include controls for the potential direct	
exposure to soils impacted by mercury. The preparation of	
the CEMP is also a requirement of the Long Term Site	
Environmental Management Plan (LTSEMP) currently in place	
for Block A. As a minimum, the CEMP should address issues	
such as material	
handling, waste classification and offsite disposal.	
The CEMP must include an Unexpected Finds Protocol (UFP)	Ixom will include a UFP
which is to be enacted where mercury concentrations in	which is enacted where
contaminated soils exceed the 893 mg/kg threshold. The UFP	mercury concentrations in
must also include provisions for Ixom to notify (or re-notify) the	contaminated soils exceed
EPA under Section 60 of the CLM Act for any	the 893 mg/kg threshold and
contamination identified which triggers the requirements under	Ixom notes the EPA's
the Guidelines for the Duty to Report Contamination (e.g.	comments and will ensure it
where mercury concentrations greater than 893 mg/kg are	complies with the
observed). For more information on the Guidelines on the Duty	requirements of that
to Report, please visit the following link:	provision of the CLM Act to
www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/clm/150164-report-land-	the extent such requirements
contamination-guidelines.pdf	apply to Ixom.
Any contaminated land investigations, including remediation	Noted
and validation works, must be carried out in accordance with	
the guidelines made or approved by the EPA under Section 105	
and galacimics made of approved by the El 71 and of Scotlett 100	

NSW EPA Stakeholder Statements	Ixom Response
of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (CLM Act).	
The following guidance materials are to be considered <sup>1</sup> :	
EPA requires all reports submitted to be prepared, or reviewed	Noted
and approved by a certified contaminated land consultant.	
EPA's Contaminated Land Consultant Certification Policy	
supports the development and implementation of nationally	
consistent certification schemes in Australia, and	
encourages the use of certified consultants by the community	
and industry. For more information, please visit the following	
link:	
http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/-/media/epa/corporate-	
site/resources/clm/18520-contaminated-landconsultant-	
certification-policy.pdf?la=en)	
Construction Impacts – Earthworks	Noted
As detailed above, the EPA notes that Ixom proposes to	
prepare a Construction Environmental Management Plan	
(CEMP) which will address the impacts of construction and	
earthworks on soil erosion and sedimentation. The CEMP	
should also cover the management of any stormwater or	
groundwater that may accumulate in the development footprint	
as well as management of contaminated soil.	
Noise Management	Noted
Ixom's current Environment Protection Licence No. 20547	
(licence) contains noise limits and reporting requirements for	
the operation of plant and equipment located at BIP premises	
(Condition L4). Condition L5 of the licence also stipulates the	
hours of operation for construction works.	
Thouse of operation for concuration women	
The EPA notes that the proposed construction works would	
typically be undertaken during standard daytime construction	
hours of 7am - 3pm Monday to Friday, and if required, between	
8am -1pm on Saturdays. This is consistent with the Ixom's	
current licence conditions.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Technical Note: Investigation of Service Station Sites, 2014 http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/publications/contaminatedland/140315servstatsites

• NSW EPA Sampling Design Guidelines

www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/clm/95059sampgdlne.pdf

- Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (3rd edition) 2017 https://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/publications/contaminatedland/17p0269-guidelines-for-the-nswsite-auditor-scheme-third-edition
- Guidelines for Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Sites, 2011 www.epa.nsw.gov.au/resources/clm/20110650consultantsglines.pdf
- The National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measures 1999 (NEPM 2013 amendment)

NSW EPA Stakeholder Statements	Ixom Response
Operational Impacts -Hydrochloric Acid	Noted
The EPA understands that Ixom proposes to install a new small scrubber for the vapours generated during the filling of IBCs and at the hydrochloric acid filling station. These vapours would be transferred to a stack and discharged to atmosphere. If the repack facility is approved the EPA would require more information on the scrubber and its controls.  Environment Protection Licence  The Environmental Assessment states " this modification would not require a licence amendment to modify the location of monitoring/discharge points and areas or discharge limits and operating conditions set under the EPL, given no increase in the scale of chemical production levels". As discussed above, Ixom is proposing to install a new small scrubber for HCl vapour with discharge to atmosphere via a stack above the top of the shed roof. If the repack facility is approved, the EPA recommends Ixom submits a licence variation application including details of the new scrubber and its associated discharge point. The EPA would then assess the need to include the discharge point and any monitoring requirements on the licence.	Ixom will submit a licence variation application including details of the new scrubber and its associated discharge point
Intermediate Bulk Containers and drums	That's correct
While not explicitly stated in the Environmental Assessment, the EPA understands that the repackaging facility will only accept new, or cleaned and certified, IBCs and drums for filling. The facility will not be undertaking any washing, or container reconditioning activities.	
If you have any questions regarding the EPA's response, please contact Larissa Borysko on 02 9995 6843 or larissa.borysko@epa.nsw.gov.au	Noted

Table 5 Roads & Maritime Services Stakeholder Statements & Ixom Response

Roads & Maritime Services Stakeholder Statements	Ixom Response
Reference is made to your letter dated 28 June 2018 with	Noted
regard to the abovementioned development proposal, which	
was referred to Roads and Maritime Services (Roads and	
Maritime) for comment.	
Roads and Maritime has reviewed the submitted application	Noted
and raises no objection to Section 75W modification for Chlor-	
Alkali plant at Botany Industrial Park.	
In addition to the above, the subject properties are affected by	The facility is clear of the
a road proposal as shown by pink colour on the attached aerial	proposed road widening
- "X" and defined by DP612057. However, Roads and Maritime	(pink colour), unlimited in
would raise no objections on Property grounds to the submitted	height or depth.
application provided any new buildings or structures, together	
with any improvements integral to the future use of the site, are	
erected wholly within the freehold property and clear of the	
proposed road widening (pink colour), unlimited in height or	
depth.	
Any inquiries can be directed to Jana Jegathesan by telephone	Noted
on 8849 2313 or by email at	
development.sydney@rms.nsw.gov.au	

Table 6 SafeWork NSW Stakeholder Statements & Ixom Response

SafeWork NSW Stakeholder Statements	Ixom Response
SafeWork NSW	We will consult with
1. Prior to completion of detailed design, applicant must consult	SafeWork NSW on the
with SafeWork NSW on the identification and implementation	identification
of the controls to reduce risks SFARP We will consult.	and implementation of the
	controls to reduce risks
	SFARP
SafeWork NSW	We will implement controls
2. Prior to operating the new modification, applicant must	required to reduce risk
implement the controls required to reduce risk SFARP The	SFARP.
controls will be in place.	

Yours sincerely

Jie Meng Project Manager

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## IXOM

Appendix A – Possible Truck Routes to and from Arterial Roads

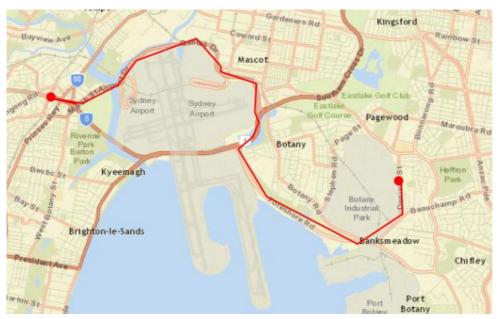


Figure 1 Possible alternative truck route to and from major arterial road (Princess Hwy)



Figure 2 Possible alternative truck route to and from major arterial road (Princess Hwy)

